### As Introduced

# 132nd General Assembly Regular Session 2017-2018

H. B. No. 609

## **Representative Hughes**

## A BILL

То	amend sections 3313.66, 3313.661, and 5122.10	1
	and to enact sections 3313.669 and 3313.6610 of	2
	the Revised Code with respect to the expulsion	3
	of a student from a school district, community	4
	school, or STEM school for communicating a	5
	threat of violence to occur on school grounds.	6

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 3313.66, 3313.661, and 5122.10 be	7
amended and sections 3313.669 and 3313.6610 of the Revised Code	8
be enacted to read as follows:	9
Sec. 3313.66. (A) Except as provided under division (B)(2)	10
of this section, and subject to section 3313.668 of the Revised	11
Code, the superintendent of schools of a city, exempted village,	12
or local school district, or the principal of a public school	13
may suspend a pupil from school for not more than ten school	14
days. The board of education of a city, exempted village, or	15
local school district may adopt a policy granting assistant	16
principals and other administrators the authority to suspend a	17
pupil from school for a period of time as specified in the	18
policy of the board of education, not to exceed ten school days.	19

H. B. No. 609 Page 2 As Introduced

If at the time an out-of-school suspension is imposed there are	20
fewer than ten school days remaining in the school year in which	21
the incident that gives rise to the suspension takes place, the	22
superintendent shall not apply any remaining part of the period	23
of the suspension to the following school year. The	24
superintendent may instead require the pupil to participate in a	25
community service program or another alternative consequence for	26
a number of hours equal to the remaining part of the period of	27
the suspension. The pupil shall be required to begin the pupil's	28
community service or alternative consequence during the first	29
full week day of summer break. Each school district, in its	30
discretion, may develop an appropriate list of alternative	31
consequences. In the event that a pupil fails to complete	32
community service or the assigned alternative consequence, the	33
school district may determine the next course of action, which	34
shall not include requiring the pupil to serve the remaining	35
time of the out-of-school suspension at the beginning of the	36
following school year.	37

38

39

40

41

Except in the case of a pupil given an in-school suspension, no pupil shall be suspended unless prior to the suspension the superintendent or principal does both of the following:

(1) Gives the pupil written notice of the intention to 42 suspend the pupil and the reasons for the intended suspension 43 and, if the proposed suspension is based on a violation listed 44 in division (A) of section 3313.662 of the Revised Code and if 45 the pupil is sixteen years of age or older, includes in the 46 notice a statement that the superintendent may seek to 47 permanently exclude the pupil if the pupil is convicted of or 48 adjudicated a delinquent child for that violation; 49

(2) Provides the pupil an opportunity to appear at an	50
informal hearing before the principal, assistant principal,	51
superintendent, or superintendent's designee and challenge the	52
reason for the intended suspension or otherwise to explain the	53
pupil's actions.	54
If a pupil is suspended pursuant to division (A) of this	55

56

57

58

73

74

75

76

77

78

79

If a pupil is suspended pursuant to division (A) of this section, the school district board may, in its discretion, permit the pupil to complete any classroom assignments missed because of the suspension.

- (B) (1) Except as provided under division (B) (2), (3), or-59 (4), (5), or (6) of this section, and subject to section 60 3313.668 of the Revised Code, the superintendent of schools of a 61 city, exempted village, or local school district may expel a 62 pupil from school for a period not to exceed the greater of 63 eighty school days or the number of school days remaining in the 64 semester or term in which the incident that gives rise to the 65 expulsion takes place, unless the expulsion is extended pursuant 66 to division (F) of this section. If at the time an expulsion is 67 imposed there are fewer than eighty school days remaining in the 68 school year in which the incident that gives rise to the 69 expulsion takes place, the superintendent may apply any 70 remaining part or all of the period of the expulsion to the 71 72 following school year.
- (2) (a) Unless a pupil is permanently excluded pursuant to section 3313.662 of the Revised Code, the superintendent of schools of a city, exempted village, or local school district shall expel a pupil from school for a period of one year for bringing a firearm to a school operated by the board of education of the district or onto any other property owned or controlled by the board, except that the superintendent may

H. B. No. 609
Page 4
As Introduced

reduce this requirement on a case-by-case basis in accordance 80 with the policy adopted by the board under section 3313.661 of 81 the Revised Code.

83

84

8.5

86

87

88

89

90

- (b) The superintendent of schools of a city, exempted village, or local school district may expel a pupil from school for a period of one year for bringing a firearm to an interscholastic competition, an extracurricular event, or any other school program or activity that is not located in a school or on property that is owned or controlled by the district. The superintendent may reduce this disciplinary action on a case-by-case basis in accordance with the policy adopted by the board under section 3313.661 of the Revised Code.
- (c) Any expulsion pursuant to division (B)(2) of this

  section shall extend, as necessary, into the school year

  following the school year in which the incident that gives rise

  to the expulsion takes place. As used in this division,

  "firearm" has the same meaning as provided pursuant to the "Gun
  Free Schools Act," 115 Stat. 1762, 20 U.S.C. 7151.
- (3) The board of education of a city, exempted village, or 98 local school district may adopt a resolution authorizing the 99 superintendent of schools to expel a pupil from school for a 100 period not to exceed one year for bringing a knife to a school 101 operated by the board, onto any other property owned or 102 controlled by the board, or to an interscholastic competition, 103 an extracurricular event, or any other program or activity 104 sponsored by the school district or in which the district is a 105 participant, or for possessing a firearm or knife at a school, 106 on any other property owned or controlled by the board, or at an 107 interscholastic competition, an extracurricular event, or any 108 other school program or activity, which firearm or knife was 109

H. B. No. 609
Page 5
As Introduced

initially brought onto school board property by another person.

The resolution may authorize the superintendent to extend such
an expulsion, as necessary, into the school year following the
school year in which the incident that gives rise to the
expulsion takes place.

- (4) The board of education of a city, exempted village, or 115 local school district may adopt a resolution establishing a 116 policy under section 3313.661 of the Revised Code that 117 authorizes the superintendent of schools to expel a pupil from 118 school for a period not to exceed one year for committing an act 119 that is a criminal offense when committed by an adult and that 120 results in serious physical harm to persons as defined in 121 division (A)(5) of section 2901.01 of the Revised Code or 122 serious physical harm to property as defined in division (A)(6) 123 of section 2901.01 of the Revised Code while the pupil is at 124 school, on any other property owned or controlled by the board, 125 or at an interscholastic competition, an extracurricular event, 126 or any other school program or activity. Any expulsion under 127 this division shall extend, as necessary, into the school year 128 following the school year in which the incident that gives rise 129 to the expulsion takes place. 130
- (5) The board of education of any city, exempted village, 131 or local school district may adopt a resolution establishing a 132 policy under section 3313.661 of the Revised Code that 133 authorizes the superintendent of schools to expel a pupil from 134 school for a period not to exceed one year for making a bomb 135 threat to a school building or to any premises at which a school 136 activity is occurring at the time of the threat. Any expulsion 137 under this division shall extend, as necessary, into the school 138 year following the school year in which the incident that gives 139 rise to the expulsion takes place. 140

(6) The board of education of any city, exempted village,	141
or local school district may adopt a resolution that authorizes	142
the superintendent of schools to expel a pupil from school for a	143
period not to exceed sixty school days for communicating a	144
threat to kill or do physical harm to persons or property, as	145
defined in division (A)(3) or (4) of section 2901.01 of the	146
Revised Code, if all of the following conditions are met:	147
(a) The threat is communicated verbally or in writing in	148
person or via telephone, cellular telephone, computer, pager,	149
personal communication device, or other electronic communication	150
device.	151
(b) The threat is made against persons or property at a	152
school operated by the district board, on a school bus, at any	153
other property owned or controlled by the district board, or at	154
an interscholastic competition, an extracurricular event, or any	155
other program or activity sponsored by the school district or in	156
which the district is a participant.	157
(c) The pupil who made the threat engaged in conduct that	158
constitutes a substantial step in a course intended to culminate	159
in the commission of the threatened act, as determined by the	160
superintendent in consultation with the law enforcement agency	161
of the appropriate municipal corporation, township, or county.	162
(d) The pupil is not determined to be a mentally ill	163
person subject to court order under sections 3313.6610 and	164
5122.10 of the Revised Code.	165
Division (B) (6) of this section applies regardless of	166
whether the person or property that is the object of the threat	167
actually receives the communication of the threat.	168
The board of education of any city, exempted village, or	160

local school district may require the pupil, as a condition of	170
reinstatement from an expulsion under division (B)(6) of this	171
section to undergo an assessment to determine whether the pupil	172
poses a danger to the pupil's self or to other pupils or school	173
employees. The superintendent may extend the expulsion of a	174
pupil, for not more than one calendar year, if the pupil fails	175
to undergo an assessment required by division (B)(6) of this	176
section. If at the end of the expulsion period or the extended	177
period the superintendent determines, after consulting with	178
mental health professionals and representatives from the school	179
district and the law enforcement agency of a municipal	180
corporation, township, or county, that the pupil has shown	181
sufficient rehabilitation, the superintendent may reinstate the	182
pupil.	183
The district shell develop a plan few the continued	104
The district shall develop a plan for the continued	184
education of the pupil expelled under division (B)(6) of this	185
section, which may include education by the district in an	186
alternative setting under division (I) of this section.	187
In making any determination under division (B)(6) of this	188
section, the superintendent shall comply with the procedures	189
prescribed by divisions (B)(7) and (D) of this section.	190
Marking in the line (D) (C) and the marking about a continuous	1.01
Nothing in division (B) (6) of this section shall affect a	191
district's obligation to provide a free and appropriate	192
education to children with disabilities under 20 U.S.C. 1400, et	193
seq. and Chapter 3323. of the Revised Code.	194
Nothing in division (B)(6) of this section shall be	195
construed to limit or prohibit bringing a juvenile or criminal	196
action against a pupil who is expelled under that division.	197
Any expulsion under division (B)(6) of this section shall	198
, Onparoton anact atvioton (D) (O) Of Chieb becchon blatt	100

extend, as necessary, into the school year following the school	199
year in which the incident that gave rise to the expulsion took	200
place.	201
If a pupil is expelled under division (B)(6) of this	202
section for communicating a threat against a specific teacher or	203
another specific pupil, the superintendent may choose to provide	204
educational services to the expelled pupil in an alternative	205
setting instead of returning that pupil to the school in which	206
that pupil was enrolled at the time of the expulsion.	207
The superintendent, in consultation with the district's	208
legal counsel, may choose to redact from a pupil's school record	209
any documentation related to an expulsion under division (B)(6)	210
this section.	211
(7) No pupil shall be expelled under division (B)(1), (2),	212
(3), (4), $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{or}}$ (5), $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{or}}$ (6) of this section unless, prior to the	213
pupil's expulsion, the superintendent does both of the	214
following:	215
(a) Gives the pupil and the pupil's parent, guardian, or	216
custodian written notice of the intention to expel the pupil;	217
(b) Provides the pupil and the pupil's parent, guardian,	218
custodian, or representative an opportunity to appear in person	219
before the superintendent or the superintendent's designee to	220
challenge the reasons for the intended expulsion or otherwise to	221
explain the pupil's actions.	222
The notice required in this division shall include the	223
reasons for the intended expulsion, notification of the	224
opportunity of the pupil and the pupil's parent, guardian,	225
custodian, or representative to appear before the superintendent	226
or the superintendent's designee to challenge the reasons for	227

the intended expulsion or otherwise to explain the pupil's	228
action, and notification of the time and place to appear. The	229
time to appear shall not be earlier than three nor later than	230
five school days after the notice is given, unless the	231
superintendent grants an extension of time at the request of the	232
pupil or the pupil's parent, guardian, custodian, or	233
representative. If an extension is granted after giving the	234
original notice, the superintendent shall notify the pupil and	235
the pupil's parent, guardian, custodian, or representative of	236
the new time and place to appear. If the proposed expulsion is	237
based on a violation listed in division (A) of section 3313.662	238
of the Revised Code and if the pupil is sixteen years of age or	239
older, the notice shall include a statement that the	240
superintendent may seek to permanently exclude the pupil if the	241
pupil is convicted of or adjudicated a delinquent child for that	242
violation.	243
$\frac{(7)}{(8)}$ A superintendent of schools of a city, exempted	244
village, or local school district shall initiate expulsion	245
proceedings pursuant to this section with respect to any pupil	246
who has committed an act warranting expulsion under the	247
district's policy regarding expulsion even if the pupil has	248

proceedings pursuant to this section with respect to any pupil

246
who has committed an act warranting expulsion under the

district's policy regarding expulsion even if the pupil has

withdrawn from school for any reason after the incident that

gives rise to the hearing but prior to the hearing or decision

to impose the expulsion. If, following the hearing, the pupil

would have been expelled for a period of time had the pupil

still been enrolled in the school, the expulsion shall be

imposed for the same length of time as on a pupil who has not

250

withdrawn from the school.

(C) If a pupil's presence poses a continuing danger to 256 persons or property or an ongoing threat of disrupting the 257 academic process taking place either within a classroom or 258

elsewhere on the school premises, the superintendent or a	259
principal or assistant principal may remove a pupil from	260
curricular activities or from the school premises, and a teacher	261
may remove a pupil from curricular activities under the	262
teacher's supervision, without the notice and hearing	263
requirements of division (A) or (B) of this section. As soon as	264
practicable after making such a removal, the teacher shall	265
submit in writing to the principal the reasons for such removal.	266
If a pupil is removed under this division from a	267
curricular activity or from the school premises, written notice	268
of the hearing and of the reason for the removal shall be given	269
to the pupil as soon as practicable prior to the hearing, which	270
shall be held within three school days from the time the initial	271
removal is ordered. The hearing shall be held in accordance with	272
division (A) of this section unless it is probable that the	273
pupil may be subject to expulsion, in which case a hearing in	274
accordance with division (B) of this section shall be held,	275
except that the hearing shall be held within three school days	276
of the initial removal. The individual who ordered, caused, or	277
requested the removal to be made shall be present at the	278
hearing.	279
If the superintendent or the principal reinstates a pupil	280
in a curricular activity under the teacher's supervision prior	281
to the hearing following a removal under this division, the	282
teacher, upon request, shall be given in writing the reasons for	283
such reinstatement.	284
(D) The superintendent or principal, within one school day	285
after the time of a pupil's expulsion or suspension, shall	286
notify in writing the parent, guardian, or custodian of the	287

pupil and the treasurer of the board of education of the

expulsion or suspension. The notice shall include the reasons	289
for the expulsion or suspension, notification of the right of	290
the pupil or the pupil's parent, guardian, or custodian to	291
appeal the expulsion or suspension to the board of education or	292
to its designee, to be represented in all appeal proceedings, to	293
be granted a hearing before the board or its designee in order	294
to be heard against the suspension or expulsion, and to request	295
that the hearing be held in executive session, notification that	296
the expulsion may be subject to extension pursuant to division	297
(F) of this section if the pupil is sixteen years of age or	298
older, and notification that the superintendent may seek the	299
pupil's permanent exclusion if the suspension or expulsion was	300
based on a violation listed in division (A) of section 3313.662	301
of the Revised Code that was committed when the child was	302
sixteen years of age or older and if the pupil is convicted of	303
or adjudicated a delinquent child for that violation.	304

In accordance with the policy adopted by the board of education under section 3313.661 of the Revised Code, the notice provided under this division shall specify the manner and date by which the pupil or the pupil's parent, guardian, or custodian shall notify the board of the pupil's, parent's, guardian's, or custodian's intent to appeal the expulsion or suspension to the board or its designee.

305

306

307

308

309

310

311

Any superintendent expelling a pupil under this section 312 for more than twenty school days or for any period of time if 313 the expulsion will extend into the following semester or school 314 year shall, in the notice required under this division, provide 315 the pupil and the pupil's parent, guardian, or custodian with 316 information about services or programs offered by public and 317 private agencies that work toward improving those aspects of the 318 pupil's attitudes and behavior that contributed to the incident 319

that gave rise to the pupil's expulsion. The information shall	320
include the names, addresses, and phone numbers of the	321
appropriate public and private agencies.	322
(E) A pupil or the pupil's parent, quardian, or custodian	323

may appeal the pupil's expulsion by a superintendent or 324 suspension by a superintendent, principal, assistant principal, 325 or other administrator to the board of education or to its 326 designee. If the pupil or the pupil's parent, quardian, or 327 custodian intends to appeal the expulsion or suspension to the 328 329 board or its designee, the pupil or the pupil's parent, quardian, or custodian shall notify the board in the manner and 330 by the date specified in the notice provided under division (D) 331 of this section. The pupil or the pupil's parent, quardian, or 332 custodian may be represented in all appeal proceedings and shall 333 be granted a hearing before the board or its designee in order 334 to be heard against the suspension or expulsion. At the request 335 of the pupil or of the pupil's parent, guardian, custodian, or 336 attorney, the board or its designee may hold the hearing in 337 executive session but shall act upon the suspension or expulsion 338 only at a public meeting. The board, by a majority vote of its 339 full membership or by the action of its designee, may affirm the 340 order of suspension or expulsion, reinstate the pupil, or 341 otherwise reverse, vacate, or modify the order of suspension or 342 expulsion. 343

The board or its designee shall make a verbatim record of hearings held under this division. The decisions of the board or its designee may be appealed under Chapter 2506. of the Revised Code.

344

345

346

347

This section shall not be construed to require notice and
hearing in accordance with division (A), (B), or (C) of this

348

section in the case of normal disciplinary procedures in which a	350
pupil is removed from a curricular activity for a period of less	351
than one school day and is not subject to suspension or	352
expulsion.	353
(F)(1) If a pupil is expelled pursuant to division (B) of	354
this section for committing any violation listed in division (A)	355
of section 3313.662 of the Revised Code and the pupil was	356
sixteen years of age or older at the time of committing the	357
violation, if a complaint, indictment, or information is filed	358
alleging that the pupil is a delinquent child based upon the	359
commission of the violation or the pupil is prosecuted as an	360
adult for the commission of the violation, and if the resultant	361
juvenile court or criminal proceeding is pending at the time	362
that the expulsion terminates, the superintendent of schools	363
that expelled the pupil may file a motion with the court in	364
which the proceeding is pending requesting an order extending	365
the expulsion for the lesser of an additional eighty days or the	366
number of school days remaining in the school year. Upon the	367
filing of the motion, the court immediately shall schedule a	368
hearing and give written notice of the time, date, and location	369
of the hearing to the superintendent and to the pupil and the	370
pupil's parent, guardian, or custodian. At the hearing, the	371
court shall determine whether there is reasonable cause to	372

(2) If a pupil has been convicted of or adjudicated a 377 delinquent child for a violation listed in division (A) of 378 section 3313.662 of the Revised Code for an act that was 379 committed when the child was sixteen years of age or older, if 380

373

374

375

376

believe that the pupil committed the alleged violation that is

the basis of the expulsion and, upon determining that reasonable

cause to believe the pupil committed the violation does exist,

shall grant the requested extension.

the pupil has been expelled pursuant to division (B) of this	381
section for that violation, and if the board of education of the	382
school district of the school from which the pupil was expelled	383
has adopted a resolution seeking the pupil's permanent	384
exclusion, the superintendent may file a motion with the court	385
that convicted the pupil or adjudicated the pupil a delinquent	386
child requesting an order to extend the expulsion until an	387
adjudication order or other determination regarding permanent	388
exclusion is issued by the superintendent of public instruction	389
pursuant to section 3301.121 and division (D) of section	390
3313.662 of the Revised Code. Upon the filing of the motion, the	391
court immediately shall schedule a hearing and give written	392
notice of the time, date, and location of the hearing to the	393
superintendent of the school district, the pupil, and the	394
pupil's parent, guardian, or custodian. At the hearing, the	395
court shall determine whether there is reasonable cause to	396
believe the pupil's continued attendance in the public school	397
system may endanger the health and safety of other pupils or	398
school employees and, upon making that determination, shall	399
grant the requested extension.	400

- (G) The failure of the superintendent or the board of 401 education to provide the information regarding the possibility 402 of permanent exclusion in the notice required by divisions (A), 403 (B), and (D) of this section is not jurisdictional, and the 404 failure shall not affect the validity of any suspension or 405 expulsion procedure that is conducted in accordance with this 406 section or the validity of a permanent exclusion procedure that 407 is conducted in accordance with sections 3301.121 and 3313.662 408 of the Revised Code. 409
- (H) With regard to suspensions and expulsions pursuant to 410 divisions (A) and (B) of this section by the board of education 411

of any city, exempted village, or local school district, this	412
section shall apply to any student, whether or not the student	413
is enrolled in the district, attending or otherwise	414
participating in any curricular program provided in a school	415
operated by the board or provided on any other property owned or	416
controlled by the board.	417
(I) Whenever a student is expelled under this section, the	418
expulsion shall result in removal of the student from the	419
student's regular school setting. However, during the period of	420
the expulsion, the board of education of the school district	421
that expelled the student or any board of education admitting	422
the student during that expulsion period may provide educational	423
services to the student in an alternative setting.	424
(J)(1) Notwithstanding sections 3109.51 to 3109.80,	425
3313.64, and 3313.65 of the Revised Code, any school district,	426
after offering an opportunity for a hearing, may temporarily	427
deny admittance to any pupil if one of the following applies:	428
(a) The pupil has been suspended from the schools of	429
another district under division (A) of this section and the	430
period of suspension, as established under that division, has	431
not expired;	432
(b) The pupil has been expelled from the schools of	433
another district under division (B) of this section and the	434
period of the expulsion, as established under that division or	435
as extended under division (F) of this section, has not expired.	436
If a pupil is temporarily denied admission under this	437
division, the pupil shall be admitted to school in accordance	438
with sections 3109.51 to 3109.80, 3313.64, or 3313.65 of the	439

Revised Code no later than upon expiration of the suspension or

expulsion period, as applicable.	441
(2) Notwithstanding sections 3109.51 to 3109.80, 3313.64,	442
and 3313.65 of the Revised Code, any school district, after	443
offering an opportunity for a hearing, may temporarily deny	444
admittance to any pupil if the pupil has been expelled or	445
otherwise removed for disciplinary purposes from a public school	446
in another state and the period of expulsion or removal has not	447
expired. If a pupil is temporarily denied admission under this	448
division, the pupil shall be admitted to school in accordance	449
with sections 3109.51 to 3109.80, 3313.64, or 3313.65 of the	450
Revised Code no later than the earlier of the following:	451
(a) Upon expiration of the expulsion or removal period	452
<pre>imposed by the out-of-state school;</pre>	453
(b) Upon expiration of a period established by the	454
district, beginning with the date of expulsion or removal from	455
the out-of-state school, that is no greater than the period of	456
expulsion that the pupil would have received under the policy	457
adopted by the district under section 3313.661 of the Revised	458
Code had the offense that gave rise to the expulsion or removal	459
by the out-of-state school been committed while the pupil was	460
enrolled in the district.	461
(K) As used in this section:	462
(1) "Permanently exclude" and "permanent exclusion" have	463
the same meanings as in section 3313.662 of the Revised Code.	464
(2) "In-school suspension" means the pupil will serve all	465
of the suspension in a school setting.	466
Sec. 3313.661. (A) The board of education of each city,	467
exempted village, and local school district shall adopt a policy	468
regarding suspension, expulsion, removal, and permanent	469

exclusion that specifies the types of misconduct for which a	470
pupil may be suspended, expelled, or removed. The types of	471
misconduct may include misconduct by a pupil that occurs off of	472
property owned or controlled by the district but that is	473
connected to activities or incidents that have occurred on	474
property owned or controlled by that district and misconduct by	475
a pupil that, regardless of where it occurs, is directed at a	476
district official or employee, or the property of such official	477
or employee. The policy shall specify the reasons for which the	478
superintendent of the district may reduce the expulsion	479
requirement in division (B)(2) of section 3313.66 of the Revised	480
Code. If a board of education adopts a resolution pursuant to	481
division (B)(3) of section 3313.66 of the Revised Code, the	482
policy shall define the term "knife" or "firearm," as	483
applicable, for purposes of expulsion under that resolution and	484
shall specify any reasons for which the superintendent of the	485
district may reduce any required expulsion period on a case-by-	486
case basis. If a board of education adopts a resolution pursuant	487
to division (B) (4) $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{or}}$ (5) $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{of}}$ of section 3313.66 of the	488
Revised Code, the policy shall specify any reasons for which the	489
superintendent of the district may reduce any required expulsion	490
period on a case-by-case basis. The policy also shall set forth	491
the acts listed in section 3313.662 of the Revised Code for	492
which a pupil may be permanently excluded.	493

The policy adopted under this division shall specify the

date and manner by which a pupil or a pupil's parent, guardian,

or custodian may notify the board of the pupil's, parent's,

guardian's, or custodian's intent to appeal an expulsion or

suspension to the board or its designee pursuant to division (E)

of section 3313.66 of the Revised Code. In the case of any

expulsion, the policy shall not specify a date that is less than

fourteen <a href="mailto:calendar">calendar</a> days after the date of the notice provided to	501
the pupil or the pupil's parent, guardian, or custodian under	502
division (D) of that section.	503

A copy of the policy shall be posted in a central location 504 in the school and made available to pupils upon request. No 505 pupil shall be suspended, expelled, or removed except in 506 accordance with the policy adopted by the board of education of 507 the school district in which the pupil attends school, and no 508 pupil shall be permanently excluded except in accordance with 509 sections 3301.121 and 3313.662 of the Revised Code. 510

- (B) A board of education may establish a program and adopt guidelines under which a superintendent may require a pupil to perform community service in conjunction with a suspension or expulsion imposed under section 3313.66 of the Revised Code or in place of a suspension or expulsion imposed under section 3313.66 of the Revised Code except for an expulsion imposed pursuant to division (B)(2) of that section. If a board adopts guidelines under this division, they shall permit, except with regard to an expulsion pursuant to division (B)(2) of section 3313.66 of the Revised Code, a superintendent to impose a community service requirement beyond the end of the school year in lieu of applying an expulsion into the following school year. Any guidelines adopted shall be included in the policy adopted under this section.
- (C) The written policy of each board of education that is adopted pursuant to section 3313.20 of the Revised Code shall be posted in a central location in each school that is subject to the policy and shall be made available to pupils upon request.
- (D) Any policy, program, or guideline adopted by a board 529 of education under this section with regard to suspensions or 530

expulsions pursuant to division (A) or (B) of section 3313.66 of	531
the Revised Code shall apply to any student, whether or not the	532
student is enrolled in the district, attending or otherwise	533
participating in any curricular program provided in a school	534
operated by the board or provided on any other property owned or	535
controlled by the board.	536
(E) As used in this section, "permanently exclude" and	537
"permanent exclusion" have the same meanings as in section	538
3313.662 of the Revised Code.	539
Sec. 3313.669. The board of education of any school	540
district or any law enforcement agency of a municipal	541
corporation, township, or county may file a civil action in the	542
appropriate court of common pleas for restitution from the	543
parent of a minor pupil who is expelled under division (B)(6) of	544
section 3313.66 of the Revised Code for the reasonable and	545
actual administrative and investigative costs incurred by the	546
district or agency in connection with the pupil's expulsion.	547
Sec. 3313.6610. (A) Any pupil who communicates a threat to	548
kill or do physical harm to persons or property may be subject	549
to a school safety risk assessment. Under a school safety risk	550
assessment, if a pupil is believed to be a mentally ill person_	551
subject to court order that pupil may be taken into custody and	552
transported to a hospital or general hospital under section	553
5122.10 of the Revised Code. In such a case, the following	554
conditions apply:	555
(1) If the chief clinical officer of the hospital to which	556
a pupil is transported determines, after an examination of the	557
pupil, that the pupil is not a mentally ill person subject to	558
court order, the superintendent of the school district in which	559
the pupil is enrolled may expel the pupil under division (B)(6)	560

of section 3313.66 of the Revised Code.	561
(2) Subject to division (A)(3) of this section, if the	562
chief clinical officer of the hospital to which a pupil is	563
transported determines, after an examination of the pupil, that	564
the pupil is a mentally ill person subject to court order, the	565
superintendent of the school district in which the pupil is	566
enrolled may choose not to readmit that pupil to the school in	567
which the pupil is enrolled; however, that pupil shall not be	568
expelled. If the superintendent so chooses not to readmit the	569
pupil, the superintendent shall provide educational services to	570
the pupil in an alternative setting.	571
(3) Within thirty days of the pupil's removal from school,	572
a review panel shall determine if the pupil is able to return to	573
the school in which the pupil was enrolled. The review panel	574
shall include mental health professionals and representatives	575
from the school district and the law enforcement agency of a	576
municipal corporation, township, or county.	577
If the review panel determines that the pupil should not	578
return to school, the superintendent shall continue to provide	579
educational services to the pupil in an alternative setting. The	580
panel shall rereview the pupil's ability to return to school	581
once every thirty days until such time as the pupil is	582
readmitted to school.	583
In the case of any determination by the panel that a pupil	584
should not return to school, the pupil or the pupil's parent,	585
guardian, or custodian may appeal the panel's determination to	586
the district board of education by notifying the district	587
superintendent of the intent to appeal by telephone within	588
forty-eight hours after the panel's determination. Upon notice	589
of appeal by the pupil or the pupil's parent, guardian, or	590

custodian, the board shall hear the appeal at its next scheduled	591
regular meeting. The district board's consideration of an appeal	592
under this division shall be in an executive session of the	593
board. The decision of the board shall be final.	594
(B) Any documentation used by a review panel to make a	595
determination under this section is not a public record under	596
section 149.43 of the Revised Code.	597
(C) A member of a review panel created under this section,	598
the district superintendent, the district board of education,	599
and any member of the district board is not liable in damages in	600
a civil action for injury, death, or loss to person or property	601
allegedly arising from performing duties under this section,	602
unless the act or omission constitutes willful or wanton	603
misconduct.	604
Division (C) of this section does not eliminate, limit, or	605
reduce any other immunity or defense that a school district,	606
member of a school district board of education, or school	607
district employee or volunteer, including a coach or referee,	608
may be entitled to under Chapter 2744. or any other provision of	609
the Revised Code or under the common law of this state.	610
(D) The superintendent of the school district in which the	611
pupil is enrolled, in consultation with the district's legal	612
counsel, may choose to redact from the pupil's school record any	613
documentation related to an action taken under this section.	614
(E) Nothing in this section diminishes the rights of	615
eligible pupils or the obligations of school districts under the	616
"Individuals with Disabilities Education Act," 20 U.S.C. 1400 et	617
seq.	618
(F) As used in this section:	619

(1) "Chief clinical officer" and "mentally ill person	620
subject to court order" have the same meanings as in section	621
5122.01 of the Revised Code.	622
(2) "Physical harm to persons" has the same meaning as in	623
division (A)(3) of section 2901.01 of the Revised Code.	624
(3) "Physical harm to property" has the same meaning as in	625
division (A) (4) of section 2901.01 of the Revised Code.	626
Sec. 5122.10. (A) (1) Any psychiatrist, licensed clinical	627
psychologist, licensed physician, health officer, parole-	628
officer, police officer, or sheriff of the following who has	629
reason to believe that a person is a mentally ill person subject	630
to court order and represents a substantial risk of physical	631
harm to self or others if allowed to remain at liberty pending	632
examination may take a the person into custody, or the chief of	633
the adult parole authority or a parole or probation officer with	634
the approval of the chief of the authority may take a parolee,	635
an offender under a community control sanction or a post-release	636
control sanction, or an offender under transitional control into-	637
custody and may immediately transport the parolee, offender on	638
community control or post-release control, or offender under	639
transitional control person to a hospital or, notwithstanding	640
section 5119.33 of the Revised Code, to a general hospital not	641
licensed by the department of mental health and addiction	642
services where the <del>parolee, offender on community control or</del>	643
post release control, or offender under transitional control	644
person may be held for the period prescribed in this section, if	645
the psychiatrist, licensed clinical psychologist, licensed	646
physician, health officer, parole officer, police officer, or	647
sheriff has reason to believe that the person is a mentally ill-	648
person subject to court order under division (B) of section	649

5122.01 of the Revised Code, and represents a substantial risk	650
of physical harm to self or others if allowed to remain at	651
liberty pending examination:	652
(a) A psychiatrist;	653
(b) A licensed physician;	654
(c) A licensed clinical psychologist;	655
(d) A health officer;	656
(e) A school district superintendent;	657
(f) A school psychologist;	658
(g) A parole officer;	659
(h) A police officer;	660
(i) A sheriff.	661
(2) If the chief of the adult parole authority or a parole	662
or probation officer with the approval of the chief of the	663
authority has reason to believe that a parolee, an offender	664
under a community control sanction or post-release control	665
sanction, or an offender under transitional control is a	666
mentally ill person subject to court order and represents a	667
substantial risk of physical harm to self or others if allowed	668
to remain at liberty pending examination, the chief or officer	669
may take the parolee or offender into custody and may	670
immediately transport the parolee or offender to a hospital or,	671
notwithstanding section 5119.33 of the Revised Code, to a	672
general hospital not licensed by the department of mental health	673
and addiction services where the parolee or offender may be held	674
for the period prescribed in this section.	675
(B) A written statement shall be given to such the	676

hospital by the transporting psychiatrist, licensed clinical	677
psychologist, licensed physician, health officer, parole	678
officer, police officer, chief of the adult parole authority,	679
parole or probation officer, or sheriff stating individual	680
authorized under division (A)(1) or (2) of this section to	681
transport the person. The statement shall specify the	682
circumstances under which such the person was taken into custody	683
and the reasons for the psychiatrist's, licensed clinical	684
psychologist's, licensed physician's, health officer's, parole-	685
officer's, police officer's, chief of the adult parole	686
authority's, parole or probation officer's, or sheriff's belief	687
that the person is a mentally ill person subject to court order	688
and represents a substantial risk of physical harm to self or	689
others if allowed to remain at liberty pending examination. This	690
statement shall be made available to the respondent or the	691
respondent's attorney upon request of either.	692
(C) Every reasonable and appropriate effort shall be made	693
to take persons into custody in the least conspicuous manner	694
possible. A person taking the respondent into custody pursuant	695
to this section shall explain to the respondent: the name and	696
professional designation and affiliation of the person taking	697

criminal arrest; and that the person is being taken for 699 examination by mental health professionals at a specified mental 700 health facility identified by name. 701 (D) If a person taken into custody under this section is 702 transported to a general hospital, the general hospital may 703 admit the person, or provide care and treatment for the person, 704 or both, notwithstanding section 5119.33 of the Revised Code, 705 but by the end of twenty-four hours after arrival at the general 706

698

707

the respondent into custody; that the custody-taking is not a

hospital, the person shall be transferred to a hospital as

defined in section 5122.01 of the Revised Code.

708

(E) A person transported or transferred to a hospital or	709
community mental health services provider under this section	710
shall be examined by the staff of the hospital or services	711
provider within twenty-four hours after arrival at the hospital	712
or services provider. If to conduct the examination requires	713
that the person remain overnight, the hospital or services	714
provider shall admit the person in an unclassified status until	715
making a disposition under this section. After the examination,	716
if the chief clinical officer of the hospital or services	717
provider believes that the person is not a mentally ill person	718
subject to court order, the chief clinical officer shall release	719
or discharge the person immediately unless a court has issued a	720
temporary order of detention applicable to the person under	721
section 5122.11 of the Revised Code. After the examination, if	722
the chief clinical officer believes that the person is a	723
mentally ill person subject to court order, the chief clinical	724
officer may detain the person for not more than three court days	725
following the day of the examination and during such period	726
admit the person as a voluntary patient under section 5122.02 of	727
the Revised Code or file an affidavit under section 5122.11 of	728
the Revised Code. If neither action is taken and a court has not	729
otherwise issued a temporary order of detention applicable to	730
the person under section 5122.11 of the Revised Code, the chief	731
clinical officer shall discharge the person at the end of the	732
three-day period unless the person has been sentenced to the	733
department of rehabilitation and correction and has not been	734
released from the person's sentence, in which case the person	735
shall be returned to that department.	736

Section 2. That existing sections 3313.66, 3313.661, and 737 5122.10 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. 738