# As Passed by the Senate

132nd General Assembly

**Regular Session** 

2017-2018

Representative Cupp

Sub. H. B. No. 69

Cosponsors: Representatives Blessing, Dever, Hambley, Hill, Faber, Seitz, Arndt, Carfagna, Anielski, Antonio, Barnes, Brenner, Edwards, Galonski, Ginter, Holmes, Householder, Kent, Manning, O'Brien, Patterson, Patton, Reineke, Riedel, Rogers, Slaby, Sweeney, Thompson, West, Young

Senators Brown, Dolan, Eklund, Hoagland, Huffman, Lehner, Manning, O'Brien, Oelslager, Sykes, Terhar, Wilson, Yuko

# A BILL

То	amend sections 715.691, 5705.03, 5709.40,	1
	5709.634, 5739.021, 5739.023, and 5739.026 of	2
	the Revised Code and to amend Sections 387.10	3
	and 387.20 of Am. Sub. H.B. 49 of the 132nd	4
	General Assembly to require reimbursement of	5
	certain township fire and emergency medical	6
	service levy revenue forgone because of the	7
	creation of a municipal tax increment financing	8
	district, to authorize subdivisions to remove	9
	territory from existing joint economic	10
	development zones (JEDZs), to authorize	11
	townships to enter into enterprise zone	12
	agreements with retail businesses with the	13
	approval of the affected school district, to	14
	allow a county or transit authority to levy	15
	sales tax in increments of 0.25%, to modify the	16
	procedures by which resolutions proposing the	17
	levy of property taxes are submitted to	18

# BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

be amended to read as follows: 2 Sec. 715.691. (A) As used in this section: 2 (1) "Contracting party" means a municipal corporation that 2 has entered into a joint economic development zone contract or 2 any party succeeding to the municipal corporation, or a township 2 that entered into a joint economic development zone contract 2 with a municipal corporation. 2 (2) "Zone" means a joint economic development zone 3 designated under this section. 3 (3) "Substantial amendment" means an amendment to a joint 3 economic development zone contract that increases the rate of 3 municipal income tax that may be imposed within the zone, 3 changes the purposes for which municipal income tax revenue 3 derived from the zone may be used, or changes the area or areas 3 included in adds new territory to the zone. 3 (B) This section provides procedures and requirements for 3	Section 1. That sections 715.691, 5705.03, 5709.40,	21
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section applies only if one of the contracting parties to the40zone does not levy a municipal income tax under Chapter 718. of41the Revised Code.42

At any time before January 1, 2015, two or more municipal 43

corporations or one or more townships and one or more municipal 44 corporations may enter into a contract whereby they agree to 45 share in the costs of improvements for an area or areas located 46 in one or more of the contracting parties that they designate as 47 a joint economic development zone for the purpose of 48 facilitating new or expanded growth for commercial or economic 49 development in the state. The contract and zone shall meet the 50 requirements of divisions (B) to (J) of this section. 51

(C) The contract shall set forth each contracting party's 52 contribution to the joint economic development zone. The 53 54 contributions may be in any form that the contracting parties agree to, and may include, but are not limited to, the provision 55 of services, money, or equipment. The contract may be amended, 56 renewed, or terminated with the consent of the contracting 57 parties, subject to division (K) of this section. The contract 58 shall continue in existence throughout the term it specifies and 59 shall be binding on the contracting parties and on any entities 60 succeeding to the contracting parties. If the contract is 61 approved by the electors of any contracting party under division 62 (F) of this section or substantially amended after the effective 63 date of H.B. 289 of the 130th general assembly, June 5, 2014, 64 the contracting parties shall include within the contract or the 65 amendment to the contract an economic development plan for the 66 zone, a schedule for the implementation or provision of any new, 67 expanded, or additional services, facilities, or improvements 68 within the zone or in the area surrounding the zone, and any 69 provisions necessary for the contracting parties to create a 70 joint economic development review council in compliance with 71 section 715.692 of the Revised Code. 72

(D) Before the legislative authority of any of thecontracting parties enacts an ordinance or resolution approving74

a contract to designate a joint economic development zone, the 75 legislative authority of each of the contracting parties shall 76 hold a public hearing concerning the contract and zone. Each 77 legislative authority shall provide at least thirty days' public 78 notice of the time and place of the public hearing in a 79 newspaper of general circulation in the municipal corporation or 80 township. During the thirty-day period prior to the public 81 hearing, all of the following documents shall be available for 82 public inspection in the office of the clerk of the legislative 83 authority of a municipal corporation that is a contracting party 84 and in the office of the fiscal officer of a township that is a 85 contracting party: 86

(1) A copy of the contract designating the zone;

(2) A description of the area or areas to be included in the zone, including a map in sufficient detail to denote the specific boundaries of the area or areas;

(3) An economic development plan for the zone that
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includes a schedule for the provision of any new, expanded, or
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additional services, facilities, or improvements.
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A public hearing held under division (D) of this section 94 shall allow for public comment and recommendations on the 95 contract and zone. The contracting parties may include in the 96 contract any of those recommendations prior to approval of the 97 contract. 98

(E) After the public hearings required under division (D)
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of this section have been held and the economic development plan
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has been approved under division (D) of section 715.692 of the
Revised Code, and before January 1, 2015, each contracting party
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may enact an ordinance or resolution approving the contract to
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designate a joint economic development zone. After each 104 contracting party has enacted an ordinance or resolution, the 105 clerk of the legislative authority of a municipal corporation 106 that is a contracting party and the fiscal officer of a township 107 that is a contracting party shall file with the board of 108 elections of each county within which a contracting party is 109 located a copy of the ordinance or resolution approving the 110 contract and shall direct the board of elections to submit the 111 ordinance or resolution to the electors of the contracting party 112 on the day of the next general, primary, or special election 113 occurring at least ninety days after the ordinance or resolution 114 is filed with the board of elections. If any of the contracting 115 parties is a township, however, then only the township or 116 townships shall submit the resolution to the electors. The board 117 of elections shall not submit an ordinance or resolution filed 118 under this division to the electors at any election occurring on 119 or after January 1, 2015. 120

(F) (1) If a vote is required to approve a municipal corporation as a contracting party to a joint economic development zone under this section, the ballot shall be in the following form:

"Shall the ordinance of the legislative authority of the (city or village) of (name of contracting party) approving the contract with (name of each other contracting party) for the designation of a joint economic development zone be approved?

FOR THE ORDINANCE AND CONTRACT	130
AGAINST THE ORDINANCE AND CONTRACT	131

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(2) If a vote is required to approve a township as a 133 contracting party to a joint economic development zone under 134 this section, the ballot shall be in the following form: 135

"Shall the resolution of the board of township trustees of 136 the township of (name of contracting party) approving the 137 contract with (name of each other contracting party) for the 138 designation of a joint economic development zone be approved? 139

FOR '	THE RESOLUTION AND CONTRACT	141
AGAII	NST THE RESOLUTION AND CONTRACT	142

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If a majority of the electors of each contracting party voting on the issue vote for the ordinance or resolution and 145 contract, the ordinance or resolution shall become effective 146 immediately and the contract shall go into effect immediately or 147 in accordance with its terms. 148

(G) (1) A board of directors shall govern each joint 149 economic development zone created under this section. The 150 members of the board shall be appointed as provided in the 151 contract. Each of the contracting parties shall appoint three 152members to the board. Terms for each member shall be for two 153 years, each term ending on the same day of the month of the year 154 as did the term that it succeeds. A member may be reappointed to 155 the board. 156

(2) Membership on the board is not the holding of a public 157 office or employment within the meaning of any section of the 158 Revised Code or any charter provision prohibiting the holding of 159 other public office or employment. Membership on the board is 160 not a direct or indirect interest in a contract or expenditure 161

of money by a municipal corporation, township, county, or other162political subdivision with which a member may be affiliated.163Notwithstanding any provision of law or a charter to the164contrary, no member of the board shall forfeit or be165disqualified from holding any public office or employment by166reason of membership on the board.167

(3) The board is a public body for the purposes of section 121.22 of the Revised Code. Chapter 2744. of the Revised Code applies to the board and the zone.

(H) The contract may grant to the board of directors 171 appointed under division (G) of this section the power to adopt 172 a resolution to levy an income tax within the zone. The income 173 tax shall be used for the purposes of the zone and for the 174 purposes of the contracting parties pursuant to the contract. 175 Not less than fifty per cent of the revenue from the tax shall 176 be used solely to provide the new, expanded, or additional 177 services, facilities, or improvements specified in the economic 178 development plan until all such services, facilities, or 179 improvements have been completed as specified in that plan. The 180 income tax may be levied in the zone based on income earned by 181 persons working within the zone and on the net profits of 182 businesses located in the zone. The income tax is subject to 183 Chapter 718. of the Revised Code, except that a vote shall be 184 required by the electors residing in the zone to approve the 185 rate of income tax unless a majority of the electors residing 186 within the zone, as determined by the total number of votes cast 187 in the zone for the office of governor at the most recent 188 general election for that office, submit a petition to the board 189 requesting that the election provided for in division (H)(1) of 190 this section not be held. If no electors reside within the zone, 191 then division (H)(3) of this section applies. The rate of the 192

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income tax shall be no higher than the highest rate being levied by a municipal corporation that is a party to the contract.

(1) The board of directors may levy an income tax at a 195 rate that is not higher than the highest rate being levied by a 196 municipal corporation that is a party to the contract, provided 197 that the rate of the income tax is first submitted to and 198 approved by the electors of the zone at the succeeding regular 199 or primary election, or a special election called by the board, 200 occurring subsequent to ninety days after a certified copy of 201 202 the resolution levying the income tax and calling for the election is filed with the board of elections. If the voters 203 approve the levy of the income tax, the income tax shall be in 204 force for the full period of the contract establishing the zone. 205 No election shall be held under this section if a majority of 206 the electors residing within the zone, determined as specified 207 in division (H) of this section, submit a petition to that 208 effect to the board of directors. Any increase in the rate of an 209 income tax by the board of directors shall be approved by a vote 210 of the electors of the zone and shall be in force for the 211 remaining period of the contract establishing the zone. 212

(2) Whenever a zone is located in the territory of more than one contracting party, a majority vote of the electors in each of the several portions of the territory of the contracting parties constituting the zone approving the levy of the tax is required before it may be imposed under division (H) of this section.

(3) If no electors reside in the zone, no election for the
approval or rejection of an income tax shall be held under this
section, provided that where no electors reside in the zone, the
rate of the income tax shall be no higher than the highest rate
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being levied by a municipal corporation that is a party to the contract.

(4) The board of directors of a zone levying an income tax
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shall enter into an agreement with one of the municipal
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corporations that is a party to the contract to administer,
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collect, and enforce the income tax on behalf of the zone.
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(5) The board of directors of a zone shall publish or post
public notice within the zone of any resolution adopted levying
an income tax in the same manner required of municipal
corporations under sections 731.21 and 731.25 of the Revised
Code.

(I) (1) If for any reason a contracting party reverts to or 234 has its boundaries changed so that it is classified as a 235 township that is the entity succeeding to that contracting 236 party, the township is considered to be a municipal corporation 237 for the purposes of the contract for the full period of the 238 contract establishing the joint economic development zone, 239 except that if that contracting party is administering, 240 collecting, and enforcing the income tax on behalf of the 241 district as provided in division (H)(4) of this section, the 242 contract shall be amended to allow one of the other contracting 243 parties to administer, collect, and enforce that tax. 244

(2) Notwithstanding any other section of the Revised Code, 245 if there is any change in the boundaries of a township so that a 246 municipal corporation once located within the township is no 247 longer so located, the township shall remain in existence even 248 though its remaining unincorporated area contains less than 249 twenty-two square miles, if the township has been or becomes a 250 party to a contract creating a joint economic development zone 251 under this section or the contract creating that joint economic 252

development zone under this section is terminated or repudiated 253 for any reason by any party or person. The township shall 254 continue its existing status in all respects, including having 255 the same form of government and the same elected board of 256 trustees as its governing body. The township shall continue to 2.57 receive all of its tax levies and sources of income as a 258 township in accordance with any section of the Revised Code, 259 whether the levies and sources of income generate millage within 260 the ten-mill limitation or in excess of the ten-mill limitation. 261 262 The name of the township may be changed to the name of the contracting party appearing in the contract creating a joint 263 economic development zone under this section, so long as the 264 name does not conflict with any other name in the state that has 265 been certified by the secretary of state. The township shall 266 have all of the powers set out in sections 715.79, 715.80, and 267 715.81 of the Revised Code. 268

(J) If, after creating and operating a joint economic 269 development zone under this section, a contracting party that 270 did not levy a municipal income tax under Chapter 718. of the 271 Revised Code levies such a tax, the tax shall not apply to the 272 zone for the full period of the contract establishing the zone 273 if the board of directors of the zone has levied an income tax 274 as provided in division (H) of this section. 275

(K) No substantial amendment may be made to any jointeconomic development zone contract after December 31, 2014.277

Sec. 5705.03. (A) The taxing authority of each subdivision 278 may levy taxes annually, subject to the limitations of sections 279 5705.01 to 5705.47 of the Revised Code, on the real and personal 280 property within the subdivision for the purpose of paying the 281 current operating expenses of the subdivision and acquiring or 282

constructing permanent improvements. The taxing authority of 283 each subdivision and taxing unit shall, subject to the 284 limitations of such sections, levy such taxes annually as are 285 necessary to pay the interest and sinking fund on and retire at 286 maturity the bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness of 2.87 such subdivision and taxing unit, including levies in 288 anticipation of which the subdivision or taxing unit has 289 incurred indebtedness. 290

(B) (1) When a taxing authority determines that it is 291 292 necessary to levy a tax outside the ten-mill limitation for any 293 purpose authorized by the Revised Code, the taxing authority shall certify to the county auditor a resolution or ordinance 294 requesting that the county auditor certify to the taxing 295 authority the total current tax valuation of the subdivision, 296 and the number of mills required to generate a specified amount 297 of revenue, or the dollar amount of revenue that would be 298 generated by a specified number of mills. The resolution or 299 ordinance shall state all of the following: 300

(a) The purpose of the tax;

(b) Whether the tax is an additional levy, a renewal or a 302
replacement of an existing tax, or a renewal or replacement of 303
an existing tax with an increase or a decrease; 304

(c) The section of the Revised Code authorizing submission 305of the question of the tax; 306

(d) The term of years of the tax or if the tax is for a 307continuing period of time; 308

(e) That the tax is to be levied upon the entire territory
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of the subdivision or, if authorized by the Revised Code, a
description of the portion of the territory of the subdivision
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in which the tax is to be levied;

(f) The date of the election at which the question of the313tax shall appear on the ballot;314

(g) That the ballot measure shall be submitted to the
antire territory of the subdivision or, if authorized by the
Revised Code, a description of the portion of the territory of
the subdivision to which the ballot measure shall be submitted;

(h) The tax year in which the tax will first be levied and319the calendar year in which the tax will first be collected;320

(i) Each such county in which the subdivision has321territory.

If a subdivision is located in more than one county, the 323 county auditor shall obtain from the county auditor of each 324 other county in which the subdivision is located the current tax 325 valuation for the portion of the subdivision in that county. The 326 county auditor shall issue the certification to the taxing 327 authority within ten days after receiving the taxing authority's 328 resolution or ordinance requesting it. 329

(2) When considering the tangible personal property
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component of the tax valuation of the subdivision, the county
auditor shall take into account the assessment percentages
prescribed in section 5711.22 of the Revised Code. The tax
commissioner may issue rules, orders, or instructions directing
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how the assessment percentages must be utilized.

(3) Upon receiving the certification from the county
auditor, the taxing authority may adopt a resolution or
ordinance stating the rate of the tax levy, expressed in mills
for each one dollar in tax valuation as estimated by the county
auditor, and that the taxing authority will proceed with the

Page 12

submission of the question of the tax to electors. The taxing 341 authority shall certify this resolution or ordinance, a copy of 342 the county auditor's certification, and the resolution or 343 ordinance the taxing authority adopted under division (B)(1) of 344 this section to the county auditor and to the proper county 345 board of elections in the manner and within the time prescribed 346 by the section of the Revised Code governing submission of the 347 question. The county board of elections shall not submit the 348 question of the tax to electors unless a copy of the county 349 auditor's certification accompanies the resolutions or 350 ordinances the taxing authority certifies to the board. Before 351 requesting a taxing authority to submit a tax levy, any agency 352 or authority authorized to make that request shall first request 353 the certification from the county auditor provided under this 354 section. 355

(4) This division is supplemental to, and not in
derogation of, any similar requirement governing the
certification by the county auditor of the tax valuation of a
subdivision or necessary tax rates for the purposes of the
submission of the question of a tax in excess of the ten-mill
limitation, including sections 133.18 and 5705.195 of the
Revised Code.

(C) All taxes levied on property shall be extended on the 363 tax list and duplicate by the county auditor of the county in 364 which the property is located, and shall be collected by the 365 county treasurer of such county in the same manner and under the 366 same laws and rules as are prescribed for the assessment and 367 collection of county taxes. The proceeds of any tax levied by or 368 for any subdivision when received by its fiscal officer shall be 369 deposited in its treasury to the credit of the appropriate fund. 370

Sec. 5709.40. (A) As used in this section: 371 (1) "Blighted area" and "impacted city" have the same 372 meanings as in section 1728.01 of the Revised Code. 373 (2) "Business day" means a day of the week excluding 374 Saturday, Sunday, and a legal holiday as defined under section 375 1.14 of the Revised Code. 376 377 (3) "Housing renovation" means a project carried out for residential purposes. 378 (4) "Improvement" means the increase in the assessed value 379 of any real property that would first appear on the tax list and 380 duplicate of real and public utility property after the 381 effective date of an ordinance adopted under this section were 382 it not for the exemption granted by that ordinance. 383 (5) "Incentive district" means an area not more than three 384 hundred acres in size enclosed by a continuous boundary in which 385 a project is being, or will be, undertaken and having one or 386 more of the following distress characteristics: 387 (a) At least fifty-one per cent of the residents of the 388 district have incomes of less than eighty per cent of the median 389 income of residents of the political subdivision in which the 390 district is located, as determined in the same manner specified 391 under section 119(b) of the "Housing and Community Development 392 Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 633, 42 U.S.C. 5318, as amended; 393 (b) The average rate of unemployment in the district 394 during the most recent twelve-month period for which data are 395 available is equal to at least one hundred fifty per cent of the 396 average rate of unemployment for this state for the same period. 397 (c) At least twenty per cent of the people residing in the 398 district live at or below the poverty level as defined in the399federal Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C.4005301, as amended, and regulations adopted pursuant to that act.401

(d) The district is a blighted area.

(e) The district is in a situational distress area as
designated by the director of development services under
division (F) of section 122.23 of the Revised Code.

(f) As certified by the engineer for the political
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subdivision, the public infrastructure serving the district is
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inadequate to meet the development needs of the district as
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evidenced by a written economic development plan or urban
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renewal plan for the district that has been adopted by the
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legislative authority of the subdivision.

(g) The district is comprised entirely of unimproved land
that is located in a distressed area as defined in section
122.23 of the Revised Code.

(6) "Project" means development activities undertaken on
one or more parcels, including, but not limited to,
construction, expansion, and alteration of buildings or
structures, demolition, remediation, and site development, and
any building or structure that results from those activities.

(7) "Public infrastructure improvement" includes, but is 420 not limited to, public roads and highways; water and sewer 421 lines; the continued maintenance of those public roads and 422 highways and water and sewer lines; environmental remediation; 423 land acquisition, including acquisition in aid of industry, 424 commerce, distribution, or research; demolition, including 425 demolition on private property when determined to be necessary 426 for economic development purposes; stormwater and flood 427

remediation projects, including such projects on private 428 property when determined to be necessary for public health, 429 safety, and welfare; the provision of gas, electric, and 430 communications service facilities, including the provision of 431 gas or electric service facilities owned by nongovernmental 4.32 entities when such improvements are determined to be necessary 433 for economic development purposes; and the enhancement of public 434 waterways through improvements that allow for greater public 435 436 access.

(B) The legislative authority of a municipal corporation, 437 by ordinance, may declare improvements to certain parcels of 438 real property located in the municipal corporation to be a 439 public purpose. Improvements with respect to a parcel that is 440 used or to be used for residential purposes may be declared a 441 public purpose under this division only if the parcel is located 442 in a blighted area of an impacted city. For this purpose, 443 "parcel that is used or to be used for residential purposes" 444 means a parcel that, as improved, is used or to be used for 445 purposes that would cause the tax commissioner to classify the 446 parcel as residential property in accordance with rules adopted 447 by the commissioner under section 5713.041 of the Revised Code. 448 Except with the approval under division (D) of this section of 449 the board of education of each city, local, or exempted village 450 school district within which the improvements are located, not 451 more than seventy-five per cent of an improvement thus declared 452 to be a public purpose may be exempted from real property 453 taxation for a period of not more than ten years. The ordinance 454 shall specify the percentage of the improvement to be exempted 455 from taxation and the life of the exemption. 456

An ordinance adopted or amended under this division shall 457 designate the specific public infrastructure improvements made, 458

Page 16

to be made, or in the process of being made by the municipal 459 corporation that directly benefit, or that once made will 460 directly benefit, the parcels for which improvements are 461 declared to be a public purpose. The service payments provided 462 for in section 5709.42 of the Revised Code shall be used to 463 finance the public infrastructure improvements designated in the 464 ordinance, for the purpose described in division (D)(1) of this 465 section or as provided in section 5709.43 of the Revised Code. 466

467 (C) (1) The legislative authority of a municipal 468 corporation may adopt an ordinance creating an incentive district and declaring improvements to parcels within the 469 district to be a public purpose and, except as provided in 470 division (F) of this section, exempt from taxation as provided 471 in this section, but no legislative authority of a municipal 472 corporation that has a population that exceeds twenty-five 473 thousand, as shown by the most recent federal decennial census, 474 shall adopt an ordinance that creates an incentive district if 475 the sum of the taxable value of real property in the proposed 476 district for the preceding tax year and the taxable value of all 477 real property in the municipal corporation that would have been 478 taxable in the preceding year were it not for the fact that the 479 property was in an existing incentive district and therefore 480 exempt from taxation exceeds twenty-five per cent of the taxable 481 value of real property in the municipal corporation for the 482 preceding tax year. The ordinance shall delineate the boundary 483 of the district and specifically identify each parcel within the 484 district. A district may not include any parcel that is or has 485 been exempted from taxation under division (B) of this section 486 or that is or has been within another district created under 487 this division. An ordinance may create more than one such 488 district, and more than one ordinance may be adopted under 489

division (C)(1) of this section.

(2) Not later than thirty days prior to adopting an 491 ordinance under division (C)(1) of this section, if the 492 municipal corporation intends to apply for exemptions from 493 taxation under section 5709.911 of the Revised Code on behalf of 494 owners of real property located within the proposed incentive 495 district, the legislative authority of a municipal corporation 496 shall conduct a public hearing on the proposed ordinance. Not 497 later than thirty days prior to the public hearing, the 498 499 legislative authority shall give notice of the public hearing and the proposed ordinance by first class mail to every real 500 property owner whose property is located within the boundaries 501 of the proposed incentive district that is the subject of the 502 proposed ordinance. 503

(3) (a) An ordinance adopted under division (C) (1) of this 504 section shall specify the life of the incentive district and the 505 percentage of the improvements to be exempted, shall designate 506 the public infrastructure improvements made, to be made, or in 507 the process of being made, that benefit or serve, or, once made, 508 509 will benefit or serve parcels in the district. The ordinance also shall identify one or more specific projects being, or to 510 be, undertaken in the district that place additional demand on 511 the public infrastructure improvements designated in the 512 ordinance. The project identified may, but need not be, the 513 project under division (C)(3)(b) of this section that places 514 real property in use for commercial or industrial purposes. 515 Except as otherwise permitted under that division, the service 516 payments provided for in section 5709.42 of the Revised Code 517 shall be used to finance the designated public infrastructure 518 improvements, for the purpose described in division (D)(1) or \_\_\_\_ 519 (E), or (F) of this section, or as provided in section 5709.43 520

of the Revised Code.

An ordinance adopted under division (C)(1) of this section 522 on or after March 30, 2006, shall not designate police or fire 523 equipment as public infrastructure improvements, and no service 524 payment provided for in section 5709.42 of the Revised Code and 525 received by the municipal corporation under the ordinance shall 526 be used for police or fire equipment. 527

(b) An ordinance adopted under division (C)(1) of this 528 529 section may authorize the use of service payments provided for in section 5709.42 of the Revised Code for the purpose of 530 housing renovations within the incentive district, provided that 531 the ordinance also designates public infrastructure improvements 532 that benefit or serve the district, and that a project within 533 the district places real property in use for commercial or 534 industrial purposes. Service payments may be used to finance or 535 support loans, deferred loans, and grants to persons for the 536 purpose of housing renovations within the district. The 537 ordinance shall designate the parcels within the district that 538 are eligible for housing renovation. The ordinance shall state 539 separately the amounts or the percentages of the expected 540 aggregate service payments that are designated for each public 541 infrastructure improvement and for the general purpose of 542 housing renovations. 543

(4) Except with the approval of the board of education of 544
each city, local, or exempted village school district within the 545
territory of which the incentive district is or will be located, 546
and subject to division (E) of this section, the life of an 547
incentive district shall not exceed ten years, and the 548
percentage of improvements to be exempted shall not exceed 549
seventy-five per cent. With approval of the board of education, 550

the life of a district may be not more than thirty years, and551the percentage of improvements to be exempted may be not more552than one hundred per cent. The approval of a board of education553shall be obtained in the manner provided in division (D) of this554section.555

(D) (1) If the ordinance declaring improvements to a parcel 556 to be a public purpose or creating an incentive district 557 specifies that payments in lieu of taxes provided for in section 558 5709.42 of the Revised Code shall be paid to the city, local, or 559 exempted village, and joint vocational school district in which 560 the parcel or incentive district is located in the amount of the 561 taxes that would have been payable to the school district if the 562 563 improvements had not been exempted from taxation, the percentage of the improvement that may be exempted from taxation may exceed 564 seventy-five per cent, and the exemption may be granted for up 565 to thirty years, without the approval of the board of education 566 as otherwise required under division (D)(2) of this section. 567

(2) Improvements with respect to a parcel may be exempted 568 from taxation under division (B) of this section, and 569 improvements to parcels within an incentive district may be 570 exempted from taxation under division (C) of this section, for 571 up to ten years or, with the approval under this paragraph of 572 the board of education of the city, local, or exempted village 573 school district within which the parcel or district is located, 574 for up to thirty years. The percentage of the improvement 575 exempted from taxation may, with such approval, exceed seventy-576 five per cent, but shall not exceed one hundred per cent. Not 577 later than forty-five business days prior to adopting an 578 ordinance under this section declaring improvements to be a 579 public purpose that is subject to approval by a board of 580 education under this division, the legislative authority shall 581

Page 20

deliver to the board of education a notice stating its intent to 582 adopt an ordinance making that declaration. The notice regarding 583 improvements with respect to a parcel under division (B) of this 584 section shall identify the parcels for which improvements are to 585 be exempted from taxation, provide an estimate of the true value 586 in money of the improvements, specify the period for which the 587 588 improvements would be exempted from taxation and the percentage of the improvement that would be exempted, and indicate the date 589 on which the legislative authority intends to adopt the 590 ordinance. The notice regarding improvements to parcels within 591 an incentive district under division (C) of this section shall 592 delineate the boundaries of the district, specifically identify 593 each parcel within the district, identify each anticipated 594 improvement in the district, provide an estimate of the true 595 value in money of each such improvement, specify the life of the 596 district and the percentage of improvements that would be 597 exempted, and indicate the date on which the legislative 598 authority intends to adopt the ordinance. The board of 599 education, by resolution adopted by a majority of the board, may 600 approve the exemption for the period or for the exemption 601 percentage specified in the notice; may disapprove the exemption 602 for the number of years in excess of ten, may disapprove the 603 exemption for the percentage of the improvement to be exempted 604 in excess of seventy-five per cent, or both; or may approve the 605 exemption on the condition that the legislative authority and 606 the board negotiate an agreement providing for compensation to 607 the school district equal in value to a percentage of the amount 608 of taxes exempted in the eleventh and subsequent years of the 609 exemption period or, in the case of exemption percentages in 610 excess of seventy-five per cent, compensation equal in value to 611 a percentage of the taxes that would be payable on the portion 612 of the improvement in excess of seventy-five per cent were that 613

portion to be subject to taxation, or other mutually agreeable 614 compensation. If an agreement is negotiated between the 615 legislative authority and the board to compensate the school 616 district for all or part of the taxes exempted, including 617 agreements for payments in lieu of taxes under section 5709.42 618 of the Revised Code, the legislative authority shall compensate 619 the joint vocational school district within which the parcel or 620 district is located at the same rate and under the same terms 621 received by the city, local, or exempted village school 622 district. 623

(3) The board of education shall certify its resolution to 624 the legislative authority not later than fourteen days prior to 625 the date the legislative authority intends to adopt the 626 ordinance as indicated in the notice. If the board of education 627 and the legislative authority negotiate a mutually acceptable 628 compensation agreement, the ordinance may declare the 629 improvements a public purpose for the number of years specified 630 in the ordinance or, in the case of exemption percentages in 631 excess of seventy-five per cent, for the exemption percentage 632 specified in the ordinance. In either case, if the board and the 633 legislative authority fail to negotiate a mutually acceptable 634 compensation agreement, the ordinance may declare the 635 improvements a public purpose for not more than ten years, and 636 shall not exempt more than seventy-five per cent of the 637 improvements from taxation. If the board fails to certify a 638 resolution to the legislative authority within the time 639 prescribed by this division, the legislative authority thereupon 640 may adopt the ordinance and may declare the improvements a 641 public purpose for up to thirty years, or, in the case of 642 exemption percentages proposed in excess of seventy-five per 643 cent, for the exemption percentage specified in the ordinance. 644

Page 22

The legislative authority may adopt the ordinance at any time 645 after the board of education certifies its resolution approving 646 the exemption to the legislative authority, or, if the board 647 approves the exemption on the condition that a mutually 648 acceptable compensation agreement be negotiated, at any time 649 after the compensation agreement is agreed to by the board and 650 the legislative authority. 651

(4) If a board of education has adopted a resolution 652 waiving its right to approve exemptions from taxation under this 653 section and the resolution remains in effect, approval of 654 exemptions by the board is not required under division (D) of 655 this section. If a board of education has adopted a resolution 656 allowing a legislative authority to deliver the notice required 657 under division (D) of this section fewer than forty-five 658 business days prior to the legislative authority's adoption of 659 the ordinance, the legislative authority shall deliver the 660 notice to the board not later than the number of days prior to 661 such adoption as prescribed by the board in its resolution. If a 662 663 board of education adopts a resolution waiving its right to approve agreements or shortening the notification period, the 664 board shall certify a copy of the resolution to the legislative 665 authority. If the board of education rescinds such a resolution, 666 it shall certify notice of the rescission to the legislative 667 authority. 668

(5) If the legislative authority is not required by
division (D) of this section to notify the board of education of
the legislative authority's intent to declare improvements to be
a public purpose, the legislative authority shall comply with
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the notice requirements imposed under section 5709.83 of the
Revised Code, unless the board has adopted a resolution under
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that section waiving its right to receive such a notice.

(E) (1) If a proposed ordinance under division (C) (1) of 676 this section exempts improvements with respect to a parcel 677 within an incentive district for more than ten years, or the 678 percentage of the improvement exempted from taxation exceeds 679 seventy-five per cent, not later than forty-five business days 680 prior to adopting the ordinance the legislative authority of the 681 municipal corporation shall deliver to the board of county 682 commissioners of the county within which the incentive district 683 will be located a notice that states its intent to adopt an 684 ordinance creating an incentive district. The notice shall 685 include a copy of the proposed ordinance, identify the parcels 686 for which improvements are to be exempted from taxation, provide 687 an estimate of the true value in money of the improvements, 688 specify the period of time for which the improvements would be 689 exempted from taxation, specify the percentage of the 690 improvements that would be exempted from taxation, and indicate 691 the date on which the legislative authority intends to adopt the 692 ordinance. 693

(2) The board of county commissioners, by resolution 694 adopted by a majority of the board, may object to the exemption 695 for the number of years in excess of ten, may object to the 696 exemption for the percentage of the improvement to be exempted 697 in excess of seventy-five per cent, or both. If the board of 698 county commissioners objects, the board may negotiate a mutually 699 acceptable compensation agreement with the legislative 700 authority. In no case shall the compensation provided to the 701 board exceed the property taxes forgone due to the exemption. If 702 the board of county commissioners objects, and the board and 703 legislative authority fail to negotiate a mutually acceptable 704 compensation agreement, the ordinance adopted under division (C) 705 (1) of this section shall provide to the board compensation in 706

the eleventh and subsequent years of the exemption period equal 707 in value to not more than fifty per cent of the taxes that would 708 be payable to the county or, if the board's objection includes 709 an objection to an exemption percentage in excess of seventy-710 five per cent, compensation equal in value to not more than 711 fifty per cent of the taxes that would be payable to the county, 712 on the portion of the improvement in excess of seventy-five per 713 cent, were that portion to be subject to taxation. The board of 714 county commissioners shall certify its resolution to the 715 legislative authority not later than thirty days after receipt 716 of the notice. 717

(3) If the board of county commissioners does not object 718 or fails to certify its resolution objecting to an exemption 719 within thirty days after receipt of the notice, the legislative 720 authority may adopt the ordinance, and no compensation shall be 721 provided to the board of county commissioners. If the board 722 timely certifies its resolution objecting to the ordinance, the 723 legislative authority may adopt the ordinance at any time after 724 725 a mutually acceptable compensation agreement is agreed to by the board and the legislative authority, or, if no compensation 726 agreement is negotiated, at any time after the legislative 727 authority agrees in the proposed ordinance to provide 728 compensation to the board of fifty per cent of the taxes that 729 would be payable to the county in the eleventh and subsequent 730 years of the exemption period or on the portion of the 731 improvement in excess of seventy-five per cent, were that 732 portion to be subject to taxation. 733

(F) Service payments in lieu of taxes that are
attributable to any amount by which the effective tax rate of
either a renewal levy with an increase or a replacement levy
rate of the levy renewed or replaced,
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Page 25

or that are attributable to an additional levy, for a levy	738
authorized by the voters for any of the following purposes on or	739
after January 1, 2006, and which are provided pursuant to an	740
ordinance creating an incentive district under division (C)(1)	741
of this section that is adopted on or after January 1, 2006 <u>or a</u>	742
later date as specified in this division, shall be distributed	743
to the appropriate taxing authority as required under division	744
(C) of section 5709.42 of the Revised Code in an amount equal to	745
the amount of taxes from that additional levy or from the	746
increase in the effective tax rate of such renewal or	747
replacement levy that would have been payable to that taxing	748
authority from the following levies were it not for the	749
exemption authorized under division (C) of this section:	750

(1) A tax levied under division (L) of section 5705.19 or
section 5705.191 or 5705.222 of the Revised Code for community
developmental disabilities programs and services pursuant to
Chapter 5126. of the Revised Code;
754

(2) A tax levied under division (Y) of section 5705.19 of
(2) A tax levied under division (Y) of section 5705.19 of
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(7) A tax levied under division (Y) of section 5705.19 of
(7) A tax levied under divi

(3) A tax levied under section 5705.22 of the Revised Codefor county hospitals;759

(4) A tax levied by a joint-county district or by a county
under section 5705.19, 5705.191, or 5705.221 of the Revised Code
for alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services or
facilities;

(5) A tax levied under section 5705.23 of the Revised Codefor library purposes;765

(6) A tax levied under section 5705.24 of the Revised Code 766

of children; 768 (7) A tax levied under division (Z) of section 5705.19 of 769 the Revised Code for the provision and maintenance of zoological 770 park services and facilities under section 307.76 of the Revised 771 Code: 772 (8) A tax levied under section 511.27 or division (H) of 773 section 5705.19 of the Revised Code for the support of township 774 775 park districts; (9) A tax levied under division (A), (F), or (H) of 776 section 5705.19 of the Revised Code for parks and recreational 777 purposes of a joint recreation district organized pursuant to 778 division (B) of section 755.14 of the Revised Code; 779 (10) A tax levied under section 1545.20 or 1545.21 of the 780 Revised Code for park district purposes; 781 (11) A tax levied under section 5705.191 of the Revised 782 Code for the purpose of making appropriations for public 783 assistance; human or social services; public relief; public 784 welfare; public health and hospitalization; and support of 785 general hospitals; 786 (12) A tax levied under section 3709.29 of the Revised 787 788 Code for a general health district program; (13) A tax levied by a township under section 505.39, 789 division (I) of section 5705.19, or division (JJ) of section 790 5705.19 of the Revised Code to the extent the proceeds are used 791 for the purposes described in division (I) of that section, for 792

for the support of children services and the placement and care

<u>services as described in that section and those divisions.</u> 794 <u>Division (F)(13) of this section applies only if the township</u> 795

the purpose of funding fire, emergency medical, and ambulance

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for each parcel.

levying the tax provides fire, emergency medical, or ambulance	796
services in the incentive district, and only to incentive	797
districts created by an ordinance adopted on or after the	798
effective date of the amendment of this section by H.B. 69 of	799
the 132 <sup>nd</sup> general assembly. The board of township trustees may,	800
by resolution, waive the application of this division or	801
negotiate with the municipal corporation that created the	802
district for a lesser amount of payments in lieu of taxes.	803
(G) An exemption from taxation granted under this section	804
commences with the tax year specified in the ordinance so long	805
as the year specified in the ordinance commences after the	806
effective date of the ordinance. If the ordinance specifies a	807
year commencing before the effective date of the resolution or	808
specifies no year whatsoever, the exemption commences with the	809
tax year in which an exempted improvement first appears on the	810
tax list and duplicate of real and public utility property and	811
that commences after the effective date of the ordinance. In	812
lieu of stating a specific year, the ordinance may provide that	813
the exemption commences in the tax year in which the value of an	814
improvement exceeds a specified amount or in which the	815
construction of one or more improvements is completed, provided	816
that such tax year commences after the effective date of the	817
ordinance. With respect to the exemption of improvements to	818
parcels under division (B) of this section, the ordinance may	819
allow for the exemption to commence in different tax years on a	820
parcel-by-parcel basis, with a separate exemption term specified	821

Except as otherwise provided in this division, the823exemption ends on the date specified in the ordinance as the824date the improvement ceases to be a public purpose or the825incentive district expires, or ends on the date on which the826

public infrastructure improvements and housing renovations are 827 paid in full from the municipal public improvement tax increment 828 equivalent fund established under division (A) of section 829 5709.43 of the Revised Code, whichever occurs first. The 830 exemption of an improvement with respect to a parcel or within 8.31 an incentive district may end on a later date, as specified in 832 the ordinance, if the legislative authority and the board of 833 education of the city, local, or exempted village school 834 district within which the parcel or district is located have 835 entered into a compensation agreement under section 5709.82 of 836 the Revised Code with respect to the improvement, and the board 837 of education has approved the term of the exemption under 838 division (D)(2) of this section, but in no case shall the 839 improvement be exempted from taxation for more than thirty 840 years. Exemptions shall be claimed and allowed in the same 841 manner as in the case of other real property exemptions. If an 842 exemption status changes during a year, the procedure for the 843 apportionment of the taxes for that year is the same as in the 844 case of other changes in tax exemption status during the year. 845

(H) Additional municipal financing of public 846 infrastructure improvements and housing renovations may be 847 provided by any methods that the municipal corporation may 848 otherwise use for financing such improvements or renovations. If 849 the municipal corporation issues bonds or notes to finance the 850 public infrastructure improvements and housing renovations and 851 pledges money from the municipal public improvement tax 852 increment equivalent fund to pay the interest on and principal 853 of the bonds or notes, the bonds or notes are not subject to 854 Chapter 133. of the Revised Code. 855

(I) The municipal corporation, not later than fifteen days856after the adoption of an ordinance under this section, shall857

submit to the director of development services a copy of the 858 ordinance. On or before the thirty-first day of March of each 859 year, the municipal corporation shall submit a status report to 860 the director of development services. The report shall indicate, 861 in the manner prescribed by the director, the progress of the 862 project during each year that an exemption remains in effect, 863 including a summary of the receipts from service payments in 864 lieu of taxes; expenditures of money from the funds created 865 under section 5709.43 of the Revised Code; a description of the 866 867 public infrastructure improvements and housing renovations financed with such expenditures; and a quantitative summary of 868 changes in employment and private investment resulting from each 869 project. 870

(J) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a legislative authority from declaring to be a public purpose improvements with respect to more than one parcel.

(K) If a parcel is located in a new community district in
which the new community authority imposes a community
development charge on the basis of rentals received from leases
of real property as described in division (L) (2) of section
349.01 of the Revised Code, the parcel may not be exempted from
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taxation under this section.

Sec. 5709.634. A municipal corporation or county that 880 seeks to, or a township to which authority has been delegated 881 under division (G) of section 5709.63 of the Revised Code, may 882 enter an agreement under section 5709.62, 5709.63, or 5709.632 883 of the Revised Code with an enterprise respecting a place of 884 business used primarily for making retail sales may petition if 885 the board of education of each city, local, or exempted village 886 school district within the territory of which that place of 887

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business is located to waive adopts a resolution, approved by 888 the majority of the board members, waiving the retail facilities 889 exclusion under division (C) of section 5709.61 of the Revised 890 Code with respect to that place of business. The exclusion shall 891 be waived if each such board of education adopts a resolution-892 approved by the majority of the board members approving the 893 petition. Unless otherwise provided in its resolution, a board 894 of education does not waive its right to approve or reject\_ 895 agreements or to receive notice under section 5709.62, 5709.63, 896 or 5709.632 of the Revised Code by approving a petition waiving 897 the retail facilities exclusion under this section. 898

Sec. 5739.021. (A) For the purpose of providing additional 899 general revenues for the county, supporting criminal and 900 administrative justice services in the county, funding a 901 regional transportation improvement project under section 902 5595.06 of the Revised Code, or any combination of the 903 foregoing, and to pay the expenses of administering such levy, 904 any county may levy a tax at the rate of not more than one per 905 906 cent at any multiple of one-tenth of one per cent upon every retail sale made in the county, except sales of watercraft and 907 outboard motors required to be titled pursuant to Chapter 1548. 908 of the Revised Code and sales of motor vehicles, and may 909 increase the rate of an existing tax to not more than one per 910 cent-at any. The rate of any tax levied pursuant to this 911 section shall be a multiple of <u>one-fourth or</u> one-tenth of one 912 913 per cent.

The tax shall be levied and the rate increased pursuant to914a resolution of the board of county commissioners. The915resolution shall state the purpose for which the tax is to be916levied and the number of years for which the tax is to be917levied, or that it is for a continuing period of time. If the918

tax is to be levied for the purpose of providing additional 919 general revenues and for the purpose of supporting criminal and 920 administrative justice services, the resolution shall state the 921 922 rate or amount of the tax to be apportioned to each such 923 purpose. The rate or amount may be different for each year the tax is to be levied, but the rates or amounts actually 924 apportioned each year shall not be different from that stated in 925 the resolution for that year. If the resolution is adopted as an 926 emergency measure necessary for the immediate preservation of 927 928 the public peace, health, or safety, it must receive an affirmative vote of all of the members of the board of county 929 commissioners and shall state the reasons for such necessity. 930 The board shall deliver a certified copy of the resolution to 931 the tax commissioner, not later than the sixty-fifth day prior 932 to the date on which the tax is to become effective, which shall 933 be the first day of the calendar quarter. 934

Prior to the adoption of any resolution under this 935 section, the board of county commissioners shall conduct two 936 public hearings on the resolution, the second hearing to be not 937 less than three nor more than ten days after the first. Notice 938 of the date, time, and place of the hearings shall be given by 939 publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the county, 940 or as provided in section 7.16 of the Revised Code, once a week 941 on the same day of the week for two consecutive weeks, the 942 second publication being not less than ten nor more than thirty 943 days prior to the first hearing. 944

Except as provided in division (B)(3) of this section, the945resolution shall be subject to a referendum as provided in946sections 305.31 to 305.41 of the Revised Code.947

If a petition for a referendum is filed, the county 948

auditor with whom the petition was filed shall, within five 949 days, notify the board of county commissioners and the tax 950 commissioner of the filing of the petition by certified mail. If 951 the board of elections with which the petition was filed 952 declares the petition invalid, the board of elections, within 953 five days, shall notify the board of county commissioners and 954 the tax commissioner of that declaration by certified mail. If 955 the petition is declared to be invalid, the effective date of 956 the tax or increased rate of tax levied by this section shall be 957 the first day of a calendar quarter following the expiration of 958 sixty-five days from the date the commissioner receives notice 959 from the board of elections that the petition is invalid. 960

(B) (1) A resolution that is not adopted as an emergency 961 measure may direct the board of elections to submit the question 962 of levying the tax or increasing the rate of tax to the electors 963 of the county at a special election held on the date specified 964 by the board of county commissioners in the resolution, provided 965 that the election occurs not less than ninety days after a 966 certified copy of such resolution is transmitted to the board of 967 elections and the election is not held in February or August of 968 any year. Upon transmission of the resolution to the board of 969 elections, the board of county commissioners shall notify the 970 tax commissioner in writing of the levy question to be submitted 971 to the electors. No resolution adopted under this division shall 972 go into effect unless approved by a majority of those voting 973 upon it, and, except as provided in division (B)(3) of this 974 section, shall become effective on the first day of a calendar 975 quarter following the expiration of sixty-five days from the 976 date the tax commissioner receives notice from the board of 977 elections of the affirmative vote. 978

(2) A resolution that is adopted as an emergency measure

shall go into effect as provided in division (A) of this 980 section, but may direct the board of elections to submit the 981 question of repealing the tax or increase in the rate of the tax 982 to the electors of the county at the next general election in 983 the county occurring not less than ninety days after a certified 984 copy of the resolution is transmitted to the board of elections. 985 Upon transmission of the resolution to the board of elections, 986 the board of county commissioners shall notify the tax 987 commissioner in writing of the levy question to be submitted to 988 the electors. The ballot question shall be the same as that 989 prescribed in section 5739.022 of the Revised Code. The board of 990 elections shall notify the board of county commissioners and the 991 tax commissioner of the result of the election immediately after 992 the result has been declared. If a majority of the qualified 993 electors voting on the question of repealing the tax or increase 994 in the rate of the tax vote for repeal of the tax or repeal of 995 the increase, the board of county commissioners, on the first 996 day of a calendar quarter following the expiration of sixty-five 997 days after the date the board and tax commissioner receive 998 notice of the result of the election, shall, in the case of a 999 repeal of the tax, cease to levy the tax, or, in the case of a 1000 repeal of an increase in the rate of the tax, cease to levy the 1001 increased rate and levy the tax at the rate at which it was 1002 imposed immediately prior to the increase in rate. 1003

(3) If a vendor makes a sale in this state by printed
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catalog and the consumer computed the tax on the sale based on
local rates published in the catalog, any tax levied or repealed
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or rate changed under this section shall not apply to such a
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sale until the first day of a calendar quarter following the
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expiration of one hundred twenty days from the date of notice by
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the tax commissioner pursuant to division (H) of this section.

(C) If a resolution is rejected at a referendum or if a 1011 resolution adopted after January 1, 1982, as an emergency 1012 measure is repealed by the electors pursuant to division (B)(2) 1013 of this section or section 5739.022 of the Revised Code, then 1014 for one year after the date of the election at which the 1015 resolution was rejected or repealed the board of county 1016 commissioners may not adopt any resolution authorized by this 1017 section as an emergency measure. 1018

(D) The board of county commissioners, at any time while a 1019 tax levied under this section is in effect, may by resolution 1020 reduce the rate at which the tax is levied to a lower rate 1021 authorized by this section. Any reduction in the rate at which 1022 the tax is levied shall be made effective on the first day of a 1023 calendar quarter next following the sixty-fifth day after a 1024 certified copy of the resolution is delivered to the tax 1025 commissioner. 1026

(E) The tax on every retail sale subject to a tax levied
pursuant to this section shall be in addition to the tax levied
by section 5739.02 of the Revised Code and any tax levied
pursuant to section 5739.023 or 5739.026 of the Revised Code.
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A county that levies a tax pursuant to this section shall 1031 levy a tax at the same rate pursuant to section 5741.021 of the 1032 Revised Code. 1033

The additional tax levied by the county shall be collected 1034 pursuant to section 5739.025 of the Revised Code. If the 1035 additional tax or some portion thereof is levied for the purpose 1036 of criminal and administrative justice services, the revenue 1037 from the tax, or the amount or rate apportioned to that purpose, 1038 shall be credited to a special fund created in the county 1039 treasury for receipt of that revenue. 1040

Any tax levied pursuant to this section is subject to the1041exemptions provided in section 5739.02 of the Revised Code and1042in addition shall not be applicable to sales not within the1043taxing power of a county under the Constitution of the United1044States or the Ohio Constitution.1045

(F) For purposes of this section, a copy of a resolution
 is "certified" when it contains a written statement attesting
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 that the copy is a true and exact reproduction of the original
 1048
 resolution.

(G) If a board of commissioners intends to adopt a 1050
resolution to levy a tax in whole or in part for the purpose of 1051
criminal and administrative justice services, the board shall 1052
prepare and make available at the first public hearing at which 1053
the resolution is considered a statement containing the 1054
following information: 1055

(1) For each of the two preceding fiscal years, the amount
of expenditures made by the county from the county general fund
for the purpose of criminal and administrative justice services;
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(2) For the fiscal year in which the resolution is
adopted, the board's estimate of the amount of expenditures to
be made by the county from the county general fund for the
purpose of criminal and administrative justice services;

(3) For each of the two fiscal years after the fiscal year
in which the resolution is adopted, the board's preliminary plan
for expenditures to be made from the county general fund for the
purpose of criminal and administrative justice services, both
under the assumption that the tax will be imposed for that
purpose and under the assumption that the tax would not be
imposed for that purpose, and for expenditures to be made from
the special fund created under division (E) of this section1070under the assumption that the tax will be imposed for that1071purpose.1072

The board shall prepare the statement and the preliminary 1073 plan using the best information available to the board at the 1074 time the statement is prepared. Neither the statement nor the 1075 preliminary plan shall be used as a basis to challenge the 1076 validity of the tax in any court of competent jurisdiction, nor 1077 shall the statement or preliminary plan limit the authority of 1078 the board to appropriate, pursuant to section 5705.38 of the 1079 Revised Code, an amount different from that specified in the 1080 preliminary plan. 1081

(H) Upon receipt from a board of county commissioners of a 1082 certified copy of a resolution required by division (A) or (D) 1083 of this section, or from the board of elections of a notice of 1084 the results of an election required by division (A) or (B)(1) or 1085 (2) of this section, the tax commissioner shall provide notice 1086 of a tax rate change in a manner that is reasonably accessible 1087 to all affected vendors. The commissioner shall provide this 1088 notice at least sixty days prior to the effective date of the 1089 rate change. The commissioner, by rule, may establish the method 1090 1091 by which notice will be provided.

(I) As used in this section, "criminal and administrative 1092 justice services" means the exercise by the county sheriff of 1093 all powers and duties vested in that office by law; the exercise 1094 by the county prosecuting attorney of all powers and duties 1095 vested in that office by law; the exercise by any court in the 1096 county of all powers and duties vested in that court; the 1097 exercise by the clerk of the court of common pleas, any clerk of 1098 a municipal court having jurisdiction throughout the county, or 1099

the clerk of any county court of all powers and duties vested in 1100 the clerk by law except, in the case of the clerk of the court 1101 of common pleas, the titling of motor vehicles or watercraft 1102 pursuant to Chapter 1548. or 4505. of the Revised Code; the 1103 exercise by the county coroner of all powers and duties vested 1104 in that office by law; making payments to any other public 1105 agency or a private, nonprofit agency, the purposes of which in 1106 the county include the diversion, adjudication, detention, or 1107 rehabilitation of criminals or juvenile offenders; the operation 1108 and maintenance of any detention facility, as defined in section 1109 2921.01 of the Revised Code; and the construction, acquisition, 1110 equipping, or repair of such a detention facility, including the 1111 payment of any debt charges incurred in the issuance of 1112 securities pursuant to Chapter 133. of the Revised Code for the 1113 purpose of constructing, acquiring, equipping, or repairing such 1114 a facility. 1115

Sec. 5739.023. (A) (1) For the purpose of providing 1116 additional general revenues for a transit authority or funding a 1117 regional transportation improvement project under section 1118 5595.06 of the Revised Code, or both, and to pay the expenses of 1119 administering such levy, any transit authority as defined in 1120 division (U) of section 5739.01 of the Revised Code may levy a 1121 tax upon every retail sale made in the territory of the transit 1122 authority, except sales of watercraft and outboard motors 1123 required to be titled pursuant to Chapter 1548. of the Revised 1124 Code and sales of motor vehicles, at a rate of not more than one 1125 and one-half per cent at any multiple of one-tenth of one per 1126 cent and may increase the existing rate of an existing tax to 1127 not more than one and one-half per cent-at any. The rate of any 1128 tax levied pursuant to this section shall be a multiple of one-1129 fourth or one-tenth of one per cent. The tax shall be levied and 1130

the rate increased pursuant to a resolution of the legislative 1131 authority of the transit authority and a certified copy of the 1132 resolution shall be delivered by the fiscal officer to the board 1133 of elections as provided in section 3505.071 of the Revised Code 1134 and to the tax commissioner. The resolution shall specify the 1135 number of years for which the tax is to be in effect or that the 1136 tax is for a continuing period of time, and the date of the 1137 election on the question of the tax pursuant to section 306.70 1138 of the Revised Code. The board of elections shall certify the 1139 results of the election to the transit authority and tax 1140 commissioner. 1141

(2) Except as provided in division (C) of this section,
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the tax levied by the resolution shall become effective on the
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first day of a calendar quarter next following the sixty-fifth
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day following the date the tax commissioner receives from the
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board of elections the certification of the results of the
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election on the question of the tax.

(B) The legislative authority may, at any time while the 1148 tax is in effect, by resolution fix the rate of the tax at any 1149 rate authorized by this section and not in excess of that 1150 approved by the voters pursuant to section 306.70 of the Revised 1151 1152 Code. Except as provided in division (C) of this section, any change in the rate of the tax shall be made effective on the 1153 first day of a calendar quarter next following the sixty-fifth 1154 day following the date the tax commissioner receives the 1155 certification of the resolution; provided, that in any case 1156 where bonds, or notes in anticipation of bonds, of a regional 1157 transit authority have been issued under section 306.40 of the 1158 Revised Code without a vote of the electors while the tax 1159 proposed to be reduced was in effect, the board of trustees of 1160 the regional transit authority shall continue to levy and 1161

collect under authority of the original election authorizing the1162tax a rate of tax that the board of trustees reasonably1163estimates will produce an amount in that year equal to the1164amount of principal of and interest on those bonds as is payable1165in that year.1166

(C) Upon receipt from the board of elections of the 1167 certification of the results of the election required by 1168 division (A) of this section, or from the legislative authority 1169 of the certification of a resolution under division (B) of this 1170 section, the tax commissioner shall provide notice of a tax rate 1171 change in a manner that is reasonably accessible to all affected 1172 vendors. The commissioner shall provide this notice at least 1173 sixty days prior to the effective date of the rate change. The 1174 commissioner, by rule, may establish the method by which notice 1175 will be provided. 1176

(D) If a vendor makes a sale in this state by printed
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catalog and the consumer computed the tax on the sale based on
local rates published in the catalog, any tax levied or rate
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changed under this section shall not apply to such a sale until
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the first day of a calendar quarter following the expiration of
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one hundred twenty days from the date of notice by the tax
commissioner pursuant to division (C) of this section.

(E) The tax on every retail sale subject to a tax levied
pursuant to this section is in addition to the tax levied by
section 5739.02 of the Revised Code and any tax levied pursuant
to section 5739.021 or 5739.026 of the Revised Code.

(F) The additional tax levied by the transit authorityshall be collected pursuant to section 5739.025 of the RevisedCode.

(G) Any tax levied pursuant to this section is subject to 1191 the exemptions provided in section 5739.02 of the Revised Code 1192 and in addition shall not be applicable to sales not within the 1193 taxing power of a transit authority under the constitution of 1194 the United States or the constitution of this state. 1195

(H) The rate of a tax levied under this section is subject
to reduction under section 5739.028 of the Revised Code, if a
ballot question is approved by voters pursuant to that section.

Sec. 5739.026. (A) A board of county commissioners may 1199 levy a tax on every retail sale in the county, except sales of 1200 watercraft and outboard motors required to be titled pursuant to 1201 Chapter 1548. of the Revised Code and sales of motor vehicles, 1202 at a rate of not more than one-half of one per cent at any-1203 multiple of one-tenth of one per cent and may increase an-1204 existing the rate of an existing tax to not more than one-half 1205 of one per cent at any multiple of one tenth of one per cent, to 1206 pay the expenses of administering the tax and, except as 1207 provided in division (A)(6) of this section, for any one or more 1208 of the following purposes provided that the aggregate levy for 1209 all such purposes does not exceed one-half of one per cent: 1210

(1) To provide additional revenues for the payment of
bonds or notes issued in anticipation of bonds issued by a
convention facilities authority established by the board of
county commissioners under Chapter 351. of the Revised Code and
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to provide additional operating revenues for the convention
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facilities authority;

(2) To provide additional revenues for a transit authority1217operating in the county;1218

(3) To provide additional revenue for the county's general 1219

fund;	1220
(4) To provide additional revenue for permanent	1221
improvements to be distributed by the community improvements	1222
board in accordance with section 307.283 and to pay principal,	1223
interest, and premium on bonds issued under section 307.284 of	1224
the Revised Code;	1225
(5) To provide additional revenue for the acquisition,	1226
construction, equipping, or repair of any specific permanent	1227
improvement or any class or group of permanent improvements,	1228
which improvement or class or group of improvements shall be	1229
enumerated in the resolution required by division (D) of this	1230
section, and to pay principal, interest, premium, and other	1231
costs associated with the issuance of bonds or notes in	1232
anticipation of bonds issued pursuant to Chapter 133. of the	1233
Revised Code for the acquisition, construction, equipping, or	1234
repair of the specific permanent improvement or class or group	1235
of permanent improvements;	1236
(6) To provide revenue for the implementation and	1237
operation of a 9-1-1 system in the county. If the tax is levied	1238
or the rate increased exclusively for such purpose, the tax	1239
shall not be levied or the rate increased for more than five	1240
years. At the end of the last year the tax is levied or the rate	1241
increased, any balance remaining in the special fund established	1242
for such purpose shall remain in that fund and be used	1243
exclusively for such purpose until the fund is completely	1244
expended, and, notwithstanding section 5705.16 of the Revised	1245
Code, the board of county commissioners shall not petition for	1246
the transfer of money from such special fund, and the tax	1247

If the tax is levied or the rate increased for such 1249

commissioner shall not approve such a petition.

purpose for more than five years, the board of county	1250
commissioners also shall levy the tax or increase the rate of	1251
the tax for one or more of the purposes described in divisions	1252
(A)(1) to (5) of this section and shall prescribe the method for	1253
allocating the revenues from the tax each year in the manner	1254
required by division (C) of this section.	1255
(7) To provide additional revenue for the operation or	1256
maintenance of a detention facility, as that term is defined	1257
under division (F) of section 2921.01 of the Revised Code;	1258
(8) To provide revenue to finance the construction or	1259
renovation of a sports facility, but only if the tax is levied	1260
for that purpose in the manner prescribed by section 5739.028 of	1261
the Revised Code.	1262
As used in division (A)(8) of this section:	1263
(a) "Sports facility" means a facility intended to house	1264
major league professional athletic teams.	1265
(b) "Constructing" or "construction" includes providing	1266
fixtures, furnishings, and equipment.	1267
(9) To provide additional revenue for the acquisition of	1268
agricultural easements, as defined in section 5301.67 of the	1269
Revised Code; to pay principal, interest, and premium on bonds	1270
issued under section 133.60 of the Revised Code; and for the	1271
supervision and enforcement of agricultural easements held by	1272
the county;	1273
(10) To provide revenue for the provision of ambulance,	1274
paramedic, or other emergency medical services;	1275
(11) To provide revenue for the operation of a lake	1276
facilities authority and the remediation of an impacted	1277

watershed by a lake facilities authority, as provided in Chapter 353. of the Revised Code; 1279 (12) To provide additional revenue for a regional 1280 transportation improvement project under section 5595.06 of the 1281 Revised Code. 1282 Pursuant to section 755.171 of the Revised Code, a board 1283 of county commissioners may pledge and contribute revenue from a 1284 tax levied for the purpose of division (A)(5) of this section to 1285 the payment of debt charges on bonds issued under section 755.17 1286 of the Revised Code. 1287 The rate of tax shall be a multiple of one-fourth or one-1288

tenth of one per cent, unless a portion of the rate of an 1289 existing tax levied under section 5739.023 of the Revised Code 1290 has been reduced, and the rate of tax levied under this section 1291 has been increased, pursuant to section 5739.028 of the Revised 1292 Code, in which case the aggregate of the rates of tax levied 1293 under this section and section 5739.023 of the Revised Code 1294 shall be a multiple of <u>one-fourth or</u> one-tenth of one per cent. 1295 <del>The</del> 1296

The tax shall be levied and the rate increased pursuant to 1297 a resolution adopted by a majority of the members of the board. 1298 The board shall deliver a certified copy of the resolution to 1299 the tax commissioner, not later than the sixty-fifth day prior 1300 to the date on which the tax is to become effective, which shall 1301 be the first day of a calendar quarter. 1302

Prior to the adoption of any resolution to levy the tax or 1303 to increase the rate of tax exclusively for the purpose set 1304 forth in division (A)(3) of this section, the board of county 1305 commissioners shall conduct two public hearings on the 1306

resolution, the second hearing to be no fewer than three nor 1307 more than ten days after the first. Notice of the date, time, 1308 and place of the hearings shall be given by publication in a 1309 newspaper of general circulation in the county, or as provided 1310 in section 7.16 of the Revised Code, once a week on the same day 1311 of the week for two consecutive weeks. The second publication 1312 shall be no fewer than ten nor more than thirty days prior to 1313 the first hearing. Except as provided in division (E) of this 1314 section, the resolution shall be subject to a referendum as 1315 provided in sections 305.31 to 305.41 of the Revised Code. If 1316 the resolution is adopted as an emergency measure necessary for 1317 the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or 1318 safety, it must receive an affirmative vote of all of the 1319 members of the board of county commissioners and shall state the 1320 reasons for the necessity. 1321

If the tax is for more than one of the purposes set forth1322in divisions (A) (1) to (7), (9), (10), and (12) of this section,1323or is exclusively for one of the purposes set forth in division1324(A) (1), (2), (4), (5), (6), (7), (9), (10), or (12) of this1325section, the resolution shall not go into effect unless it is1326approved by a majority of the electors voting on the question of1327the tax.1328

(B) The board of county commissioners shall adopt a 1329 resolution under section 351.02 of the Revised Code creating the 1330 convention facilities authority, or under section 307.283 of the 1331 Revised Code creating the community improvements board, before 1332 adopting a resolution levying a tax for the purpose of a 1333 convention facilities authority under division (A) (1) of this 1334 section or for the purpose of a community improvements board 1335 under division (A) (4) of this section. 1336

(C) (1) If the tax is to be used for more than one of the 1337 purposes set forth in divisions (A)(1) to (7), (9), (10), and 1338 (12) of this section, the board of county commissioners shall 1339 establish the method that will be used to determine the amount 1340 or proportion of the tax revenue received by the county during 1341 each year that will be distributed for each of those purposes, 1342 1343 including, if applicable, provisions governing the reallocation of a convention facilities authority's allocation if the 1344 authority is dissolved while the tax is in effect. The 1345 allocation method may provide that different proportions or 1346 amounts of the tax shall be distributed among the purposes in 1347 different years, but it shall clearly describe the method that 1348 will be used for each year. Except as otherwise provided in 1349 division (C)(2) of this section, the allocation method 1350 established by the board is not subject to amendment during the 1351 life of the tax. 1352

(2) Subsequent to holding a public hearing on the proposed 1353 amendment, the board of county commissioners may amend the 1354 allocation method established under division (C)(1) of this 1355 section for any year, if the amendment is approved by the 1356 governing board of each entity whose allocation for the year 1357 would be reduced by the proposed amendment. In the case of a tax 1358 that is levied for a continuing period of time, the board may 1359 not so amend the allocation method for any year before the sixth 1360 year that the tax is in effect. 1361

(a) If the additional revenues provided to the convention
facilities authority are pledged by the authority for the
payment of convention facilities authority revenue bonds for as
long as such bonds are outstanding, no reduction of the
authority's allocation of the tax shall be made for any year
except to the extent that the reduced authority allocation, when

combined with the authority's other revenues pledged for that 1368 purpose, is sufficient to meet the debt service requirements for 1369 that year on such bonds. 1370

(b) If the additional revenues provided to the county are 1371 pledged by the county for the payment of bonds or notes 1372 described in division (A)(4) or (5) of this section, for as long 1373 as such bonds or notes are outstanding, no reduction of the 1374 county's or the community improvements board's allocation of the 1375 tax shall be made for any year, except to the extent that the 1376 reduced county or community improvements board allocation is 1377 sufficient to meet the debt service requirements for that year 1378 on such bonds or notes. 1379

(c) If the additional revenues provided to the transit 1380 authority are pledged by the authority for the payment of 1381 revenue bonds issued under section 306.37 of the Revised Code, 1382 for as long as such bonds are outstanding, no reduction of the 1383 authority's allocation of tax shall be made for any year, except 1384 to the extent that the authority's reduced allocation, when 1385 combined with the authority's other revenues pledged for that 1386 purpose, is sufficient to meet the debt service requirements for 1387 1388 that year on such bonds.

(d) If the additional revenues provided to the county are 1389 pledged by the county for the payment of bonds or notes issued 1390 under section 133.60 of the Revised Code, for so long as the 1391 bonds or notes are outstanding, no reduction of the county's 1392 allocation of the tax shall be made for any year, except to the 1393 extent that the reduced county allocation is sufficient to meet 1394 the debt service requirements for that year on the bonds or 1395 notes. 1396

(D)(1) The resolution levying the tax or increasing the

rate of tax shall state the rate of the tax or the rate of the 1398 increase; the purpose or purposes for which it is to be levied; 1399 the number of years for which it is to be levied or that it is 1400 for a continuing period of time; the allocation method required 1401 by division (C) of this section; and if required to be submitted 1402 to the electors of the county under division (A) of this 1403 section, the date of the election at which the proposal shall be 1404 submitted to the electors of the county, which shall be not less 1405 than ninety days after the certification of a copy of the 1406 resolution to the board of elections and, if the tax is to be 1407 levied exclusively for the purpose set forth in division (A)(3) 1408 of this section, shall not occur in August of any year. Upon 1409 certification of the resolution to the board of elections, the 1410 board of county commissioners shall notify the tax commissioner 1411 in writing of the levy question to be submitted to the electors. 1412 If approved by a majority of the electors, the tax shall become 1413 effective on the first day of a calendar quarter next following 1414 the sixty-fifth day following the date the board of county 1415 commissioners and tax commissioner receive from the board of 1416 elections the certification of the results of the election, 1417 except as provided in division (E) of this section. 1418

(2) (a) A resolution specifying that the tax is to be used 1419 exclusively for the purpose set forth in division (A) (3) of this 1420 section that is not adopted as an emergency measure may direct 1421 the board of elections to submit the question of levying the tax 1422 or increasing the rate of the tax to the electors of the county 1423 at a special election held on the date specified by the board of 1424 county commissioners in the resolution, provided that the 1425 election occurs not less than ninety days after the resolution 1426 is certified to the board of elections and the election is not 1427 held in August of any year. Upon certification of the resolution 1428

to the board of elections, the board of county commissioners 1429 shall notify the tax commissioner in writing of the levy 1430 question to be submitted to the electors. No resolution adopted 1431 under division (D)(2)(a) of this section shall go into effect 1432 unless approved by a majority of those voting upon it and, 1433 except as provided in division (E) of this section, not until 1434 the first day of a calendar quarter following the expiration of 1435 sixty-five days from the date the tax commissioner receives 1436 notice from the board of elections of the affirmative vote. 1437

(b) A resolution specifying that the tax is to be used 1438 exclusively for the purpose set forth in division (A) (3) of this 1439 section that is adopted as an emergency measure shall become 1440 effective as provided in division (A) of this section, but may 1441 direct the board of elections to submit the question of 1442 repealing the tax or increase in the rate of the tax to the 1443 electors of the county at the next general election in the 1444 county occurring not less than ninety days after the resolution 1445 is certified to the board of elections. Upon certification of 1446 the resolution to the board of elections, the board of county 1447 commissioners shall notify the tax commissioner in writing of 1448 the levy question to be submitted to the electors. The ballot 1449 question shall be the same as that prescribed in section 1450 5739.022 of the Revised Code. The board of elections shall 1451 notify the board of county commissioners and the tax 1452 commissioner of the result of the election immediately after the 1453 result has been declared. If a majority of the qualified 1454 electors voting on the question of repealing the tax or increase 1455 in the rate of the tax vote for repeal of the tax or repeal of 1456 the increase, the board of county commissioners, on the first 1457 day of a calendar quarter following the expiration of sixty-five 1458 days after the date the board and tax commissioner received 1459

notice of the result of the election, shall, in the case of a 1460 repeal of the tax, cease to levy the tax, or, in the case of a 1461 repeal of an increase in the rate of the tax, cease to levy the 1462 increased rate and levy the tax at the rate at which it was 1463 imposed immediately prior to the increase in rate. 1464

(c) A board of county commissioners, by resolution, may
reduce the rate of a tax levied exclusively for the purpose set
forth in division (A) (3) of this section to a lower rate
authorized by this section. Any such reduction shall be made
effective on the first day of the calendar quarter next
following the sixty-fifth day after the tax commissioner
receives a certified copy of the resolution from the board.

(E) If a vendor makes a sale in this state by printed
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catalog and the consumer computed the tax on the sale based on
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local rates published in the catalog, any tax levied or repealed
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or rate changed under this section shall not apply to such a
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sale until the first day of a calendar quarter following the
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expiration of one hundred twenty days from the date of notice by
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the tax commissioner pursuant to division (G) of this section.

(F) The tax levied pursuant to this section shall be in
addition to the tax levied by section 5739.02 of the Revised
Code and any tax levied pursuant to section 5739.021 or 5739.023
of the Revised Code.

A county that levies a tax pursuant to this section shall 1483 levy a tax at the same rate pursuant to section 5741.023 of the 1484 Revised Code. 1485

The additional tax levied by the county shall be collected 1486 pursuant to section 5739.025 of the Revised Code. 1487

Any tax levied pursuant to this section is subject to the 1488

exemptions provided in section 5739.02 of the Revised Code and1489in addition shall not be applicable to sales not within the1490taxing power of a county under the Constitution of the United1491States or the Ohio Constitution.1492

(G) Upon receipt from a board of county commissioners of a 1493 certified copy of a resolution required by division (A) of this 1494 section, or from the board of elections a notice of the results 1495 of an election required by division (D)(1), (2)(a), (b), or (c) 1496 of this section, the tax commissioner shall provide notice of a 1497 tax rate change in a manner that is reasonably accessible to all 1498 affected vendors. The commissioner shall provide this notice at 1499 least sixty days prior to the effective date of the rate change. 1500 The commissioner, by rule, may establish the method by which 1501 notice will be provided. 1502

Section 2. That existing sections 715.691, 5705.03, 5709.40, 5709.634, 5739.021, 5739.023, and 5739.026 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.

Section 3. That Sections 387.10 and 387.20 of Am. Sub.1506H.B. 49 of the 132nd General Assembly be amended to read as1507follows:1508

Sec. 387.10. RDF STATE REVENUE DISTRIBUTIONS

General Revenue Fund Group

GRF 110908 Property Tax

Reimbursement Local

Government \$ 641,015,200 \$ 645,785,000

GRF 200903 Property Tax

Reimbursement -

Page 51

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		Education	\$	1,180,084,800	\$ 1,199,315,000	1516
TOTAL	GRF Gene	eral Revenue Fund Group	\$	1,821,100,000	\$ 1,845,100,000	1517
Reven	ue Distr	ibution Fund Group				1518
5JG0	110633	Gross Casino Revenue				1519
		Payments-County	\$	128,400,000	\$ 126,500,000	1520
5JH0	110634	Gross Casino Revenue				1521
		Payments- School				1522
		Districts	\$	85,600,000	\$ 84,300,000	1523
5JJO	110636	Gross Casino Revenue				1524
		- Host City	\$	12,500,000	\$ 12,400,000	1525
7047	200902	Property Tax Replaceme	nt			1526
		Phase Out-Education	\$	207,311,667	\$ 165,229,141	1527
7049	336900	Indigent Drivers				1528
		Alcohol Treatment	\$	2,250,000	\$ 2,250,000	1529
7050	762900	International				1530
		Registration Plan				1531
		Distribution	\$	22,000,000	\$ 22,000,000	1532
7051	762901	Auto Registration				1533
		Distribution	\$	325,000,000	\$ 325,000,000	1534
7060	110960	Gasoline Excise				1535
		Tax Fund	\$	375,000,000	\$ 375,000,000	1536
7065	110965	Public Library Fund	\$	386,300,000	\$ 398,100,000	1537

Page 53
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7066	800966	Undivided Liquor			1538
		Permits	\$ 14,600,000	\$ 14,600,000	1539
7068	110968	State and Local			1540
		Government Highway			1541
		Distributions	\$ 196,000,000	\$ 196,000,000	1542
7069	110969	Local Government Fund	\$ 381,800,000	\$ 393,500,000	1543
7081	110907	Property Tax			1544
		Replacement Phase			1545
		Out-Local Government	\$ 30,844,526	\$ 16,700,147	1546
7082	110982	Horse Racing Tax	\$ 60,000	\$ 60,000	1547
7083	700900	Ohio Fairs Fund	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	1548
7104	110997	Medicaid Local Sales			1549
		Tax Transition Fund	\$ <del>207,000,000</del>	\$ θ	1550
			<u>257,000,000</u>	<u>30,000,000</u>	1551
TOTAL	RDF Reve	enue Distribution			1552
Fund (	Group		\$ <del>2,375,666,193</del>	\$ <del>2,132,639,288</del>	1553
			2,425,666,193	<u>2,162,639,288</u>	1554
Fiduc	iary Fun	d Group			1555
4P80	001698	Cash Management			1556
		Improvement Fund	\$ 3,100,000	\$ 3,100,000	1557
6080	001699	Investment Earnings	\$ 120,000,000	\$ 125,000,000	1558
7001	110996	Horse Racing Tax			1559
		Local Government			1560

\$ 240,000 \$ 240,000 Payments 1561 7062 110962 Resort Area Excise 1562 Tax Distribution \$ 1,200,000 \$ 1,200,000 1563 7063 110963 Permissive Sales 1564 Tax Distribution \$ 2,577,800,000 \$ 2,653,900,000 1565 110967 School District Income 7067 1566 Tax Distribution \$ 435,200,000 \$ 451,200,000 1567 7085 800985 Volunteer Firemen's 1568 Dependents Fund \$ 300,000 \$ 300,000 1569 7093 110640 Next Generation 9-1-1 \$ 1,000,000 \$ 1,000,000 1570 7094 110641 Wireless 9-1-1 1571 Government Assistance \$ 25,700,000 \$ 25,700,000 1572 7095 110995 Municipal Income Tax \$ 8,000,000 \$ 8,000,000 1573 762902 Permissive Tax 7099 1574 Distribution -1575 Auto Registration \$ 180,000,000 \$ 180,000,000 1576 TOTAL FID Fiduciary Fund Group \$ 3,352,540,000 \$ 3,468,590,000 1577 Holding Account Fund Group 1578 R045 110617 International Fuel 1579 Tax Distribution \$ 36,100,000 \$ 36,100,000 1580 TOTAL HLD Holding Account Fund Group \$ 36,100,000 \$ 36,100,000 1581 TOTAL ALL BUDGET FUND GROUPS \$ <del>7,585,406,193</del> \$ <del>7,482,429,288</del> 1582

7,635,406,193

7,512,429,288

# Sec. 387.20. ADDITIONAL APPROPRIATIONS

1584

1590

Appropriation items in this section shall be used for the1585purpose of administering and distributing the designated revenue1586distribution funds according to the Revised Code. If it is1587determined that additional appropriations are necessary for this1588purpose, such amounts are hereby appropriated.1589

# GENERAL REVENUE FUND TRANSFERS

Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, in 1591 fiscal year 2018 and fiscal year 2019, the Director of Budget 1592 and Management may transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the 1593 Local Government Tangible Property Tax Replacement Fund (Fund 1594 7081) and the School District Tangible Property Tax Replacement 1595 Fund (Fund 7047) in the Revenue Distribution Fund Group, those 1596 amounts necessary to reimburse local taxing units and school 1597 districts under sections 5709.92 and 5709.93 of the Revised 1598 Code. Also, in fiscal year 2018 and fiscal year 2019, the 1599 Director of Budget and Management may make temporary transfers 1600 from the General Revenue Fund to ensure sufficient balances in 1601 the Local Government Tangible Property Tax Replacement Fund 1602 (Fund 7081) and the School District Tangible Property Tax 1603 Replacement Fund (Fund 7047) and to replenish the General 1604 Revenue Fund for such transfers. 1605

#### MUNICIPAL INCOME NET PROFITS TAX

1606

1612

The foregoing appropriation item 110995, Municipal Income1607Net Profits Tax, shall be used to make payments to municipal1608corporations under section 5745.05 of the Revised Code. If it is1609determined that additional appropriations are necessary to make1610such payments, such amounts are hereby appropriated.1611

PROPERTY TAX REIMBURSEMENT - EDUCATION

The foregoing appropriation item 200903, Property Tax 1613 Reimbursement - Education, is appropriated to pay for the 1614 state's costs incurred because of the homestead exemption, the 1615 property tax rollback, and payments required under division (C) 1616 of section 5705.2110 of the Revised Code. In cooperation with 1617 the Department of Taxation, the Department of Education shall 1618 distribute these funds directly to the appropriate school 1619 districts of the state, notwithstanding sections 321.24 and 1620 323.156 of the Revised Code, which provide for payment of the 1621 1622 homestead exemption and property tax rollback by the Tax Commissioner to the appropriate county treasurer and the 1623 subsequent redistribution of these funds to the appropriate 1624 local taxing districts by the county auditor. 1625

Upon receipt of these amounts, each school district shall 1626 distribute the amount among the proper funds as if it had been 1627 paid as real or tangible personal property taxes. Payments for 1628 the costs of administration shall continue to be paid to the 1629 county treasurer and county auditor as provided for in sections 1630 319.54, 321.26, and 323.156 of the Revised Code. 1631

Any sums, in addition to the amount specifically1632appropriated in appropriation item 200903, Property Tax1633Reimbursement - Education, for the homestead exemption and the1634property tax rollback payments, and payments required under1635division (C) of section 5705.2110 of the Revised Code, which are1636determined to be necessary for these purposes, are hereby1637appropriated.1638

#### HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION, PROPERTY TAX ROLLBACK

The foregoing appropriation item 110908, Property Tax1640Reimbursement-Local Government, is hereby appropriated to pay1641for the state's costs incurred due to the Homestead Exemption,1642

Page 56

the Manufactured Home Property Tax Rollback, and the Property 1643 Tax Rollback. The Tax Commissioner shall distribute these funds 1644 directly to the appropriate local taxing districts, except for 1645 school districts, notwithstanding the provisions in sections 1646 321.24 and 323.156 of the Revised Code, which provide for 1647 payment of the Homestead Exemption, the Manufactured Home 1648 Property Tax Rollback, and Property Tax Rollback by the Tax 1649 Commissioner to the appropriate county treasurer and the 1650 subsequent redistribution of these funds to the appropriate 1651 local taxing districts by the county auditor. 1652

Upon receipt of these amounts, each local taxing district 1653 shall distribute the amount among the proper funds as if it had 1654 been paid as real property taxes. Payments for the costs of 1655 administration shall continue to be paid to the county treasurer 1656 and county auditor as provided for in sections 319.54, 321.26, 1657 and 323.156 of the Revised Code. 1658

Any sums, in addition to the amounts specifically1659appropriated in appropriation item 110908, Property Tax1660Allocation - Local Government, for the Homestead Exemption, the1661Manufactured Home Property Tax Rollback, and the Property Tax1662Rollback payments, which are determined to be necessary for1663these purposes, are hereby appropriated.1664

PUBLIC LIBRARY FUND

1665

Notwithstanding the requirement in division (B) of section1666131.51 of the Revised Code that the Director of Budget and1667Management shall credit to the Public Library Fund one and1668sixty-six one-hundredths per cent of the total tax revenue1669credited to the General Revenue Fund during the preceding month,1670the Director shall instead calculate these amounts during fiscal1671year 2018 and fiscal year 2019 using one and sixty-eight one-1672

hundredths as the percentage.

MEDICAID	LOCAL	SALES	TAX	TRANSITION	FUND	1674

(A) There is hereby created in the state treasury the
1675
Medicaid Local Sales Tax Transition Fund. The fund shall consist
1676
of money transferred to it. The fund shall be used to mitigate
1677
the effects of, and assist in the adjustment to, the reduced
1678
sales tax revenues of counties and affected transit authorities
1679
caused by the repeal of sales tax collected by Medicaid health
1680
insuring corporations on health care service transactions.

Amounts provided to counties and transit authorities under 1682 division (D) of this section from the Medicaid Local Sales Tax 1683 Transition Fund use the jurisdictions' annualized Medicaid sales 1684 tax revenues during the calendar year 2015 and 2016 periods. 1685 Based on these figures, the payments provided in this section 1686 provide full replacement of the calculated forgone Medicaid 1687 sales tax revenues in calendar year 2017, which will occur 1688 during the October 2017 through December 2017 period. The 1689 payments under this section also reflect a computation of the 1690 ability of the counties and transit authorities to reasonably 1691 adjust to the effects of forgone Medicaid sales tax revenues. 1692 Over time, each jurisdiction will be able to absorb an 1693 increasing portion of its forgone Medicaid sales tax revenue 1694 until it has adjusted to the full forgone revenue. Before such 1695 full adjustment to the Medicaid sales tax change finally occurs, 1696 for each year in which the jurisdiction's annualized Medicaid 1697 sales tax revenue exceeds the amount it is computed as being 1698 able to reasonably absorb in that year, such difference becomes 1699 part of the overall distribution provided under this section. 1700 The amount the jurisdiction is able to absorb in a given year is 1701 the product derived from multiplying the jurisdiction's 1702

Page 58

annualized total sales tax revenues for calendar years 2015 and 1703 2016 by the total absorption rate assigned to the jurisdiction. 1704 The absorption rate, which grows by the same increment each 1705 year, is initially established at a level that takes into 1706 account the relative sales tax capacity of a jurisdiction; the 1707 assigned initial absorption rate is four percent but is a 1708 1709 smaller amount to the extent the jurisdiction's sales tax capacity is below statewide average sales tax capacity. 1710

(B) If the Tax Commissioner orders the cessation of
1711
collection of sales and use taxes pursuant to division (B) (11)
1712
(b) of section 5739.01 of the Revised Code, the Commissioner
1713
shall certify such result to the Director of Budget and
1714
Management. After receipt of this certification by the Director,
1715
the requirements in divisions (C), (D), and (E), (F), and (G) of
1716
this section shall take effect.

(C) On or before October 15, 2017, each county and transit 1718 authority that as of January 1, 2017, levies any tax under 1719 sections 5739.021, 5739.023, 5739.026, 5741.021, 5741.022, and 1720 5741.023 of the Revised Code shall establish a County and 1721 Transit Authority Medicaid Sales Tax Transition Fund. The fund 1722 shall consist of money distributed to it under this section. 1723 Money provided to such fund shall be transferred to the general 1724 fund or other fund that receives a lawful portion of the 1725 county's or transit authority's sales tax revenue in accordance 1726 with a resolution adopted by the board of county commissioners, 1727 the county transit board, or trustees of a regional transit 1728 authority, as appropriate. Money may be transferred from the 1729 County and Transit Authority Medicaid Sales Tax Transition Fund 1730 at any time and in any quantity as indicated by the resolution. 1731

(D) On or before November 1, 2017, the Tax Commissioner

Page 59

shall provide for payment to each county and transit authority 1733 of a sum equal to fifty per cent of the amount provided for the 1734 county or transit authority in division (E) of this section; on 1735 or after January 1, 2018, and before February 1, 2018, the 1736 Commissioner shall provide for payment to each such county and 1737 transit authority of a sum equal to fifty per cent of such 1738 amount. The county treasurer or transit authority fiscal officer 1739 shall deposit such any amount received under this section into 1740 the County and Transit Authority Medicaid Sales Tax Transition 1741 Fund within five business days of its receipt. 1742

(E) Distributions made to counties and transit authorities
 under <u>division (D) of this section shall equal the following</u>
 1743
 amounts:

Counties:	1746

Adams	\$2,338,462	1747
Allen	\$499,518	1748
Ashland	\$247,665	1749
Ashtabula	\$1,953,705	1750
Athens	\$1,361,470	1751
Auglaize	\$164,879	1752
Belmont	\$513,695	1753
Brown	\$2,608,692	1754
Butler	\$2,131,220	1755
Carroll	\$222,196	1756
Champaign	\$696,332	1757
Clark	\$6,072,014	1758

Clermont

Clinton

Columbiana

Coshocton

Crawford

Cuyahoga

Defiance

Delaware

Fairfield

Fayette

Franklin

Erie

Darke

\$1,385,155	1759
\$648,501	1760
\$4,912,012	1761
\$1,095,382	1762
\$1,747,652	1763
\$25,041,192	1764
\$394,752	1765
\$142,872	1766
\$223,143	1767
\$152,337	1768
\$868,591	1769
\$392,342	1770
\$14,101,763	1771
\$368,374	1772

Fulton	\$368,374	1772
Gallia	\$950 <b>,</b> 776	1773
Geauga	\$104,067	1774
Greene	\$681,774	1775
Guernsey	\$550,466	1776
Hamilton	\$9,611,825	1777
Hancock	\$116,906	1778
Hardin	\$662,553	1779
Harrison	\$122,629	1780

Henry	\$216,876	1781
Highland	\$1,802,649	1782
Hocking	\$982,451	1783
Holmes	\$35,327	1784
Huron	\$781,761	1785
Jackson	\$1,628,743	1786
Jefferson	\$1,717,858	1787
Knox	\$472,792	1788
Lake	\$640,963	1789
Lawrence	\$4,457,248	1790
Licking	\$1,325,897	1791
Logan	\$404,753	1792
Lorain	\$2,425,083	1793
Lucas	\$12,058,600	1794
Madison	\$534,899	1795
Mahoning	\$5,235,592	1796
Marion	\$1,688,310	1797
Medina	\$240,830	1798
Meigs	\$3,504,185	1799
Mercer	\$70,711	1800
Miami	\$426,061	1801
Monroe	\$162,021	1802

Montgomery

\$9,198,720		
\$1,165,475		

Morgan	\$1,165,475	1804
Morrow	\$1,497,739	1805
Muskingum	\$1,580,290	1806
Noble	\$268 <b>,</b> 375	1807
Ottawa	\$226,182	1808
Paulding	\$651,361	1809
Perry	\$3,014,204	1810
Pickaway	\$2,027,117	1811
Pike	\$2,030,999	1812
Portage	\$1,168,359	1813
Preble	\$1,050,742	1814
Putnam	\$126,494	1815
Richland	\$955 <b>,</b> 179	1816
Ross	\$1,903,651	1817
Sandusky	\$558,488	1818
Scioto	\$6,331,880	1819
Seneca	\$904,551	1820
Shelby	\$201,342	1821
Stark	\$1,471,853	1822
Summit	\$2,309,202	1823
Trumbull	\$3,958,878	1824

Page 63

Tuscarawas	\$353,741	1825
Union	\$111,287	1826
Van Wert	\$300,928	1827
Vinton	\$2,803,310	1828
Warren	\$317,939	1829
Washington	\$521,996	1830
Wayne	\$585 <b>,</b> 869	1831
Williams	\$496,855	1832
Wood	\$237,910	1833
Wyandot	\$121,144	1834
Transit Authorities:		1835
Greater Cleveland Regional	\$20,068,166	1836
Greater Cleveland Regional Transit Authority	\$20,068,166	1836 1837
	\$20,068,166 \$5,273,867	
Transit Authority		1837
Transit Authority Central Ohio Regional		1837 1838
Transit Authority Central Ohio Regional Transit Authority	\$5,273,867	1837 1838 1839
Transit Authority Central Ohio Regional Transit Authority Laketran Transit Authority	\$5,273,867 \$160,420	1837 1838 1839 1840
Transit Authority Central Ohio Regional Transit Authority Laketran Transit Authority Western Reserve Transit	\$5,273,867 \$160,420	1837 1838 1839 1840 1841
Transit Authority Central Ohio Regional Transit Authority Laketran Transit Authority Western Reserve Transit Authority	\$5,273,867 \$160,420 \$1,055,799	1837 1838 1839 1840 1841 1842
Transit Authority Central Ohio Regional Transit Authority Laketran Transit Authority Western Reserve Transit Authority Greater Dayton Regional	\$5,273,867 \$160,420 \$1,055,799	1837 1838 1839 1840 1841 1842 1843

Belmont

Stark Area Regional	\$735,589	1847
Transit Authority		1848
Metro Regional Transit		1849
Authority	\$2,315,641	1850

Page 65

1873

(F) After the payments are made	under division (D) of this	1851
section, \$50,000,000 shall be paid fr	rom the Medicaid Local Sales	1852
Tax Transition Fund pursuant to divis	sion (F) of this section. On	1853
or after January 1, 2018, and before	February 1, 2018, from the	1854
Medicaid Local Sales Tax Transition H	Fund, the Tax Commissioner	1855
shall pay to each county that, as of	January 1, 2017, levied any	1856
tax under sections 5739.021, 5739.026	5, 5741.021, and 5741.023 of	1857
the Revised Code and to each transit	authority that, as of	1858
January 1, 2017, levied any tax under	sections 5739.023 and	1859
5741.022 of the Revised Code, an amou	int equal to the product of	1860
\$50,000,000 multiplied by the county	's or the transit_	1861
authority's proportionate share of the sum of the average annual		1862
Medicaid sales tax revenue. For purposes of this section,		1863
"average annual Medicaid sales tax revenue" for each county and		1864
transit authority shall equal the following amounts:		1865
<u>Counties:</u>		1866
Adams	\$691,336_	1867
Allen	\$944,611_	1868
Ashland	\$393,831_	1869
Ashtabula	\$1,124,661	1870
Athens	\$823,374	1871
Auglaize	\$372,282_	1872

\$998,456

Brown	\$763,973	1874
Butler	\$3,038,436	1875
Carroll	\$222,446	1876
Champaign	\$454,331	1877
Clark	\$3,195,827	1878
Clermont	\$1,863,529	1879
Clinton	\$557,270_	1880
Columbiana	\$2,122,669	1881
Coshocton	\$613,459_	1882
Crawford	\$699,749_	1883
Cuyahoga	\$25,302,086	1884
Darke	\$508,350	1885
Defiance	\$295,699	1886
Delaware	\$892,573	1887
Erie	\$609,346	1888
Fairfield	\$1,307,564	1889
Fayette	\$593,928	1890
Franklin	\$20,696,969	1891

			1091
_	Fulton	\$488,652	1892
	Gallia	\$585,929	1893
	Geauga	\$416,266	1894
	Greene	\$1,381,738	1895

Lawrence

Licking

Logan

Lorain

Lucas

Madison

Marion

Mahoning

Guernsey	\$721 <b>,</b> 749	1896
Hamilton	\$14,024,548	1897
Hancock	\$467,622	1898
Hardin	\$390,788	1899
Harrison	\$242,632	1900
Henry	\$231,619	1901
Highland	\$814,470	1902
Hocking	\$497,590	1903
 Holmes	\$141,307	1904
 Huron	\$725,668	1905
Jackson	\$739,743	1906
Jefferson	\$1,296,844	1907
 Knox	\$486,217	1908
Lake	\$1,671,199	1909

\$1,402,233

\$2,010,889

\$2,365,747

\$10,855,984

\$501,099

\$4,422,924

\$1,215,150

\$616,622

Page 67

1910

1911

1912

1913

1914

1915

1916

Medina	\$963,321	1918
Meigs	\$567,269	1919
Mercer	\$274,171	1920
Miami	\$850 <b>,</b> 015	1921
Monroe	\$228,684	1922
Montgomery	\$8,160,413	1923
Morgan	\$279,055_	1924
Morrow	\$477,346	1925
Muskingum	\$1,709,800	1926
Noble	\$168,168_	1927
Ottawa	\$447,742	1928
Paulding	\$218,106	1929
Perry	\$671,732	1930
Pickaway	\$963,623	1931
Pike	\$748,638	1932
Portage	\$1,636,714	1933
Preble	\$544,716	1934
Putnam	\$192,253	1935
Richland	\$1,399,728	1936
Ross	\$1,552,153	1937
Sandusky	\$732,434	1938
Scioto	\$2,010,455	1939

Seneca	\$693,013	1940
Shelby	\$451,328	1941
Stark	\$2,102,869	1942
Summit	\$3,298,852	1943
Trumbull	\$2,712,835	1944
Tuscarawas	\$668,527	1945
Union	\$445,148	1946
Van Wert	\$292,146	1947
Vinton	\$345,435	1948
Warren	\$1,271,756	1949
Washington	\$827,368	1950
Wayne	\$792,665	1951
Williams	\$430,102	1952
Wood	\$846,393	1953
Wyandot	\$191,458	1954
Transit Authorities:		1955

Greater Cleveland Regional	\$20,241,668	1956
Transit Authority		1957

Central Ohio Regional	\$8,316,544	1958
Transit Authority		1959
Laketran Transit Authority	\$417,800	1960

Western Reserve Transit \$887,442 1961

Authority	1962
Greater Dayton Regional Transit \$4,080,206	1963
Authority	1964
Portage Area Regional Transit \$328,210	1965
Authority	1966
Stark Area Regional Transit \$1,051,435	1967
Authority	1968
Metro Regional Transit Authority \$3,298,852	1969
(G) On or after August 1, 2018, and before September 1,	1970
2018, from any amount transferred to the Medicaid Local Sales	1971
Tax Transition Fund in July 2018 under the section of this act	1972
titled FISCAL YEAR 2018 GENERAL REVENUE FUND ENDING BALANCE, the	1973
Tax Commissioner shall pay to each county that, as of January 1,	1974
2017, levied any tax under sections 5739.021, 5739.026,	1975
5741.021, and 5741.023 of the Revised Code, and to each transit	1976
authority that, as of January 1, 2017, levied any tax under	1977
sections 5739.023 and 5741.022 of the Revised Code, an amount	1978
equal to the amount transferred, multiplied by the county's or	1979
the transit authority's proportionate share of the sum of the	1980
<u>average annual Medicaid sales tax revenue.</u>	1981
Section 4. That existing Sections 387.10 and 387.20 of Am.	1982
Sub. H.B. 49 of the 132nd General Assembly are hereby repealed.	1983
Section 5. FISCAL YEAR 2018 GENERAL REVENUE FUND ENDING	1984
BALANCE	1985
Notwithstanding divisions (B) and (C) of section 131.44 of	1986
the Revised Code, the Director of Budget and Management shall	1987
determine the surplus revenue, as defined in division (A)(1) of	1988

section 131.44 of the Revised Code, that existed on June 30,
2018, and transfer the lesser of \$30 million or the amount of
surplus revenue from the GRF to the Medicaid Local Sales Tax
Transition Fund on or before July 31, 2018.

 Section 6. The amendment by this act of sections 5739.021,
 1993

 5739.023, and 5739.026 of the Revised Code applies on and after
 1994

 July 1, 2018.
 1995

Section 7. Section 5709.40 of the Revised Code is 1996 presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended 1997 by Sub. H.B. 158, Sub. H.B. 413, and Am. Sub. H.B. 483, all of 1998 the 131st General Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the 1999 principle stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised 2000 Code that amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable 2001 of simultaneous operation, finds that the composite is the 2002 resulting version of the section in effect prior to the 2003 2004 effective date of the section as presented in this act.