

As Introduced

**133rd General Assembly
Regular Session
2019-2020**

H. B. No. 339

Representative Merrin

A BILL

To amend sections 167.03, 1751.32, 1751.53, 1
1751.69, 1751.74, 1751.84, 1753.31, 3901.045, 2
3901.13, 3901.25, 3901.41, 3901.45, 3901.811, 3
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3903.50, 3903.52, 3903.56, 3903.71, 3903.724, 5
3903.728, 3903.7211, 3903.74, 3904.01, 3904.02, 6
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3951.99, 3953.01, 3953.07, 3953.14, 3953.29, 20
3956.01, 3956.09, 3956.10, 3959.01, 3960.07, 21
3964.19, 3999.16, 3999.41, 4509.41, and 4509.67 22
and to repeal sections 3941.47, 3941.48, 23
3941.49, and 3941.52 of the Revised Code to 24

enact the "Insurance Code Correction Act" to 25
make technical and corrective changes to the 26
laws governing insurance. 27

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 167.03, 1751.32, 1751.53, 28
1751.69, 1751.74, 1751.84, 1753.31, 3901.045, 3901.13, 3901.25, 29
3901.41, 3901.45, 3901.811, 3901.87, 3901.88, 3901.90, 3902.08, 30
3903.01, 3903.50, 3903.52, 3903.56, 3903.71, 3903.724, 3903.728, 31
3903.7211, 3903.74, 3904.01, 3904.02, 3904.16, 3905.051, 32
3905.062, 3905.063, 3905.14, 3905.84, 3905.85, 3906.11, 3907.03, 33
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3913.40, 3915.05, 3915.053, 3915.073, 3915.13, 3916.01, 35
3916.171, 3916.18, 3919.14, 3921.13, 3921.191, 3922.11, 3922.14, 36
3922.17, 3923.01, 3923.021, 3923.04, 3923.19, 3923.38, 3923.39, 37
3923.53, 3923.55, 3923.56, 3923.60, 3923.65, 3923.82, 3923.85, 38
3925.09, 3927.08, 3929.011, 3929.04, 3930.10, 3931.02, 3931.03, 39
3931.99, 3933.01, 3933.02, 3935.06, 3935.10, 3935.12, 3935.13, 40
3935.14, 3935.99, 3937.10, 3937.182, 3941.46, 3951.04, 3951.06, 41
3951.10, 3951.99, 3953.01, 3953.07, 3953.14, 3953.29, 3956.01, 42
3956.09, 3956.10, 3959.01, 3960.07, 3964.19, 3999.16, 3999.41, 43
4509.41, and 4509.67 of the Revised Code be amended to read as 44
follows: 45

Sec. 167.03. (A) The council shall have the power to: 46

(1) Study such area governmental problems common to two or 47
more members of the council as it deems appropriate, including 48
but not limited to matters affecting health, safety, welfare, 49
education, economic conditions, and regional development; 50

(2) Promote cooperative arrangements and coordinate action among its members, and between its members and other agencies of local or state governments, whether or not within Ohio, and the federal government;

(3) Make recommendations for review and action to the members and other public agencies that perform functions within the region;

(4) Promote cooperative agreements and contracts among its members or other governmental agencies and private persons, corporations, or agencies;

(5) Operate a public safety answering point in accordance with Chapter 128. of the Revised Code;

(6) Perform planning directly by personnel of the council, or under contracts between the council and other public or private planning agencies.

(B) The council may:

(1) Review, evaluate, comment upon, and make recommendations, relative to the planning and programming, and the location, financing, and scheduling of public facility projects within the region and affecting the development of the area;

(2) Act as an areawide agency to perform comprehensive planning for the programming, locating, financing, and scheduling of public facility projects within the region and affecting the development of the area and for other proposed land development or uses, which projects or uses have public metropolitan wide or interjurisdictional significance;

(3) Act as an agency for coordinating, based on

metropolitan wide comprehensive planning and programming, local 79
public policies, and activities affecting the development of the 80
region or area. 81

(C) The council may, by appropriate action of the 82
governing bodies of the members, perform such other functions 83
and duties as are performed or capable of performance by the 84
members and necessary or desirable for dealing with problems of 85
mutual concern. 86

(D) The authority granted to the council by this section 87
or in any agreement by the members thereof shall not displace 88
any existing municipal, county, regional, or other planning 89
commission or planning agency in the exercise of its statutory 90
powers. 91

(E) A council, with an educational service center as its 92
fiscal agent, that is established to provide health care 93
benefits to the council members' officers and employees and 94
their dependents may contract to administer and coordinate a 95
self-funded health benefit program of a nonprofit corporation 96
organized under Chapter 1702. of the Revised Code. A council 97
operating a program under this division that does not act as an 98
administrator as defined in section 3959.01 of the Revised Code 99
does not constitute engaging in the business of insurance and is 100
not subject to the insurance laws of this state. 101

Sec. 1751.32. Each health insuring corporation, annually, 102
on or before the first day of March, shall file a report with 103
the superintendent of insurance, covering the preceding calendar 104
year. 105

The report shall be verified by an officer of the health 106
insuring corporation, shall be in the form the superintendent 107

prescribes, and shall include:	108
(A) A financial statement of the health insuring corporation, including its balance sheet and receipts and disbursements for the preceding year, which reflect, at a minimum:	109
(1) All premium rate and other payments received for health care services rendered;	110
(2) Expenditures with respect to all categories of providers, facilities, insurance companies, and other persons engaged to fulfill obligations of the health insuring corporation arising out of its health care policies, contracts, certificates, and agreements;	111
(3) Expenditures for capital improvements or additions thereto, including, but not limited to, construction, renovation, or purchase of facilities and equipment.	112
(B) A description of the enrollee population and composition, group and nongroup;	113
(C) A summary of enrollee written complaints and their disposition;	114
(D) A statement of the number of subscriber policies, contracts, certificates, and agreements that have been terminated by action of the health insuring corporation, including the number of enrollees affected;	115
(E) A summary of the information compiled pursuant to division (B) <u>(A)</u> (5) of section 1751.04 of the Revised Code;	116
(F) A current report of the names and addresses of the persons responsible for the conduct of the affairs of the health insuring corporation as required by section 1751.03 of the	117
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Revised Code. Additionally, the report shall include the amount 136
of wages, expense reimbursements, and other payments to these 137
persons for services to the health insuring corporation, and 138
shall include a full disclosure of the financial interests 139
related to the operations of the health insuring corporation 140
acquired by these persons during the preceding year. 141

(G) An actuarial opinion in the form prescribed by the 142
superintendent by rule; 143

(H) Any other information relating to the performance of 144
the health insuring corporation that is necessary to enable the 145
superintendent to carry out the superintendent's duties under 146
this chapter. 147

Sec. 1751.53. (A) As used in this section: 148

(1) "Group contract" means a group health insuring 149
corporation contract covering employees that meets either of the 150
following conditions: 151

(a) The contract was issued by an entity that, on June 4, 152
1997, holds a certificate of authority or license to operate 153
under Chapter 1738. or 1742. of the Revised Code, and covers an 154
employee at the time the employee's employment is terminated. 155

(b) The contract is delivered, issued for delivery, or 156
renewed in this state after June 4, 1997, and covers an employee 157
at the time the employee's employment is terminated. 158

(2) "Eligible employee" means an employee to whom all of 159
the following apply: 160

(a) The employee has been continuously covered under a 161
group contract or under the contract and any prior similar group 162
coverage replaced by the contract, during the entire three-month 163

period preceding the termination of the employee's employment. 164

(b) The employee did not voluntarily terminate the 165
employee's employment and the termination of employment is not a 166
result of any gross misconduct on the part of the employee. 167

(c) The employee is not, and does not become, covered by 168
or eligible for coverage by medicare. 169

(d) The employee is not, and does not become, covered by 170
or eligible for coverage by any other insured or uninsured 171
arrangement that provides hospital, surgical, or medical 172
coverage for individuals in a group and under which the employee 173
was not covered immediately prior to the termination of 174
employment. A person eligible for continuation of coverage under 175
this section, who is also eligible for coverage under section 176
3923.123 of the Revised Code, may elect either coverage, but not 177
both. A person who elects continuation of coverage may elect any 178
coverage available under section 3923.123 of the Revised Code 179
upon the termination of the continuation of coverage. 180

(B) A group contract shall provide that any eligible 181
employee may continue the coverage under the contract, for the 182
employee and the employee's eligible dependents, for a period of 183
twelve months after the date that the group coverage would 184
otherwise terminate by reason of the termination of the 185
employee's employment. Each certificate of coverage issued to 186
employees under the contract shall include a notice of the 187
employee's privilege of continuation. 188

(C) All of the following apply to the continuation of 189
group coverage required under division (B) of this section: 190

(1) Continuation need not include any supplemental health 191
care services benefits or specialty health care services 192

benefits provided by the group contract.	193
(2) The employer shall notify the employee of the right of continuation at the time the employer notifies the employee of the termination of employment. The notice shall inform the employee of the amount of contribution required by the employer under division (C)(4) of this section.	194 195 196 197 198
(3) The employee shall file a written election of continuation with the employer and pay the employer the first contribution required under division (C)(4) of this section. The request and payment must be received by the employer no later than the earlier of any of the following dates:	199 200 201 202 203
(a) Thirty-one days after the date on which the employee's coverage would otherwise terminate;	204 205
(b) Ten days after the date on which the employee's coverage would otherwise terminate, if the employer has notified the employee of the right of continuation prior to this date;	206 207 208
(c) Ten days after the employer notifies the employee of the right of continuation, if the notice is given after the date on which the employee's coverage would otherwise terminate.	209 210 211
(4) The employee must pay to the employer, on a monthly basis, in advance, the amount of contribution required by the employer. The amount required shall not exceed the group rate for the insurance being continued under the policy on the due date of each payment.	212 213 214 215 216
(5) The employee's privilege to continue coverage and the coverage under any continuation ceases if any of the following occurs:	217 218 219
(a) The employee ceases to be an eligible employee under	220

division (A) (2) (c) or (d) of this section;	221
(b) A period of twelve months expires after the date that	222
the employee's coverage under the group contract would otherwise	223
have terminated because of the termination of employment;	224
(c) The employee fails to make a timely payment of a	225
required contribution, in which event the coverage shall cease	226
at the end of the coverage for which contributions were made;	227
(d) The group contract is terminated, or the employer	228
terminates participation under the contract, unless the employer	229
replaces the coverage by similar coverage under another contract	230
or other group health arrangement. If the employer replaces the	231
contract with similar group health coverage, all of the	232
following apply:	233
(i) The member shall be covered under the replacement	234
coverage, for the balance of the period that the member would	235
have remained covered under the terminated coverage if it had	236
not been terminated.	237
(ii) The minimum level of benefits under the replacement	238
coverage shall be the applicable level of benefits of the	239
contract replaced reduced by any benefits payable under the	240
contract replaced.	241
(iii) The contract replaced shall continue to provide	242
benefits to the extent of its accrued liabilities and extensions	243
of benefits as if the replacement had not occurred.	244
(D) This section does not apply to any group contract	245
offering only supplemental health care services or specialty	246
health care services.	247
(E) An employer shall notify the health insuring	248

corporation if the employee elects continuation of coverage 249
under this section. The health insuring corporation may require 250
the employer to provide documentation if the employee elects 251
continuation of coverage and is seeking premium assistance for 252
the continuation of coverage under the "American Recovery and 253
Investment Act of 2009," Pub. L. No. 111-5, 123 Stat. 115. The 254
director superintendent of insurance shall publish guidance for 255
employers and health insuring corporations regarding the 256
contents of such documentation. 257

Sec. 1751.69. (A) As used in this section, "cost sharing" 258
means the cost to an individual insured under an individual or 259
group health insuring corporation policy, contract, or agreement 260
according to any coverage limit, copayment, coinsurance, 261
deductible, or other out-of-pocket expense requirements imposed 262
by the policy, contract, or agreement. 263

(B) Notwithstanding section 3901.71 of the Revised Code 264
and subject to division (D) of this section, no individual or 265
group health insuring corporation policy, contract, or agreement 266
providing basic health care services or prescription drug 267
services that is delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed in 268
this state, if the policy, contract, or agreement provides 269
coverage for cancer chemotherapy treatment, shall fail to comply 270
with either of the following: 271

(1) The policy, contract, or agreement shall not provide 272
coverage or impose cost sharing for a prescribed, orally 273
administered cancer medication on a less favorable basis than 274
the coverage it provides or cost sharing it imposes for 275
intravenously administered or injected cancer medications. 276

(2) The policy, contract, or agreement shall not comply 277
with division (B)(1) of this section by imposing an increase in 278

cost sharing solely for orally administered, intravenously 279
administered, or injected cancer medications. 280

(C) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the 281
contrary, an individual or group health insuring corporation 282
policy, contract, or agreement shall be deemed to be in 283
compliance with this section if the cost sharing imposed under 284
such a policy, contract, or agreement for orally administered 285
cancer treatments does not exceed one hundred dollars per 286
prescription fill. The cost _sharing limit of one hundred 287
dollars per prescription fill shall apply to a high deductible 288
plan, as defined in 26 U.S.C. 223, or a catastrophic plan, as 289
defined in 42 U.S.C. 18022, only after the deductible has been 290
met. 291

(D) The prohibitions in division (B) of this section do 292
not preclude an individual or group health insuring corporation 293
policy, contract, or agreement from requiring an enrollee to 294
obtain prior authorization before orally administered cancer 295
medication is dispensed to the enrollee. 296

(E) A health insuring corporation that offers coverage for 297
basic health care services is not required to comply with 298
division (B) of this section if all of the following apply: 299

(1) The health insuring corporation submits documentation 300
certified by an independent member of the American academy of 301
actuaries to the superintendent of insurance showing that 302
compliance with division (B) (1) of this section for a period of 303
at least six months independently caused the health insuring 304
corporation's costs for claims and administrative expenses for 305
the coverage of basic health care services to increase by more 306
than one per cent per year. 307

(2) The health insuring corporation submits a signed 308
letter from an independent member of the American academy of 309
actuaries to the superintendent of insurance opining that the 310
increase in costs described in division (E) (1) of this section 311
could reasonably justify an increase of more than one per cent 312
in the annual premiums or rates charged by the health insuring 313
corporation for the coverage of basic health care services. 314

(3) (a) The superintendent of insurance makes the following 315
determinations from the documentation and opinion submitted 316
pursuant to divisions (E) (1) and (2) of this section: 317

(i) Compliance with division (B) (1) of this section for a 318
period of at least six months independently caused the health 319
insuring corporation's costs for claims and administrative 320
expenses for the coverage of basic health care services to 321
increase more than one per cent per year. 322

(ii) The increase in costs reasonably justifies an 323
increase of more than one per cent in the annual premiums or 324
rates charged by the health insuring corporation for the 325
coverage of basic health care services. 326

(b) Any determination made by the superintendent under 327
division (E) (3) of this section is subject to Chapter 119. of 328
the Revised Code. 329

Sec. 1751.74. (A) To implement a quality assurance program 330
required by section ~~1715.73~~ 1751.73 of the Revised Code, a 331
health insuring corporation shall do both of the following: 332

(1) Develop and maintain the appropriate infrastructure 333
and disclosure systems necessary to measure and report, on a 334
regular basis, the quality of health care services provided to 335
enrollees, based on a systematic collection, analysis, and 336

reporting of relevant data. The health insuring corporation 337
shall assure that a committee that includes participating 338
physicians have the opportunity to participate in developing, 339
implementing, and evaluating the quality assurance program and 340
all other programs implemented by the health insuring 341
corporation that relate to the utilization of health care 342
services. A committee that includes participating physicians 343
shall also have the opportunity to participate in the derivation 344
of data assessments, statistical analyses, and outcome 345
interpretations from programs monitoring the utilization of 346
health care services. 347

(2) Develop and maintain an organizational program for 348
designing, measuring, assessing, and improving the processes and 349
outcomes of health care. 350

(B) A quality assurance program shall: 351

(1) Establish an internal system capable of identifying 352
opportunities to improve health care, which system is structured 353
to identify practices that result in improved health care 354
outcomes, to identify problematic utilization patterns, and to 355
identify those providers that may be responsible for either 356
exemplary or problematic patterns. The quality assurance program 357
shall use the findings generated by the system to work on a 358
continuing basis with participating providers and other staff to 359
improve the quality of health care services provided to 360
enrollees. 361

(2) Develop a written statement of its objectives, lines 362
of authority and accountability, evaluation tools, and 363
performance improvement activities; 364

(3) Require an annual effectiveness review of the program; 365

(4) Provide a description of how the health insuring corporation intends to do all of the following:	366 367
(a) Analyze both processes and outcomes of health care, including focused review of individual cases as appropriate, to discern the causes of variation;	368 369 370
(b) Identify the targeted diagnoses and treatments to be reviewed by the quality assurance program each year, based on consideration of practices and diagnoses that affect a substantial number of the health insuring corporation's enrollees or that could place enrollees at serious risk;	371 372 373 374 375
(c) Use a range of appropriate methods to analyze quality of health care, including collection and analysis of information on over-utilization and under-utilization of health care services; evaluation of courses of treatment and outcomes based on current medical research, knowledge, standards, and practice guidelines; and collection and analysis of information specific to enrollees or providers;	376 377 378 379 380 381 382
(d) Compare quality assurance program findings with past performance, internal goals, and external standards;	383 384
(e) Measure the performance of participating providers and conduct peer review activities;	385 386
(f) Utilize treatment protocols and practice parameters developed with appropriate clinical input;	387 388
(g) Implement improvement strategies related to quality assurance program findings;	389 390
(h) Evaluate periodically, but not less than annually, the effectiveness of the improvement strategies.	391 392
Sec. 1751.84. (A) Notwithstanding section 3901.71 of the	393

Revised Code, each individual and group health insuring 394
corporation policy, contract, or agreement providing basic 395
health care services that is delivered, issued for delivery, or 396
renewed in this state shall provide coverage for the screening, 397
diagnosis, and treatment of autism spectrum disorder. A health 398
insuring corporation shall not terminate an individual's 399
coverage, or refuse to deliver, execute, issue, amend, adjust, 400
or renew coverage to an individual solely because the individual 401
is diagnosed with or has received treatment for an autism 402
spectrum disorder. Nothing in this section shall be applied to 403
nongrandfathered plans in the individual and small group markets 404
or to medicare supplement, accident-only, specified disease, 405
hospital indemnity, disability income, long-term care, or other 406
limited benefit hospital insurance policies. Except as otherwise 407
provided in division (B) of this section, coverage under this 408
section shall not be subject to dollar limits, deductibles, or 409
coinsurance provisions that are less favorable to an enrollee 410
than the dollar limits, deductibles, or coinsurance provisions 411
that apply to substantially all medical and surgical benefits 412
under the policy, contract, or agreement. 413

(B) Benefits provided under this section shall cover, at 414
minimum, all of the following: 415

(1) For speech and language therapy or occupational 416
therapy for an enrollee under the age of fourteen that is 417
performed by a licensed therapist, twenty visits per year for 418
each service; 419

(2) For clinical therapeutic intervention for an enrollee 420
under the age of fourteen that is provided by or under the 421
supervision of a professional who is licensed, certified, or 422
registered by an appropriate agency of this state to perform 423

such services in accordance with a health treatment plan, twenty 424
hours per week; 425

(3) For mental or behavioral health outpatient services 426
for an enrollee under the age of fourteen that are performed by 427
a licensed psychologist, psychiatrist, or physician providing 428
consultation, assessment, development, or oversight of treatment 429
plans, thirty visits per year. 430

(C) (1) Except as provided in division (C) (2) of this 431
section, this section shall not be construed as limiting 432
benefits that are otherwise available to an individual under a 433
policy, contract, or agreement. 434

(2) A policy, contract, or agreement shall stipulate that 435
coverage provided under this section be contingent upon both of 436
the following: 437

(a) The covered individual receiving prior authorization 438
for the services in question; 439

(b) The services in question being prescribed or ordered 440
by either a developmental pediatrician or a psychologist trained 441
in autism. 442

(D) (1) Except for inpatient services, if an enrollee is 443
receiving treatment for an autism spectrum disorder, a health 444
insuring corporation may review the treatment plan annually, 445
unless the health insuring corporation and the enrollee's 446
treating physician or psychologist agree that a more frequent 447
review is necessary. 448

(2) Any such agreement as described in division (D) (1) of 449
this section shall apply only to a particular enrollee being 450
treated for an autism spectrum disorder and shall not apply to 451
all individuals being treated for autism spectrum disorder by a 452

physician or psychologist. 453

(3) The health insuring corporation shall cover the cost 454
of obtaining any review or treatment plan. 455

(E) This section shall not be construed as affecting any 456
obligation to provide services to an enrollee under an 457
individualized family service plan, an individualized education 458
program, or an individualized service plan. 459

(F) As used in this section: 460

(1) "Applied behavior analysis" means the design, 461
implementation, and evaluation of environmental modifications, 462
using behavioral stimuli and consequences, to produce socially 463
significant improvement in human behavior, including the use of 464
direct observation, measurement, and functional analysis of the 465
relationship between environment and behavior. 466

(2) "Autism spectrum disorder" means any of the pervasive 467
developmental disorders or autism spectrum disorder as defined 468
by the most recent edition of the diagnostic and statistical 469
manual of mental disorders published by the American psychiatric 470
association available at the time an individual is first 471
evaluated for suspected developmental delay. 472

(3) "Clinical therapeutic intervention" means therapies 473
supported by empirical evidence, which include, but are not 474
limited to, applied behavioral analysis, that satisfy both of 475
the following: 476

(a) Are necessary to develop, maintain, or restore, to the 477
maximum extent practicable, the function of an individual; 478

(b) Are provided by or under the supervision of any of the 479
following: 480

(i) A certified Ohio behavior analyst as defined in	481
section 4783.01 of the Revised Code;	482
(ii) An individual licensed under Chapter 4732. of the	483
Revised Code to practice psychology;	484
(iii) An individual licensed under Chapter 4757. of the	485
Revised Code to practice professional counseling, social work,	486
or marriage and family therapy.	487
(4) "Diagnosis of autism spectrum disorder" means	488
medically necessary assessment <u>assessments</u> , evaluations, or	489
tests to diagnose whether an individual has an autism spectrum	490
disorder.	491
(5) "Pharmacy care" means medications prescribed by a	492
licensed physician and any health-related services considered	493
medically necessary to determine the need or effectiveness of	494
the medications.	495
(6) "Psychiatric care" means direct or consultative	496
services provided by a psychiatrist licensed in the state in	497
which the psychiatrist practices.	498
(7) "Psychological care" means direct or consultative	499
services provided by a psychologist licensed in the state in	500
which the psychologist practices.	501
(8) "Therapeutic care" means services provided by a speech	502
therapist, occupational therapist, or physical therapist	503
licensed or certified in the state in which the person	504
practices.	505
(9) "Treatment for autism spectrum disorder" means	506
evidence-based care and related equipment prescribed or ordered	507
for an individual diagnosed with an autism spectrum disorder by	508

a licensed physician who is a developmental pediatrician or a 509
licensed psychologist trained in autism who determines the care 510
to be medically necessary, including any of the following: 511

(a) Clinical therapeutic intervention; 512

(b) Pharmacy care; 513

(c) Psychiatric care; 514

(d) Psychological care; 515

(e) Therapeutic care. 516

(G) If any provision of this section or the application 517
thereof to any person or circumstances is for any reason held to 518
be invalid, the remainder of the section and the application of 519
such remainder to other persons or circumstances shall not be 520
affected thereby. 521

Sec. 1753.31. As used in sections 1753.31 to 1753.43 of 522
the Revised Code: 523

(A) "Adjusted RBC report" means an RBC report that has 524
been adjusted by the superintendent of insurance in accordance 525
with division (C) of section 1753.32 of the Revised Code. 526

(B) "Authorized control level RBC" means the number 527
determined under the risk-based capital formula in accordance 528
with the RBC instructions. 529

~~(e)~~(C) "Company action level RBC" means the product of 2.0 530
and a health insuring corporation's authorized control level 531
RBC. 532

(D) "Corrective order" means an order issued by the 533
superintendent of insurance specifying corrective actions that 534
the superintendent determines are required. 535

(E) "Domestic health insuring corporation" means a health insuring corporation domiciled in this state.	536 537
(F) "Foreign health insuring corporation" means a health insuring corporation holding a certificate of authority under chapter 1751. of the Revised Code that is domiciled outside of this state.	538 539 540 541
(G) (G) "Mandatory control level RBC" means the product of .70 and a health insuring corporation's authorized control level RBC.	542 543 544
(H) "NAIC" means the national association of insurance <u>insurance</u> commissioners.	545 546
(I) "Net worth" means statutory capital and surplus.	547
(J) "RBC" means risk-based capital.	548
(K) "RBC instruction <u>instructions</u> " means the RBC report, including risk-based capital instructions, as adopted by the NAIC and as amended by the NAIC from time to time in accordance with the procedures adopted by the NAIC. "RBC instructions" also includes any modifications adopted by the superintendent of insurance, as the superintendent considers to be necessary.	549 550 551 552 553 554
(L) "RBC level" means a health insuring corporation's action level RBC, regulatory action level RBC, authorized control level RBC, or mandatory control level RBC.	555 556 557
(M) "RBC plan" means a comprehensive financial plan containing the elements specified in division (B) of section 1753.33 of the Revised Code.	558 559 560
(N) "RBC report" means the report required by section 1753.32 of the Revised Code.	561 562

(O) "Regulatory action level RBC" means the product of 1.5 563
and a health insuring corporation's authorized control level 564
RBC. 565

(P) "Revised RBC plan" means an RBC plan rejected by the 566
superintendent of insurance and then revised by a health 567
insuring corporation with or without incorporating the 568
superintendent's recommendations. 569

(Q) "Total adjusted capital" means the sum of both of the 570
following: 571

(1) A health insuring corporation's net worth as 572
determined in accordance with the statutory accounting 573
applicable to the annual financial statements required to be 574
filed under section 1751.32 of the Revised Code; 575

(2) Such other items, if any, as the RBC instructions may 576
provide. 577

Sec. 3901.045. (A) The superintendent of insurance may 578
receive documents and information, including otherwise 579
confidential or privileged documents and information, from 580
local, state, federal, and international regulatory and law 581
enforcement agencies, from local, state, and federal 582
prosecutors, and from the national association of insurance 583
commissioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries, provided that 584
the superintendent maintains as confidential or privileged any 585
document or information received with notice or the 586
understanding that the document or information is confidential 587
or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the 588
source of the document or information. 589

(B) The superintendent may also receive documents and 590
information, including otherwise confidential or privileged 591

documents and information, from the chief deputy rehabilitator, 592
the chief deputy liquidator, other deputy rehabilitators and 593
liquidators, and from any other person employed by, or acting on 594
behalf of, the superintendent pursuant to Chapter 3901. or 3903. 595
of the Revised Code, provided that the superintendent maintains 596
as confidential or privileged any document or information 597
received with the notice or understanding that the document or 598
information is confidential or privileged, except that the 599
superintendent may share and disclose such a document or 600
information when authorized by other sections of the Revised 601
Code. 602

(C) The superintendent has the authority to maintain as 603
confidential or privileged the documents and information 604
received pursuant to this section. 605

(D) The superintendent's authority to receive documents 606
and information under this section, from the persons and subject 607
to the conditions listed in this section, is not limited in any 608
way by section 1751.19, 3901.36, 3901.44, 3901.48, 3901.70, 609
3903.11, 3903.722, 3903.7211, 3903.88, ~~3905.492~~, 3905.50, 610
3922.21, or 3999.36 of the Revised Code. 611

Sec. 3901.13. Whenever the superintendent of insurance has 612
reason to believe that there is a violation of section 3901.11 613
or 3901.12 of the Revised Code, ~~he~~ the superintendent shall 614
serve upon the insurers and directors a notice of a hearing 615
before the superintendent to be held not less than thirty days 616
after the service of such notice, and requiring such insurers 617
and directors to show cause why an order should not be made by 618
the superintendent directing such insurers and directors to 619
cease and desist from such violation. All such hearings shall be 620
conducted in accordance with sections 119.01 to 119.13, ~~—~~ 621

~~inclusive,~~ of the Revised Code. 622

If, upon such hearing, the superintendent finds that there 623
has been a violation of section 3901.11 or 3901.12 of the 624
Revised Code, ~~he the superintendent~~ shall issue and cause to be 625
served upon such insurers and directors an order reciting the 626
facts found by ~~him the superintendent,~~ setting forth the 627
respects in which there has been a violation, and directing such 628
insurers and directors to cease and desist from such violation. 629

Any such order of the superintendent shall be subject to 630
judicial review in accordance with sections 119.01 to 119.13, ~~—~~ 631
~~inclusive,~~ of the Revised Code. A violation of any such order 632
is, subject to said judicial review, deemed a violation as 633
contemplated by section 3901.16 or 3901.17 of the Revised Code. 634

Sec. 3901.25. If after thirty days following the giving of 635
the notice mentioned in section 3901.24 of the Revised Code such 636
insurer has failed to cease making, issuing, or circulating such 637
false misrepresentations or causing the same to be made, issued, 638
or circulated in this state, and if the superintendent of 639
insurance has reason to believe that a proceeding by ~~him the~~ 640
superintendent in respect to such matters would be to the 641
interest of the public, and that such insurer is issuing or 642
delivering contracts of insurance to residents of this state or 643
collecting premiums on such contracts or doing any of the acts 644
enumerated in section 3901.26 of the Revised Code, ~~he the~~ 645
superintendent shall take action against such insurer under 646
sections 3901.19 to 3901.26, ~~inclusive,~~ of the Revised Code. 647

Sec. 3901.41. (A) As used in this section: 648

(1) "Automated transaction" has the same meaning as in 649
section 1306.01 of the Revised Code, and includes electronic 650

transactions between two or more persons conducting business 651
pursuant to the laws of this state relating to insurance. 652

(2) "Contact point" means any electronic identification to 653
which messages can be sent, including, but not limited to, any 654
of the following: 655

(a) An electronic mail address; 656

(b) An instant message identity; 657

(c) A wireless telephone number, or any other personal 658
electronic communication device; 659

(d) A facsimile number. 660

(3) "Insured" means a certificate holder, contract owner, 661
customer, policyholder, or subscriber as those terms are used in 662
the laws of this state relating to insurance. 663

(4) "Insurer" has the same meaning as in section 3901.32 664
of the Revised Code. 665

(5) "Laws of this state relating to insurance" has the 666
same meaning as in section 3901.04 of the Revised Code. 667

(6) "Personally identifiable information" means any 668
individually identifiable information gathered in connection 669
with an insurance transaction, including a person's name, 670
address, social security number, and banking information. 671

(7) "Secure web site" means a web site that meets both of 672
the following criteria: 673

(a) The web site uses the hypertext transfer protocol 674
secure communication protocol or other equally secure 675
communication protocol. 676

(b) The web site requires a person to enter a unique user 677

credential to access personally identifiable information for 678
which the person has the legal right to access. 679

(B) Notwithstanding any laws of this state relating to 680
insurance, sections 1306.01 to 1306.23 of the Revised Code, the 681
"Uniform Electronics Transactions Act," apply to the business of 682
insurance in this state. 683

(C) (1) If an insured agrees to conduct the business of 684
insurance via an automated transaction, any information issued 685
or delivered in writing may be issued or delivered 686
electronically to a contact point provided by the insured, as 687
long as both of the following apply: 688

(a) The transmission of information is in compliance with 689
sections 1306.07 and 1306.14 of the Revised Code. 690

(b) The details of the automated transaction are fully 691
disclosed to the insured in the application, policy, 692
certificate, contract of insurance, or by another method that 693
ensures notice to the insured. An insurer's form used only to 694
notify an insured of and obtain consent for an automated 695
transaction does not need to be approved or accepted by the 696
superintendent of insurance. 697

(2) (a) Except for notices of cancellation, nonrenewal, or 698
termination, an insurer may deliver information via a secure web 699
site if the insurer sends an electronic notice to a contact 700
point and the electronic notice includes a hyperlink to the 701
secure web site. 702

(b) If an insurer uses a secure web site to deliver 703
changes in terms or conditions in an insured's policy, 704
certificate, or contract of insurance, including any 705
endorsements or amendments, the electronic notice to the 706

insured's contact point shall include all of the following:	707
(i) A list or summary of the changes;	708
(ii) A link to the complete document located on the insurer's secure web site;	709 710
(iii) The following or substantially similar statement displayed in a prominent manner:	711 712
"There are changes in the terms or conditions of your policy, certificate, or contract of insurance."	713 714
(3) At a minimum, the details of the automated transaction shall include all of the following:	715 716
(a) A clear and conspicuous statement informing the insured of any right or option of the insured to receive a record on paper;	717 718 719
(b) The right of the insured to withdraw the insured's consent, and any consequences or fees if the insured withdraws consent;	720 721 722
(c) A description of the procedures the insured must use to withdraw consent and to update the insured's contact point.	723 724
(4) Agreement to participate in a part of an automated transaction shall not be used to confirm the insured's consent to transact the entire business of insurance pursuant to this section.	725 726 727 728
(5) A withdrawal of consent by an insured shall be effective within a reasonable time period, not to exceed ten business days after the receipt of the withdrawal by the insurer.	729 730 731 732
(D) The insurer shall send all notices of cancellation,	733

nonrenewal, termination, or changes in the terms or conditions 734
of the policy, certificate, or contract of insurance to the last 735
known contact point supplied by the insured. If the insurer has 736
knowledge that the insured's contact point is no longer valid, 737
the insurer shall send the information via regular mail to the 738
last known address furnished to the insurer by the insured. 739

(E) Any insurer conducting the business of insurance via 740
an automated transaction shall allow the insurer's insureds who 741
agree to participate in an automated transaction the option to 742
withdraw consent from participating in the automated 743
transaction. 744

(F) Notwithstanding any laws or regulations of this state 745
relating to insurance, any policy, certificate, or contract of 746
insurance, including any endorsements or amendments, that do not 747
contain personally identifiable information may be posted to the 748
insurer's web site in lieu of any other method of delivery. If 749
the insurer elects to post any policy, certificate, or contract 750
of insurance to the insurer's web site, all of the following 751
shall apply: 752

(1) The policy, certificate, or contract of insurance is 753
readily accessible by the insured and, once the policy, 754
certificate, or contract of insurance is no longer used by the 755
insurer in this state, it is stored in a readily accessible 756
archive; 757

(2) The policy, certificate, or contract of insurance is 758
posted in such a manner that the insured can easily identify the 759
insured's applicable policy, certificate, or contract and print 760
or download the insured's documents without charge and without 761
the use of any special program or application that is not 762
readily available to the public without charge; 763

(3) The insurer provides written notice at the time of 764
issuance of the initial policy, certificate, contract, or any 765
renewal forms of a method by which the insured may obtain upon 766
request a paper or electronic copy of their policy, certificate, 767
or contract without charge; 768

(4) The insurer clearly identifies the applicable policy, 769
endorsements, amendments, certificate, or contract of insurance 770
purchased by the insured on any declaration page, certificate of 771
insurance, summary of benefits, or other evidence of coverage 772
issued to the insured; 773

(5) The insurer gives notice, in the manner it customarily 774
communicates with an insured, of any changes to the policy, 775
certificate, or contract of insurance, including any 776
endorsements or amendments, and of the insured's right to obtain 777
upon request a paper or electronic copy of the policy, 778
endorsements, or amendments without charge. 779

(G) Notwithstanding any other section of Title XXXIX or 780
Chapters 1739. or 1751. of the Revised Code or rules adopted 781
thereunder to the contrary, an insurer may deliver any notices, 782
documents, or information to an insured via an automated 783
transaction pursuant to this section. 784

(H) This section does not supersede any time periods, 785
filing requirements, or content of notices, documents, notices 786
to insureds' agents required pursuant to sections 3937.25, 787
3937.26, and 3937.27 of the Revised Code, or information 788
otherwise required by a law other than this section relating to 789
insurance. This section does not apply to disclosures through 790
electronic media of certificates, explanation of benefit 791
statements, and other mandated materials under the "Employee 792
Retirement Income Security Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 829, 29 U.S.C. 793

1001, as amended, and any regulation adopted thereunder. 794

(I) If the consent of an insured to receive certain 795
notices, documents, or information in an electronic form is on 796
file with an insurer before ~~the effective date of this section~~ 797
September 4, 2014, if the consent was not accompanied by the 798
details of the automated transaction described in division (C) 799
(3) of this section, and if, pursuant to this section, an 800
insurer intends to deliver additional notices, documents, or 801
information to that insured in an electronic form, then, prior 802
to delivering or at the time of delivering such additional 803
notice, documents, or information electronically, the insurer 804
shall notify the insured of the details of the automated 805
transaction in compliance with division (C) (3) of this section. 806

(J) The superintendent of insurance may adopt rules in 807
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code as the 808
superintendent considers necessary to carry out the purposes of 809
this section. 810

Sec. 3901.45. (A) As used in sections 3901.45 and 3901.46 811
of the Revised Code: 812

(1) "AIDS," "HIV," "AIDS-related condition," and "HIV 813
test" have the same meanings as in section 3701.24 of the 814
Revised Code. 815

(2) "Insurer" means any person authorized to engage in the 816
business of life or sickness and accident insurance under Title 817
XXXIX of the Revised Code or any person or governmental entity 818
providing health services coverage for individuals on a self- 819
insurance basis. 820

(3) "Group policy" means, with respect to life insurance, 821
a policy covering more than twenty-five individuals and issued 822

pursuant to section 3917.01 of the Revised Code, and with 823
respect to sickness and accident insurance, a policy covering 824
more than twenty-five individuals and issued pursuant to section 825
3923.11, 3923.12, or 3923.13 of the Revised Code. "Group policy" 826
includes a certificate of life or sickness and accident 827
insurance covering more than twenty-five individuals under a 828
group policy issued to a multiple employer trust. 829

(4) "Individual policy" means, with respect to life 830
insurance and sickness and accident insurance, a policy other 831
than a group policy, except that "individual policy" also 832
includes all of the following: 833

(a) The coverage under a group policy of an individual who 834
seeks to become a member of an insured group after having 835
declined a previous offer of coverage under the group policy; 836

(b) An individual who seeks life insurance coverage under 837
a group policy in excess of the maximum coverage available under 838
the policy without evidence of insurability; 839

(c) A certificate of life or sickness and accident 840
insurance covering no more than twenty-five individuals under a 841
group policy issued to a multiple employer trust. 842

(B) In processing an application for an individual policy 843
of life or sickness and accident insurance or in determining 844
insurability of an applicant, no insurer shall: 845

(1) Take into consideration an applicant's sexual 846
orientation; 847

(2) Make any inquiry toward determining an applicant's 848
sexual orientation or direct any person who provides services to 849
the insurer to investigate an applicant's sexual orientation; 850

(3) Make a decision adverse to the applicant based on 851
entries in medical records or other reports that show that the 852
applicant has sought an HIV test, consultation regarding the 853
possibility of developing AIDS or an AIDS-related condition, or 854
counseling for concerns related to AIDS from health care 855
professionals unless there has been a diagnosis, confirmed by a 856
positive HIV test, of AIDS or an AIDS-related condition or the 857
applicant has been treated for either. 858

(C) (1) In developing and asking questions regarding 859
medical histories and lifestyles of applicants for life or 860
sickness and accident insurance and in assessing the answers, an 861
insurer shall not ask questions designed to ascertain the sexual 862
orientation of the applicant nor use factors such as marital 863
status, living arrangements, occupation, gender, medical 864
history, beneficiary designation, or zip code or other 865
geographic designation to aid in ascertaining the applicant's 866
sexual orientation. 867

(2) An insurer may ask the applicant if ~~he~~ the applicant 868
has ever been diagnosed as having AIDS or an AIDS-related 869
condition. 870

(3) An insurer may ask the applicant specifically whether 871
~~he~~ the applicant has ever had a positive result on an HIV test. 872
"Positive result" means a result interpreted as positive in 873
accordance with guidelines developed by the director of health 874
under division (B) (1) ~~(a)~~ of section 3701.241 of the Revised 875
Code, even though the applicant may have been tested in another 876
state. "Positive result" does not mean an initial positive 877
result that further testing showed to be false. 878

(4) The insurer shall not ask the applicant whether ~~he~~ the 879
applicant has ever taken an HIV test. 880

(D) (1) Except as provided in division (D) (2) of this 881
section, no insurer shall cancel a policy of life or sickness 882
and accident insurance, or refuse to renew a policy of life or 883
sickness and accident insurance other than a policy that is 884
renewable at the option of the insurer, based solely on the fact 885
that, after the effective date of the policy, the policyholder 886
is diagnosed as having AIDS, an AIDS-related condition, or an 887
HIV infection. 888

(2) If a policy of life or sickness and accident insurance 889
provides for a contestability period, an insurer may cancel the 890
policy during the contestability period if the applicant made a 891
false statement in the application with regard to the question 892
of whether ~~he~~ the applicant has been diagnosed as having AIDS, 893
an AIDS-related condition, or an HIV infection. 894

(E) No insurer shall deliver, issue for delivery, or renew 895
a policy of life or sickness and accident insurance that limits 896
benefits or coverage in the event that, after the effective date 897
of the policy, the insured develops AIDS or an AIDS-related 898
condition or receives a positive result on an HIV test. 899

(F) An insurer is not required to offer coverage under a 900
policy of life or sickness and accident insurance to an 901
individual or group member, or a dependent of an individual or 902
group member, who has AIDS or an AIDS-related condition, or who 903
has had a positive result on an HIV test. 904

(G) An insurer is not required to continue to provide 905
coverage under a policy of life or sickness and accident 906
insurance to an individual or group member, or a dependent of an 907
individual or group member, if the insurer determines the 908
individual or group member or dependent of the individual or 909
group member knew on the effective date of the policy that ~~he~~ 910

the individual or group member or dependent of the individual or group member had AIDS, an AIDS-related condition, or a positive result of an HIV test. 911
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913

(H) A violation of this section is an unfair insurance practice under sections 3901.19 to 3901.26 of the Revised Code. 914
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Sec. 3901.811. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of this section, an auditing entity is subject to all of the following conditions when performing a pharmacy audit in this state: 916
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(1) If it is necessary that the pharmacy audit be performed on the premises of a pharmacy, the auditing entity shall give the pharmacy that is the subject of the audit written notice of the date or dates on which the audit will be performed and the range of prescription numbers from which the auditing entity will select pharmacy records to audit. Notice of the date or dates on which the audit will be performed shall be given not less than ten business days before the date the audit is to commence. Notice of the range of prescription numbers from which the auditing entity will select pharmacy records to audit shall be received by the pharmacy not less than seven business days before the date ~~of~~ the audit is to commence. 920
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(2) The auditing entity shall not include in the pharmacy audit a review of a claim for payment for the provision of dangerous drugs or pharmacy services if the date of the pharmacy's initial submission of the claim for payment occurred more than twenty-four months before the date the audit commences. 932
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(3) Absent an indication that there was an error in the dispensing of a drug, the auditing entity or payer shall not 938
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seek to recoup from the pharmacy that is the subject of the 940
audit any amount that the pharmacy audit identifies as being the 941
result of clerical or recordkeeping errors in the absence of 942
financial harm. For purposes of this provision, an error in the 943
dispensing of a drug is any of the following: selecting an 944
incorrect drug, issuing incorrect directions, or dispensing a 945
drug to the incorrect patient. 946

(4) The auditing entity shall not use the accounting 947
practice of extrapolation when calculating a monetary penalty to 948
be imposed or amount to be recouped as the result of the 949
pharmacy audit. 950

(B) (1) The condition in division (A) (1) of this section 951
does not apply if, prior to the audit, the auditing entity has 952
evidence, from its review of claims data, statements, or 953
physical evidence or its use of other investigative methods, 954
indicating that fraud or other intentional or willful 955
misrepresentation exists. 956

(2) The condition in division (A) (3) of this section does 957
not apply if the auditing entity has evidence, from its review 958
of claims data, statements, or physical evidence or its use of 959
other investigative methods, indicating that fraud or other 960
intentional or willful misrepresentation exists. 961

(3) Division (A) (4) of this section does not apply when 962
the accounting practice of extrapolation is required by state or 963
federal law. 964

Sec. 3901.87. (A) No qualified health plan shall provide 965
coverage for a nontherapeutic abortion. 966

(B) As used in this section: 967

(1) "Nontherapeutic abortion" has the same meaning as in 968

section ~~124.85-9.04~~ 9.04 of the Revised Code. 969

(2) "Qualified health plan" means any qualified health 970
plan as defined in section 1301 of the "Patient Protection and 971
Affordable Care Act," 42 U.S.C. 18021, offered in this state 972
through an exchange created under that act. 973

Sec. 3901.88. The superintendent of insurance shall 974
conduct an actuarial study on the costs of all health care 975
mandates under state law that apply to individual and group 976
health insurance plans that are not subject to the "Employee 977
Retirement Income Security Act of 1974," 29 U.S.C. 1001, et seq. 978
This study shall be delivered electronically to the governor, 979
the senate president, and the speaker of the house not later 980
than two years after ~~the effective date of this section~~ April 6, 981
2017. 982

Sec. 3901.90. The superintendent of insurance, in 983
consultation with the director of mental health and addiction 984
services, shall develop consumer and payer education on mental 985
health and addiction services insurance parity and establish and 986
promote a consumer hotline to collect information and help 987
consumers understand and access their insurance benefits. 988

The department of insurance and the department of mental 989
health and addiction services shall jointly report annually on 990
the department's efforts, which shall include information on 991
consumer and payer outreach activities and identification of 992
trends and barriers to access and coverage in this state. The 993
departments shall submit the report to the general assembly, the 994
joint medicaid oversight committee, and the governor, not later 995
than the thirtieth day of January of each year. 996

Sec. 3902.08. (A) Except as provided in section 3902.03 of 997

the Revised Code, sections 3902.01 to 3902.08 of the Revised Code apply to all policy forms filed on or after ~~three years~~ after the effective date of sections 3902.01 to 3902.08 of the Revised Code January 9, 1983. No policy form shall be delivered or issued for delivery in this state on or after ~~five years~~ after the effective date of sections 3902.01 to 3902.08 of the Revised Code January 9, 1985 unless approved by the superintendent of insurance, or permitted to be issued, pursuant to sections 3902.01 to 3902.08 of the Revised Code. Any policy form that has been approved or permitted to be issued prior to ~~five years after the effective date of sections 3902.01 to 3902.08 of the Revised Code~~ January 9, 1985, and that meets the standards set by sections 3902.01 to 3902.08 of the Revised Code need not be refiled for approval, but may continue to be lawfully delivered or issued for delivery in this state upon the filing with the superintendent of a list of such forms identified by form number and accompanied by a certificate as to each such form in the manner provided in division (D) of section ~~3902.05~~ 3902.04 of the Revised Code.

(B) The superintendent may, ~~in his~~ the superintendent's discretion, extend the dates in division (A) of this section.

Sec. 3903.01. As used in sections 3903.01 to 3903.59 of the Revised Code:

(A) "Admitted assets" means investment in assets which will be admitted by the superintendent of insurance pursuant to the law of this state.

(B) "Affiliate" has the same meaning as "affiliate of" or "affiliated with," as defined in section 3901.32 of the Revised Code.

(C) "Assets" means all property, real and personal, of every nature and kind whatsoever or any interest therein.	1027 1028
(D) "Ancillary state" means any state other than a domiciliary state.	1029 1030
(E) "Commodity contract" means any of the following:	1031
(1) A contract for the purchase or sale of a commodity for future delivery on, or subject to the rules of, a board of trade designated as a contract market by the commodity futures trading commission under the "Commodity Exchange Act," 7 U.S.C. 1 et seq., as amended, or a board of trade outside the United States;	1032 1033 1034 1035 1036
(2) An agreement that is subject to regulation under section 19 of the "Commodity Exchange Act," 7 U.S.C. 23, as amended, and that is commonly known to the commodities trade as a margin account, margin contract, leverage account, or leverage contract;	1037 1038 1039 1040 1041
(3) An agreement or transaction that is subject to regulation under section 4c(b) of the "Commodity Exchange Act," 7 U.S.C. 6c(b), as amended, and that is commonly known to the commodities trade as a commodity option;	1042 1043 1044 1045
(4) Any combination of agreements or transactions described in division (E) of this section;	1046 1047
(5) Any option to enter into an agreement or transaction described in division (E) of this section.	1048 1049
(F) "Creditor" means a person having any claim, whether matured or unmatured, liquidated or unliquidated, secured or unsecured, absolute, fixed, or contingent.	1050 1051 1052
(G) "Delinquency proceeding" means any proceeding commenced against an insurer for the purpose of liquidating,	1053 1054

rehabilitating, reorganizing, or conserving the insurer, and any 1055
summary proceeding under section 3903.09 or 3903.10 of the 1056
Revised Code. "Formal delinquency proceeding" means any 1057
liquidation or rehabilitation proceeding. 1058

(H) "Doing business" includes any of the following acts, 1059
whether effected by mail or otherwise: 1060

(1) The issuance or delivery of contracts of insurance to 1061
persons resident in this state; 1062

(2) The solicitation of applications for such contracts, 1063
or other negotiations preliminary to the execution of such 1064
contracts; 1065

(3) The collection of premiums, membership fees, 1066
assessments, or other consideration for such contracts; 1067

(4) The transaction of matters subsequent to execution of 1068
such contracts and arising out of them; 1069

(5) Operating under a license or certificate of authority, 1070
as an insurer, issued by the department of insurance. 1071

(I) "Domiciliary state" means the state in which an 1072
insurer is incorporated or organized, or, in the case of an 1073
alien insurer, its state of entry. 1074

(J) "Fair consideration" is given for property or 1075
obligation when either of the following apply: 1076

(1) When in exchange for such property or obligation, as a 1077
fair equivalent therefor, and in good faith, property is 1078
conveyed, services are rendered, an obligation is incurred, or 1079
an antecedent debt is satisfied; 1080

(2) When such property or obligation is received in good 1081

faith to secure a present advance or antecedent debt in an 1082
amount not disproportionately small as compared to the value of 1083
the property or obligation obtained. 1084

(K) "Federal home loan bank" means an institution 1085
chartered under the "Federal Home Loan Bank Act of 1932," 12 1086
U.S.C. 1421, et seq. 1087

(L) "Foreign country" means any other jurisdiction not in 1088
any state. 1089

(M) "Forward contract" has the same meaning as in the 1090
federal "Deposit Insurance Act," 64 Stat. 884, 12 U.S.C. 1821(e) 1091
(8) (D), as now and hereafter amended. 1092

(N) "Guaranty association" means the Ohio insurance 1093
guaranty association created by section 3955.06 of the Revised 1094
Code and any other similar entity hereafter created by the 1095
general assembly for the payment of claims of insolvent 1096
insurers. "Foreign guaranty association" means any similar 1097
entities now in existence in or hereafter created by the 1098
legislature of any other state. 1099

(O) "Insolvency" or "insolvent" means: 1100

(1) For an insurer issuing only assessable fire insurance 1101
policies either of the following: 1102

(a) The inability to pay any obligation within thirty days 1103
after it becomes payable; 1104

(b) If an assessment is made within thirty days after such 1105
date, the inability to pay the obligation thirty days following 1106
the date specified in the first assessment notice issued after 1107
the date of loss. 1108

(2) For any other insurer, that it is unable to pay its 1109

obligations when they are due, or when its admitted assets do 1110
not exceed its liabilities plus the greater of either of the 1111
following: 1112

(a) Any capital and surplus required by law for its 1113
organization; 1114

(b) The total par or stated value of its authorized and 1115
issued capital stock. 1116

(3) As to any insurer licensed to do business in this 1117
state as of the effective date of sections 3903.01 to 3903.59 of 1118
the Revised Code that does not meet the standard established 1119
under division ~~(N)~~(O)(2) of this section, the term "insolvency" 1120
or "insolvent" means, for a period not to exceed three years 1121
from the effective date of sections 3903.01 to 3903.59 of the 1122
Revised Code, that it is unable to pay its obligations when they 1123
are due or that its admitted assets do not exceed its 1124
liabilities plus any required capital contribution ordered by 1125
the superintendent under provisions of Title XXXIX of the 1126
Revised Code. 1127

(4) For purposes of divisions ~~(N)~~(O)(2) to (4) of this 1128
section, "liabilities" includes, but is not limited to, reserves 1129
required by statute or by rules of the superintendent or 1130
specific requirements imposed by the superintendent upon a 1131
subject company at the time of admission or subsequent thereto. 1132

(P) "Insurer" means any person who has done, purports to 1133
do, is doing, or is licensed to do an insurance business, and is 1134
or has been subject to the authority of, or to liquidation, 1135
rehabilitation, reorganization, supervision, or conservation by, 1136
any insurance commissioner, superintendent, or equivalent 1137
official. For purposes of sections 3903.01 to 3903.59 of the 1138

Revised Code, any other persons included under section 3903.03 1139
of the Revised Code are deemed to be insurers. 1140

(Q) "Netting agreement" means: 1141

(1) A contract or agreement, including a master agreement, 1142
and any terms and conditions incorporated by reference in such a 1143
contract or agreement, that provides for the netting, 1144
liquidation, setoff, termination, acceleration, or close out 1145
under or in connection with a qualified financial contract, or 1146
any present or future payment or delivery obligations or 1147
entitlements under a qualified financial contract, including 1148
liquidation or close-out values relating to those obligations or 1149
entitlements; 1150

(2) A master agreement, together with all schedules, 1151
confirmations, definitions, and addenda to the agreement and 1152
transactions under the agreement, which shall be treated as one 1153
netting agreement, and any bridge agreement for one or more 1154
master agreements; 1155

(3) Any security agreement or arrangement, credit support 1156
document, or guarantee or reimbursement obligation related to 1157
any contract or agreement described in division ~~(P)~~(Q) of this 1158
section. 1159

Any contract or agreement described in division ~~(P)~~(Q) of 1160
this section relating to agreements or transactions that are not 1161
qualified financial contracts shall be deemed to be a netting 1162
agreement only with respect to those agreements or transactions 1163
that are qualified financial contracts. 1164

(R) "Preferred claim" means any claim with respect to 1165
which the terms of sections 3903.01 to 3903.59 of the Revised 1166
Code accord priority of payment from the assets of the insurer. 1167

(S) "Qualified financial contract" means any commodity 1168
contract, forward contract, repurchase agreement, securities 1169
contract, swap agreement, and any similar agreement that the 1170
superintendent may determine by rule or order to be a qualified 1171
financial contract for purposes of this chapter. 1172

(T) "Reciprocal state" means any state other than this 1173
state in which in substance and effect division (A) of section 1174
3903.18, and sections 3903.52, 3903.53, and 3903.55 to 3903.57 1175
of the Revised Code are in force, in which provisions are in 1176
force requiring that the superintendent or equivalent official 1177
be the receiver, liquidator, rehabilitator, or conservator of a 1178
delinquent insurer, and in which some provision exists for the 1179
avoidance of fraudulent conveyances and preferential transfers. 1180

(U) "Repurchase agreement" has the same meaning as in the 1181
federal "Deposit Insurance Act," 64 Stat. 884, 12 U.S.C. 1821(e) 1182
(8) (D), as now and hereafter amended. 1183

(V) "Secured claim" means any claim secured by mortgage, 1184
trust deed, security agreement, pledge, deposit as security, 1185
escrow, or otherwise, but not including special deposit claims 1186
or claims against assets. The term also includes claims which 1187
have become liens upon specific assets by reason of judicial 1188
process. 1189

(W) "Securities contract" has the same meaning as in the 1190
federal "Deposit Insurance Act," 64 Stat. 884, 12 U.S.C. 1821(e) 1191
(8) (D), as now and hereafter amended. 1192

(X) "Special deposit claim" means any claim secured by a 1193
deposit made pursuant to statute for the security or benefit of 1194
a limited class or classes of persons, but not including any 1195
claim secured by assets. 1196

(Y) "State" has the meaning set forth in division (G) of section 1.59 of the Revised Code. 1197
1198

(Z) "Superintendent" or "superintendent of insurance" means the superintendent of insurance of this state, or, when the context requires, the superintendent or commissioner of insurance, or equivalent official, of another state. 1199
1200
1201
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(AA) "Swap agreement" has the same meaning as in the federal "Deposit Insurance Act," 64 Stat. 884, 12 U.S.C. 1821(e) (8) (D), as now and hereafter amended. 1203
1204
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(BB) "Transfer" includes the sale and every other and different mode, direct or indirect, of disposing of or of parting with property or with an interest in property, or with the possession of property or of fixing a lien upon property or upon an interest in property, absolutely or conditionally, voluntarily, or by or without judicial proceedings. The retention of a security title to property delivered to a debtor shall be deemed a transfer suffered by the debtor. 1206
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Sec. 3903.50. (A) If a domiciliary liquidator has not been appointed, the superintendent of insurance may file a complaint in the court of common pleas for an order directing ~~him~~ the superintendent to act as conservator to conserve the property of an alien insurer not domiciled in this state or a foreign insurer on any one or more of the following grounds: 1214
1215
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(1) Any of the grounds in section 3903.12 of the Revised Code; 1220
1221

(2) That any of its property has been sequestered by official action in its domiciliary state, or in any other state; 1222
1223

(3) That enough of its property has been sequestered in a foreign country to give reasonable cause to fear that the 1224
1225

insurer is or may become insolvent; 1226

(4) That its certificate of authority to do business in 1227
this state has been revoked or none was ever issued and that 1228
there are residents of this state with outstanding claims or 1229
outstanding policies. 1230

(B) When an order is sought under division (A) of this 1231
section, the court shall cause the insurer to be given such 1232
notice and time to respond thereto as is reasonable under the 1233
circumstances. 1234

(C) The court may issue the order in whatever terms it 1235
considers appropriate. Persons dealing with the property of the 1236
insurer are charged with notice of a judgment ordering the 1237
~~supervisor~~ superintendent to act as conservator under this 1238
section from the time when the judgment is filed under Civil 1239
Rule 58, or a certified copy of the judgment is filed under 1240
Civil Rule 3(F), with the clerk of the court of common pleas of 1241
the county in which the principal business of the company is 1242
located or the county in which its principal office or place of 1243
business is located. 1244

(D) The conservator may at any time file a motion for and 1245
the court may grant an order under section 3903.51 of the 1246
Revised Code to liquidate assets of a foreign or alien insurer 1247
under conservation, or, if appropriate, for an order under 1248
section 3903.53 of the Revised Code to be appointed ancillary 1249
receiver. 1250

(E) The conservator may at any time move the court for an 1251
order terminating conservation of an insurer. If the court finds 1252
that the conservation is no longer necessary, it shall order 1253
that the insurer be restored to possession of its property and 1254

the control of its business. The court may also make such 1255
finding and issue such order at any time upon motion of any 1256
interested party, but if such motion is denied all costs shall 1257
be assessed against the party. 1258

Sec. 3903.52. (A) ~~The domiciliary~~ domiciliary liquidator of 1259
an insurer domiciled in a reciprocal state shall, except as to 1260
special deposits and security on secured claims under division 1261
(C) of section 3903.53 of the Revised Code, be vested by 1262
operation of law with the title to all of the assets, property, 1263
contracts, and rights of action, agents' balances, and all of 1264
the books, accounts, and other records of the insurer located in 1265
this state. The date of vesting shall be the date of the filing 1266
of the complaint or petition, if that date is specified by the 1267
domiciliary law for the vesting of property in the domiciliary 1268
state. Otherwise, the date of vesting shall be the date of entry 1269
of the order directing possession to be taken. The domiciliary 1270
liquidator shall have the immediate right to recover balances 1271
due from agents and to obtain possession of the books, accounts, 1272
and other records of the insurer located in this state. ~~He~~ The 1273
domiciliary liquidator also shall have the right to recover all 1274
other assets of the insurer located in this state, subject to 1275
section 3903.53 of the Revised Code. 1276

(B) If a domiciliary liquidator is appointed for an 1277
insurer not domiciled in a reciprocal state, the superintendent 1278
of insurance shall be vested by operation of law with the title 1279
to all of the property, contracts, and rights of action, and all 1280
of the books, accounts, and other records of the insurer located 1281
in this state, at the same time that the domiciliary liquidator 1282
is vested with title in the domicile. The superintendent may 1283
file a complaint for a conservation or liquidation order under 1284
section 3903.50 or 3903.51 of the Revised Code, or for an 1285

ancillary receivership under section 3903.53 of the Revised Code, or after approval by the court may transfer title to the domiciliary liquidator, as the interests of justice and the equitable distribution of the assets require.

(C) Claimants residing in this state may file claims with the liquidator or ancillary receiver, if any, in this state or with the domiciliary liquidator, if the domiciliary law permits. The claims must be filed on or before the last date fixed for the filing of claims in the domiciliary liquidation proceedings.

Sec. 3903.56. (A) In a liquidation proceeding in a reciprocal state against an insurer domiciled in that state, claimants against the insurer who reside within this state may file claims either with the ancillary receiver, if any, in this state, or with the domiciliary liquidator. Claims must be filed on or before the last dates fixed for the filing of claims in the domiciliary liquidation proceeding.

(B) Claims belonging to claimants residing in this state may be proved either in the domiciliary state under the law of that state, or in ancillary proceedings, if any, in this state. If a claimant elects to prove ~~his~~ the claimant's claim in this state, ~~he~~ the claimant shall file ~~his~~ the claim with the liquidator in the manner provided in sections 3903.35 and 3903.36 of the Revised Code. The ancillary receiver shall make ~~his~~ a recommendation to the court as under section ~~3939.43~~ 3903.43 of the Revised Code. ~~He~~ The ancillary receiver shall also arrange a date for hearing if necessary under section 3903.39 of the Revised Code and shall give notice to the liquidator in the domiciliary state, either by certified mail or by personal service at least forty days prior to the date set for hearing. If the domiciliary liquidator, within thirty days

after the giving of such notice, gives notice in writing to the 1316
ancillary receiver and to the claimant, either by certified mail 1317
or by personal service, of ~~his~~ the domiciliary liquidator's 1318
intention to contest the claim, ~~he~~ the domiciliary liquidator 1319
shall be entitled to appear or to be represented in any 1320
proceeding in this state involving the adjudication of the 1321
claim. 1322

(C) The final allowance of the claim by the courts of this 1323
state shall be accepted as conclusive as to amount and as to 1324
priority against special deposits or other security located in 1325
this state. 1326

Sec. 3903.71. If it appears to the superintendent of 1327
insurance upon satisfactory evidence that the affairs of an 1328
insurance company, partnership, association, or reciprocal 1329
insurance exchange, not organized under the laws of this state, 1330
are such that any of the following conditions exist, ~~he~~ the 1331
superintendent shall suspend the authority granted to such 1332
company to do business in this state: 1333

(A) It cannot meet the current applicable requirements for 1334
incorporation and commencement of the business of insurance in 1335
this state; 1336

(B) It has commenced, or has attempted to commence, any 1337
voluntary liquidation or dissolution proceeding, or any 1338
proceeding to procure the appointment of a ~~receiver~~ receiver, 1339
liquidator, rehabilitator, sequestrator, conservator, or similar 1340
officer for itself; 1341

(C) It is the subject of liquidation or dissolution 1342
proceedings undertaken by another state, or any other proceeding 1343
undertaken by another state to procure the appointment of a 1344

~~receiver~~ receiver, liquidator, rehabilitator, sequestrator, 1345
conservator, or similar officer; 1346

(D) Its ratio of premium writings to surplus and capital 1347
are unreasonable as determined by the superintendent of 1348
insurance; 1349

(E) Its further transaction of business would be hazardous 1350
to its policyholders, contract holders, or the public as shown 1351
by the following conduct, but not necessarily limited to only 1352
the following: 1353

(1) Its investments are made so as to make unavailable 1354
within a reasonable time sufficient moneys to meet promptly any 1355
demand which might in the ordinary course of business be 1356
properly made against it; 1357

(2) Any of its officers or directors have embezzled, 1358
sequestered, or wrongfully diverted any of its assets; 1359

(3) It has willfully violated its charter or any law of 1360
this state. 1361

If no demand for a hearing is made by the suspended 1362
company within thirty days after suspension, such suspension 1363
shall become a revocation of the authority to transact the 1364
business of insurance in this state. Any such hearing shall be 1365
held in compliance with sections 119.01 to 119.13 of the Revised 1366
Code. If during such hearing, satisfactory evidence of any of 1367
the enumerated conditions of this section is found to exist, the 1368
superintendent shall revoke the authority to transact the 1369
business of insurance in this state. 1370

Sec. 3903.724. (A) This section shall determine the 1371
calendar year statutory valuation interest rates (VIR) used in 1372
determining the minimum standard for the valuation of all of the 1373

following:	1374
(1) Life insurance policies issued on or after January 1, 1989;	1375 1376
(2) Individual annuity and pure endowment contracts issued on or after January 1, 1989;	1377 1378
(3) Annuities and pure endowments purchased on or after January 1, 1989, under group annuity and pure endowment contracts;	1379 1380 1381
(4) The net increase, if any, in amounts held under a guaranteed interest contract <u>contract</u> in a calendar year after January 1, 1989.	1382 1383 1384
(B) The calendar year statutory valuation interest rates shall be calculated as follows and the results rounded to the nearest one-quarter of one per cent:	1385 1386 1387
(1) (a) For life insurance, by adding three per cent to the result of multiplying W (the applicable weighting factor) by R(sub-1) minus three per cent (where R(sub-1) is the lesser of the reference interest rate and nine per cent) and also adding the result of multiplying one-half of the weighting factor by R(sub-2) minus nine per cent (where R(sub-2) is the greater of the reference interest rate and nine per cent), expressed as follows:	1388 1389 1390 1391 1392 1393 1394 1395
$VIR = .03 + W (R(\text{sub-1}) - .03) + W/2(R(\text{sub-2}) - .09).$	1396
(b) Provided that if the calendar year statutory valuation interest rate for a life insurance policy issued in any calendar year determined in accordance with this division does not differ from the calendar year valuation interest rate for similar policies issued in the preceding calendar year by at least one-	1397 1398 1399 1400 1401

half of one per cent, the calendar year valuation interest rate 1402
for the policy shall be equal to the calendar year valuation 1403
interest rate for the preceding calendar year. The calendar year 1404
statutory valuation interest rate shall be determined for 1980 1405
and for each subsequent year prior to the operative date of the 1406
valuation manual. 1407

(2) For all single premium immediate annuities and for 1408
annuity benefits involving life contingencies arising from other 1409
annuities with cash settlement options and from guaranteed 1410
interest contracts with cash settlement options by adding to 1411
three per cent the result of multiplying W (the applicable 1412
weighting factor) by R minus three per cent (where R is the 1413
reference interest rate), expressed as follows: 1414

$$\text{VIR} = .03 + W (R - .03). \quad 1415$$

(3) Except as provided in division (B) (2) of this section, 1416
for other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed 1417
interest contracts with cash settlement options, valued on an 1418
issue year basis, the life insurance formula stated in division 1419
(B) (1) of this section shall apply to all annuity and guaranteed 1420
interest contracts with guarantee durations in excess of ten 1421
years and the formula for single premium immediate annuities 1422
stated in division (B) (2) of this section shall apply to 1423
annuities and guaranteed interest contracts with guarantee 1424
duration of ten years or less. 1425

(4) For other annuities with no cash settlement options 1426
and for guaranteed interest contracts with no cash settlement 1427
options, the formula for single premium immediate annuities 1428
stated in division (B) (2) of this section shall apply. 1429

(5) For other annuities with cash settlement options and 1430

guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options, 1431
 valued on a change in fund basis, the formula for single premium 1432
 immediate annuities stated in division (B) (2) of this section 1433
 shall apply. 1434

(C) For life insurance, the guarantee duration is the 1435
 maximum number of years the life insurance can remain in force 1436
 on a basis guaranteed in the policy or under an option to 1437
 convert to a plan of life insurance with premium rates or 1438
 nonforfeiture values, or both, guaranteed in the policy. 1439

(D) The weighting factors for the formulas prescribed in 1440
 division (B) of this section are shown in the following table: 1441

1442

	1	2
A	Weighting Factors for Life Insurance	
B	Guarantee Duration (Years)	Weighting Factors
C	10 or less	.50
D	More than 10, but not more than 20	.45
E	More than 20	.35

(E) The weighting factor for single premium immediate 1443
 annuities and for annuity benefits involving life contingencies 1444
 arising from other annuity and guaranteed interest contracts 1445
 with cash settlement options is .80. 1446

(F) Weighting factors for all other annuity and guaranteed 1447
 interest contracts vary with the type of plan and guarantee 1448

duration. The types of plans are as follows:	1449
(1) A plan type A is one in which funds may not be	1450
withdrawn or may be withdrawn in only one of three ways:	1451
(a) With an adjustment to reflect changes in interest	1452
rates or asset values since receipt of the funds by the company;	1453
(b) Without such adjustment but in installments over five	1454
or more years;	1455
(c) As an immediate life annuity.	1456
(2) A plan type B is one in which the funds may not be	1457
withdrawn before the expiration of the interest rate guarantee	1458
unless an adjustment is made to reflect changes in interest	1459
rates or asset values since receipt of the funds by the company	1460
or unless they are withdrawn in installments over five or more	1461
years. At the end of the interest rate guarantee, funds may be	1462
withdrawn in a single sum or in installments over less than five	1463
years without adjustment.	1464
(3) A plan type C is one in which the funds may be	1465
withdrawn before the end of the interest rate guarantee in a	1466
single sum or in installments over less than five years without	1467
adjustment to reflect changes in interest rates or asset values	1468
since receipt of the funds by the company or subject only to a	1469
fixed surrender charge stipulated in the contract as a	1470
percentage of the fund.	1471
(4) The guarantee duration for an annuity or guaranteed	1472
interest contract with cash settlement options is the number of	1473
years for which the contract guarantees interest rates in excess	1474
of the calendar year valuation interest rate for life insurance	1475
policies with guarantee duration in excess of twenty years. The	1476
guarantee duration for annuity and guaranteed interest contracts	1477

without cash settlement options is the number of years from the 1478
date of issue or date of purchase to the date annuity benefits 1479
are scheduled to commence. 1480

(5) Annuity and guaranteed interest contracts with cash 1481
settlement options may be valued on an issue year basis or on a 1482
change in fund basis. Annuity and guaranteed interest contracts 1483
without cash settlement options must be valued on an issue year 1484
basis. As used in this division, an issue year basis of 1485
valuation refers to a valuation basis under which the interest 1486
rate used to determine the minimum valuation standard for the 1487
entire duration of the annuity or guaranteed interest contract 1488
is the calendar year valuation interest rate for the year of 1489
issue or year of purchase of the annuity or guaranteed interest 1490
contract, and the change in fund basis of valuation refers to a 1491
valuation basis under which the interest rate used to determine 1492
the minimum valuation standard applicable to each change in the 1493
fund held under the annuity or guaranteed interest contract is 1494
the calendar year valuation interest rate for the year of the 1495
change in the fund. 1496

(6) Weighting factors for other annuities and for 1497
guaranteed interest contracts, except as stated in division (E) 1498
of this section, are specified below. 1499

(a) For annuity and guaranteed interest contracts valued 1500
on an issue year basis: 1501

Weighting Factors for Annuities and Guaranteed Interest 1502
Contracts 1503

1504

A	B	Weighting Factor for Plan Type		
		A	B	C
C	Guarantee Duration (Years)			
D	5 or less	.80	.60	.50
E	More than 5, but not more than 10	.75	.60	.50
F	More than 10, but not more than 20	.65	.50	.45
	More than 20	.45	.35	.35

(b) For annuities and guaranteed interest contracts valued on a change in fund basis, the factors shown in division (F) (6) (a) of this section increased by the following amounts:

- (i) For plan type A, .15;
- (ii) For plan type B, .25;
- (iii) For plan type C, .05.

(c) For annuities and guaranteed interest contracts valued on an issue year basis, other than those with no cash settlement options, that do not guarantee interest on considerations received more than one year after issue or purchase and for annuities and guaranteed interest contracts valued on a change in fund basis that do not guarantee interest rates on considerations received more than twelve months beyond the valuation date, the factors shown in item (F) (6) (a) or derived in item (F) (6) (b) increased by .05 for all plan types.

(G) The reference interest rate is determined by comparing the monthly average of the composite yield of the monthly average on seasoned corporate bonds, as published by Moody's investors service, inc. for the applicable time period, as

prescribed below: 1524

(1) The reference interest rate for all life insurance is 1525
the lesser of such average over the thirty-six month period and 1526
such average over the twelve-month period ending on the 1527
thirtieth day of June of the calendar year preceding the year of 1528
issue. 1529

(2) The reference interest rate for annuity and guaranteed 1530
interest contracts with cash settlement options, except single 1531
premium immediate annuities and annuity benefits involving life 1532
contingencies arising from other annuity and guaranteed interest 1533
contracts with cash settlement options, valued on an issue year 1534
basis with guarantee durations in excess of ten years, is the 1535
lesser of such average over the thirty-six month period and such 1536
average over the twelve-month period ending on the thirtieth day 1537
of June of the calendar year of issue or purchase. 1538

(3) The reference interest rate for other annuities with 1539
cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with 1540
cash settlement options, valued on a year of issue basis, except 1541
as stated in division (G) (6) of this section, with guarantee 1542
duration of ten years or less, such average over the twelve- 1543
month period ending on the thirtieth day of June of the calendar 1544
year of issue or purchase. 1545

(4) The reference interest rate for other annuities with 1546
no cash settlement options and for guaranteed interest contracts 1547
with no cash settlement options, such average over the twelve- 1548
month period ending on the thirtieth day of June of the calendar 1549
year of issue or purchase. 1550

(5) The reference interest rate for all other annuity and 1551
guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options 1552

valued on a change in fund basis is such average over the 1553
twelve-month period ending on the thirtieth day of June of the 1554
calendar year in which a change in the fund occurs. 1555

(6) The reference interest rate for all single premium 1556
immediate annuities and annuity benefits involving life 1557
contingencies arising from other annuity and guaranteed interest 1558
contracts with cash settlement options is such average over the 1559
twelve-month period ending on the thirtieth day of June of the 1560
calendar year of issue or purchase. 1561

(7) If such corporate bond rate average is no longer 1562
published or the national association of insurance commissioners 1563
determines that such average is no longer appropriate, the 1564
superintendent may by rule approve the use of any alternative 1565
method for the determination of the reference interest rate 1566
adopted by the commissioners. 1567

Sec. 3903.728. (A) For policies issued on or after the 1568
operative date of the valuation manual, the standard prescribed 1569
in the valuation manual is the minimum standard of valuation 1570
required under division (B) of section 3903.721 of the Revised 1571
Code, except as provided under divisions (E) and (G) of this 1572
section. 1573

(B) The operative date of the valuation manual is January 1574
1 of the first calendar year following the first July 1 as of 1575
which all of the following have occurred: 1576

(1) The valuation manual has been adopted by the national 1577
association of insurance commissioners by an affirmative vote of 1578
at least forty-two members, or three-fourths of the members 1579
voting, whichever is greater. 1580

(2) The standard valuation law, as amended by the national 1581

association of insurance commissioners in 2009, or legislation 1582
including substantially similar terms and provisions, has been 1583
enacted by states representing greater than seventy-five per 1584
cent of the direct premiums written as reported in one or more 1585
of the following annual statements submitted for 2008: life, 1586
accident, and health annual statements; health annual 1587
statements; or fraternal annual statements. 1588

(3) The standard valuation law, as amended by the national 1589
association of insurance commissioners in 2009, or legislation 1590
including substantially similar terms and provisions, has been 1591
enacted by at least forty-two of the following fifty-five 1592
jurisdictions: the fifty states of the United States, American 1593
Samoa, the American Virgin Islands, the District of Columbia, 1594
Guam, and Puerto Rico. 1595

(C) Unless a change in the valuation manual specifies a 1596
later effective date, ~~changes a change~~ to the valuation manual 1597
shall be effective on January 1 following the date ~~when all of~~ 1598
~~the following have occurred:~~ 1599

~~(1) The~~ the change to the valuation manual has been 1600
adopted by the national association of insurance commissioners 1601
by an affirmative vote representing both of the following: 1602

~~(a) (1)~~ At least three-fourths of the members of the 1603
national association of insurance commissioners voting, but not 1604
less than a majority of the total membership; 1605

~~(b) (2)~~ Members of the national association of insurance 1606
commissioners representing jurisdictions totaling greater than 1607
seventy-five per cent of the direct premiums written as reported 1608
in one or more of the following annual statements most recently 1609
available prior to the vote in division (C) (1) ~~(a)~~ of this 1610

section: life, accident, and health annual statements; health 1611
annual statements; or fraternal annual statements. 1612

(D) The valuation manual shall specify all of the 1613
following: 1614

(1) Minimum valuation standards for and definitions of the 1615
policies or contracts subject to division (B) of section 1616
3903.721 of the Revised Code. The minimum valuation standards 1617
shall be: 1618

(a) The commissioners reserve valuation method for life 1619
insurance contracts, other than annuity contracts, subject to 1620
division (B) of section 3903.721 of the Revised Code; 1621

(b) The commissioners annuity reserve valuation method for 1622
annuity contracts subject to division (B) of section 3903.721 of 1623
the Revised Code; 1624

(c) Minimum reserves for all other policies or contracts 1625
subject to division (B) of section 3903.721 of the Revised Code. 1626

(2) Which policies or contracts or types of policies or 1627
contracts are subject to the requirements of a principle-based 1628
valuation in division (A) of section 3903.729 of the Revised 1629
Code and the minimum valuation standards consistent with those 1630
requirements. 1631

(3) For policies and contracts subject to a principle- 1632
based valuation under section 3903.729 of the Revised Code: 1633

(a) Requirements for the format of reports to the 1634
superintendent under division (B) (3) of section 3903.729 of the 1635
Revised Code that shall include information necessary to 1636
determine if the valuation is appropriate and in compliance with 1637
sections 3903.72 to 3903.7211 of the Revised Code. 1638

(b) Assumptions for risks over which the company does not have significant control or influence.	1639 1640
(c) Procedures for corporate governance and oversight of the actuarial function, and a process for appropriate waiver or modification of such procedures.	1641 1642 1643
(4) For policies not subject to a principle-based valuation under section 3903.729 of the Revised Code, the minimum valuation standard, which shall be or do either of the following:	1644 1645 1646 1647
(a) Be consistent with the minimum standard of valuation prior to the operative date of the valuation manual;	1648 1649
(b) Develop reserves that quantify the benefits and guarantees, and the funding, associated with the contracts and their risks at a level of conservatism that reflects conditions that include unfavorable events that have a reasonable probability of occurring.	1650 1651 1652 1653 1654
(5) Other requirements, including those relating to reserve methods, models for measuring risk, generation of economic scenarios, assumptions, margins, use of company experience, risk measurement, disclosure, certifications, reports, actuarial opinions and memorandums, transition rules, and internal controls;	1655 1656 1657 1658 1659 1660
(6) The data and form of the data required under section 3903.7210 of the Revised Code, with whom the data must be submitted, and other requirements specified by the superintendent, which may include data analyses and reporting of analyses.	1661 1662 1663 1664 1665
(E) In the absence of a specific valuation requirement or if a specific valuation requirement in the valuation manual is	1666 1667

not, in the opinion of the superintendent, in compliance with 1668
sections 3903.72 to 3903.7211 of the Revised Code, then the 1669
company shall, with respect to such requirements, comply with 1670
minimum valuation standards prescribed in rules adopted by the 1671
superintendent. 1672

(F) The superintendent may engage a qualified actuary, at 1673
the expense of the company, to perform an actuarial examination 1674
of the company and opine on the appropriateness of any reserve 1675
assumption or method used by the company, or to review and opine 1676
on a company's compliance with any requirement set forth in 1677
sections 3903.72 to 3903.7211 of the Revised Code. The 1678
superintendent may rely upon the opinion, regarding provisions 1679
contained within sections 3903.72 to 3903.7211 of the Revised 1680
Code, of a qualified actuary engaged by the insurance 1681
commissioner of another state, district, or territory of the 1682
United States. As used in this division, the term "engage" 1683
includes employment and contracting. 1684

(G) The superintendent may require a company to change any 1685
assumption or method that in the opinion of the superintendent 1686
is necessary in order to comply with the requirements of the 1687
valuation manual or sections 3903.72 to 3903.7211 of the Revised 1688
Code, and the company shall adjust the reserves as required by 1689
the superintendent. The superintendent may take other 1690
disciplinary action as permitted under applicable laws. 1691

Sec. 3903.7211. (A) As used in this section: 1692

(1) "Confidential information" means all of the following: 1693

(a) A memorandum in support of an opinion submitted under 1694
sections 3903.722 and 3903.726 of the Revised Code and any other 1695
documents, materials, and other information, including all 1696

working papers, and copies thereof, created, produced, or 1697
obtained by or disclosed to the superintendent or any other 1698
person in connection with such memorandum. 1699

(b) (i) Except as provided in division (A) (1) (b) (ii) of 1700
this section, all documents, materials, and other information, 1701
including all working papers, and copies thereof, created, 1702
produced, or obtained by or disclosed to the superintendent or 1703
any other person in the course of an examination made under 1704
division (F) of section 3903.728 of the Revised Code. 1705

(ii) If an examination report or other material prepared 1706
in connection with an examination made under section 3901.07 of 1707
the Revised Code is not held as private and confidential 1708
information under that section, an examination report or other 1709
material prepared in connection with an examination made under 1710
division (F) of section 3903.728 of the Revised Code shall not 1711
be considered confidential information to the same extent as if 1712
such examination report or other material had been prepared 1713
under section 3901.07 of the Revised Code. 1714

(c) Any reports, documents, materials, and other 1715
information developed by a company in support of, or in 1716
connection with, an annual certification by the company under 1717
division (B) (2) of section 3903.729 of the Revised Code 1718
evaluating the effectiveness of the company's internal controls 1719
with respect to a principle-based valuation and any other 1720
documents, materials, and other information, including all 1721
working papers, and copies thereof, created, produced, or 1722
obtained by or disclosed to the superintendent or any other 1723
person in connection with such reports, documents, materials, 1724
and other information; 1725

(d) Any principle-based valuation report developed under 1726

division (B) (3) of section 3903.729 of the Revised Code and any 1727
other documents, materials, and other information, including all 1728
working papers, and copies thereof, created, produced, or 1729
obtained by or disclosed to the superintendent or any other 1730
person in connection with such report; 1731

(e) Any documents, materials, data, and other information 1732
submitted by a company under section 3903.7210 of the Revised 1733
Code, referred to collectively as "experience data," and any 1734
other documents, materials, data, and other information, 1735
including all working papers, and copies thereof, created or 1736
produced in connection with such experience data, in each case 1737
that include any potentially company-identifying or personally 1738
identifiable information, that is provided to or obtained by the 1739
superintendent, which when combined with any experience data is 1740
referred to as "experience materials," and any other documents, 1741
materials, data, and other information, including all working 1742
papers, and copies thereof, created, produced, or obtained by or 1743
disclosed to the superintendent or any other person in 1744
connection with such experience materials. 1745

(2) "Regulatory agency," "law enforcement agency," and the 1746
"national association of insurance commissioners" includes their 1747
employees, agents, consultants, and contractors. 1748

(B) (1) Except as provided in division (B) (2) of this 1749
section and as otherwise provided in this section, a company's 1750
confidential information is confidential by law and privileged, 1751
is not a public record under section 149.43 of the Revised Code, 1752
shall not be subject to subpoena, and shall not be subject to 1753
discovery or admissible in evidence in any private civil action. 1754
Except as otherwise provided in this section, neither the 1755
superintendent nor any person who received confidential 1756

information while acting under the superintendent's authority 1757
shall be permitted or required to testify in any private civil 1758
action concerning that confidential information. 1759

(2) The superintendent is authorized to use the 1760
confidential information in the furtherance of any regulatory or 1761
legal action brought against the company as a part of the 1762
superintendent's official duties. 1763

(C) (1) In order to assist in the performance of the 1764
superintendent's duties, the superintendent may share 1765
confidential information with all of the following: 1766

(a) Other state, federal, and international regulatory 1767
agencies; 1768

(b) The national association of insurance commissioners 1769
and its affiliates and subsidiaries; 1770

(c) The actuarial board for counseling and discipline, or 1771
its successor, in the case of confidential information specified 1772
in divisions (A) (1) (a) and (d) of this section only, upon a 1773
request stating that the confidential information is required 1774
for the purpose of professional disciplinary proceedings; 1775

(d) State, federal, and international law enforcement 1776
officials. 1777

(2) The superintendent may share confidential information 1778
as specified in divisions (C) (1) (a) through (d) of this section 1779
only if the recipient agrees, and has the legal authority to 1780
agree, to maintain the confidentiality and privileged status of 1781
such documents, materials, data, and other information in the 1782
same manner and to the same extent as required for the 1783
superintendent. 1784

(D) The superintendent may receive documents, materials, 1785
data, and other information, including otherwise confidential 1786
and privileged documents, materials, data, or information, from 1787
the national association of insurance commissioners and its 1788
affiliates and subsidiaries, from regulatory or law enforcement 1789
officials of other foreign or domestic jurisdictions, and from 1790
the actuarial board for counseling and discipline or its 1791
successor. The superintendent shall maintain as confidential or 1792
privileged any document, material, data, or other information 1793
received with notice or the understanding that it is 1794
confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction 1795
that is the source of the document, material, data, or other 1796
information. 1797

(E) The superintendent may enter into agreements governing 1798
sharing and use of information consistent with this section. 1799

(F) No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of 1800
confidentiality in the confidential information shall occur as a 1801
result of disclosure to the superintendent under this section or 1802
as a result of sharing as authorized in division (C) of this 1803
section. 1804

(G) A privilege established under the law of any state or 1805
jurisdiction that is substantially similar to the privilege 1806
established under this section shall be available and enforced 1807
in any proceeding in, and in any court of, this state. 1808

(H) Notwithstanding divisions (B) to (G) of this section, 1809
any confidential information specified in divisions (A) (1) (a) 1810
and (d) of this section are subject to all of the following: 1811

(1) The confidential information may be subject to 1812
subpoena for the purpose of defending an action seeking damages 1813

from the appointed actuary submitting the related memorandum in 1814
support of an opinion submitted under sections 3903.722 and 1815
3903.726 of the Revised Code or principle-based valuation report 1816
developed under division (B) (3) of section 3903.729 of the 1817
Revised Code by reason of an action required by sections 3903.72 1818
to 3903.7211 of the Revised Code or by rules adopted pursuant to 1819
those sections. 1820

(2) The confidential information may otherwise be released 1821
by the superintendent with the written consent of the company. 1822

(3) Once any portion of a memorandum in support of an 1823
opinion submitted under section 3903.722 ~~and or~~ 3903.726 of the 1824
Revised Code or a principle-based valuation report developed 1825
under division (B) (3) of section 3903.729 of the Revised Code is 1826
cited by the company in its marketing or is publicly volunteered 1827
to or before a governmental agency other than a state insurance 1828
department or is released by the company to the news media, all 1829
portions of that memorandum or report shall no longer be 1830
confidential. 1831

Sec. 3903.74. If any company, corporation, or association 1832
required by law to make a deposit with the superintendent of 1833
insurance, or other state officer, to secure the contracts ~~or of~~ 1834
of such company, corporation, or association, or for any other 1835
purpose, fails to pay any of its liabilities upon such 1836
contracts, or other obligations, according to the terms thereof 1837
after the liability thereon has been determined, or if such 1838
company, corporation, or association, having ceased to do 1839
business ~~with~~ within this state, leaves unpaid any such 1840
liability or has become insolvent, the attorney general, on 1841
behalf of the superintendent, or such other officer, and upon 1842
the application of any person entitled to participate in such 1843

deposit, or the proceeds arising therefrom, shall commence a 1844
civil action in the court of common pleas of Franklin county, 1845
making the company, corporation, or association a party 1846
defendant, to determine the rights of all parties claiming any 1847
interest in such deposit, to subject the deposit to the payment 1848
or satisfaction of all liabilities, and to distribute such fund 1849
among the persons entitled thereto. 1850

Sec. 3904.01. As used in sections 3904.01 to 3904.22 of 1851
the Revised Code: 1852

(A) (1) "Adverse underwriting decision" means any of the 1853
following actions with respect to insurance transactions 1854
involving life, health, or disability insurance coverage that is 1855
individually underwritten: 1856

(a) A declination of insurance coverage; 1857

(b) A termination of insurance coverage; 1858

(c) Failure of an agent to apply for insurance coverage 1859
with a specific insurance institution that the agent represents 1860
and that is requested by an applicant; 1861

(d) An offer to insure at higher than standard rates. 1862

(2) Notwithstanding division (A) (1) of this section, none 1863
of the following actions is an adverse underwriting decision, 1864
but the insurance institution or agent responsible for their 1865
occurrence shall nevertheless provide the applicant or 1866
policyholder with the specific reason or reasons for their 1867
occurrence: 1868

(a) The termination of an individual policy form on a 1869
class or statewide basis; 1870

(b) A declination of insurance coverage solely because the 1871

coverage is not available on a class or statewide basis; 1872

(c) The rescission of a policy. 1873

(B) "Affiliate" or "affiliated" means a person that 1874
directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, 1875
controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with 1876
another person. 1877

(C) "Agent" means a person licensed under Chapter 3905. of 1878
the Revised Code to negotiate or solicit applications for a 1879
policy or contract of life, health, or disability insurance. 1880

(D) "Applicant" means any person that seeks to contract 1881
for life, health, or disability insurance coverage other than a 1882
person seeking group insurance that is not individually 1883
underwritten. 1884

(E) "Consumer report" means any written, oral, or other 1885
communication of information bearing on a natural person's 1886
credit worthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, 1887
general reputation, personal characteristics, or mode of living 1888
that is used or expected to be used in connection with a life, 1889
health, or disability insurance transaction. 1890

(F) "Consumer reporting agency" means any person that does 1891
all of the following: 1892

(1) Regularly engages, in whole or in part, in the 1893
practice of assembling or preparing consumer reports for a 1894
monetary fee; 1895

(2) Obtains information primarily from sources other than 1896
insurance institutions; 1897

(3) Furnishes consumer reports to other persons. 1898

(G) "Control," including the terms "controlled by" or "under common control with," means the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract other than a commercial contract for goods or nonmanagement services, or otherwise, unless the power is the result of an official position with or corporate office held by the person.

(H) "Declination of insurance coverage" means a denial, in whole or in part, by an insurance institution or agent of requested insurance coverage.

(I) "Individual" means any natural person who in connection with life, health, or disability insurance:

(1) Is a past, present, or proposed principal insured or certificate holder;

(2) Is a past, present, or proposed policy owner;

(3) Is a past or present applicant;

(4) Is a past or present claimant;

(5) Derived, derives, or is proposed to derive insurance coverage under an insurance policy or certificate subject to sections 3904.01 to 3904.22 of the Revised Code.

(J) "Institutional source" means any person or governmental entity that provides information about an individual to an agent, insurance institution, or insurance support organization, other than any of the following:

(1) An agent;

(2) The individual who is the subject of the information;

(3) A natural person acting in a personal capacity rather than in a business or professional capacity. 1926
1927

(K) "Insurance institution" means any corporation, association, partnership, fraternal benefit society, or other person engaged in the business of life, health, or disability insurance, including health insuring corporations. "Insurance institution" does not include agents or insurance support organizations. 1928
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(L) (1) "Insurance support organization" means any person that regularly engages, in whole or in part, in the practice of assembling or collecting information about natural persons for the primary purpose of providing the information to an insurance institution or agent for insurance transactions, including both of the following: 1934
1935
1936
1937
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1939

(a) The furnishing of consumer reports or investigative consumer reports to an insurance institution or agent for use in connection with an insurance transaction; 1940
1941
1942

(b) The collection of personal information from insurance institutions, agents, or other insurance support organizations for the purpose of detecting or preventing fraud, material misrepresentation, or material nondisclosure in connection with insurance underwriting or insurance claim activity. 1943
1944
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(2) Notwithstanding division (L) (1) of this section, agents, government institutions, insurance institutions, medical care institutions, and medical professionals are not "insurance support organizations" for purposes of sections 3904.01 to 3904.22 of the Revised Code. 1948
1949
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(M) "Insurance transaction" means any transaction involving life, health, or disability insurance primarily for 1953
1954

personal, family, or household needs rather than business or 1955
professional needs and entailing either the determination of an 1956
individual's eligibility for a life, health, or disability 1957
insurance coverage, benefit, or payment, or the servicing of a 1958
life, health, or disability insurance application, policy, 1959
contract, or certificate. 1960

(N) "Investigative consumer report" means a consumer 1961
report or portion thereof in which information about a natural 1962
person's character, general reputation, personal 1963
characteristics, or mode of living is obtained through personal 1964
interviews with the person's neighbors, friends, associates, 1965
acquaintances, or others who may have knowledge concerning such 1966
items of information. 1967

(O) "Medical care institution" means any facility or 1968
institution that is licensed to provide health care services to 1969
natural persons, including home-health agencies, hospitals, 1970
medical clinics, public health agencies, rehabilitation 1971
agencies, and skilled nursing facilities. 1972

(P) "Medical professional" means any person licensed or 1973
certified to provide health care services to natural persons, 1974
including a chiropractor, clinical ~~dietician~~ dietitian, clinical 1975
psychologist, dentist, nurse, occupational therapist, 1976
optometrist, pharmacist, physical therapist, physician, 1977
podiatrist, psychiatric social worker, and speech therapist. 1978

(Q) "Medical record information" means personal 1979
information that relates to an individual's physical or mental 1980
condition, medical history, or medical treatment and that is 1981
obtained from a medical professional or medical care 1982
institution, from the individual, or from the individual's 1983
spouse, parent, or legal guardian. 1984

(R) "Personal information" means any individually 1985
identifiable information gathered in connection with an 1986
insurance transaction from which judgments can be made about an 1987
individual's character, habits, avocations, finances, 1988
occupation, general reputation, credit, health, or any other 1989
personal characteristics. "Personal information" includes an 1990
individual's name and address and medical record information but 1991
does not include privileged information. 1992

(S) "Policyholder" means any person that is a present 1993
owner of individual life, health, or disability insurance, or a 1994
present certificate holder under group life, health, or 1995
disability insurance that is individually underwritten. 1996

(T) "Pretext interview" means an interview whereby a 1997
person, in an attempt to obtain information about a natural 1998
person, performs one or more of the following acts: 1999

(1) Pretends to be someone the interviewer is not; 2000

(2) Pretends to represent a person the interviewer is not 2001
in fact representing; 2002

(3) Misrepresents the true purpose of the interview; 2003

(4) Refuses to identify self upon request. 2004

(U) "Privileged information" means any individually 2005
identifiable information that relates to a claim for life, 2006
health, or disability insurance benefits or a civil or criminal 2007
proceeding involving an individual, and that is collected in 2008
connection with, or in reasonable anticipation of, a claim for 2009
life, health, or disability insurance benefits or civil or 2010
criminal proceeding involving an individual. However, 2011
information otherwise meeting the requirements of this division 2012
shall nevertheless be considered personal information if it is 2013

disclosed in violation of section 3904.13 of the Revised Code. 2014

(V) "Termination of insurance coverage" or "termination of 2015
an insurance policy" means either a cancellation or nonrenewal 2016
of a life, health, or disability insurance policy, in whole or 2017
in part, for any reason other than the failure to pay a premium 2018
as required by the policy. 2019

(W) "Unauthorized insurer" means an insurance institution 2020
that has not been granted a certificate of authority by the 2021
superintendent of insurance to transact the business of life, 2022
health, or disability insurance in this state. 2023

Sec. 3904.02. (A) The obligations of sections 3904.01 to 2024
3904.22 of the Revised Code apply to those insurance 2025
institutions, agents, or insurance support organizations that, 2026
on or after ~~the effective date of these sections~~ June 29, 1995, 2027
do either of the following: 2028

(1) Collect, receive, or maintain information in 2029
connection with insurance transactions that pertains to natural 2030
persons who are residents of this state; 2031

(2) Engage in insurance transactions with applicants, 2032
individuals, or policyholders who are residents of this state. 2033

(B) The rights granted by sections 3904.01 to 3904.22 of 2034
the Revised Code extend to both of the following persons who are 2035
residents of this state: 2036

(1) Natural persons who are the subject of information 2037
collected, received, or maintained in connection with insurance 2038
transactions; 2039

(2) Applicants, individuals, or policyholders who engage 2040
in or seek to engage in insurance transactions. 2041

(C) For purposes of this section, a person is considered a
resident of this state if the person's last known mailing
address, as shown in the records of the insurance institution,
agent, or insurance support organization, is located in this
state.

Sec. 3904.16. (A) Whenever the superintendent of insurance
has reason to believe that an insurance institution, agent, or
insurance support organization has been or is engaged in conduct
in this state that violates sections 3904.01 to 3904.22 of the
Revised Code, or if the superintendent believes that an
insurance support organization has been or is engaged in conduct
outside this state that has an effect on a person residing in
this state and that violates these sections, the superintendent
shall issue and serve upon such insurance institution, agent, or
insurance support organization a statement of charges and notice
of hearing to be held at a time and place fixed in the notice.
The date for such hearing shall be not less than thirty days
after the date of service.

(B) At the time and place fixed for such hearing, the
insurance institution, agent, or insurance support organization
charged shall have an opportunity to answer the charges against
it and present evidence on its ~~behalf~~ behalf. Upon good cause
shown, the superintendent shall permit any adversely affected
person to intervene, appear, and be heard at such hearing by
counsel or in person.

(C) At any hearing conducted pursuant to this section, the
superintendent may administer oaths, examine, and cross-examine
witnesses and receive oral and documentary evidence. The
superintendent may subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance,
and require the production of books, papers, records,

correspondence and other documents that are relevant to the 2072
hearing. A stenographic record of the hearing shall be made upon 2073
the request of any party or at the discretion of the 2074
superintendent. If no stenographic record is made and if 2075
judicial review is sought, the superintendent shall prepare a 2076
statement of the evidence for use on the review. Hearings 2077
conducted under this section are governed by the same rules of 2078
evidence and procedure applicable to administrative proceedings 2079
conducted under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. 2080

(D) Statements of charges, notices, orders, and other 2081
processes of the superintendent under sections 3904.01 to 2082
3904.22 of the Revised Code may be served by anyone authorized 2083
to act on behalf of the superintendent. Service of process may 2084
be completed in the manner provided by law for service of 2085
process in civil actions or by registered mail. A copy of the 2086
statement of charges, notice, order or other process shall be 2087
provided to the person or persons whose rights under these 2088
sections have been allegedly violated. A verified return setting 2089
forth the manner of service, or return postcard receipt in the 2090
case of registered mail, is sufficient proof of service. 2091

Sec. 3905.051. (A) As used in this section: 2092

~~(A)~~ (1) "Applicant" means a natural person applying for 2093
either of the following: 2094

~~(1)~~ (a) A resident license as an insurance agent or surety 2095
bail bond agent; 2096

~~(2)~~ (b) An additional line of authority under an existing 2097
resident insurance agent license if a criminal ~~record~~ records 2098
check has not been obtained within the last twelve months for 2099
insurance license purposes. 2100

~~(B)~~ (2) "Fingerprint" means an impression of the lines on the finger taken for the purpose of identification. The impression may be electronic or converted to an electronic format.

~~(C)~~ (B) Each applicant shall consent to a criminal record check in accordance with this section and shall submit a full set of fingerprints to the superintendent of insurance for that purpose.

~~(D)~~ (C) The superintendent of insurance shall request the superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and investigation to conduct a criminal records check based on the applicant's fingerprints. The superintendent of insurance shall request that criminal record information from the federal bureau of investigation be obtained as part of the criminal records check.

~~(E)~~ (D) The superintendent of insurance may contract for the collection and transmission of fingerprints authorized under this section. The superintendent may order the fee for collecting and transmitting fingerprints to be payable directly to the contractor by the applicant. The superintendent may agree to a reasonable fingerprinting fee to be charged by the contractor. Any fee required under this section shall be paid by the applicant.

~~(F)~~ (E) The superintendent may receive criminal record information directly in lieu of the bureau of criminal identification and investigation that submitted the fingerprints to the federal bureau of investigation.

~~(G)~~ (F) The superintendent shall treat and maintain an applicant's fingerprints and any criminal record information

obtained under this section as confidential and shall apply 2130
security measures consistent with the criminal justice 2131
information services division of the federal bureau of 2132
investigation standards for the electronic storage of 2133
fingerprints and necessary identifying information and limit the 2134
use of records solely to the purposes authorized by this 2135
section. The fingerprints and any criminal record information 2136
are not subject to subpoena other than one issued pursuant to a 2137
criminal investigation, are confidential by law and privileged, 2138
are not subject to discovery, and are not admissible in any 2139
private civil action. 2140

~~(H)~~ (G) This section does not apply to an agent applying 2141
for renewal of an existing resident or nonresident license in 2142
this state. 2143

Sec. 3905.062. (A) As used in this section: 2144

(1) "Customer" means a person who purchases portable 2145
electronics or services. 2146

(2) "Enrolled customer" means a customer who elects 2147
coverage under a portable electronics insurance policy issued to 2148
a vendor of portable electronics by an insurer. 2149

(3) "Endorsee" means an employee or authorized 2150
representative of a vendor authorized to sell or offer portable 2151
electronics insurance. 2152

(4) "Location" means any physical location in this state 2153
or any web site, call center site, or similar location directed 2154
to residents of this state. 2155

(5) "Portable electronics" means a personal, self- 2156
contained, battery-operated electronic communication, viewing, 2157
listening, recording, gaming, computing, or global positioning 2158

device that is easily carried by an individual, including a 2159
cellular or satellite telephone; pager; personal global 2160
positioning satellite unit; portable computer; portable audio 2161
listening, video viewing or recording device; digital camera; 2162
video camcorder; portable gaming system; docking station; 2163
automatic answering device; and any other similar device, and 2164
any accessory related to the use of the device. 2165

(6) "Portable electronics insurance" means insurance 2166
providing coverage for the repair or replacement of portable 2167
electronics, which may be offered on a month-to-month or other 2168
periodic basis as a group or master commercial inland marine 2169
policy issued to a vendor by an insurer, and may cover portable 2170
electronics against loss, theft, inoperability due to mechanical 2171
failure, malfunction, damage, or other applicable perils. 2172
"Portable electronics insurance" does not mean any of the 2173
following: 2174

(a) A consumer goods service contract governed by section 2175
3905.423 of the Revised Code; 2176

(b) A policy of insurance covering a seller's or a 2177
manufacturer's obligations under a warranty; 2178

(c) A homeowner's, renter's, private passenger automobile, 2179
commercial multi-peril, or similar insurance policy. 2180

(7) "Portable electronics transaction" means the sale or 2181
lease of portable electronics by a vendor to a customer or the 2182
sale of a service related to the use of portable electronics by 2183
a vendor to a customer. 2184

(8) "Supervising entity" means an insurer or a business 2185
entity licensed as an insurance agent under section 3905.06 of 2186
the Revised Code that is appointed by an insurer to supervise 2187

the administration of a portable electronics insurance program. 2188

(9) "Vendor" means a person in the business of engaging in 2189
portable electronics transactions directly or indirectly. 2190

(B) (1) Except as provided in division (B) (2) of this 2191
section, no vendor or vendor's employee shall offer, sell, 2192
solicit, or place portable electronics insurance unless the 2193
vendor is licensed under section 3905.06 or 3905.07 of the 2194
Revised Code with a portable electronics insurance line of 2195
authority. 2196

(2) Any vendor offering or selling portable electronics 2197
insurance on or before ~~the effective date of this section~~ March 2198
22, 2012, that wishes to continue offering or selling that 2199
insurance shall apply for a license within ninety days after the 2200
superintendent of insurance makes the application available. 2201

(C) (1) The superintendent shall issue a resident business 2202
entity license to a vendor under section 3905.06 of the Revised 2203
Code if the vendor satisfies the requirements of sections 2204
3905.05 and 3905.06 of the Revised Code, except that the 2205
application for a portable electronics insurance license shall 2206
satisfy the following additional requirements: 2207

(a) The application shall include the location of the 2208
vendor's home office. 2209

(b) If the application requires the vendor to designate an 2210
individual or entity as a responsible insurance agent, that 2211
agent shall not be required to be an employee of the applicant 2212
and may be the supervising entity or an individual agent who is 2213
an employee of the supervising entity. 2214

(c) If the vendor derives less than fifty per cent of the 2215
vendor's revenue from the sale of portable electronics 2216

insurance, the application for a portable electronics insurance 2217
license may require the vendor to provide the name, residence 2218
address, and other information required by the superintendent 2219
for one employee or officer of the vendor who is designated by 2220
the vendor as the person responsible for the vendor's compliance 2221
with the requirements of this chapter. 2222

(d) If the vendor derives fifty per cent or more of the 2223
vendor's revenue from the sale of portable electronics 2224
insurance, the application may require the information listed 2225
under division (C) (1) (c) of this section for all owners with at 2226
least ten per cent interest or voting interest, partners, 2227
officers, and directors of the vendor, or members or managers of 2228
a vendor that is a limited liability company. 2229

(2) The superintendent shall issue a nonresident business 2230
entity license to a vendor if the vendor satisfies the 2231
requirements of section 3905.07 of the Revised Code. However, if 2232
the nonresident vendor's home state does not issue a limited 2233
lines license for portable electronics insurance, the 2234
nonresident vendor may apply for a resident license under 2235
section 3905.06 of the Revised Code in the same manner and with 2236
the same rights and privileges as if the vendor were a resident 2237
of this state. 2238

(D) The holder of a limited lines license may not sell, 2239
solicit, or negotiate insurance on behalf of any insurer unless 2240
appointed to represent that insurer under section 3905.20 of the 2241
Revised Code. 2242

(E) Division (B) (34) of section 3905.14 of the Revised 2243
Code shall not apply to portable electronics vendors or the 2244
vendors' endorsees. 2245

(F) (1) A vendor may authorize any endorsee of the vendor 2246
to sell or offer portable electronics insurance to a customer at 2247
any location at which the vendor engages in portable electronics 2248
transactions. 2249

(2) An endorsee is not required to be licensed as an 2250
insurance agent under this chapter if the vendor is licensed 2251
under this section and the insurer issuing the portable 2252
electronics insurance either directly supervises or appoints a 2253
supervising entity to supervise the administration of the 2254
portable electronics insurance program including development of 2255
a training program for endorsees in accordance with division (G) 2256
of this section. 2257

(3) No endorsee shall do any of the following: 2258

(a) Advertise, represent, or otherwise represent the 2259
endorsee's self as an insurance agent licensed under section 2260
3905.06 of the Revised Code; 2261

(b) Offer, sell, or solicit the purchase of portable 2262
electronics insurance except in conjunction with and incidental 2263
to the sale or lease of portable electronics; 2264

(c) Make any statement or engage in any conduct, express 2265
or implied, that would lead a customer to believe any of the 2266
following: 2267

(i) That the insurance policies offered by the endorsee 2268
provide coverage not already provided by a customer's 2269
homeowner's insurance policy, renter's insurance policy, or by 2270
another source of coverage; 2271

(ii) That the purchase by the customer of portable 2272
electronics insurance is required in order to purchase or lease 2273
portable electronics or services from the portable electronics 2274

vendor; 2275

(iii) That the portable electronics vendor or its 2276
endorsees are qualified to evaluate the adequacy of the 2277
customer's existing insurance coverage. 2278

(G) Each vendor, or the supervising entity to that vendor, 2279
shall provide a training and education program for all endorsees 2280
who sell or offer portable electronics insurance. The program 2281
may be provided as a web-based training module or in any other 2282
electronic or recorded video form. The training and education 2283
program shall meet all of the following minimum standards: 2284

(1) The training shall be delivered to each endorsee of 2285
each vendor who sells or offers portable electronics insurance 2286
and the endorsee shall complete the training; 2287

(2) If the training is conducted in an electronic form, 2288
the supervising entity shall implement a supplemental education 2289
program regarding portable electronics insurance that is 2290
conducted and overseen by employees of the supervising entity 2291
who are licensed as insurance agents under section 3905.06 of 2292
the Revised Code; 2293

(3) The training and education program shall include basic 2294
information about portable electronics insurance and information 2295
concerning all of the following prohibited actions of endorsees: 2296

(a) No endorsee shall advertise, represent, or otherwise 2297
represent the endorsee's self as a licensed insurance agent. 2298

(b) No endorsee shall offer, sell, or solicit the purchase 2299
of portable electronics insurance except in conjunction with and 2300
incidental to the sale or lease of portable electronics. 2301

(c) No endorsee shall make any statement or engage in any 2302

conduct, express or implied, that would lead a customer to 2303
believe any of the following: 2304

(i) That the insurance policies offered by the endorsee 2305
provide coverage not already provided by a customer's 2306
homeowner's insurance policy, renter's insurance policy, or by 2307
another source of coverage; 2308

(ii) That the purchase by the customer of portable 2309
electronics insurance is required in order to purchase or lease 2310
portable electronics or services from the portable electronics 2311
vendor; 2312

(iii) That the portable electronics vendor or its 2313
endorsees are qualified to evaluate the adequacy of the 2314
customer's existing insurance coverage. 2315

(H) A supervising entity appointed to supervise the 2316
administration of a portable electronics insurance program under 2317
division (F) (2) of this section shall maintain a registry of 2318
locations supervised by that entity that are authorized to sell 2319
or solicit portable electronics insurance in this state. The 2320
supervising entity shall make the registry available to the 2321
superintendent upon request by the superintendent if the 2322
superintendent provides ten days' notice to the vendor or 2323
supervising entity. 2324

(I) At every location where a vendor offers portable 2325
electronics insurance to customers, the vendor shall provide 2326
brochures or other written materials to prospective customers 2327
that include all of the following: 2328

(1) A summary of the material terms of the insurance 2329
coverage, including all of the following: 2330

(a) The identity of the insurer; 2331

(b) The identity of the supervising entity;	2332
(c) The amount of any applicable deductible and how it is to be paid;	2333 2334
(d) Benefits of the coverage;	2335
(e) Key terms and conditions of coverage such as whether portable electronics may be replaced with a similar make and model, replaced with a reconditioned device, or repaired with nonoriginal manufacturer parts or equipment.	2336 2337 2338 2339
(2) A summary of the process for filing a claim, including a description of how to return portable electronics equipment and the maximum fee applicable if a customer fails to comply with any equipment return requirements;	2340 2341 2342 2343
(3) A disclosure that portable electronics insurance may provide a duplication of coverage already provided by a customer's homeowner's insurance policy, renter's insurance policy, or other source of coverage;	2344 2345 2346 2347
(4) A disclosure that the enrollment by the customer in a portable electronics insurance program is not required to purchase or lease portable electronics or services;	2348 2349 2350
(5) A disclosure that neither the endorsee nor the vendor is qualified to evaluate the adequacy of the customer's existing insurance coverage;	2351 2352 2353
(6) A disclosure that the customer may cancel enrollment for coverage under a portable electronics insurance policy at any time and receive a refund of any applicable premium.	2354 2355 2356
(J) (1) The charges for portable electronics insurance may be billed and collected by the vendor of portable electronics, and the vendor may receive compensation for performing billing	2357 2358 2359

and collection services, if either of the following conditions 2360
are met: 2361

(a) If the charge to the customer for coverage is not 2362
included in the cost associated with the purchase or lease of 2363
portable electronics or related services, the charge for 2364
coverage is separately itemized on the customer's bill. 2365

(b) If the charge to the customer for coverage is included 2366
in the cost associated with the purchase or lease of portable 2367
electronics or related services, the vendor clearly and 2368
conspicuously discloses to the customer that the charge for 2369
portable electronics insurance coverage is included with the 2370
charge for portable electronics or related services. 2371

(2) All funds received by a vendor from a customer for the 2372
sale of portable electronics insurance shall be considered funds 2373
held in trust by the vendor in a fiduciary capacity for the 2374
benefit of the insurer. Vendors that bill and collect such 2375
charges are not required to maintain those funds in a segregated 2376
account if the vendor is authorized by the insurer to hold those 2377
funds in an alternate manner and the vendor remits the amount of 2378
the charges to the supervising entity within sixty days after 2379
receiving the charges. 2380

(K) (1) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (K) (2) 2381
and (3) of this section, an insurer may terminate or otherwise 2382
change the terms and conditions of a policy of portable 2383
electronics insurance only upon providing the vendor 2384
policyholder and enrolled customers with at least sixty days' 2385
prior notice. If the insurer changes the terms and conditions, 2386
the insurer shall promptly provide the vendor policyholder with 2387
a revised policy or endorsement and each enrolled customer with 2388
a revised certificate, endorsement, updated brochure, or other 2389

evidence indicating that a change in the terms and conditions 2390
has occurred and a summary of material changes. 2391

(2) An insurer may terminate an enrolled customer's 2392
enrollment under a portable electronics insurance policy upon 2393
fifteen days' prior notice for discovery of fraud or material 2394
misrepresentation in obtaining coverage or in the presentation 2395
of a claim under the policy. 2396

(3) An insurer may immediately terminate an enrolled 2397
customer's enrollment under a portable electronics insurance 2398
policy for any of the following reasons: 2399

(a) The enrolled customer fails to pay the required 2400
premium; 2401

(b) The enrolled customer ceases to have an active service 2402
plan, if applicable, with the vendor of portable electronics; 2403

(c) The enrolled customer exhausts the aggregate limit of 2404
liability, if any, under the terms of the portable electronics 2405
insurance policy and the insurer sends notice of termination to 2406
the customer within thirty calendar days after exhaustion of the 2407
limit. However, if the insurer does not send the notice within 2408
the thirty-day time frame, enrollment shall continue 2409
notwithstanding the aggregate limit of liability until the 2410
insurer sends notice of termination to the enrolled customer. 2411

(4) If a portable electronics insurance policy is 2412
terminated by a vendor policyholder, the vendor policyholder 2413
shall provide notice to each enrolled customer advising the 2414
customer of the termination of the policy and the effective date 2415
of the termination. The written notice shall be mailed or 2416
delivered to the customer at least thirty days prior to the 2417
termination. 2418

(5) Notice required pursuant to this section shall be 2419
provided in writing, either via mail or by electronic means. 2420

(a) If notice is provided via mail, it shall be mailed or 2421
delivered to the vendor at the vendor's mailing address and to 2422
all affected enrolled customers at the last known mailing 2423
addresses of those customers on file with the insurer. The 2424
insurer or vendor of portable electronics shall maintain proof 2425
of mailing in a form authorized or accepted by the United States 2426
postal service or other commercial mail delivery service. 2427

(b) If notice is provided electronically, it shall be 2428
transmitted via facsimile or electronic mail to the vendor at 2429
the vendor's facsimile number or electronic mail address and to 2430
all affected enrolled customers at the last known facsimile 2431
numbers or electronic mail addresses of those customers on file 2432
with the insurer. The insurer or vendor shall maintain proof 2433
that the notice was sent. 2434

(L) An enrolled customer may cancel the enrolled 2435
customer's coverage under a portable electronics insurance 2436
policy at any time. Upon cancellation, the insurer shall refund 2437
any applicable unearned premium. 2438

(M) A license issued pursuant to this section shall 2439
authorize the vendor and its endorsees to engage only in those 2440
activities that are expressly permitted by this section. 2441

(N) (1) If a vendor or a vendor's endorsee violates any 2442
provision of this section, the superintendent may revoke or 2443
suspend the license issued or impose any other sanctions 2444
provided under section 3905.14 of the Revised Code. 2445

(2) If any provision of this section is violated by a 2446
vendor or a vendor's endorsee at a particular location, the 2447

superintendent may issue a cease and desist order to a 2448
particular location, or take any other administrative action 2449
authorized in section 3901.22 and division (D) of section 2450
3905.14 of the Revised Code. 2451

(3) If any person violates division (B) or (F)(3) of this 2452
section, the superintendent may issue a cease and desist order 2453
in addition to taking any other administrative action provided 2454
for in sections 3901.22 and division (D) of section 3905.14 of 2455
the Revised Code. 2456

(4) If the superintendent determines that a violation of 2457
this section or section 3905.14 of the Revised Code has 2458
occurred, the superintendent may assess a civil penalty in 2459
amount not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars per violation 2460
and an administrative fee to cover the expenses incurred by the 2461
department in the administrative action, including costs 2462
incurred in the investigation and hearing process. 2463

(O) The superintendent may adopt rules implementing this 2464
section. 2465

Sec. 3905.063. (A) As used in this section: 2466

(1) "Customer" means a person who obtains the use of 2467
storage space from a self-service storage facility under the 2468
terms of a self-storage rental agreement. 2469

(2) "Endorsee" means an employee or authorized 2470
representative of a self-service storage facility authorized to 2471
sell or offer self-service storage insurance. 2472

(3) "Enrolled customer" means a customer who elects 2473
coverage under a self-service storage insurance policy issued to 2474
a self-service storage facility by an insurer or a policy issued 2475
directly to a customer from an insurer. 2476

- (4) "Location" means any physical location in this state 2477
or any web site, call center site, or similar location directed 2478
to residents of this state. 2479
- (5) "Owner" means the owner, operator, property management 2480
company, lessor, or sublessor of a self-service storage 2481
facility. "Owner" does not mean an occupant. 2482
- (6) "Personal property" means moveable property not 2483
affixed to land, and includes goods, merchandise, furniture, and 2484
household items. 2485
- (7) (a) "Self-service storage insurance" means insurance 2486
providing coverage for the loss of, or damage to, tangible 2487
personal property that is contained in storage space or in 2488
transit during a self-service storage rental agreement period, 2489
which may be offered on a month-to-month or other periodic basis 2490
under an individual policy, or as a group, commercial, or master 2491
policy issued to a self-service storage facility to provide 2492
insurance for the self-service storage facility's customers. 2493
- (b) "Self-service storage insurance" does not mean any of 2494
the following: 2495
- (i) A consumer goods service contract governed by section 2496
3905.423 of the Revised Code; 2497
- (ii) A policy of insurance covering a seller's or a 2498
manufacturer's obligations under a warranty; 2499
- (iii) A homeowner's, renter's, private passenger 2500
automobile, or similar insurance policy. 2501
- (8) "Self-service storage rental agreement" means a 2502
written agreement containing the terms and conditions governing 2503
the use of storage space provided by a self-service storage 2504

facility. 2505

(9) "Supervising entity" means an insurer or a business 2506
entity licensed as an insurance agent under section 3905.06 or 2507
3905.07 of the Revised Code that is appointed by an insurer to 2508
supervise the administration of self-service storage insurance. 2509

(B) (1) Except as provided in division (B) (2) of this 2510
section, no self-service storage facility or self-service 2511
storage facility's endorsee shall offer, sell, solicit, or place 2512
self-service storage insurance unless the self-service storage 2513
facility is licensed under section 3905.06 or 3905.07 of the 2514
Revised Code with a self-service storage insurance line of 2515
authority and the offer, sale, solicitation, or placement is 2516
incidental to the lease of self-service storage. 2517

(2) Any self-service storage facility offering or selling 2518
self-service storage insurance on or before ~~the effective date~~ 2519
~~of this section~~ March 23, 2015, that wishes to continue offering 2520
or selling that insurance shall apply for a license within 2521
ninety days after the superintendent of insurance makes the 2522
application available. 2523

(C) (1) The superintendent shall issue a resident insurance 2524
license to a self-service storage facility under section 3905.06 2525
of the Revised Code if the self-service storage facility 2526
satisfies the requirements of sections 3905.05 and 3905.06 of 2527
the Revised Code, except that the application for a self-service 2528
storage insurance license shall satisfy the following additional 2529
requirements: 2530

(a) The application shall include the location, including 2531
the address for each location, of the self-service storage 2532
facility's home office and any location at which the facility 2533

engages in self-service storage transactions. 2534

(b) If the application requires the self-service storage 2535
facility to designate an individual or entity as a responsible 2536
insurance agent, that agent shall not be required to be an 2537
employee of the applicant and may be an individual agent who is 2538
an employee of the supervising entity. 2539

(c) If the self-service storage facility derives less than 2540
fifty per cent of the self-service storage facility's revenue 2541
from the sale of self-service storage insurance, the application 2542
for a self-service storage insurance license may require the 2543
self-service storage facility to provide the name, residence 2544
address, and other information required by the superintendent 2545
for one employee or officer of the self-service storage facility 2546
who is designated by the self-service storage facility as the 2547
person responsible for the self-service storage facility's 2548
compliance with the requirements of this chapter. 2549

(d) If the self-service storage facility derives fifty per 2550
cent or more of the self-service storage facility's revenue from 2551
the sale of self-service storage insurance, the application may 2552
require the information listed under division (C) (1) (c) of this 2553
section for all owners with at least ten per cent interest or 2554
voting interest, partners, officers, and directors of the self- 2555
service storage facility, or members or managers of a self- 2556
service storage facility that is a limited liability company. 2557

(2) The superintendent shall issue a nonresident insurance 2558
agent license to a self-service storage facility if the self- 2559
service storage facility satisfies the requirements of section 2560
3905.07 of the Revised Code. However, if the nonresident self- 2561
service storage facility's home state does not issue a limited 2562
lines license for self-service storage insurance, the 2563

nonresident self-service storage facility may apply for a 2564
resident license under sections 3905.05 and 3905.06 of the 2565
Revised Code in the same manner and with the same rights and 2566
privileges as if the self-service storage facility were a 2567
resident of this state. 2568

(D) The holder of a limited lines license may not sell, 2569
solicit, or negotiate insurance on behalf of any insurer unless 2570
appointed to represent that insurer under section 3905.20 of the 2571
Revised Code. 2572

(E) Division (B) (34) of section 3905.14 of the Revised 2573
Code shall not apply to the self-service storage facility or the 2574
self-service storage facility's endorsees. 2575

(F) If insurance is required as a condition of a self- 2576
service storage rental agreement, the requirement may be 2577
satisfied by the customer's purchase of self-service storage 2578
insurance that is sold, solicited, or negotiated by the self- 2579
service storage facility or presentation to the self-service 2580
storage facility of evidence of other applicable insurance 2581
coverage. 2582

Evidence of applicable insurance coverage includes a 2583
representation by a licensed Ohio insurance agent that the 2584
customer satisfies the requirements of this division. 2585

(G) (1) A self-service storage facility may authorize any 2586
endorsee of the self-service storage facility to sell or offer 2587
self-service storage insurance to a customer at any location at 2588
which the self-service storage facility engages in self-service 2589
storage transactions. 2590

(2) An endorsee is not required to be licensed as an 2591
insurance agent under this chapter if the self-service storage 2592

facility is licensed under this section and the insurer issuing 2593
the self-service storage insurance either directly supervises or 2594
appoints a supervising entity to supervise the administration of 2595
the self-service storage insurance including development of a 2596
training program for endorsees in accordance with division (H) 2597
of this section. 2598

(3) No endorsee shall do any of the following: 2599

(a) Advertise, represent, or otherwise represent the 2600
endorsee's self as an insurance agent licensed under section 2601
3905.06 or 3905.07 of the Revised Code; 2602

(b) Offer, sell, or solicit the purchase of self-service 2603
storage insurance except in conjunction with and incidental to 2604
the sale or lease of self-service storage; 2605

(c) Make any statement or engage in any conduct, express 2606
or implied, that would lead a customer to believe either of the 2607
following: 2608

(i) That, if insurance is required as a condition of a 2609
self-service storage rental agreement, the purchase by the 2610
customer of self-service storage insurance offered by the self- 2611
service storage facility is the only method by which that 2612
condition may be met; 2613

(ii) That the self-service storage facility or its 2614
endorsees are qualified to evaluate the adequacy of the 2615
customer's existing insurance coverage. 2616

(4) An endorsee shall disclose that self-service storage 2617
insurance may duplicate coverage already provided under a 2618
customer's homeowner's insurance policy, renter's insurance 2619
policy, or other coverage. 2620

(H) Each self-service storage facility, or the supervising entity to that self-service storage facility, shall provide a training and education program for all endorsees who sell or offer self-service storage insurance. The program may be provided as a web-based training module or in any other electronic or recorded video form. The training and education program shall meet all of the following minimum standards:

(1) The training shall be delivered to each endorsee of each self-service storage facility who sells or offers self-service storage insurance and the endorsee shall complete the training.

(2) If the training is conducted in an electronic form, the supervising entity shall implement a supplemental education program regarding self-service storage insurance that is conducted and overseen by employees of the supervising entity who are licensed as insurance agents under section 3905.06 or 3905.07 of the Revised Code.

(3) The training and education program shall include basic information about self-service storage insurance and information concerning all of the following prohibited actions of endorsees:

(a) No endorsee shall advertise, represent, or otherwise represent the endorsee's self as a licensed insurance agent.

(b) No endorsee shall offer, sell, or solicit the purchase of self-service storage insurance except in conjunction with and incidental to the rental of a storage space by the self-service storage facility.

(c) No endorsee shall make any statement or engage in any conduct, express or implied, that would lead a customer to believe any of the following:

(i) That the insurance policies offered by the endorsee 2650
provide coverage not already provided by a customer's 2651
homeowner's insurance policy, renter's insurance policy, or by 2652
another source of coverage; 2653

(ii) That, if insurance is required as a condition of a 2654
self-service storage rental agreement, the purchase by the 2655
customer of self-service storage insurance offered by the self- 2656
service storage facility is the only method by which that 2657
condition may be met; 2658

(iii) That the self-service storage facility or its 2659
endorsees are qualified to evaluate the adequacy of the 2660
customer's existing insurance coverage. 2661

(I) A supervising entity appointed to supervise the 2662
administration of self-service storage insurance under division 2663
(G) (2) of this section shall maintain a registry of locations 2664
supervised by that entity that are authorized to sell or solicit 2665
self-service storage insurance in this state and the endorsees 2666
at each location. The supervising entity shall make the registry 2667
available to the superintendent upon request. 2668

(J) (1) At every location where a self-service storage 2669
facility offers self-service storage insurance to customers, the 2670
self-service storage facility shall provide brochures or other 2671
written materials to prospective customers that include all of 2672
the following: 2673

(a) A summary of the material terms of the insurance 2674
coverage, including all of the following: 2675

(i) The identity of the insurer; 2676

(ii) The identity of the supervising entity; 2677

(iii) The amount of any applicable deductible and how it is to be paid;	2678 2679
(iv) Benefits of the coverage;	2680
(v) Key terms and conditions of coverage.	2681
(b) A summary of the process for filing a claim;	2682
(c) A disclosure that self-service storage insurance may provide a duplication of coverage already provided by a customer's homeowner's insurance policy, renter's insurance policy, or other source of coverage;	2683 2684 2685 2686
(d) A disclosure that, if insurance is required as a condition of a self-service storage rental agreement, the requirement may be satisfied by either of the following:	2687 2688 2689
(i) The customer's purchase of self-service storage insurance that is sold, solicited, or negotiated by the self-service storage facility;	2690 2691 2692
(ii) The customer's presentation to the self-service storage facility of evidence of other applicable insurance coverage such as a representation by a licensed Ohio insurance agent that the customer satisfies the coverage requirement;	2693 2694 2695 2696
(e) A disclosure that neither the endorsee nor the self-service storage facility is qualified to evaluate the adequacy of the customer's existing insurance coverage;	2697 2698 2699
(f) A disclosure that the customer may cancel enrollment for coverage under a self-service storage insurance policy at any time and receive a refund of any applicable premium.	2700 2701 2702
(2) A self-service storage facility shall provide to every customer who purchases self-service storage insurance a	2703 2704

certificate that is evidence of the coverage. 2705

(K) (1) The charges for self-service storage insurance may 2706
be billed and collected by the self-service storage facility, 2707
and the self-service storage facility may receive compensation 2708
for performing billing and collection services, if either of the 2709
following conditions are met: 2710

(a) If the charge to the customer for coverage is not 2711
included in the cost associated with the purchase or lease of 2712
self-service storage or related services, the charge for 2713
coverage is separately itemized on the customer's bill. 2714

(b) If the charge to the customer for coverage is included 2715
in the cost associated with the lease of self-service storage, 2716
the self-service storage facility clearly and conspicuously 2717
discloses to the customer that the charge for self-service 2718
storage insurance coverage is included with the lease for self- 2719
service storage. 2720

(2) All funds received by a self-service storage facility 2721
from a customer for the sale of self-service storage insurance 2722
shall be considered funds held in trust by the self-service 2723
storage facility in a fiduciary capacity for the benefit of the 2724
insurer. Self-service storage facilities that bill and collect 2725
such charges are not required to maintain those funds in a 2726
segregated account if the self-service storage facility is 2727
authorized by the insurer to hold those funds in an alternate 2728
manner and the self-service storage facility remits the amount 2729
of the charges to the supervising entity within sixty days after 2730
receiving the charges. 2731

(L) (1) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (L) (2) 2732
and (3) of this section, an insurer may terminate or otherwise 2733

change the terms and conditions of a policy of self-service 2734
storage insurance only upon providing the self-service storage 2735
facility policyholder and enrolled customers with at least sixty 2736
days' prior notice. If the insurer changes the terms and 2737
conditions, the insurer shall promptly provide the self-service 2738
storage facility policyholder with a revised policy or 2739
endorsement and each enrolled customer with a revised 2740
certificate, endorsement, updated brochure, or other evidence 2741
indicating that a change in the terms and conditions has 2742
occurred and a summary of material changes. 2743

(2) An insurer may terminate an enrolled customer's 2744
enrollment under a self-service storage insurance policy upon 2745
fifteen days' prior notice for discovery of fraud or material 2746
misrepresentation in obtaining coverage or in the presentation 2747
of a claim under the policy. 2748

(3) An insurer may immediately terminate an enrolled 2749
customer's enrollment under a self-service storage insurance 2750
policy for any of the following reasons: 2751

(a) The enrolled customer fails to pay the required 2752
premium; 2753

(b) The enrolled customer ceases to have an active lease 2754
at the self-service storage facility; 2755

(c) The enrolled customer exhausts the aggregate limit of 2756
liability, if any, under the terms of the self-service storage 2757
insurance policy and the insurer sends notice of termination to 2758
the customer within thirty calendar days after exhaustion of the 2759
limit. However, if the insurer does not send the notice within 2760
the thirty-day time frame, enrollment shall continue 2761
notwithstanding the aggregate limit of liability until the 2762

insurer sends notice of termination to the enrolled customer. 2763

(4) If a self-service storage insurance policy is 2764
terminated by a self-service storage facility policyholder, the 2765
self-service storage facility policyholder shall provide notice 2766
to each enrolled customer advising the customer of the 2767
termination of the policy and the effective date of the 2768
termination. The written notice shall be sent by mail, 2769
electronic mail, or delivery to the customer at least thirty 2770
days prior to the termination. 2771

(5) Notice required pursuant to this section may be sent 2772
by any of the following methods: 2773

(a) Electronically, in accordance with section 3901.41 of 2774
the Revised Code; 2775

(b) Via ordinary, registered, or certified mail, return 2776
receipt requested and postage prepaid; 2777

(c) By overnight delivery using a nationally recognized 2778
carrier. 2779

(M) An enrolled customer may cancel the enrolled 2780
customer's coverage under a self-service storage insurance 2781
policy at any time. Upon cancellation, the insurer shall refund 2782
any applicable unearned premium. 2783

(N) A license issued pursuant to this section shall 2784
authorize the self-service storage facility and its endorsees to 2785
engage only in those activities that are expressly permitted by 2786
this section. 2787

(O) (1) If a self-service storage facility or a self- 2788
service storage facility's endorsee violates any provision of 2789
this section, the superintendent may revoke or suspend the 2790

license issued or impose any other sanctions provided under 2791
section 3905.14 of the Revised Code. 2792

(2) If any provision of this section is violated by a 2793
self-service storage facility, a self-service storage facility's 2794
endorsee at a particular location, a supervising entity, or an 2795
agent, the facility, endorsee, supervising entity, or agent is 2796
deemed to have engaged in an unfair and deceptive act or 2797
practice in the business of insurance under sections 3901.19 to 2798
3901.26 of the Revised Code. 2799

(3) If the superintendent determines that a violation of 2800
this section or section 3905.14 of the Revised Code has 2801
occurred, the superintendent may assess a civil penalty in an 2802
amount not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars per violation 2803
and an administrative fee to cover the expenses incurred by the 2804
department in the administrative action, including costs 2805
incurred in the investigation and hearing process. 2806

(P) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if a 2807
self-service storage facility's insurance-related activities, 2808
and those of its endorsees, employees, and authorized 2809
representatives, are limited to offering and disseminating self- 2810
service storage insurance on behalf of and under the direction 2811
of a limited lines self-service storage insurance agent that 2812
meets the requirements of this section, the facility is 2813
authorized to offer and disseminate insurance and receive 2814
related compensation for these services if the self-service 2815
storage facility is registered by the limited lines self-service 2816
storage insurance agent as described in division (I) of this 2817
section. Any compensation paid to a self-service storage 2818
facility's endorsee, employee, or authorized representative for 2819
the services described in this section shall be incidental to 2820

the endorsee's, employee's, or authorized representative's 2821
overall compensation and not based primarily on the number of 2822
customers who purchase self-service storage insurance coverage. 2823

(2) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit 2824
payment of compensation to a self-service storage facility or 2825
its employees, endorsees, or authorized representatives for 2826
activities under the limited lines self-service storage 2827
insurance agent's license that are incidental to the overall 2828
compensation of the self-service storage facility or the 2829
employees, endorsees, or authorized representatives of the 2830
facility. 2831

(3) All costs paid or charged to a consumer for the 2832
purchase of self-service storage insurance or related services, 2833
including compensation to the self-service storage facility, 2834
shall be separately itemized on the customer's bill. 2835

(Q) The superintendent may adopt rules implementing this 2836
section. 2837

Sec. 3905.14. (A) As used in sections 3905.14 to 3905.16 2838
of the Revised Code: 2839

(1) "Insurance agent" includes a limited lines insurance 2840
agent, surety bail bond agent, and surplus line broker. 2841

(2) "Refusal to issue or renew" means the decision of the 2842
superintendent of insurance not to process either the initial 2843
application for a license as an agent or the renewal of such a 2844
license. 2845

(3) "Revocation" means the permanent termination of all 2846
authority to hold any license as an agent in this state. 2847

(4) "Surrender for cause" means the voluntary termination 2848

of all authority to hold any license as an agent in this state, 2849
in lieu of a revocation or suspension order. 2850

(5) "Suspension" means the termination of all authority to 2851
hold any license as an agent in this state, for either a 2852
specified period of time or an indefinite period of time and 2853
under any terms or conditions determined by the superintendent. 2854

(B) The superintendent may suspend, revoke, or refuse to 2855
issue or renew any license of an insurance agent, assess a civil 2856
penalty, or impose any other sanction or sanctions authorized 2857
under this chapter, for one or more of the following reasons: 2858

(1) Providing incorrect, misleading, incomplete, or 2859
materially untrue information in a license or appointment 2860
application; 2861

(2) Violating or failing to comply with any insurance law, 2862
rule, subpoena, consent agreement, or order of the 2863
superintendent or of the insurance authority of another state; 2864

(3) Obtaining, maintaining, or attempting to obtain or 2865
maintain a license through misrepresentation or fraud; 2866

(4) Improperly withholding, misappropriating, or 2867
converting any money or property received in the course of doing 2868
insurance business; 2869

(5) Intentionally misrepresenting the terms, benefits, 2870
value, cost, or effective dates of any actual or proposed 2871
insurance contract or application for insurance; 2872

(6) Having been convicted of or pleaded guilty or no 2873
contest to a felony regardless of whether a judgment of 2874
conviction has been entered by the court; 2875

(7) Having been convicted of or pleaded guilty or no 2876

contest to a misdemeanor that involves the misuse or theft of 2877
money or property belonging to another, fraud, forgery, 2878
dishonest acts, or breach of a fiduciary duty, that is based on 2879
any act or omission relating to the business of insurance, 2880
securities, or financial services, or that involves moral 2881
turpitude regardless of whether a judgment has been entered by 2882
the court; 2883

(8) Having admitted to committing, or having been found to 2884
have committed, any insurance unfair trade act or practice or 2885
insurance fraud; 2886

(9) Using fraudulent, coercive, or dishonest practices, or 2887
demonstrating incompetence, untrustworthiness, or financial 2888
irresponsibility, in the conduct of business in this state or 2889
elsewhere; 2890

(10) Having an insurance agent license, or its equivalent, 2891
denied, suspended, or revoked in any other state, province, 2892
district, or territory; 2893

(11) Forging or causing the forgery of an application for 2894
insurance or any document related to or used in an insurance 2895
transaction; 2896

(12) Improperly using notes, any other reference material, 2897
equipment, or devices of any kind to complete an examination for 2898
an insurance agent license; 2899

(13) Knowingly accepting insurance business from an 2900
individual who is not licensed; 2901

(14) Failing to comply with any official invoice, notice, 2902
assessment, or order directing payment of federal, state, or 2903
local income tax, state or local sales tax, or workers' 2904
compensation premiums; 2905

(15) Failing to timely submit an application for 2906
insurance. For purposes of division (B) (15) of this section, a 2907
submission is considered timely if it occurs within the time 2908
period expressly provided for by the insurer, or within seven 2909
days after the insurance agent accepts a premium or an order to 2910
bind coverage from a policyholder or applicant for insurance, 2911
whichever is later. 2912

(16) Failing to disclose to an applicant for insurance or 2913
policyholder upon accepting a premium or an order to bind 2914
coverage from the applicant or policyholder, that the person has 2915
not been appointed by the insurer; 2916

(17) Having any professional license or financial industry 2917
regulatory authority registration suspended or revoked or having 2918
been barred from participation in any industry; 2919

(18) Having been subject to a cease and desist order or 2920
permanent injunction related to mishandling of funds or breach 2921
of fiduciary responsibilities or for unlicensed or unregistered 2922
activities; 2923

(19) Causing or permitting a policyholder or applicant for 2924
insurance to designate the insurance agent or the insurance 2925
agent's spouse, parent, child, or sibling as the beneficiary of 2926
a policy or annuity sold by the insurance agent or of a policy 2927
or annuity for which the agent, at any time, was designated as 2928
the agent of record, unless the insurance agent or a relative of 2929
the insurance agent is the insured or applicant; 2930

(20) Causing or permitting a policyholder or applicant for 2931
insurance to designate the insurance agent or the insurance 2932
agent's spouse, parent, child, or sibling as the owner or 2933
beneficiary of a trust funded, in whole or in part, by a policy 2934

or annuity sold by the insurance agent or by a policy or annuity 2935
for which the agent, at any time, was designated as the agent of 2936
record, unless the insurance agent or a relative of the 2937
insurance agent is the insured or applicant; 2938

(21) Failing to provide a written response to the 2939
department of insurance within twenty-one calendar days after 2940
receipt of any written inquiry from the department, unless a 2941
reasonable extension of time has been requested of, and granted 2942
by, the superintendent or the superintendent's designee; 2943

(22) Failing to appear to answer questions before the 2944
superintendent after being notified in writing by the 2945
superintendent of a scheduled interview, unless a reasonable 2946
extension of time has been requested of, and granted by, the 2947
superintendent or the superintendent's designee; 2948

(23) Transferring or placing insurance with an insurer 2949
other than the insurer expressly chosen by the applicant for 2950
insurance or policyholder without the consent of the applicant 2951
or policyholder or absent extenuating circumstances; 2952

(24) Failing to inform a policyholder or applicant for 2953
insurance of the identity of the insurer or insurers, or the 2954
identity of any other insurance agent or licensee known to be 2955
involved in procuring, placing, or continuing the insurance for 2956
the policyholder or applicant, upon the binding of the coverage; 2957

(25) In the case of an agent that is a business entity, 2958
failing to report an individual licensee's violation to the 2959
department when the violation was known or should have been 2960
known by one or more of the partners, officers, managers, or 2961
members of the business entity; 2962

(26) Submitting or using a document in the conduct of the 2963

business of insurance when the person knew or should have known 2964
that the document contained a writing that was forged as defined 2965
in section 2913.01 of the Revised Code; 2966

(27) Misrepresenting the person's qualifications, status 2967
or relationship to another person, agency, or entity, or using 2968
in any way a professional designation that has not been 2969
conferred upon the person by the appropriate accrediting 2970
organization; 2971

(28) Obtaining a premium loan or policy surrender or 2972
causing a premium loan or policy surrender to be made to or in 2973
the name of an insured or policyholder without that person's 2974
knowledge and written authorization; 2975

(29) Using paper, software, or any other materials of or 2976
provided by an insurer after the insurer has terminated the 2977
authority of the licensee, if the use of such materials would 2978
cause a reasonable person to believe that the licensee was 2979
acting on behalf of or otherwise representing the insurer; 2980

(30) Soliciting, procuring an application for, or placing, 2981
either directly or indirectly, any insurance policy when the 2982
person is not authorized under this chapter to engage in such 2983
activity; 2984

(31) Soliciting, selling, or negotiating any product or 2985
service that offers benefits similar to insurance but is not 2986
regulated by the superintendent, without fully disclosing, 2987
orally and in writing, to the prospective purchaser that the 2988
product or service is not insurance and is not regulated by the 2989
superintendent; 2990

(32) Failing to fulfill a refund obligation to a 2991
policyholder or applicant in a timely manner. For purposes of 2992

division (B) (32) of this section, a rebuttable presumption 2993
exists that a refund obligation is not fulfilled in a timely 2994
manner unless it is fulfilled within one of the following time 2995
periods: 2996

(a) Thirty days after the date the policyholder, 2997
applicant, or insurer takes or requests action resulting in a 2998
refund; 2999

(b) Thirty days after the date of the insurer's refund 3000
check, if the agent is expected to issue a portion of the total 3001
refund; 3002

(c) Forty-five days after the date of the agent's 3003
statement of account on which the refund first appears. 3004

The presumption may be rebutted by proof that the 3005
policyholder or applicant consented to the delay or agreed to 3006
permit the agent to apply the refund to amounts due for other 3007
coverages. 3008

(33) With respect to a surety bail bond agent license, 3009
rebating or offering to rebate, or unlawfully dividing or 3010
offering to divide, any commission, premium, or fee; 3011

(34) Using a license for the principal purpose of 3012
procuring, receiving, or forwarding applications for insurance 3013
of any kind, other than life, or soliciting, placing, or 3014
effecting such insurance directly or indirectly upon or in 3015
connection with the property of the licensee or that of 3016
relatives, employers, employees, or that for which they or the 3017
licensee is an agent, custodian, vendor, bailee, trustee, or 3018
payee; 3019

(35) In the case of an insurance agent that is a business 3020
entity, using a life license for the principal purpose of 3021

soliciting or placing insurance on the lives of the business 3022
entity's officers, employees, or shareholders, or on the lives 3023
of relatives of such officers, employees, or shareholders, or on 3024
the lives of persons for whom they, their relatives, or the 3025
business entity is agent, custodian, vendor, bailee, trustee, or 3026
payee; 3027

(36) Offering, selling, soliciting, or negotiating 3028
policies, contracts, agreements, or applications for insurance, 3029
or annuities providing fixed, variable, or fixed and variable 3030
benefits, or contractual payments, for or on behalf of any 3031
insurer or multiple employer welfare arrangement not authorized 3032
to transact business in this state, or for or on behalf of any 3033
spurious, fictitious, nonexistent, dissolved, inactive, 3034
liquidated or liquidating, or bankrupt insurer or multiple 3035
employer welfare arrangement; 3036

(37) In the case of a resident business entity, failing to 3037
be qualified to do business in this state under Title XVII of 3038
the Revised Code, failing to be in good standing with the 3039
secretary of state, or failing to maintain a valid appointment 3040
of statutory agent with the secretary of state; 3041

(38) In the case of a nonresident agent, failing to 3042
maintain licensure as an insurance agent in the agent's home 3043
state for the lines of authority held in this state; 3044

(39) Knowingly aiding and abetting another person or 3045
entity in the violation of any insurance law of this state or 3046
the rules adopted under it. 3047

(C) Before denying, revoking, suspending, or refusing to 3048
issue any license or imposing any penalty under this section, 3049
the superintendent shall provide the licensee or applicant with 3050

notice and an opportunity for hearing as provided in Chapter 3051
119. of the Revised Code, except as follows: 3052

(1) (a) Any notice of opportunity for hearing, the hearing 3053
officer's findings and recommendations, or the superintendent's 3054
order shall be served by certified mail at the last known 3055
address of the licensee or applicant. Service shall be evidenced 3056
by return receipt signed by any person. 3057

For purposes of this section, the "last known address" is 3058
the residential address of a licensee or applicant, or the 3059
principal-place-of-business address of a business entity, that 3060
is contained in the licensing records of the department. 3061

(b) If the certified mail envelope is returned with an 3062
endorsement showing that service was refused, or that the 3063
envelope was unclaimed, the notice and all subsequent notices 3064
required by Chapter 119. of the Revised Code may be served by 3065
ordinary mail to the last known address of the licensee or 3066
applicant. The mailing shall be evidenced by a certificate of 3067
mailing. Service is deemed complete as of the date of such 3068
certificate provided that the ordinary mail envelope is not 3069
returned by the postal authorities with an endorsement showing 3070
failure of delivery. The time period in which to request a 3071
hearing, as provided in Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, begins 3072
to run on the date of mailing. 3073

(c) If service by ordinary mail fails, the superintendent 3074
may cause a summary of the substantive provisions of the notice 3075
to be published once a week for three consecutive weeks in a 3076
newspaper of general circulation in the county where the last 3077
known place of residence or business of the party is located. 3078
The notice is considered served on the date of the third 3079
publication. 3080

(d) Any notice required to be served under Chapter 119. of 3081
the Revised Code shall also be served upon the party's attorney 3082
by ordinary mail if the attorney has entered an appearance in 3083
the matter. 3084

(e) The superintendent may, at any time, perfect service 3085
on a party by personal delivery of the notice by an employee of 3086
the department. 3087

(f) Notices regarding the scheduling of hearings and all 3088
other matters not described in division (C)(1)(a) of this 3089
section shall be sent by ordinary mail to the party and to the 3090
party's attorney. 3091

(2) Any subpoena for the appearance of a witness or the 3092
production of documents or other evidence at a hearing, or for 3093
the purpose of taking testimony for use at a hearing, shall be 3094
served by certified mail, return receipt requested, by an 3095
attorney or by an employee of the department designated by the 3096
superintendent. Such subpoenas shall be enforced in the manner 3097
provided in section 119.09 of the Revised Code. Nothing in this 3098
section shall be construed as limiting the superintendent's 3099
other statutory powers to issue subpoenas. 3100

(D) If the superintendent determines that a violation 3101
described in this section has occurred, the superintendent may 3102
take one or more of the following actions: 3103

(1) Assess a civil penalty in an amount not exceeding 3104
twenty-five thousand dollars per violation; 3105

(2) Assess administrative costs to cover the expenses 3106
incurred by the department in the administrative action, 3107
including costs incurred in the investigation and hearing 3108
processes. Any costs collected shall be paid into the state 3109

treasury to the credit of the department of insurance operating 3110
fund created in section 3901.021 of the Revised Code. 3111

(3) Suspend all of the person's licenses for all lines of 3112
insurance for either a specified period of time or an indefinite 3113
period of time and under such terms and conditions as the 3114
superintendent may determine; 3115

(4) Permanently revoke all of the person's licenses for 3116
all lines of insurance; 3117

(5) Refuse to issue a license; 3118

(6) Refuse to renew a license; 3119

(7) Prohibit the person from being employed in any 3120
capacity in the business of insurance and from having any 3121
financial interest in any insurance agency, company, surety bail 3122
bond business, or third-party administrator in this state. The 3123
superintendent may, in the superintendent's discretion, 3124
determine the nature, conditions, and duration of such 3125
restrictions. 3126

(8) Order corrective actions in lieu of or in addition to 3127
the other penalties listed in division (D) of this section. Such 3128
an order may provide for the suspension of civil penalties, 3129
license revocation, license suspension, or refusal to issue or 3130
renew a license if the licensee complies with the terms and 3131
conditions of the corrective action order. 3132

(9) Accept a surrender for cause offered by the licensee, 3133
which shall be for at least five years and shall prohibit the 3134
licensee from seeking any license authorized under this chapter 3135
during that time period. A surrender for cause shall be in lieu 3136
of revocation or suspension and may include a corrective action 3137
order as provided in division (D) (8) of this section. 3138

(E) The superintendent may consider the following factors	3139
in denying a license, imposing suspensions, revocations, fines,	3140
or other penalties, and issuing orders under this section:	3141
(1) Whether the person acted in good faith;	3142
(2) Whether the person made restitution for any pecuniary	3143
losses suffered by other persons as a result of the person's	3144
actions;	3145
(3) The actual harm or potential for harm to others;	3146
(4) The degree of trust placed in the person by, and the	3147
vulnerability of, persons who were or could have been adversely	3148
affected by the person's actions;	3149
(5) Whether the person was the subject of any previous	3150
administrative actions by the superintendent;	3151
(6) The number of individuals adversely affected by the	3152
person's acts or omissions;	3153
(7) Whether the person voluntarily reported the violation,	3154
and the extent of the person's cooperation and acceptance of	3155
responsibility;	3156
(8) Whether the person obstructed or impeded, or attempted	3157
to obstruct or impede, the superintendent's investigation;	3158
(9) The person's efforts to conceal the misconduct;	3159
(10) Remedial efforts to prevent future violations;	3160
(11) If the person was convicted of a criminal offense,	3161
the nature of the offense, whether the conviction was based on	3162
acts or omissions taken under any professional license, whether	3163
the offense involved the breach of a fiduciary duty, the amount	3164
of time that has passed, and the person's activities subsequent	3165

to the conviction; 3166

(12) Such other factors as the superintendent determines 3167
to be appropriate under the circumstances. 3168

(F) (1) A violation described in division (B) (1), (2), (3), 3169
(4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), 3170
(16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (22), (23), (24), (25), (26), 3171
(27), (28), (29), (30), (31), (32), (33), (34), (35), ~~and or~~ 3172
(36) of this section is a class A offense for which the 3173
superintendent may impose any penalty set forth in division (D) 3174
of this section. 3175

(2) A violation described in division (B) (15) or (21) of 3176
this section, or a failure to comply with section 3905.061, 3177
3905.071, or 3905.22 of the Revised Code, is a class B offense 3178
for which the superintendent may impose any penalty set forth in 3179
division (D) (1), (2), (8), or (9) of this section. 3180

(3) If the superintendent determines that a violation 3181
described in division (B) (36) of this section has occurred, the 3182
superintendent shall impose a minimum of a two-year suspension 3183
on all of the person's licenses for all lines of insurance. 3184

(G) If a violation described in this section has caused, 3185
is causing, or is about to cause substantial and material harm, 3186
the superintendent may issue an order requiring that person to 3187
cease and desist from engaging in the violation. Notice of the 3188
order shall be mailed by certified mail, return receipt 3189
requested, or served in any other manner provided for in this 3190
section, immediately after its issuance to the person subject to 3191
the order and to all persons known to be involved in the 3192
violation. The superintendent may thereafter publicize or 3193
otherwise make known to all interested parties that the order 3194

has been issued. 3195

The notice shall specify the particular act, omission, 3196
practice, or transaction that is subject to the cease-and-desist 3197
order and shall set a date, not more than fifteen days after the 3198
date of the order, for a hearing on the continuation or 3199
revocation of the order. The person shall comply with the order 3200
immediately upon receipt of notice of the order. 3201

The superintendent may, upon the application of a party 3202
and for good cause shown, continue the hearing. Chapter 119. of 3203
the Revised Code applies to such hearings to the extent that 3204
that chapter does not conflict with the procedures set forth in 3205
this section. The superintendent shall, within fifteen days 3206
after objections are submitted to the hearing officer's report 3207
and recommendation, issue a final order either confirming or 3208
revoking the cease-and-desist order. The final order may be 3209
appealed as provided under section 119.12 of the Revised Code. 3210

The remedy under this division is cumulative and 3211
concurrent with the other remedies available under this section. 3212

(H) If the superintendent has reasonable cause to believe 3213
that an order issued under this section has been violated in 3214
whole or in part, the superintendent may request the attorney 3215
general to commence and prosecute any appropriate action or 3216
proceeding in the name of the state against such person. 3217

The court may, in an action brought pursuant to this 3218
division, impose any of the following: 3219

(1) For each violation, a civil penalty of not more than 3220
twenty-five thousand dollars; 3221

(2) Injunctive relief; 3222

(3) Restitution;	3223
(4) Any other appropriate relief.	3224
(I) With respect to a surety bail bond agent license:	3225
(1) Upon the suspension or revocation of a license, or the eligibility of a surety bail bond agent to hold a license, the superintendent likewise may suspend or revoke the license or eligibility of any surety bail bond agent who is employed by or associated with that agent and who knowingly was a party to the act that resulted in the suspension or revocation.	3226 3227 3228 3229 3230 3231
(2) The superintendent may revoke a license as a surety bail bond agent if the licensee is adjudged bankrupt.	3232 3233
(J) Nothing in this section shall be construed to create or imply a private cause of action against an agent or insurer.	3234 3235
Sec. 3905.84. No person shall act in the capacity of a surety bail bond agent, or perform any of the functions, duties, or powers prescribed for surety bail bond agents under sections 3905.83 to 3905.95 of the Revised Code, unless that person is <u>is</u> qualified, licensed, and appointed as provided in those sections.	3236 3237 3238 3239 3240 3241
Sec. 3905.85. (A) (1) An individual who applies for a license as a surety bail bond agent shall submit an application for the license in a manner prescribed by the superintendent of insurance. The application shall be accompanied by a one_ <u>hundred-fifty-dollar</u> fee and a statement that gives the applicant's name, age, residence, present occupation, occupation for the five years next preceding the date of the application, and such other information as the superintendent may require.	3242 3243 3244 3245 3246 3247 3248 3249
(2) An applicant for an individual resident license shall	3250

also submit to a criminal records check pursuant to section 3251
3905.051 of the Revised Code. 3252

(B) (1) The superintendent shall issue to an applicant an 3253
individual resident license that states in substance that the 3254
person is authorized to do the business of a surety bail bond 3255
agent, if the superintendent is satisfied that all of the 3256
following apply: 3257

(a) The applicant is eighteen years of age or older. 3258

(b) The applicant's home state is Ohio. 3259

(c) The applicant is a person of high character and 3260
integrity. 3261

(d) The applicant has not committed any act that is 3262
grounds for the refusal to issue, suspension of, or revocation 3263
of a license under section 3905.14 of the Revised Code. 3264

(e) The applicant is a United States citizen or has 3265
provided proof of having legal authorization to work in the 3266
United States. 3267

(f) The applicant has successfully completed the 3268
educational requirements set forth in section 3905.04 of the 3269
Revised Code and passed the examination required by that 3270
section. 3271

(2) The superintendent shall issue to an applicant an 3272
individual nonresident license that states in substance that the 3273
person is authorized to do the business of a surety bail bond 3274
agent, if the superintendent is satisfied that all of the 3275
following apply: 3276

(a) The applicant is eighteen years of age or older. 3277

(b) The applicant is currently licensed as a resident in another state and is in good standing in the applicant's home state for surety bail bond or is qualified for the same authority.	3278 3279 3280 3281
(c) The applicant is a person of high character and integrity.	3282 3283
(d) The applicant has not committed any act that is grounds for the refusal to issue, suspension of, or revocation of a license under section 3905.14 of the Revised Code.	3284 3285 3286
(3) The superintendent shall issue an applicant a resident business entity license that states in substance that the person is authorized to do the business of a surety bail bond agent if the superintendent is satisfied that all of the following apply:	3287 3288 3289 3290
(a) The applicant has submitted an application for the license in a manner prescribed by the superintendent and the one-hundred-fifty-dollar application fee.	3291 3292 3293
(b) The applicant either is domiciled in this state or maintains its principal place of business in this state.	3294 3295
(c) The applicant has designated an individual licensed surety bail bond agent who will be responsible for the applicant's compliance with the insurance laws of this state.	3296 3297 3298
(d) The applicant has not committed any act that is grounds for the refusal to issue, suspension of, or revocation of a license under section 3905.14 of the Revised Code.	3299 3300 3301
(e) The applicant is authorized to do business in this state by the secretary of state if so required under the applicable provisions of Title XVII of the Revised Code.	3302 3303 3304
(f) The applicant has submitted any other documents	3305

requested by the superintendent. 3306

(4) The superintendent shall issue an applicant a 3307
nonresident business entity license that states in substance 3308
that the person is authorized to do the business of a surety 3309
bail bond agent if the superintendent is satisfied that all of 3310
the following apply: 3311

(a) The applicant has submitted an application for the 3312
license in a manner prescribed by the superintendent and the 3313
one-hundred-fifty-dollar application fee. 3314

(b) The applicant is currently licensed and is in good 3315
standing in the applicant's home state with surety bail bond 3316
authority. 3317

(c) The applicant has designated an individual licensed 3318
surety bail bond agent who will be responsible for the 3319
applicant's compliance with the insurance laws of this state. 3320

(d) The applicant has not committed any act that is 3321
grounds for the refusal to issue, suspension of, or revocation 3322
of a license under section 3905.14 of the Revised Code. 3323

(e) The applicant has submitted any other documents 3324
requested by the superintendent. 3325

(C) A resident and nonresident surety bail bond agent 3326
license issued pursuant to this section authorizes the holder, 3327
when appointed by an insurer, to execute or countersign bail 3328
bonds in connection with judicial proceedings and to receive 3329
money or other things of value for those services. However, the 3330
holder shall not execute or deliver a bond during the first one 3331
hundred eighty days after the license is initially issued. This 3332
restriction does not apply with respect to license renewals or 3333
any license issued under divisions (B) (3) and (4) of this 3334

section. 3335

(D) The superintendent may refuse to renew a surety bail 3336
bond agent's license as provided in division (B) of section 3337
3905.88 of the Revised Code, and may suspend, revoke, or refuse 3338
to issue or renew such a license as provided in section 3905.14 3339
of the Revised Code. 3340

If the superintendent refuses to issue such a license 3341
based in whole or in part upon the written response to a 3342
criminal records check completed pursuant to division (A) of 3343
this section, the superintendent shall send a copy of the 3344
response that was transmitted to the superintendent to the 3345
applicant at the applicant's home address upon the applicant's 3346
submission of a written request to the superintendent. 3347

(E) Any person licensed as a surety bail bond agent may 3348
surrender the person's license in accordance with section 3349
3905.16 of the Revised Code. 3350

(F) (1) A person seeking to renew a surety bail bond agent 3351
license shall apply annually for a renewal of the license on or 3352
before the last day of February. Applications shall be submitted 3353
to the superintendent on forms prescribed by the superintendent. 3354
Each application shall be accompanied by a one-hundred-fifty- 3355
dollar renewal fee. 3356

(2) To be eligible for renewal, an individual applicant 3357
shall complete the continuing education requirements pursuant to 3358
section 3905.88 of the Revised Code prior to the renewal date. 3359

(3) If an applicant submits a completed renewal 3360
application, qualifies for renewal pursuant to divisions (F) (1) 3361
and (2) of this section, and has not committed any act that is a 3362
ground for the refusal to issue, suspension of, or revocation of 3363

a license under section 3905.14 or sections 3905.83 to 3905.99 3364
of the Revised Code, the superintendent shall renew the 3365
applicant's surety bail bond insurance agent license. 3366

(4) If an individual or business entity does not apply for 3367
the renewal of the individual or business entity's license on or 3368
before the license renewal date specified in division (F)(1) of 3369
this section, the individual or business entity may submit a 3370
late renewal application along with all applicable fees required 3371
under this chapter prior to the last day of March following the 3372
renewal date. The superintendent shall renew the license of an 3373
applicant that submits a late renewal application if the 3374
applicant satisfies all of the following conditions: 3375

(a) The applicant submits a completed renewal application. 3376

(b) The applicant pays the one-hundred-fifty-dollar 3377
renewal fee. 3378

(c) The applicant pays the late renewal fee established by 3379
the superintendent. 3380

(d) The applicant provides proof of compliance with the 3381
continuing education requirements pursuant to section 3905.88 of 3382
the Revised Code. 3383

(e) The applicant has not committed any act that is 3384
grounds for the refusal to issue, suspension of, or revocation 3385
of a license under section 3905.14 or sections 3905.83 to 3386
3905.99 of the Revised Code. 3387

(5) A license issued under this section that is not 3388
renewed on or before its late renewal date specified in division 3389
(F)(4) of this section is automatically suspended for nonrenewal 3390
effective the first day of April. 3391

(6) If a license is suspended for nonrenewal pursuant to 3392
division (F) (5) of this section, the individual or business 3393
entity is eligible to apply for reinstatement of the license 3394
within the twelve-month period following the date by which the 3395
license should have been renewed by complying with the 3396
reinstatement procedure established by the superintendent and 3397
paying all applicable fees required under this chapter. 3398

(7) A license that is suspended for nonrenewal that is not 3399
reinstated pursuant to division (F) (6) of this section 3400
automatically is canceled unless the superintendent is 3401
investigating any allegations of wrongdoing by the agent or has 3402
initiated proceedings under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. In 3403
that case, the license automatically is canceled after the 3404
completion of the investigation or proceedings unless the 3405
superintendent revokes the license. 3406

(G) The superintendent may prescribe the forms to be used 3407
as evidence of the issuance of a license under this section. The 3408
superintendent shall require each licensee to acquire, from a 3409
source designated by the superintendent, a wallet identification 3410
card that includes the licensee's photograph and any other 3411
information required by the superintendent. The licensee shall 3412
keep the wallet identification card on the licensee's person 3413
while engaging in the bail bond business. 3414

(H) (1) The superintendent of insurance shall not issue or 3415
renew the license of a business entity organized under the laws 3416
of this or any other state unless the business entity is 3417
qualified to do business in this state under the applicable 3418
provisions of Title XVII of the Revised Code. 3419

(2) The failure of a business entity to be in good 3420
standing with the secretary of state or to maintain a valid 3421

appointment of statutory agent is grounds for suspending, 3422
revoking, or refusing to renew its license. 3423

(3) By applying for a surety bail bond agent license under 3424
this section, an individual or business entity consents to the 3425
jurisdiction of the courts of this state. 3426

(I) A surety bail bond agent licensed pursuant to this 3427
section is an officer of the court. 3428

(J) Any fee collected under this section shall be paid 3429
into the state treasury to the credit of the department of 3430
insurance operating fund created by section 3901.021 of the 3431
Revised Code. 3432

Sec. 3906.11. (A) An insurer investing under this chapter 3433
shall maintain assets in an amount equivalent to the sum of its 3434
liabilities and its minimum financial security benchmark at all 3435
times. 3436

(B) Assets invested under this chapter may be counted 3437
toward satisfaction of the minimum asset requirement only so far 3438
as they are invested in compliance with this chapter and any 3439
applicable rules adopted, or orders issued, by the 3440
superintendent pursuant to this chapter. 3441

(C) The amount of admitted assets used to calculate the 3442
minimum asset requirement shall be reduced by the amount of the 3443
liability recorded on an insurer's statutory balance sheet for 3444
all of the following: 3445

(1) The return of acceptable collateral received in a 3446
reverse repurchase transaction or a securities lending 3447
transaction; 3448

(2) Cash received in a dollar roll transaction; 3449

(3) Other amounts reported as borrowed money.	3450
(D) Assets other than invested assets may be counted	3451
toward satisfaction of the minimum asset requirement at admitted	3452
annual financial statement value. However, loans to officers or	3453
directors or their immediate families shall not be counted	3454
toward the satisfaction of the minimum asset requirement.	3455
(E) An investment held as an admitted asset by an insurer	3456
on the effective date of this section <u>September 4, 2014</u> , that	3457
qualified under the applicable insurance investment law of this	3458
state shall remain qualified as an admitted asset under this	3459
chapter.	3460
(F) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the	3461
contrary, an asset acquired in the bona fide enforcement of	3462
creditors' rights or in bona fide workouts or settlements of	3463
disputed claims may be counted toward the minimum asset	3464
requirement for five years if the asset is real property and	3465
three years if the asset is not real property.	3466
(G) The superintendent may determine an insurer to be	3467
financially hazardous under section 3903.09 of the Revised Code	3468
if either of the following apply:	3469
(1) The insurer does not own the amount of assets needed	3470
to meet its minimum asset requirement.	3471
(2) The insurer is unable to apply the amount of assets	3472
needed to meet its minimum asset requirement toward compliance	3473
with this chapter.	3474
Sec. 3907.03. When the articles of incorporation are filed	3475
in the office of the secretary of state under section 3907.02 of	3476
the Revised Code, and the name assumed by the company is not so	3477
nearly similar to that of any other company organized in this	3478

state as to lead to confusion or uncertainty on the part of the 3479
public, the secretary of state shall submit them to the attorney 3480
general for examination. If such articles are found by ~~him~~ the 3481
attorney general to be in accordance with sections 3907.01 to 3482
3907.21, ~~inclusive~~, of the Revised Code, and not inconsistent 3483
with the constitution and laws of the United States and of this 3484
state, ~~he~~ the attorney general shall certify to and deliver them 3485
to the secretary of state, who shall cause them, together with 3486
the certificate of the attorney general, to be recorded in a 3487
book kept for that purpose. Upon application of the signers of 3488
such articles of incorporation, the secretary of state shall 3489
furnish to them a certified copy of such articles and 3490
certificates. 3491

Sec. 3907.07. Any legal reserve life insurance company 3492
organized under the laws of this state may invest its capital in 3493
the stocks, bonds, or mortgages authorized by section 3907.05 of 3494
the Revised Code, and may change and invest it or any part 3495
thereof in like manner. No company shall commence business until 3496
it has deposited with the superintendent of insurance at least 3497
one hundred thousand dollars, in such stocks, bonds, or 3498
mortgages, made or assigned to the superintendent in trust for 3499
the purposes mentioned in sections 3907.01 to 3907.21, ~~—~~ 3500
~~inclusive~~, of the Revised Code. When a mortgage of real estate 3501
is assigned to the superintendent, the assignment shall be 3502
immediately entered in the records of the county in which the 3503
real estate is situated, and the fee for its recording shall be 3504
paid by the company. 3505

The superintendent shall hold such securities as security 3506
for policyholders in the company. As long as any company 3507
depositing such securities remains solvent, ~~he~~ the 3508
superintendent shall permit it to collect the interest or 3509

dividends on the securities, and from time to time to withdraw 3510
them, or a part thereof, on depositing with ~~him~~ the 3511
superintendent other securities of the kinds named in section 3512
3907.05 of the Revised Code, and of equal value with those 3513
withdrawn. 3514

In case a company making or maintaining such deposit with 3515
the superintendent, through inadvertence or by reason of not 3516
having securities in such denominations as to make the exact sum 3517
of one hundred thousand dollars, deposits securities in excess 3518
of the requirement, such excess shall be held in trust for the 3519
company and not for the benefit of policyholders, and shall be 3520
returned to the company making the deposit on its demand. 3521

Sec. 3909.04. Every life insurance company organized by 3522
act of congress or under the laws of another state of the United 3523
States shall file with the superintendent of insurance a 3524
certified copy of its charter, or deed of settlement, together 3525
with a statement, under the oath of the president, vice- 3526
president, or other chief officer or manager, and the secretary 3527
of the company, stating the name of the company, the place where 3528
it is located, and the amount of its capital, with a detailed 3529
statement of all the facts required in the annual statement of 3530
companies organized under sections ~~3907.1~~ 3907.01 to 3907.21, ~~—~~ 3531
~~inclusive,~~ of the Revised Code, except as to the statement 3532
required by division (N) of section 3907.19 of the Revised Code, 3533
which statement shall be filed by such company only when 3534
required by the superintendent for purposes of actual valuation, 3535
as provided by the insurance laws of this state. The statement 3536
also shall include a copy of its last annual report, if any was 3537
made. 3538

Sec. 3911.09. (A) Any person may procure, authorize 3539

procurement of, or effect an insurance on the person's life, for 3540
any definite period of time or for the term of the person's 3541
natural life, to inure to the benefit of the person's spouse and 3542
children, or either, or other persons dependent upon such 3543
person, or an institution or entity described in division (B) (1) 3544
of this section, or any creditor the person causes to be 3545
appointed and provided for in the policy. 3546

(B) (1) Any religious, charitable, scientific, literary, 3547
educational, or other institution or entity that is described in 3548
section 170, 501(c) (3), 2055, or 2522 of the "Internal Revenue 3549
Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 170, 501, 2055, 2522, 3550
as amended, may be the owner of, or may be designated 3551
beneficiary in, any policy of life insurance issued upon the 3552
life or lives of one or more individuals. Any such institution 3553
or entity has an insurable interest in the life of each insured 3554
and is entitled to enforce all rights and collect all benefits 3555
to which it is entitled pursuant to the policy. 3556

(2) With respect to any policy of life insurance delivered 3557
or issued for delivery in this state before ~~the effective date~~ 3558
~~of this amendment~~ July 8, 1992, and in which any institution or 3559
entity described in division (B) (1) of this section has been 3560
designated owner of or beneficiary, the institution or entity 3561
has an insurable interest in the life of each insured and is 3562
entitled to enforce all rights and collect all benefits to which 3563
it is entitled pursuant to the policy. 3564

(3) With respect to any transfer of ownership or 3565
designation of beneficiary executed before ~~the effective date of~~ 3566
~~this amendment~~ July 8, 1992, and in which any institution or 3567
entity described in division (B) (1) of this section has been 3568
designated owner or beneficiary, the institution or entity has 3569

an insurable interest in the life of each insured and is 3570
entitled to enforce all rights and collect all benefits to which 3571
it is entitled pursuant to the policy under which the transfer 3572
or designation was executed. 3573

Sec. 3911.20. No life insurance company doing business in 3574
this state, whether on the group insurance or any other plan, 3575
shall make or permit any distinction or discrimination in favor 3576
of individuals between insured persons of the same class and 3577
equal expectation of life in the amount or payment of premiums, 3578
or in rates charged for policies of insurance, or in the 3579
dividends or other benefits payable thereon, or in any other of 3580
the terms and conditions of the contracts it makes. No such 3581
company, or any agent thereof, shall make any contract of 3582
insurance or agreement as to such contract, other than as 3583
plainly expressed in the policy issued thereon. 3584

No life insurance company doing business in this state, or 3585
any officer, agent, employee, or representative thereof, nor any 3586
other person, shall pay, allow, or give, or offer to pay, allow, 3587
or give, directly or indirectly, as an inducement to insurance, 3588
nor shall any person, partnership, or corporation knowingly 3589
receive as such inducement to insurance, any rebate of premium 3590
payable on the policy or any special favor or advantage in the 3591
dividends or other benefits to accrue thereon, or any special 3592
advantage in the date of a policy or date of the issue thereof, 3593
or any valuable consideration or inducement. Nor shall such 3594
company or person give, receive, sell, or purchase, or offer to 3595
give, receive, sell, or purchase, as inducements to insurance or 3596
in connection therewith, any stocks, bonds, or other obligations 3597
or securities of any insurance company or other corporation, 3598
association, partnership, or individual, or any dividends or 3599
profits to accrue thereon, or any paid employment or contract 3600

for service of any kind, or anything of value; nor shall such 3601
company or person give or offer to give, or enter into any 3602
separate agreement promising to secure, as an inducement or 3603
consideration for insurance, the loan of any money, either 3604
directly or indirectly, or any contract for services; nor shall 3605
such company or person require as a condition of or in 3606
connection with the granting of a loan, that the applicant or 3607
borrower or any other person, either directly or indirectly, 3608
acquire a policy of life or accident and health insurance from 3609
any particular company, agent, or person. 3610

No person shall receive or accept from any company, agent, 3611
subagent, or any other person any such rebate of premium payable 3612
on the policy, or any special favor or advantage in the dividend 3613
or other benefits to accrue thereon, or any valuable 3614
consideration or inducement not specified in the policy of 3615
insurance. No person shall be excused from testifying or from 3616
producing any books, papers, contracts, agreements, or documents 3617
at the trial of any other person charged with violation of this 3618
section, upon the ground that such testimony or evidence may 3619
tend to incriminate, but no person shall be prosecuted or 3620
subjected to any penalty or forfeiture on account of any 3621
transaction, matter, or thing concerning which ~~he~~ the person so 3622
testifies or produces evidence, and no testimony so given or 3623
produced shall be received against ~~him~~ the person upon any 3624
criminal investigation or proceeding involving rebates or 3625
violation of insurance laws. 3626

This section does not prohibit any company issuing 3627
nonparticipating life insurance from paying bonuses to 3628
policyholders or otherwise abating their premiums out of surplus 3629
accumulated from nonparticipating insurance; nor does it 3630
prohibit any company which transacts industrial insurance on the 3631

weekly payment plan from returning to policyholders, who have 3632
made premium payments for a period of at least one year directly 3633
to the company at its home or district offices, a percentage of 3634
the premium which the company would have paid for the weekly 3635
collection of such payments. 3636

In so far as it is adaptable to the conduct of such 3637
business, this section is also applicable to the sale and 3638
purchase of annuities by and from life insurance companies. 3639

Sec. 3911.24. Upon the conviction of any person, firm, 3640
association, or life insurance company for violating section 3641
3911.23 of the Revised Code, the superintendent of insurance 3642
shall revoke the license of such person, firm, association, or 3643
life insurance company for not less than one year. 3644

The superintendent, when ~~he~~ the superintendent has good 3645
reason to believe that any company or association writing life 3646
insurance in this state, on any plan, is knowingly permitting 3647
any of its agents or representatives to violate section 3911.23 3648
of the Revised Code, shall give such company or association 3649
notice of a hearing in accordance with ~~sections 119.01 to~~ 3650
~~119.13, inclusive,~~ Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, upon the 3651
charge of knowingly permitting said section to be violated, and, 3652
if ~~he~~ the superintendent finds said company or association 3653
guilty of the offense, ~~he~~ the superintendent shall revoke its 3654
license. 3655

Sec. 3913.11. (A) A domestic mutual life insurance company 3656
may become a stock life insurance company, pursuant to sections 3657
3913.11 to 3913.13 of the Revised Code, provided that the 3658
company have unassigned surplus at least equal to the capital 3659
and surplus required under section 3907.05 of the Revised Code 3660
for a life insurance company to commence business in this state, 3661

that such conversion will benefit the company, that adequate 3662
provision for protection of the policyholders' interests is 3663
made, and that such conversion is not inequitable, unreasonable, 3664
or contrary to law. "Policyholder", as used in sections 3913.11 3665
to 3913.13 of the Revised Code, means a policyholder as defined 3666
in section 3913.10 of the Revised Code and the qualifications 3667
for voting shall be as provided in that section. 3668

(B) The board of directors of a mutual life insurance 3669
company desiring to become a stock life insurance company shall, 3670
by a majority vote, adopt a resolution stating the reason it 3671
believes such conversion would be of benefit to the company and 3672
its policyholders, and setting forth a plan of conversion and 3673
explanation thereof, a schedule of the steps to be followed in 3674
effecting the conversion, and a statement of the organization of 3675
the new company and its capitalization, including the number of 3676
shares of capital stock and the price per share for which the 3677
stock is to be issued. Five certified copies of such resolution 3678
shall be filed with the superintendent of insurance, together 3679
with the following: 3680

(1) A copy of the charter or articles of incorporation of 3681
the company, together with the proposed articles of 3682
incorporation of the new company; 3683

(2) Complete annual financial statements of the company 3684
for the five accounting periods immediately preceding the date 3685
of the resolution, based on generally recognized insurance 3686
accounting principles; 3687

(3) A draft of the prospectus to be sent to the 3688
policyholders, which shall contain a full disclosure of the 3689
details of the proposed conversion; 3690

(4) Such other and further statements, affidavits, books, records, papers, information, and data, as the superintendent may require.

(C) Within thirty days of the filing of the resolution and supporting documents and information required by division (B) of this section, the superintendent shall review them, and if it appears on their face that such conversion meets the requirements contained in division (A) of this section, ~~he the~~ superintendent shall order an examination of the company. If ~~he~~ the superintendent finds that such conversion does not meet the requirements contained in division (A), ~~he the superintendent~~ shall issue a written order prohibiting the conversion, stating in detail the reasons therefor. The company may, within thirty days after issuance of such order of prohibition, submit modifications to the proposed conversion, and ~~if the~~ superintendent finds after finding that the conversion as so modified meets the requirements contained in division (A) ~~he the~~ superintendent shall rescind ~~his~~ the prior order and order an examination of the company. The examination conducted pursuant to this section shall be such as is necessary to verify that such conversion will meet the requirements contained in division (A). The expenses of such examination shall be paid by the company.

(D) Upon completion of the examination, the superintendent shall appoint an appraisal committee, consisting of a fellow of the society of actuaries, an attorney at law, and a person who by reason of knowledge and experience is specially qualified in the valuation of insurance companies. No member of such committee shall have any direct or indirect interest in the company's affairs, nor shall any member be an employee of the department of insurance. Each such appraiser shall receive

reasonable compensation for ~~his~~ the appraiser's services, plus 3722
reasonable expenses, as approved by the superintendent, which 3723
compensation and expenses shall be paid by the company. The 3724
appraisal committee shall determine the value of the company as 3725
of the date of the examination conducted pursuant to this 3726
section, taking into consideration the admitted and non-admitted 3727
assets, reserves, and other liabilities, equity in unearned 3728
premium reserves, the value of the agency plant, the value of 3729
insurance in force, and any other factor affecting the value of 3730
the company. 3731

The appraisal committee shall confirm or modify the 3732
determination of the board of directors as to the consideration 3733
to be given to each policyholder, including, if applicable, the 3734
number of ~~shares~~ shares of the new corporation and establish the 3735
priority rights for subscription to any additional shares that 3736
may be issued to each policyholder pursuant to section 3913.12 3737
of the Revised Code. Certified copies of the report of the 3738
appraisers shall be filed with the superintendent and sent to 3739
the company. 3740

(E) Within sixty days after the appraisal committee files 3741
its report with the superintendent, the company shall call a 3742
meeting of policyholders. Notice of the time and place of such 3743
meeting shall be sent by mail to each policyholder at ~~his~~ the 3744
policyholder's post office address as it appears on the books of 3745
the company, and to the superintendent, at least thirty days 3746
prior to such meeting. Such notice shall include a copy of the 3747
prospectus required under division (B) (3) of this section as 3748
approved by the superintendent, a summary of the examination 3749
approved by the superintendent, a uniform ballot for voting on 3750
the question of conversion, together with a postage prepaid 3751
envelope for the return of such ballot, a copy or summary of the 3752

report of the appraisal committee, a statement of the 3753
consideration to be given to the policyholder, including, if 3754
applicable, the number of shares of the new company to be issued 3755
to the policyholder and the priority rights of the policyholder 3756
for subscription to any additional shares that may be issued, 3757
and a statement that if the conversion is approved by the 3758
policyholders, the superintendent will fix a time and place for 3759
a public hearing on such conversion not more than sixty days 3760
after the date of such meeting. The superintendent shall appoint 3761
sufficient inspectors to conduct the voting at said meeting and 3762
to determine all questions concerning the verification of 3763
ballots, the qualifications of voters, and the canvass of the 3764
vote. The inspectors shall certify to the superintendent and to 3765
the company the result of such proceedings. Voting at such 3766
meeting may be in person, by proxy, or by mail as provided in 3767
this division. All necessary expenses incurred by the department 3768
in connection with such meeting, and certified by the 3769
superintendent, shall be paid by the company. 3770

(F) If such conversion is approved at such meeting by the 3771
affirmative vote of a majority of the policyholders of such 3772
company voting at the meeting, the superintendent shall fix the 3773
time and place for a public hearing not more than sixty days 3774
after the date of such meeting. Otherwise, ~~he~~ the superintendent 3775
shall issue an order prohibiting the conversion. Notice of the 3776
time and place of such hearing shall be published once each week 3777
for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation 3778
in the county where the home office of the company is located, 3779
and in Franklin county, and the last such publication shall be 3780
at least fifteen days prior to the date of such hearing. The 3781
expenses of publication of notice shall be paid by the company. 3782
At such hearing, the superintendent shall hear any person 3783

adversely affected by the conversion, who may present ~~his~~ the 3784
person's position, arguments, or contentions, offer and examine 3785
witnesses, and present evidence tending to show that such 3786
conversion does not meet the requirements contained in division 3787
(A) of this section. If the superintendent finds that such 3788
conversion meets such requirements, ~~he~~ the superintendent shall 3789
issue ~~his~~ a written order accepting the report of the appraisal 3790
committee and authorizing the conversion. Otherwise, ~~he~~ the 3791
superintendent shall issue such order as is appropriate to ~~his~~ the 3792
superintendent's findings. 3793

(G) At or after the issuance of the order authorizing the 3794
conversion, the articles of incorporation of the new company as 3795
approved by the superintendent shall be filed with the secretary 3796
of state. When such articles of incorporation of the new company 3797
are filed and accepted by the secretary of state, the mutual 3798
life insurance company shall become a stock life insurance 3799
company, and all property of every description and every 3800
interest therein, and all obligations of, belonging to, or due 3801
the mutual company shall thereafter be considered vested in the 3802
stock company without further act or deed. The stock insurance 3803
company shall be liable for all obligations of the mutual 3804
company and any claim existing or action or proceeding pending 3805
by or against the company may be prosecuted to judgment, with 3806
right of appeal as in other cases, as if such conversion had not 3807
taken place. All rights of creditors, and all liens upon the 3808
property of the mutual company shall be preserved unimpaired, 3809
limited in lien to the property affected by such liens 3810
immediately prior to the effective date of the conversion. 3811

The directors and officers of the mutual company shall 3812
serve as the directors and officers of the new company, until 3813
new directors and officers have been duly elected and qualified 3814

pursuant to the articles of incorporation and by-laws of the new 3815
company, and as otherwise provided by law. 3816

(H) Upon the conversion becoming effective pursuant to 3817
division (G) of this section, the new company shall forthwith 3818
proceed with winding up the affairs of the mutual company, and 3819
with the issuance of stock and priority rights in accordance 3820
with section 3913.12 of the Revised Code. Within six months 3821
after such effective date of the conversion, the new company 3822
shall file with the superintendent a written report containing 3823
such information as the superintendent may require to fully 3824
apprise ~~him~~ the superintendent of the status of the conversion 3825
and whether it has been or is being carried out in accordance 3826
with its terms and according to law. 3827

Sec. 3913.22. (A) In effecting a conversion of a mutual 3828
insurance company into a stock insurance corporation pursuant to 3829
sections 3913.20 to 3913.23, ~~inclusive,~~ of the Revised Code, 3830
each mutual policyholder is entitled to such shares of stock of 3831
the new corporation as ~~his~~ the policyholder's equitable share of 3832
the value of the mutual company will purchase. If such equitable 3833
share of the value of the mutual company entitles a policyholder 3834
to a fractional share of stock, ~~he~~ the policyholder shall have 3835
the option of receiving the value of such fractional share in 3836
cash or of purchasing such additional fraction as will entitle 3837
~~him~~ the policyholder to a full share. If the initial issue of 3838
stock to the new corporation exceeds the number of shares to 3839
which the mutual policyholders are entitled in the aggregate, 3840
each mutual policyholder is also entitled to preemptive rights 3841
in subscribing to ~~his~~ the policyholder's proportionate number 3842
of shares of such excess. 3843

(B) The value of the company is the value as determined by 3844

the appraisal committee pursuant to division (D) of section 3845
3913.21 of the Revised Code, and approved by the superintendent 3846
of insurance. The equitable share of the value of the company 3847
held by each mutual policyholder shall be determined as follows: 3848

(1) By the ratio which the total net premiums paid, in 3849
respect to ~~his~~ the policyholder's mutual policy or policies in 3850
force on the date of the examination conducted pursuant to 3851
division (C) of section 3913.21 of the Revised Code, within the 3852
period including the five accounting periods preceding the date 3853
of such examination and including the time from the end of the 3854
last such accounting period to the date of the examination, 3855
bears to the total net premiums paid in the same period in 3856
respect to all mutual policies of the company in force on the 3857
date of such examination; or 3858

(2) If the company is a perpetual deposit insurance 3859
company, by the ratio which each mutual policyholder's premium 3860
deposit bears to the total premium deposits held by the company, 3861
provided that, if the company has held the premium deposit for 3862
less than five years, the equitable share of each mutual 3863
policyholder is ten per cent of such ratio for each full six 3864
month period said deposit has been held by the company. As used 3865
in this section, "net premium" means gross premium less return 3866
premium and dividends paid. 3867

(C) Shares shall be issued to the owner or owners of a 3868
mutual policy in force on the date of the examination conducted 3869
pursuant to division (C) of section 3913.21 of the Revised Code, 3870
as such owner or owners appear on the face of the policy. If 3871
ownership of a policy has been assigned by a writing absolute on 3872
its face to an assignee other than the mutual company, and such 3873
assignment is in effect and on file at the principal office of 3874

the new corporation on the date shares are issued the assignee 3875
shall be deemed the owner of the policy. 3876

(D) From and after the date of issuance of shares to a 3877
policyholder pursuant to sections 3913.20 to 3913.24, ~~inclusive,~~ 3878
of the Revised Code, ~~his~~ the policyholder's ownership interest 3879
in the company as a mutual policyholder terminates, and such 3880
ownership interest shall thenceforth be represented solely by 3881
the shares of stock in the new corporation issued to ~~him~~ the 3882
policyholder, but no other rights or liabilities of the 3883
policyholder arising under ~~his~~ the policyholder's policy are 3884
affected by such issuance of stock. 3885

Sec. 3913.40. (A) Any insurer, including any fraternal 3886
benefit society, that is organized under the laws of another 3887
state and is admitted to transact the business of insurance in 3888
this state may become a domestic insurer by complying with all 3889
of the requirements of law relative to the organization and 3890
licensing of a domestic insurer of the same type and by 3891
designating its principal place of business at a place in this 3892
state. Such a domestic insurer shall be issued like certificates 3893
and licenses to transact business in this state, is subject to 3894
the jurisdiction of this state, and shall be recognized as an 3895
insurer formed under the laws of this state as of the date of 3896
its original incorporation in its original domiciliary state. 3897
The superintendent of insurance shall approve any proposed 3898
transfer of domicile under this division unless the 3899
superintendent determines that the transfer is not in the 3900
interest of policyholders of this state. 3901

(B) Any domestic insurer, upon the approval of the 3902
superintendent, may transfer its domicile to any other state in 3903
which it is admitted to transact the business of insurance. Upon 3904

such a transfer, the insurer shall cease to be a domestic 3905
insurer, and shall be admitted to this state if qualified as a 3906
foreign insurer. The superintendent shall approve any proposed 3907
transfer of domicile under this division unless the 3908
superintendent determines that the transfer is not in the 3909
interest of policyholders of this state. 3910

(C) (1) With respect to any insurer, including any 3911
fraternal benefit society, that is licensed to transact the 3912
business of insurance in this state and that transfers its 3913
domicile to this or any other state by merger, consolidation, or 3914
any other lawful method, both of the following apply: 3915

(a) The certificate of authority, ~~agents~~agent 3916
appointments and licenses, rates, and other items as allowed by 3917
the superintendent that are in existence at the time of the 3918
transfer shall continue in effect upon the transfer if the 3919
insurer remains qualified to transact the business of insurance 3920
in this state. 3921

(b) All outstanding policies shall remain in effect and 3922
need not be endorsed as to the new name of the company or its 3923
new location unless so ordered by the superintendent. 3924

(2) Every transferring insurer as described in division 3925
(C) (1) of this section shall file new policy forms with the 3926
superintendent on or before the effective date of the transfer, 3927
but may use existing policy forms with appropriate endorsements 3928
if allowed by, and under such conditions as are approved by, the 3929
superintendent. Every such insurer shall notify the 3930
superintendent of the details of the proposed transfer, and 3931
shall file promptly any resulting amendments to corporate 3932
documents filed or required to be filed with the superintendent. 3933

(D) Nothing in this section or any other provision of the Revised Code prohibits an insurer from transferring its domicile to this state because its charter, bylaws, or any other organizational document contains characteristics of both a mutual insurance company and a stock insurance company.

(E) The superintendent, in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, may adopt rules to carry out the purposes of this section.

Sec. 3915.05. No policy of life insurance shall be issued or delivered in this state or be issued by a life insurance company organized under the laws of this state unless such policy contains:

(A) A provision that all premiums shall be payable in advance, either at the home office of the company or to an agent of the company, upon delivery of a receipt signed by one or more of the officers named in the policy;

(B) A provision for a grace of one month for the payment of every premium after the first, which extension period may be subject to an interest charge and during which month the insurance shall continue in force, which provision may contain a stipulation that if the insured dies during the month of grace the overdue premium will be deducted in any settlement under the policy;

(C) A provision that the policy and the application therefor, a copy of which application must be indorsed on the policy, shall constitute the entire contract between the parties and shall be incontestable after it has been in force during the lifetime of the insured for a period of not more than two years from its date, except for nonpayment of premiums, except for

violations of the conditions relating to naval or military 3963
service in time of war or to aeronautics, and except at the 3964
option of the company, with respect to provisions relative to 3965
benefits in the event of total and permanent disability and 3966
provisions which grant additional insurance specifically against 3967
death by accident or by accidental means; 3968

(D) A provision that all statements made by the insured in 3969
the application shall, in the absence of fraud, be deemed 3970
representations and not warranties; 3971

(E) A provision that if the age of the insured has been 3972
understated the amount payable under the policy shall be such as 3973
the premium would have purchased at the correct age; 3974

(F) A provision that the policy shall participate in the 3975
surplus of the company and that, beginning not later than the 3976
end of the third policy year, the company will annually 3977
determine and account for the portion of the divisible surplus 3978
accruing on the policy, and that the owner of the policy has the 3979
right each year to have the current dividend arising from such 3980
participation paid in cash or applied to the purchase of paid-up 3981
additions, and if the policy provides other dividend options, it 3982
shall further provide that if the owner of the policy does not 3983
elect any such other option the dividend shall be applied to the 3984
purchase of paid-up additions. 3985

In lieu of such provision, the policy may contain a 3986
provision that: 3987

(1) The policy shall participate in the surplus of the 3988
company; 3989

(2) Beginning not later than the end of the fifth policy 3990
year, the company will determine and account for the portion of 3991

the divisible surplus accruing on the policy; 3992

(3) The owner of the policy has the right to have the 3993
current dividend arising from such participation paid in cash; 3994

(4) Such accounting and payment shall be had at periods of 3995
not more than five years, at the option of the policyholder. 3996

Renewable term policies of ten years or less may provide 3997
that the surplus accruing to such policies shall be determined 3998
and apportioned each year after the second policy year and 3999
accumulated during each renewal period, and that at the end of 4000
any renewal period, on renewal of the policy by the insured, the 4001
company shall apply the accumulated surplus as an annuity for 4002
the next succeeding renewal term in the reduction of premiums. 4003

The provisions described in this division are not required 4004
in nonparticipating policies. 4005

(G) A provision that after three full years' premiums have 4006
been paid, the company, at any time while the policy is in 4007
force, will advance, on proper assignment of the policy and on 4008
the sole security thereof, at a rate of interest calculated 4009
pursuant to section 3915.051 of the Revised Code, a sum equal 4010
to, or at the option of the owner of the policy, less than, the 4011
amount required by section 3915.08 of the Revised Code under the 4012
conditions specified in said section, and that the company will 4013
deduct from such loan value any indebtedness not already 4014
deducted in determining such value and any unpaid balance of the 4015
premium for the current policy year, and may collect interest in 4016
advance on the loan to the end of the current policy year. It 4017
shall be further stipulated in the policy that failure to repay 4018
any such advance or to pay interest does not ~~avoid~~ void the 4019
policy unless the total indebtedness thereon to the company 4020

equals or exceeds such loan value at the time of such failure 4021
nor until one month after notice has been mailed by the company 4022
to the last known address of insured and of the assignee. 4023

No conditions, other than as provided in this division or 4024
in section 3915.08 of the Revised Code, shall be exacted as a 4025
prerequisite to any such advance. 4026

This provision is not required in term insurance nor does 4027
it apply to any form of insurance granted as a nonforfeiture 4028
benefit. 4029

(H) A provision for nonforfeiture benefits and cash 4030
surrender values in accordance with the requirements of section 4031
3915.06, 3915.07, or 3915.071 of the Revised Code; 4032

(I) Except for policies which guarantee unscheduled 4033
changes in benefits upon the happening of specified events or 4034
upon the exercise of an option without change to a new policy, a 4035
table showing in figures the loan values and the options 4036
available under the policies each year upon default in premium 4037
payments, during at least the first twenty years of the policy; 4038

(J) A provision that if, in the event of default in 4039
premium payments, the value of the policy is applied to the 4040
purchase of other insurance, and if such insurance is in force 4041
and the original policy has not been surrendered to the company 4042
and canceled, the policy may be reinstated within three years 4043
from such default, upon evidence of insurability satisfactory to 4044
the company and payment of arrears of premiums with interest; 4045

(K) A provision that when a policy becomes a claim by the 4046
death of the insured, settlement shall be made upon receipt of 4047
due proof of death, or not later than two months after receipt 4048
of such proof; 4049

(L) A table showing the amounts of installments in which 4050
the policy provides its proceeds may be payable; 4051

(M) A title on its face and back, correctly describing 4052
such policy. 4053

Any of the provisions described in this section or 4054
portions thereof, relating to premiums not applicable to single 4055
premium policies, shall to that extent not be incorporated in 4056
such policies. 4057

Sec. 3915.053. (A) (1) Except as provided in division (A) 4058
(2) of this section, this section shall apply to any individual 4059
life insurance policy insuring the life of a reservist, as 4060
defined in section 3923.381 of the Revised Code, who is on 4061
active duty pursuant to an executive order of the president of 4062
the United States, an act of the congress of the United States, 4063
or section 5919.29 or 5923.21 of the Revised Code, if the life 4064
insurance policy meets both of the following conditions: 4065

(a) The policy has been in force for at least one hundred 4066
eighty days. 4067

(b) The policy has been brought within the "Servicemembers 4068
Civil Relief Act," 117 Stat. 2835 (2003), 50 U.S.C. App. 541, et 4069
seq. 4070

(2) This section does not apply to any policy that was 4071
~~cancelled~~ canceled or that had lapsed for the nonpayment of 4072
premiums prior to the commencement of the insured's period of 4073
military service. 4074

(B) An individual life insurance policy described in 4075
division (A) of this section shall not lapse or be forfeited for 4076
the nonpayment of premiums during a reservist's period of 4077
military service or during the two-year period subsequent to the 4078

end of the reservist's period of military service. 4079

(C) This section does not limit a life insurance company's 4080
enforcement of provisions in the insured's policy relating to 4081
naval or military service in time of war. 4082

Sec. 3915.073. (A) This section shall be known as the 4083
standard nonforfeiture law for individual deferred annuities. 4084

(B) This section does not apply to any reinsurance, group 4085
annuity purchased under a retirement plan or plan of deferred 4086
compensation established or maintained by an employer, including 4087
a partnership or sole proprietorship, or by an employee 4088
organization, or by both, other than a plan providing individual 4089
retirement accounts or individual retirement annuities under 4090
section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, 26 U.S.C.A. 4091
408, as amended, premium deposit fund, variable annuity, 4092
investment annuity, immediate annuity, any deferred annuity 4093
contract after annuity payments have commenced, or reversionary 4094
annuity, nor to any contract which is delivered outside this 4095
state through an agent or other representative of the company 4096
issuing the contract. 4097

(C) No contract of annuity, except as stated in division 4098
(B) of this section, shall be delivered or issued for delivery 4099
in this state unless the contract contains in substance the 4100
following provisions, or corresponding provisions that in the 4101
opinion of the superintendent of insurance are at least as 4102
favorable to the contract owners, relative to the cessation of 4103
payment of consideration under the contract: 4104

(1) That upon cessation of payment of considerations under 4105
a contract, or upon the written request of the contract owner, 4106
the company shall grant a paid-up annuity benefit on a plan 4107

stipulated in the contract of such value as is specified in 4108
divisions (E), (F), (G), (H), and (J) of this section; 4109

(2) If a contract provides for a lump sum settlement at 4110
maturity, or at any other time, that upon surrender of the 4111
contract at or prior to the commencement of any annuity 4112
payments, the company shall pay in lieu of any paid-up annuity 4113
benefit a cash surrender benefit of such amount as is specified 4114
in divisions (E), (F), (H), and (J) of this section. The company 4115
may reserve the right to defer the payment of such cash 4116
surrender benefit for a period not to exceed six months after 4117
demand therefor with surrender of the contract. The deferral is 4118
contingent upon the company's conveyance of a written request 4119
for the deferral to the superintendent and the company's receipt 4120
of written approval from the superintendent for the deferral. 4121
The request shall address the necessity and equitability to all 4122
contract owners of the deferral ~~+~~. 4123

(3) A statement of the mortality table, if any, and 4124
interest rates used in calculating any minimum paid-up annuity, 4125
cash surrender, or death benefits that are guaranteed under the 4126
contract, together with sufficient information to determine the 4127
amounts of such benefits; 4128

(4) A statement that any paid-up annuity, cash surrender, 4129
or death benefits that may be available under the contract are 4130
not less than the minimum benefits required by any statute of 4131
the state in which the contract is delivered and an explanation 4132
of the manner in which such benefits are altered by the 4133
existence of any additional amounts credited by the company to 4134
the contract, any indebtedness to the company on the contract, 4135
or any prior withdrawals from or partial surrenders of the 4136
contract. 4137

Notwithstanding the requirements of this section, any 4138
deferred annuity contract may provide that if no considerations 4139
have been received under a contract for a period of two full 4140
years and the portion of the paid-up annuity benefit at maturity 4141
on the plan stipulated in the contract arising from 4142
considerations paid prior to such period would be less than 4143
twenty dollars monthly, the company may at its option terminate 4144
such contract by payment in cash of the then present value of 4145
such portion of the paid-up annuity benefit, calculated on the 4146
basis of the mortality table, if any, and interest rate 4147
specified in the contract for determining the paid-up annuity 4148
benefit, and by such payment shall be relieved of any further 4149
obligation under such contract. 4150

(D) The minimum values as specified in divisions (E), (F), 4151
(G), (H), and (J) of this section of any paid-up annuity, cash 4152
surrender, or death benefits available under an annuity contract 4153
shall be based upon minimum nonforfeiture amounts as defined in 4154
this division. 4155

(1) (a) The minimum nonforfeiture amount at any time at or 4156
prior to the commencement of any annuity payments shall be equal 4157
to an accumulation up to such time at rates of interest 4158
determined in accordance with division (D) (2) of this section of 4159
the net considerations, determined in accordance with division 4160
(D) (1) (b) of this section, paid prior to such time, decreased by 4161
the sum of: 4162

(i) Any prior withdrawals from or partial surrenders of 4163
the contract, accumulated at rates of interest determined in 4164
accordance with division (D) (2) of this section; 4165

(ii) An annual contract charge of fifty dollars, 4166
accumulated at rates of interest determined in accordance with 4167

division (D) (2) of this section;	4168
(iii) Any premium tax paid by the company for the contract, accumulated at rates of interest determined in accordance with division (D) (2) of this section;	4169 4170 4171
(iv) The amount of any indebtedness to the company on the contract, including interest due and accrued.	4172 4173
(b) The net considerations for a given contract year used to define the minimum nonforfeiture amount shall be an amount equal to eighty-seven and one-half per cent of the gross considerations credited to the contract during that contract year.	4174 4175 4176 4177 4178
(2) (a) The interest rate used in determining minimum nonforfeiture amounts under divisions (D) (1) to (4) of this section shall be an annual rate of interest determined as the lesser of three per cent per annum or the following, which shall be specified in the contract if the interest rate will be reset:	4179 4180 4181 4182 4183
(i) The five-year constant maturity treasury rate reported by the federal reserve as of a date or an average over a period, rounded to the nearest one-twentieth of one per cent, specified in the contract, no longer than fifteen months prior to the contract issue date or the redetermination date specified in division (D) (2) (b) of this section;	4184 4185 4186 4187 4188 4189
(ii) Reduced by one hundred twenty-five basis points;	4190
(iii) Where the resulting interest rate shall not be less than one per cent.	4191 4192
(b) The interest rate determined under division (D) (2) (a) of this section shall apply for an initial period and may be redetermined for additional periods. The redetermination date,	4193 4194 4195

basis and period, if any, shall be stated in the contract. The 4196
basis is the date or average over a specified period that 4197
produces the value of the five-year constant maturity treasury 4198
rate to be used at each redetermination date. 4199

(3) During the period or term that a contract provides 4200
~~substantative~~ substantive participation in an equity-indexed 4201
benefit, the contract may provide for an increase in the 4202
reduction described in division (D) (2) (a) (ii) of this section by 4203
a maximum of one hundred basis points to reflect the value of 4204
the equity-indexed benefit. The present value at the contract 4205
issue date, and at each redetermination date thereafter, of the 4206
additional reduction shall not exceed the market value of the 4207
benefit. The superintendent may require a demonstration that the 4208
present value of the additional reduction does not exceed the 4209
market value of the benefit. If the demonstration is not 4210
acceptable to the superintendent, the superintendent may 4211
disallow or limit the additional reduction. 4212

(4) The superintendent may adopt rules to implement 4213
division (D) (3) of this section and to provide for further 4214
adjustments to the calculation of minimum nonforfeiture amounts 4215
for contracts that provide substantive participation in an 4216
equity-indexed benefit and for other contracts for which the 4217
superintendent determines adjustments are justified. 4218

(E) Any paid-up annuity benefit available under a contract 4219
shall be such that its present value on the date annuity 4220
payments are to commence is at least equal to the minimum 4221
nonforfeiture amount on that date. Such present value shall be 4222
computed using the mortality table, if any, and the interest 4223
rate specified in the contract for determining the minimum paid- 4224
up annuity benefits guaranteed in the contract. 4225

(F) For contracts which provide cash surrender benefits, 4226
such cash surrender benefits available prior to maturity shall 4227
not be less than the present value as of the date of surrender 4228
of that portion of the maturity value of the paid-up annuity 4229
benefit that would be provided under the contract at maturity 4230
arising from considerations paid prior to the time of cash 4231
surrender reduced by the amount appropriate to reflect any prior 4232
withdrawals from or partial surrenders of the contract, such 4233
present value being calculated on the basis of an interest rate 4234
not more than one per cent higher than the interest rate 4235
specified in the contract for accumulating the net 4236
considerations to determine such maturity value, decreased by 4237
the amount of any indebtedness to the company on the contract, 4238
including interest due and accrued, and increased by any 4239
existing additional amounts credited by the company to the 4240
contract. In no event shall any cash surrender benefit be less 4241
than the minimum nonforfeiture amount at that time. The death 4242
benefit under such contracts shall be at least equal to the cash 4243
surrender benefit. 4244

(G) For contracts that do not provide cash surrender 4245
benefits, the present value of any paid-up annuity benefit 4246
available as a nonforfeiture option at any time prior to 4247
maturity shall not be less than the present value of that 4248
portion of the maturity value of the paid-up annuity benefit 4249
provided under the contract arising from considerations paid 4250
prior to the time the contract is surrendered in exchange for, 4251
or changed to, a deferred paid-up annuity, such present value 4252
being calculated for the period prior to the maturity date on 4253
the basis of the interest rate specified in the contract for 4254
accumulating the net considerations to determine such maturity 4255
value, and increased by any existing additional amounts credited 4256

by the company to the contract. For contracts that do not 4257
provide any death benefits prior to the commencement of any 4258
annuity payments, such present values shall be calculated on the 4259
basis of such interest rate and the mortality table specified in 4260
the contract for determining the maturity value of the paid-up 4261
annuity benefit. However, in no event shall the present value of 4262
a paid-up annuity benefit be less than the minimum nonforfeiture 4263
amount at that time. 4264

(H) For the purpose of determining the benefits calculated 4265
under divisions (F) and (G) of this section, in the case of 4266
annuity contracts under which an election may be made to have 4267
annuity payments commence at optional maturity dates, the 4268
maturity date shall be deemed to be the latest date for which 4269
election shall be permitted by the contract, but shall not be 4270
deemed to be later than the anniversary of the contract next 4271
following the annuitant's seventieth birthday or the tenth 4272
anniversary of the contract, whichever is later. 4273

(I) Any contract that does not provide cash surrender 4274
benefits or does not provide death benefits at least equal to 4275
the minimum nonforfeiture amount prior to the commencement of 4276
any annuity payments shall include a statement in a prominent 4277
place in the contract that such benefits are not provided. 4278

(J) Any paid-up annuity, cash surrender, or death benefits 4279
available at any time, other than on the contract anniversary 4280
under any contract with fixed scheduled considerations, shall be 4281
calculated with allowance for the lapse of time and the payment 4282
of any scheduled considerations beyond the beginning of the 4283
contract year in which cessation of payment of considerations 4284
under the contract occurs. 4285

(K) For any contract that provides, within the same 4286

contract by rider or supplemental contract provision, both 4287
annuity benefits and life insurance benefits that are in excess 4288
of the greater of cash surrender benefits or a return of the 4289
gross considerations with interest, the minimum nonforfeiture 4290
benefit shall be equal to the sum of the minimum nonforfeiture 4291
benefits for the annuity portion and the minimum nonforfeiture 4292
benefits, if any, for the life insurance portion computed as if 4293
each portion were a separate contract. Notwithstanding the 4294
provisions of divisions (E), (F), (G), (H), and (J) of this 4295
section, additional benefits payable: 4296

(1) In the event of total and permanent disability; 4297

(2) As reversionary annuity or deferred reversionary 4298
annuity benefits; or 4299

(3) As other policy benefits additional to life insurance, 4300
endowment and annuity benefits, and considerations for all such 4301
additional benefits shall be disregarded in ascertaining the 4302
minimum nonforfeiture amounts, paid-up annuity, cash surrender, 4303
and death benefits that may be required by this section. 4304

The inclusion of such additional benefits shall not be 4305
required in any paid-up benefits, unless such additional 4306
benefits separately would require minimum nonforfeiture amounts, 4307
paid-up annuity, cash surrender, and death benefits. 4308

(L) The superintendent may adopt rules in accordance with 4309
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to implement this section. 4310

Sec. 3915.13. No life insurance company nor any of its 4311
agents shall knowingly make, issue, or deliver in this state any 4312
policy or contract of life insurance which purports to be issued 4313
or to take effect as of a date more than ~~three~~six months before 4314
the application therefor was made, if thereby the premium on 4315

such policy or contract is reduced below the premium which would 4316
be payable thereon, as determined by the nearest birthday of the 4317
insured at the time when such application was made. In 4318
determining the date when an application was made, under this 4319
section the date of execution of the application or the date of 4320
medical examination, where such examination is required, 4321
whichever is later, shall govern. 4322

This section does not prohibit the exchange, alteration, 4323
or conversion of any policy of life or endowment insurance or 4324
any annuity in the manner provided by section 3915.12 of the 4325
Revised Code, nor does it invalidate any contract made in 4326
violation of this section. 4327

Sec. 3916.01. As used in this chapter: 4328

(A) "Advertising" means any written, electronic, or 4329
printed communication or any communication by means of recorded 4330
telephone messages or transmitted on radio, television, the 4331
internet, or similar communications media, including, but not 4332
limited to, film strips, motion pictures, and videos, that is 4333
published, disseminated, circulated, or placed directly or 4334
indirectly before the public in this state for the purpose of 4335
creating an interest in or inducing a person to purchase or 4336
sell, assign, devise, bequest, or transfer the death benefit or 4337
ownership of a policy pursuant to a viatical settlement 4338
contract. 4339

(B) "Business of viatical settlements" means an activity 4340
involved, but not limited to, in the offering, solicitation, 4341
negotiation, procurement, effectuation, purchasing, investing, 4342
financing, monitoring, tracking, underwriting, selling, 4343
transferring, assigning, pledging, or hypothecating or in any 4344
other manner acquiring an interest in a policy by means of 4345

viatical settlement contracts. 4346

(C) "Chronically ill" means having been certified within 4347
the preceding twelve-month period by a licensed health 4348
professional as: 4349

(1) Being unable to perform, without substantial 4350
assistance from another individual, at least two activities of 4351
daily living, including, but not limited to, eating, toileting, 4352
transferring, bathing, dressing, or continence for at least 4353
ninety days due to a loss of functional capacity; or 4354

(2) Requiring substantial supervision to protect the 4355
individual from threats to health and safety due to severe 4356
cognitive impairment; or 4357

(3) Having a level of disability similar to that described 4358
in division (C) (1) of this section, as determined under 4359
regulations prescribed by the United States secretary of the 4360
treasury in consultation with the United States secretary of 4361
health and human services. 4362

(D) "Escrow agent" means an independent third-party person 4363
who, pursuant to a written agreement signed by the viatical 4364
settlement provider and viator, provides escrow services related 4365
to the acquisition of a policy pursuant to a viatical settlement 4366
contract. "Escrow agent" does not include any person associated 4367
with, affiliated with, or under the control of a person licensed 4368
under this chapter or described in division (C) of section 4369
3916.02 of the Revised Code. 4370

(E) (1) "Financing entity" means an underwriter, placement 4371
agent, lender, purchaser of securities, purchaser of a policy 4372
from a viatical settlement provider, credit enhancer, or any 4373
other person that has a direct ownership interest in a policy 4374

that is the subject of a viatical settlement contract and to 4375
which both of the following apply: 4376

(a) Its principal activity related to the transaction is 4377
providing funds to effect the business of viatical settlements 4378
or the purchase of one or more viaticated policies. 4379

(b) It has an agreement in writing with one or more 4380
licensed viatical settlement providers to finance the 4381
acquisition of viatical settlement contracts. 4382

(2) "Financing entity" does not include a non-accredited 4383
investor or viatical settlement purchaser. 4384

(F) "Recklessly" has the same meaning as in section 4385
2901.22 of the Revised Code. 4386

(G) "Defraud" has the same meaning as in section 2913.01 4387
of the Revised Code. 4388

(H) "Life expectancy" means an opinion or evaluation as to 4389
how long a particular person is going to live. 4390

(I) Notwithstanding section 1.59 of the Revised Code, 4391
"person" means a natural person or a legal entity, including, 4392
but not limited to, an individual, partnership, limited 4393
liability company, limited liability partnership, association, 4394
trust, business trust, or corporation. 4395

(J) "Policy" means an individual or group policy, group 4396
certificate, or other contract or arrangement of life insurance 4397
affecting the rights of a resident of this state or bearing a 4398
reasonable relation to this state, regardless of whether 4399
delivered or issued for delivery in this state. 4400

(K) "Related provider trust" means a titling trust or any 4401
other trust established by a licensed viatical settlement 4402

provider or a financing entity for the sole purpose of holding 4403
ownership or beneficial interest in purchased policies in 4404
connection with a financing transaction, provided that the trust 4405
has a written agreement with the licensed viatical settlement 4406
provider under which the licensed viatical settlement provider 4407
is responsible for ensuring compliance with all statutory and 4408
regulatory requirements and under which the trust agrees to make 4409
all records and files related to viatical settlement 4410
transactions available to the superintendent of insurance as if 4411
those records and files were maintained directly by the licensed 4412
viatical settlement provider. 4413

(L) "Special purpose entity" means a corporation, 4414
partnership, trust, limited liability company or other similar 4415
entity formed solely for one of the following purposes: 4416

(i) To provide access, either directly or indirectly, to 4417
institutional capital markets for a financing entity or licensed 4418
viatical settlement provider; 4419

(ii) In connection with a transaction in which the 4420
securities in the special purpose entity are acquired by 4421
qualified institutional buyers. 4422

(M) "Terminally ill" means certified by a physician as 4423
having an illness or physical condition that can reasonably be 4424
expected to result in death in twenty-four months or less. 4425

(N) "Viatical settlement broker" means a person that, on 4426
behalf of a viator and for a fee, commission, or other valuable 4427
consideration, offers or attempts to negotiate viatical 4428
settlements between a viator and one or more viatical settlement 4429
providers or viatical settlement brokers. "Viatical settlement 4430
broker" does not include an attorney, a certified public 4431

accountant, or a financial planner accredited by a nationally 4432
recognized accreditation agency, who is retained to represent 4433
the viator, whose compensation is not paid directly or 4434
indirectly by the viatical settlement provider or purchaser. 4435

(O) (1) "Viatical settlement contract" means any of the 4436
following: 4437

(a) A written agreement between a viator and a viatical 4438
settlement provider that establishes the terms under which 4439
compensation or anything of value, that is less than the 4440
expected death benefit of the policy is or will be paid in 4441
return for the viator's present or future assignment, transfer, 4442
sale, release, devise, or bequest of the death benefit or 4443
ownership of any portion of the policy or any beneficial 4444
interest in the policy or its ownership; 4445

(b) The transfer or acquisition for compensation or 4446
anything of value for ownership or beneficial interest in a 4447
trust or an interest in another person that owns such a policy 4448
if the trust or other person was formed or availed of for the 4449
principal purpose of acquiring one or more life insurance 4450
policies; 4451

(c) A premium finance loan made for a policy by a lender 4452
to a viator on, before, or after the date of issuance of the 4453
policy in either of the following situations: 4454

(i) The viator or the insured receives a guarantee of the 4455
viatical settlement value of the policy. 4456

(ii) The viator or the insured agrees on, before, or after 4457
the issuance of the policy to sell the policy or any portion of 4458
the policy's death benefit. 4459

(2) "Viatical settlement contracts" include but are not 4460

limited to contracts that are commonly termed "life settlement
contracts" and "senior settlement contracts." 4461
4462

(3) "Viatical settlement contract" does not include any of 4463
the following unless part of a plan, scheme, device, or artifice 4464
to avoid the application of this chapter: 4465

(a) A policy loan or accelerated death benefit made by the 4466
insurer pursuant to the policy's terms whether issued with the 4467
original policy or a rider; 4468

(b) Loan proceeds that are used solely to pay premiums for 4469
the policy and the costs of the loan including interest, 4470
arrangement fees, utilization fees and similar fees, closing 4471
costs, legal fees and expenses, trustee fees and expenses, and 4472
third-party collateral provider fees and expenses, including 4473
fees payable to letter of credit issuers; 4474

(c) A loan made by a regulated financial institution in 4475
which the lender takes an interest in a policy solely to secure 4476
repayment of a loan or, if there is a default on the loan and 4477
the policy is transferred, the transfer of such a policy by the 4478
lender, provided that neither the default itself nor the 4479
transfer is pursuant to an agreement or understanding with any 4480
other person for the purpose of evading regulation under this 4481
chapter; 4482

(d) A premium finance loan made by a lender that does not 4483
violate sections 1321.71 to 1321.83 of the Revised Code, if the 4484
premium finance loan is not described in division (O) (1) (c) of 4485
this section; 4486

(e) An agreement where all parties are closely related to 4487
the insured by blood or law or have a lawful substantial 4488
economic interest in the continued life, health, and bodily 4489

safety of the person insured, or are persons or trusts	4490
established primarily for the benefit of such parties;	4491
(f) Any designation, consent, or agreement by an insured	4492
who is an employee of an employer in connection with the	4493
purchase by the employer, or trust established by the employer,	4494
of life insurance on the life of the employee as described in	4495
section 3911.091 of the Revised Code;	4496
(g) Any business succession planning arrangement	4497
including, but not limited to all of the following if the	4498
arrangements are bona fide arrangements:	4499
(i) An arrangement between one or more shareholders in a	4500
corporation or between a corporation and one or more of its	4501
shareholders or one or more persons or trusts established by its	4502
shareholders;	4503
(ii) An arrangement between one or more partners in a	4504
partnership or between a partnership and one or more of its	4505
partners or one or more trusts established by its partners;	4506
(iii) An arrangement between one or more members in a	4507
limited liability company or between a limited liability company	4508
and one or more of its members or one or more trusts established	4509
by its members.	4510
(h) An agreement entered into by a service recipient, a	4511
trust established by the service recipient and a service	4512
provider, or a trust established by the service provider who	4513
performs significant services for the service recipient's trade	4514
or business;	4515
(i) An arrangement or agreement with a special purpose	4516
entity;	4517

(j) Any other contract, transaction, or arrangement 4518
exempted from the definition of viatical settlement contract by 4519
rule adopted by the superintendent based on the superintendent's 4520
determination that the contract, transaction, or arrangement is 4521
not of the type regulated by this chapter. 4522

(P) (1) "Viatical settlement provider" means a person, 4523
other than a viator, that enters into or effectuates a viatical 4524
settlement contract. 4525

(2) "Viatical settlement provider" does not include any of 4526
the following: 4527

(a) A bank, savings bank, savings and loan association, 4528
credit union, or other regulated financial institution that 4529
takes an assignment of a policy solely as a collateral for a 4530
loan; 4531

(b) A premium finance company exempted under section 4532
1321.72 of the Revised Code from the licensure requirements of 4533
section 3921.73 of the Revised Code that takes an assignment of 4534
a policy solely as collateral for a premium finance loan; 4535

(c) The issuer of a policy; 4536

(d) An individual who enters into or effectuates not more 4537
than one viatical settlement contract in any calendar year for 4538
the transfer of life insurance policies for any value less than 4539
the expected death benefit; 4540

(e) An authorized or eligible insurer that provides stop 4541
loss coverage or financial guarantee insurance to a viatical 4542
settlement provider, purchaser, financing entity, special 4543
purpose entity, or related provider trust; 4544

(f) A financing entity; 4545

(g) A special purpose entity;	4546
(h) A related provider trust;	4547
(i) A viatical settlement purchaser;	4548
(j) Any other person the superintendent determines is not consistent with the definition of viatical settlement provider.	4549 4550
(Q) "Viaticated policy" means a policy that has been acquired by a viatical settlement provider pursuant to a viatical settlement contract.	4551 4552 4553
(R) "Viator" means the owner of a policy or a certificate holder under a group policy that has not previously been viaticated who, in return for compensation or anything of value that is less than the expected death benefit of the policy or certificate, assigns, transfers, sells, releases, devises, or bequests the death benefit or ownership of any portion of the policy or certificate of insurance. For the purposes of this chapter, a "viator" is not limited to an owner of a policy or a certificate holder under a group policy insuring the life of an individual who is terminally or chronically ill except where specifically addressed. "Viator" does not include any of the following:	4554 4555 4556 4557 4558 4559 4560 4561 4562 4563 4564 4565
(1) A licensee under this chapter;	4566
(2) A qualified institutional buyer;	4567
(3) A financing entity;	4568
(4) A special purpose entity;	4569
(5) A related provider trust.	4570
(S) "Viatical settlement purchaser" means a person who provides a sum of money as consideration for a policy or an	4571 4572

interest in the death benefits of a policy from a viatical settlement provider that is the subject of a viatical settlement contract, or a person who owns, acquires, or is entitled to a beneficial interest in a trust or person that owns a viatical settlement contract or is the beneficiary of a policy that is the subject of a viatical settlement contract, for the purpose of deriving an economic benefit. "Viatical settlement purchaser" does not include any of the following:

- (1) A licensee under this chapter;
- (2) A qualified institutional buyer;
- (3) A financing entity;
- (4) A special purpose entity;
- (5) A related provider trust.

(T) "Qualified institutional buyer" has the same meaning as in 17 C.F.R. 230.144A as that regulation exists on ~~the effective date of this amendment~~ September 11, 2008.

(U) "Licensee" means a person licensed as a viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement broker under this chapter.

(V) "NAIC" means the national association of insurance commissioners.

(X) "Regulated financial institution" means a bank, a savings association, or credit union operating under authority granted by the superintendent of financial institutions, the regulatory authority of any other state of the United States, the office of thrift supervision, the national credit union administration, or the office of the comptroller of the currency.

(W) (1) "Stranger-originated life insurance," or "STOLI," 4601
means a practice, arrangement, or agreement initiated at or 4602
prior to the issuance of a policy that includes both of the 4603
following: 4604

(a) The purchase or acquisition of a policy primarily 4605
benefiting one or more persons who, at the time of issuance of 4606
the policy, lack insurable interest in the person insured under 4607
the policy; 4608

(b) The transfer at any time of the legal or beneficial 4609
ownership of the policy or benefits of the policy or both, in 4610
whole or in part, including through an assumption or forgiveness 4611
of a loan to fund premiums. 4612

(2) "Stranger-originated life insurance" also includes 4613
trusts or other persons that are created to give the appearance 4614
of insurable interest and are used to initiate one or more 4615
policies for investors but violate insurable interest laws and 4616
the prohibition against wagering on life. 4617

(3) "Stranger-originated life insurance" does not include 4618
viatical settlement transactions specifically described in 4619
division (O) (3) of this section. 4620

Sec. 3916.171. (A) No person shall commit a fraudulent 4621
viatical settlement act. 4622

(B) All of the following acts are fraudulent viatical 4623
settlement acts when committed by any person who, knowingly and 4624
with intent to defraud and for the purpose of depriving another 4625
of property or for pecuniary gain, commits, or permits any of 4626
its employees or its agents to commit them: 4627

(1) Presenting, causing to be presented, or preparing with 4628
knowledge or belief that it will be presented to or by a 4629

viatical settlement provider, viatical settlement broker, life 4630
expectancy provider, viatical settlement purchaser, financing 4631
entity, insurer, insurance broker, insurance agent, or any other 4632
person, any false material information, or concealing any 4633
material information, as part of, in support of, or concerning a 4634
fact material to, one or more of the following: 4635

(a) An application for the issuance of a viatical 4636
settlement contract or a policy; 4637

(b) The underwriting of a viatical settlement contract or 4638
a policy; 4639

(c) A claim for payment or benefit pursuant to a viatical 4640
settlement contract or a policy; 4641

(d) Any premiums paid on a policy; 4642

(e) Any payments and changes in ownership or beneficiary 4643
made in accordance with the terms of a viatical settlement 4644
contract or a policy; 4645

(f) The reinstatement or conversion of a policy; 4646

(g) The solicitation, offer, effectuation, or sale of a 4647
viatical settlement contract or a policy; 4648

(h) The issuance of written evidence of a viatical 4649
settlement contract or a policy; 4650

(i) A financing transaction; 4651

(j) Any application for or the existence of or any 4652
payments related to a loan secured directly or indirectly by any 4653
interest in a policy. 4654

(2) Failing to disclose to the insurer, where the insurer 4655
has requested such disclosure, that the prospective insured has 4656

undergone a life expectancy evaluation by any person or entity 4657
other than the insurer or its authorized representatives in 4658
connection with the application, underwriting, and issuance of 4659
the policy. 4660

(3) In the furtherance of a fraud or to prevent the 4661
detection of a fraud, doing any of the following: 4662

(a) Removing, concealing, altering, destroying, or 4663
sequestering from the superintendent of insurance the assets or 4664
records of a licensee or another person engaged in the business 4665
of viatical settlements; 4666

(b) Misrepresenting or concealing the financial condition 4667
of a licensee, financing entity, insurer, or any other person; 4668

(c) Transacting the business of viatical settlements in 4669
violation of any law of this state requiring a license, 4670
certificate of authority, or other legal authority for the 4671
transaction of the business of viatical settlements; 4672

(d) Filing with the superintendent of insurance or the 4673
chief insurance regulatory official of another jurisdiction a 4674
document containing false information or otherwise concealing 4675
from the superintendent any information about a material fact. 4676

(4) Recklessly entering into, negotiating, brokering, or 4677
otherwise dealing in a viatical settlement contract involving a 4678
policy that was obtained by presenting false, deceptive, or 4679
misleading information of any fact material to the policy, or by 4680
concealing information concerning any fact material to the 4681
policy, for the purpose of misleading and with the intent to 4682
defraud the issuer of the policy, the viatical settlement 4683
provider, or the viator; 4684

(5) Committing any embezzlement, theft, misappropriation, 4685

or conversion of moneys, funds, premiums, credits, or other 4686
property of a viatical settlement provider, insurer, insured, 4687
viator, policyowner, or any other person engaged in the business 4688
of viatical settlements or insurance; 4689

(6) Employing any plan, financial structure, device, 4690
scheme, or artifice to defraud in the business of viatical 4691
settlements; 4692

(7) Misrepresenting the state of residence or facilitating 4693
the change of the state in which a person owns a policy or the 4694
state of residency of a viator to a state or jurisdiction that 4695
does not have laws similar to this chapter for the express 4696
purposes of evading or avoiding the provisions of this chapter; 4697

(8) In the solicitation, application, or issuance of a 4698
policy, employing any device, scheme, or artifice in violation 4699
of ~~sections~~ section 3911.09 or 3911.091 of the Revised Code; 4700

(9) Engaging in any conduct related to a viatical 4701
settlement contract if the person knows or should have known 4702
that the intent of the transaction was to avoid the disclosure 4703
and notice requirements of section 3916.06 of the Revised Code; 4704

(10) Entering into a premium finance agreement with any 4705
person pursuant to which the person will receive, directly or 4706
indirectly, any proceeds, fees, or other considerations from the 4707
policy, the owner of the policy, the issuer of the policy, or 4708
from any other person with respect to the premium finance 4709
agreement or any viatical settlement contract, or from any 4710
transaction related to the policy, that are in addition to the 4711
amount required to pay the principal, interest, costs, and 4712
expenses related to the policy premiums pursuant to the premium 4713
finance agreement or subsequent sale of the agreement. Any 4714

payments, charges, fees, or other amounts in addition to the 4715
amounts required to pay the principal, interest, costs, and 4716
expenses related to policy premiums paid under the premium 4717
finance agreement shall be remitted to the original owner of the 4718
policy or, if the owner is not living at the time of the 4719
determination of the overpayment, to the estate of the owner. 4720

(11) With respect to any viatical settlement contract or a 4721
policy, for a viatical settlement broker or an agent registered 4722
under this chapter as operating as a viatical settlement broker 4723
to knowingly solicit an offer from, effectuate a viatical 4724
settlement with, or make a sale to any viatical settlement 4725
provider, viatical settlement purchaser, financing entity, or 4726
related provider trust that is controlling, controlled by, or 4727
under common control with such viatical settlement broker or 4728
registered agent unless both of the following are true: 4729

(a) The viatical settlement broker or agent disclosed that 4730
affiliation to the viator. 4731

(b) The viatical settlement broker or agent is controlled 4732
by or under common control with a person that is regulated under 4733
the "Securities Act of 1933" or the "Securities Act of 1934," 15 4734
U.S.C. 77a et seq., as amended. 4735

(12) With respect to any viatical settlement contract or a 4736
policy, for a viatical settlement provider to knowingly enter 4737
into a viatical settlement contract with a viator if, in 4738
connection with such viatical settlement contract, anything of 4739
value will be paid to a viatical settlement broker or an agent 4740
registered under this chapter as operating as a viatical 4741
settlement broker that is controlling, controlled by, or under 4742
common control with such viatical settlement provider or the 4743
viatical settlement purchaser, financing entity, or related 4744

provider trust that is involved in such viatical settlement 4745
contract unless both of the following are true: 4746

(a) The viatical settlement broker or agent disclosed that 4747
affiliation to the viator. 4748

(b) The viatical settlement broker or agent is controlled 4749
by or under common control with a person that is regulated under 4750
the "Securities Act of 1933" or the "Securities Act of 1934," 15 4751
U.S.C. 77a et seq., as amended. 4752

(13) Issuing, soliciting, marketing, or otherwise 4753
promoting the purchase of a policy for the purpose of or with 4754
emphasis on settling the policy; 4755

(14) Issuing or using a pattern of false, misleading, or 4756
deceptive life expectancies; 4757

(15) Issuing, soliciting, marketing, or otherwise 4758
promoting stranger-originated life insurance; 4759

(16) Attempting to commit, assisting, aiding or abetting 4760
in the commission of, or conspiracy to commit any act or 4761
omission specified in divisions (B)(1) to (15) of this section. 4762

Sec. 3916.18. (A) (1) No person shall knowingly or 4763
intentionally interfere with the enforcement of the provisions 4764
of this chapter or investigations of suspected or actual 4765
violations of this chapter. 4766

(2) No person in the business of viatical settlements 4767
shall knowingly or intentionally permit any person convicted of 4768
a felony involving dishonesty or breach of trust to participate 4769
in the business of viatical settlements. 4770

(B) (1) Each viatical settlement contract and each 4771
application for a viatical settlement, regardless of the form of 4772

transmission, shall contain the following statement or a 4773
substantially similar statement: 4774

"Any person who knowingly presents false information in an 4775
application for insurance or viatical settlement contract is 4776
guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and imprisonment." 4777

(2) The lack of a statement as required in division (B) (1) 4778
of this section does not constitute a defense in any prosecution 4779
for a fraudulent viatical settlement act. 4780

(C) (1) Every person engaged in the business of viatical 4781
settlements having knowledge or a reasonable belief that a 4782
fraudulent viatical settlement act is being, will be, or has 4783
been committed shall provide to the superintendent of insurance 4784
the information required by the superintendent. The person shall 4785
provide the information in a manner prescribed by the 4786
superintendent. 4787

(2) Every person having knowledge or a reason to believe 4788
that a fraudulent viatical settlement act is being, will be, or 4789
has been committed may provide to the superintendent the 4790
information required by the superintendent. The person shall 4791
provide the information under this division in a manner 4792
prescribed by the superintendent. 4793

(3) Any life insurer that has a good faith belief that a 4794
person is participating or has participated in a stranger- 4795
originated life insurance transaction shall report the person to 4796
the superintendent in a form and manner prescribed by the 4797
superintendent. Upon receipt of the insurer's report, the 4798
~~superintendent~~ superintendent shall conduct an investigation to 4799
determine whether there is probable cause, based on the totality 4800
of the facts and circumstances that the person has or had 4801

engaged in a stranger-originated life insurance transaction. If 4802
the superintendent finds probable cause, the superintendent 4803
shall do one of the following: 4804

(a) If the person is licensed or regulated by the 4805
department of insurance, the superintendent shall provide the 4806
person an opportunity for notice and hearing pursuant to Chapter 4807
119. of the Revised Code. If the person waives or does not 4808
request a hearing pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, 4809
or a hearing is held and the person is found to have 4810
participated in one or more stranger-originated life insurance 4811
transactions, the superintendent shall publish the order on the 4812
department's web site, and shall notify each insurance company 4813
licensed in this state that the person has been adjudicated as 4814
having participated in one or more stranger-originated life 4815
insurance transactions. 4816

(b) If the person is not licensed or regulated by the 4817
department, the superintendent shall provide the 4818
superintendent's findings to the appropriate licensing or 4819
regulatory authority. 4820

(D) (1) No civil liability shall be imposed on, and no 4821
cause of action shall arise from, a person's furnishing 4822
information concerning suspected, anticipated, or completed 4823
fraudulent viatical settlement acts or suspected or completed 4824
fraudulent insurance acts, if the information is provided to or 4825
received from any of the following: 4826

(a) The superintendent, or the superintendent's employees, 4827
agents, or representatives; 4828

(b) Law enforcement or regulatory officials of this state, 4829
another state, the United States, or a political subdivision of 4830

this state or another state, or any employee, agent, or 4831
representative of any of those officials; 4832

(c) A person involved in the prevention and detection of 4833
fraudulent viatical settlement acts or any agent, employee, or 4834
representative of any person so involved; 4835

(d) The NAIC, financial industry regulatory authority 4836
(FINRA), the north American securities administrators 4837
association (NASAA), any employee, agent, or representative of 4838
any of those associations, or other regulatory body overseeing 4839
life insurance, viatical settlements, securities, or investment 4840
fraud; 4841

(e) The life insurer that issued the policy covering the 4842
life of the insured. 4843

(2) The immunity provided in division (D)(1) of this 4844
section shall not apply to any statement made with actual 4845
malice. In an action brought against a person for filing a 4846
report or furnishing other information concerning a fraudulent 4847
viatical settlement act, the party bringing the action shall 4848
plead specifically any allegation that the immunity provided in 4849
division (D)(1) of this section does not apply because the 4850
person filing the report or furnishing the information did so 4851
with actual malice. 4852

(3) If a person is the prevailing party in a civil action 4853
for libel, slander, or any other relevant tort arising out of 4854
activities in carrying out the provisions of this chapter, if 4855
the prevailing party is a person identified in division (D)(1) 4856
of this section and the immunity described in that division 4857
applies to the person, and if the party who brought the action 4858
was not substantially justified in doing so, the person who is 4859

the prevailing party is entitled to an award of attorney's fees 4860
and costs arising out of the action. However, the person is not 4861
entitled to an award of attorney's fees if the person provided 4862
information about the person's own fraudulent viatical 4863
settlement acts. For purposes of this division, an action is 4864
"substantially justified" if it had a reasonable basis in law or 4865
fact at the time that it was initiated. 4866

(4) This section does not abrogate or modify any common 4867
law or statutory privilege or immunity enjoyed by a person 4868
described in division (D) (1) of this section. 4869

(E) (1) The documents and evidence provided pursuant to 4870
division (D) of this section or obtained by the superintendent 4871
in an investigation of any suspected or actual fraudulent 4872
viatical settlement act is privileged and confidential, is not a 4873
public record open for inspection under section 149.43 of the 4874
Revised Code, and is not subject to discovery or subpoena in a 4875
civil or criminal action. 4876

(2) Division (E) (1) of this section does not prohibit 4877
release by the superintendent of any document or evidence 4878
obtained in an investigation of suspected or actual fraudulent 4879
viatical settlement acts, in any of the following manners or 4880
circumstances: 4881

(a) In any administrative or judicial proceeding to 4882
enforce any laws administered by the superintendent; 4883

(b) To any law enforcement or regulatory agency of this 4884
state, another state, the United States, or a political 4885
subdivision of this state or another state, to an organization 4886
established for the purpose of detecting and preventing 4887
fraudulent viatical settlement acts, or to the NAIC; 4888

(c) At the discretion of the superintendent, to a person 4889
in the business of viatical settlements that is aggrieved by a 4890
fraudulent viatical settlement act. 4891

(3) Release of documents and evidence under division (E) 4892
(2) of this section does not abrogate or modify the privilege 4893
granted in division (E) (1) of this section. 4894

(F) The provisions of this chapter do not do any of the 4895
following: 4896

(1) Preempt the authority or relieve the duty of any other 4897
law enforcement or regulatory agencies to investigate, examine, 4898
or prosecute suspected violations of law; 4899

(2) Prevent or prohibit a person from disclosing 4900
voluntarily any information concerning fraudulent viatical 4901
settlement acts to a law enforcement or regulatory agency other 4902
than the department of insurance; 4903

(3) Limit any power granted elsewhere by the law of this 4904
state to the superintendent or an insurance fraud unit to 4905
investigate and examine possible violations of law and to take 4906
appropriate action against wrongdoers. 4907

(G) (1) Viatical settlement providers and viatical 4908
settlement brokers shall adopt and have in place antifraud 4909
initiatives reasonably calculated to detect, prosecute, and 4910
prevent fraudulent viatical settlement acts. At the discretion 4911
of the superintendent, the superintendent may order, or a 4912
viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement broker may 4913
request and the superintendent may grant, any modifications of 4914
the following required initiatives described in divisions (G) (1) 4915
(a) and (b) of this section that are necessary to ensure an 4916
effective antifraud program. The modifications may be more or 4917

less restrictive than the required initiatives so long as the 4918
modifications may reasonably be expected to accomplish the 4919
purpose of this section. Antifraud initiatives under this 4920
division shall include all of the following: 4921

(a) Fraud investigators, who may be licensed viatical 4922
settlement provider or licensed viatical settlement broker 4923
employees or independent contractors; 4924

(b) An antifraud plan that includes, but is not limited 4925
to, all of the following: 4926

(i) A description of the procedures for detecting and 4927
investigating possible fraudulent viatical settlement acts and 4928
procedures for resolving material inconsistencies between 4929
medical records and insurance applications; 4930

(ii) A description of the procedures for reporting 4931
possible fraudulent viatical settlement acts to the 4932
superintendent; 4933

(iii) A description of the plan for antifraud education 4934
and training of underwriters and other personnel; 4935

(iv) A description or chart outlining the organizational 4936
arrangement of the antifraud personnel who are responsible for 4937
the investigation and reporting of possible fraudulent viatical 4938
settlement acts and investigating unresolved material 4939
inconsistencies between medical records and insurance 4940
applications; 4941

(v) A description of the procedures used to perform 4942
initial and continuing review of the accuracy of life 4943
expectancies used in connection with a viatical settlement 4944
contract. 4945

(2) The superintendent, by rule adopted in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, may require that antifraud plans required under division (G) (1) of this section be submitted to the superintendent. If the superintendent requires that antifraud plans be submitted to the superintendent, the plans so submitted are privileged and confidential, are not a public record open for inspection under section 149.43 of the Revised Code, and are not subject to discovery or subpoena in a civil or criminal action.

(H) No insurer that issued a policy being viaticated shall be responsible, under this chapter, for any act or omission of a viatical settlement broker or viatical settlement provider arising out of or in connection with the viatical settlement transaction unless the insurer receives compensation for the placement of a viatical settlement contract from the viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement broker in connection with the viatical settlement contract.

Sec. 3919.14. A company or association organized under section 3919.01 of the Revised Code amending its articles of incorporation and its constitution and bylaws is subject to sections 3919.11 and 3919.12 of the Revised Code as to its organization and government, and it shall make separate annual statements to the superintendent of insurance of the business transacted by it under the assessment plan, as required by section ~~3919.01 to 3919.15, inclusive,~~ 3919.16 of the Revised Code, ~~or for the purpose of and of the business transacted by it~~ under the level premium or legal reserve plan, as required by section 3907.19 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 3921.13. (A) A domestic fraternal benefit society may, by a reinsurance agreement, cede any individual risk or

risks in whole or in part to an insurer, other than another 4976
fraternal benefit society, having the power to make such 4977
reinsurance and authorized to do business in this state, or if 4978
not so authorized, one which is approved by the superintendent 4979
of insurance; however, no society may reinsure substantially all 4980
of its insurance in force without the written permission of the 4981
superintendent. It may take credit for the reserves on the ceded 4982
risks to the extent reinsured, but no credit shall be allowed as 4983
an admitted asset or as a deduction from liability, to a ceding 4984
society for reinsurance made, ceded, renewed, or otherwise 4985
becoming effective after January 1, 1997, unless the reinsurance 4986
is payable by the assuming insurer on the basis of the liability 4987
of the ceding society under the contract or contracts reinsured 4988
without diminution because of the insolvency of the ceding 4989
society. 4990

(B) Notwithstanding division (A) of this section, a 4991
society may reinsure the risks of another society in a 4992
consolidation or merger approved by the superintendent under 4993
section 3921.14 of the Revised Code. 4994

(C) A society with assets of less than five billion 4995
dollars that provides contract benefits of major medical, 4996
medicare supplemental, or long-term care pursuant to division 4997
(A) (5) of section 3921.16 of the Revised Code shall reinsure not 4998
less than fifty per cent of the risk arising from those 4999
contracts if the society's risk _based capital is less than 5000
three hundred per cent. 5001

Sec. 3921.191. (A) A fraternal benefit society shall 5002
provide an applicant for contractual benefits a disclosure 5003
statement at the time of sale substantially as follows: 5004

"..... (Name of the fraternal benefit society) IS 5005

LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS IN THE STATE OF OHIO. AS A 5006
(not-for-profit, tax-exempt, self-governing, or membership 5007
organization), FRATERNAL BENEFIT SOCIETIES ARE NOT INCLUDED IN 5008
THE OHIO GUARANTY ASSOCIATION. THIS MEANS THAT FRATERNAL BENEFIT 5009
SOCIETIES CANNOT BE ASSESSED FOR THE INSOLVENCY OF OTHER LIFE 5010
INSURERS OR OTHER FRATERNAL BENEFIT SOCIETIES. BY LAW, A 5011
FRATERNAL BENEFIT SOCIETY IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ITS OWN SOLVENCY. 5012
IF THERE IS AN IMPAIRMENT OF RESERVES, A CERTIFICATE HOLDER MAY 5013
BE ASSESSED A PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE IMPAIRMENT. THIS 5014
PROCESS IS DESCRIBED IN THE CERTIFICATE ISSUED BY THE SOCIETY." 5015

(B) The statement must be signed by the applicant and 5016
maintained in the certificate or contract file by the fraternal 5017
benefit society. The statement may be part of the society's 5018
membership application or certificate or policy application. 5019

(C) This section is applicable only to new business 5020
written by a fraternal benefit society after ~~the effective date~~ 5021
~~of this section~~ September 6, 2012. 5022

Sec. 3922.11. (A) The superintendent of insurance shall 5023
establish and maintain a system for receiving and reviewing 5024
requests for external review for adverse benefit determinations 5025
where the determination by the health plan issuer was based on a 5026
contractual issue and did not involve a medical judgment or a 5027
determination based on any medical information, except for 5028
emergency services, as specified in division (C) of section 5029
3922.05 of the Revised Code. 5030

(B) A health plan issuer shall submit a request for 5031
external review pursuant to division (B) or (C) of section 5032
3922.05 of the Revised Code to the superintendent, in accordance 5033
with any associated rules, policies, or procedures adopted by 5034
the superintendent of insurance. 5035

(C) On receipt of a request from a health plan issuer, the 5036
superintendent shall consider whether the health care service is 5037
a service covered under the terms of the covered person's 5038
policy, contract, certificate, or agreement, except that the 5039
superintendent shall not conduct a review under this section 5040
unless the covered person has exhausted the health plan issuer's 5041
internal appeal process, pursuant to sections 3922.03 and 5042
3922.04 of the Revised Code. The health plan issuer and covered 5043
person shall provide the superintendent with any information 5044
required by the superintendent that is in their possession and 5045
is germane to the review. 5046

(D) Unless the superintendent is not able to do so because 5047
making the determination requires a medical-~~judgement~~ judgment 5048
or a determination based on medical information, the 5049
superintendent shall determine whether the health care service 5050
at issue is a service covered under the terms of the covered 5051
person's contract, policy, certificate, or agreement. The 5052
superintendent shall notify the covered person and the health 5053
plan issuer of the superintendent's determination. 5054

(E) If the superintendent notifies the health plan issuer 5055
that making the determination requires a medical-~~judgement~~ 5056
judgment or a determination based on medical information, the 5057
health plan issuer shall initiate an external review under this 5058
chapter. 5059

(F) If the superintendent determines that the health 5060
service is a covered service, the health plan issuer shall cover 5061
the service. 5062

(G) If the superintendent determines that the health care 5063
service is not a covered service, the health plan issuer is not 5064
required to cover the service or afford the covered person an 5065

external review by an independent review organization. 5066

Sec. 3922.14. (A) To be accredited by the superintendent 5067
of insurance to conduct external reviews under section 3922.13 5068
of the Revised Code, in addition to the requirements provided in 5069
section 3922.13 of the Revised Code and any associated rules 5070
adopted by the superintendent, an independent review 5071
organization shall do all of the following: 5072

(1) Develop and maintain written policies and procedures 5073
that govern all aspects of both the standard external review 5074
process and the expedited external review process set forth in 5075
this chapter, including a quality assurance mechanism that does 5076
all of the following: 5077

(a) Ensures that external reviews are conducted within the 5078
time frames prescribed under this chapter and that the required 5079
notices are provided in a timely manner; 5080

(b) Ensures the selection of qualified and impartial 5081
clinical reviewers to conduct external reviews on behalf of the 5082
independent review organization; 5083

(c) Ensures that chosen clinical reviewers are suitably 5084
matched according to their area of expertise to specific cases 5085
and that the independent review organization employs or 5086
contracts with an adequate number of clinical reviewers to meet 5087
this requirement; 5088

(d) Ensures the confidentiality of medical and treatment 5089
records and clinical review criteria; 5090

(e) Ensures that any person employed by, or who is under 5091
contract with, the independent review organization adheres to 5092
the requirements of this chapter. 5093

(2) Maintain a toll-free telephone service to receive 5094
information on a twenty-four-hour-a-day, seven-days-a-week basis 5095
related to external reviews that is capable of accepting, 5096
recording, and providing appropriate instruction to incoming 5097
telephone callers during other than normal business hours; 5098

(3) Agree to maintain and provide to the superintendent, 5099
upon request and in accordance with any associated rules, 5100
policies, or procedures adopted by the superintendent of 5101
insurance, the information prescribed in section 3922.17 of the 5102
Revised Code. 5103

(B) An independent review organization may not own or 5104
control, be a subsidiary of or in any way be owned or controlled 5105
by, or exercise control with a health plan issuer, a national, 5106
state, or local trade association of health plan issuers, or a 5107
national, state, or local trade association of health care 5108
providers. 5109

(C) (1) Neither the independent review organization 5110
selected to conduct the external review nor any clinical 5111
reviewer assigned by the independent organization to conduct the 5112
external review may have a material, professional, familial, or 5113
financial affiliation with any of the following: 5114

(a) The health plan issuer that is the subject of the 5115
external review, or any officer, director, or management 5116
employee of the health plan issuer; 5117

(b) The covered person whose treatment is the subject of 5118
the external review; 5119

(c) The health care provider, or the health care 5120
provider's medical group or independent practice association, 5121
recommending the health care service or treatment that is the 5122

subject of the external review; 5123

(d) The facility at which the recommended health care 5124
service would be provided; 5125

(e) The developer or manufacturer of the principal drug, 5126
device, procedure, or other therapy being recommended for the 5127
covered person whose treatment is the subject of the external 5128
review. 5129

(2) The superintendent may make a determination as to 5130
whether an independent review organization or a clinical 5131
reviewer of the independent review organization has a material 5132
professional, familial, or financial conflict of interest for 5133
purposes of division (C) (1) of this section. In making this 5134
determination, the superintendent may take into consideration 5135
situations where an independent review organization, or a 5136
clinical reviewer, may have an apparent conflict of interest, 5137
but that the characteristics of the relationship or connection 5138
in question are such that they do not fall under the definition 5139
of conflict of interest provided under division (D) (1) of this 5140
section. If the superintendent determines that a conflict of 5141
interest exists, the superintendent shall disallow an 5142
independent review organization or a clinical reviewer from 5143
conducting the external review in question. Such determinations 5144
related to conflicts of interest are the sole discretion of the 5145
superintendent of insurance. 5146

(D) (1) An independent review organization that is 5147
accredited by a nationally recognized private accrediting entity 5148
that has independent review accreditation standards that the 5149
superintendent has determined are equivalent to or exceed the 5150
minimum qualifications of this section shall be presumed in 5151
compliance with this section to be eligible for accreditation by 5152

the superintendent under section ~~3922.14~~3922.13 of the Revised Code. 5153
5154

(2) The superintendent shall initially review and 5155
periodically review the independent review organization 5156
accreditation standards of a nationally recognized private 5157
accrediting entity to determine whether the entity's standards 5158
are, and continue to be, equivalent to or exceed the minimum 5159
qualifications established under this section. The 5160
superintendent may accept a review conducted by the national 5161
association of insurance commissioners for the purpose of the 5162
determination under this division. 5163

(3) Upon request, a nationally recognized, private 5164
accrediting entity shall make its current independent review 5165
organization accreditation standards available to the 5166
superintendent or the national association of insurance 5167
commissioners in order for the superintendent to determine if 5168
the entity's standards are equivalent to or exceed the minimum 5169
qualifications established under this section. The 5170
superintendent may exclude any private accrediting entity that 5171
is not reviewed by the national association of insurance 5172
commissioners. 5173

(E) An independent review organization shall be unbiased 5174
in its review of adverse benefit determinations and shall 5175
establish and maintain written procedures to ensure that it is 5176
unbiased. 5177

Sec. 3922.17. (A) (1) An independent review organization 5178
assigned pursuant to ~~sections~~ section 3922.08, 3922.09, or 5179
3922.10 of the Revised Code to conduct an external review shall 5180
maintain written records in accordance with the associated rules 5181
established by the superintendent, in the aggregate by state, 5182

and by the health plan issuer, on all external reviews requested 5183
and conducted during a calendar year. 5184

Each independent review organization shall submit this 5185
information to the superintendent, upon request, in a report in 5186
the format specified by the superintendent that shall include, 5187
in the aggregate by state and for each health plan issuer, all 5188
of the following: 5189

(a) The total number of requests for external review; 5190

(b) The number of requests for external review resolved 5191
and, of those resolved, the number upholding and the number 5192
reversing an adverse benefit determination; 5193

(c) The average length of time for a resolution; 5194

(d) A summary of the types of requested health care 5195
services or cases for which an external review was sought; 5196

(e) The number of external reviews that were terminated as 5197
the result of a reconsideration by the health plan issuer of an 5198
adverse benefit determination after the receipt of additional 5199
information from the covered person under section 3922.05 of the 5200
Revised Code; 5201

(f) The costs associated with external reviews, including 5202
the amounts charged by the independent review organization to 5203
conduct the reviews; 5204

(g) The medical specialty, or the type, of clinical 5205
reviewer used to conduct each external review, as related to the 5206
specific medical condition of the covered person; 5207

(h) Any other information the superintendent may request 5208
or require. 5209

(2) The independent review organization shall retain the written records required under division (A) (1) of this section for at least three years.

(B) A health plan issuer shall maintain written records on all requests made for an external review under this chapter and shall provide all such information as required by any associated rules, policies, or procedures adopted by the superintendent of insurance. A health plan issuer shall maintain written records on all requests for external review for at least three years.

(C) The superintendent shall compile and annually publish the information collected under this section and report the information to the governor, the speaker and minority leader of the house of representatives, the president and minority leader of the senate, and the chairs and ranking minority members of the house and senate committees with jurisdiction over health and insurance issues.

Sec. 3923.01. As used in this chapter, "policy of sickness and accident insurance" includes any policy, contract, or certificate of insurance against loss or expense resulting from the sickness of the insured, or from the bodily injury or death of the insured by accident, or both, that is delivered, issued for delivery, renewed, or used in this state on or after the date occurring six months after ~~the effective date of this amendment~~ November 24, 1995.

Sec. 3923.021. (A) As used in this section:

(1) "Benefits provided are not unreasonable in relation to the premium charged" means the rates were calculated in accordance with sound actuarial principles.

(2) "Individual policy of sickness and accident insurance"

includes sickness and accident insurance made available by 5239
insurers in the individual market to individuals, with or 5240
without family members or dependents, through group policies 5241
issued to one or more associations or entities. 5242

(B) With respect to any filing, made pursuant to section 5243
3923.02 of the Revised Code, of any premium rates for any 5244
individual policy of sickness and accident insurance or 5245
certificates made available by an insurer to individuals in the 5246
individual market through a group policy or for any indorsement 5247
or rider pertaining thereto, the superintendent of insurance 5248
may, within thirty days after filing: 5249

(1) Disapprove such filing after finding that the benefits 5250
provided are unreasonable in relation to the premium charged. 5251
Such disapproval shall be effected by written order of the 5252
superintendent, a copy of which shall be mailed to the insurer 5253
that has made the filing. In the order, the superintendent shall 5254
specify the reasons for the disapproval and state that a hearing 5255
will be held within fifteen days after requested in writing by 5256
the insurer. If a hearing is so requested, the superintendent 5257
shall also give such public notice as the superintendent 5258
considers appropriate. The superintendent, within fifteen days 5259
after the commencement of any hearing, shall issue a written 5260
order, a copy of which shall be mailed to the insurer that has 5261
made the filing, either affirming the prior disapproval or 5262
approving such filing after finding that the benefits provided 5263
are not unreasonable in relation to the premium charged. 5264

(2) Set a date for a public hearing to commence no later 5265
than forty days after the filing. The superintendent shall give 5266
the insurer making the filing twenty days' written notice of the 5267
hearing and shall give such public notice as the superintendent 5268

considers appropriate. The superintendent, within twenty days 5269
after the commencement of a hearing, shall issue a written 5270
order, a copy of which shall be mailed to the insurer that has 5271
made the filing, either approving such filing if the 5272
superintendent finds that the benefits provided are not 5273
unreasonable in relation to the premium charged, or disapproving 5274
such filing if the superintendent finds that the benefits 5275
provided are unreasonable in relation to the premium charged. 5276
This division does not apply to any insurer organized or 5277
transacting the business of insurance under Chapter 3907. or 5278
3909. of the Revised Code. 5279

(3) Take no action, in which case such filing shall be 5280
deemed to be approved and shall become effective upon the 5281
thirty-first day after such filing, unless the superintendent 5282
has previously given to the insurer a written approval. 5283

(C) At any time after any filing has been approved 5284
pursuant to this section, the superintendent may, after a 5285
hearing of which at least twenty days' written notice has been 5286
given to the insurer that has made such filing and for which 5287
such public notice as the superintendent considers appropriate 5288
has been given, withdraw approval of such filing after finding 5289
that the benefits provided are unreasonable in relation to the 5290
premium charged. Such withdrawal of approval shall be effected 5291
by written order of the superintendent, a copy of which shall be 5292
mailed to the insurer that has made the filing, which shall 5293
state the ground for such withdrawal and the date, not less than 5294
forty days after the date of such order, when the withdrawal ~~or~~ 5295
of approval shall become effective. 5296

(D) The superintendent may retain at the insurer's expense 5297
such attorneys, actuaries, accountants, and other experts not 5298

otherwise a part of the superintendent's staff as shall be 5299
reasonably necessary to assist in the preparation for and 5300
conduct of any public hearing under this section. The expense 5301
for retaining such experts and the expenses of the department of 5302
insurance incurred in connection with such public hearing shall 5303
be assessed against the insurer in an amount not to exceed one 5304
one-hundredth of one per cent of the sum of premiums earned plus 5305
net realized investment gain or loss of such insurer as 5306
reflected in the most current annual statement on file with the 5307
superintendent. Any person retained shall be under the direction 5308
and control of the superintendent and shall act in a purely 5309
advisory capacity. 5310

Sec. 3923.04. Except as provided in section 3923.07 of the 5311
Revised Code, every policy of sickness and accident insurance 5312
delivered, issued for delivery, or used in this state shall 5313
contain the standard provisions specified in this section in the 5314
words in which the same appear in this section. Such standard 5315
provisions shall be preceded individually by the caption 5316
appearing in this section or, at the option of the insurer, by 5317
such appropriate individual or group captions or subcaptions as 5318
the superintendent of insurance may approve. 5319

(A) A provision as follows: Entire contract; changes. This 5320
policy, including the indorsements and the attached papers, if 5321
any, constitutes the entire contract of insurance. No change in 5322
this policy shall be valid until approved by an executive 5323
officer of the insurer and unless such approval be indorsed 5324
hereon or attached hereto. No agent has authority to change this 5325
policy or to waive any of its provisions. 5326

No statement made by an applicant for a policy of sickness 5327
and accident insurance not included therein shall avoid the 5328

policy or be used to deny any claim thereunder or be used in any 5329
legal proceeding thereunder. 5330

(B) A provision in two parts as follows: Time limit on 5331
certain defenses. 5332

(1) After two years from the date of issue of this policy 5333
no misstatements, except fraudulent misstatements, made by the 5334
applicant in the application for this policy shall be used to 5335
void this policy or to deny a claim for loss incurred or 5336
disability (as defined in this policy) commencing after the 5337
expiration of such two -year period. 5338

The policy provision in division (B)(1) of this section 5339
shall not be so construed as to affect any legal requirements 5340
for avoidance of a policy or denial of a claim during such 5341
initial two-year period, nor to limit the application of 5342
divisions (A), (B), (C), (D), and (E) of section 3923.05 of the 5343
Revised Code in the event of misstatement with respect to age, 5344
occupation, or other insurance. 5345

A policy which the insured has the right to continue in 5346
force subject to its terms by the timely payment of premiums 5347
until at least age fifty, or a policy issued after the insured 5348
has attained age forty-four and which the insured has the right 5349
to continue in force subject to its terms by the timely payment 5350
of premiums for at least five years from its date of issue, may 5351
contain, in lieu of the foregoing policy provision in division 5352
(B)(1) of this section, a provision, from which the clause in 5353
parentheses may be omitted at the insurer's option, under the 5354
caption Incontestable, as follows: After this policy has been in 5355
force for a period of two years during the lifetime of the 5356
insured (excluding any period during which the insured is 5357
disabled), it shall become incontestable as to the statements 5358

contained in the application. 5359

(2) No claim for loss incurred or disability (as defined 5360
in this policy) commencing after two years from the date of 5361
issue of this policy shall be reduced or denied on the ground 5362
that a disease or physical condition not excluded from coverage 5363
by name or specific description effective on the date of loss 5364
had existed prior to the effective date of coverage of this 5365
policy. 5366

No chronic disease or chronic physical condition may be 5367
excluded from the coverage of a policy of sickness insurance or 5368
from the sickness insurance coverage of a policy of sickness and 5369
accident insurance except by name or specific description. 5370

(C) A provision as follows: Grace period. A grace period 5371
of days will be granted for the payment of each 5372
premium falling due after the first premium, during which grace 5373
period this policy shall continue in force. 5374

The insurer shall insert in the blank space in the policy 5375
provision in division (C) of this section a number not smaller 5376
than seven for weekly premium policies or ten for monthly 5377
premium policies or thirty-one for all other policies. 5378

A policy in which the insurer reserves the right to refuse 5379
any renewal shall contain a provision, at the beginning of the 5380
policy provision in division (C) of this section, as follows: 5381
Unless not less than five days prior to the premium due date the 5382
insurer has delivered to the insured or has mailed to ~~his~~ the 5383
insured's last address as shown by the records of the insurer 5384
written notice of its intention not to renew this policy beyond 5385
the period for which the premium has been accepted. Each such 5386
policy, other than an accident insurance only policy, shall 5387

provide in substance, in a provision thereof or in an 5388
indorsement thereon or in a rider attached thereto, that the 5389
insurer may not refuse renewal of the policy before the first 5390
anniversary, or between anniversaries, of its date of issue, and 5391
that any non-renewal of the policy by the insurer or insured 5392
shall be without prejudice to any claim originating prior to the 5393
effective date of non-renewal. 5394

(D) A provision as follows: Reinstatement. If any renewal 5395
premium be not paid within the time granted the insured for 5396
payment, a subsequent acceptance of premium by the insurer or by 5397
any agent duly authorized by the insurer to accept such premium, 5398
without requiring in connection therewith an application for 5399
reinstatement, shall reinstate this policy. If the insurer or 5400
such agent requires an application for reinstatement and issues 5401
a conditional receipt for the premium tendered, this policy will 5402
be reinstated upon approval of such application by the insurer 5403
or, lacking such approval, upon the forty-fifth day following 5404
the date of such conditional receipt unless the insurer has 5405
previously notified the insured in writing of its disapproval of 5406
such application. The reinstated policy shall cover only loss 5407
resulting from such accidental injury as may be sustained after 5408
the date of reinstatement and loss due to such sickness as may 5409
begin more than ten days after such date. In all other respects 5410
the insured and insurer shall have the same rights thereunder as 5411
they had under this policy immediately before the due date of 5412
the defaulted premium, subject to any provisions indorsed hereon 5413
or attached hereto in connection with the reinstatement. Any 5414
premium accepted in connection with a reinstatement shall be 5415
applied to a period for which premium has not been previously 5416
paid, but not to any period more than sixty days prior to the 5417
date of reinstatement. 5418

The last sentence of the policy provision in division (D) 5419
of this section may be omitted from any policy which the insured 5420
has the right to continue in force subject to its terms by the 5421
timely payment of premiums until at least age fifty or from any 5422
policy issued after the insured has attained age forty-four and 5423
which the insured has the right to continue in force subject to 5424
its terms by the timely payment of premiums for at least five 5425
years from its date of issue. 5426

(E) A provision as follows: Notice of claim. Written 5427
notice of claim must be given to the insurer within twenty days 5428
after the occurrence or commencement of any loss covered by this 5429
policy, or as soon thereafter as is reasonably possible. Notice 5430
given by or on behalf of the insured or the beneficiary to the 5431
insurer at or to any authorized agent of the insurer, 5432
with information sufficient to identify the insured, shall be 5433
deemed notice to the insurer. 5434

The insurer shall insert in the blank space in the policy 5435
provision in division (E) of this section the location of such 5436
office as it may desire to designate for the purpose of notice. 5437

In a policy providing a loss of time benefit which may be 5438
payable for at least two years, an insurer may insert, between 5439
the first and second sentences of the policy provision in 5440
division (E) of this section, a provision as follows: 5441

Subject to the qualifications set forth below, if the 5442
insured suffers loss of time on account of disability for which 5443
indemnity may be payable for at least two years, ~~he~~ the insured 5444
shall, at least once in every six months after having given 5445
notice of claim, give to the insurer notice of continuance of 5446
said disability, except in the event of legal incapacity. The 5447
period of six months following any filing of proof by the 5448

insured or any payment by the insurer on account of such claim 5449
or any denial of liability in whole or in part by the insurer 5450
shall be excluded in applying this provision. Delay in giving of 5451
such notice shall not impair the insured's right to any 5452
indemnity which would otherwise have accrued during the period 5453
of six months preceding the date on which such notice is 5454
actually given. 5455

(F) A provision as follows: Claim forms. The insurer, upon 5456
receipt of a notice of claim, will furnish to the claimant such 5457
forms as are usually furnished by it for filing proofs of loss. 5458
If such forms are not furnished within fifteen days after the 5459
giving of such notice the claimant shall be deemed to have 5460
complied with the requirements of this policy as to proof of 5461
loss upon submitting, within the time fixed in this policy for 5462
filing proofs of loss, written proof covering the occurrence, 5463
the character and the extent of the loss for which claim is 5464
made. 5465

(G) A provision as follows: Proofs of loss. Written proof 5466
of loss must be furnished to the insurer at its office in case 5467
of claim for loss for which this policy provides any periodic 5468
payment contingent upon continuing loss within ninety days after 5469
the termination of the period for which the insurer is liable 5470
and in case of claim for any other loss within ninety days after 5471
the date of such loss. Failure to furnish such proof within the 5472
time required shall not invalidate nor reduce any claim if it 5473
was not reasonably possible to give proof within such time, 5474
provided such proof is furnished as soon as reasonably possible 5475
and in no event, except in the absence of legal capacity, later 5476
than one year from the time proof is otherwise required. 5477

(H) A provision as follows: Time of payment of claims. 5478

Indemnities payable under this policy for any loss, other than 5479
loss for which this policy provides any periodic payment, will 5480
be paid immediately upon, or within thirty days after, receipt 5481
of due written proof of such loss. Subject to due written proof 5482
of loss, all accrued indemnities for loss for which this policy 5483
provides periodic payment will be paid and any balance 5484
remaining unpaid upon the termination of liability will be paid 5485
immediately upon receipt of due written proof. 5486

The insurer shall insert in the blank space in the 5487
provision in division (H) of this section a period for payment 5488
which must not be less frequently than monthly. The insurer may 5489
at its option omit from the provision in division (H) of this 5490
section ", or within thirty days after,". 5491

(I) A provision as follows: Payment of claims. Indemnity 5492
for loss of life will be payable in accordance with the 5493
beneficiary designation and the provisions respecting such 5494
payment which may be prescribed herein and effective at the time 5495
of payment. If no such designation or provision is then 5496
effective, such indemnity shall be payable to the estate of the 5497
insured. Any other accrued indemnities unpaid at the insured's 5498
death may, at the option of the insurer, be paid either to such 5499
beneficiary or to such estate. All other indemnities will be 5500
payable to the insured. 5501

The insurer may at its option add at the end of the 5502
provision in division (I) of this section, the following 5503
provisions or either of the following provisions: 5504

(1) If any indemnity of this policy shall be payable to 5505
the estate of the insured, or to an insured or beneficiary who 5506
is a minor or otherwise not competent to give a valid release, 5507
the insurer may pay such indemnity, up to an amount not 5508

exceeding dollars, to any relative by blood or 5509
connection by marriage of the insured or beneficiary who is 5510
deemed by the insurer to be equitably entitled thereto. Any 5511
payment made by the insurer in good faith pursuant to this 5512
provision shall fully discharge the insurer to the extent of 5513
such payment. 5514

(2) Subject to any written direction of the insured in the 5515
application or otherwise all or a portion of any indemnities 5516
provided by this policy on account of hospital, nursing, 5517
medical, or surgical services may, at the insurer's option and 5518
unless the insured requests otherwise in writing not later than 5519
the time of filing proofs of such loss, be paid directly to the 5520
hospital or person rendering such services; but it is not 5521
required that the services be rendered by a particular hospital 5522
or person. 5523

The insurer shall insert in the blank space in the policy 5524
provision in division (I)(1) of this section an amount which 5525
shall not exceed one thousand dollars. 5526

(J) A provision as follows: Physical examination and 5527
autopsy. The insurer at its own expense shall have the right and 5528
opportunity to examine the person of the insured when and as 5529
often as it may reasonably require during the pendency of a 5530
claim hereunder and to make an autopsy in case of death where it 5531
is not forbidden by law. 5532

(K) A provision as follows: Legal actions. No action at 5533
law or in equity shall be brought to recover on this policy 5534
prior to the expiration of sixty days after written proof of 5535
loss has been furnished in accordance with the requirements of 5536
this policy. No such action shall be brought after the 5537
expiration of three years after the time written proof of loss 5538

is required to be furnished. 5539

(L) A provision as follows: Change of beneficiary. Unless 5540
the insured makes an irrevocable designation of beneficiary, the 5541
right to change of beneficiary is reserved to the insured and 5542
the consent of the beneficiary or beneficiaries shall not be 5543
requisite to surrender or assignment of this policy or to any 5544
change of beneficiary or beneficiaries, or to any other changes 5545
in this policy. 5546

The insurer may at its option omit from the provision in 5547
division (L) of this section the following: Unless the insured 5548
makes an irrevocable designation of beneficiary. 5549

(M) A provision, which shall be contained in the policy or 5550
in an indorsement thereon or in a rider attached thereto, as 5551
follows: Cancellation by the insured. Non-cancellation by the 5552
insurer. The insured may cancel this policy at any time by 5553
written notice delivered or mailed to the insurer, effective 5554
upon receipt or on such later date as may be specified in such 5555
notice. In the event of cancellation, the insurer will return 5556
promptly the unearned portion of any premium paid. The earned 5557
premium shall be computed by the use of the short-rate table 5558
last filed with the state official having supervision of 5559
insurance in the state where the insured resided when this 5560
policy was issued. Cancellation shall be without prejudice to 5561
any claim originating prior to the effective date of 5562
cancellation. The insurer may not cancel this policy. This 5563
provision nullifies any other provision, contained in this 5564
policy or in any indorsement hereon or in any rider attached 5565
hereto, which provides for cancellation of this policy by the 5566
insurer or by the insured. 5567

Sec. 3923.19. (A) Benefits under all policies of sickness 5568

and accident insurance are not liable to attachment or other 5569
process, or to be taken, appropriated, or applied by any legal 5570
or equitable process or by operation of law, either before or 5571
after payment of the benefits, to pay any liabilities of the 5572
person insured under any such policy to the extent that the 5573
benefits are reasonably necessary for the support of the debtor 5574
and any dependents of the debtor. 5575

When a policy provides for a lump sum payment because of a 5576
dismemberment or other loss insured, the payment is exempt from 5577
execution by the insured's creditors. 5578

(B) (1) A payment under a stock bonus, pension, 5579
~~profitsharing~~ profit-sharing, annuity, or similar plan or 5580
contract on account of illness, disability, death, age, or 5581
length of service, to the extent reasonably necessary for the 5582
support of the person who is the beneficiary of the plan or 5583
party to the contract and any dependents of the person, is not 5584
liable to attachment or other process, or to be taken, 5585
appropriated, or applied by any legal or equitable process or by 5586
operation of law, either before or after payment of the 5587
benefits, to pay any liabilities of the person unless all of the 5588
following apply: 5589

(a) The plan or contract was established by or under the 5590
auspices of an insider that employed the person at the time the 5591
person's rights under the plan or contract arose. 5592

(b) The payment is on account of age or length of service. 5593

(c) The plan or contract does not qualify under section 5594
401(a), 403(a), 403(b), or 408 of the Internal Revenue Code of 5595
1986, 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C. 1, as amended. 5596

(2) When a plan or contract provides for a lump sum 5597

payment because of a dismemberment or other loss covered by the 5598
plan or contract, the payment is exempt from execution by the 5599
person's creditors. 5600

Sec. 3923.38. (A) As used in this section: 5601

(1) "Group policy" includes any group sickness and 5602
accident policy or contract delivered, issued for delivery, or 5603
renewed in this state on or after June 28, 1984, and any private 5604
or public employer self-insurance plan or other plan that 5605
provides, or provides payment for, health care benefits for 5606
employees resident in this state other than through an insurer 5607
or health insuring corporation, to which both of the following 5608
apply: 5609

(a) The policy insures employees for hospital, surgical, 5610
or major medical insurance on an expense incurred or service 5611
basis, other than for specified diseases or for accidental 5612
injuries only. 5613

(b) The policy is in effect and covers an eligible 5614
employee at the time the employee's employment is terminated. 5615

(2) "Eligible employee" includes only an employee to whom 5616
all of the following apply: 5617

(a) The employee has been continuously insured under a 5618
group policy or under the policy and any prior similar group 5619
coverage replaced by the policy, during the entire three-month 5620
period preceding the termination of the employee's employment. 5621

(b) The employee did not voluntarily terminate the 5622
employee's employment and the termination of employment is not a 5623
result of any gross misconduct on the part of the employee. 5624

(c) The employee is not, and does not become, covered by 5625

or eligible for coverage by medicare under Title XVIII of the 5626
Social Security Act, as amended. 5627

(d) The employee is not, and does not become, covered by 5628
or eligible for coverage by any other insured or uninsured 5629
arrangement that provides hospital, surgical, or medical 5630
coverage for individuals in a group and under which the person 5631
was not covered immediately prior to such termination. A person 5632
eligible for continuation of coverage under this section, who is 5633
also eligible for coverage under section 3923.123 of the Revised 5634
Code, may elect either coverage, but not both. A person who 5635
elects continuation of coverage may elect any coverage available 5636
under section 3923.123 of the Revised Code upon the termination 5637
of the continuation of coverage. 5638

(3) "Group rate" means, in the case of an employer self- 5639
insurance or other health benefits plan, the average monthly 5640
cost per employee, over a period of at least twelve months, of 5641
the operation of the plan that would represent a group insurance 5642
rate if the same coverage had been provided under a group 5643
sickness and accident insurance policy. 5644

(B) A group policy shall provide that any eligible 5645
employee may continue the employee's hospital, surgical, and 5646
medical insurance under the policy, for the employee and the 5647
employee's eligible dependents, for a period of twelve months 5648
after the date that the insurance coverage would otherwise 5649
terminate by reason of the termination of the employee's 5650
employment. Each certificate of coverage, or other notice of 5651
coverage, issued to employees under the policy shall include a 5652
notice of the employee's privilege of continuation. 5653

(C) All of the following apply to the continuation of 5654
coverage required under division (B) of this section: 5655

(1) Continuation need not include dental, vision care, or 5656
any other benefits provided under the policy in addition to its 5657
hospital, surgical, or major medical benefits. 5658

(2) The employer shall notify the employee of the right of 5659
continuation at the time the employer notifies the employee of 5660
the termination of employment. The notice shall inform the 5661
employee of the amount of contribution required by the employer 5662
under division (C) (4) of this section. 5663

(3) The employee shall file a written election of 5664
continuation with the employer and pay the employer the first 5665
contribution required under division (C) (4) of this section. The 5666
request and payment must be received by the employer no later 5667
than the earlier of any of the following dates: 5668

(a) Thirty-one days after the date on which the employee's 5669
coverage would otherwise terminate; 5670

(b) Ten days after the date on which the employee's 5671
coverage would otherwise terminate, if the employer has notified 5672
the employee of the right of continuation prior to such date; 5673

(c) Ten days after the employer notifies the employee of 5674
the right of continuation, if the notice is given after the date 5675
on which the employee's coverage would otherwise terminate. 5676

(4) The employee must pay to the employer, on a monthly 5677
basis, in advance, the amount of contribution required by the 5678
employer. The amount required shall not exceed the group rate 5679
for the insurance being continued under the policy on the due 5680
date of each payment. 5681

(5) The employee's privilege to continue coverage and the 5682
coverage under any continuation ceases if any of the following 5683
occurs: 5684

- (a) The employee ceases to be an eligible employee under division (A) (2) (c) or (d) of this section; 5685
5686
- (b) A period of twelve months expires after the date that the employee's insurance under the policy would otherwise have terminated because of the termination of employment; 5687
5688
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- (c) The employee fails to make a timely payment of a required contribution, in which event the coverage shall cease at the end of the coverage for which contributions were made; 5690
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- (d) The policy is terminated, or the employer terminates participation under the policy, unless the employer replaces the coverage by similar coverage under another group policy or other group health arrangement. 5693
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- If the employer replaces the policy with similar group health coverage, all of the following apply: 5697
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- (i) The member shall be covered under the replacement coverage, for the balance of the period that the member would have remained covered under the terminated coverage if it had not been terminated. 5699
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- (ii) The minimum level of benefits under the replacement coverage shall be the applicable level of benefits of the policy replaced reduced by any benefits payable under the policy replaced. 5703
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- (iii) The policy replaced shall continue to provide benefits to the extent of its accrued liabilities and extensions of benefits as if the replacement had not occurred. 5707
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- (D) This section does not apply to an employer's self-insurance plan if federal law supersedes, preempts, prohibits, or otherwise precludes its application to such plans. 5710
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(E) An employer shall notify the insurer if the employee 5713
elects continuation of coverage under this section. The insurer 5714
may require the employer to provide documentation if the 5715
employee elects continuation of coverage and is seeking premium 5716
assistance for the continuation of coverage under the "American 5717
Recovery and Investment Act of 2009," Pub. L. No. 111-5, 123 5718
Stat. 115. The ~~director~~ superintendent of insurance shall 5719
publish guidance for employers and insurers regarding the 5720
contents of such documentation. 5721

Sec. 3923.39. (A) As used in this section: 5722

(1) "Consolidated corporation" means any mutual insurance 5723
company that merged or consolidated with a hospital service 5724
association. 5725

(2) "Individual policy" means a policy other than a policy 5726
issued pursuant to section 3923.11, 3923.12, or 3923.13 of the 5727
Revised Code. 5728

(3) "Individual policyholder" means a person who is an 5729
insured under an individual policy. 5730

(4) "Cancel" means any cancellation, denial of renewal, 5731
lapse, or other termination of coverage of an individual 5732
policyholder of a consolidated corporation on the ground of 5733
nonpayment of a policy payment. 5734

(5) "Notice of cancellation" means a notice by a 5735
consolidated corporation of an intention to cancel an individual 5736
policy on the ground of nonpayment of a policy payment. 5737

(6) "Extenuating circumstances" means circumstances that 5738
excuse an individual policyholder's failure to pay a policy 5739
payment after the mailing of a notice of cancellation under this 5740
section and include, but are not limited to, any of the 5741

following: 5742

(a) Hospitalization; 5743

(b) Incapacity or incompetency; 5744

(c) Continuous absence from the address to which the 5745
notice was addressed for a period of time, including the date on 5746
which the notice was delivered to the address, of not more than 5747
sixty days from the date on which the notice was mailed. 5748

(7) "Medicare supplement policy" has the same meaning as 5749
in section 3923.33 of the Revised Code. 5750

(B) If a consolidated corporation does not receive a 5751
policy payment due from a policyholder on an individual policy 5752
on or before the due date shown on a billing mailed to the 5753
policyholder, the consolidated corporation may cancel the 5754
policyholder's coverage by mailing a notice of cancellation to 5755
the policyholder at his last known address. 5756

No cancellation for nonpayment of a policy payment shall 5757
take effect until not less than fifteen days have passed since 5758
the date of mailing of a notice of cancellation. 5759

An individual policyholder whose coverage is terminated 5760
for nonpayment may apply for reinstatement of coverage within 5761
sixty days after the date the notice of cancellation is mailed. 5762
The consolidated corporation shall reinstate the coverage, 5763
continuous from the date of cancellation, if it determines that 5764
the policyholder's failure to pay was due to extenuating 5765
circumstances, and the policyholder pays the payment required 5766
for reinstatement of coverage. A consolidated corporation shall 5767
establish an appeals procedure that will enable the policyholder 5768
to present the reasons why the consolidated corporation should 5769
reconsider the cancellation and reinstate the coverage. 5770

The notice of cancellation shall advise the policyholder 5771
of the policyholder's rights to appeal the cancellation of 5772
coverage and of the amount of payment that will be required to 5773
reinstate the coverage. 5774

(C) No individual policyholder of a consolidated 5775
corporation shall be billed either by a hospital or the 5776
consolidated corporation for rendered health care services 5777
adjudged unnecessary by a utilization review mechanism 5778
recognized by the consolidated corporation or the hospital, 5779
provided such individual policyholder has acted in good faith. 5780
The contract between the consolidated corporation and the 5781
hospital may specify the conditions under which the consolidated 5782
corporation or the hospital shall sustain the loss of revenue. 5783

(D) ~~Notwithstanding the provisions of section 3941.47 of~~ 5784
~~the Revised Code, a~~ A medicare supplement policy issued or 5785
renewed by a consolidated corporation to an individual 5786
policyholder may not provide for the denial or reduction of 5787
benefits under such policy when services are provided at or by a 5788
hospital which does not have a contractual relationship with 5789
such consolidated corporation. 5790

Sec. 3923.53. (A) Every public employee benefit plan that 5791
is established or modified in this state shall provide benefits 5792
for the expenses of both of the following: 5793

(1) Screening mammography to detect the presence of breast 5794
cancer in adult women; 5795

(2) Cytologic screening for the presence of cervical 5796
cancer. 5797

(B) The benefits provided under division (A) (1) of this 5798
section shall cover expenses in accordance with all of the 5799

following: 5800

(1) If a woman is at least thirty-five years of age but 5801
under forty years of age, one screening mammography; 5802

(2) If a woman is at least forty years of age but under 5803
fifty years of age, either of the following: 5804

(a) One screening mammography every two years; 5805

(b) If a licensed physician has determined that the woman 5806
has risk factors to breast cancer, one screening mammography 5807
every year. 5808

(3) If a woman is at least fifty years of age but under 5809
sixty-five years of age, one screening mammography every year. 5810

(C) As used in this division, "medicare reimbursement 5811
rate" means the reimbursement rate paid in this state under the 5812
medicare program for screening mammography that does not include 5813
digitization or computer-aided detection, regardless of whether 5814
the actual benefit includes digitization or computer-aided 5815
detection. 5816

(1) Subject to divisions (C) (2) and (3) of this section, 5817
if a provider, hospital, or other health care facility provides 5818
a service that is a component of the screening mammography 5819
benefit in division ~~(B)~~(A) (1) of this section and submits a 5820
separate claim for that component, a separate payment shall be 5821
made to the provider, hospital, or other health care facility in 5822
an amount that corresponds to the ratio paid by medicare in this 5823
state for that component. 5824

(2) Regardless of whether separate payments are made for 5825
the benefit provided under division (A) (1) of this section, the 5826
total benefit for a screening mammography shall not exceed one 5827

hundred thirty per cent of the medicare reimbursement rate in 5828
this state for screening mammography. If there is more than one 5829
medicare reimbursement rate in this state for screening 5830
mammography or a component of a screening mammography, the 5831
reimbursement limit shall be one hundred thirty per cent of the 5832
lowest medicare reimbursement rate in this state. 5833

(3) The benefit paid in accordance with division (C)(1) of 5834
this section shall constitute full payment. No provider, 5835
hospital, or other health care facility shall seek or receive 5836
compensation in excess of the payment made in accordance with 5837
division (C)(1) of this section, except for approved deductibles 5838
and copayments. 5839

(D) The benefits provided under division (A)(1) of this 5840
section shall be provided only for screening mammographies that 5841
are performed in a facility or mobile mammography screening unit 5842
that is accredited under the American college of radiology 5843
mammography accreditation program or in a hospital as defined in 5844
section 3727.01 of the Revised Code. 5845

(E) The benefits provided under division (A)(2) of this 5846
section shall be provided only for cytologic screenings that are 5847
processed and interpreted in a laboratory certified by the 5848
college of American pathologists or in a hospital as defined in 5849
section 3727.01 of the Revised Code. 5850

Sec. 3923.55. (A) As used in this section and section 5851
3923.56 of the Revised Code: 5852

(1) "Child health supervision services" means periodic 5853
review of a child's physical and emotional status performed by a 5854
physician, by a health care professional under the supervision 5855
of a physician, or, in the case of hearing screening, by an 5856

individual acting in accordance with section 3701.505 of the Revised Code. 5857
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(2) "Periodic review" means a review performed in accordance with the recommendations of the American academy of pediatrics and includes a history, complete physical examination, developmental assessment, anticipatory guidance, appropriate immunizations, and laboratory tests. 5859
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(3) "Physician" means a person authorized under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery. 5864
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(B) Notwithstanding section 3901.71 of the Revised Code, each policy of individual or group sickness and accident insurance delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed in this state on or after ~~the effective date of this amendment~~ November 24, 1995, that provides coverage for family members of the insured shall provide, with respect to that coverage, that any benefits applicable for children shall include benefits for child health supervision services from the moment of birth until age nine. 5867
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(C) A policy that provides the benefits described in division (B) of this section may limit the benefits to cover only the expenses of child health supervision services that are performed by one physician or by a health care professional under the supervision of one physician during the course of any one visit. 5876
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(D) Copayments and deductibles shall be reasonable and shall not be a barrier to the necessary utilization of child health supervision services by covered persons. 5882
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(E) Benefits for child health supervision services that 5885

are provided to a child during the period from birth to age one 5886
shall not exceed a maximum limit of five hundred dollars, 5887
including benefits for the hearing screening required by the 5888
program established under section 3701.504 of the Revised Code. 5889
The benefits for the hearing screening shall not exceed a 5890
maximum limit of seventy-five dollars. Benefits for child health 5891
supervision services that are provided to a child during any 5892
year thereafter shall not exceed a maximum limit of one hundred 5893
fifty dollars per year. 5894

(F) This section does not apply to any policy that 5895
provides coverage for specific diseases or accidents only, or to 5896
any hospital indemnity, medicare supplement, or other policy 5897
that offers only supplemental benefits. 5898

Sec. 3923.56. (A) Notwithstanding section 3901.71 of the 5899
Revised Code, each employee benefit plan established or 5900
maintained in this state on or after ~~the effective date of this~~ 5901
~~amendment~~ November 24, 1995, that provides coverage for family 5902
members of the employee shall provide, with respect to that 5903
coverage, that any benefits applicable for children shall 5904
include benefits for child health supervision services from the 5905
moment of birth until age nine. 5906

(B) A plan that provides the benefits described in 5907
division (A) of this section may limit the benefits to cover 5908
only the expenses of child health supervision services that are 5909
performed by one physician or by a health care professional 5910
under the supervision of one physician during the course of any 5911
one visit. 5912

(C) Copayments and deductibles shall be reasonable and 5913
shall not be a barrier to the necessary utilization of child 5914
health supervision services by covered persons. 5915

(D) Benefits for child health supervision services that 5916
are provided to a child during the period from birth to age one 5917
shall not exceed a maximum limit of five hundred dollars, 5918
including benefits for the hearing screening required by the 5919
program established under section 3701.504 of the Revised Code. 5920
The benefits for the hearing screening shall not exceed a 5921
maximum limit of seventy-five dollars. Benefits for child health 5922
supervision services that are provided to a child during any 5923
year thereafter shall not exceed a maximum limit of one hundred 5924
fifty dollars per year. 5925

Sec. 3923.60. (A) Notwithstanding section 3901.71 of the 5926
Revised Code, no group or individual policy of sickness and 5927
accident insurance that provides coverage for prescription drugs 5928
shall limit or exclude coverage for any drug approved by the 5929
United States food and drug administration on the basis that the 5930
drug has not been approved by the United States food and drug 5931
administration for the treatment of the particular indication 5932
for which the drug has been prescribed, provided the drug has 5933
been recognized as safe and effective for treatment of that 5934
indication in one or more of the standard medical reference 5935
compendia adopted by the United States department of health and 5936
human services under 42 U.S.C. 1395x(t)(2), as amended, or in 5937
medical literature that meets the criteria specified in division 5938
(B) of this section. 5939

(B) Medical literature may be accepted for purposes of 5940
division (A) of this section only if all of the following apply: 5941

(1) Two articles from major peer-reviewed professional 5942
medical journals have recognized, based on scientific or medical 5943
criteria, the drug's safety and effectiveness for treatment of 5944
the indication for which it has been prescribed; 5945

(2) No article from a major peer-reviewed professional medical journal has concluded, based on scientific or medical criteria, that the drug is unsafe or ineffective or that the drug's safety and effectiveness cannot be determined for the treatment of the indication for which it has been prescribed;

(3) Each article meets the uniform requirements for manuscripts submitted to biomedical journals established by the international committee of medical journal editors or is published in a journal specified by the United States department of health and human services pursuant to section 1861(t) (2) (B) of the "Social Security Act," 107 Stat. 591 (1993), 42 U.S.C. 1395x(t) (2) (B), as amended, as acceptable peer-reviewed medical literature.

(C) Coverage of a drug required by division (A) of this section includes medically necessary services associated with the administration of the drug.

(D) Division (A) of this section shall not be construed to do any of the following:

(1) Require coverage for any drug if the United States food and drug administration has determined its use to be contraindicated for the treatment of the particular indication for which the drug has been prescribed;

(2) Require coverage for experimental drugs not approved for any indication by the United States food and drug administration;

(3) Alter any law with regard to provisions limiting the coverage of drugs that have not been approved by the United States food and drug administration;

(4) Require reimbursement or coverage for any drug not

included in the drug formulary or list of covered drugs 5975
specified in a policy of sickness and accident insurance; 5976

(5) Prohibit a policy of sickness and accident insurance 5977
from limiting or excluding coverage of a drug, provided that the 5978
decision to limit or exclude coverage of the drug is not based 5979
primarily on the coverage of drugs required by this section. 5980

(E) This section, as amended, applies only to policies of 5981
sickness and accident insurance that are described in division 5982
(A) of this section and that are delivered, issued for delivery, 5983
or renewed in this state on or after ~~the effective date of this~~ 5984
~~amendment~~ December 26, 2011. 5985

Sec. 3923.65. (A) As used in this section: 5986

(1) "Emergency medical condition" means a medical 5987
condition that manifests itself by such acute symptoms of 5988
sufficient severity, including severe pain, that a prudent 5989
layperson with average knowledge of health and medicine could 5990
reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical attention to 5991
result in any of the following: 5992

(a) Placing the health of the individual or, with respect 5993
to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn 5994
child, in serious jeopardy; 5995

(b) Serious impairment to bodily functions; 5996

(c) Serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part. 5997

(2) "Emergency services" means the following: 5998

(a) A medical screening examination, as required by 5999
federal law, that is within the capability of the emergency 6000
department of a hospital, including ancillary services routinely 6001
available to the emergency department, to evaluate an emergency 6002

medical condition; 6003

(b) Such further medical examination and treatment that 6004
are required by federal law to stabilize an emergency medical 6005
condition and are within the capabilities of the staff and 6006
facilities available at the hospital, including any trauma and 6007
burn center of the hospital. 6008

(B) Every individual or group policy of sickness and 6009
accident insurance that provides hospital, surgical, or medical 6010
expense coverage shall cover emergency services without regard 6011
to the day or time the emergency services are rendered or to 6012
whether the policyholder, the hospital's emergency department 6013
where the services are rendered, or an emergency physician 6014
treating the policyholder, obtained prior authorization for the 6015
emergency services. 6016

(C) Every individual policy or certificate furnished by an 6017
insurer in connection with any sickness and accident insurance 6018
policy shall provide information regarding the following: 6019

(1) The scope of coverage for emergency services; 6020

(2) The appropriate use of emergency services, including 6021
the use of the 9-1-1 system and any other telephone access 6022
systems utilized to access prehospital emergency services; 6023

(3) Any copayments for emergency services. 6024

(D) This section does not apply to any individual or group 6025
policy of sickness and accident insurance covering only 6026
accident, credit, dental, disability income, long-term care, 6027
hospital indemnity, medicare supplement, medicare, tricare, 6028
specified disease, or vision care; coverage under a one-time- 6029
limited-duration policy that is less than twelve months; 6030
coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; 6031

insurance arising out of workers' compensation or similar law; 6032
automobile medical payment insurance; or insurance under which 6033
benefits are payable with or without regard to fault and which 6034
is statutorily required to be contained in any liability 6035
insurance policy or equivalent self-insurance. 6036

Sec. 3923.82. (A) As used in this section, "health benefit 6037
plan" has the same meaning as in section 3924.01 of the Revised 6038
Code. 6039

(B) Notwithstanding section 3901.71 of the Revised Code, 6040
no health benefit plan or public employee benefit plan shall 6041
contain a provision that limits or excludes an insured's 6042
coverage under the plan for a loss or expense the insured 6043
sustains that is the result of the insured's use of alcohol or 6044
other drugs or both and the loss or expense is otherwise covered 6045
under the plan. 6046

(C) Nothing in this section shall be construed as doing 6047
either of the following: 6048

(1) Requiring coverage for the treatment of alcohol or 6049
substance abuse except as otherwise required by law; 6050

(2) Prohibiting the enforcement of an exclusion based on 6051
injuries sustained by an insured during the commission of an 6052
offense by the insured in which the insured is convicted of or 6053
pleads guilty or no contest to a felony. 6054

(D) Not later than four years after ~~the effective date of~~ 6055
~~this section~~ April 7, 2009, the department of insurance shall 6056
conduct an analysis of the impact of the requirements of this 6057
section on the cost of and coverage provided by health benefit 6058
plans in this state and prepare a written report of its findings 6059
from the analysis. The department shall submit the report to the 6060

governor and, in accordance with section 101.68 of the Revised Code, to the general assembly.

Sec. 3923.85. (A) As used in this section, "cost sharing" means the cost to an individual insured under an individual or group policy of sickness and accident insurance or a public employee benefit plan according to any coverage limit, copayment, coinsurance, deductible, or other out-of-pocket expense requirements imposed by the policy or plan.

(B) Notwithstanding section 3901.71 of the Revised Code and subject to division (D) of this section, no individual or group policy of sickness and accident insurance that is delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed in this state and no public employee benefit plan that is established or modified in this state shall fail to comply with either of the following:

(1) The policy or plan shall not provide coverage or impose cost sharing for a prescribed, orally administered cancer medication on a less favorable basis than the coverage it provides or cost sharing it imposes for intravenously administered or injected cancer medications.

(2) The policy or plan shall not comply with division (B) (1) of this section by imposing an increase in cost sharing solely for orally administered, intravenously administered, or injected cancer medications.

(C) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, a policy or plan shall be deemed to be in compliance with this section if the cost sharing imposed under such a policy or plan for orally administered cancer treatments does not exceed one hundred dollars per prescription fill. The cost sharing limit of one hundred dollars per prescription fill shall

apply to a high deductible plan, as defined in 26 U.S.C. 223, or 6090
a catastrophic plan, as defined in 42 U.S.C. 18022, only after 6091
the deductible has been met. 6092

(D) (1) The prohibitions in division (B) of this section do 6093
not preclude an individual or group policy of sickness and 6094
accident insurance or public employee benefit plan from 6095
requiring an insured or plan member to obtain prior 6096
authorization before orally administered cancer medication is 6097
dispensed to the insured or plan member. 6098

(2) Division (B) of this section does not apply to the 6099
offer or renewal of any individual or group policy of sickness 6100
and accident insurance that provides coverage for specific 6101
diseases or accidents only, or to any hospital indemnity, 6102
medicare supplement, disability income, or other policy that 6103
offers only supplemental benefits. 6104

(E) An insurer that offers any sickness and accident 6105
insurance or any public employee benefit plan that offers 6106
coverage for basic health care services is not required to 6107
comply with division (B) of this section if all of the following 6108
apply: 6109

(1) The insurer or plan submits documentation certified by 6110
an independent member of the American academy of actuaries to 6111
the superintendent of insurance showing that compliance with 6112
division (B) (1) of this section for a period of at least six 6113
months independently caused the insurer or plan's costs for 6114
claims and administrative expenses for the coverage of basic 6115
health care services to increase by more than one per cent per 6116
year. 6117

(2) The insurer or plan submits a signed letter from an 6118

independent member of the American academy of actuaries to the 6119
superintendent of insurance opining that the increase in costs 6120
described in division (E) (1) of this section could reasonably 6121
justify an increase of more than one per cent in the annual 6122
premiums or rates charged by the insurer or plan for the 6123
coverage of basic health care services. 6124

(3) (a) The superintendent of insurance makes the following 6125
determinations from the documentation and opinion submitted 6126
pursuant to divisions (E) (1) and (2) of this section: 6127

(i) Compliance with division (B) (1) of this section for a 6128
period of at least six months independently caused the insurer 6129
or plan's costs for claims and administrative expenses for the 6130
coverage of basic health care services to increase more than one 6131
per cent per year. 6132

(ii) The increase in costs reasonably justifies an 6133
increase of more than one per cent in the annual premiums or 6134
rates charged by the insurer or plan for the coverage of basic 6135
health care services. 6136

(b) Any determination made by the superintendent under 6137
division (E) (3) of this section is subject to Chapter 119. of 6138
the Revised Code. 6139

Sec. 3925.09. No insurance company shall own more than one 6140
fourth of the capital stock of a national bank, nor invest in or 6141
loan on the stocks and bonds, both included, of any railroad 6142
company, to an extent exceeding one fifth of its own capital and 6143
surplus, nor in the aggregate shall the investment in and loan 6144
on all railroad property exceed one fourth of its own capital 6145
and surplus. Not more than one half of its capital and surplus 6146
shall be loaned on mortgages of real estate, as provided in 6147

~~sections~~ section 3925.05 of the Revised Code for the investment 6148
thereof, and not more than one tenth of the capital and surplus 6149
actually existing of such a company shall be invested in a 6150
single mortgage. The current market value of the evidences of 6151
indebtedness mentioned in this section, in which the 6152
accumulations or surplus money above the capital stock of an 6153
insurance company may be loaned or invested, must be at all 6154
times during the continuance of the loans at least twenty per 6155
cent more than the sum loaned thereon. 6156

Sec. 3927.08. Every insurance company other than a life 6157
insurance company, organized by act of congress or under the 6158
laws of another state or government, annually, at the time and 6159
in the form and manner required of similar companies organized 6160
under the laws of this state, shall file a statement of its 6161
condition and affairs in the office of the superintendent of 6162
insurance. A company organized under or incorporated by a 6163
foreign government shall also furnish a supplementary statement 6164
for the year ending on the preceding thirty-first day of 6165
December, verified by the oath of the manager of such company 6166
residing in the United States, which shall comprise a report of 6167
its business and affairs in the United States, as required from 6168
companies organized in this state, together with any other 6169
information that may be required by the superintendent. If such 6170
annual statement is satisfactory evidence to the superintendent 6171
of the solvency and ability of the company to meet all its 6172
engagements at maturity, and that the deposit is maintained as 6173
provided by section 3927.06 of the Revised Code, the 6174
superintendent shall issue, during the month of January in each 6175
year or within sixty days thereafter, renewal certificates of 6176
authority to the ~~agent~~ agents of the company, certified copies 6177
of which shall be filed in the county recorder's office of each 6178

county in which an agency is located and retained therewith for 6179
a minimum of two years from the date of filing. Such 6180
certificates shall be the authority for such agents to issue new 6181
policies in this state for the ensuing year. 6182

Sec. 3929.011. (A) (1) As a condition of the issuance of a 6183
certificate of authority to transact in this state any of the 6184
kinds of insurance set forth in divisions (A) (1) to (4), (6), 6185
(7), (10) to (13), (16), (17), (18), and (21) to (24) of section 6186
3929.01 of the Revised Code, each stock insurance company shall 6187
have and maintain capital and surplus in the aggregate amount of 6188
not less than two million five hundred thousand dollars, which 6189
amount shall include paid-in-capital of not less than one 6190
million dollars and contributed surplus of not less than one 6191
million dollars. 6192

(2) As a condition of the issuance of a certificate of 6193
authority to transact in this state any of the kinds of 6194
insurance set forth in divisions (A) (1) to (4), (6), (7), (10) 6195
to (13), (16), (17), (18), and (21) to (24) of section 3929.01 6196
of the Revised Code, each insurance company other than a stock 6197
insurance company shall have and maintain surplus in the total 6198
amount of not less than two million five hundred thousand 6199
dollars. 6200

(B) (1) As a condition of the issuance of a certificate of 6201
authority to transact in this state any of the kinds of 6202
insurance set forth in divisions (A) (5), (8), (9), (14), (15), 6203
(19), (20), and (26) of section 3929.01 of the Revised Code, 6204
each stock insurance company shall have and maintain capital and 6205
surplus in the aggregate amount of not less than five million 6206
dollars, which amount shall include paid-in-capital of not less 6207
than one million dollars and contributed surplus of not less 6208

than one million dollars. 6209

(2) As a condition of the issuance of a certificate of 6210
authority to transact in this state any of the kinds of 6211
insurance set forth in divisions (A) (5), (8), (9), (14), (15), 6212
(19), (20), and (26) of section 3929.01 of the Revised Code, 6213
each insurance company other than a stock insurance company 6214
shall have and maintain surplus in the total amount of not less 6215
than five million dollars. 6216

(C) (1) As a condition of the issuance of a certificate of 6217
authority to transact in this state the kind of insurance 6218
described in division (A) (25) of section 3929.01 of the Revised 6219
Code, each stock insurance company shall have and maintain 6220
capital and surplus in the aggregate amount of not less than ten 6221
million dollars, which amount shall include paid-in-capital of 6222
not less than one million dollars and contributed surplus of not 6223
less than one million dollars. 6224

(2) As a condition of the issuance of a certificate of 6225
authority to transact in this state the kind of insurance 6226
described in division (A) (25) of section 3929.01 of the Revised 6227
Code, each insurance company other than a stock insurance 6228
company shall have and maintain surplus in the total amount of 6229
not less than ten million dollars. 6230

(D) (1) As a condition of the issuance of a certificate of 6231
authority to transact the business of insurance in this state, 6232
each stock insurance company that assumes reinsurance and 6233
transacts any of the kinds of insurance set forth in division 6234
(A) of section 3929.01 of the Revised Code shall have and 6235
maintain capital and surplus in the aggregate amount of not less 6236
than ten million dollars, which amount shall include paid-in- 6237
capital of not less than one million dollars and contributed 6238

surplus of not less than one million dollars. 6239

(2) As a condition of the issuance of a certificate of 6240
authority to transact the business of insurance in this state, 6241
each insurance company other than a stock insurance company that 6242
assumes reinsurance and transacts any of the kinds of insurance 6243
set forth in division (A) of section 3929.01 of the Revised Code 6244
shall have and maintain surplus in the total amount of not less 6245
than ten million dollars. 6246

(3) Divisions (D) (1) and (2) of this section do not apply 6247
to any insurance company that transacts any of the kinds of 6248
insurance set forth in division (A) of section 3929.01 of the 6249
Revised Code and that assumes reinsurance only under any of the 6250
following circumstances: 6251

(a) Pursuant to a pooling arrangement among members of the 6252
same insurance holding company system; 6253

(b) Pursuant to a requirement of any law, rule, or 6254
regulation; 6255

(c) If, as of the immediately preceding thirty-first day 6256
of December, the aggregate amount of assumed premiums, except 6257
those with respect to reinsurance assumed under division (D) (3) 6258
(a) or (b) of this section, for that calendar year is less than 6259
five hundred thousand dollars. 6260

(E) (1) Except as provided in divisions (E) (2) and (3) of 6261
this section, as a condition of the renewal of its certificate 6262
of authority to transact in this state any of the kinds of 6263
insurance set forth in division (A) of section 3929.01 of the 6264
Revised Code, each mutual fire insurance association that, prior 6265
to ~~the effective date of this section~~ August 8, 1991, 6266
reorganized as a mutual fire insurance company pursuant to 6267

section 3939.10 of the Revised Code shall have and maintain 6268
surplus in the total amount of not less than two million five 6269
hundred thousand dollars. 6270

(2) If such a company attains the applicable total surplus 6271
required under division (B) (2), (C) (2), or (D) (2) of this 6272
section, the company, as a condition of the renewal of its 6273
certificate of authority to transact that kind of insurance in 6274
this state, shall continue to have and maintain the total 6275
surplus set forth in that division. 6276

(3) If, as a result of any of the actions described in 6277
division (B) (1) of section 3901.321 of the Revised Code, control 6278
of such a company is obtained by another person, the company, as 6279
a condition of the renewal of its certificate of authority under 6280
division (B) (2), (C) (2), or (D) (2) of this section, shall have 6281
and maintain the total surplus set forth in that division of 6282
this section. 6283

(F) This section applies only to the issuance or renewal 6284
of certificates of authority to transact the business of 6285
insurance in this state on or after ~~the effective date of this~~ 6286
~~section~~ August 8, 1991. 6287

Sec. 3929.04. In case of the death of any employee by 6288
reason of the wrongful or negligent acts of ~~his~~ the employee's 6289
employer, or negligence or wrongful acts for which said employer 6290
is liable, the personal representative of the deceased employee 6291
has all the rights and remedies that the employee would have had 6292
under ~~section~~ section 3929.03 of the Revised Code had death not 6293
resulted. 6294

Sec. 3930.10. There shall be no liability imposed on the 6295
part of and no cause of action of any nature arises against the 6296

Ohio commercial insurance joint underwriting association, its 6297
members, board of governors, agents, or employees, an insurer or 6298
its employees, any licensed agent or broker, or the 6299
superintendent of insurance ~~of his~~ or the superintendent's 6300
authorized representatives, their members or employees, for any 6301
action taken by them in the performance of their powers and 6302
duties under sections 3930.03 to 3930.17 of the Revised Code. 6303
Any reports and communications in connection therewith are not 6304
public records. 6305

Sec. 3931.02. Every attorney under section 3931.01 of the 6306
Revised Code shall pay to the superintendent of insurance for 6307
the use of the state the following fees: 6308

(A) For filing declaration, twenty-five dollars; 6309

(B) For filing each financial statement required by 6310
sections 3931.01 to 3931.13, ~~inclusive, 3931.12~~ of the Revised 6311
Code, twenty dollars; 6312

(C) For filing each certificate of license, and certified 6313
copy thereof, two dollars; 6314

(D) For each copy of a paper filed in the superintendent's 6315
office, twenty cents per folio; 6316

(E) For affixing the seal of office and certifying any 6317
paper, one dollar. 6318

Sec. 3931.03. The attorney under section 3931.01 of the 6319
Revised Code shall file with the superintendent of insurance a 6320
declaration, verified by ~~his~~ the attorney's oath, or, when the 6321
attorney is a corporation, by the oath of its authorized 6322
officers, setting forth: 6323

(A) The name of the attorney and the name or designation 6324

under which such contracts are issued, which name or designation 6325
shall not be so similar to any other name or designation 6326
previously adopted by an attorney, or by any insurance 6327
organization in the United States, prior to the adoption of such 6328
name or designation by the attorney, as to confuse or deceive, 6329
unless such other attorney or organization consents thereto in 6330
writing; 6331

(B) The location of the principal office; 6332

(C) The kind of insurance to be effected; 6333

(D) A copy of each form of policy, contract, or agreement 6334
under or by which such insurance is to be effected; 6335

(E) A copy of the form of power of attorney under which 6336
such insurance is to be effected; 6337

(F) The fact that applications have been made for 6338
indemnity upon at least seventy-five separate risks, aggregating 6339
not less than one and one-half million dollars, represented by 6340
executed contracts or bona fide applications to become 6341
concurrently effective; 6342

(G) The fact that there is in the ~~possession~~ possession of 6343
such attorney net assets of not less than three hundred thousand 6344
dollars, available for the payment of losses; 6345

(H) A financial statement in the form prescribed for the 6346
annual statement; 6347

(I) The instrument authorizing service of process as 6348
provided for in section 3931.04 of the Revised Code; 6349

(J) A certificate showing compliance with the deposit 6350
requirements, if any, applicable to a mutual insurance company 6351
authorized to do the kind or kinds of insurance to be effected; 6352

(K) A copy of all bylaws, codes of regulations, any other document wherein the relationships between the subscribers and between the subscribers and the attorney are set forth, and any amendments to any of the foregoing. Any filing made pursuant to this division shall become effective thirty days from the date of filing, unless disapproved by the superintendent. Any action taken by the superintendent under this division may be appealed pursuant to Chapter 119. of the ~~Revised~~ Revised Code.

This division does not apply to filings required pursuant to Chapters 3935. and 3937. of the Revised Code.

Sec. 3931.99. ~~(A)~~ Whoever violates sections 3931.01 to 3931.12, inclusive, of the Revised Code, or fails to comply with any duty imposed ~~upon him~~ by such sections, for which violation or failure no penalty is otherwise provided by law, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars.

Sec. 3933.01. No corporation, association, or partnership engaged in this state in the guaranty, bonding, surety, or insurance business, other than life insurance, nor any officer, agent, solicitor, employee, or representative thereof, shall pay, allow, or give, or offer to pay, allow, or give, directly or indirectly, as inducements to insurance, and no person shall knowingly receive as an inducement to insurance, any rebate or premium payable on the policy, or any special favor or advantage in the dividends or other benefits to accrue thereon, or any paid employment or contract for services of any kind, or any special advantage in the date of the policy or date of its issue, or any valuable consideration or inducement not plainly specified in the policy or contract of insurance or agreement of indemnity, or give, receive, sell, or purchase, or offer to give, receive, sell, or purchase, as inducements to insurance or

in connection therewith, any stock, bonds, or other obligations 6383
of an insurance company or other corporation, association, 6384
partnership, or individual. 6385

Sections 3933.01 to 3933.03, ~~inclusive,~~ of the Revised 6386
Code do not prevent the payment to an authorized officer, agent, 6387
or solicitor of such company, association, or partnership of 6388
commissions at customary rates on policies or contracts of 6389
insurance effected through ~~him~~ the officer, agent, or solicitor 6390
by which ~~he himself~~ the officer, agent, or solicitor is insured, 6391
provided such officer, agent, or solicitor holds ~~himself~~ self 6392
out as such and has been engaged in such business in good faith 6393
for a period of six months prior to any such payment. Such 6394
sections do not prohibit a mutual fire insurance company from 6395
paying dividends to policyholders at any time after such 6396
dividends have been earned. 6397

Sec. 3933.02. No person shall be excused from attending, 6398
testifying, or producing any books, papers, or other documents 6399
before any court or magistrate having jurisdiction, upon any 6400
investigation, proceeding, or trial for a violation of any of 6401
sections 3933.01 to 3933.03, ~~inclusive,~~ of the Revised Code, 6402
upon the ground that the testimony of evidence, documentary or 6403
otherwise, required of ~~him~~ the person may tend to incriminate 6404
or degrade ~~him~~ the person. No person shall be prosecuted or 6405
subject to any penalty or forfeiture on account of any 6406
transaction, matter, or thing concerning which ~~he~~ the person may 6407
so testify or produce evidence, documentary or otherwise, except 6408
for perjury committed in so testifying. 6409

Sec. 3935.06. A corporation, an unincorporated 6410
association, a partnership, or an individual, whether located 6411
within or outside this state, may make application to the 6412

superintendent of insurance for license as a rating bureau for 6413
such kinds of insurance, or subdivision or class of risk or a 6414
part or combination thereof, as are specified in its application 6415
and shall file the following therewith: 6416

(A) A copy of its constitution, of its articles of 6417
agreement or association or its certificate of incorporation, 6418
and of its bylaws, rules, and regulations governing the conduct 6419
of its business; 6420

(B) A list of its members and subscribers; 6421

(C) The name and address of a resident of this state upon 6422
whom notices or orders of the superintendent, or process 6423
affecting such rating bureau, may be served; 6424

(D) A statement of its qualifications as a rating bureau. 6425

If the superintendent finds that the applicant is 6426
competent, trustworthy, and otherwise qualified to act as a 6427
rating bureau and that its constitution, its articles of 6428
agreement or association or certificate of conduct of its 6429
business conform to the law, ~~he the superintendent~~ shall issue a 6430
license specifying the kinds of insurance, or subdivision or 6431
class of risk or part or combination thereof, for which the 6432
applicant is authorized to act as a rating bureau. Every such 6433
application shall be granted or denied in whole or in part by 6434
the superintendent within sixty days of the date of its filing 6435
with ~~him the superintendent~~. Licenses issued pursuant to this 6436
section shall remain in effect for three years unless sooner 6437
suspended or revoked by the superintendent. The fee for said 6438
license shall be twenty-five dollars. Licenses issued pursuant 6439
to this section may be suspended or revoked by the 6440
superintendent, after hearing upon notice, in the event the 6441

rating bureau ceases to comply with this division. Every rating 6442
bureau shall notify the superintendent promptly of every change 6443
in any of the items described in divisions (A), (B), and (C) of 6444
this section. 6445

Subject to rules and regulations which have been approved 6446
by the superintendent as reasonable, each rating bureau shall 6447
permit any insurer, not a member, to be a subscriber to its 6448
rating services for any kind of insurance, or subdivision or 6449
class of risk or a part or combination thereof, for which it is 6450
authorized to act as a rating bureau. Notice of proposed changes 6451
in such rules and regulations shall be given to subscribers. 6452
Each rating bureau shall furnish its rating services without 6453
discrimination to its members and subscribers. The 6454
reasonableness of any rule or regulation in its application to 6455
subscribers, or the refusal of any rating bureau to admit an 6456
insurer as a subscriber, shall at the request of any subscriber 6457
or any such insurer, be reviewed by the superintendent at a 6458
hearing held upon at least ten days' written notice to such 6459
rating bureau and to such subscriber or insurer. If the 6460
superintendent finds that such rule or regulation is 6461
unreasonable in its application to subscribers, ~~he the~~ 6462
superintendent shall order that such rule or regulation is not 6463
applicable to subscribers. If the rating bureau fails to grant 6464
or reject an insurer's application for subscribership within 6465
thirty days after it was made, the insurer may request a review 6466
by the superintendent as if the application had been rejected. 6467
If the superintendent finds that the insurer has been refused 6468
admittance to the rating bureau as a subscriber without 6469
justification, ~~he the superintendent~~ shall order the rating 6470
bureau to admit the insurer as a subscriber. If ~~he the~~ 6471
superintendent finds that the action of the rating bureau was 6472

justified, ~~he~~ the superintendent shall make an order affirming 6473
its action. 6474

No rating bureau shall adopt any rule which would prohibit 6475
or regulate the payment of dividends, savings, or unabsorbed 6476
premium deposits allowed or returned by insurers to their 6477
policyholders, members, or subscribers. 6478

Co-operation among rating bureaus, or among rating bureaus 6479
and insurers, in rate making or in other matters covered by 6480
sections 3935.01 to 3935.17, ~~inclusive,~~ of the Revised Code, is 6481
authorized, provided the filings resulting from such co- 6482
operation are subject to all such sections which are applicable 6483
to filings generally. The superintendent may review such co- 6484
operative activities and practices and if, after a hearing, ~~he~~ 6485
the superintendent finds that any such activity or practice is 6486
unfair, unreasonable, or otherwise inconsistent with such 6487
sections, ~~he~~ the superintendent may issue a written order 6488
specifying in what respects such activity or practice is unfair, 6489
unreasonable, or otherwise inconsistent, and requiring the 6490
discontinuance of such activity or practice. 6491

Any rating bureau may provide for the examination of 6492
policies, daily reports, binders, renewal certificates, 6493
indorsements, or other evidences of insurance, or the 6494
cancellation thereof, and may make reasonable rules governing 6495
their submission. Such rules shall contain a provision that, in 6496
the event any insurer does not within sixty days furnish 6497
satisfactory evidence to the rating bureau of the correction of 6498
any error or omission previously called to its attention by such 6499
rating bureau, the rating bureau shall notify the superintendent 6500
thereof. All information submitted for such examination shall be 6501
confidential. 6502

Any rating bureau may subscribe for or purchase actuarial, 6503
technical, or other services, and such services shall be 6504
available to all members and subscribers without discrimination. 6505

Sec. 3935.10. The superintendent of insurance shall 6506
promulgate rules and statistical plans, reasonably adopted to 6507
each of the rating systems on file with ~~him~~ the superintendent, 6508
which may be modified from time to time and which shall be used 6509
thereafter by each insurer in the recording and reporting of its 6510
loss and country-wide expense experience, in order that the 6511
experience of all insurers may be made available at least 6512
annually in such form and detail as is necessary to aid the 6513
superintendent in determining whether rating systems comply with 6514
the standards set forth in section 3935.03 of the Revised Code. 6515
Such rules and plans may also provide for the recording and 6516
reporting of expense experience items which are specially 6517
applicable to this state and which are not susceptible of 6518
determination by a prorating of country-wide expense experience. 6519
In promulgating such rules and plans, the superintendent shall 6520
give due consideration to the rating systems on file with ~~him~~ 6521
the superintendent and, in order that such rules and plans may 6522
be as uniform as is practicable among the several states, to the 6523
rules and to the form of the plans used for such rating systems 6524
in other states. No insurer need record or report its loss 6525
experience on a classification basis that is inconsistent with 6526
the rating system filed by it. The superintendent may designate 6527
one or more rating bureaus or other agencies to assist ~~him~~ the 6528
superintendent in gathering such experience and making 6529
compilations thereof, and such compilations shall be made 6530
available, subject to reasonable rules promulgated by the 6531
superintendent, to insurers and rating bureaus. 6532

Reasonable rules and plans may be promulgated by the 6533

superintendent for the interchange of data necessary for the 6534
application of rating plans. 6535

In order to further uniform administration of rate 6536
regulatory laws, the superintendent and every insurer and rating 6537
bureau may exchange information and experience data with 6538
insurance supervisory officials, insurers, and rating bureaus in 6539
other states and may consult with them with respect to rate 6540
making and the application of rating systems. 6541

The superintendent may make reasonable rules and 6542
regulations necessary to effectuate sections 3935.01 to 3935.17~~,—~~ 6543
~~inclusive,~~ of the Revised Code. 6544

Sections 119.01 to 119.13~~,—inclusive,~~ of the Revised Code 6545
are applicable to the rule-making functions of the 6546
superintendent under sections 3935.01 to 3935.17~~,—inclusive,~~ of 6547
the Revised Code, including appeals from the order of the 6548
superintendent in adopting, amending, or rescinding rules. 6549

Sec. 3935.12. (A) Every group, association, or other 6550
organization of insurers, whether located within or outside this 6551
state, which assists insurers which make their own filings or 6552
rating bureaus in rate making, by the collection and furnishing 6553
of loss or expense statistics, or by the submission of 6554
recommendations, but which does not make filings under sections 6555
3935.01 to 3935.17~~,—inclusive,~~ of the Revised Code, shall be 6556
known as an advisory organization. 6557

(B) Every advisory organization shall file the following 6558
items with the superintendent of insurance: 6559

(1) A copy of its constitution, its articles of agreement 6560
or association or its certificate of incorporation, and of its 6561
bylaws, rules, and regulations governing its activities; 6562

(2) A list of its members; 6563

(3) The name and address of a resident of this state upon 6564
whom notices or orders of the superintendent or process issued 6565
at ~~his~~ the superintendent's direction may be served; 6566

(4) An agreement that the superintendent may examine such 6567
advisory organization in accordance with section 3935.11 of the 6568
Revised Code. 6569

(C) If, after a hearing, the superintendent finds that the 6570
furnishing of information or assistance to insurers by such 6571
advisory organization involves any act or practice which is 6572
unfair, unreasonable, or otherwise inconsistent with sections 6573
3935.01 to 3935.17, ~~inclusive,~~ of the Revised Code, ~~he~~ the 6574
superintendent may issue a written order specifying in what 6575
respects such act or practice is unfair, unreasonable, or 6576
otherwise inconsistent with said sections, and requiring the 6577
discontinuance of such act or practice. 6578

(D) No insurer which makes its own filings, nor any rating 6579
bureau, shall support its filings by statistics or adopt rate- 6580
making recommendations furnished to it by an advisory 6581
organization which has not complied with this section or with an 6582
order of the superintendent involving such statistics or 6583
recommendations issued under division (C) of this section. If 6584
the superintendent finds such insurer or rating bureau to be in 6585
violation of this division, ~~he~~ the superintendent may issue an 6586
order requiring the discontinuance of such violation. 6587

Sec. 3935.13. Every group, association, or other 6588
organization of insurers which engages in joint underwriting or 6589
joint reinsurance shall be subject to regulation with respect to 6590
such underwriting or reinsurance as provided in this section, 6591

subject, with respect to joint underwriting, to sections 3935.01 6592
to 3935.17, ~~inclusive~~, of the Revised Code, and, with respect to 6593
joint reinsurance, to sections 3935.11, 3935.14, 3935.16, and 6594
3935.17 of the Revised Code. 6595

If, after a hearing, the superintendent of insurance finds 6596
that any activity or practice of any such group, association, or 6597
other organization is unfair, unreasonable, or otherwise 6598
inconsistent with sections 3935.01 to 3935.17, ~~inclusive~~, of the 6599
Revised Code, ~~he~~ the superintendent may issue a written order 6600
specifying in what respects such activity or practice is unfair, 6601
unreasonable, or otherwise inconsistent with said sections and 6602
requiring the discontinuance of such activity or practice. 6603

Sec. 3935.14. After ~~the superintendent of insurance makes~~ 6604
making an order, ~~he~~ the superintendent shall, not later than the 6605
day following the issuance thereof, serve a certified copy of 6606
such order upon the parties, together with a statement of the 6607
time and method by which an appeal may be perfected. A copy of 6608
such order shall be mailed to attorneys of record representing 6609
the parties. 6610

Any insurer, advisory organization, or rating bureau, 6611
aggrieved by any order or decision of the superintendent made 6612
without a hearing, may, within thirty days after notice of the 6613
order to the insurer or bureau, make written request to the 6614
superintendent for a hearing thereon. The superintendent shall 6615
hear such party within twenty days after receipt of such request 6616
and shall give not less than ten days' written notice of the 6617
time and place of the hearing. Within fifteen days after such 6618
hearing the superintendent shall affirm, reverse, or modify ~~his~~ 6619
the superintendent's previous action, specifying ~~his~~ the reasons 6620
therefor. Pending such hearing and decision thereon, the 6621

superintendent may suspend or postpone the effective date of ~~his~~
the previous action. 6622
6623

The superintendent may postpone or continue any hearing 6624
upon the application of any party or upon ~~his~~ the
superintendent's own motion. 6625
6626

Where the record of a hearing may be the basis of an 6627
appeal to court, a full and complete stenographic record of the 6628
hearing shall be made. 6629

All orders of the superintendent issued pursuant to 6630
sections 3935.01 to 3935.17, ~~inclusive~~, of the Revised Code, 6631
other than in adopting, amending, or rescinding rules, shall be 6632
governed entirely by said sections. 6633

Any party adversely affected by an order of the 6634
superintendent issued pursuant to an adjudication may appeal to 6635
the court of common pleas of Franklin county. 6636

Any party desiring to appeal shall file a notice of appeal 6637
with the superintendent, setting forth the order appealed from 6638
and the grounds of ~~his~~ the party's appeal. A copy of such 6639
notice of appeal shall also be filed by the appellant with the 6640
court. Such notices of appeal shall be filed within fifteen days 6641
after the mailing of the notice of the superintendent's order as 6642
provided in this section. 6643

The filing of a notice of appeal shall not automatically 6644
operate as a suspension of the order of the superintendent. If 6645
it appears to the court that an unusual hardship to the 6646
appellant will result from the execution of the superintendent's 6647
order pending determination of the appeal, the court may grant a 6648
suspension and fix its terms. 6649

Within ten days after receipt of notice of appeal from an 6650

order in any case in which a hearing is required by sections 6651
3935.01 to 3935.17, ~~inclusive~~, of the Revised Code, the 6652
superintendent shall prepare and certify to the court a complete 6653
record of the proceedings in said case. Such record shall be 6654
prepared and transcribed, and the expense thereof shall be taxed 6655
as a part of the costs on the appeal. The appellant must provide 6656
security for costs satisfactory to the court of common pleas. 6657
Upon demand by any interested party, the superintendent shall 6658
furnish, at the cost of the party requesting same, a copy of the 6659
stenographic report of testimony offered and evidence submitted 6660
at any hearing and a copy of the complete record. 6661

In the hearing of the appeal the court shall be confined 6662
to the record as certified to it by the superintendent, provided 6663
that the court may grant a request for the admission of 6664
additional evidence when satisfied that such additional evidence 6665
is newly discovered and could not with reasonable diligence have 6666
been ascertained prior to the hearing before the superintendent. 6667

The court shall conduct a hearing on such appeal and shall 6668
give preference to all proceedings under sections 3935.01 to 6669
3935.17, ~~inclusive~~, of the Revised Code, over all other civil 6670
cases, irrespective of the position of any such proceedings on 6671
the calendar of the court. The hearing in the court of common 6672
pleas shall proceed as in the trial of a civil action, and the 6673
court shall determine the rights of the parties in accordance 6674
with the law applicable to such action. At such hearing counsel 6675
may be heard on oral argument, briefs may be submitted, and 6676
evidence introduced if the court has granted a request for the 6677
presentation of additional evidence. 6678

The court may affirm, reverse, vacate, or modify the order 6679
of the superintendent complained of in the appeal, and its order 6680

shall be final and conclusive unless reversed, vacated, or 6681
modified on appeal. 6682

The court shall certify its judgment to the superintendent 6683
or take such other action in connection therewith as may be 6684
required to give its judgment effect. 6685

Sec. 3935.99. ~~(A)~~ Whoever violates sections 3935.01 to 6686
3935.17, inclusive, of the Revised Code, shall be fined not less 6687
than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars. 6688

Sec. 3937.10. (A) Every group, association, or other 6689
organization of insurers which engages in joint underwriting or 6690
joint reinsurance is subject to regulation with respect thereto 6691
as provided in this section, subject, with respect to joint 6692
underwriting, to sections 3937.01 to 3937.17, ~~inclusive,~~ of the 6693
Revised Code, and, with respect to joint reinsurance, to 6694
sections 3937.11 and 3937.15 to 3937.17, inclusive, of the 6695
Revised Code. 6696

(B) If, after a hearing, the superintendent of insurance 6697
finds that any activity or practice of any such group, 6698
association, or other organization is unfair, unreasonable, or 6699
otherwise inconsistent with sections 3937.01 to 3937.17, ~~—~~ 6700
~~inclusive,~~ of the Revised Code, ~~he~~ the superintendent may issue 6701
a written order specifying in what respects such activity or 6702
practice is unfair, unreasonable, or otherwise inconsistent with 6703
such sections and requiring the discontinuance of such activity 6704
or practice. 6705

Sec. 3937.182. (A) As used in this section, "policy" 6706
includes an endorsement. 6707

(B) No policy of automobile or motor vehicle insurance 6708
that is covered by sections 3937.01 to 3937.17 of the Revised 6709

Code, including, but not limited to, the uninsured motorist 6710
coverage, underinsured motorist coverage, or both uninsured and 6711
underinsured motorist coverages included in such a policy as 6712
authorized by section 3937.18 of the Revised Code, and that is 6713
issued by an insurance company licensed to do business in this 6714
state, and no other policy of casualty or liability insurance 6715
that is covered by sections 3937.01 to 3937.17 of the Revised 6716
Code and that is so issued, shall provide coverage for judgments 6717
or claims against an insured for punitive or exemplary damages. 6718

(C) This section applies only to policies of automobile, 6719
motor vehicle, or other casualty or liability insurance as 6720
described in division (B) of this section that are issued or 6721
renewed on or after ~~the effective date of this section~~ January 6722
5, 1988. 6723

Sec. 3941.46. Any foreign or alien mutual company licensed 6724
in this state which is a party to a merger or consolidation 6725
shall on or before the effective date thereof file with the 6726
superintendent a copy of the agreement. If the surviving company 6727
is, at the effective date of the merger or consolidation, 6728
licensed as an insurer in this state its license shall continue 6729
in effect as though no merger or consolidation had taken place, 6730
and on request the superintendent shall transfer to it any 6731
additional licenses issued by this state and then held by any 6732
nonsurviving insurer which is a party to the merger or 6733
consolidation. Revocation or suspension of any of such licenses 6734
shall be made only pursuant to the procedures and on the grounds 6735
provided in this code, provided, that an additional ground for 6736
revocation or suspension of license shall be that the merger or 6737
consolidation may ~~save have~~ have the effect of substantially 6738
lessening competition or tending to create a monopoly as to any 6739
line of insurance in this state. On receipt of a copy of the 6740

agreement of merger or consolidation to which this section 6741
applies, the superintendent shall determine whether such 6742
revocation or suspension proceedings should be commenced. In 6743
making such determination the superintendent may consider any 6744
information on file with any agency, division or department of 6745
this or any other state, together with any additional relevant 6746
information which shall be furnished by the company or 6747
companies, pursuant to ~~his~~ the superintendent's request. A 6748
determination that the merger or consolidation does not violate 6749
the additional ground provided in this section shall be 6750
conclusively established by the lapse of three months after the 6751
effective date of the merger or consolidation without 6752
commencement of proceedings to revoke or suspend the license or 6753
licenses on that ground. 6754

Sec. 3951.04. The superintendent of insurance shall issue 6755
certificates of authority to any person, firm, association, 6756
partnership, or corporation making application therefor who is 6757
trustworthy and competent to act as a public insurance adjuster 6758
in such manner as to safeguard the interest of the public and 6759
who ~~have~~ has complied with the prerequisites herein described. 6760
A certificate of authority issued to a firm, association, 6761
partnership, or corporation shall authorize only the members of 6762
the firm, association, or partnership or the officers and 6763
directors of the corporation, specified in the certificate of 6764
authority to act as a public insurance adjuster. 6765

The superintendent shall not issue any certificate of 6766
authority to any applicant who is convicted of a felony, or any 6767
crime or offense involving fraudulent or dishonest practice or 6768
who, within three years preceding the date of filing such 6769
application, has been guilty of any practice which would be 6770
grounds for suspension or revocation of a certificate of 6771

authority as a public insurance adjuster. 6772

Sec. 3951.06. (A) A fee of one hundred dollars shall be 6773
paid to the superintendent by the applicant for a public 6774
insurance adjuster's certificate of authority before the initial 6775
application is granted. If the applicant is a firm, association, 6776
partnership, or corporation, the fee shall be paid for each 6777
person specified in the application. 6778

(B) A firm, association, partnership, or corporation to 6779
which a certificate of authority has been issued by the 6780
superintendent may at any time make an application to the 6781
superintendent for the issuance of a supplemental certificate of 6782
authority authorizing additional officers or directors of the 6783
corporation or members of the firm, association, or partnership 6784
to act as a public insurance adjuster, and the superintendent 6785
may thereupon issue to such firm, association, partnership, or 6786
corporation a supplemental certificate accordingly upon the 6787
payment of a fee of fifty dollars for each member or officer or 6788
director thereby authorized to act as a public insurance 6789
adjuster. 6790

(C) Every public insurance adjuster's certificate of 6791
authority shall expire on the thirty-first day of December of 6792
the calendar year in which it was issued, and shall be renewed 6793
according to the standard renewal procedure of sections 4745.01 6794
to 4745.03, ~~inclusive,~~ of the Revised Code. Every public 6795
insurance adjuster's certificate of authority with a payment of 6796
a fifty-dollar fee can be renewed for the ensuing year without 6797
examination, but if an application for the renewal of such 6798
certificate has been filed with the superintendent before 6799
January first of any year the certificate of authority sought to 6800
be renewed shall continue in full force and effect until the 6801

issuance by the superintendent of the new certificate applied 6802
for or until five days after the superintendent has refused to 6803
issue a new certificate and has served notice of such refusal on 6804
the applicant therefor. Service of such notice shall be made by 6805
registered or certified mail directed to the applicant at the 6806
place of business specified in the application. 6807

(D) No certificate of authority shall be issued or renewed 6808
unless, the applicant is a resident of the state, a lending 6809
institution, or a bona fide employee of a lending institution 6810
who is authorized to act as a public insurance adjuster in 6811
another state on behalf of the lending institution, and there is 6812
on file with the superintendent a bond, executed by such 6813
applicant and by approved sureties, in the penal sum of one 6814
thousand dollars for each person designated in the application, 6815
conditioned for the faithful performance by such applicant and 6816
by all persons designated in such application, of their duties 6817
as public insurance adjusters. Such bond shall be approved as to 6818
form by the attorney general and as to sufficiency by the 6819
superintendent. Such bond shall be made payable to the state and 6820
shall specifically authorize recovery for and on behalf of an 6821
injured party of the sum provided therein in case the adjuster 6822
has been guilty of fraudulent or dishonest practices in 6823
connection with the transaction of business as an adjuster. 6824

Sec. 3951.10. On receipt of a notice pursuant to section 6825
3123.43 of the Revised Code, the superintendent of insurance 6826
shall comply with sections 3123.41 to 3123.50 of the Revised 6827
Code and any applicable rules adopted under section 3123.63 of 6828
the Revised Code with respect to a certificate issued ~~issued~~ 6829
pursuant to this chapter. 6830

Sec. 3951.99. (A) Any person, firm, association, 6831

partnership, or corporation required by sections 3951.01 to 6832
3951.09, ~~inclusive~~, of the Revised Code, to obtain a certificate 6833
of authority to act as a public insurance adjuster, who adjusts 6834
any insurance losses without previously having obtained the 6835
required certificate of authority or who adjusts any insurance 6836
loss after ~~his~~ the person's, or ~~its~~ the firm's, association's, 6837
partnership's, or corporation's, certificate of authority has 6838
been revoked, shall be fined not less than one hundred nor more 6839
than five hundred dollars for each loss adjusted without such 6840
certificate of authority. 6841

(B) The penalties in division (A) of this section shall 6842
not limit the authority of the superintendent of insurance to 6843
suspend, revoke, or refuse to issue a certificate of authority 6844
for the causes set forth in section 3951.07 of the Revised Code. 6845

Sec. 3953.01. As used in this chapter: 6846

(A) "Title insurance" means insuring, guaranteeing, or 6847
indemnifying owners of real property or others interested in 6848
real property against loss or damage suffered by reason of liens 6849
or encumbrances upon, defect in, or the unmarketability of the 6850
title to the real property, guaranteeing, warranting, or 6851
otherwise insuring by a title insurance company the correctness 6852
of searches relating to the title to real property, or doing any 6853
business in substance equivalent to any of the foregoing. 6854

(B) "The business of title insurance" means the following: 6855

(1) The making as insurer, guarantor, or surety, or 6856
proposing to make as insurer, guarantor, or surety, any contract 6857
or policy of title insurance; 6858

(2) The transacting, or proposing to transact, any phase 6859
of title insurance, including solicitation, negotiation 6860

preliminary to execution, execution of a contract of title 6861
insurance, insuring, and transacting matters subsequent to the 6862
execution of the contract and arising out of it, including 6863
reinsurance; 6864

(3) The doing or proposing to do any business in substance 6865
equivalent to any of the foregoing. 6866

(C) "Title insurance company" means any of the following: 6867

(1) Any domestic title guaranty company and domestic title 6868
guarantee and trust company to the extent that they are engaged 6869
in the business of title insurance; 6870

(2) Any domestic company organized under this chapter for 6871
the purpose of insuring titles to real property; 6872

(3) Any title insurance company organized under the laws 6873
of another state or foreign government; 6874

(4) Any domestic or foreign company that has the powers 6875
and is authorized to insure titles to real estate within this 6876
state on December 12, 1967, and that meets the requirements of 6877
this chapter. 6878

(D) "Applicants for insurance" includes all those, whether 6879
or not a prospective insured, who from time to time apply to a 6880
title insurance company or to its agent for title insurance and 6881
who at the time of that application are not agents for a title 6882
insurance company. 6883

(E) "Risk premium" for title insurance means that portion 6884
of the fee charged by a title insurance company, agent of a 6885
title insurance company, or approved attorney of a title 6886
insurance company to an insured or an applicant for insurance 6887
for the assumption by the title insurance company of the risk 6888

created by the issuance of the title insurance policy. 6889

(F) "Fee" for title insurance means the risk premium, 6890
abstracting or searching charge, examination charge, and every 6891
other charge, exclusive of settlement, closing, or escrow 6892
charges, whether denominated premium or otherwise, made by a 6893
title insurance company, agent of a title insurance company, or 6894
an approved attorney of a title insurance company to an insured 6895
or an applicant for insurance for any policy or contract for the 6896
issuance of title insurance. "Fee" does not include any charges 6897
paid to and retained by an attorney at law or abstractor acting 6898
as an independent contractor whether or not the attorney or 6899
abstractor is acting as an agent of a title insurance company or 6900
an approved attorney and does not include any charges made for 6901
special services not constituting title insurance, even though 6902
performed in connection with a title insurance policy or 6903
contract. 6904

(G) "Approved attorney" means an attorney at law who is 6905
not an employee of a title insurance company or a title 6906
insurance agent and upon whose examination of title and report 6907
on the examination a title insurance company may issue a policy 6908
of title insurance. 6909

(H) "Title insurance agent" means a person, partnership, 6910
or corporation authorized in writing by a title insurance 6911
company to solicit insurance and collect premiums and to issue 6912
or countersign policies on its behalf. "Title insurance agent" 6913
does not include officers and salaried employees of any title 6914
insurance company authorized to do a title insurance business 6915
within this state. 6916

(I) "Single insurance risk" means the insured amount of 6917
any policy or contract of title insurance issued by a title 6918

insurance company. 6919

(J) "Foreign title insurance company" means a title 6920
insurance company organized under the laws of any state or 6921
territory of the United States or the District of Columbia. 6922

(K) "Alien title insurance company" means a title 6923
insurance company that is incorporated or organized under the 6924
laws of any foreign nation or any province or territory of a 6925
foreign nation and that is not a foreign title insurance 6926
company. 6927

(L) "Non-directed escrow funds" means any funds delivered 6928
to a title insurance agent or title insurance company with 6929
instructions to hold or disburse the funds pursuant to a 6930
transaction in which a title insurance policy will be issued, 6931
but without written instructions to either deposit the funds in 6932
an account for the benefit of a specific person or to pay the 6933
interest earned on the funds to a specific person. 6934

(M) "Business day" means any day, other than a Saturday or 6935
Sunday, or a legal holiday, on which a bank, savings and loan 6936
association, credit union, or savings bank is open to the public 6937
for carrying on substantially all of its functions. 6938

(N) "Housing accommodations" and "restrictive covenant" 6939
have the same meanings as in section 4112.01 of the ~~revised code~~ 6940
Revised Code. 6941

Sec. 3953.07. No policy or contract of title insurance 6942
shall be written unless it is based upon a reasonable 6943
examination of the title unless a determination of insurability 6944
of title has been made in accordance with sound underwriting 6945
practices for title insurance companies and unless, on and after 6946
~~the effective date of this amendment~~ March 30, 1999, section 6947

3953.29 of the Revised Code is complied with in connection with 6948
registered land. Evidence that a reasonable examination of a 6949
title has been made shall be preserved and retained in the files 6950
of the title insurance company or its agents for a period of not 6951
less than ten years after the policy or contract of title 6952
insurance has been issued. This section does not apply to a 6953
company assuming no primary liability in a contract of 6954
reinsurance and does not apply to a company acting as a 6955
coinsurer if one of the other coinsuring companies has complied 6956
with this section. 6957

Sec. 3953.14. (A) Except as provided in Chapter 3953. of 6958
the Revised Code the investments of a title insurance company 6959
shall be governed by sections 3925.05 to 3925.21, ~~inclusive,~~ of 6960
the Revised Code. 6961

(B) Provided it shall at all times keep at least one 6962
hundred thousand dollars invested in the classes of securities 6963
authorized for the investment of capital other than title plant 6964
and real estate as provided in division (C) of this section, a 6965
title insurance company may invest not more than ten per cent of 6966
its admitted assets in a title plant without the prior approval 6967
of the superintendent. The title plant shall be considered an 6968
admitted asset at the fair value thereof. In determining the 6969
fair value of a title plant, no value shall be attributed to 6970
furniture and fixtures, and the real estate in which the title 6971
plant is housed shall be carried as real estate. The value of 6972
title abstracts, title briefs, copies of conveyances or other 6973
documents, indices, and other records comprising the title 6974
plant, shall be determined by considering the expenses incurred 6975
in obtaining them, the age thereof, the cost of replacements 6976
less depreciation, and all other relevant factors. Once the 6977
value of a title plant has been determined, such value may be 6978

increased only by the acquisition of another title plant by 6979
purchase, consolidation, or merger; in no event shall the value 6980
of the title ~~plan plant~~ be increased by additions made thereto 6981
as part of the normal course of abstracting and insuring titles 6982
to real estate. Subject to the above limitations and with the 6983
approval of the superintendent of insurance, a title insurance 6984
company may enter into agreements with one or more other title 6985
insurance companies authorized to do business in this state, 6986
whereby such companies shall participate in the ownership, 6987
management, and control of a title plant to service the needs of 6988
all such companies or such companies may hold stock of a 6989
corporation owning and operating a title plant for such 6990
purposes; provided that each of the companies participating in 6991
the ownership, management, and control of such jointly owned 6992
title plant shall keep the sum of one hundred thousand dollars 6993
invested as above set forth. 6994

(C) Any title insurance company may purchase, receive, 6995
hold, and convey real estate or any interest therein: 6996

(1) Required for its convenient accommodation in the 6997
transaction of its business with reasonable regard to future 6998
needs; 6999

(2) Acquired in connection with a claim under a policy of 7000
title insurance; 7001

(3) Acquired in satisfaction or on account of loans, 7002
mortgages, liens, judgments, or decrees, previously owing to it 7003
in the course of its business; 7004

(4) Acquired in part payment of the consideration of the 7005
sale of real property owned by it if the transaction results in 7006
a net reduction in the company's investment in real estate; 7007

(5) Reasonably necessary for the purpose of maintaining or 7008
enhancing the sale value of real property previously acquired or 7009
held by it under ~~subdivisions~~ division (C) (1), (2), (3), or (4) 7010
of this ~~division~~ section. 7011

Sec. 3953.29. On and after ~~the effective date of this~~ 7012
~~section~~ March 30, 1999, in connection with any transfer of 7013
registered land that occurs on or after that date in accordance 7014
with Chapters 5309. and 5310. of the Revised Code, no title 7015
insurance company shall write a policy or contract of title 7016
insurance that includes any specific reference to any 7017
restrictive covenant that appears to apply to the transferred 7018
registered land, if any inclusion of the restrictive covenant in 7019
a transfer, rental, or lease of housing accommodations, any 7020
honoring or exercising of the restrictive covenant, or any 7021
attempt to honor or exercise the restrictive covenant 7022
constitutes an unlawful discriminatory practice under division 7023
(H) (9) of section 4112.02 of the Revised Code. On and after ~~the~~ 7024
~~effective date of this section~~ March 30, 1999, if a policy or 7025
contract of title insurance written by a title insurance company 7026
in connection with any transfer of registered land that occurs 7027
on or after that date in accordance with Chapters 5309. and 7028
5310. of the Revised Code includes a general or catch-all 7029
reference to easements, estates, liens, encumbrances, charges, 7030
rights, or restrictions of record, the general or catch-all 7031
reference shall be regarded by the parties to the transfer of 7032
the registered land and their successors in interest and shall 7033
be deemed for all legal purposes to refer to and incorporate by 7034
reference easements, estates, liens, encumbrances, charges, 7035
rights, and restrictions of record other than a restrictive 7036
covenant the inclusion of which in a transfer, rental, or lease 7037
of housing accommodations, the honoring or exercising of which, 7038

or the attempt to honor or exercise of which constitutes an 7039
unlawful discriminatory practice under division (H) (9) of 7040
section 4112.02 of the Revised Code. 7041

Sec. 3956.01. As used in this chapter: 7042

(A) "Account" means either of the two accounts created 7043
under section 3956.06 of the Revised Code. 7044

(B) "Contractual obligation" means any obligation under a 7045
policy, contract, or certificate under a group policy or 7046
contract, or portion of the policy or contract, for which 7047
coverage is provided under section 3956.04 of the Revised Code. 7048

(C) "Covered policy or contract" means any policy, 7049
contract, or group certificate within the scope of section 7050
3956.04 of the Revised Code. 7051

(D) "Impaired insurer" means a member insurer that, after 7052
November 20, 1989, is not an insolvent insurer and is placed 7053
under an order of rehabilitation or conservation by a court of 7054
competent jurisdiction. 7055

(E) "Insolvent insurer" means a member insurer that, after 7056
November 20, 1989, is placed under an order of liquidation by a 7057
court of competent jurisdiction with a finding of insolvency. 7058

(F) (1) "Member insurer" means any insurer that holds a 7059
certificate of authority or is licensed to transact in this 7060
state any kind of insurance for which coverage is provided under 7061
section 3956.04 of the Revised Code, and includes any insurer 7062
whose certificate of authority or license in this state may have 7063
been suspended, revoked, not renewed, or voluntarily withdrawn 7064
after November 20, 1989. 7065

(2) "Member insurer" does not include any of the 7066

following:	7067
(a) A health insuring corporation;	7068
(b) A fraternal benefit society;	7069
(c) A self-insurance or joint self-insurance pool or plan of the state or any political subdivision of the state;	7070 7071
(d) A mutual protective association;	7072
(e) An insurance exchange;	7073
(f) Any person who qualifies as a "member insurer" under section 3955.01 of the Revised Code and who does not receive premiums on covered policies or contracts;	7074 7075 7076
(g) Any entity similar to any of those described in divisions (F) (2) (a) to (f) of this section.	7077 7078
(3) "Member insurer" includes any insurer that operates any of the entities described in division (F) (2) of this section as a line of business, and not as a separate, affiliated legal entity, and otherwise qualifies as a member insurer.	7079 7080 7081 7082
(G) "Premiums" means amounts received on covered policies or contracts, less premiums, considerations, and deposits returned on the policies or contracts, and less dividends and experience credits on the policies and contracts. "Premiums" does not include either of the following:	7083 7084 7085 7086 7087
(1) Any amounts in excess of one million dollars received on any unallocated annuity contract not issued under a governmental retirement plan established under Section 401, 403(b), or 457 of the "Internal Revenue Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended;	7088 7089 7090 7091 7092
(2) Any amounts received for any policies or contracts or	7093

for the portions of any policies or contracts for which coverage 7094
is not provided under section 3956.04 of the Revised Code. 7095
Division (G) (2) of this section shall not be construed to 7096
require the exclusion, from assessable premiums, of premiums 7097
paid for coverages in excess of the interest limitations 7098
specified in division (B) (2) (c) of section 3956.04 of the 7099
Revised Code or of premiums paid for coverages in excess of the 7100
limitations with respect to any one individual, any one 7101
participant, or any one contract holder specified in division 7102
(C) (2) of section 3956.04 of the Revised Code. 7103

(H) "Resident" means any person who resides in this state 7104
at the time a member insurer is determined to be an impaired or 7105
insolvent insurer and to whom a contractual obligation is owed. 7106
A person may be a resident of only one state, which, in the case 7107
of a person other than a natural person, shall be its principal 7108
place of business. Citizens of the United States who are either 7109
residents of a foreign country or residents of a United States 7110
possession, territory, or protectorate that does not have an 7111
association similar to the association created by this chapter 7112
shall be considered residents of the state of domicile of the 7113
insurer that issued the policy or contract. 7114

(I) "Structured settlement annuity" means an annuity 7115
purchased in order to fund periodic payments for a plaintiff or 7116
other claimant in payment for or with respect to personal injury 7117
suffered by the plaintiff or other claimant. 7118

(J) "Subaccount" means any of the three subaccounts 7119
created under division (A) of section 3956.06 of the Revised 7120
Code. 7121

(K) "Supplemental contract" means any agreement entered 7122
into for the distribution of policy or contract proceeds. 7123

~~(K)~~(L) "Unallocated annuity contract" means any annuity 7124
contract or group annuity certificate that is not issued to and 7125
owned by an individual, except to the extent of any annuity 7126
benefits guaranteed to an individual by an insurer under that 7127
contract or certificate. 7128

Sec. 3956.09. (A) For the purpose of providing the funds 7129
necessary to carry out the powers and duties of the Ohio life 7130
and health insurance guaranty association, the board of 7131
directors shall assess the member insurers, separately for each 7132
subaccount or account, at such time and for such amounts as the 7133
board finds necessary. Assessments shall be due not less than 7134
thirty days after prior written notice to the member insurers 7135
and shall accrue interest at ten per cent per year on and after 7136
the due date. 7137

(B) There shall be two classes of assessments, as follows: 7138

(1) Class A assessments shall be made for the purpose of 7139
meeting administrative and legal costs and other expenses, and 7140
the cost of examinations conducted under division (E) of section 7141
3956.12 of the Revised Code. Class A assessments may be made 7142
whether or not related to a particular impaired or insolvent 7143
insurer. 7144

(2) Class B assessments shall be made to the extent 7145
necessary to carry out the powers and duties of the association 7146
under section 3956.08 of the Revised Code with regard to an 7147
impaired or an insolvent insurer. 7148

(C) (1) The amount of any class A assessment shall be 7149
determined by the board and may be made on a pro rata or non-pro 7150
rata basis. If pro rata, the board may provide that it be 7151
credited against future class B assessments. A non-pro rata 7152

assessment shall not exceed two hundred dollars per member 7153
insurer in any one calendar year. The amount of any class B 7154
assessment shall be allocated for assessment purposes among the 7155
subaccounts and accounts pursuant to an allocation formula which 7156
may be based on the premiums or reserves of the impaired or 7157
insolvent insurer or on any other standard considered by the 7158
board in its sole discretion as being fair and reasonable under 7159
the circumstances. 7160

(2) Class B assessments against member insurers for each 7161
subaccount or account shall be in the proportion that the 7162
premiums received on business in this state by each assessed 7163
member insurer on policies or contracts covered by each 7164
subaccount or account for the most recent three calendar years 7165
for which information is available preceding the year in which 7166
the insurer became impaired or insolvent, as the case may be, 7167
bears to such premiums received on business in this state for 7168
such calendar years by all assessed member insurers. 7169

(3) Assessments for funds to meet the requirements of the 7170
association with respect to an impaired or insolvent insurer 7171
shall not be made until necessary to implement the purposes of 7172
this chapter. Classification of assessments under division (B) 7173
of this section and computation of assessments under this 7174
division shall be made with a reasonable degree of accuracy, 7175
recognizing that exact determinations may not always be 7176
possible. 7177

(D) The association may abate or defer, in whole or in 7178
part, the assessment of a member insurer if, in the opinion of 7179
the board, payment of the assessment would endanger the ability 7180
of the member insurer to fulfill its contractual obligations. If 7181
an assessment against a member insurer is abated, or deferred in 7182

whole or in part, the amount by which the assessment is abated 7183
or deferred may be assessed against the other member insurers in 7184
a manner consistent with the basis for assessments set forth in 7185
this section. In determining whether the payment of an 7186
assessment would endanger the ability of a member insurer to 7187
fulfill its contractual obligations, the board shall consider 7188
the adequacy of the capital and surplus of the member insurer in 7189
relation to the premiums written, the assets, and the reserve 7190
liabilities of that member insurer. 7191

(E) (1) The total of all assessments upon a member insurer 7192
for the life insurance and annuity account, which includes the 7193
life insurance subaccount, the annuity subaccount, and the 7194
unallocated annuity subaccount, shall not in any one calendar 7195
year exceed two per cent of the insurer's average premiums 7196
received per year in this state on the policies and contracts 7197
covered by each such subaccount, and for the health insurance 7198
account, shall not in any one calendar year exceed two per cent 7199
of the insurer's average premiums received per year in this 7200
state on the policies and contracts covered by such account, 7201
during the three calendar years preceding the year in which the 7202
impaired or insolvent insurer or insurers became impaired or 7203
insolvent. If the maximum assessment for a subaccount or 7204
account, together with the other assets of the association in 7205
the subaccount or account, does not provide in any one year in 7206
the subaccount or account an amount sufficient to carry out the 7207
responsibilities of the association, the necessary additional 7208
funds shall be assessed for the subaccount or account as soon 7209
thereafter in succeeding years as permitted by division (E) of 7210
this section. 7211

(2) If the maximum assessment under division (E) (1) of 7212
this section for any subaccount of the life insurance and 7213

annuity account in any succeeding year does not provide an 7214
amount sufficient to carry out the responsibilities of the 7215
association, then pursuant to division (C) (2) of this section, 7216
the board shall allocate the necessary additional amount among 7217
the other subaccounts of the life and annuity account in the 7218
manner set forth in division (E) (1) of this section, but the 7219
maximum assessment for a subaccount shall not exceed one per 7220
cent in any one calendar year. 7221

(3) Where assessments for two or more impaired or 7222
insolvent insurers have been made within the same calendar year, 7223
and the sum of those assessments exceeds the two per cent 7224
calendar year assessment limitation under division (E) (1) of 7225
this section, the board, with the approval of the superintendent 7226
of insurance, may allocate among the accounts of such insurers 7227
the sums assessed within the two per cent limitation. 7228

(F) The board, by an equitable method as established in 7229
the plan of operation, may refund to member insurers, in 7230
proportion to the contribution of each insurer to that 7231
subaccount or account, the amount by which the assets of the 7232
subaccount or account exceed the amount the board finds is 7233
necessary to carry out during the coming year the obligations of 7234
the association with regard to that subaccount or account, 7235
including assets accruing from assignment, subrogation, net 7236
realized gains, and income from investments. A reasonable amount 7237
may be retained in any subaccount or account to provide funds 7238
for the continuing expenses of the association and for future 7239
losses. 7240

(G) A member insurer, in determining its premium rates and 7241
policyowner dividends as to any kind of insurance within the 7242
scope of this chapter, may consider the amount reasonably 7243

necessary to meet its assessment obligations under this section. 7244

(H) The association, upon request, shall issue to an 7245
insurer paying an assessment under this section, other than a 7246
class A assessment, a certificate of contribution, in a form 7247
approved by the superintendent, for the amount of the assessment 7248
so paid. All outstanding certificates shall be of equal dignity 7249
and priority without reference to amounts or dates of issue. A 7250
certificate of contribution may be shown by the insurer in its 7251
financial statement as an asset in the form and for the amount, 7252
net of any amounts recovered through a tax offset, and for the 7253
period of time the superintendent may approve. 7254

(I) Any member insurer that has contributed funds to pay 7255
claims of an impaired or insolvent insurer, pursuant to an 7256
agreement entered into with the superintendent and approved by 7257
the Franklin county court of common pleas during the five years 7258
~~preceding the effective date of this section~~ November 20, 1989, 7259
~~or at any time following the effective date of this section~~ 7260
November 20, 1989, shall receive a credit against any 7261
assessments levied pursuant to this section, whether the 7262
assessments are class A assessments or class B assessments, in 7263
the amount of the contribution. 7264

If the amount of the credit exceeds the amount of 7265
assessments levied upon a member insurer in any one year, the 7266
balance of that credit shall be carried forward to subsequent 7267
years and will reduce the amount of future assessments until the 7268
total amount of the credit has been applied to the future 7269
assessments. 7270

For the purposes of this division, an impaired or 7271
insolvent insurer is an insurer that meets the definitions set 7272
forth in section 3956.01 of the Revised Code, and any insurer 7273

that would have met these definitions, if it had been in effect 7274
at the time of such contribution. 7275

(J) Division (I) of this section does not apply if an 7276
insurer has contributed funds pursuant to that division and has 7277
offset those contributions against its premium or franchise tax 7278
liability pursuant to any provision of the Revised Code 7279
authorizing the establishment of a plan for the distribution of 7280
voluntary contributions to pay the life, sickness and accident, 7281
or annuity claims of residents of this state that are unpaid due 7282
to the insolvency of an insolvent insurer. 7283

Sec. 3956.10. (A) (1) The Ohio life and health insurance 7284
guaranty association shall submit to the superintendent of 7285
insurance a plan of operation and any amendments to the plan 7286
necessary or suitable to ensure the fair, reasonable, and 7287
equitable administration of the association. The plan of 7288
operation and any amendments shall become effective upon the 7289
written approval of the superintendent, or unless the 7290
superintendent has not disapproved it within thirty days. 7291

(2) If the association fails to submit a suitable plan of 7292
operation within six months following ~~the effective date of this~~ 7293
~~section November 20, 1989,~~ or if at any time after that date the 7294
association fails to submit suitable amendments to the plan, the 7295
superintendent, after notice and hearing, shall adopt reasonable 7296
rules that are necessary or advisable to effectuate the 7297
provisions of this chapter. The rules shall continue in force 7298
until modified by the superintendent or superseded by a plan 7299
submitted by the association and approved by the superintendent. 7300

(B) All member insurers shall comply with the plan of 7301
operation. 7302

(C) In addition to requirements enumerated elsewhere in 7303
this chapter, the plan of operation shall do the following: 7304

(1) Establish procedures for handling the assets of the 7305
association; 7306

(2) Establish the amount and method of reimbursing members 7307
of the board of directors under section 3956.07 of the Revised 7308
Code; 7309

(3) Establish regular places and times for meetings, 7310
including but not limited to telephone conference calls, of the 7311
board of directors; 7312

(4) Establish procedures for records to be kept of all 7313
financial transactions of the association, its agents, and the 7314
board of directors; 7315

(5) Establish the procedures whereby selections for the 7316
board of directors will be made and submitted to the 7317
superintendent; 7318

(6) Establish any additional procedures for assessments 7319
under section 3956.09 of the Revised Code, including, but not 7320
limited to, allocating sums raised by assessments when two or 7321
more insolvencies occur in the same calendar year that are 7322
subject to the two per cent calendar year assessment limitation; 7323

(7) Contain additional provisions necessary or proper for 7324
the execution of the powers and duties of the association. 7325

(D) The plan of operation may provide that any or all 7326
powers and duties of the association, except those under 7327
division (O)(3) of section 3956.08 and section 3956.09 of the 7328
Revised Code, are delegated to a corporation, association, or 7329
other organization that performs or will perform functions 7330

similar to those of the association, or its equivalent, in two 7331
or more states. The corporation, association, or organization 7332
shall be reimbursed for any payments made on behalf of the 7333
association, and shall be paid for its performance of any 7334
function of the association. A delegation under this division 7335
shall take effect only with the approval of both the board of 7336
directors and the superintendent, and may be made only to a 7337
corporation, association, or organization that extends 7338
protection not substantially less favorable and effective than 7339
that provided by this chapter. 7340

Sec. 3959.01. As used in this chapter: 7341

(A) "Administration fees" means any amount charged a 7342
covered person for services rendered. "Administration fees" 7343
includes commissions earned or paid by any person relative to 7344
services performed by an administrator. 7345

(B) "Administrator" means any person who adjusts or 7346
settles claims on, residents of this state in connection with 7347
life, dental, health, prescription drugs, or disability 7348
insurance or self-insurance programs. "Administrator" includes a 7349
pharmacy benefit manager. "Administrator" does not include any 7350
of the following: 7351

(1) An insurance agent or solicitor licensed in this state 7352
whose activities are limited exclusively to the sale of 7353
insurance and who does not provide any administrative services; 7354

(2) Any person who administers or operates the workers' 7355
compensation program of a self-insuring employer under Chapter 7356
4123. of the Revised Code; 7357

(3) Any person who administers pension plans for the 7358
benefit of the person's own members or employees or administers 7359

pension plans for the benefit of the members or employees of any 7360
other person; 7361

(4) Any person that administers an insured plan or a self- 7362
insured plan that provides life, dental, health, or disability 7363
benefits exclusively for the person's own members or employees; 7364

(5) Any health insuring corporation holding a certificate 7365
of authority under Chapter 1751. of the Revised Code or an 7366
insurance company that is authorized to write life or sickness 7367
and accident insurance in this state. 7368

(C) "Aggregate excess insurance" means that type of 7369
coverage whereby the insurer agrees to reimburse the insured 7370
employer or trust for all benefits or claims paid during an 7371
agreement period on behalf of all covered persons under the plan 7372
or trust which exceed a stated deductible amount and subject to 7373
a stated maximum. 7374

(D) "Contracted pharmacy" or "pharmacy" means a pharmacy 7375
located in this state participating in either the network of a 7376
pharmacy benefit manager or in a health care or pharmacy benefit 7377
plan through a direct contract or through a contract with a 7378
pharmacy services administration organization, group purchasing 7379
organization, or another contracting agent. 7380

(E) "Contributions" means any amount collected from a 7381
covered person to fund the self-insured portion of any plan in 7382
accordance with the plan's provisions, summary plan 7383
descriptions, and contracts of insurance. 7384

(F) "Drug product reimbursement" means the amount paid by 7385
a pharmacy benefit manager to a contracted pharmacy for the cost 7386
of the drug dispensed to a patient and does not include a 7387
dispensing or professional fee. 7388

(G) "Fiduciary" has the meaning set forth in section 7389
1002(21) (A) of the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 7390
1974," 88 Stat. 829, 29 U.S.C. 1001, as amended. 7391

(H) "Fiscal year" means the twelve-month accounting period 7392
commencing on the date the plan is established and ending twelve 7393
months following that date, and each corresponding twelve-month 7394
accounting period thereafter as provided for in the summary plan 7395
description. 7396

(I) "Insurer" means an entity authorized to do the 7397
business of insurance in this state or, for the purposes of this 7398
section, a health insuring corporation authorized to issue 7399
health care plans in this state. 7400

(J) "Managed care organization" means an entity that 7401
provides medical management and cost containment services and 7402
includes a medicaid managed care organization, as defined in 7403
section 5167.01 of the Revised Code. 7404

(K) "Maximum allowable cost" means a maximum drug product 7405
reimbursement for an individual drug or for a group of 7406
therapeutically and pharmaceutically equivalent multiple source 7407
drugs that are listed in the United States food and drug 7408
administration's approved drug products with therapeutic 7409
equivalence evaluations, commonly referred to as the orange 7410
book. 7411

(L) "Maximum allowable cost list" means a list of the 7412
drugs for which a pharmacy benefit manager imposes a maximum 7413
allowable cost. 7414

(M) "Multiple employer welfare arrangement" has the same 7415
meaning as in section 1739.01 of the Revised Code. 7416

(N) "Pharmacy benefit manager" means an entity that 7417

contracts with pharmacies on behalf of an employer, a multiple 7418
employer welfare arrangement, public employee benefit plan, 7419
state agency, insurer, managed care organization, or other 7420
third-party payer to provide pharmacy health benefit services or 7421
administration. "Pharmacy benefit manager" includes the state 7422
pharmacy benefit manager selected under section 5167.24 of the 7423
Revised Code. 7424

(O) "Plan" means any arrangement in written form for the 7425
payment of life, dental, health, or disability benefits to 7426
covered persons defined by the summary plan description and 7427
includes a drug benefit plan administered by a pharmacy benefit 7428
manager. 7429

(P) "Plan sponsor" means the person who establishes the 7430
plan. 7431

(Q) "Self-insurance program" means a program whereby an 7432
employer provides a plan of benefits for its employees without 7433
involving an intermediate insurance carrier to assume risk or 7434
pay claims. "Self-insurance program" includes but is not limited 7435
to employer programs that pay claims up to a prearranged limit 7436
beyond which they purchase insurance coverage to protect against 7437
unpredictable or catastrophic losses. 7438

(R) "Specific excess insurance" means that type of 7439
coverage whereby the insurer agrees to reimburse the insured 7440
employer or trust for all benefits or claims paid during an 7441
agreement period on behalf of a covered person in excess of a 7442
stated deductible amount and subject to a stated maximum. 7443

(S) "Summary plan description" means the written document 7444
adopted by the plan sponsor which outlines the plan of benefits, 7445
conditions, limitations, exclusions, and other pertinent details 7446

relative to the benefits provided to covered persons thereunder. 7447

(T) "Third-party payer" has the same meaning as in section 7448
3901.38 of the Revised Code. 7449

Sec. 3960.07. (A) No purchasing group shall conduct 7450
business in this state unless it has done both of the following: 7451

(1) Issued a notice to the superintendent of insurance 7452
that does all of the following: 7453

(a) Identifies the state in which the purchasing group is 7454
domiciled and all other states in which the group intends to do 7455
business; 7456

(b) Specifies the lines and classifications of liability 7457
insurance that the purchasing group intends to purchase and 7458
specifies the method by which and the person or persons, if any, 7459
through whom insurance will be offered to its members whose 7460
risks are resident or located in this state; 7461

(c) Identifies the name and domicile of the insurance 7462
company from which the purchasing group intends to purchase its 7463
insurance; 7464

(d) Identifies the principal place of business of the 7465
purchasing group; 7466

(e) Provides any other information that the superintendent 7467
may require to verify that the purchasing group is qualified 7468
under division (I) of section 3960.01 of the Revised Code. 7469

A purchasing group, within ten days, shall notify the 7470
superintendent of any changes in any of the items set forth in 7471
division (A) (1) this section. 7472

(2) Registered with the superintendent, paid a filing fee 7473

as determined by the superintendent, and consented to the 7474
exercise of jurisdiction over it by the superintendent and the 7475
courts of this state. The fee shall be paid into the state 7476
treasury to the credit of the department of insurance operating 7477
fund pursuant to section 3901.021 of the Revised Code. 7478

Division (A) (2) of this section does not apply to a 7479
purchasing group to which all of the following apply: 7480

(a) It was domiciled in any state before April 1, 1986, 7481
and on and after October 27, 1986; 7482

(b) It purchased insurance from an insurance carrier 7483
licensed in any state before and after October 27, 1986; 7484

(c) It was a purchasing group meeting the requirements of 7485
the federal "Product Liability Risk Retention Act of 1981," 95 7486
Stat. 949, 15 U.S.C.A. 3901, before October 27, 1986; 7487

(d) It does not purchase insurance that was not authorized 7488
for purposes of an exemption under that act, as in effect before 7489
October 27, 1986. 7490

(B) Each purchasing group that is required to give notice 7491
pursuant to division (A) (1) of this section also shall furnish 7492
any information that may be required by the superintendent to do 7493
both of the following: 7494

(1) Determine where the purchasing group is located; 7495

(2) Determine appropriate tax treatment. 7496

~~(C) Within thirty days after the effective date of this 7497
section, any purchasing group that was doing business in this 7498
state prior to the enactment of this section shall furnish 7499
notice to the superintendent pursuant to division (A) (1) of this 7500
section and furnish any information that may be required 7501~~

~~pursuant to division (B) of this section.~~ 7502

~~(D)~~ Sections 3937.01 to 3937.17 of the Revised Code apply 7503
to admitted insurers that provide insurance to purchasing 7504
groups. 7505

Sec. 3964.19. (A) As used in sections 3964.19 to 3964.194 7506
of the Revised Code: 7507

(1) "Counterparty" means a special purpose financial 7508
captive insurance company's parent or an affiliated entity that 7509
is an insurer domiciled in this state that cedes life insurance 7510
risks to the special purpose financial captive insurance company 7511
pursuant to a special purpose financial captive insurance 7512
company contract. 7513

(2) "Insolvency" or "insolvent" means that the special 7514
purpose financial captive insurance company is unable to pay its 7515
obligations when they are due, unless those obligations are the 7516
subject of a bona fide dispute. 7517

(3) "Insurance securitization" means a package of related 7518
risk transfer instruments, capital market offerings, and 7519
facilitating administrative agreements, for which a special 7520
purpose financial captive insurance company obtains proceeds, 7521
either directly or indirectly, through the issuance of 7522
securities, where the investment risk to the holders of the 7523
securities is contingent upon the obligations of the special 7524
purpose financial captive insurance company to the counterparty 7525
under the special purpose financial captive insurance company 7526
contract, in accordance with the transaction terms, and pursuant 7527
to this section. This includes situations where the 7528
securitization proceeds are held in trust to secure the 7529
obligations of the special purpose financial captive insurance 7530

company under one or more special purpose financial captive insurance company contracts. 7531
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(4) "Organizational document" means the special purpose financial captive insurance company's articles of incorporation, bylaws, code of regulations, operating agreement, or other foundational documents that establish the special purpose financial captive insurance company as a legal entity. 7533
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(5) "Securities" means debt obligations, equity investments, surplus certificates, surplus notes, funding agreements, derivatives, and other legal forms of financial instruments. 7538
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(6) "Special purpose financial captive insurance company contract" means a contract between a special purpose financial captive insurance company and a counterparty pursuant to which the special purpose financial captive insurance company agrees to provide insurance or reinsurance protection to the counterparty for risks associated with the counterparty's insurance or reinsurance business, and includes a contract entered into under division (F) of this section. 7542
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(7) "Special purpose financial captive insurance company securities" means the securities issued by a special purpose financial captive insurance company. 7550
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(B) The requirements of this section shall not apply to a specific special purpose financial captive insurance company if the superintendent finds a specific requirement is inappropriate due to the nature of the risks to be insured by the special purpose financial captive insurance company and if the special purpose financial captive insurance company meets the criteria established by rules and regulations adopted and promulgated by 7553
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the superintendent. 7560

(C) (1) A special purpose financial captive insurance 7561
company may not issue a contract for assumption of risk or 7562
indemnification of loss other than a special purpose financial 7563
captive insurance company contract. However, the special purpose 7564
financial captive insurance company may cede a risk assumed 7565
through a special purpose financial captive insurance company 7566
contract to a third-party reinsurer through the purchase of 7567
reinsurance or retrocession protection if approved by the 7568
superintendent. 7569

(2) A special purpose financial captive insurance company 7570
may enter into contracts and conduct other commercial activities 7571
related or incidental to and necessary to fulfill the purposes 7572
of special purpose financial captive insurance company 7573
contracts, insurance securitization, and this section. Those 7574
activities may include: 7575

(a) Entering into special purpose financial captive 7576
insurance company contracts; 7577

(b) Issuing securities of the special purpose financial 7578
captive insurance company in accordance with applicable 7579
securities law; 7580

(c) Complying with the terms of special purpose financial 7581
captive insurance company contracts or securities; 7582

(d) Entering into trust, swap, tax, administration, 7583
reimbursement, or fiscal agent transactions; 7584

(e) Complying with trust indenture, reinsurance, 7585
retrocession, and other agreements necessary or incidental to 7586
effectuate an insurance securitization in compliance with this 7587
section and in the plan of operation considered by the 7588

superintendent under division (F) (5) of section 3964.03 of the Revised Code. 7589
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(D) (1) A special purpose financial captive insurance company may issue securities, subject to and in accordance with applicable law, its plan of operation considered by the superintendent under division (E) of section 3964.03 of the Revised Code, and its organizational documents. 7591
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(2) A special purpose financial captive insurance company, in connection with the issuance of securities, may enter into and perform all of its obligations under any required contracts to facilitate the issuance of these securities. 7596
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(3) The obligation to repay principal or interest, or both, on the securities issued by the special purpose financial captive insurance company shall reflect the risk associated with the obligations of the special purpose financial captive insurance company to the counterparty under the special purpose financial captive insurance company contract. 7600
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(E) (1) (a) A special purpose financial captive insurance company may enter into ~~asset~~ the following types of transactions for the purposes described in division (E) (1) (b) of this section: 7606
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(i) Asset management agreements, including swap agreements, ~~guaranteed;~~ 7610
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(ii) Guaranteed investment contracts, ~~or other;~~ 7612

(iii) Other transactions with the objective of reducing timing differences in the funding of upfront, or ongoing, transaction expenses, or managing asset, credit, prepayment, or interest rate risk of the investments of the special purpose financial captive insurance company ~~to~~. 7613
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(b) The purpose of the transactions described in division 7618
(E) (1) (a) of this section shall be any of the following: 7619

(i) To ensure that the investments are sufficient to 7620
assure payment or repayment of the securities, and related 7621
interest or principal payments, issued pursuant to a special 7622
purpose financial captive insurance company insurance 7623
securitization transaction ~~or the;~~ 7624

(ii) To ensure that the investments are sufficient to 7625
assure payment or repayment of the obligations required under a 7626
special purpose financial captive insurance company contract ~~or~~ 7627
~~for any;~~ 7628

(iii) Any other purpose approved by the superintendent. 7629

(2) An asset management agreement shall not be entered 7630
into under this section by a special purpose financial captive 7631
insurance company unless it has been approved by the 7632
superintendent. 7633

(F) (1) If a special purpose financial captive insurance 7634
company has entered into a special purpose financial captive 7635
insurance company contract with a counterparty and the special 7636
purpose financial captive insurance company has conducted an 7637
insurance securitization that is made up, in part or in whole, 7638
of the risks of that contract, then the special purpose 7639
financial captive insurance company may enter into a second 7640
contract with the counterparty under which the counterparty is 7641
held liable for those losses or other obligations that were 7642
securitized. 7643

(2) Such obligations may be funded and secured with assets 7644
held in trust for the benefit of the counterparty pursuant to 7645
agreements contemplated by this section and invested in a manner 7646

that meet the criteria in sections 3907.14 and 3907.141 of the Revised Code. 7647
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(G) (1) A special purpose financial captive insurance 7649
company may enter into agreements with affiliated companies and 7650
third parties and conduct business necessary to fulfill its 7651
obligations and administrative duties incidental to an insurance 7652
securitization and a special purpose financial captive insurance 7653
company contract entered into under division (F) of this 7654
section. 7655

(2) The agreements may include management and 7656
administrative services agreements and other allocation and cost 7657
sharing agreements, or swap and asset management agreements, or 7658
both, or agreements for other contemplated types of transactions 7659
provided in this section. 7660

(H) A special purpose financial captive insurance company 7661
contract entered into under division (F) of this section shall 7662
contain all of the following: 7663

(1) A requirement that the special purpose financial 7664
captive insurance company do either of the following: 7665

(a) Enter into a trust agreement specifying what 7666
recoverables or reserves, or both, the agreement is to cover and 7667
to establish a trust account for the benefit of the counterparty 7668
and the security holders; 7669

(b) Establish such other methods of security acceptable to 7670
the superintendent. 7671

(2) A stipulation that assets deposited in the trust 7672
account shall be valued in accordance with their current fair- 7673
market value and shall consist only of investments permitted by 7674
sections 3907.14 and 3907.141 of the Revised Code; 7675

(3) A requirement that, if a trust arrangement is used, 7676
the special purpose financial captive insurance company, before 7677
depositing assets with the trustee, execute assignments, execute 7678
endorsements in blank, or take such actions as are necessary to 7679
transfer legal title to the trustee of all assets requiring 7680
assignment, in order that the counterparty, or the trustee upon 7681
the direction of the counterparty, may negotiate whenever 7682
necessary the assets without consent or signature from the 7683
special purpose financial captive insurance company or another 7684
entity; 7685

(4) A stipulation that, if a trust arrangement is used, 7686
the special purpose financial captive insurance company and the 7687
counterparty agree that the assets in the trust account 7688
established pursuant to the contract: 7689

(a) May be withdrawn by the counterparty, or the trustee 7690
on its behalf, at any time, but only in accordance with the 7691
terms of the contract; 7692

(b) Shall be utilized and applied by the counterparty, 7693
without diminution because of insolvency on the part of the 7694
counterparty or the special purpose financial captive insurance 7695
company, only for the purposes set forth in the credit for 7696
reinsurance laws and rules of this state. As used in this 7697
division, "counterparty" includes any successor of the 7698
counterparty by operation of law, including, subject to the 7699
provisions of this section, but without further limitation, any 7700
liquidator, rehabilitator, or receiver of the counterparty. 7701

(I) A special purpose financial captive insurance company 7702
contract entered into under division (F) of this section may 7703
contain provisions that give the special purpose financial 7704
captive insurance company the right to seek approval from the 7705

counterparty to withdraw from the trust all or part of the 7706
assets, or income from them, contained in the trust and to 7707
transfer the assets to the special purpose financial captive 7708
insurance company if such provisions comply with the credit for 7709
reinsurance laws and rules of this state. 7710

(J) (1) A special purpose financial captive insurance 7711
company contract entered into under division (F) of this 7712
section, meeting the requirements of this section, shall be 7713
granted credit for reinsurance treatment or otherwise qualify as 7714
an asset or a reduction from liability for reinsurance ceded by 7715
a domestic insurer to a special purpose financial captive 7716
insurance company as an assuming insurer for the benefit of the 7717
counterparty if both of the following apply: 7718

(a) The assets are held or invested in one or more of the 7719
forms allowed in sections 3907.14 and 3907.141 of the Revised 7720
Code. 7721

(b) The agreement is in compliance with section 3901.64 of 7722
the Revised Code. 7723

(2) The contract shall be granted credit or otherwise 7724
qualify as an asset or reduction from liability only to the 7725
extent of the value of the assets held in trust for, or letters 7726
of credit, that meet the requirements set forth in division (C) 7727
of section 3964.05 of the Revised Code, or as approved by the 7728
superintendent, for the benefit of the counterparty under the 7729
special purpose financial captive insurance company contract. 7730

(K) A special purpose financial captive insurance company 7731
may make investments that meet the qualifications set forth in 7732
sections 3907.14 and 3907.141 of the Revised Code, however these 7733
investments shall not be subject to any limitations contained in 7734

such sections as to invested amounts. The superintendent may 7735
prohibit or limit any investment that threatens the solvency or 7736
liquidity of a special purpose financial captive insurance 7737
company or that is not made in accordance with the approved plan 7738
of operation. 7739

Sec. 3999.16. No officer, director, trustee, agent, or 7740
employee of any insurance company, corporation, or association 7741
authorized to transact business in this state shall knowingly 7742
use underwriting standards or rates that result in unfair 7743
discrimination against any handicapped person. This section does 7744
not prevent reasonable classifications of handicapped ~~person~~ 7745
persons for determining insurance rates. 7746

As used in this section, "handicapped" means a medically 7747
diagnosable, abnormal condition which is expected to continue 7748
for a considerable length of time, whether correctable or 7749
uncorrectable by good medical practice, which can reasonably be 7750
expected to limit the person's functional ability, including but 7751
not limited to seeing, hearing, thinking, ambulating, climbing, 7752
descending, lifting, grasping, sitting, rising, any related 7753
function, or any limitation due to weakness or significantly 7754
decreased endurance, so that ~~he the person~~ cannot perform ~~his~~ 7755
the person's everyday routine living and working without 7756
significantly increased hardship and vulnerability to what are 7757
considered the everyday obstacles and hazards encountered by the 7758
nonhandicapped. 7759

Sec. 3999.41. (A) Except as provided in division (D) of 7760
this section, every insurer, as defined in division (A) of 7761
section 3999.36 of the Revised Code, shall adopt an antifraud 7762
program and shall specify in a written plan the procedures it 7763
will follow when instances of insurance fraud or suspected 7764

insurance fraud are brought to its attention. The insurer shall 7765
identify in the written plan the person or persons responsible 7766
for the insurer's antifraud program. 7767

(B) (1) An insurer shall develop a written plan required by 7768
division (A) of this section within ninety days after obtaining 7769
its license to transact business within this state or within 7770
ninety days after beginning to engage in the business of 7771
insurance within this state and shall thereafter maintain such a 7772
written plan. 7773

(2) An insurer engaged in the business of insurance within 7774
this state ~~on the effective date of this section~~ March 17, 1998, 7775
shall develop a written plan required by division (A) of this 7776
section within ninety days after ~~the effective date of this~~ 7777
~~section~~ March 17, 1998, and shall thereafter maintain such a 7778
written plan. 7779

(C) If an insurer modifies the procedures it follows for 7780
instances of insurance fraud or suspected insurance fraud, or if 7781
there is a change in the person or persons responsible for the 7782
insurer's antifraud program, the insurer shall modify the 7783
written plan it maintains pursuant to this section. 7784

(D) The requirements of this section are not applicable to 7785
any insurer identified in division (A) of this section that is 7786
not engaged in writing direct insurance in this state. 7787

Sec. 4509.41. (A) Judgments are satisfied for the purpose 7788
of sections 4509.01 to 4509.78, ~~inclusive,~~ of the Revised Code, 7789
in each of the following cases: 7790

(1) When twenty-five thousand dollars has been credited 7791
upon any judgments in excess of that amount because of bodily 7792
injury to or death of one person as a result of any one 7793

accident; 7794

(2) When the sum of fifty thousand dollars has been 7795
credited upon any judgments in excess of that amount because of 7796
bodily injury to or death of two or more persons as the result 7797
of any one accident; 7798

(3) When twenty-five thousand dollars has been credited 7799
upon any judgments rendered in excess of that amount because of 7800
injury to property of others as a result of any one accident. 7801

(B) Payments made in settlements of any claims because of 7802
bodily injury, death, or property damage arising from such 7803
accident shall be credited in reduction of the amounts provided 7804
for in this section. 7805

Sec. 4509.67. (A) The registrar of motor vehicles shall, 7806
upon request, consent to the immediate cancellation of any bond 7807
or certificate of insurance, or shall direct and the treasurer 7808
of state shall return to the person entitled any money or 7809
securities deposited under sections 4509.01 to 4509.78 of the 7810
Revised Code, as proof of financial responsibility, or the 7811
registrar shall waive the requirement of filing proof, in any of 7812
the following events: 7813

(1) At any time after three years from the date such proof 7814
was required when, during the three years preceding the request, 7815
the registrar has not received record of a conviction or bail 7816
forfeiture which would require or permit the suspension or 7817
revocation of the license, registration or nonresident's 7818
operating privilege of the person by or for whom such proof was 7819
furnished and the person's motor vehicle registration has not 7820
been suspended for a violation of section 4509.101 of the 7821
Revised Code; 7822

(2) In the event of the death of the person on whose behalf such proof was filed or the permanent incapacity of such person to operate a motor vehicle;

(3) In the event the person who has given proof surrenders ~~his~~ the person's license and registration to the registrar.

(B) The registrar shall not consent to the cancellation of any bond or the return of any money or securities if any action for damages upon a liability covered by such proof is pending, or any judgment upon any such liability is unsatisfied, or in the event the person who has filed such bond or deposited such money or securities has within two years immediately preceding such request been involved as a driver or owner in any ~~motor-vehicle~~ motor vehicle accident resulting in injury to the person or property of others. An affidavit of the applicant as to the nonexistence of such facts, or that ~~he~~ the applicant has been released from all liability, or has been finally adjudicated not liable, for such injury may be accepted as evidence thereof in the absence of evidence to the contrary in the records of the registrar.

(C) Whenever any person whose proof has been canceled or returned under division (A) (3) of this section applies for a license or registration within a period of three years from the date proof was originally required, any such application shall be refused unless the applicant re-establishes proof of financial responsibility for the remainder of the three-year period.

Section 2. That existing sections 167.03, 1751.32, 1751.53, 1751.69, 1751.74, 1751.84, 1753.31, 3901.045, 3901.13, 3901.25, 3901.41, 3901.45, 3901.811, 3901.87, 3901.88, 3901.90, 3902.08, 3903.01, 3903.50, 3903.52, 3903.56, 3903.71, 3903.724,

3903.728, 3903.7211, 3903.74, 3904.01, 3904.02, 3904.16, 7853
3905.051, 3905.062, 3905.063, 3905.14, 3905.84, 3905.85, 7854
3906.11, 3907.03, 3907.07, 3909.04, 3911.09, 3911.20, 3911.24, 7855
3913.11, 3913.22, 3913.40, 3915.05, 3915.053, 3915.073, 3915.13, 7856
3916.01, 3916.171, 3916.18, 3919.14, 3921.13, 3921.191, 3922.11, 7857
3922.14, 3922.17, 3923.01, 3923.021, 3923.04, 3923.19, 3923.38, 7858
3923.39, 3923.53, 3923.55, 3923.56, 3923.60, 3923.65, 3923.82, 7859
3923.85, 3925.09, 3927.08, 3929.011, 3929.04, 3930.10, 3931.02, 7860
3931.03, 3931.99, 3933.01, 3933.02, 3935.06, 3935.10, 3935.12, 7861
3935.13, 3935.14, 3935.99, 3937.10, 3937.182, 3941.46, 3951.04, 7862
3951.06, 3951.10, 3951.99, 3953.01, 3953.07, 3953.14, 3953.29, 7863
3956.01, 3956.09, 3956.10, 3959.01, 3960.07, 3964.19, 3999.16, 7864
3999.41, 4509.41, and 4509.67 of the Revised Code are hereby 7865
repealed. 7866

Section 3. That sections 3941.47, 3941.48, 3941.49, and 7867
3941.52 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed. 7868