

As Reported by the Senate Judiciary Committee

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Sub. H. B. No. 79

Representatives Retherford, Hagan

Cosponsors: Representatives Hambley, Seitz, Dean, Thompson, Brenner, Faber, Becker, Vitale, Brinkman, Koehler, Riedel, Goodman, Antani, Stein, Hood, Schaffer, Blessing, Roegner, Merrin, Antonio, Arndt, Ashford, Carfagna, Cupp, DeVitis, Gavarone, Ginter, Green, Greenspan, Henne, Hill, Holmes, Householder, Johnson, Keller, Kick, Landis, Lanese, Lang, LaTourette, McColley, Miller, Patton, Pelanda, Perales, Rezabek, Romanchuk, Ryan, Schuring, Slaby, Sprague, Sweeney, West, Wiggam, Young

Senators Eklund, Coley, Bacon

A BILL

To amend sections 109.71, 109.73, 109.75, 109.79, 109.801, and 2923.126 and to enact sections 109.748 and 109.771 of the Revised Code to provide for firearms training for tactical medical professionals and coroner's investigators; to permit such a professional who has received that training and has been specifically authorized by the law enforcement agency, or such an investigator who has received that training and has been authorized by the coroner, to carry firearms while on duty; and to grant a tactical medical professional the same right to carry a concealed handgun in this state as a concealed handgun licensee. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 109.71, 109.73, 109.75, 109.79, 15
109.801, and 2923.126 be amended and sections 109.748 and 16
109.771 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows: 17

Sec. 109.71. There is hereby created in the office of the 18
attorney general the Ohio peace officer training commission. The 19
commission shall consist of nine members appointed by the 20
governor with the advice and consent of the senate and selected 21
as follows: one member representing the public; two members who 22
are incumbent sheriffs; two members who are incumbent chiefs of 23
police; one member from the bureau of criminal identification 24
and investigation; one member from the state highway patrol; one 25
member who is the special agent in charge of a field office of 26
the federal bureau of investigation in this state; and one 27
member from the department of education, trade and industrial 28
education services, law enforcement training. 29

This section does not confer any arrest authority or any 30
ability or authority to detain a person, write or issue any 31
citation, or provide any disposition alternative, as granted 32
under Chapter 2935. of the Revised Code. 33

Pursuant to division (A) (9) of section 101.82 of the 34
Revised Code, the commission is exempt from the requirements of 35
sections 101.82 to 101.87 of the Revised Code. 36

As used in sections 109.71 to 109.801 of the Revised Code: 37

(A) "Peace officer" means: 38

(1) A deputy sheriff, marshal, deputy marshal, member of 39
the organized police department of a township or municipal 40
corporation, member of a township police district or joint 41
police district police force, member of a police force employed 42
by a metropolitan housing authority under division (D) of 43

section 3735.31 of the Revised Code, or township constable, who 44
is commissioned and employed as a peace officer by a political 45
subdivision of this state or by a metropolitan housing 46
authority, and whose primary duties are to preserve the peace, 47
to protect life and property, and to enforce the laws of this 48
state, ordinances of a municipal corporation, resolutions of a 49
township, or regulations of a board of county commissioners or 50
board of township trustees, or any of those laws, ordinances, 51
resolutions, or regulations; 52

(2) A police officer who is employed by a railroad company 53
and appointed and commissioned by the secretary of state 54
pursuant to sections 4973.17 to 4973.22 of the Revised Code; 55

(3) Employees of the department of taxation engaged in the 56
enforcement of Chapter 5743. of the Revised Code and designated 57
by the tax commissioner for peace officer training for purposes 58
of the delegation of investigation powers under section 5743.45 59
of the Revised Code; 60

(4) An undercover drug agent; 61

(5) Enforcement agents of the department of public safety 62
whom the director of public safety designates under section 63
5502.14 of the Revised Code; 64

(6) An employee of the department of natural resources who 65
is a natural resources law enforcement staff officer designated 66
pursuant to section 1501.013, a natural resources officer 67
appointed pursuant to section 1501.24, a forest-fire 68
investigator appointed pursuant to section 1503.09, or a 69
wildlife officer designated pursuant to section 1531.13 of the 70
Revised Code; 71

(7) An employee of a park district who is designated 72

pursuant to section 511.232 or 1545.13 of the Revised Code;	73
(8) An employee of a conservancy district who is	74
designated pursuant to section 6101.75 of the Revised Code;	75
(9) A police officer who is employed by a hospital that	76
employs and maintains its own proprietary police department or	77
security department, and who is appointed and commissioned by	78
the secretary of state pursuant to sections 4973.17 to 4973.22	79
of the Revised Code;	80
(10) Veterans' homes police officers designated under	81
section 5907.02 of the Revised Code;	82
(11) A police officer who is employed by a qualified	83
nonprofit corporation police department pursuant to section	84
1702.80 of the Revised Code;	85
(12) A state university law enforcement officer appointed	86
under section 3345.04 of the Revised Code or a person serving as	87
a state university law enforcement officer on a permanent basis	88
on June 19, 1978, who has been awarded a certificate by the	89
executive director of the Ohio peace officer training commission	90
attesting to the person's satisfactory completion of an approved	91
state, county, municipal, or department of natural resources	92
peace officer basic training program;	93
(13) A special police officer employed by the department	94
of mental health and addiction services pursuant to section	95
5119.08 of the Revised Code or the department of developmental	96
disabilities pursuant to section 5123.13 of the Revised Code;	97
(14) A member of a campus police department appointed	98
under section 1713.50 of the Revised Code;	99
(15) A member of a police force employed by a regional	100

transit authority under division (Y) of section 306.35 of the Revised Code; 101
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(16) Investigators appointed by the auditor of state pursuant to section 117.091 of the Revised Code and engaged in the enforcement of Chapter 117. of the Revised Code; 103
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(17) A special police officer designated by the superintendent of the state highway patrol pursuant to section 5503.09 of the Revised Code or a person who was serving as a special police officer pursuant to that section on a permanent basis on October 21, 1997, and who has been awarded a certificate by the executive director of the Ohio peace officer training commission attesting to the person's satisfactory completion of an approved state, county, municipal, or department of natural resources peace officer basic training program; 106
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(18) A special police officer employed by a port authority under section 4582.04 or 4582.28 of the Revised Code or a person serving as a special police officer employed by a port authority on a permanent basis on May 17, 2000, who has been awarded a certificate by the executive director of the Ohio peace officer training commission attesting to the person's satisfactory completion of an approved state, county, municipal, or department of natural resources peace officer basic training program; 116
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(19) A special police officer employed by a municipal corporation who has been awarded a certificate by the executive director of the Ohio peace officer training commission for satisfactory completion of an approved peace officer basic training program and who is employed on a permanent basis on or after March 19, 2003, at a municipal airport, or other municipal 125
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air navigation facility, that has scheduled operations, as 131
defined in section 119.3 of Title 14 of the Code of Federal 132
Regulations, 14 C.F.R. 119.3, as amended, and that is required 133
to be under a security program and is governed by aviation 134
security rules of the transportation security administration of 135
the United States department of transportation as provided in 136
Parts 1542. and 1544. of Title 49 of the Code of Federal 137
Regulations, as amended; 138

(20) A police officer who is employed by an owner or 139
operator of an amusement park that has an average yearly 140
attendance in excess of six hundred thousand guests and that 141
employs and maintains its own proprietary police department or 142
security department, and who is appointed and commissioned by a 143
judge of the appropriate municipal court or county court 144
pursuant to section 4973.17 of the Revised Code; 145

(21) A police officer who is employed by a bank, savings 146
and loan association, savings bank, credit union, or association 147
of banks, savings and loan associations, savings banks, or 148
credit unions, who has been appointed and commissioned by the 149
secretary of state pursuant to sections 4973.17 to 4973.22 of 150
the Revised Code, and who has been awarded a certificate by the 151
executive director of the Ohio peace officer training commission 152
attesting to the person's satisfactory completion of a state, 153
county, municipal, or department of natural resources peace 154
officer basic training program; 155

(22) An investigator, as defined in section 109.541 of the 156
Revised Code, of the bureau of criminal identification and 157
investigation who is commissioned by the superintendent of the 158
bureau as a special agent for the purpose of assisting law 159
enforcement officers or providing emergency assistance to peace 160

officers pursuant to authority granted under that section;	161
(23) A state fire marshal law enforcement officer	162
appointed under section 3737.22 of the Revised Code or a person	163
serving as a state fire marshal law enforcement officer on a	164
permanent basis on or after July 1, 1982, who has been awarded a	165
certificate by the executive director of the Ohio peace officer	166
training commission attesting to the person's satisfactory	167
completion of an approved state, county, municipal, or	168
department of natural resources peace officer basic training	169
program;	170
(24) A gaming agent employed under section 3772.03 of the	171
Revised Code.	172
(B) "Undercover drug agent" has the same meaning as in	173
division (B) (2) of section 109.79 of the Revised Code.	174
(C) "Crisis intervention training" means training in the	175
use of interpersonal and communication skills to most	176
effectively and sensitively interview victims of rape.	177
(D) "Missing children" has the same meaning as in section	178
2901.30 of the Revised Code.	179
<u>(E) "Tactical medical professional" means an EMT, EMT-</u>	180
<u>basic, AEMT, EMT-I, paramedic, nurse, or physician who is</u>	181
<u>trained and certified in a nationally recognized tactical</u>	182
<u>medical training program that is equivalent to "tactical combat</u>	183
<u>casualty care" (TCCC) and "tactical emergency medical support"</u>	184
<u>(TEMS) and who functions in the tactical or austere environment</u>	185
<u>while attached to a law enforcement agency of either this state</u>	186
<u>or a political subdivision of this state.</u>	187
<u>(F) "EMT-basic," "EMT-I," and "paramedic" have the same</u>	188
<u>meanings as in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code and "EMT" and</u>	189

<u>"AEMT" have the same meanings as in section 4765.011 of the</u>	190
<u>Revised Code.</u>	191
<u>(G) "Nurse" means any of the following:</u>	192
<u>(1) Any person who is licensed to practice nursing as a</u>	193
<u>registered nurse by the board of nursing;</u>	194
<u>(2) Any certified nurse practitioner, clinical nurse</u>	195
<u>specialist, certified registered nurse anesthetist, or certified</u>	196
<u>nurse-midwife who holds a certificate of authority issued by the</u>	197
<u>board of nursing under Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code;</u>	198
<u>(3) Any person who is licensed to practice nursing as a</u>	199
<u>licensed practical nurse by the board of nursing pursuant to</u>	200
<u>Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code.</u>	201
<u>(H) "Physician" means a person who is licensed pursuant to</u>	202
<u>Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code to practice medicine and</u>	203
<u>surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery.</u>	204
<u>(I) "Coroner's investigator" means an investigator</u>	205
<u>appointed by a county coroner under section 313.05 of the</u>	206
<u>Revised Code.</u>	207
Sec. 109.73. (A) The Ohio peace officer training	208
commission shall recommend rules to the attorney general with	209
respect to all of the following:	210
(1) The approval, or revocation of approval, of peace	211
officer training schools administered by the state, counties,	212
municipal corporations, public school districts, technical	213
college districts, and the department of natural resources;	214
(2) Minimum courses of study, attendance requirements, and	215
equipment and facilities to be required at approved state,	216
county, municipal, and department of natural resources peace	217

officer training schools;	218
(3) Minimum qualifications for instructors at approved	219
state, county, municipal, and department of natural resources	220
peace officer training schools;	221
(4) The requirements of minimum basic training that peace	222
officers appointed to probationary terms shall complete before	223
being eligible for permanent appointment, which requirements	224
shall include training in the handling of the offense of	225
domestic violence, other types of domestic violence-related	226
offenses and incidents, and protection orders and consent	227
agreements issued or approved under section 2919.26 or 3113.31	228
of the Revised Code; crisis intervention training; and training	229
in the handling of missing children and child abuse and neglect	230
cases; and training in handling violations of section 2905.32 of	231
the Revised Code; and the time within which such basic training	232
shall be completed following appointment to a probationary term;	233
(5) The requirements of minimum basic training that peace	234
officers not appointed for probationary terms but appointed on	235
other than a permanent basis shall complete in order to be	236
eligible for continued employment or permanent appointment,	237
which requirements shall include training in the handling of the	238
offense of domestic violence, other types of domestic violence-	239
related offenses and incidents, and protection orders and	240
consent agreements issued or approved under section 2919.26 or	241
3113.31 of the Revised Code, crisis intervention training, and	242
training in the handling of missing children and child abuse and	243
neglect cases, and training in handling violations of section	244
2905.32 of the Revised Code, and the time within which such	245
basic training shall be completed following appointment on other	246
than a permanent basis;	247

(6) Categories or classifications of advanced in-service training programs for peace officers, including programs in the handling of the offense of domestic violence, other types of domestic violence-related offenses and incidents, and protection orders and consent agreements issued or approved under section 2919.26 or 3113.31 of the Revised Code, in crisis intervention, and in the handling of missing children and child abuse and neglect cases, and in handling violations of section 2905.32 of the Revised Code, and minimum courses of study and attendance requirements with respect to such categories or classifications;	248 249 250 251 252 253 254 255 256 257
(7) Permitting persons, who are employed as members of a campus police department appointed under section 1713.50 of the Revised Code; who are employed as police officers by a qualified nonprofit corporation police department pursuant to section 1702.80 of the Revised Code; who are appointed and commissioned as bank, savings and loan association, savings bank, credit union, or association of banks, savings and loan associations, savings banks, or credit unions police officers, as railroad police officers, or as hospital police officers pursuant to sections 4973.17 to 4973.22 of the Revised Code; or who are appointed and commissioned as amusement park police officers pursuant to section 4973.17 of the Revised Code, to attend approved peace officer training schools, including the Ohio peace officer training academy, and to receive certificates of satisfactory completion of basic training programs, if the private college or university that established the campus police department; qualified nonprofit corporation police department; bank, savings and loan association, savings bank, credit union, or association of banks, savings and loan associations, savings banks, or credit unions; railroad company; hospital; or amusement park sponsoring the police officers pays the entire	258 259 260 261 262 263 264 265 266 267 268 269 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278

cost of the training and certification and if trainee vacancies are available;	279 280
(8) Permitting undercover drug agents to attend approved peace officer training schools, other than the Ohio peace officer training academy, and to receive certificates of satisfactory completion of basic training programs, if, for each undercover drug agent, the county, township, or municipal corporation that employs that undercover drug agent pays the entire cost of the training and certification;	281 282 283 284 285 286 287
(9) (a) The requirements for basic training programs for bailiffs and deputy bailiffs of courts of record of this state and for criminal investigators employed by the state public defender that those persons shall complete before they may carry a firearm while on duty;	288 289 290 291 292
(b) The requirements for any training received by a bailiff or deputy bailiff of a court of record of this state or by a criminal investigator employed by the state public defender prior to June 6, 1986, that is to be considered equivalent to the training described in division (A) (9) (a) of this section.	293 294 295 296 297
(10) Establishing minimum qualifications and requirements for certification for dogs utilized by law enforcement agencies;	298 299
(11) Establishing minimum requirements for certification of persons who are employed as correction officers in a full-service jail, five-day facility, or eight-hour holding facility or who provide correction services in such a jail or facility;	300 301 302 303
(12) Establishing requirements for the training of agents of a county humane society under section 1717.06 of the Revised Code, including, without limitation, a requirement that the agents receive instruction on traditional animal husbandry	304 305 306 307

methods and training techniques, including customary owner- 308
performed practices; 309

(13) Permitting tactical medical professionals and 310
coroner's investigators to attend approved peace officer 311
training schools, including the Ohio peace officer training 312
academy, to receive training of the type described in division 313
(A) (14) of this section and to receive certificates of 314
satisfactory completion of training programs described in that 315
division; 316

(14) The requirements for training programs that tactical 317
medical professionals and coroner's investigators shall complete 318
to qualify them to carry firearms while on duty under section 319
109.771 of the Revised Code, which requirements shall include at 320
least the firearms training specified in division (A) of section 321
109.748 of the Revised Code. 322

(B) The commission shall appoint an executive director, 323
with the approval of the attorney general, who shall hold office 324
during the pleasure of the commission. The executive director 325
shall perform such duties assigned by the commission. The 326
executive director shall receive a salary fixed pursuant to 327
Chapter 124. of the Revised Code and reimbursement for expenses 328
within the amounts available by appropriation. The executive 329
director may appoint officers, employees, agents, and 330
consultants as the executive director considers necessary, 331
prescribe their duties, and provide for reimbursement of their 332
expenses within the amounts available for reimbursement by 333
appropriation and with the approval of the commission. 334

(C) The commission may do all of the following: 335

(1) Recommend studies, surveys, and reports to be made by 336

the executive director regarding the carrying out of the 337
objectives and purposes of sections 109.71 to 109.77 of the 338
Revised Code; 339

(2) Visit and inspect any peace officer training school 340
that has been approved by the executive director or for which 341
application for approval has been made; 342

(3) Make recommendations, from time to time, to the 343
executive director, the attorney general, and the general 344
assembly regarding the carrying out of the purposes of sections 345
109.71 to 109.77 of the Revised Code; 346

(4) Report to the attorney general from time to time, and 347
to the governor and the general assembly at least annually, 348
concerning the activities of the commission; 349

(5) Establish fees for the services the commission offers 350
under sections 109.71 to 109.79 of the Revised Code, including, 351
but not limited to, fees for training, certification, and 352
testing; 353

(6) Perform such other acts as are necessary or 354
appropriate to carry out the powers and duties of the commission 355
as set forth in sections 109.71 to 109.77 of the Revised Code. 356

(D) In establishing the requirements, under division (A) 357
(12) of this section, the commission may consider any portions 358
of the curriculum for instruction on the topic of animal 359
husbandry practices, if any, of the Ohio state university 360
college of veterinary medicine. No person or entity that fails 361
to provide instruction on traditional animal husbandry methods 362
and training techniques, including customary owner-performed 363
practices, shall qualify to train a humane agent for appointment 364
under section 1717.06 of the Revised Code. 365

Sec. 109.748. The attorney general shall adopt, in 366
accordance with Chapter 119. or pursuant to section 109.74 of 367
the Revised Code, the following rules: 368

(A) Rules governing the training of tactical medical 369
professionals and coroner's investigators to qualify them to 370
carry firearms while on duty under section 109.771 of the 371
Revised Code. The rules shall specify the amount of training 372
necessary for the satisfactory completion of training programs 373
at approved peace officer training schools, other than the Ohio 374
peace officer training academy. The rules shall include all of 375
the following: 376

(1) For all such professionals and investigators, a 377
requirement that the professional or investigator shall receive 378
firearms training through a program approved by the Ohio peace 379
officer training commission and training in any additional 380
subjects deemed necessary by the Ohio peace officer training 381
commission. 382

(2) For tactical medical professionals seeking 383
certification to carry a rifle or carbine, a requirement that, 384
in addition to the training described in division (A) (1) of this 385
section, the professional shall receive training with respect to 386
the carrying and use of rifles and carbines through a program 387
approved by the Ohio peace officer training commission. 388

(B) Rules authorizing and governing the attendance of 389
tactical medical professionals and coroner's investigators at 390
approved peace officer training schools, including the Ohio 391
peace officer training academy, to receive training to qualify 392
them to carry firearms while on duty under section 109.771 of 393
the Revised Code, and the certification of the professionals and 394
investigators upon their satisfactory completion of training 395

programs providing that training. 396

Sec. 109.75. The executive director of the Ohio peace 397
officer training commission, on behalf of the commission, shall 398
have the following powers and duties, which shall be exercised 399
with the general advice of the commission and only in accordance 400
with section 109.751 of the Revised Code and the rules adopted 401
pursuant to that section, and with the rules adopted by the 402
attorney general pursuant to sections 109.74, 109.741, 109.742, 403
and 109.743 of the Revised Code: 404

(A) To approve peace officer training schools and firearms 405
requalification programs administered by the state, counties, 406
municipal corporations, and the department of natural resources, 407
to issue certificates of approval to approved schools, and to 408
revoke an approval or certificate; 409

(B) To certify, as qualified, instructors at approved 410
peace officer training schools, to issue appropriate 411
certificates to these instructors, and to revoke for good cause 412
shown certificates of these instructors; 413

(C) To certify, as qualified, commanders at approved peace 414
officer training schools, to issue appropriate certificates to 415
these commanders, and to revoke for good cause shown 416
certificates of these commanders. As used in this division, 417
"commander" means the director or other head of an approved 418
peace officer training school. 419

(D) To certify peace officers and sheriffs who have 420
satisfactorily completed basic training programs and to issue 421
appropriate certificates to these peace officers and sheriffs; 422

(E) To cause studies and surveys to be made relating to 423
the establishment, operation, and approval of state, county, and 424

municipal peace officer training schools;	425
(F) To consult and cooperate with state, county, and	426
municipal peace officer training schools for the development of	427
advanced in-service training programs for peace officers;	428
(G) To consult and cooperate with universities, colleges,	429
and institutes for the development of specialized courses of	430
study in the state for peace officers in police science and	431
police administration;	432
(H) To consult and cooperate with other departments and	433
agencies of the state and federal government concerned with	434
peace officer training;	435
(I) To perform any other acts that may be necessary or	436
appropriate to carry out the executive director's powers and	437
duties as set forth in sections 109.71 to 109.77 of the Revised	438
Code;	439
(J) To report to the commission at each regular meeting of	440
the commission and at any other times that the commission may	441
require;	442
(K) To certify persons who have satisfactorily completed	443
approved training programs for correction officers in full-	444
service jails, five-day facilities, or eight-hour holding	445
facilities or approved training programs for others who provide	446
correction services in those jails or facilities and to issue	447
appropriate certificates to those persons;	448
(L) To maintain any records associated with the powers and	449
duties set forth in this section. Certification examinations,	450
either before or after completion, are not public records for	451
purposes of section 149.43 of the Revised Code, but the results	452
of such examinations are public records under that section;	453

(M) To certify tactical medical professionals and 454
coroner's investigators who have satisfactorily completed 455
approved training programs that qualify them to carry firearms 456
while on duty under section 109.771 of the Revised Code and to 457
issue appropriate certificates to such professionals and 458
investigators. 459

Sec. 109.771. (A) A tactical medical professional may 460
carry firearms while on duty in the same manner, to the same 461
extent, and in the same areas as a law enforcement officer of 462
the law enforcement agency the professional is serving, if all 463
of the following apply: 464

(1) The law enforcement agency that the tactical medical 465
professional is serving has specifically authorized the 466
professional to carry firearms while on duty. 467

(2) The tactical medical professional has done or received 468
one of the following: 469

(a) The professional has been awarded a certificate by the 470
executive director of the Ohio peace officer training 471
commission, which certificate attests to satisfactory completion 472
of an approved state, county, or municipal basic training 473
program or a program at the Ohio peace officer training academy 474
that qualifies the professional to carry firearms while on duty 475
and that conforms to the rules adopted under section 109.748 of 476
the Revised Code. 477

(b) Prior to or during employment as a tactical medical 478
professional and prior to the effective date of this section, 479
the professional has successfully completed a firearms training 480
program, other than one described in division (A) (2) (a) of this 481
section, that was approved by the Ohio peace officer training 482

commission. 483

(B) A tactical medical professional to whom division (A) 484
of this section applies and who is carrying one or more firearms 485
under authority of that division has protection from potential 486
civil or criminal liability for any conduct occurring while 487
carrying the firearm or firearms to the same extent as a law 488
enforcement officer of the law enforcement agency the 489
professional is serving has such protection. 490

(C) A coroner's investigator may carry firearms while on 491
duty if all of the following apply: 492

(1) The county coroner that the coroner's investigator is 493
serving has authorized the investigator to carry firearms while 494
on duty. 495

(2) The investigator has done or received either of the 496
following: 497

(a) The investigator has been awarded a certificate by the 498
executive director of the Ohio peace officer training 499
commission, which certificate attests to satisfactory completion 500
of an approved state, county, or municipal basic training 501
program or a program at the Ohio peace officer training academy 502
that qualifies the investigator to carry firearms while on duty 503
and that conforms to the rules adopted under section 109.748 of 504
the Revised Code. 505

(b) Prior to or during employment as a coroner's 506
investigator and prior to the effective date of this section, 507
the investigator has successfully completed a firearms training 508
program, other than one described in division (C) (2) (a) of this 509
section, that was approved by the Ohio peace officer training 510
commission. 511

Sec. 109.79. (A) The Ohio peace officer training 512
commission shall establish and conduct a training school for law 513
enforcement officers of any political subdivision of the state 514
or of the state public defender's office. The school shall be 515
known as the Ohio peace officer training academy. No bailiff or 516
deputy bailiff of a court of record of this state and no 517
criminal investigator employed by the state public defender 518
shall be permitted to attend the academy for training unless the 519
employing court of the bailiff or deputy bailiff or the state 520
public defender, whichever is applicable, has authorized the 521
bailiff, deputy bailiff, or investigator to attend the academy. 522

The Ohio peace officer training commission shall develop 523
the training program, which shall include courses in both the 524
civil and criminal functions of law enforcement officers, a 525
course in crisis intervention with six or more hours of 526
training, training in the handling of missing children and child 527
abuse and neglect cases, and training on companion animal 528
encounters and companion animal behavior, and shall establish 529
rules governing qualifications for admission to the academy. The 530
commission may require competitive examinations to determine 531
fitness of prospective trainees, so long as the examinations or 532
other criteria for admission to the academy are consistent with 533
the provisions of Chapter 124. of the Revised Code. 534

The Ohio peace officer training commission shall determine 535
tuition costs sufficient in the aggregate to pay the costs of 536
operating the academy. The costs of acquiring and equipping the 537
academy shall be paid from appropriations made by the general 538
assembly to the Ohio peace officer training commission for that 539
purpose, from gifts or grants received for that purpose, or from 540
fees for goods related to the academy. 541

The Ohio peace officer training commission shall create a gaming-related curriculum for gaming agents. The Ohio peace officer training commission shall use money distributed to the Ohio peace officer training academy from the Ohio law enforcement training fund to first support the academy's training programs for gaming agents and gaming-related curriculum. The Ohio peace officer training commission may utilize existing training programs in other states that specialize in training gaming agents.

The law enforcement officers, during the period of their training, shall receive compensation as determined by the political subdivision that sponsors them or, if the officer is a criminal investigator employed by the state public defender, as determined by the state public defender. The political subdivision may pay the tuition costs of the law enforcement officers they sponsor and the state public defender may pay the tuition costs of criminal investigators of that office who attend the academy.

If trainee vacancies exist, the academy may train and issue certificates of satisfactory completion to peace officers who are employed by a campus police department pursuant to section 1713.50 of the Revised Code, by a qualified nonprofit corporation police department pursuant to section 1702.80 of the Revised Code, or by a railroad company, who are amusement park police officers appointed and commissioned by a judge of the appropriate municipal court or county court pursuant to section 4973.17 of the Revised Code, or who are bank, savings and loan association, savings bank, credit union, or association of banks, savings and loan associations, savings banks, or credit unions, or hospital police officers appointed and commissioned by the secretary of state pursuant to sections 4973.17 to

4973.22 of the Revised Code, provided that no such officer shall 573
be trained at the academy unless the officer meets the 574
qualifications established for admission to the academy and the 575
qualified nonprofit corporation police department; bank, savings 576
and loan association, savings bank, credit union, or association 577
of banks, savings and loan associations, savings banks, or 578
credit unions; railroad company; hospital; or amusement park or 579
the private college or university that established the campus 580
police department prepays the entire cost of the training. A 581
qualified nonprofit corporation police department; bank, savings 582
and loan association, savings bank, credit union, or association 583
of banks, savings and loan associations, savings banks, or 584
credit unions; railroad company; hospital; or amusement park or 585
a private college or university that has established a campus 586
police department is not entitled to reimbursement from the 587
state for any amount paid for the cost of training the bank, 588
savings and loan association, savings bank, credit union, or 589
association of banks, savings and loan associations, savings 590
banks, or credit unions peace officers; the railroad company's 591
peace officers; or the peace officers of the qualified nonprofit 592
corporation police department, campus police department, 593
hospital, or amusement park. 594

The academy shall permit investigators employed by the 595
state medical board to take selected courses that the board 596
determines are consistent with its responsibilities for initial 597
and continuing training of investigators as required under 598
sections 4730.26 and 4731.05 of the Revised Code. The board 599
shall pay the entire cost of training that investigators receive 600
at the academy. 601

The academy shall permit tactical medical professionals 602
and coroner's investigators to attend training courses at the 603

academy that are designed to qualify the professionals and 604
investigators to carry firearms while on duty under section 605
109.771 of the Revised Code and that provide training comparable 606
to training mandated under the rules required by division (A) of 607
section 109.748 of the Revised Code. The executive director of 608
the Ohio peace officer training commission may certify tactical 609
medical professionals and coroner's investigators who 610
satisfactorily complete the training courses. The law 611
enforcement agency served by a tactical medical professional who 612
attends the academy or the county coroner served by an 613
investigator who attends the academy may pay the tuition costs 614
of the professional or investigator. 615

(B) As used in this section: 616

(1) "Law enforcement officers" include any undercover drug 617
agent, any bailiff or deputy bailiff of a court of record, and 618
any criminal investigator who is employed by the state public 619
defender. 620

(2) "Undercover drug agent" means any person who: 621

(a) Is employed by a county, township, or municipal 622
corporation for the purposes set forth in division (B) (2) (b) of 623
this section but who is not an employee of a county sheriff's 624
department, of a township constable, or of the police department 625
of a municipal corporation or township; 626

(b) In the course of the person's employment by a county, 627
township, or municipal corporation, investigates and gathers 628
information pertaining to persons who are suspected of violating 629
Chapter 2925. or 3719. of the Revised Code, and generally does 630
not wear a uniform in the performance of the person's duties. 631

(3) "Crisis intervention training" has the same meaning as 632

in section 109.71 of the Revised Code. 633

(4) "Missing children" has the same meaning as in section 634
2901.30 of the Revised Code. 635

(5) "Companion animal" has the same meaning as in section 636
959.131 of the Revised Code. 637

Sec. 109.801. (A) (1) Each year, any of the following 638
persons who are authorized to carry firearms in the course of 639
their official duties shall complete successfully a firearms 640
requalification program approved by the executive director of 641
the Ohio peace officer training commission in accordance with 642
rules adopted by the attorney general pursuant to section 643
109.743 of the Revised Code: any peace officer, sheriff, chief 644
of police of an organized police department of a municipal 645
corporation or township, chief of police of a township police 646
district or joint police district police force, superintendent 647
of the state highway patrol, state highway patrol trooper, or 648
chief of police of a university or college police department; 649
any parole or probation officer who carries a firearm in the 650
course of official duties; the house of representatives sergeant 651
at arms if the house of representatives sergeant at arms has 652
arrest authority pursuant to division (E) (1) of section 101.311 653
of the Revised Code; any assistant house of representatives 654
sergeant at arms; the senate sergeant at arms; any assistant 655
senate sergeant at arms; any tactical medical professional; any 656
coroner's investigator; or any employee of the department of 657
youth services who is designated pursuant to division (A) (2) of 658
section 5139.53 of the Revised Code as being authorized to carry 659
a firearm while on duty as described in that division. 660

(2) No person listed in division (A) (1) of this section 661
shall carry a firearm during the course of official duties if 662

the person does not comply with division (A) (1) of this section. 663

(B) The hours that a sheriff spends attending a firearms 664
requalification program required by division (A) of this section 665
are in addition to the sixteen hours of continuing education 666
that are required by division (E) of section 311.01 of the 667
Revised Code. 668

(C) As used in this section, "firearm" has the same 669
meaning as in section 2923.11 of the Revised Code. 670

Sec. 2923.126. (A) A concealed handgun license that is 671
issued under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code shall expire 672
five years after the date of issuance. A licensee who has been 673
issued a license under that section shall be granted a grace 674
period of thirty days after the licensee's license expires 675
during which the licensee's license remains valid. Except as 676
provided in divisions (B) and (C) of this section, a licensee 677
who has been issued a concealed handgun license under section 678
2923.125 or 2923.1213 of the Revised Code may carry a concealed 679
handgun anywhere in this state if the licensee also carries a 680
valid license and valid identification when the licensee is in 681
actual possession of a concealed handgun. The licensee shall 682
give notice of any change in the licensee's residence address to 683
the sheriff who issued the license within forty-five days after 684
that change. 685

If a licensee is the driver or an occupant of a motor 686
vehicle that is stopped as the result of a traffic stop or a 687
stop for another law enforcement purpose and if the licensee is 688
transporting or has a loaded handgun in the motor vehicle at 689
that time, the licensee shall promptly inform any law 690
enforcement officer who approaches the vehicle while stopped 691
that the licensee has been issued a concealed handgun license 692

and that the licensee currently possesses or has a loaded 693
handgun; the licensee shall not knowingly disregard or fail to 694
comply with lawful orders of a law enforcement officer given 695
while the motor vehicle is stopped, knowingly fail to remain in 696
the motor vehicle while stopped, or knowingly fail to keep the 697
licensee's hands in plain sight after any law enforcement 698
officer begins approaching the licensee while stopped and before 699
the officer leaves, unless directed otherwise by a law 700
enforcement officer; and the licensee shall not knowingly have 701
contact with the loaded handgun by touching it with the 702
licensee's hands or fingers, in any manner in violation of 703
division (E) of section 2923.16 of the Revised Code, after any 704
law enforcement officer begins approaching the licensee while 705
stopped and before the officer leaves. Additionally, if a 706
licensee is the driver or an occupant of a commercial motor 707
vehicle that is stopped by an employee of the motor carrier 708
enforcement unit for the purposes defined in section 5503.34 of 709
the Revised Code and if the licensee is transporting or has a 710
loaded handgun in the commercial motor vehicle at that time, the 711
licensee shall promptly inform the employee of the unit who 712
approaches the vehicle while stopped that the licensee has been 713
issued a concealed handgun license and that the licensee 714
currently possesses or has a loaded handgun. 715

If a licensee is stopped for a law enforcement purpose and 716
if the licensee is carrying a concealed handgun at the time the 717
officer approaches, the licensee shall promptly inform any law 718
enforcement officer who approaches the licensee while stopped 719
that the licensee has been issued a concealed handgun license 720
and that the licensee currently is carrying a concealed handgun; 721
the licensee shall not knowingly disregard or fail to comply 722
with lawful orders of a law enforcement officer given while the 723

licensee is stopped or knowingly fail to keep the licensee's 724
hands in plain sight after any law enforcement officer begins 725
approaching the licensee while stopped and before the officer 726
leaves, unless directed otherwise by a law enforcement officer; 727
and the licensee shall not knowingly remove, attempt to remove, 728
grasp, or hold the loaded handgun or knowingly have contact with 729
the loaded handgun by touching it with the licensee's hands or 730
fingers, in any manner in violation of division (B) of section 731
2923.12 of the Revised Code, after any law enforcement officer 732
begins approaching the licensee while stopped and before the 733
officer leaves. 734

(B) A valid concealed handgun license does not authorize 735
the licensee to carry a concealed handgun in any manner 736
prohibited under division (B) of section 2923.12 of the Revised 737
Code or in any manner prohibited under section 2923.16 of the 738
Revised Code. A valid license does not authorize the licensee to 739
carry a concealed handgun into any of the following places: 740

(1) A police station, sheriff's office, or state highway 741
patrol station, premises controlled by the bureau of criminal 742
identification and investigation; a state correctional 743
institution, jail, workhouse, or other detention facility; any 744
area of an airport passenger terminal that is beyond a passenger 745
or property screening checkpoint or to which access is 746
restricted through security measures by the airport authority or 747
a public agency; or an institution that is maintained, operated, 748
managed, and governed pursuant to division (A) of section 749
5119.14 of the Revised Code or division (A) (1) of section 750
5123.03 of the Revised Code; 751

(2) A school safety zone if the licensee's carrying the 752
concealed handgun is in violation of section 2923.122 of the 753

Revised Code;	754
(3) A courthouse or another building or structure in which	755
a courtroom is located, in violation of section 2923.123 of the	756
Revised Code;	757
(4) Any premises or open air arena for which a D permit	758
has been issued under Chapter 4303. of the Revised Code if the	759
licensee's carrying the concealed handgun is in violation of	760
section 2923.121 of the Revised Code;	761
(5) Any premises owned or leased by any public or private	762
college, university, or other institution of higher education,	763
unless the handgun is in a locked motor vehicle or the licensee	764
is in the immediate process of placing the handgun in a locked	765
motor vehicle or unless the licensee is carrying the concealed	766
handgun pursuant to a written policy, rule, or other	767
authorization that is adopted by the institution's board of	768
trustees or other governing body and that authorizes specific	769
individuals or classes of individuals to carry a concealed	770
handgun on the premises;	771
(6) Any church, synagogue, mosque, or other place of	772
worship, unless the church, synagogue, mosque, or other place of	773
worship posts or permits otherwise;	774
(7) Any building that is a government facility of this	775
state or a political subdivision of this state and that is not a	776
building that is used primarily as a shelter, restroom, parking	777
facility for motor vehicles, or rest facility and is not a	778
courthouse or other building or structure in which a courtroom	779
is located that is subject to division (B)(3) of this section,	780
unless the governing body with authority over the building has	781
enacted a statute, ordinance, or policy that permits a licensee	782

to carry a concealed handgun into the building; 783

(8) A place in which federal law prohibits the carrying of 784
handguns. 785

(C) (1) Nothing in this section shall negate or restrict a 786
rule, policy, or practice of a private employer that is not a 787
private college, university, or other institution of higher 788
education concerning or prohibiting the presence of firearms on 789
the private employer's premises or property, including motor 790
vehicles owned by the private employer. Nothing in this section 791
shall require a private employer of that nature to adopt a rule, 792
policy, or practice concerning or prohibiting the presence of 793
firearms on the private employer's premises or property, 794
including motor vehicles owned by the private employer. 795

(2) (a) A private employer shall be immune from liability 796
in a civil action for any injury, death, or loss to person or 797
property that allegedly was caused by or related to a licensee 798
bringing a handgun onto the premises or property of the private 799
employer, including motor vehicles owned by the private 800
employer, unless the private employer acted with malicious 801
purpose. A private employer is immune from liability in a civil 802
action for any injury, death, or loss to person or property that 803
allegedly was caused by or related to the private employer's 804
decision to permit a licensee to bring, or prohibit a licensee 805
from bringing, a handgun onto the premises or property of the 806
private employer. 807

(b) A political subdivision shall be immune from liability 808
in a civil action, to the extent and in the manner provided in 809
Chapter 2744. of the Revised Code, for any injury, death, or 810
loss to person or property that allegedly was caused by or 811
related to a licensee bringing a handgun onto any premises or 812

property owned, leased, or otherwise under the control of the 813
political subdivision. As used in this division, "political 814
subdivision" has the same meaning as in section 2744.01 of the 815
Revised Code. 816

(c) An institution of higher education shall be immune 817
from liability in a civil action for any injury, death, or loss 818
to person or property that allegedly was caused by or related to 819
a licensee bringing a handgun onto the premises of the 820
institution, including motor vehicles owned by the institution, 821
unless the institution acted with malicious purpose. An 822
institution of higher education is immune from liability in a 823
civil action for any injury, death, or loss to person or 824
property that allegedly was caused by or related to the 825
institution's decision to permit a licensee or class of 826
licensees to bring a handgun onto the premises of the 827
institution. 828

(3) (a) Except as provided in division (C) (3) (b) of this 829
section, the owner or person in control of private land or 830
premises, and a private person or entity leasing land or 831
premises owned by the state, the United States, or a political 832
subdivision of the state or the United States, may post a sign 833
in a conspicuous location on that land or on those premises 834
prohibiting persons from carrying firearms or concealed firearms 835
on or onto that land or those premises. Except as otherwise 836
provided in this division, a person who knowingly violates a 837
posted prohibition of that nature is guilty of criminal trespass 838
in violation of division (A) (4) of section 2911.21 of the 839
Revised Code and is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth 840
degree. If a person knowingly violates a posted prohibition of 841
that nature and the posted land or premises primarily was a 842
parking lot or other parking facility, the person is not guilty 843

of criminal trespass under section 2911.21 of the Revised Code 844
or under any other criminal law of this state or criminal law, 845
ordinance, or resolution of a political subdivision of this 846
state, and instead is subject only to a civil cause of action 847
for trespass based on the violation. 848

If a person knowingly violates a posted prohibition of the 849
nature described in this division and the posted land or 850
premises is a child day-care center, type A family day-care 851
home, or type B family day-care home, unless the person is a 852
licensee who resides in a type A family day-care home or type B 853
family day-care home, the person is guilty of aggravated 854
trespass in violation of section 2911.211 of the Revised Code. 855
Except as otherwise provided in this division, the offender is 856
guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. If the person 857
previously has been convicted of a violation of this division or 858
of any offense of violence, if the weapon involved is a firearm 859
that is either loaded or for which the offender has ammunition 860
ready at hand, or if the weapon involved is dangerous ordnance, 861
the offender is guilty of a felony of the fourth degree. 862

(b) A landlord may not prohibit or restrict a tenant who 863
is a licensee and who on or after September 9, 2008, enters into 864
a rental agreement with the landlord for the use of residential 865
premises, and the tenant's guest while the tenant is present, 866
from lawfully carrying or possessing a handgun on those 867
residential premises. 868

(c) As used in division (C) (3) of this section: 869

(i) "Residential premises" has the same meaning as in 870
section 5321.01 of the Revised Code, except "residential 871
premises" does not include a dwelling unit that is owned or 872
operated by a college or university. 873

(ii) "Landlord," "tenant," and "rental agreement" have the 874
same meanings as in section 5321.01 of the Revised Code. 875

(D) A person who holds a valid concealed handgun license 876
issued by another state that is recognized by the attorney 877
general pursuant to a reciprocity agreement entered into 878
pursuant to section 109.69 of the Revised Code or a person who 879
holds a valid concealed handgun license under the circumstances 880
described in division (B) of section 109.69 of the Revised Code 881
has the same right to carry a concealed handgun in this state as 882
a person who was issued a concealed handgun license under 883
section 2923.125 of the Revised Code and is subject to the same 884
restrictions that apply to a person who carries a license issued 885
under that section. 886

(E) (1) A peace officer has the same right to carry a 887
concealed handgun in this state as a person who was issued a 888
concealed handgun license under section 2923.125 of the Revised 889
Code. For purposes of reciprocity with other states, a peace 890
officer shall be considered to be a licensee in this state. 891

(2) An active duty member of the armed forces of the 892
United States who is carrying a valid military identification 893
card and documentation of successful completion of firearms 894
training that meets or exceeds the training requirements 895
described in division (G) (1) of section 2923.125 of the Revised 896
Code has the same right to carry a concealed handgun in this 897
state as a person who was issued a concealed handgun license 898
under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code and is subject to the 899
same restrictions as specified in this section. 900

(3) A tactical medical professional who is qualified to 901
carry firearms while on duty under section 109.771 of the 902
Revised Code has the same right to carry a concealed handgun in 903

this state as a person who was issued a concealed handgun 904
license under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code. 905

(F) (1) A qualified retired peace officer who possesses a 906
retired peace officer identification card issued pursuant to 907
division (F) (2) of this section and a valid firearms 908
requalification certification issued pursuant to division (F) (3) 909
of this section has the same right to carry a concealed handgun 910
in this state as a person who was issued a concealed handgun 911
license under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code and is 912
subject to the same restrictions that apply to a person who 913
carries a license issued under that section. For purposes of 914
reciprocity with other states, a qualified retired peace officer 915
who possesses a retired peace officer identification card issued 916
pursuant to division (F) (2) of this section and a valid firearms 917
requalification certification issued pursuant to division (F) (3) 918
of this section shall be considered to be a licensee in this 919
state. 920

(2) (a) Each public agency of this state or of a political 921
subdivision of this state that is served by one or more peace 922
officers shall issue a retired peace officer identification card 923
to any person who retired from service as a peace officer with 924
that agency, if the issuance is in accordance with the agency's 925
policies and procedures and if the person, with respect to the 926
person's service with that agency, satisfies all of the 927
following: 928

(i) The person retired in good standing from service as a 929
peace officer with the public agency, and the retirement was not 930
for reasons of mental instability. 931

(ii) Before retiring from service as a peace officer with 932
that agency, the person was authorized to engage in or supervise 933

the prevention, detection, investigation, or prosecution of, or 934
the incarceration of any person for, any violation of law and 935
the person had statutory powers of arrest. 936

(iii) At the time of the person's retirement as a peace 937
officer with that agency, the person was trained and qualified 938
to carry firearms in the performance of the peace officer's 939
duties. 940

(iv) Before retiring from service as a peace officer with 941
that agency, the person was regularly employed as a peace 942
officer for an aggregate of fifteen years or more, or, in the 943
alternative, the person retired from service as a peace officer 944
with that agency, after completing any applicable probationary 945
period of that service, due to a service-connected disability, 946
as determined by the agency. 947

(b) A retired peace officer identification card issued to 948
a person under division (F) (2) (a) of this section shall identify 949
the person by name, contain a photograph of the person, identify 950
the public agency of this state or of the political subdivision 951
of this state from which the person retired as a peace officer 952
and that is issuing the identification card, and specify that 953
the person retired in good standing from service as a peace 954
officer with the issuing public agency and satisfies the 955
criteria set forth in divisions (F) (2) (a) (i) to (iv) of this 956
section. In addition to the required content specified in this 957
division, a retired peace officer identification card issued to 958
a person under division (F) (2) (a) of this section may include 959
the firearms requalification certification described in division 960
(F) (3) of this section, and if the identification card includes 961
that certification, the identification card shall serve as the 962
firearms requalification certification for the retired peace 963

officer. If the issuing public agency issues credentials to 964
active law enforcement officers who serve the agency, the agency 965
may comply with division (F) (2) (a) of this section by issuing 966
the same credentials to persons who retired from service as a 967
peace officer with the agency and who satisfy the criteria set 968
forth in divisions (F) (2) (a) (i) to (iv) of this section, 969
provided that the credentials so issued to retired peace 970
officers are stamped with the word "RETIRED." 971

(c) A public agency of this state or of a political 972
subdivision of this state may charge persons who retired from 973
service as a peace officer with the agency a reasonable fee for 974
issuing to the person a retired peace officer identification 975
card pursuant to division (F) (2) (a) of this section. 976

(3) If a person retired from service as a peace officer 977
with a public agency of this state or of a political subdivision 978
of this state and the person satisfies the criteria set forth in 979
divisions (F) (2) (a) (i) to (iv) of this section, the public 980
agency may provide the retired peace officer with the 981
opportunity to attend a firearms requalification program that is 982
approved for purposes of firearms requalification required under 983
section 109.801 of the Revised Code. The retired peace officer 984
may be required to pay the cost of the course. 985

If a retired peace officer who satisfies the criteria set 986
forth in divisions (F) (2) (a) (i) to (iv) of this section attends 987
a firearms requalification program that is approved for purposes 988
of firearms requalification required under section 109.801 of 989
the Revised Code, the retired peace officer's successful 990
completion of the firearms requalification program requalifies 991
the retired peace officer for purposes of division (F) of this 992
section for five years from the date on which the program was 993

successfully completed, and the requalification is valid during 994
that five-year period. If a retired peace officer who satisfies 995
the criteria set forth in divisions (F) (2) (a) (i) to (iv) of this 996
section satisfactorily completes such a firearms requalification 997
program, the retired peace officer shall be issued a firearms 998
requalification certification that identifies the retired peace 999
officer by name, identifies the entity that taught the program, 1000
specifies that the retired peace officer successfully completed 1001
the program, specifies the date on which the course was 1002
successfully completed, and specifies that the requalification 1003
is valid for five years from that date of successful completion. 1004
The firearms requalification certification for a retired peace 1005
officer may be included in the retired peace officer 1006
identification card issued to the retired peace officer under 1007
division (F) (2) of this section. 1008

A retired peace officer who attends a firearms 1009
requalification program that is approved for purposes of 1010
firearms requalification required under section 109.801 of the 1011
Revised Code may be required to pay the cost of the program. 1012

(G) As used in this section: 1013

(1) "Qualified retired peace officer" means a person who 1014
satisfies all of the following: 1015

(a) The person satisfies the criteria set forth in 1016
divisions (F) (2) (a) (i) to (v) of this section. 1017

(b) The person is not under the influence of alcohol or 1018
another intoxicating or hallucinatory drug or substance. 1019

(c) The person is not prohibited by federal law from 1020
receiving firearms. 1021

(2) "Retired peace officer identification card" means an 1022

identification card that is issued pursuant to division (F) (2) 1023
of this section to a person who is a retired peace officer. 1024

(3) "Government facility of this state or a political 1025
subdivision of this state" means any of the following: 1026

(a) A building or part of a building that is owned or 1027
leased by the government of this state or a political 1028
subdivision of this state and where employees of the government 1029
of this state or the political subdivision regularly are present 1030
for the purpose of performing their official duties as employees 1031
of the state or political subdivision; 1032

(b) The office of a deputy registrar serving pursuant to 1033
Chapter 4503. of the Revised Code that is used to perform deputy 1034
registrar functions. 1035

(4) "Governing body" has the same meaning as in section 1036
154.01 of the Revised Code. 1037

(5) "Tactical medical professional" has the same meaning 1038
as in section 109.71 of the Revised Code. 1039

Section 2. That existing sections 109.71, 109.73, 109.75, 1040
109.79, 109.801, and 2923.126 of the Revised Code are hereby 1041
repealed. 1042