### As Introduced

# 132nd General Assembly Regular Session 2017-2018

H. B. No. 604

# **Representative Strahorn**

Cosponsors: Representatives Antonio, Holmes, Ashford, Boggs, Patterson, Miller, Brown, Craig, O'Brien, West, Smith, K.

# A BILL

То	amend sections 4906.20, 4906.201, and 5727.75 of	1
	the Revised Code to alter the minimum setback	2
	requirement for wind farms of five or more	3
	megawatts and to make the authorization of	4
	qualified energy project property tax exemptions	5
	permanent.	6

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

<b>Section 1</b> . That sections 4906.20, 4906.201, and 5727.75 of	7
the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	8
Sec. 4906.20. (A) No person shall commence to construct an	9
economically significant wind farm in this state without first	10
having obtained a certificate from the power siting board. An	11
economically significant wind farm with respect to which such a	12
certificate is required shall be constructed, operated, and	13
maintained in conformity with that certificate and any terms,	14
conditions, and modifications it contains. A certificate shall	15
be issued only pursuant to this section. The certificate may be	16
transferred, subject to the approval of the board, to a person	17
that agrees to comply with those terms, conditions, and	18

modifications.	19
(B) The board shall adopt rules governing the	20
certificating of economically significant wind farms under this	21
section. Initial rules shall be adopted within one hundred	22
twenty days after June 24, 2008.	23
(1) The rules shall provide for an application process for	24
certificating economically significant wind farms that is	25
identical to the extent practicable to the process applicable to	26
certificating major utility facilities under sections 4906.06,	27
4906.07, 4906.08, 4906.09, 4906.10, 4906.11, and 4906.12 of the	28
Revised Code and shall prescribe a reasonable schedule of	29
application filing fees structured in the manner of the schedule	30
of filing fees required for major utility facilities.	31
(2) Additionally, the rules shall prescribe reasonable	32
regulations regarding any wind turbines and associated	33
facilities of an economically significant wind farm, including,	34
but not limited to, their location, erection, construction,	35
reconstruction, change, alteration, maintenance, removal, use,	36
or enlargement and including erosion control, aesthetics,	37
recreational land use, wildlife protection, interconnection with	38
power lines and with regional transmission organizations,	39
independent transmission system operators, or similar	40
organizations, ice throw, sound and noise levels, blade shear,	41
shadow flicker, decommissioning, and necessary cooperation for	42
site visits and enforcement investigations.	43
(a) The rules also shall prescribe a minimum setback for a	44
wind turbine of an economically significant wind farm. That	45

46

47

48

minimum shall be equal to a horizontal distance, from the

turbine's base to the property line of the wind farm property,

equal to one and one-tenth times the total height of the turbine

structure as measured from its base to the tip of its highest	49
blade and be at least one thousand one hundred twenty-five feet	50
in horizontal distance from the tip of the turbine's nearest	51
blade at ninety degrees to property line the exterior of the	52
nearest habitable residential structure, if any, located on	53
adjacent property at the time of the certification application.	54
(b)(i) For any existing certificates and amendments	55
thereto, and existing certification applications that have been	56
found by the chairperson to be in compliance with division (A)	57
of section 4906.06 of the Revised Code before the effective date	58
of the amendment of this section by H.B. 59 of the 130th general	59
assembly, September 29, 2013, the distance shall be seven	60
hundred fifty feet instead of one thousand one hundred twenty-	61
five feet.	62
(ii) Any amendment made to an existing certificate after	63
the effective date of the amendment of this section by H.B. 483	64
of the 130th general assembly, September 15, 2014, and before	65
the effective date of the amendment of this section byB	66
of the 132nd general assembly shall be subject to the setback	67
provision of this section as amended by that act H.B. 483 of the	68
130th general assembly. The amendments to this section by that	69
act H.B. 483 of the 130th general assembly shall not be	70
construed to limit or abridge any rights or remedies in equity	71
or under the common law.	72
(iii) Any amendment made to an existing certificate after	73
the effective date of the amendment of this section byB	74
of the 132nd general assembly shall be subject to the setback	75
provision of this section as amended by that act. The amendments	76
to this section by that act shall not be construed to limit or	77
abridge any rights or remedies in equity or under the common	78

law.	79
(c) The setback shall apply in all cases except those in	80
which all owners when an owner of property adjacent to the a	81
parcel that abuts a parcel where a wind farm property waive	82
turbine is located waives application of the setback to that	83
property parcel pursuant to a procedure the board shall	84
establish by rule and except in which, in a particular case, the	85
board determines that a setback greater than the minimum is	86
necessary.	87
(C) As used in this section, "parcel" has the same meaning	88
as in section 2329.66 of the Revised Code.	89
Sec. 4906.201. (A) An electric generating plant that	90
consists of wind turbines and associated facilities with a	91
single interconnection to the electrical grid that is designed	92
for, or capable of, operation at an aggregate capacity of fifty	93
megawatts or more is subject to the minimum setback requirements	94
established in rules adopted by the power siting board under	95
division (B)(2) of section 4906.20 of the Revised Code.	96
(B)(1) For any existing certificates and amendments	97
thereto, and existing certification applications that have been	98
found by the chairperson to be in compliance with division (A)	99
of section 4906.06 of the Revised Code before the effective date	100
of the amendment of this section by H.B. 59 of the 130th general	101
assembly, September 29, 2013, the distance shall be seven	102
hundred fifty feet instead of one thousand one hundred twenty-	103
five feet.	104
(2) Any amendment made to an existing certificate after	105
the effective date of the amendment of this section by H.B. 483	106
of the 130th general assembly, September 15, 2014, and before	107

the effective date of the amendment of this section byB	108
of the 132nd general assembly shall be subject to the setback	109
provision of this section as amended by that act H.B. 483 of the	110
130th general assembly. The amendments to this section by that	111
act H.B. 483 of the 130th general assembly shall not be	112
construed to limit or abridge any rights or remedies in equity	113
or under the common law.	114
(3) Any amendment made to an existing certificate after	115
the effective date of the amendment of this section byB	116
of the 132nd general assembly shall be subject to the setback	117
provision of this section as amended by that act. The amendments	118
to this section by that act shall not be construed to limit or	119
abridge any rights or remedies in equity under the common law.	120
Sec. 5727.75. (A) For purposes of this section:	121
(1) "Qualified energy project" means an energy project	122
certified by the director of development services pursuant to	123
this section.	124
(2) "Energy project" means a project to provide electric	125
power through the construction, installation, and use of an	126
energy facility.	127
(3) "Alternative energy zone" means a county declared as	128
such by the board of county commissioners under division (E)(1)	129
(b) (a) or (c) (b) of this section.	130
(4) "Full-time equivalent employee" means the total number	131
of employee-hours for which compensation was paid to individuals	132
employed at a qualified energy project for services performed at	133
the project during the calendar year divided by two thousand	134
eighty hours.	135
(5) "Solar energy project" means an energy project	136

composed of an energy facility using solar panels to generate	137
electricity.	138
(B)(1) Tangible personal property of a qualified energy	139
project using renewable energy resources is exempt from taxation	140
for tax years 2011 through 2021—if all—both of the following	141
conditions, as applicable, are satisfied:	142
(a) <del>On or before December 31, 2020, the <u>The</u> owner or a</del>	143
lessee pursuant to a sale and leaseback transaction of the	144
project submits an application to the power siting board for a	145
certificate under section 4906.20 of the Revised Code, or if	146
that section does not apply, submits an application for any	147
approval, consent, permit, or certificate or satisfies any	148
condition required by a public agency or political subdivision	149
of this state for the construction or initial operation of an	150
energy project.	151
(b) Construction or installation of the energy facility	152
begins on or after January 1, 2009, and before January 1, 2021.	153
For the purposes of this division, construction begins on the	154
earlier of the date of application for a certificate or other	155
approval or permit described in division (B)(1)(a) of this-	156
section, or the date the contract for the construction or	157
installation of the energy facility is entered into.	158
(c) For a qualified energy project with a nameplate	159
capacity of five megawatts or greater, a board of county	160
commissioners of a county in which property of the project is	161
located has adopted a resolution under division (E)(1) $\frac{(b)}{(a)}$ or	162
(c) (b) of this section to approve the application submitted	163
under division (E) of this section to exempt the property	164
located in that county from taxation. A board's adoption of a	165
resolution rejecting an application or its failure to adopt a	166

resolution approving the application does not affect the tax-	167
exempt status of the qualified energy project's property that is	168
located in another county.	169
(2) If tangible personal property of a qualified energy	170
project using renewable energy resources <u>was is</u> exempt from	171
taxation under this section-beginning in any of tax years 2011-	172
through 2021, and the certification under division (E)(2) of	173
this section has not been revoked, the tangible personal	174
property of the qualified energy project is exempt from taxation	175
for the first tax year <del>2022</del> that the property would be listed	176
for taxation and all ensuing subsequent tax years if after the	177
property was placed into service before January 1, 2022, as	178
certified in the construction progress report required under	179
division (F)(2) of this section. Tangible personal property that	180
has not been placed into service before that date is taxable	181
property subject to taxation. An , except that an energy project	182
for which certification has been revoked is ineligible for	183
further exemption under this section shall be listed for	184
taxation for the tax year following the tax year in which the	185
certification is revoked and ensuing tax years. Revocation does	186
not affect the tax-exempt status of the project's tangible	187
personal property for the tax year in which revocation occurs or	188
any prior tax year.	189
(C) Tangible personal property of a qualified energy	190
project using clean coal technology, advanced nuclear	191
technology, or cogeneration technology is exempt from taxation	192
for the first tax year that the property would be listed for	193
taxation and all subsequent years if all both of the following	194

(1) The property was placed into service before January 1,

195

196

circumstances, as applicable, are met:

2021. Tangible personal property that has not been placed into-	197
service before that date is taxable property subject to-	198
taxation.	199
(2) For such a qualified energy project with a nameplate	200
capacity of five megawatts or greater, a board of county	201
commissioners of a county in which property of the qualified	202
energy project is located has adopted a resolution under	203
division (E)(1) $\frac{(b)}{(a)}$ or $\frac{(c)}{(b)}$ of this section to approve the	204
application submitted under division (E) of this section to	205
exempt the property located in that county from taxation. A	206
board's adoption of a resolution rejecting the application or	207
its failure to adopt a resolution approving the application does	208
not affect the tax-exempt status of the qualified energy	209
project's property that is located in another county.	210
$\frac{(3)-(2)}{(2)}$ The certification for the qualified energy project	211
issued under division (E)(2) of this section has not been	212
revoked. An energy project for which certification has been	213
revoked is ineligible for exemption under this section shall be	214
listed for taxation for the tax year following the tax year in	215
which the certification is revoked and ensuing tax years.	216
Revocation does not affect the tax-exempt status of the	217
project's tangible personal property for the tax year in which	218
revocation occurs or any prior tax year.	219
(D) Except as otherwise provided in this section, real	220
property of a qualified energy project is exempt from taxation	221
for any tax year for which the tangible personal property of the	222
qualified energy project is exempted under this section.	223
(E)(1)(a) A person may apply to the director of	224
development services for certification of an energy project as a	225
qualified energy project on or before the following dates:	226

(i) December 31, 2020, for an energy project using	227
renewable energy resources;	228
(ii) December 31, 2017, for an energy project using clean	229
coal technology, advanced nuclear technology, or cogeneration	230
technology.	231
(b) The and the director shall forward a copy of each	232
application for certification of an energy project with a	233
nameplate capacity of five megawatts or greater to the board of	234
county commissioners of each county in which the project is	235
located and to each taxing unit with territory located in each	236
of the affected counties. Any board that receives from the	237
director a copy of an application submitted under this division	238
shall adopt a resolution approving or rejecting the application	239
unless it has adopted a resolution under division (E)(1)(c)(b)	240
of this section. A resolution adopted under division (E)(1)(b)	241
(a) or (c) (b) of this section may require an annual service	242
payment to be made in addition to the service payment required	243
under division (G) of this section. The sum of the service	244
payment required in the resolution and the service payment	245
required under division (G) of this section shall not exceed	246
nine thousand dollars per megawatt of nameplate capacity located	247
in the county. The resolution shall specify the time and manner	248
in which the payments required by the resolution shall be paid	249
to the county treasurer. The county treasurer shall deposit the	250
payment to the credit of the county's general fund to be used	251
for any purpose for which money credited to that fund may be	252
used.	253
The board shall send copies of the resolution by certified	254
mail to the owner of the facility and the director within thirty	255
	256
days after receipt of the application, or a longer period of	256

time if authorized by the director.	257
(c) (b) A board of county commissioners may adopt a	258
resolution declaring the county to be an alternative energy zone	259
and declaring all applications submitted to the director of	260
development services under this division after the adoption of	261
the resolution, and prior to its repeal, to be approved by the	262
board.	263
All tangible personal property and real property of an	264
energy project with a nameplate capacity of five megawatts or	265
greater is taxable if it is located in a county in which the	266
board of county commissioners adopted a resolution rejecting the	267
application submitted under this division or failed to adopt a	268
resolution approving the application under division (E)(1) $\frac{\text{(b)}}{\text{(b)}}$	269
(a) or (c) (b) of this section.	270
(2) The director shall certify an energy project if all-	271
<pre>both of the following circumstances exist:</pre>	272
(a) The application was timely submitted.	273
(b) For an energy project with a nameplate capacity of	274
five megawatts or greater, a board of county commissioners of at	275
least one county in which the project is located has adopted a	276
resolution approving the application under division (E)(1) $\frac{\text{(b)}}{\text{(b)}}$	277
(a) or (c) (b) of this section.	278
(c) (b) No portion of the project's facility was used to	279
supply electricity before December 31, 2009.	280
(3) The director shall deny a certification application if	281
the director determines the person has failed to comply with any	282
requirement under this section. The director may revoke a	283
certification if the director determines the person, or	284
subsequent owner or lessee pursuant to a sale and leaseback	285

H. B. No. 604 Page 11 As Introduced

transaction of the qualified energy project, has failed to	286
comply with any requirement under this section. Upon	287
certification or revocation, the director shall notify the	288
person, owner, or lessee, the tax commissioner, and the county	289
auditor of a county in which the project is located of the	290
certification or revocation. Notice shall be provided in a	291
manner convenient to the director.	292
(F) The owner or a lessee pursuant to a sale and leaseback	293
transaction of a qualified energy project shall do each of the	294
following:	295
(1) Comply with all applicable regulations;	296
(2) File with the director of development services a	297
certified construction progress report before the first day of	298
March of each year during the energy facility's construction or	299
installation indicating the percentage of the project completed,	300
and the project's nameplate capacity, as of the preceding	301
thirty-first day of December. Unless otherwise instructed by the	302
director of development services, the owner or lessee of an	303
energy project shall file a report with the director on or	304
before the first day of March each year after completion of the	305
energy facility's construction or installation indicating the	306
project's nameplate capacity as of the preceding thirty-first	307
day of December. Not later than sixty days after June 17, 2010,	308
the owner or lessee of an energy project, the construction of	309
which was completed before June 17, 2010, shall file a	310
certificate indicating the project's nameplate capacity.	311
(3) File with the director of development services, in a	312
manner prescribed by the director, a report of the total number	313
of full-time equivalent employees, and the total number of full-	314

time equivalent employees domiciled in Ohio, who are employed in

315

the construction or installation of the energy facility;	316
(4) For energy projects with a nameplate capacity of five	317
megawatts or greater, repair all roads, bridges, and culverts	318
affected by construction as reasonably required to restore them	319
to their preconstruction condition, as determined by the county	320
engineer in consultation with the local jurisdiction responsible	321
for the roads, bridges, and culverts. In the event that the	322
county engineer deems any road, bridge, or culvert to be	323
inadequate to support the construction or decommissioning of the	324
energy facility, the road, bridge, or culvert shall be rebuilt	325
or reinforced to the specifications established by the county	326
engineer prior to the construction or decommissioning of the	327
facility. The owner or lessee of the facility shall post a bond	328
in an amount established by the county engineer and to be held	329
by the board of county commissioners to ensure funding for	330
repairs of roads, bridges, and culverts affected during the	331
construction. The bond shall be released by the board not later	332
than one year after the date the repairs are completed. The	333
energy facility owner or lessee pursuant to a sale and leaseback	334
transaction shall post a bond, as may be required by the Ohio	335
power siting board in the certificate authorizing commencement	336
of construction issued pursuant to section 4906.10 of the	337
Revised Code, to ensure funding for repairs to roads, bridges,	338
and culverts resulting from decommissioning of the facility. The	339
energy facility owner or lessee and the county engineer may	340
enter into an agreement regarding specific transportation plans,	341
reinforcements, modifications, use and repair of roads,	342
financial security to be provided, and any other relevant issue.	343
(5) Provide or facilitate training for fire and emergency	344
responders for response to emergency situations related to the	345

346

energy project and, for energy projects with a nameplate

H. B. No. 604 Page 13
As Introduced

capacity of five megawatts or greater, at the person's expense,	347
equip the fire and emergency responders with proper equipment as	348
reasonably required to enable them to respond to such emergency	349
situations;	350
(6) Maintain a ratio of Ohio-domiciled full-time	351
equivalent employees employed in the construction or	352

352 equivalent employees employed in the construction or installation of the energy project to total full-time equivalent 353 employees employed in the construction or installation of the 354 energy project of not less than eighty per cent in the case of a 355 solar energy project, and not less than fifty per cent in the 356 case of any other energy project. In the case of an energy 357 project for which certification from the power siting board is 358 required under section 4906.20 of the Revised Code, the number 359 of full-time equivalent employees employed in the construction 360 or installation of the energy project equals the number actually 361 employed or the number projected to be employed in the 362 certificate application, if such projection is required under 363 regulations adopted pursuant to section 4906.03 of the Revised 364 Code, whichever is greater. For all other energy projects, the 365 number of full-time equivalent employees employed in the 366 construction or installation of the energy project equals the 367 number actually employed or the number projected to be employed 368 by the director of development services, whichever is greater. 369 To estimate the number of employees to be employed in the 370 construction or installation of an energy project, the director 371 shall use a generally accepted job-estimating model in use for 372 renewable energy projects, including but not limited to the job 373 and economic development impact model. The director may adjust 374 an estimate produced by a model to account for variables not 375 accounted for by the model. 376

(7) For energy projects with a nameplate capacity in 377

excess of two megawatts, establish a relationship with a member	378
of the university system of Ohio as defined in section 3345.011	379
of the Revised Code or with a person offering an apprenticeship	380
program registered with the employment and training	381
administration within the United States department of labor or	382
with the apprenticeship council created by section 4139.02 of	383
the Revised Code, to educate and train individuals for careers	384
in the wind or solar energy industry. The relationship may	385
include endowments, cooperative programs, internships,	386
apprenticeships, research and development projects, and	387
curriculum development.	388

- (8) Offer to sell power or renewable energy credits from 389 the energy project to electric distribution utilities or 390 electric service companies subject to renewable energy resource 391 requirements under section 4928.64 of the Revised Code that have 392 issued requests for proposal for such power or renewable energy 393 credits. If no electric distribution utility or electric service 394 company issues a request for proposal on or before December 31, 395 2010, or accepts an offer for power or renewable energy credits 396 within forty-five days after the offer is submitted, power or 397 renewable energy credits from the energy project may be sold to 398 other persons. Division (F)(8) of this section does not apply 399 if: 400
- (a) The owner or lessee is a rural electric company or a municipal power agency as defined in section 3734.058 of the Revised Code.

401

402

403

(b) The owner or lessee is a person that, before 404 completion of the energy project, contracted for the sale of 405 power or renewable energy credits with a rural electric company 406 or a municipal power agency. 407

(c) The owner or lessee contracts for the sale of power or	408
renewable energy credits from the energy project before June 17,	409
2010.	410
(9) Make annual service payments as required by division	411
(G) of this section and as may be required in a resolution	412
adopted by a board of county commissioners under division (E) of	413
this section.	414
(G) The owner or a lessee pursuant to a sale and leaseback	415
transaction of a qualified energy project shall make annual	416
service payments in lieu of taxes to the county treasurer on or	417
before the final dates for payments of taxes on public utility	418
personal property on the real and public utility personal	419
property tax list for each tax year for which property of the	420
energy project is exempt from taxation under this section. The	421
county treasurer shall allocate the payment on the basis of the	422
project's physical location. Upon receipt of a payment, or if	423
timely payment has not been received, the county treasurer shall	424
certify such receipt or non-receipt to the director of	425
development services and tax commissioner in a form determined	426
by the director and commissioner, respectively. Each payment	427
shall be in the following amount:	428
(1) In the case of a solar energy project, seven thousand	429
dollars per megawatt of nameplate capacity located in the county	430
as of December 31, 2010, for tax year 2011, as of December 31,	431
2011, for tax year 2012, as of December 31, 2012, for tax year	432
2013, as of December 31, 2013, for tax year 2014, as of December	433
31, 2014, for tax year 2015, as of December 31, 2015, for tax	434
year 2016, and as of December 31, 2016, for tax year 2017 and	435
each tax year thereafter;	436

(2) In the case of any other energy project using

437

renewable energy resources, the following:	438
(a) If the project maintains during the construction or	439
installation of the energy facility a ratio of Ohio-domiciled	440
full-time equivalent employees to total full-time equivalent	441
employees of not less than seventy-five per cent, six thousand	442
dollars per megawatt of nameplate capacity located in the county	443
as of the thirty-first day of December of the preceding tax	444
year;	445
(b) If the project maintains during the construction or	446
installation of the energy facility a ratio of Ohio-domiciled	447
full-time equivalent employees to total full-time equivalent	448
employees of less than seventy-five per cent but not less than	449
sixty per cent, seven thousand dollars per megawatt of nameplate	450
capacity located in the county as of the thirty-first day of	451
December of the preceding tax year;	452
(c) If the project maintains during the construction or	453
installation of the energy facility a ratio of Ohio-domiciled	454
full-time equivalent employees to total full-time equivalent	455
employees of less than sixty per cent but not less than fifty	456
per cent, eight thousand dollars per megawatt of nameplate	457
capacity located in the county as of the thirty-first day of	458
December of the preceding tax year.	459
(3) In the case of an energy project using clean coal	460
technology, advanced nuclear technology, or cogeneration	461
technology, the following:	462
(a) If the project maintains during the construction or	463
installation of the energy facility a ratio of Ohio-domiciled	464
full-time equivalent employees to total full-time equivalent	465
employees of not less than seventy-five per cent, six thousand	466

dollars per megawatt of nameplate capacity located in the county	467
as of the thirty-first day of December of the preceding tax	468
year;	469
(b) If the project maintains during the construction or	470
installation of the energy facility a ratio of Ohio-domiciled	471
full-time equivalent employees to total full-time equivalent	472
employees of less than seventy-five per cent but not less than	473
sixty per cent, seven thousand dollars per megawatt of nameplate	474
capacity located in the county as of the thirty-first day of	475
December of the preceding tax year;	476
(c) If the project maintains during the construction or	477
installation of the energy facility a ratio of Ohio-domiciled	478
full-time equivalent employees to total full-time equivalent	479
employees of less than sixty per cent but not less than fifty	480
per cent, eight thousand dollars per megawatt of nameplate	481
capacity located in the county as of the thirty-first day of	482
December of the preceding tax year.	483
(H) The director of development services in consultation	484
with the tax commissioner shall adopt rules pursuant to Chapter	485
119. of the Revised Code to implement and enforce this section.	486
Section 2. That existing sections 4906.20, 4906.201, and	487
5727.75 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	488