As Passed by the Senate

133rd General Assembly

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Sub. S. B. No. 208

Senator Johnson

Cosponsors: Senators Obhof, McColley, Roegner, Brenner, Gavarone, Schaffer, Eklund, Huffman, S., Lehner, Huffman, M., Wilson, Hottinger, Blessing, Burke, Coley, Hackett, Hoagland

A BILL

Го	amend sections 149.43, 2919.13, 3701.79,	1
	3701.99, and 4731.22 and to enact sections	2
	3701.792 and 4731.92 of the Revised Code to	3
	require reports to be made after a child is born	4
	alive following an abortion or attempted	5
	abortion and to establish certain civil or	6
	criminal penalties for failing to preserve the	7
	health or life of such a child.	8

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 149.43, 2919.13, 3701.79,	9
3701.99, and 4731.22 be amended and sections 3701.792 and	10
4731.92 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	11
Sec. 149.43. (A) As used in this section:	12
(1) "Public record" means records kept by any public	13
office, including, but not limited to, state, county, city,	14
village, township, and school district units, and records	15
pertaining to the delivery of educational services by an	16

alternative school in this state kept by the nonprofit or for-	17
profit entity operating the alternative school pursuant to	18
section 3313.533 of the Revised Code. "Public record" does not	19
mean any of the following:	20
(a) Medical records;	21
(b) Records pertaining to probation and parole	22
proceedings, to proceedings related to the imposition of	23
community control sanctions and post-release control sanctions,	24
or to proceedings related to determinations under section	25
2967.271 of the Revised Code regarding the release or maintained	26
incarceration of an offender to whom that section applies;	27
(c) Records pertaining to actions under section 2151.85	28
and division (C) of section 2919.121 of the Revised Code and to	29
appeals of actions arising under those sections;	30
(d) Records pertaining to adoption proceedings, including	31
the contents of an adoption file maintained by the department of	32
health under sections 3705.12 to 3705.124 of the Revised Code;	33
(e) Information in a record contained in the putative	34
father registry established by section 3107.062 of the Revised	35
Code, regardless of whether the information is held by the	36
department of job and family services or, pursuant to section	37
3111.69 of the Revised Code, the office of child support in the	38
department or a child support enforcement agency;	39
(f) Records specified in division (A) of section 3107.52	40
of the Revised Code;	41
(g) Trial preparation records;	42
(h) Confidential law enforcement investigatory records;	43
(i) Records containing information that is confidential	44

under section 2710.03 or 4112.05 of the Revised Code;	45
(j) DNA records stored in the DNA database pursuant to	46
section 109.573 of the Revised Code;	47
(k) Inmate records released by the department of	48
rehabilitation and correction to the department of youth	49
services or a court of record pursuant to division (E) of	50
section 5120.21 of the Revised Code;	51
(1) Records maintained by the department of youth services	52
pertaining to children in its custody released by the department	53
of youth services to the department of rehabilitation and	54
correction pursuant to section 5139.05 of the Revised Code;	55
(m) Intellectual property records;	56
(n) Donor profile records;	57
(o) Records maintained by the department of job and family	58
services pursuant to section 3121.894 of the Revised Code;	59
(p) Designated public service worker residential and	60
familial information;	61
(q) In the case of a county hospital operated pursuant to	62
Chapter 339. of the Revised Code or a municipal hospital	63
operated pursuant to Chapter 749. of the Revised Code,	64
information that constitutes a trade secret, as defined in	65
section 1333.61 of the Revised Code;	66
(r) Information pertaining to the recreational activities	67
of a person under the age of eighteen;	68
(s) In the case of a child fatality review board acting	69
under sections 307.621 to 307.629 of the Revised Code or a	70
review conducted nursuant to quidelines established by the	71

director of health under section 3701.70 of the Revised Code,	72
records provided to the board or director, statements made by	73
board members during meetings of the board or by persons	74
participating in the director's review, and all work products of	75
the board or director, and in the case of a child fatality	76
review board, child fatality review data submitted by the board	77
to the department of health or a national child death review	78
database, other than the report prepared pursuant to division	79
(A) of section 307.626 of the Revised Code;	80
(t) Records provided to and statements made by the	81
executive director of a public children services agency or a	82
prosecuting attorney acting pursuant to section 5153.171 of the	83
Revised Code other than the information released under that	84
section;	85
(u) Test materials, examinations, or evaluation tools used	86
in an examination for licensure as a nursing home administrator	87
that the board of executives of long-term services and supports	88
administers under section 4751.15 of the Revised Code or	89
contracts under that section with a private or government entity	90
to administer;	91
(v) Records the release of which is prohibited by state or	92
federal law;	93
(w) Proprietary information of or relating to any person	94
that is submitted to or compiled by the Ohio venture capital	95
authority created under section 150.01 of the Revised Code;	96
(x) Financial statements and data any person submits for	97
any purpose to the Ohio housing finance agency or the	98
controlling board in connection with applying for, receiving, or	99
accounting for financial assistance from the agency, and	100

information that identifies any individual who benefits directly	101
or indirectly from financial assistance from the agency;	102
(y) Records listed in section 5101.29 of the Revised Code;	103
(z) Discharges recorded with a county recorder under	104
section 317.24 of the Revised Code, as specified in division (B)	105
(2) of that section;	106
(aa) Usage information including names and addresses of	107
specific residential and commercial customers of a municipally	108
owned or operated public utility;	109
(bb) Records described in division (C) of section 187.04	110
of the Revised Code that are not designated to be made available	111
to the public as provided in that division;	112
(cc) Information and records that are made confidential,	113
privileged, and not subject to disclosure under divisions (B)	114
and (C) of section 2949.221 of the Revised Code;	115
(dd) Personal information, as defined in section 149.45 of	116
the Revised Code;	117
(ee) The confidential name, address, and other personally	118
identifiable information of a program participant in the address	119
confidentiality program established under sections 111.41 to	120
111.47 of the Revised Code, including the contents of any	121
application for absent voter's ballots, absent voter's ballot	122
identification envelope statement of voter, or provisional	123
ballot affirmation completed by a program participant who has a	124
confidential voter registration record, and records or portions	125
of records pertaining to that program that identify the number	126
of program participants that reside within a precinct, ward,	127
township, municipal corporation, county, or any other geographic	128
area smaller than the state. As used in this division.	120

"Confidential address" and "program participant" have the	130
meaning defined in section 111.41 of the Revised Code.	131
(ff) Orders for active military service of an individual	132
serving or with previous service in the armed forces of the	133
United States, including a reserve component, or the Ohio	134
organized militia, except that, such order becomes a public	135
record on the day that is fifteen years after the published date	136
or effective date of the call to order;	137
(gg) The name, address, contact information, or other	138
personal information of an individual who is less than eighteen	139
years of age that is included in any record related to a traffic	140
accident involving a school vehicle in which the individual was	141
an occupant at the time of the accident;	142
(hh) Protected health information, as defined in 45 C.F.R.	143
160.103, that is in a claim for payment for a health care	144
product, service, or procedure, as well as any other health	145
claims data in another document that reveals the identity of an	146
individual who is the subject of the data or could be used to	147
reveal that individual's identity;	148
(ii) Any depiction by photograph, film, videotape, or	149
printed or digital image under either of the following	150
circumstances:	151
(i) The depiction is that of a victim of an offense the	152
release of which would be, to a reasonable person of ordinary	153
sensibilities, an offensive and objectionable intrusion into the	154
victim's expectation of bodily privacy and integrity.	155
(ii) The depiction captures or depicts the victim of a	156
sexually oriented offense, as defined in section 2950.01 of the	157
Powigod Codo at the actual occurrence of that offense	159

(jj) Restricted portions of a body-worn camera or	159
dashboard camera recording;	160
(kk) In the case of a fetal-infant mortality review board	161
acting under sections 3707.70 to 3707.77 of the Revised Code,	162
records, documents, reports, or other information presented to	163
the board or a person abstracting such materials on the board's	164
behalf, statements made by review board members during board	165
meetings, all work products of the board, and data submitted by	166
the board to the department of health or a national infant death	167
review database, other than the report prepared pursuant to	168
section 3707.77 of the Revised Code.	169
(11) Records, documents, reports, or other information	170
presented to the pregnancy-associated mortality review board	171
established under section 3738.01 of the Revised Code,	172
statements made by board members during board meetings, all work	173
products of the board, and data submitted by the board to the	174
department of health, other than the biennial reports prepared	175
under section 3738.08 of the Revised Code;	176
(mm) Telephone numbers for a victim, as defined in section	177
2930.01 of the Revised Code, a witness to a crime, or a party to	178
a motor vehicle accident subject to the requirements of section	179
5502.11 of the Revised Code that are listed on any law	180
enforcement record or report;	181
(nn) A completed child survival form submitted to the	182
department of health under section 3701.792 of the Revised Code.	183
A record that is not a public record under division (A)(1)	184
of this section and that, under law, is permanently retained	185
becomes a public record on the day that is seventy-five years	186
after the day on which the record was created, except for any	187

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record protected by the attorney-client privilege, a trial	188
preparation record as defined in this section, a statement	189
prohibiting the release of identifying information signed under	190
section 3107.083 of the Revised Code, a denial of release form	191
filed pursuant to section 3107.46 of the Revised Code, or any	192
record that is exempt from release or disclosure under section	193
149.433 of the Revised Code. If the record is a birth	194
certificate and a biological parent's name redaction request	195
form has been accepted under section 3107.391 of the Revised	196
Code, the name of that parent shall be redacted from the birth	197
certificate before it is released under this paragraph. If any	198
other section of the Revised Code establishes a time period for	199
disclosure of a record that conflicts with the time period	200
specified in this section, the time period in the other section	201
prevails.	202
(2) "Confidential law enforcement investigatory record"	203
means any record that pertains to a law enforcement matter of a	204
criminal, quasi-criminal, civil, or administrative nature, but	205
only to the extent that the release of the record would create a	206
high probability of disclosure of any of the following:	207
(a) The identity of a suspect who has not been charged	208
with the offense to which the record pertains, or of an	209
information source or witness to whom confidentiality has been	210
reasonably promised;	211
(b) Information provided by an information source or	212
witness to whom confidentiality has been reasonably promised,	213
which information would reasonably tend to disclose the source's	214
or witness's identity;	215

(c) Specific confidential investigatory techniques or

procedures or specific investigatory work product;

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(d) Information that would endanger the life or physical	218
safety of law enforcement personnel, a crime victim, a witness,	219
or a confidential information source.	220
(3) "Medical record" means any document or combination of	221
documents, except births, deaths, and the fact of admission to	222
or discharge from a hospital, that pertains to the medical	223
history, diagnosis, prognosis, or medical condition of a patient	224
and that is generated and maintained in the process of medical	225
treatment.	226
(4) "Trial preparation record" means any record that	227
contains information that is specifically compiled in reasonable	228
anticipation of, or in defense of, a civil or criminal action or	229
proceeding, including the independent thought processes and	230
personal trial preparation of an attorney.	231
(5) "Intellectual property record" means a record, other	232
than a financial or administrative record, that is produced or	233
collected by or for faculty or staff of a state institution of	234
higher learning in the conduct of or as a result of study or	235
research on an educational, commercial, scientific, artistic,	236
technical, or scholarly issue, regardless of whether the study	237
or research was sponsored by the institution alone or in	238
conjunction with a governmental body or private concern, and	239
that has not been publicly released, published, or patented.	240
(6) "Donor profile record" means all records about donors	241
or potential donors to a public institution of higher education	242
except the names and reported addresses of the actual donors and	243
the date, amount, and conditions of the actual donation.	244

(7) "Designated public service worker" means a peace

officer, parole officer, probation officer, bailiff, prosecuting

attorney, assistant prosecuting attorney, correctional employee,	247
county or multicounty corrections officer, community-based	248
correctional facility employee, youth services employee,	249
firefighter, EMT, medical director or member of a cooperating	250
physician advisory board of an emergency medical service	251
organization, state board of pharmacy employee, investigator of	252
the bureau of criminal identification and investigation, judge,	253
magistrate, or federal law enforcement officer.	254
(8) "Designated public service worker residential and	255
familial information" means any information that discloses any	256
of the following about a designated public service worker:	257
(a) The address of the actual personal residence of a	258
designated public service worker, except for the following	259
information:	260
(i) The address of the actual personal residence of a	261
prosecuting attorney or judge; and	262
(ii) The state or political subdivision in which a	263
designated public service worker resides.	264
(b) Information compiled from referral to or participation	265
in an employee assistance program;	266
(c) The social security number, the residential telephone	267
number, any bank account, debit card, charge card, or credit	268
card number, or the emergency telephone number of, or any	269
medical information pertaining to, a designated public service	270
worker;	271
(d) The name of any beneficiary of employment benefits,	272
including, but not limited to, life insurance benefits, provided	273
to a designated public service worker by the designated public	274
service worker's employer;	275

(e) The identity and amount of any charitable or	276
employment benefit deduction made by the designated public	277
service worker's employer from the designated public service	278
worker's compensation, unless the amount of the deduction is	279
required by state or federal law;	280
(f) The name, the residential address, the name of the	281
employer, the address of the employer, the social security	282
number, the residential telephone number, any bank account,	283
debit card, charge card, or credit card number, or the emergency	284
telephone number of the spouse, a former spouse, or any child of	285
a designated public service worker;	286
(g) A photograph of a peace officer who holds a position	287
or has an assignment that may include undercover or plain	288
clothes positions or assignments as determined by the peace	289
officer's appointing authority.	290
(9) As used in divisions (A)(7) and (15) to (17) of this	291
section:	292
"Peace officer" has the meaning defined in section 109.71	293
of the Revised Code and also includes the superintendent and	294
troopers of the state highway patrol; it does not include the	295
sheriff of a county or a supervisory employee who, in the	296
absence of the sheriff, is authorized to stand in for, exercise	297
the authority of, and perform the duties of the sheriff.	298
"Correctional employee" means any employee of the	299
department of rehabilitation and correction who in the course of	300
performing the employee's job duties has or has had contact with	301
inmates and persons under supervision.	302
"County or multicounty corrections officer" means any	303

corrections officer employed by any county or multicounty

correctional facility.	305
"Youth services employee" means any employee of the	306
department of youth services who in the course of performing the	307
employee's job duties has or has had contact with children	308
committed to the custody of the department of youth services.	309
"Firefighter" means any regular, paid or volunteer, member	310
of a lawfully constituted fire department of a municipal	311
corporation, township, fire district, or village.	312
"EMT" means EMTs-basic, EMTs-I, and paramedics that	313
provide emergency medical services for a public emergency	314
medical service organization. "Emergency medical service	315
organization," "EMT-basic," "EMT-I," and "paramedic" have the	316
meanings defined in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code.	317
"Investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and	318
investigation" has the meaning defined in section 2903.11 of the	319
Revised Code.	320
"Federal law enforcement officer" has the meaning defined	321
in section 9.88 of the Revised Code.	322
(10) "Information pertaining to the recreational	323
activities of a person under the age of eighteen" means	324
information that is kept in the ordinary course of business by a	325
public office, that pertains to the recreational activities of a	326
person under the age of eighteen years, and that discloses any	327
of the following:	328
(a) The address or telephone number of a person under the	329
age of eighteen or the address or telephone number of that	330
person's parent, guardian, custodian, or emergency contact	331
nerson.	333

(b) The social security number, birth date, or	333
photographic image of a person under the age of eighteen;	334
(c) Any medical record, history, or information pertaining	335
to a person under the age of eighteen;	336
(d) Any additional information sought or required about a	337
person under the age of eighteen for the purpose of allowing	338
that person to participate in any recreational activity	339
conducted or sponsored by a public office or to use or obtain	340
admission privileges to any recreational facility owned or	341
operated by a public office.	342
(11) "Community control sanction" has the meaning defined	343
in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	344
(12) "Post-release control sanction" has the meaning	345
defined in section 2967.01 of the Revised Code.	346
(13) "Redaction" means obscuring or deleting any	347
information that is exempt from the duty to permit public	348
inspection or copying from an item that otherwise meets the	349
definition of a "record" in section 149.011 of the Revised Code.	350
(14) "Designee," "elected official," and "future official"	351
have the meanings defined in section 109.43 of the Revised Code.	352
(15) "Body-worn camera" means a visual and audio recording	353
device worn on the person of a peace officer while the peace	354
officer is engaged in the performance of the peace officer's	355
duties.	356
(16) "Dashboard camera" means a visual and audio recording	357
device mounted on a peace officer's vehicle or vessel that is	358
used while the peace officer is engaged in the performance of	359
the peace officer's duties.	360

(17) "Restricted portions of a body-worn camera or	361
dashboard camera recording" means any visual or audio portion of	362
a body-worn camera or dashboard camera recording that shows,	363
communicates, or discloses any of the following:	364
(a) The image or identity of a child or information that	365
could lead to the identification of a child who is a primary	366
subject of the recording when the law enforcement agency knows	367
or has reason to know the person is a child based on the law	368
enforcement agency's records or the content of the recording;	369
(b) The death of a person or a deceased person's body,	370
unless the death was caused by a peace officer or, subject to	371
division (H)(1) of this section, the consent of the decedent's	372
executor or administrator has been obtained;	373
(c) The death of a peace officer, firefighter, paramedic,	374
or other first responder, occurring while the decedent was	375
engaged in the performance of official duties, unless, subject	376
to division (H)(1) of this section, the consent of the	377
decedent's executor or administrator has been obtained;	378
(d) Grievous bodily harm, unless the injury was effected	379
by a peace officer or, subject to division (H)(1) of this	380
section, the consent of the injured person or the injured	381
person's guardian has been obtained;	382
(e) An act of severe violence against a person that	383
results in serious physical harm to the person, unless the act	384
and injury was effected by a peace officer or, subject to	385
division (H)(1) of this section, the consent of the injured	386
person or the injured person's guardian has been obtained;	387
(f) Grievous bodily harm to a peace officer, firefighter,	388
paramedic, or other first responder, occurring while the injured	389

person was engaged in the performance of official duties,	390
unless, subject to division (H)(1) of this section, the consent	391
of the injured person or the injured person's guardian has been	392
obtained;	393
(g) An act of severe violence resulting in serious	394
physical harm against a peace officer, firefighter, paramedic,	395
or other first responder, occurring while the injured person was	396
engaged in the performance of official duties, unless, subject	397
to division (H)(1) of this section, the consent of the injured	398
person or the injured person's guardian has been obtained;	399
(h) A person's nude body, unless, subject to division (H)	400
(1) of this section, the person's consent has been obtained;	401
(i) Protected health information, the identity of a person	402
in a health care facility who is not the subject of a law	403
enforcement encounter, or any other information in a health care	404
facility that could identify a person who is not the subject of	405
a law enforcement encounter;	406
(j) Information that could identify the alleged victim of	407
a sex offense, menacing by stalking, or domestic violence;	408
(k) Information, that does not constitute a confidential	409
law enforcement investigatory record, that could identify a	410
person who provides sensitive or confidential information to a	411
law enforcement agency when the disclosure of the person's	412
identity or the information provided could reasonably be	413
expected to threaten or endanger the safety or property of the	414
person or another person;	415
(1) Personal information of a person who is not arrested,	416
cited, charged, or issued a written warning by a peace officer;	417
(m) Proprietary police contingency plans or tactics that	418

are intended to prevent crime and maintain public order and	419
safety;	420
(n) A personal conversation unrelated to work between	421
peace officers or between a peace officer and an employee of a	422
law enforcement agency;	423
(o) A conversation between a peace officer and a member of	424
the public that does not concern law enforcement activities;	425
(p) The interior of a residence, unless the interior of a	426
residence is the location of an adversarial encounter with, or a	427
use of force by, a peace officer;	428
(q) Any portion of the interior of a private business that	429
is not open to the public, unless an adversarial encounter with,	430
or a use of force by, a peace officer occurs in that location.	431
As used in division (A)(17) of this section:	432
"Grievous bodily harm" has the same meaning as in section	433
5924.120 of the Revised Code.	434
"Health care facility" has the same meaning as in section	435
1337.11 of the Revised Code.	436
"Protected health information" has the same meaning as in	437
45 C.F.R. 160.103.	438
"Law enforcement agency" has the same meaning as in	439
section 2925.61 of the Revised Code.	440
"Personal information" means any government-issued	441
identification number, date of birth, address, financial	442
information, or criminal justice information from the law	443
enforcement automated data system or similar databases.	444
"Sex offense" has the same meaning as in section 2907.10	445

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of the Revised Code.

"Firefighter," "paramedic," and "first responder" have the 447 same meanings as in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code. 448

(B) (1) Upon request and subject to division (B) (8) of this 449 section, all public records responsive to the request shall be 450 promptly prepared and made available for inspection to any 4.51 person at all reasonable times during regular business hours. 452 Subject to division (B)(8) of this section, upon request by any 453 person, a public office or person responsible for public records 454 shall make copies of the requested public record available to 455 the requester at cost and within a reasonable period of time. If 456 a public record contains information that is exempt from the 457 duty to permit public inspection or to copy the public record, 458 the public office or the person responsible for the public 459 record shall make available all of the information within the 460 public record that is not exempt. When making that public record 461 available for public inspection or copying that public record, 462 the public office or the person responsible for the public 463 record shall notify the requester of any redaction or make the 464 redaction plainly visible. A redaction shall be deemed a denial 465 of a request to inspect or copy the redacted information, except 466 if federal or state law authorizes or requires a public office 467 to make the redaction.

(2) To facilitate broader access to public records, a public office or the person responsible for public records shall organize and maintain public records in a manner that they can be made available for inspection or copying in accordance with division (B) of this section. A public office also shall have available a copy of its current records retention schedule at a location readily available to the public. If a requester makes

an ambiguous or overly broad request or has difficulty in making	47
a request for copies or inspection of public records under this	47
section such that the public office or the person responsible	47
for the requested public record cannot reasonably identify what	47
public records are being requested, the public office or the	48
person responsible for the requested public record may deny the	48
request but shall provide the requester with an opportunity to	48
revise the request by informing the requester of the manner in	48
which records are maintained by the public office and accessed	48
in the ordinary course of the public office's or person's	48
duties.	48

- (3) If a request is ultimately denied, in part or in whole, the public office or the person responsible for the requested public record shall provide the requester with an explanation, including legal authority, setting forth why the request was denied. If the initial request was provided in writing, the explanation also shall be provided to the requester in writing. The explanation shall not preclude the public office or the person responsible for the requested public record from relying upon additional reasons or legal authority in defending an action commenced under division (C) of this section.
- (4) Unless specifically required or authorized by state or federal law or in accordance with division (B) of this section, no public office or person responsible for public records may limit or condition the availability of public records by requiring disclosure of the requester's identity or the intended use of the requested public record. Any requirement that the requester disclose the requester's identity or the intended use of the requested public record constitutes a denial of the request.

(5) A public office or person responsible for public	506
records may ask a requester to make the request in writing, may	507
ask for the requester's identity, and may inquire about the	508
intended use of the information requested, but may do so only	509
after disclosing to the requester that a written request is not	510
mandatory, that the requester may decline to reveal the	511
requester's identity or the intended use, and when a written	512
request or disclosure of the identity or intended use would	513
penefit the requester by enhancing the ability of the public	514
office or person responsible for public records to identify,	515
locate, or deliver the public records sought by the requester.	516

(6) If any person requests a copy of a public record in 517 accordance with division (B) of this section, the public office 518 or person responsible for the public record may require that 519 person to pay in advance the cost involved in providing the copy 520 of the public record in accordance with the choice made by the 521 person requesting the copy under this division. The public 522 office or the person responsible for the public record shall 523 permit that person to choose to have the public record 524 duplicated upon paper, upon the same medium upon which the 525 public office or person responsible for the public record keeps 526 it, or upon any other medium upon which the public office or 527 person responsible for the public record determines that it 528 reasonably can be duplicated as an integral part of the normal 529 operations of the public office or person responsible for the 530 public record. When the person requesting the copy makes a 531 choice under this division, the public office or person 532 responsible for the public record shall provide a copy of it in 533 accordance with the choice made by that person. Nothing in this 534 section requires a public office or person responsible for the 535 public record to allow the person requesting a copy of the 536

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public record to make the copies of the public record.

- (7) (a) Upon a request made in accordance with division (B) 538 of this section and subject to division (B)(6) of this section, 539 a public office or person responsible for public records shall 540 transmit a copy of a public record to any person by United 541 States mail or by any other means of delivery or transmission 542 within a reasonable period of time after receiving the request 543 for the copy. The public office or person responsible for the 544 public record may require the person making the request to pay 545 in advance the cost of postage if the copy is transmitted by 546 United States mail or the cost of delivery if the copy is 547 transmitted other than by United States mail, and to pay in 548 advance the costs incurred for other supplies used in the 549 mailing, delivery, or transmission. 550
- (b) Any public office may adopt a policy and procedures that it will follow in transmitting, within a reasonable period of time after receiving a request, copies of public records by United States mail or by any other means of delivery or transmission pursuant to division (B)(7) of this section. A public office that adopts a policy and procedures under division (B)(7) of this section shall comply with them in performing its duties under that division.
- (c) In any policy and procedures adopted under division
 (B) (7) of this section:
- (i) A public office may limit the number of records requested by a person that the office will physically deliver by United States mail or by another delivery service to ten per month, unless the person certifies to the office in writing that the person does not intend to use or forward the requested records, or the information contained in them, for commercial

purposes;

- (ii) A public office that chooses to provide some or all of its public records on a web site that is fully accessible to and searchable by members of the public at all times, other than during acts of God outside the public office's control or maintenance, and that charges no fee to search, access, download, or otherwise receive records provided on the web site, may limit to ten per month the number of records requested by a person that the office will deliver in a digital format, unless the requested records are not provided on the web site and unless the person certifies to the office in writing that the person does not intend to use or forward the requested records, or the information contained in them, for commercial purposes.
- (iii) For purposes of division (B)(7) of this section,
 "commercial" shall be narrowly construed and does not include
 reporting or gathering news, reporting or gathering information
 to assist citizen oversight or understanding of the operation or
 activities of government, or nonprofit educational research.
- (8) A public office or person responsible for public records is not required to permit a person who is incarcerated pursuant to a criminal conviction or a juvenile adjudication to inspect or to obtain a copy of any public record concerning a criminal investigation or prosecution or concerning what would be a criminal investigation or prosecution if the subject of the investigation or prosecution were an adult, unless the request to inspect or to obtain a copy of the record is for the purpose of acquiring information that is subject to release as a public record under this section and the judge who imposed the sentence or made the adjudication with respect to the person, or the judge's successor in office, finds that the information sought

a justiciable claim of the person.	598
(9)(a) Upon written request made and signed by a	599
journalist, a public office, or person responsible for public	600
records, having custody of the records of the agency employing a	601
specified designated public service worker shall disclose to the	602
journalist the address of the actual personal residence of the	603
designated public service worker and, if the designated public	604
service worker's spouse, former spouse, or child is employed by	605
a public office, the name and address of the employer of the	606
designated public service worker's spouse, former spouse, or	607
child. The request shall include the journalist's name and title	608
and the name and address of the journalist's employer and shall	609
state that disclosure of the information sought would be in the	610
public interest.	611
(b) Division (B)(9)(a) of this section also applies to	612
journalist requests for:	613
(i) Customer information maintained by a municipally owned	614
or operated public utility, other than social security numbers	615
and any private financial information such as credit reports,	616
payment methods, credit card numbers, and bank account	617
information;	618
(ii) Information about minors involved in a school vehicle	619
accident as provided in division (A)(1)(gg) of this section,	620
other than personal information as defined in section 149.45 of	621
the Revised Code.	622
(c) As used in division (B)(9) of this section,	623
"journalist" means a person engaged in, connected with, or	624
employed by any news medium, including a newspaper, magazine,	625

in the public record is necessary to support what appears to be 597

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press association, news agency, or wire service, a radio or	626
television station, or a similar medium, for the purpose of	627
gathering, processing, transmitting, compiling, editing, or	628
disseminating information for the general public.	629
(10) Upon a request made by a victim, victim's attorney,	630
or victim's representative, as that term is used in section	631
2930.02 of the Revised Code, a public office or person	632
responsible for public records shall transmit a copy of a	633
depiction of the victim as described in division (A)(1)(gg) of	634
this section to the victim, victim's attorney, or victim's	635
representative.	636
(C)(1) If a person allegedly is aggrieved by the failure	637
of a public office or the person responsible for public records	638
to promptly prepare a public record and to make it available to	639
the person for inspection in accordance with division (B) of	640
this section or by any other failure of a public office or the	641
person responsible for public records to comply with an	642
obligation in accordance with division (B) of this section, the	643
person allegedly aggrieved may do only one of the following, and	644
not both:	645
(a) File a complaint with the clerk of the court of claims	646
or the clerk of the court of common pleas under section 2743.75	647
of the Revised Code;	648
(b) Commence a mandamus action to obtain a judgment that	649
orders the public office or the person responsible for the	650
public record to comply with division (B) of this section, that	651
awards court costs and reasonable attorney's fees to the person	652
that instituted the mandamus action, and, if applicable, that	653
includes an order fixing statutory damages under division (C)(2)	654

of this section. The mandamus action may be commenced in the

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court of common pleas of the county in which division (B) of	656
this section allegedly was not complied with, in the supreme	657
court pursuant to its original jurisdiction under Section 2 of	658
Article IV, Ohio Constitution, or in the court of appeals for	659
the appellate district in which division (B) of this section	660
allegedly was not complied with pursuant to its original	661
jurisdiction under Section 3 of Article IV, Ohio Constitution.	662

(2) If a requester transmits a written request by hand delivery, electronic submission, or certified mail to inspect or receive copies of any public record in a manner that fairly describes the public record or class of public records to the public office or person responsible for the requested public records, except as otherwise provided in this section, the requester shall be entitled to recover the amount of statutory damages set forth in this division if a court determines that the public office or the person responsible for public records failed to comply with an obligation in accordance with division (B) of this section.

The amount of statutory damages shall be fixed at one 674 hundred dollars for each business day during which the public 675 office or person responsible for the requested public records 676 failed to comply with an obligation in accordance with division 677 (B) of this section, beginning with the day on which the 678 requester files a mandamus action to recover statutory damages, 679 up to a maximum of one thousand dollars. The award of statutory 680 damages shall not be construed as a penalty, but as compensation 681 for injury arising from lost use of the requested information. 682 The existence of this injury shall be conclusively presumed. The 683 award of statutory damages shall be in addition to all other 684 remedies authorized by this section. 685

The court may reduce an award of statutory damages or not	686
award statutory damages if the court determines both of the	687
following:	688
(a) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory	689
law and case law as it existed at the time of the conduct or	690
threatened conduct of the public office or person responsible	691
for the requested public records that allegedly constitutes a	692
failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with division	693
(B) of this section and that was the basis of the mandamus	694
action, a well-informed public office or person responsible for	695
the requested public records reasonably would believe that the	696
conduct or threatened conduct of the public office or person	697
responsible for the requested public records did not constitute	698
a failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with	699
division (B) of this section;	700
(b) That a well-informed public office or person	701
responsible for the requested public records reasonably would	702
believe that the conduct or threatened conduct of the public	703
office or person responsible for the requested public records	704
would serve the public policy that underlies the authority that	705
is asserted as permitting that conduct or threatened conduct.	706
(3) In a mandamus action filed under division (C)(1) of	707
this section, the following apply:	708
(a)(i) If the court orders the public office or the person	709
responsible for the public record to comply with division (B) of	710
this section, the court shall determine and award to the relator	711
all court costs, which shall be construed as remedial and not	712
punitive.	713

(ii) If the court makes a determination described in

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division (C)(3)(b)(iii) of this section, the court shall	715
determine and award to the relator all court costs, which shall	716
be construed as remedial and not punitive.	717

- (b) If the court renders a judgment that orders the public office or the person responsible for the public record to comply with division (B) of this section or if the court determines any of the following, the court may award reasonable attorney's fees to the relator, subject to division (C)(4) of this section:
- (i) The public office or the person responsible for the public records failed to respond affirmatively or negatively to the public records request in accordance with the time allowed under division (B) of this section.
- (ii) The public office or the person responsible for the 727 public records promised to permit the relator to inspect or 728 receive copies of the public records requested within a 729 specified period of time but failed to fulfill that promise 730 within that specified period of time. 731
- (iii) The public office or the person responsible for the 732 public records acted in bad faith when the office or person 733 734 voluntarily made the public records available to the relator for the first time after the relator commenced the mandamus action, 735 but before the court issued any order concluding whether or not 736 the public office or person was required to comply with division 737 (B) of this section. No discovery may be conducted on the issue 738 of the alleged bad faith of the public office or person 739 responsible for the public records. This division shall not be 740 construed as creating a presumption that the public office or 741 the person responsible for the public records acted in bad faith 742 when the office or person voluntarily made the public records 743 available to the relator for the first time after the relator 744

commenced the mandamus action, but before the court issued any	745
order described in this division.	746
(c) The court shall not award attorney's fees to the	747
relator if the court determines both of the following:	748
(i) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory	749
law and case law as it existed at the time of the conduct or	750
threatened conduct of the public office or person responsible	751
for the requested public records that allegedly constitutes a	752
failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with division	753
(B) of this section and that was the basis of the mandamus	754
action, a well-informed public office or person responsible for	755
the requested public records reasonably would believe that the	756
conduct or threatened conduct of the public office or person	757
responsible for the requested public records did not constitute	758
a failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with	759
division (B) of this section;	760
(ii) That a well-informed public office or person	761
responsible for the requested public records reasonably would	762
believe that the conduct or threatened conduct of the public	763
office or person responsible for the requested public records	764
would serve the public policy that underlies the authority that	765
is asserted as permitting that conduct or threatened conduct.	766
(4) All of the following apply to any award of reasonable	767
attorney's fees awarded under division (C)(3)(b) of this	768
section:	769
(a) The fees shall be construed as remedial and not	770
punitive.	771
(b) The fees awarded shall not exceed the total of the	772
reasonable attorney's fees incurred before the public record was	773

made available to the relator and the fees described in division	774
(C)(4)(c) of this section.	775
(c) Reasonable attorney's fees shall include reasonable	776
fees incurred to produce proof of the reasonableness and amount	777
of the fees and to otherwise litigate entitlement to the fees.	778
(d) The court may reduce the amount of fees awarded if the	779
court determines that, given the factual circumstances involved	780
with the specific public records request, an alternative means	781
should have been pursued to more effectively and efficiently	782
resolve the dispute that was subject to the mandamus action	783
filed under division (C)(1) of this section.	784
(5) If the court does not issue a writ of mandamus under	785
division (C) of this section and the court determines at that	786
time that the bringing of the mandamus action was frivolous	787
conduct as defined in division (A) of section 2323.51 of the	788
Revised Code, the court may award to the public office all court	789
costs, expenses, and reasonable attorney's fees, as determined	790
by the court.	791
(D) Chapter 1347. of the Revised Code does not limit the	792
provisions of this section.	793
(E)(1) To ensure that all employees of public offices are	794
appropriately educated about a public office's obligations under	795
division (B) of this section, all elected officials or their	796
appropriate designees shall attend training approved by the	797
attorney general as provided in section 109.43 of the Revised	798
Code. A future official may satisfy the requirements of this	799
division by attending the training before taking office,	800
provided that the future official may not send a designee in the	801
future official's place.	802

(2) All public offices shall adopt a public records policy	803
in compliance with this section for responding to public records	804
requests. In adopting a public records policy under this	805
division, a public office may obtain guidance from the model	806
public records policy developed and provided to the public	807
office by the attorney general under section 109.43 of the	808
Revised Code. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the	809
policy may not limit the number of public records that the	810
public office will make available to a single person, may not	811
limit the number of public records that it will make available	812
during a fixed period of time, and may not establish a fixed	813
period of time before it will respond to a request for	814
inspection or copying of public records, unless that period is	815
less than eight hours.	816

The public office shall distribute the public records 817 policy adopted by the public office under this division to the 818 employee of the public office who is the records custodian or 819 records manager or otherwise has custody of the records of that 820 office. The public office shall require that employee to 821 acknowledge receipt of the copy of the public records policy. 822 The public office shall create a poster that describes its 823 public records policy and shall post the poster in a conspicuous 824 place in the public office and in all locations where the public 825 office has branch offices. The public office may post its public 826 records policy on the internet web site of the public office if 827 the public office maintains an internet web site. A public 828 office that has established a manual or handbook of its general 829 policies and procedures for all employees of the public office 830 shall include the public records policy of the public office in 831 the manual or handbook. 832

(F)(1) The bureau of motor vehicles may adopt rules

pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to reasonably limit the number of bulk commercial special extraction requests made by a person for the same records or for updated records during a calendar year. The rules may include provisions for charges to be made for bulk commercial special extraction requests for the actual cost of the bureau, plus special extraction costs, plus ten per cent. The bureau may charge for expenses for redacting information, the release of which is prohibited by law.

- (2) As used in division (F)(1) of this section:
- (a) "Actual cost" means the cost of depleted supplies, records storage media costs, actual mailing and alternative delivery costs, or other transmitting costs, and any direct equipment operating and maintenance costs, including actual costs paid to private contractors for copying services.
- (b) "Bulk commercial special extraction request" means a request for copies of a record for information in a format other than the format already available, or information that cannot be extracted without examination of all items in a records series, class of records, or database by a person who intends to use or forward the copies for surveys, marketing, solicitation, or resale for commercial purposes. "Bulk commercial special extraction request" does not include a request by a person who gives assurance to the bureau that the person making the request does not intend to use or forward the requested copies for surveys, marketing, solicitation, or resale for commercial purposes.
- (c) "Commercial" means profit-seeking production, buying, or selling of any good, service, or other product.
 - (d) "Special extraction costs" means the cost of the time

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spent by the lowest paid employee competent to perform the task,	863
the actual amount paid to outside private contractors employed	864
by the bureau, or the actual cost incurred to create computer	865
programs to make the special extraction. "Special extraction	866
costs" include any charges paid to a public agency for computer	867
or records services.	868
(3) For purposes of divisions (F)(1) and (2) of this	869
section, "surveys, marketing, solicitation, or resale for	870
commercial purposes" shall be narrowly construed and does not	871
include reporting or gathering news, reporting or gathering	872
information to assist citizen oversight or understanding of the	873
operation or activities of government, or nonprofit educational	874
research.	875
(G) A request by a defendant, counsel of a defendant, or	876
any agent of a defendant in a criminal action that public	877
records related to that action be made available under this	878
section shall be considered a demand for discovery pursuant to	879
the Criminal Rules, except to the extent that the Criminal Rules	880
plainly indicate a contrary intent. The defendant, counsel of	881
the defendant, or agent of the defendant making a request under	882
this division shall serve a copy of the request on the	883
prosecuting attorney, director of law, or other chief legal	884
officer responsible for prosecuting the action.	885
(H)(1) Any portion of a body-worn camera or dashboard	886
camera recording described in divisions (A)(17)(b) to (h) of	887
this section may be released by consent of the subject of the	888
recording or a representative of that person, as specified in	889
those divisions, only if either of the following applies:	890

(a) The recording will not be used in connection with any

probable or pending criminal proceedings;

criminal proceeding that was dismissed or for which a judgment	894
has been entered pursuant to Rule 32 of the Rules of Criminal	895
Procedure, and will not be used again in connection with any	896
probable or pending criminal proceedings.	897
(2) If a public office denies a request to release a	898
restricted portion of a body-worn camera or dashboard camera	899
recording, as defined in division (A)(17) of this section, any	900
person may file a mandamus action pursuant to this section or a	901
complaint with the clerk of the court of claims pursuant to	902
section 2743.75 of the Revised Code, requesting the court to	903
order the release of all or portions of the recording. If the	904
court considering the request determines that the filing	905
articulates by clear and convincing evidence that the public	906
interest in the recording substantially outweighs privacy	907
interests and other interests asserted to deny release, the	908
court shall order the public office to release the recording.	909
Sec. 2919.13. (A) No person shall purposely take the life	910
of a child born by attempted abortion who is alive when removed	911
from the uterus of the pregnant woman.	912
(B) No person who performs an abortion shall purposely	913
fail to take the measures required by the exercise of medical	914
judgment in light of the attending circumstances to preserve the	915
<u>health or</u> life of a child who is alive when removed from the	916
uterus of the pregnant woman.	917
(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of abortion	918
manslaughter, a felony of the first degree.	919
(D)(1) A woman on whom an abortion is performed or	920
attempted may file a civil action for the wrongful death of the	921

(b) The recording has been used in connection with a

woman's child against a person who violates division (A) of this	922
section.	923
(2) A woman on whom an abortion is performed or attempted	924
may file a civil action for injury, death, or loss to person or	925
property against a person who violates division (B) of this	926
section.	927
(3) A woman who prevails in an action filed under division	928
(D) (1) or (2) of this section shall receive both of the	929
following from the person who committed the act:	930
(a) Compensatory and exemplary damages in an amount	931
determined by the trier of fact;	932
(b) Court costs and reasonable attorney's fees.	933
Sec. 3701.79. (A) As used in this section and in sections	934
3701.791 and 3701.792 of the Revised Code:	935
(1) "Abortion" has the same meaning as in section 2919.11	936
of the Revised Code.	937
(2) "Abortion report" means a form completed pursuant to	938
division (C) of this section.	939
(3) "Ambulatory surgical facility" has the same meaning as	940
in section 3702.30 of the Revised Code.	941
(4) "Department" means the department of health.	942
(5) "Hospital" means any building, structure, institution,	943
or place devoted primarily to the maintenance and operation of	944
facilities for the diagnosis, treatment, and medical or surgical	945
care for three or more unrelated individuals suffering from	946
illness, disease, injury, or deformity, and regularly making	947
available at least clinical laboratory services, diagnostic x-	948

abortion was performed:

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ray services, treatment facilities for surgery or obstetrical	949
care, or other definitive medical treatment. "Hospital" does not	950
include a "home" as defined in section 3721.01 of the Revised	951
Code.	952
(6) "Physician's office" means an office or portion of an	953
office that is used to provide medical or surgical services to	954
the physician's patients. "Physician's office" does not mean an	955
ambulatory surgical facility, a hospital, or a hospital	956
emergency department.	957
(7) "Postabortion care" means care given after the uterus	958
has been evacuated by abortion.	959
(B) The department shall be responsible for collecting and	960
collating abortion data reported to the department as required	961
by this section.	962
(C) The attending physician shall complete an individual	963
abortion report for each abortion the physician performs upon a	964
woman. The report shall be confidential and shall not contain	965
the woman's name. The report shall include, but is not limited	966
to, all of the following, insofar as the patient makes the data	967
available that is not within the physician's knowledge:	968
(1) Patient number;	969
(2) The name and address of the facility in which the	970
abortion was performed, and whether the facility is a hospital,	971
ambulatory surgical facility, physician's office, or other	972
facility;	973
(3) The date of the abortion;	974
(4) All of the following regarding the woman on whom the	975

	(a)	Zip code of residence;	977
	(b)	Age;	978
	(C)	Race;	979
	(d)	Marital status;	980
	(e)	Number of previous pregnancies;	981
	(f)	Years of education;	982
	(g)	Number of living children;	983
	(h)	Number of previously induced abortions;	984
	(i)	Date of last induced abortion;	985
	(j)	Date of last live birth;	986
	(k)	Method of contraception at the time of conception;	987
	(1)	Date of the first day of the last menstrual period;	988
	(m)	Medical condition at the time of the abortion;	989
	(n)	Rh-type;	990
abor	(o)	The number of weeks of gestation at the time of the	991 992
	(5)	The type of abortion procedure performed;	993
	(6)	Complications by type;	994
		Written acknowledgment by the attending physician that	995
		ant woman is not seeking the abortion, in whole or in	996
part		cause of any of the following:	997
ال ال الم		A test result indicating Down syndrome in an unborn	998
chil	.a;		999
	(b)	A prenatal diagnosis of Down syndrome in an unborn	1000

child;	1001
(c) Any other reason to believe that an unborn child has Down syndrome.	1002 1003
(8) Type of procedure performed after the abortion;	1004
(9) Type of family planning recommended;	1005
(10) Type of additional counseling given;	1006
(11) Signature of attending physician.	1007
(D) The physician who completed the abortion report under	1008
division (C) of this section shall submit the abortion report to	1009
the department within fifteen days after the woman is	1010
discharged.	1011
(E) The appropriate vital records report or certificate	1012
shall be made out after the twentieth week of gestation.	1013
(F) A copy of the abortion report shall be made part of	1014
the medical record of the patient of the facility in which the	1015
abortion was performed.	1016
(G) Each hospital shall file monthly and annual reports	1017
listing the total number of women who have undergone a post-	1018
twelve-week-gestation abortion and received postabortion care.	1019
The annual report shall be filed following the conclusion of the	1020
state's fiscal year. Each report shall be filed within thirty	1021
days after the end of the applicable reporting period.	1022
(H) Each case in which a physician treats a post abortion	1023
complication shall be reported on a postabortion complication	1024
form. The report shall be made upon a form prescribed by the	1025
department, shall be signed by the attending physician, and	1026
shall be confidential.	1027

(I)(1) Not later than the first day of October of each	1028
year, the department shall issue an annual report of the	1029
abortion data reported to the department for the previous	1030
calendar year as required by this section. The annual report	1031
shall include at least the following information:	1032
(a) The total number of induced abortions;	1033
(b) The number of abortions performed on Ohio and out-of-	1034
state residents;	1035
(c) The number of abortions performed, sorted by each of	1036
the following:	1037
(i) The age of the woman on whom the abortion was	1038
performed, using the following categories: under fifteen years	1039
of age, fifteen to nineteen years of age, twenty to twenty-four	1040
years of age, twenty-five to twenty-nine years of age, thirty to	1041
thirty-four years of age, thirty-five to thirty-nine years of	1042
age, forty to forty-four years of age, forty-five years of age	1043
or older;	1044
(ii) The race and Hispanic ethnicity of the woman on whom	1045
the abortion was performed;	1046
(iii) The education level of the woman on whom the	1047
abortion was performed, using the following categories or their	1048
equivalents: less than ninth grade, ninth through twelfth grade,	1049
one or more years of college;	1050
(iv) The marital status of the woman on whom the abortion	1051
was performed;	1052
(v) The number of living children of the woman on whom the	1053
abortion was performed, using the following categories: none,	1054
one, or two or more;	1055

(vi) The number of weeks of gestation of the woman at the	1056
time the abortion was performed, using the following categories:	1057
less than nine weeks, nine to twelve weeks, thirteen to nineteen	1058
weeks, or twenty weeks or more;	1059
(vii) The county in which the abortion was performed;	1060
(viii) The type of abortion procedure performed;	1061
(ix) The number of abortions previously performed on the	1062
woman on whom the abortion was performed;	1063
(x) The type of facility in which the abortion was	1064
performed;	1065
(xi) For Ohio residents, the county of residence of the	1066
woman on whom the abortion was performed.	1067
(2) The report also shall indicate the number and type of	1068
the abortion complications reported to the department either on	1069
the abortion report required under division (C) of this section	1070
or the postabortion complication report required under division	1071
(H) of this section.	1072
(3) In addition to the annual report required under	1073
division (I)(1) of this section, the department shall make	1074
available, on request, the number of abortions performed by zip	1075
code of residence.	1076
(J) The director of health shall implement this section	1077
and shall apply to the court of common pleas for temporary or	1078
permanent injunctions restraining a violation or threatened	1079
violation of its requirements. This action is an additional	1080
remedy not dependent on the adequacy of the remedy at law.	1081
Sec. 3701.792. (A) The director of health shall develop a	1082
child survival form to be submitted to the department of health	1083

in accordance with division (B) of this section each time a	1084
child is born alive after an abortion or attempted abortion. In	1085
developing the form, the director may consult with	1086
obstetricians, maternal-fetal specialists, or any other	1087
professionals the director considers appropriate. The form shall	1088
include areas for all of the following to be provided:	1089
(1) The patient number for the woman on whom the abortion	1090
was performed or attempted;	1091
(2) The name, primary business address, and signature of	1092
the attending physician described in section 3701.79 of the	1093
Revised Code who performed or attempted to perform the abortion;	1094
(3) The name and address of the facility in which the	1095
abortion was performed or attempted, and whether the facility is	1096
a hospital, ambulatory surgical facility, physician's office, or	1097
other facility;	1098
(4) The date the abortion was performed or attempted;	1099
(5) The type of abortion procedure that was performed or	1100
<pre>attempted;</pre>	1101
(6) The gestational age of the child who was born;	1102
(7) Complications, by type, for both the woman and child;	1103
(8) Any other information the director considers	1104
appropriate.	1105
(B) The attending physician who performed or attempted an	1106
abortion in which a child was born alive after that event shall	1107
complete a child survival form developed under division (A) of	1108
this section. The physician shall submit the completed form to	1109
the department of health not later than fifteen days after the	1110
woman is discharged from the facility.	1111

A completed child survival form is confidential and not a	1112
public record under section 149.43 of the Revised Code.	1113
(C) A copy of the child survival form completed under this	1114
section shall be made part of the medical record maintained for	1115
the woman by the facility in which the abortion was performed or	1116
attempted.	1117
(D) Each facility in which an abortion was performed or	1118
attempted and in which a child was born alive after that event	1119
shall submit monthly and annual reports to the department of	1120
health listing the total number of women on whom an abortion was	1121
performed or attempted at the facility and in which a child was	1122
born alive after that event, delineated by the type of abortion	1123
procedure that was performed or attempted. The annual report	1124
shall be submitted following the conclusion of the state's	1125
fiscal year. Each monthly or annual report shall be submitted	1126
not later than thirty days after the end of the applicable	1127
reporting period.	1128
(E) Not later than the first day of October of each year,	1129
the department shall issue an annual report of the data	1130
submitted to the department for the previous calendar year as	1131
required by this section. At a minimum, the annual report shall	1132
specify the number of women on whom an abortion was performed or	1133
attempted and in which a child was born alive after that event,	1134
delineated by the type of abortion procedure that was performed	1135
or attempted and the facility in which the abortion was	1136
performed or attempted. The report shall not contain any	1137
information that would permit the identity of a woman on whom an	1138
abortion was performed or attempted or any child to be	1139
ascertained.	1140
(F) No person shall purposely fail to comply with the	1141

child survival form submission requirement described in division	1142
(B) of this section or the copy maintenance requirement	1143
described in division (C) of this section.	1144
(G) No person shall purposely fail to comply with the	1145
monthly or annual report submission requirements described in	1146
division (D) of this section.	1147
(H) A woman on whom an abortion is performed or attempted	1148
may file a civil action against a person who violates division	1149
(F) or (G) or this section. A woman who prevails in an action	1150
filed under this division shall receive both of the following	1151
from the person who committed the violation:	1152
(1) Damages in the amount of ten thousand dollars;	1153
(2) Court costs and reasonable attorney's fees.	1154
Sec. 3701.99. (A) Whoever violates division (C) of section	1155
3701.23, division (C) of section 3701.232, division (C) of	1156
section 3701.24, division (D)(2) of section 3701.262, or	1157
sections 3701.46 to 3701.55 of the Revised Code is guilty of a	1158
minor misdemeanor on a first offense; on each subsequent	1159
offense, the person is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth	1160
degree.	1161
(B) Whoever violates section 3701.82 of the Revised Code	1162
is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.	1163
(C) Whoever violates section 3701.352 or 3701.81 of the	1164
Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree.	1165
(D) Whoever violates division (F) or (G) of section	1166
3701.792 of the Revised Code is guilty of a felony of the third	1167
degree.	1168
Sec. 4731.22. (A) The state medical board, by an	1169

affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, may	1170
limit, revoke, or suspend a license or certificate to practice	1171
or certificate to recommend, refuse to grant a license or	1172
certificate, refuse to renew a license or certificate, refuse to	1173
reinstate a license or certificate, or reprimand or place on	1174
probation the holder of a license or certificate if the	1175
individual applying for or holding the license or certificate is	1176
found by the board to have committed fraud during the	1177
administration of the examination for a license or certificate	1178
to practice or to have committed fraud, misrepresentation, or	1179
deception in applying for, renewing, or securing any license or	1180
certificate to practice or certificate to recommend issued by	1181
the board.	1182
(B) The board, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than	1183
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
six members, shall, to the extent permitted by law, limit,	1184

- six members, shall, to the extent permitted by law, limit,

 1184
 revoke, or suspend a license or certificate to practice or

 1185
 certificate to recommend, refuse to issue a license or

 1186
 certificate, refuse to renew a license or certificate, refuse to

 1187
 reinstate a license or certificate, or reprimand or place on

 1188
 probation the holder of a license or certificate for one or more

 1189
 of the following reasons:
- (1) Permitting one's name or one's license or certificate 1191 to practice to be used by a person, group, or corporation when 1192 the individual concerned is not actually directing the treatment 1193 given; 1194
- (2) Failure to maintain minimal standards applicable to 1195
 the selection or administration of drugs, or failure to employ 1196
 acceptable scientific methods in the selection of drugs or other 1197
 modalities for treatment of disease; 1198
 - (3) Except as provided in section 4731.97 of the Revised

Code, selling, giving away, personally furnishing, prescribing,	1200
or administering drugs for other than legal and legitimate	1201
therapeutic purposes or a plea of guilty to, a judicial finding	1202
of guilt of, or a judicial finding of eligibility for	1203
intervention in lieu of conviction of, a violation of any	1204
federal or state law regulating the possession, distribution, or	1205
use of any drug;	1206

(4) Willfully betraying a professional confidence.

For purposes of this division, "willfully betraying a 1208 professional confidence" does not include providing any 1209 information, documents, or reports under sections 307.621 to 1210 307.629 of the Revised Code to a child fatality review board; 1211 does not include providing any information, documents, or 1212 reports to the director of health pursuant to guidelines 1213 established under section 3701.70 of the Revised Code; does not 1214 include written notice to a mental health professional under 1215 section 4731.62 of the Revised Code; and does not include the 1216 making of a report of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or a 1217 report of a condition of an employee other than one involving 1218 the use of a drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as 1219 described in division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised 1220 Code. Nothing in this division affects the immunity from civil 1221 liability conferred by section 2305.33 or 4731.62 of the Revised 1222 Code upon a physician who makes a report in accordance with 1223 section 2305.33 or notifies a mental health professional in 1224 accordance with section 4731.62 of the Revised Code. As used in 1225 this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician" have the 1226 same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. 1227

(5) Making a false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading 1228 statement in the solicitation of or advertising for patients; in 1229

relation to the practice of medicine and surgery, osteopathic	1230
medicine and surgery, podiatric medicine and surgery, or a	1231
limited branch of medicine; or in securing or attempting to	1232
secure any license or certificate to practice issued by the	1233
board.	1234
As used in this division, "false, fraudulent, deceptive,	1235
or misleading statement" means a statement that includes a	1236
misrepresentation of fact, is likely to mislead or deceive	1237
because of a failure to disclose material facts, is intended or	1238
is likely to create false or unjustified expectations of	1239
favorable results, or includes representations or implications	1240
that in reasonable probability will cause an ordinarily prudent	1241
person to misunderstand or be deceived.	1242
(6) A departure from, or the failure to conform to,	1243
minimal standards of care of similar practitioners under the	1244
same or similar circumstances, whether or not actual injury to a	1245
patient is established;	1246
(7) Representing, with the purpose of obtaining	1247
compensation or other advantage as personal gain or for any	1248
other person, that an incurable disease or injury, or other	1249
incurable condition, can be permanently cured;	1250
(8) The obtaining of, or attempting to obtain, money or	1251
anything of value by fraudulent misrepresentations in the course	1252
of practice;	1253
(9) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	1254
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	1255
conviction for, a felony;	1256
(10) Commission of an act that constitutes a felony in	1257
this state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was	1258

committed;	1259
(11) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	1260
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	1261
conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of	1262
practice;	1263
(12) Commission of an act in the course of practice that	1264
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	1265
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	1266
(13) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	1267
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	1268
conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;	1269
(14) Commission of an act involving moral turpitude that	1270
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	1271
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	1272
(15) Violation of the conditions of limitation placed by	1273
the board upon a license or certificate to practice;	1274
(16) Failure to pay license renewal fees specified in this	1275
chapter;	1276
(17) Except as authorized in section 4731.31 of the	1277
Revised Code, engaging in the division of fees for referral of	1278
patients, or the receiving of a thing of value in return for a	1279
specific referral of a patient to utilize a particular service	1280
or business;	1281
(18) Subject to section 4731.226 of the Revised Code,	1282
violation of any provision of a code of ethics of the American	1283
medical association, the American osteopathic association, the	1284
American podiatric medical association, or any other national	1285
professional organizations that the board specifies by rule. The	1286

state medical board shall obtain and keep on file current copies	1287
of the codes of ethics of the various national professional	1288
organizations. The individual whose license or certificate is	1289
being suspended or revoked shall not be found to have violated	1290
any provision of a code of ethics of an organization not	1291
appropriate to the individual's profession.	1292

For purposes of this division, a "provision of a code of 1293 ethics of a national professional organization" does not include 1294 any provision that would preclude the making of a report by a 1295 physician of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or of a 1296 condition of an employee other than one involving the use of a 1297 drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as described in 1298 division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. Nothing in 1299 this division affects the immunity from civil liability 1300 conferred by that section upon a physician who makes either type 1301 of report in accordance with division (B) of that section. As 1302 used in this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician" 1303 have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised 1304 Code. 1305

(19) Inability to practice according to acceptable and
prevailing standards of care by reason of mental illness or
physical illness, including, but not limited to, physical
deterioration that adversely affects cognitive, motor, or
perceptive skills.

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In enforcing this division, the board, upon a showing of a 1311 possible violation, may compel any individual authorized to 1312 practice by this chapter or who has submitted an application 1313 pursuant to this chapter to submit to a mental examination, 1314 physical examination, including an HIV test, or both a mental 1315 and a physical examination. The expense of the examination is 1316

the responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined.	1317
Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination or consent	1318
to an HIV test ordered by the board constitutes an admission of	1319
the allegations against the individual unless the failure is due	1320
to circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default	1321
and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony	1322
or presentation of evidence. If the board finds an individual	1323
unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this	1324
division, the board shall require the individual to submit to	1325
care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or	1326
designated by the board, as a condition for initial, continued,	1327
reinstated, or renewed authority to practice. An individual	1328
affected under this division shall be afforded an opportunity to	1329
demonstrate to the board the ability to resume practice in	1330
compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the	1331
provisions of the individual's license or certificate. For the	1332
purpose of this division, any individual who applies for or	1333
receives a license or certificate to practice under this chapter	1334
accepts the privilege of practicing in this state and, by so	1335
doing, shall be deemed to have given consent to submit to a	1336
mental or physical examination when directed to do so in writing	1337
by the board, and to have waived all objections to the	1338
admissibility of testimony or examination reports that	1339
constitute a privileged communication.	1340

(20) Except as provided in division (F)(1)(b) of section 1341 4731.282 of the Revised Code or when civil penalties are imposed 1342 under section 4731.225 of the Revised Code, and subject to 1343 section 4731.226 of the Revised Code, violating or attempting to 1344 violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the 1345 violation of, or conspiring to violate, any provisions of this 1346 chapter or any rule promulgated by the board.

This division does not apply to a violation or attempted	1348
violation of, assisting in or abetting the violation of, or a	1349
conspiracy to violate, any provision of this chapter or any rule	1350
adopted by the board that would preclude the making of a report	1351
by a physician of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or of a	1352
condition of an employee other than one involving the use of a	1353
drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as described in	1354
division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. Nothing in	1355
this division affects the immunity from civil liability	1356
conferred by that section upon a physician who makes either type	1357
of report in accordance with division (B) of that section. As	1358
used in this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician"	1359
have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised	1360
Code.	1361

- (21) The violation of section 3701.79 of the Revised Code 1362 or of any abortion rule adopted by the director of health 1363 pursuant to section 3701.341 of the Revised Code; 1364
- (22) Any of the following actions taken by an agency 1365 responsible for authorizing, certifying, or regulating an 1366 individual to practice a health care occupation or provide 1367 health care services in this state or another jurisdiction, for 1368 any reason other than the nonpayment of fees: the limitation, 1369 revocation, or suspension of an individual's license to 1370 practice; acceptance of an individual's license surrender; 1371 denial of a license; refusal to renew or reinstate a license; 1372 imposition of probation; or issuance of an order of censure or 1373 other reprimand; 1374
- (23) The violation of section 2919.12 of the Revised Code 1375 or the performance or inducement of an abortion upon a pregnant 1376 woman with actual knowledge that the conditions specified in 1377

division (B) of section 2317.56 of the Revised Code have not	1378
been satisfied or with a heedless indifference as to whether	1379
those conditions have been satisfied, unless an affirmative	1380
defense as specified in division (H)(2) of that section would	1381
apply in a civil action authorized by division (H)(1) of that	1382
section;	1383
(24) The revocation, suspension, restriction, reduction,	1384
or termination of clinical privileges by the United States	1385
department of defense or department of veterans affairs or the	1386
termination or suspension of a certificate of registration to	1387
prescribe drugs by the drug enforcement administration of the	1388
United States department of justice;	1389
(25) Termination or suspension from participation in the	1390
medicare or medicaid programs by the department of health and	1391
human services or other responsible agency;	1392
(26) Impairment of ability to practice according to	1393
acceptable and prevailing standards of care because of habitual	1394
or excessive use or abuse of drugs, alcohol, or other substances	1395
that impair ability to practice.	1396
For the purposes of this division, any individual	1397
authorized to practice by this chapter accepts the privilege of	1398
practicing in this state subject to supervision by the board. By	1399
filing an application for or holding a license or certificate to	1400
practice under this chapter, an individual shall be deemed to	1401
have given consent to submit to a mental or physical examination	1402
when ordered to do so by the board in writing, and to have	1403
waived all objections to the admissibility of testimony or	1404
examination reports that constitute privileged communications.	1405

If it has reason to believe that any individual authorized

to practice by this chapter or any applicant for licensure or	1407
certification to practice suffers such impairment, the board may	1408
compel the individual to submit to a mental or physical	1409
examination, or both. The expense of the examination is the	1410
responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined. Any	1411
mental or physical examination required under this division	1412
shall be undertaken by a treatment provider or physician who is	1413
qualified to conduct the examination and who is chosen by the	1414
board.	1415

Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination 1416 ordered by the board constitutes an admission of the allegations 1417 against the individual unless the failure is due to 1418 circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default and 1419 final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or 1420 presentation of evidence. If the board determines that the 1421 individual's ability to practice is impaired, the board shall 1422 suspend the individual's license or certificate or deny the 1423 individual's application and shall require the individual, as a 1424 condition for initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed 1425 licensure or certification to practice, to submit to treatment. 1426

Before being eligible to apply for reinstatement of a 1427 license or certificate suspended under this division, the 1428 impaired practitioner shall demonstrate to the board the ability 1429 to resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing 1430 standards of care under the provisions of the practitioner's 1431 license or certificate. The demonstration shall include, but 1432 shall not be limited to, the following: 1433

(a) Certification from a treatment provider approved under 1434 section 4731.25 of the Revised Code that the individual has 1435 successfully completed any required inpatient treatment; 1436

(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an	1437
aftercare contract or consent agreement;	1438
(c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's	1439
ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual	1440
has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and	1441
prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by	1442
individuals or providers approved by the board for making the	1443
assessments and shall describe the basis for their	1444
determination.	1445
The board may reinstate a license or certificate suspended	1446
under this division after that demonstration and after the	1447
individual has entered into a written consent agreement.	1448
When the impaired practitioner resumes practice, the board	1449
shall require continued monitoring of the individual. The	1450
monitoring shall include, but not be limited to, compliance with	1451
the written consent agreement entered into before reinstatement	1452
or with conditions imposed by board order after a hearing, and,	1453
upon termination of the consent agreement, submission to the	1454
board for at least two years of annual written progress reports	1455
made under penalty of perjury stating whether the individual has	1456
maintained sobriety.	1457
(27) A second or subsequent violation of section 4731.66	1458
or 4731.69 of the Revised Code;	1459
(28) Except as provided in division (N) of this section:	1460
(a) Waiving the payment of all or any part of a deductible	1461
or copayment that a patient, pursuant to a health insurance or	1462
health care policy, contract, or plan that covers the	1463
individual's services, otherwise would be required to pay if the	1464
waiver is used as an enticement to a patient or group of	1465

patients to receive health care services from that individual;	1466
(b) Advertising that the individual will waive the payment	1467
of all or any part of a deductible or copayment that a patient,	1468
pursuant to a health insurance or health care policy, contract,	1469
or plan that covers the individual's services, otherwise would	1470
be required to pay.	1471
(29) Failure to use universal blood and body fluid	1472
precautions established by rules adopted under section 4731.051	1473
of the Revised Code;	1474
(30) Failure to provide notice to, and receive	1475
acknowledgment of the notice from, a patient when required by	1476
section 4731.143 of the Revised Code prior to providing	1477
nonemergency professional services, or failure to maintain that	1478
notice in the patient's medical record;	1479
(31) Failure of a physician supervising a physician	1480
assistant to maintain supervision in accordance with the	1481
requirements of Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code and the rules	1482
adopted under that chapter;	1483
(32) Failure of a physician or podiatrist to enter into a	1484
standard care arrangement with a clinical nurse specialist,	1485
certified nurse-midwife, or certified nurse practitioner with	1486
whom the physician or podiatrist is in collaboration pursuant to	1487
section 4731.27 of the Revised Code or failure to fulfill the	1488
responsibilities of collaboration after entering into a standard	1489
care arrangement;	1490
(33) Failure to comply with the terms of a consult	1491
agreement entered into with a pharmacist pursuant to section	1492
4729.39 of the Revised Code;	1493
(34) Failure to cooperate in an investigation conducted by	1494

the board under division (F) of this section, including failure	1495
to comply with a subpoena or order issued by the board or	1496
failure to answer truthfully a question presented by the board	1497
in an investigative interview, an investigative office	1498
conference, at a deposition, or in written interrogatories,	1499
except that failure to cooperate with an investigation shall not	1500
constitute grounds for discipline under this section if a court	1501
of competent jurisdiction has issued an order that either	1502
quashes a subpoena or permits the individual to withhold the	1503
testimony or evidence in issue;	1504
(35) Failure to supervise an oriental medicine	1505
practitioner or acupuncturist in accordance with Chapter 4762.	1506
of the Revised Code and the board's rules for providing that	1507
supervision;	1508
(36) Failure to supervise an anesthesiologist assistant in	1509
accordance with Chapter 4760. of the Revised Code and the	1510
board's rules for supervision of an anesthesiologist assistant;	1511
(37) Assisting suicide, as defined in section 3795.01 of	1512
the Revised Code;	1513
(38) Failure to comply with the requirements of section	1514
2317.561 of the Revised Code;	1515
(39) Failure to supervise a radiologist assistant in	1516
accordance with Chapter 4774. of the Revised Code and the	1517
board's rules for supervision of radiologist assistants;	1518
(40) Performing or inducing an abortion at an office or	1519
facility with knowledge that the office or facility fails to	1520
post the notice required under section 3701.791 of the Revised	1521
Code;	1522

(41) Failure to comply with the standards and procedures

established in rules under section 4731.054 of the Revised Code	1524
for the operation of or the provision of care at a pain	1525
management clinic;	1526
(42) Failure to comply with the standards and procedures	1527
established in rules under section 4731.054 of the Revised Code	1528
for providing supervision, direction, and control of individuals	1529
at a pain management clinic;	1530
(43) Failure to comply with the requirements of section	1531
4729.79 or 4731.055 of the Revised Code, unless the state board	1532
of pharmacy no longer maintains a drug database pursuant to	1533
section 4729.75 of the Revised Code;	1534
(44) Failure to comply with the requirements of section	1535
2919.171, 2919.202, or 2919.203 of the Revised Code or failure	1536
to submit to the department of health in accordance with a court	1537
order a complete report as described in section 2919.171 or	1538
2919.202 of the Revised Code;	1539
(45) Practicing at a facility that is subject to licensure	1540
as a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with a	1541
pain management clinic classification unless the person	1542
operating the facility has obtained and maintains the license	1543
with the classification;	1544
(46) Owning a facility that is subject to licensure as a	1545
category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with a pain	1546
management clinic classification unless the facility is licensed	1547
with the classification;	1548
(47) Failure to comply with any of the requirements	1549
regarding making or maintaining medical records or documents	1550
described in division (A) of section 2919.192, division (C) of	1551
section 2919.193, division (B) of section 2919.195, or division	1552

(A) of section 2919.196 of the Revised Code;	1553
(48) Failure to comply with the requirements in section	1554
3719.061 of the Revised Code before issuing for a minor a	1555
prescription for an opioid analgesic, as defined in section	1556
3719.01 of the Revised Code;	1557
(49) Failure to comply with the requirements of section	1558
4731.30 of the Revised Code or rules adopted under section	1559
4731.301 of the Revised Code when recommending treatment with	1560
medical marijuana;	1561
(50) Practicing at a facility, clinic, or other location	1562
that is subject to licensure as a category III terminal	1563
distributor of dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid	1564
treatment classification unless the person operating that place	1565
has obtained and maintains the license with the classification;	1566
(51) Owning a facility, clinic, or other location that is	1567
subject to licensure as a category III terminal distributor of	1568
dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid treatment	1569
classification unless that place is licensed with the	1570
classification;	1571
(52) A pattern of continuous or repeated violations of	1572
division (E)(2) or (3) of section 3963.02 of the Revised Code $\underline{:}$	1573
(53) Failure to take the steps specified in section	1574
4731.92 of the Revised Code following an abortion or attempted	1575
abortion in an ambulatory surgical facility or other location	1576
that is not a hospital when a child is born alive.	1577
(C) Disciplinary actions taken by the board under	1578
divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall be taken pursuant to	1579
an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, except	1580
that in lieu of an adjudication, the board may enter into a	1581

consent agreement with an individual to resolve an allegation of	1582
a violation of this chapter or any rule adopted under it. A	1583
consent agreement, when ratified by an affirmative vote of not	1584
fewer than six members of the board, shall constitute the	1585
findings and order of the board with respect to the matter	1586
addressed in the agreement. If the board refuses to ratify a	1587
consent agreement, the admissions and findings contained in the	1588
consent agreement shall be of no force or effect.	1589

A telephone conference call may be utilized for
ratification of a consent agreement that revokes or suspends an
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individual's license or certificate to practice or certificate
to recommend. The telephone conference call shall be considered
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a special meeting under division (F) of section 121.22 of the
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Revised Code.

If the board takes disciplinary action against an 1596 individual under division (B) of this section for a second or 1597 subsequent plea of quilty to, or judicial finding of quilt of, a 1598 violation of section 2919.123 of the Revised Code, the 1599 disciplinary action shall consist of a suspension of the 1600 individual's license or certificate to practice for a period of 1601 at least one year or, if determined appropriate by the board, a 1602 more serious sanction involving the individual's license or 1603 certificate to practice. Any consent agreement entered into 1604 under this division with an individual that pertains to a second 1605 or subsequent plea of quilty to, or judicial finding of quilt 1606 of, a violation of that section shall provide for a suspension 1607 of the individual's license or certificate to practice for a 1608 period of at least one year or, if determined appropriate by the 1609 board, a more serious sanction involving the individual's 1610 license or certificate to practice. 1611

- (D) For purposes of divisions (B) (10), (12), and (14) of 1612 this section, the commission of the act may be established by a 1613 finding by the board, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 1614 119. of the Revised Code, that the individual committed the act. 1615 The board does not have jurisdiction under those divisions if 1616 the trial court renders a final judgment in the individual's 1617 favor and that judgment is based upon an adjudication on the 1618 merits. The board has jurisdiction under those divisions if the 1619 trial court issues an order of dismissal upon technical or 1620 1621 procedural grounds.
- (E) The sealing of conviction records by any court shall 1622 have no effect upon a prior board order entered under this 1623 section or upon the board's jurisdiction to take action under 1624 this section if, based upon a plea of guilty, a judicial finding 1625 of guilt, or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention 1626 in lieu of conviction, the board issued a notice of opportunity 1627 for a hearing prior to the court's order to seal the records. 1628 The board shall not be required to seal, destroy, redact, or 1629 otherwise modify its records to reflect the court's sealing of 1630 conviction records. 1631
- (F) (1) The board shall investigate evidence that appears 1632 to show that a person has violated any provision of this chapter 1633 or any rule adopted under it. Any person may report to the board 1634 in a signed writing any information that the person may have 1635 that appears to show a violation of any provision of this 1636 chapter or any rule adopted under it. In the absence of bad 1637 faith, any person who reports information of that nature or who 1638 testifies before the board in any adjudication conducted under 1639 Chapter 119. of the Revised Code shall not be liable in damages 1640 in a civil action as a result of the report or testimony. Each 1641 complaint or allegation of a violation received by the board 1642

shall be assigned a case number and shall be recorded by the 1643 board.

- (2) Investigations of alleged violations of this chapter 1645 or any rule adopted under it shall be supervised by the 1646 supervising member elected by the board in accordance with 1647 section 4731.02 of the Revised Code and by the secretary as 1648 provided in section 4731.39 of the Revised Code. The president 1649 may designate another member of the board to supervise the 1650 investigation in place of the supervising member. No member of 1651 the board who supervises the investigation of a case shall 1652 participate in further adjudication of the case. 1653
- (3) In investigating a possible violation of this chapter 1654 or any rule adopted under this chapter, or in conducting an 1655 inspection under division (E) of section 4731.054 of the Revised 1656 Code, the board may question witnesses, conduct interviews, 1657 administer oaths, order the taking of depositions, inspect and 1658 copy any books, accounts, papers, records, or documents, issue 1659 subpoenas, and compel the attendance of witnesses and production 1660 of books, accounts, papers, records, documents, and testimony, 1661 except that a subpoena for patient record information shall not 1662 be issued without consultation with the attorney general's 1663 office and approval of the secretary and supervising member of 1664 the board. 1665
- (a) Before issuance of a subpoena for patient record

 information, the secretary and supervising member shall

 determine whether there is probable cause to believe that the

 complaint filed alleges a violation of this chapter or any rule

 adopted under it and that the records sought are relevant to the

 alleged violation and material to the investigation. The

 subpoena may apply only to records that cover a reasonable

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period of time surrounding the alleged violation. 1673

- (b) On failure to comply with any subpoena issued by the 1674 board and after reasonable notice to the person being 1675 subpoenaed, the board may move for an order compelling the 1676 production of persons or records pursuant to the Rules of Civil 1677 Procedure.
- (c) A subpoena issued by the board may be served by a sheriff, the sheriff's deputy, or a board employee or agent designated by the board. Service of a subpoena issued by the board may be made by delivering a copy of the subpoena to the person named therein, reading it to the person, or leaving it at the person's usual place of residence, usual place of business, or address on file with the board. When serving a subpoena to an applicant for or the holder of a license or certificate issued under this chapter, service of the subpoena may be made by certified mail, return receipt requested, and the subpoena shall be deemed served on the date delivery is made or the date the person refuses to accept delivery. If the person being served refuses to accept the subpoena or is not located, service may be made to an attorney who notifies the board that the attorney is representing the person.
- (d) A sheriff's deputy who serves a subpoena shall receive the same fees as a sheriff. Each witness who appears before the board in obedience to a subpoena shall receive the fees and mileage provided for under section 119.094 of the Revised Code.
- (4) All hearings, investigations, and inspections of the 1698 board shall be considered civil actions for the purposes of 1699 section 2305.252 of the Revised Code. 1700
 - (5) A report required to be submitted to the board under 1701

this chapter, a complaint, or information received by the board
pursuant to an investigation or pursuant to an inspection under
division (E) of section 4731.054 of the Revised Code is
confidential and not subject to discovery in any civil action.

The board shall conduct all investigations or inspections 1706 and proceedings in a manner that protects the confidentiality of 1707 patients and persons who file complaints with the board. The 1708 board shall not make public the names or any other identifying 1709 information about patients or complainants unless proper consent 1710 is given or, in the case of a patient, a waiver of the patient 1711 privilege exists under division (B) of section 2317.02 of the 1712 Revised Code, except that consent or a waiver of that nature is 1713 not required if the board possesses reliable and substantial 1714 evidence that no bona fide physician-patient relationship 1715 exists. 1716

The board may share any information it receives pursuant 1717 to an investigation or inspection, including patient records and 1718 patient record information, with law enforcement agencies, other 1719 licensing boards, and other governmental agencies that are 1720 prosecuting, adjudicating, or investigating alleged violations 1721 of statutes or administrative rules. An agency or board that 1722 receives the information shall comply with the same requirements 1723 regarding confidentiality as those with which the state medical 1724 board must comply, notwithstanding any conflicting provision of 1725 the Revised Code or procedure of the agency or board that 1726 applies when it is dealing with other information in its 1727 possession. In a judicial proceeding, the information may be 1728 admitted into evidence only in accordance with the Rules of 1729 Evidence, but the court shall require that appropriate measures 1730 are taken to ensure that confidentiality is maintained with 1731 respect to any part of the information that contains names or 1732

other identifying information about patients or complainants	1733
whose confidentiality was protected by the state medical board	1734
when the information was in the board's possession. Measures to	1735
ensure confidentiality that may be taken by the court include	1736
sealing its records or deleting specific information from its	1737
records.	1738
(6) On a quarterly basis, the board shall prepare a report	1739
that documents the disposition of all cases during the preceding	1740
three months. The report shall contain the following information	1741
for each case with which the board has completed its activities:	1742
(a) The case number assigned to the complaint or alleged	1743
violation;	1744
(b) The type of license or certificate to practice, if	1745
any, held by the individual against whom the complaint is	1746
directed;	1747
(c) A description of the allegations contained in the	1748
complaint;	1749
(d) The disposition of the case.	1750
The report shall state how many cases are still pending	1751
and shall be prepared in a manner that protects the identity of	1752
each person involved in each case. The report shall be a public	1753
record under section 149.43 of the Revised Code.	1754
(G) If the secretary and supervising member determine both	1755
of the following, they may recommend that the board suspend an	1756
individual's license or certificate to practice or certificate	1757
to recommend without a prior hearing:	1758
(1) That there is clear and convincing evidence that an	1759
individual has violated division (B) of this section;	1760

(2) That the individual's continued practice presents a danger of immediate and serious harm to the public.

Written allegations shall be prepared for consideration by the board. The board, upon review of those allegations and by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, excluding the secretary and supervising member, may suspend a license or certificate without a prior hearing. A telephone conference call may be utilized for reviewing the allegations and taking the vote on the summary suspension.

The board shall issue a written order of suspension by certified mail or in person in accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code. The order shall not be subject to suspension by the court during pendency of any appeal filed under section 119.12 of the Revised Code. If the individual subject to the summary suspension requests an adjudicatory hearing by the board, the date set for the hearing shall be within fifteen days, but not earlier than seven days, after the individual requests the hearing, unless otherwise agreed to by both the board and the individual.

Any summary suspension imposed under this division shall remain in effect, unless reversed on appeal, until a final adjudicative order issued by the board pursuant to this section and Chapter 119. of the Revised Code becomes effective. The board shall issue its final adjudicative order within seventy-five days after completion of its hearing. A failure to issue the order within seventy-five days shall result in dissolution of the summary suspension order but shall not invalidate any subsequent, final adjudicative order.

(H) If the board takes action under division (B)(9), (11), 1789 or (13) of this section and the judicial finding of guilt, 1790

quilty plea, or judicial finding of eligibility for intervention 1791 in lieu of conviction is overturned on appeal, upon exhaustion 1792 of the criminal appeal, a petition for reconsideration of the 1793 order may be filed with the board along with appropriate court 1794 documents. Upon receipt of a petition of that nature and 1795 supporting court documents, the board shall reinstate the 1796 individual's license or certificate to practice. The board may 1797 then hold an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code 1798 to determine whether the individual committed the act in 1799 question. Notice of an opportunity for a hearing shall be given 1800 in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. If the 1801 board finds, pursuant to an adjudication held under this 1802 division, that the individual committed the act or if no hearing 1803 is requested, the board may order any of the sanctions 1804 identified under division (B) of this section. 1805

(I) The license or certificate to practice issued to an 1806 individual under this chapter and the individual's practice in 1807 this state are automatically suspended as of the date of the 1808 individual's second or subsequent plea of quilty to, or judicial 1809 finding of guilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 of the 1810 Revised Code. In addition, the license or certificate to 1811 practice or certificate to recommend issued to an individual 1812 under this chapter and the individual's practice in this state 1813 are automatically suspended as of the date the individual pleads 1814 quilty to, is found by a judge or jury to be guilty of, or is 1815 subject to a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in 1816 lieu of conviction in this state or treatment or intervention in 1817 lieu of conviction in another jurisdiction for any of the 1818 following criminal offenses in this state or a substantially 1819 equivalent criminal offense in another jurisdiction: aggravated 1820 murder, murder, voluntary manslaughter, felonious assault, 1821

kidnapping, rape, sexual battery, gross sexual imposition,	1822
aggravated arson, aggravated robbery, or aggravated burglary.	1823
Continued practice after suspension shall be considered	1824
practicing without a license or certificate.	1825

The board shall notify the individual subject to the

suspension by certified mail or in person in accordance with

section 119.07 of the Revised Code. If an individual whose

license or certificate is automatically suspended under this

division fails to make a timely request for an adjudication

under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the board shall do

whichever of the following is applicable:

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- (1) If the automatic suspension under this division is for 1833 a second or subsequent plea of quilty to, or judicial finding of 1834 guilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 of the Revised Code, 1835 the board shall enter an order suspending the individual's 1836 license or certificate to practice for a period of at least one 1837 year or, if determined appropriate by the board, imposing a more 1838 serious sanction involving the individual's license or 1839 certificate to practice. 1840
- (2) In all circumstances in which division (I)(1) of this

 section does not apply, enter a final order permanently revoking

 the individual's license or certificate to practice.

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- (J) If the board is required by Chapter 119. of the 1844 Revised Code to give notice of an opportunity for a hearing and 1845 if the individual subject to the notice does not timely request 1846 a hearing in accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code, 1847 the board is not required to hold a hearing, but may adopt, by 1848 an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, a 1849 final order that contains the board's findings. In that final 1850 order, the board may order any of the sanctions identified under 1851

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division (A) or (B) of this section.

- (K) Any action taken by the board under division (B) of 1853 this section resulting in a suspension from practice shall be 1854 accompanied by a written statement of the conditions under which 1855 the individual's license or certificate to practice may be 1856 reinstated. The board shall adopt rules governing conditions to 1857 be imposed for reinstatement. Reinstatement of a license or 1858 certificate suspended pursuant to division (B) of this section 1859 requires an affirmative vote of not fewer than six members of 1860 the board. 1861
- (L) When the board refuses to grant or issue a license or certificate to practice to an applicant, revokes an individual's license or certificate to practice, refuses to renew an individual's license or certificate to practice, or refuses to reinstate an individual's license or certificate to practice, the board may specify that its action is permanent. An individual subject to a permanent action taken by the board is forever thereafter ineligible to hold a license or certificate to practice and the board shall not accept an application for reinstatement of the license or certificate or for issuance of a new license or certificate.
- (M) Notwithstanding any other provision of the RevisedCode, all of the following apply:
- (1) The surrender of a license or certificate issued under
 this chapter shall not be effective unless or until accepted by
 the board. A telephone conference call may be utilized for
 acceptance of the surrender of an individual's license or
 certificate to practice. The telephone conference call shall be
 considered a special meeting under division (F) of section
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 121.22 of the Revised Code. Reinstatement of a license or

certificate surrendered to the board requires an affirmative	1882
vote of not fewer than six members of the board.	1883
(2) An application for a license or certificate made under	1884
the provisions of this chapter may not be withdrawn without	1885
approval of the board.	1886
(3) Failure by an individual to renew a license or	1887
certificate to practice in accordance with this chapter or a	1888
certificate to recommend in accordance with rules adopted under	1889
section 4731.301 of the Revised Code shall not remove or limit	1890
the board's jurisdiction to take any disciplinary action under	1891
this section against the individual.	1892
(4) At the request of the board, a license or certificate	1893
holder shall immediately surrender to the board a license or	1894
certificate that the board has suspended, revoked, or	1895
permanently revoked.	1896
(N) Sanctions shall not be imposed under division (B) (28)	1897
of this section against any person who waives deductibles and	1898
copayments as follows:	1899
(1) In compliance with the health benefit plan that	1900
expressly allows such a practice. Waiver of the deductibles or	1901
copayments shall be made only with the full knowledge and	1902
consent of the plan purchaser, payer, and third-party	1903
administrator. Documentation of the consent shall be made	1904
available to the board upon request.	1905
(2) For professional services rendered to any other person	1906
authorized to practice pursuant to this chapter, to the extent	1907
allowed by this chapter and rules adopted by the board.	1908
(O) Under the board's investigative duties described in	1909
this section and subject to division (F) of this section, the	1910

board shall develop and implement a quality intervention program	1911
designed to improve through remedial education the clinical and	1912
communication skills of individuals authorized under this	1913
chapter to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine	1914
and surgery, and podiatric medicine and surgery. In developing	1915
and implementing the quality intervention program, the board may	1916
do all of the following:	1917
(1) Offer in appropriate cases as determined by the board	1918
an educational and assessment program pursuant to an	1919
investigation the board conducts under this section;	1920
(2) Select providers of educational and assessment	1921
services, including a quality intervention program panel of case	1922
reviewers;	1923
(3) Make referrals to educational and assessment service	1924
providers and approve individual educational programs	1925
recommended by those providers. The board shall monitor the	1926
progress of each individual undertaking a recommended individual	1927
educational program.	1928
(4) Determine what constitutes successful completion of an	1929
individual educational program and require further monitoring of	1930
the individual who completed the program or other action that	1931
the board determines to be appropriate;	1932
(5) Adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the	1933
Revised Code to further implement the quality intervention	1934
program.	1935
An individual who participates in an individual	1936
educational program pursuant to this division shall pay the	1937
financial obligations arising from that educational program.	1938
Sec. 4731.92. (A) As used in this section:	1939

(1) "Ambulatory surgical facility" has the same meaning as	1940
in section 3702.30 of the Revised Code.	1941
(2) "Hospital" means a hospital registered with the	1942
department of health under section 3701.07 of the Revised Code.	1943
(B) A physician who performs or attempts an abortion in an	1944
ambulatory surgical facility or other location that is not a	1945
hospital and in which a child is born alive shall immediately	1946
take the following steps upon the child's birth:	1947
(1) Provide post-birth care to the newborn in accordance	1948
with prevailing and acceptable standards of care;	1949
(2) Call for assistance from an emergency medical services	1950
<pre>provider;</pre>	1951
(3) Arrange for the transfer of the newborn to a hospital.	1952
Section 2. That existing sections 149.43, 2919.13,	1953
3701.79, 3701.99, and 4731.22 of the Revised Code are hereby	1954
repealed.	1955