## As Introduced

133rd General Assembly Regular Session

2019-2020

S. B. No. 276

Senators Roegner, Manning Cosponsors: Senators Brenner, Hackett, Eklund

# A BILL

To amend sections 111.16, 122.16, 122.173, 135.14,	1
135.142, 135.35, 150.05, 718.01, 1329.01,	2
1329.02, 1701.03, 1701.05, 1701.791, 1702.05,	3
1702.411, 1703.04, 1729.36, 1729.38, 1745.461,	4
1751.01, 1776.69, 1776.82, 1782.02, 1782.432,	5
1785.09, 3345.203, 3964.03, 3964.17, 4701.14,	6
4703.18, 4703.331, 4715.18, 4715.22, 4715.365,	7
4715.431, 4717.06, 4723.16, 4725.33, 4729.161,	8
4729.541, 4731.226, 4731.228, 4732.28, 4733.16,	9
4734.17, 4755.111, 4755.471, 4757.37, 5701.14,	10
5715.19, 5733.04, 5733.33, 5733.42, 5747.01, and	11
5751.01; to enact sections 1706.01, 1706.02,	12
1706.03, 1706.04, 1706.05, 1706.06, 1706.061,	13
1706.07, 1706.08, 1706.081, 1706.082, 1706.09,	14
1706.16, 1706.161, 1706.17, 1706.171, 1706.172,	15
1706.173, 1706.174, 1706.175, 1706.18, 1706.19,	16
1706.20, 1706.26, 1706.27, 1706.28, 1706.281,	17
1706.29, 1706.30, 1706.31, 1706.311, 1706.32,	18
1706.33, 1706.331, 1706.332, 1706.34, 1706.341,	19
1706.342, 1706.41, 1706.411, 1706.412, 1706.46,	20
1706.461, 1706.47, 1706.471, 1706.472, 1706.473,	21
1706.474, 1706.475, 1706.51, 1706.511, 1706.512,	22
1706.513, 1706.515, 1706.516, 1706.61, 1706.611,	23

### S. B. No. 276 As Introduced

1706.612, 1706.613, 1706.614, 1706.615,	24
1706.616, 1706.617, 1706.618, 1706.71, 1706.73	11, 25
1706.712, 1706.713, 1706.72, 1706.721, 1706.72	22, 26
1706.723, 1706.73, 1706.74, 1706.76, 1706.761	27
1706.762, 1706.763, 1706.764, 1706.765,	28
1706.766, 1706.767, 1706.768, 1706.769,	29
1706.7610, 1706.7611, 1706.7612, 1706.7613,	30
1706.81, 1706.82, 1706.83, and 1706.84; and to	o 31
repeal sections 1705.01, 1705.02, 1705.03,	32
1705.031, 1705.04, 1705.05, 1705.06, 1705.07,	33
1705.08, 1705.081, 1705.09, 1705.10, 1705.11,	34
1705.12, 1705.13, 1705.14, 1705.15, 1705.16,	35
1705.161, 1705.17, 1705.18, 1705.19, 1705.20,	36
1705.21, 1705.22, 1705.23, 1705.24, 1705.25,	37
1705.26, 1705.27, 1705.28, 1705.281, 1705.282	38
1705.29, 1705.291, 1705.292, 1705.30, 1705.31,	39
1705.32, 1705.33, 1705.34, 1705.35, 1705.36,	40
1705.361, 1705.37, 1705.371, 1705.38, 1705.38	1, 41
1705.39, 1705.391, 1705.40, 1705.41, 1705.42,	42
1705.43, 1705.44, 1705.45, 1705.46, 1705.47,	43
1705.48, 1705.49, 1705.50, 1705.51, 1705.52,	44
1705.53, 1705.54, 1705.55, 1705.56, 1705.57,	45
1705.58, and 1705.61 of the Revised Code to	46
enact the Ohio Revised Limited Liability Compa	any 47
Act.	48

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 111.16, 122.16, 122.173, 135.14,49135.142, 135.35, 150.05, 718.01, 1329.01, 1329.02, 1701.03,50

1701.05, 1701.791, 1702.05, 1702.411, 1703.04, 1729.36, 1729.38, 51 1745.461, 1751.01, 1776.69, 1776.82, 1782.02, 1782.432, 1785.09, 52 3345.203, 3964.03, 3964.17, 4701.14, 4703.18, 4703.331, 4715.18, 53 4715.22, 4715.365, 4715.431, 4717.06, 4723.16, 4725.33, 54 4729.161, 4729.541, 4731.226, 4731.228, 4732.28, 4733.16, 55 4734.17, 4755.111, 4755.471, 4757.37, 5701.14, 5715.19, 5733.04, 56 5733.33, 5733.42, 5747.01, and 5751.01 be amended and sections 57 1706.01, 1706.02, 1706.03, 1706.04, 1706.05, 1706.06, 1706.061, 58 1706.07, 1706.08, 1706.081, 1706.082, 1706.09, 1706.16, 59 1706.161, 1706.17, 1706.171, 1706.172, 1706.173, 1706.174, 60 1706.175, 1706.18, 1706.19, 1706.20, 1706.26, 1706.27, 1706.28, 61 1706.281, 1706.29, 1706.30, 1706.31, 1706.311, 1706.32, 1706.33, 62 1706.331, 1706.332, 1706.34, 1706.341, 1706.342, 1706.41, 63 1706.411, 1706.412, 1706.46, 1706.461, 1706.47, 1706.471, 64 1706.472, 1706.473, 1706.474, 1706.475, 1706.51, 1706.511, 65 1706.512, 1706.513, 1706.515, 1706.516, 1706.61, 1706.611, 66 1706.612, 1706.613, 1706.614, 1706.615, 1706.616, 1706.617, 67 1706.618, 1706.71, 1706.711, 1706.712, 1706.713, 1706.72, 68 1706.721, 1706.722, 1706.723, 1706.73, 1706.74, 1706.76, 69 1706.761, 1706.762, 1706.763, 1706.764, 1706.765, 1706.766, 70 1706.767, 1706.768, 1706.769, 1706.7610, 1706.7611, 1706.7612, 71 1706.7613, 1706.81, 1706.82, 1706.83, and 1706.84 of the Revised 72 Code be enacted to read as follows: 73

Sec. 111.16. Except as provided in section 1701.041 of the74Revised Code, the secretary of state shall charge and collect,75for the benefit of the state, the following fees:76

(A) For filing and recording articles of incorporation of 77a domestic corporation, including designation of agent: 78

(1) Wherein the corporation shall not be authorized to 79issue any shares of capital stock, ninety-nine dollars; 80

Page 3

### S. B. No. 276 As Introduced

shares of capital stock, with or without par value:	82
(a) Ten cents for each share authorized up to and	83
including one thousand shares;	84
(b) Five cents for each share authorized in excess of one	85
thousand shares up to and including ten thousand shares;	86
(c) Two cents for each share authorized in excess of ten	87
thousand shares up to and including fifty thousand shares;	88
(d) One cent for each share authorized in excess of fifty	89
thousand shares up to and including one hundred thousand shares;	90
(e) One-half cent for each share authorized in excess of	91
one hundred thousand shares up to and including five hundred	92
thousand shares;	93
(f) One-quarter cent for each share authorized in excess	94
of five hundred thousand shares; provided no fee shall be less	95
than ninety-nine dollars or greater than one hundred thousand	96
dollars.	97
(B) For filing and recording a certificate of amendment to	98
or amended articles of incorporation of a domestic corporation,	99
or for filing and recording a certificate of reorganization, a	100
certificate of dissolution, or an amendment to a foreign license	101
application:	102
(1) If the domestic corporation is not authorized to issue	103
any shares of capital stock, fifty dollars;	104
(2) If the domestic corporation is authorized to issue	105
shares of capital stock, fifty dollars, and in case of any	106
increase in the number of shares authorized to be issued, a	107
further sum computed in accordance with the schedule set forth	108

(2) Wherein the corporation shall be authorized to issue

Page 4

in division (A)(2) of this section less a credit computed in the 109
same manner for the number of shares previously authorized to be 110
issued by the corporation; provided no fee under division (B)(2) 111
of this section shall be greater than one hundred thousand 112
dollars; 113

(3) If the foreign corporation is not authorized to issue any shares of capital stock, fifty dollars;

(4) If the foreign corporation is authorized to issueshares of capital stock, fifty dollars.

(C) For filing and recording articles of incorporation of 118
a savings and loan association, ninety-nine dollars; and for 119
filing and recording a certificate of amendment to or amended 120
articles of incorporation of a savings and loan association, 121
fifty dollars; 122

(D) For filing and recording a certificate of conversion, 123 including a designation of agent, a certificate of merger, or a 124 certificate of consolidation, ninety-nine dollars and, in the 125 case of any new corporation resulting from a consolidation or 126 any surviving corporation that has an increased number of shares 127 authorized to be issued resulting from a merger, an additional 128 sum computed in accordance with the schedule set forth in 129 division (A)(2) of this section less a credit computed in the 130 same manner for the number of shares previously authorized to be 131 issued or represented in this state by each of the corporations 132 for which a consolidation or merger is effected by the 133 certificate; 134

(E) For filing and recording articles of incorporation of 135
a credit union or the American credit union guaranty 136
association, ninety-nine dollars, and for filing and recording a 137

Page 5

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certificate of increase in capital stock or any other amendment 138 of the articles of incorporation of a credit union or the 139 association, fifty dollars; 140 (F) For filing and recording articles of organization of a 141 limited liability company, for filing and recording an 142 application to become a registered foreign limited liability 143 company, for filing and recording a registration application to 144 become a domestic limited liability partnership, or for filing 145 and recording an application to become a registered foreign 146 limited liability partnership, ninety-nine dollars; 147 (G) For filing and recording a certificate of limited 148 partnership or an application for registration as a foreign 149 limited partnership, or for filing an initial statement of 150 partnership authority pursuant to section 1776.33 of the Revised 151 Code, ninety-nine dollars; 152

(H) For filing a copy of papers evidencing the
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incorporation of a municipal corporation or of annexation of
territory by a municipal corporation, five dollars, to be paid
by the municipal corporation, the petitioners therefor, or their
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agent;

(I) For filing and recording any of the following:

(1) A license to transact business in this state by a
foreign corporation for profit pursuant to section 1703.04 of
the Revised Code or a foreign nonprofit corporation pursuant to
section 1703.27 of the Revised Code, ninety-nine dollars;

(2) A biennial report or biennial statement pursuant to
section 1775.63, 1776.83, or 1785.06 of the Revised Code,
twenty-five dollars;

(3) Except as otherwise provided in this section or any 166

Page 6

other section of the Revised Code, any other certificate or167paper that is required to be filed and recorded or is permitted168to be filed and recorded by any provision of the Revised Code169with the secretary of state, twenty-five dollars.170

(J) For filing any certificate or paper not required to be171recorded, five dollars;172

(K) (1) For making copies of any certificate or other paper 173 filed in the office of the secretary of state, a fee not to 174 exceed one dollar per page, except as otherwise provided in the 175 Revised Code, and for creating and affixing the seal of the 176 office of the secretary of state to any good standing or other 177 certificate, five dollars. For copies of certificates or papers 178 required by state officers for official purpose, no charge shall 179 be made. 180

(2) For creating and affixing the seal of the office of 181 the secretary of state to the certificates described in division 182 (E) of section 1701.81, division (E) of section 1701.811, 183 division (E) of section 1705.38, division (E) of section 184 1705.381, division (D) of section 1702.43, division (E) of 185 section 1775.47, division (E) of section 1775.55, division (E) 186 of section 1776.70, division (E) of section 1776.74, division 187 (E) of section 1782.433, or division (E) of section 1782.4310 of 188 the Revised Code, twenty-five dollars. 189

(L) For a minister's license to solemnize marriages, tendollars;

(M) For examining documents to be filed at a later date
for the purpose of advising as to the acceptability of the
proposed filing, fifty dollars;

(N) Fifty dollars for filing and recording any of the 195

Page 7

following: 196 (1) A certificate of dissolution and accompanying 197 documents, or a certificate of cancellation, under section 198 1701.86, 1702.47, 1705.43, 1706.471, 1776.65, or 1782.10 of the 199 Revised Code: 200 (2) A notice of dissolution of a foreign licensed 201 corporation or a certificate of surrender of license by a 202 203 foreign licensed corporation under section 1703.17 of the Revised Code; 204 (3) The withdrawal of registration of a foreign or 205 domestic limited liability partnership under section 1775.61, 206 1775.64, 1776.81, or 1776.86 of the Revised Code, or the 207 certificate of cancellation of registration of a foreign limited 208 liability company under section 1705.57 or 1706.515 of the 209 Revised Code; 210 (4) The filing of a statement of denial under section 211 1776.34 of the Revised Code, a statement of dissociation under 212 section 1776.57 of the Revised Code, a statement of disclaimer 213 of general partner status under Chapter 1782. of the Revised 214 Code, or a cancellation of disclaimer of general partner status 215 under Chapter 1782. of the Revised Code. 216 217 (O) For filing a statement of continued existence by a nonprofit corporation, twenty-five dollars; 218 (P) For filing a restatement under section 1705.08, 219 1706.161, or 1782.09 of the Revised Code, an amendment to a 220 certificate of cancellation under section 1782.10 of the Revised 221 Code, an amendment under section 1705.08, <u>1706.161</u>, or 1782.09 222 of the Revised Code, or a correction under section 1705.55, 223

<u>1706.173, 1706.511, 1706.513, 1775.61, 1775.64, 1776.12, or</u>

Page 8

1782.52 of the Revised Code, fifty dollars; 225 (Q) For filing for reinstatement of an entity cancelled by 226 operation of law, by the secretary of state, by order of the 227 department of taxation, or by order of a court, twenty-five 228 dollars; 229 (R) For filing and recording any of the following: 230 (1) A change of agent, resignation of agent, or change of 231 agent's address under section 1701.07, 1702.06, 1703.041, 232 1703.27, 1705.06, 1705.55, <u>1706.09,</u> 1746.04, 1747.03, 1776.07, 233 or 1782.04 of the Revised Code, twenty-five dollars; 234 (2) A multiple change of agent name or address, 235 standardization of agent address, or resignation of agent under 236 section 1701.07, 1702.06, 1703.041, 1703.27, 1705.06, 1705.55, 237 1706.09, 1746.04, 1747.03, 1776.07, or 1782.04 of the Revised 238 Code, one hundred twenty-five dollars, plus three dollars per 239 entity record being changed, by the multiple agent update. 240 (S) For filing and recording any of the following: 241 (1) An application for the exclusive right to use a name 242 or an application to reserve a name for future use under section 243 1701.05, 1702.05, 1703.31, 1705.05, 1706.07, or 1746.06 of the 244 Revised Code, thirty-nine dollars; 245 (2) A trade name or fictitious name registration or 246 report, thirty-nine dollars; 247 (3) An application to renew any item covered by division 248 (S) (1) or (2) of this section that is permitted to be renewed, 249 twenty-five dollars; 250 (4) An assignment of rights for use of a name covered by 251 division (S)(1), (2), or (3) of this section, the cancellation 252

Page 9

twenty-five dollars.

of a name registration or name reservation that is so covered, 253 or notice of a change of address of the registrant of a name 254 that is so covered, twenty-five dollars. 255 (T) For filing and recording a report to operate a 256 business trust or a real estate investment trust, either foreign 257 or domestic, ninety-nine dollars; and for filing and recording 258 an amendment to a report or associated trust instrument, or a 259 surrender of authority, to operate a business trust or real 260 estate investment trust, fifty dollars; 261 262 (U) (1) For filing and recording the registration of a trademark, service mark, or mark of ownership, one hundred 263 264 twenty-five dollars; (2) For filing and recording the change of address of a 265 registrant, the assignment of rights to a registration, a 266 renewal of a registration, or the cancellation of a registration 267 associated with a trademark, service mark, or mark of ownership, 268

(V) For filing a service of process with the secretary of state, <u>five\_thirty\_five\_dollars</u>, except as otherwise provided in any section of the Revised Code;

(W) For making, recording, and forwarding a commission273under section 107.06 of the Revised Code, the applicable fee274specified in that section.275

Fees specified in this section may be paid by cash, check,276or money order, by credit card in accordance with section 113.40277of the Revised Code, or by an alternative payment program in278accordance with division (B) of section 111.18 of the Revised279Code. Any credit card number or the expiration date of any280credit card is not subject to disclosure under Chapter 149. of281

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the Revised Code.	
Sec. 122.16. (A) As used in this section:	283
(1) "Distressed area" means either a municipal corporation	284
that has a population of at least fifty thousand or a county,	285
that meets two of the following criteria:	286
(a) Its average rate of unemployment, during the most	287
recent five-year period for which data are available, is equal	288
to at least one hundred twenty-five per cent of the average rate	289
of unemployment for the United States for the same period.	290
(b) It has a per capita income equal to or below eighty	291
per cent of the median county per capita income of the United	292
States as determined by the most recently available figures from	293
the United States census bureau.	294
(c)(i) In the case of a municipal corporation, at least	295
twenty per cent of the residents have a total income for the	296
most recent census year that is below the official poverty line.	297
(ii) In the case of a county, in intercensal years, the	298
county has a ratio of transfer payment income to total county	299
income equal to or greater than twenty-five per cent.	300
(2) "Eligible area" means a distressed area, a labor	301
surplus area, an inner city area, or a situational distress	302
area.	303
(3) "Eligible costs associated with a voluntary action"	304
means costs incurred during the qualifying period in performing	305
a remedy or remedial activities, as defined in section 3746.01	306
of the Revised Code, and any costs incurred during the	307
qualifying period in performing both a phase I and phase II	308
property assessment, as defined in the rules adopted under	309

section 3746.04 of the Revised Code, provided that the 310 performance of the phase I and phase II property assessment 311 resulted in the implementation of the remedy or remedial 312 activities. 313

(4) "Inner city area" means, in a municipal corporation 314 that has a population of at least one hundred thousand and does 315 not meet the criteria of a labor surplus area or a distressed 316 area, targeted investment areas established by the municipal 317 corporation within its boundaries that are comprised of the most 318 319 recent census block tracts that individually have at least 320 twenty per cent of their population at or below the state poverty level or other census block tracts contiguous to such 321 census block tracts. 322

(5) "Labor surplus area" means an area designated as a labor surplus area by the United States department of labor.

(6) "Official poverty line" has the same meaning as in325division (A) of section 3923.51 of the Revised Code.326

(7) "Partner" includes a member of a limited liability
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company formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code
or under the laws of any other state if the limited liability
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company is not treated as a corporation for purposes of Chapter
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5733. of the Revised Code and is not classified as an
association taxable as a corporation for federal income tax
gurposes.

(8) "Partnership" includes a limited liability company
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formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code or under
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the laws of any other state if the limited liability company is
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not treated as a corporation for purposes of Chapter 5733. of
the Revised Code and is not classified as an association taxable
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as a corporation for federal income tax purposes.

Page 13

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(9) "Qualifying period" means the period that begins July 340 1, 1996, and ends June 30, 1999. 341 (10) "S corporation" means a corporation that has made an 342 election under subchapter S of chapter one of subtitle A of the 343 Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year under the Internal 344 Revenue Code; 345 (11) "Situational distress area" means a county or a 346 municipal corporation that has experienced or is experiencing a 347 closing or downsizing of a major employer that will adversely 348 affect the economy of the county or municipal corporation. In 349 order for a county or municipal corporation to be designated as 350 a situational distress area, the governing body of the county or 351 municipal corporation shall submit a petition to the director of 352 development in the form prescribed by the director. A county or 353 municipal corporation may be designated as a situational 354 distress area for a period not exceeding thirty-six months. 355 The petition shall include written documentation that 356 demonstrates all of the following: 357 (a) The number of jobs lost by the closing or downsizing; 358 (b) The impact that the job loss has on the unemployment 359 rate of the county or municipal corporation as measured by the 360 director of job and family services; 361 (c) The annual payroll associated with the job loss; 362 (d) The amount of state and local taxes associated with 363 the job loss; 364 (e) The impact that the closing or downsizing has on the 365 suppliers located in the county or municipal corporation. 366 3746.01 of the Revised Code.

(12) "Voluntary action" has the same meaning as in section (13) "Taxpayer" means a corporation subject to the tax

imposed by section 5733.06 of the Revised Code or any person 370 subject to the tax imposed by section 5747.02 of the Revised 371 Code. 372

(14) "Governing body" means the board of county 373 commissioners of a county, the board of township trustees of a 374 township, or the legislative authority of a municipal 375 corporation. 376

(15) "Eligible site" means property for which a covenant not to sue has been issued under section 3746.12 of the Revised Code.

(B) (1) A taxpayer, partnership, or S corporation that has 380 been issued, under section 3746.12 of the Revised Code, a 381 covenant not to sue for a site by the director of environmental 382 protection during the qualifying period may apply to the 383 director of development, in the manner prescribed by the 384 director, to enter into an agreement under which the applicant 385 386 agrees to economically redevelop the site in a manner that will create employment opportunities and a credit will be granted to 387 the applicant against the tax imposed by section 5733.06 or 388 5747.02 of the Revised Code. The application shall state the 389 eligible costs associated with a voluntary action incurred by 390 the applicant. The application shall be accompanied by proof, in 391 a form prescribed by the director of development, that the 392 covenant not to sue has been issued. 393

The applicant shall request the certified professional 394 that submitted the no further action letter for the eligible 395

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site under section 3746.11 of the Revised Code to submit an 396 affidavit to the director of development verifying the eligible 397 costs associated with the voluntary action at that site. 398

The director shall review the applications in the order 399 they are received. If the director determines that the applicant 400 meets the requirements of this section, the director may enter 401 into an agreement granting a credit against the tax imposed by 402 section 5733.06 or 5747.02 of the Revised Code. In making the 403 determination, the director may consider the extent to which 404 political subdivisions and other units of government will 405 cooperate with the applicant to redevelop the eligible site. The 406 agreement shall state the amount of the tax credit and the 407 reporting requirements described in division (F) of this 408 section. 409

(2) The maximum annual amount of credits the director of development may grant under such agreements shall be as follows:

1996 \$5,000,000	412
1997 \$10,000,000	413
1998 \$10,000,000	414
1999 \$5,000,000	415

For any year in which the director of development does not416grant tax credits under this section equal to the maximum annual417amount, the amount not granted for that year shall be added to418the maximum annual amount that may be granted for the following419year. However, the director shall not grant any tax credits420under this section after June 30, 1999.421

(C) (1) If the covenant not to sue was issued in connectionwith a site that is not located in an eligible area, the credit423

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amount is equal to the lesser of five hundred thousand dollars424or ten per cent of the eligible costs associated with a425voluntary action incurred by the taxpayer, partnership, or S426corporation.427

(2) If a covenant not to sue was issued in connection with
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a site that is located in an eligible area, the credit amount is
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equal to the lesser of seven hundred fifty thousand dollars or
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fifteen per cent of the eligible costs associated with a
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voluntary action incurred by the taxpayer, partnership, or S
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corporation.

(3) A taxpayer, partnership, or S corporation that has
been issued covenants not to sue under section 3746.12 of the
Revised Code for more than one site may apply to the director of
development to enter into more than one agreement granting a
credit against the tax imposed by section 5733.06 or 5747.02 of
the Revised Code.

(4) For each year for which a taxpayer, partnership, or S 440 corporation has been granted a credit under an agreement entered 441 into under this section, the director of development shall issue 442 a certificate to the taxpayer, partnership, or S corporation 443 indicating the amount of the credit the taxpayer, the partners 444 of the partnership, or the shareholders of the S corporation may 445 claim for that year, not including any amount that may be 446 carried forward from previous years under section 5733.34 of the 447 Revised Code. 448

(D) (1) Each agreement entered into under this section
shall incorporate a commitment by the taxpayer, partnership, or
S corporation not to permit the use of an eligible site to cause
the relocation of employment positions to that site from
elsewhere in this state, except as otherwise provided in

Page 16

division (D)(2) of this section. The commitment shall be binding454on the taxpayer, partnership, or S corporation for the lesser of455five years from the date the agreement is entered into or the456number of years the taxpayer, partnership, or S corporation is457entitled to claim the tax credit under the agreement.458

(2) An eligible site may be the site of employment
positions relocated from elsewhere in this state if the director
of development determines both of the following:
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(a) That the site from which the employment positions
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would be relocated is inadequate to meet market and industry
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conditions, expansion plans, consolidation plans, or other
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business considerations affecting the relocating employer;
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(b) That the governing body of the county, township, or
municipal corporation from which the employment positions would
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be relocated has been notified of the possible relocation.
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For purposes of this section, the movement of an 469 employment position from one political subdivision to another 470 political subdivision shall be considered a relocation of an 471 employment position, but the transfer of an individual employee 472 from one political subdivision to another political subdivision 473 shall not be considered a relocation of an employment position 474 475 as long as the individual's employment position in the first political subdivision is refilled. 476

(E) A taxpayer, partnership, or S corporation that has
entered into an agreement granting a credit against the tax
imposed by section 5733.06 or 5747.02 of the Revised Code that
subsequently recovers in a lawsuit or settlement of a lawsuit at
least seventy-five per cent of the eligible costs associated
with a voluntary action shall not claim any credit amount

remaining, including any amounts carried forward from prior 483 years, beginning with the taxable year in which the judgment in 484 the lawsuit is entered or the settlement is finally agreed to. 485

Any amount of credit that a taxpayer, partnership, or S486corporation may not claim by reason of this division shall not487be considered to have been granted for the purpose of488determining the total amount of credits that may be issued under489division (B)(2) of this section.490

(F) Each year for which a taxpayer, partnership, or S
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corporation claims a credit under section 5733.34 of the Revised
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Code, the taxpayer, partnership, or S corporation shall report
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the following to the director of development:
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(1) The status of all cost recovery litigation described
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 in division (E) of this section to which it was a party during
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 the previous year;

(2) Confirmation that the covenant not to sue has not been revoked or has not been voided;

(3) Confirmation that the taxpayer, partnership, or S
corporation has not permitted the eligible site to be used in
such a manner as to cause the relocation of employment positions
from elsewhere in this state in violation of the commitment
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required under division (D) of this section;

(4) Any other information the director of development505requires to perform the director's duties under this section.506

(G) The director of development shall annually certify, by
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the first day of January of each year during the qualifying
period, the eligible areas for the calendar year that includes
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that first day of January.
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Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, shall adopt rules necessary to 512 implement this section, including rules prescribing forms 513 required for administering this section. 514 Sec. 122.173. (A) As used in this section: 515 (1) "Manufacturing machinery and equipment" means engines 516 and machinery, and tools and implements, of every kind used, or 517 designed to be used, in refining and manufacturing. 518 "Manufacturing machinery and equipment" does not include 519 property acquired after December 31, 1999, that is used: 520 (a) For the transmission and distribution of electricity; 521 (b) For the generation of electricity, if fifty per cent 522 or more of the electricity that the property generates is 523 consumed, during the one-hundred-twenty-month period commencing 524 with the date the property is placed in service, by persons that 525 are not related members to the person who generates the 526 electricity. 527 (2) "New manufacturing machinery and equipment" means 528

(H) The director of development, in accordance with

manufacturing machinery and equipment, the original use in this 529 state of which commences with the taxpayer or with a partnership 530 of which the taxpayer is a partner. "New manufacturing machinery 531 and equipment" does not include property acquired after December 532 31, 1999, that is used: 533

(a) For the transmission and distribution of electricity; 534

(b) For the generation of electricity, if fifty per cent
or more of the electricity that the property generates is
consumed, during the one-hundred-twenty-month period commencing
with the date the property is placed in service, by persons that
are not related members to the person who generates the

Page 20

electricity.	540
(3)(a) "Purchase" has the same meaning as in section	541
179(d)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code.	542
(b) For purposes of this section, any property that is not	543

manufactured or assembled primarily by the taxpayer is 544 considered purchased at the time the agreement to acquire the 545 property becomes binding. Any property that is manufactured or 546 assembled primarily by the taxpayer is considered purchased at 547 the time the taxpayer places the property in service in the 548 county for which the taxpayer will calculate the county excess 549 amount. 550

(c) Notwithstanding section 179(d) of the Internal Revenue 551 Code, a taxpayer's direct or indirect acquisition of new 552 manufacturing machinery and equipment is not purchased on or 553 after July 1, 1995, if the taxpayer, or a person whose 554 relationship to the taxpayer is described in subparagraphs (A), 555 (B), or (C) of section 179(d)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, 556 had directly or indirectly entered into a binding agreement to 557 acquire the property at any time prior to July 1, 1995. 558

(4) "Qualifying period" means the period that begins July 5591, 1995, and ends June 30, 2005. 560

(5) "County average new manufacturing machinery and61equipment investment" means either of the following:562

(a) The average annual cost of new manufacturing machinery
(a) The average annual cost of new manufacturing machinery
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and equipment purchased for use in the county during baseline
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years, in the case of a taxpayer that was in existence for more
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than one year during baseline years.
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(b) Zero, in the case of a taxpayer that was not in567existence for more than one year during baseline years.568

#### S. B. No. 276 As Introduced

(6) "Partnership" includes a limited liability company
formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code or under
the laws of any other state, provided that the company is not
classified for federal income tax purposes as an association
taxable as a corporation.

(7) "Partner" includes a member of a limited liability
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company formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code
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or under the laws of any other state, provided that the company
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is not classified for federal income tax purposes as an
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association taxable as a corporation.

(8) "Distressed area" means either a municipal corporation
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that has a population of at least fifty thousand or a county
that meets two of the following criteria of economic distress,
or a municipal corporation the majority of the population of
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which is situated in such a county:

(a) Its average rate of unemployment, during the mostrecent five-year period for which data are available, is equalto at least one hundred twenty-five per cent of the average rateof unemployment for the United States for the same period;

(b) It has a per capita income equal to or below eighty
per cent of the median county per capita income of the United
States as determined by the most recently available figures from
the United States census bureau;
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(c) (i) In the case of a municipal corporation, at least
twenty per cent of the residents have a total income for the
most recent census year that is below the official poverty line;
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(ii) In the case of a county, in intercensal years, the
county has a ratio of transfer payment income to total county
income equal to or greater than twenty-five per cent.

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(9) "Eligible area" means a distressed area, a labor
surplus area, an inner city area, or a situational distress
area.

(10) "Inner city area" means, in a municipal corporation 601 that has a population of at least one hundred thousand and does 602 not meet the criteria of a labor surplus area or a distressed 603 area, targeted investment areas established by the municipal 604 corporation within its boundaries that are comprised of the most 605 recent census block tracts that individually have at least 606 607 twenty per cent of their population at or below the state poverty level or other census block tracts contiguous to such 608 census block tracts. 609

(11) "Labor surplus area" means an area designated as a610labor surplus area by the United States department of labor.611

(12) "Official poverty line" has the same meaning as indivision (A) of section 3923.51 of the Revised Code.613

(13) "Situational distress area" means a county or a 614 municipal corporation that has experienced or is experiencing a 615 closing or downsizing of a major employer that will adversely 616 affect the county's or municipal corporation's economy. In order 617 to be designated as a situational distress area, for a period 618 not to exceed thirty-six months, the county or municipal 619 corporation may petition the director of development. The 620 petition shall include written documentation that demonstrates 621 all of the following adverse effects on the local economy: 622

(a) The number of jobs lost by the closing or downsizing;

(b) The impact that the job loss has on the county's or
municipal corporation's unemployment rate as measured by the
state director of job and family services;
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Page 22

(c) The annual payroll associated with the job loss; 627 (d) The amount of state and local taxes associated with 628 the job loss; 629 (e) The impact that the closing or downsizing has on 630 suppliers located in the county or municipal corporation. 6.31 (14) "Cost" has the same meaning and limitation as in 632 section 179(d)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. 633 (15) "Baseline years" means: 634 (a) Calendar years 1992, 1993, and 1994, with regard to a 635 grant claimed for the purchase during calendar year 1995, 1996, 636 1997, or 1998 of new manufacturing machinery and equipment; 637 (b) Calendar years 1993, 1994, and 1995, with regard to a 638 grant claimed for the purchase during calendar year 1999 of new 639 manufacturing machinery and equipment; 640 (c) Calendar years 1994, 1995, and 1996, with regard to a 641 grant claimed for the purchase during calendar year 2000 of new 642 manufacturing machinery and equipment; 643 (d) Calendar years 1995, 1996, and 1997, with regard to a 644 grant claimed for the purchase during calendar year 2001 of new 645 manufacturing machinery and equipment; 646 (e) Calendar years 1996, 1997, and 1998, with regard to a 647 grant claimed for the purchase during calendar year 2002 of new 648 manufacturing machinery and equipment; 649 (f) Calendar years 1997, 1998, and 1999, with regard to a 650 grant claimed for the purchase during calendar year 2003 of new 651

(g) Calendar years 1998, 1999, and 2000, with regard to a 653

manufacturing machinery and equipment;

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manufacturing machinery and equipment; 655 (h) Calendar years 1999, 2000, and 2001, with regard to a 656 grant claimed for the purchase on or after January 1, 2005, and 657 on or before June 30, 2005, of new manufacturing machinery and 658 equipment. 659 (16) "Related member" has the same meaning as in section 660 5733.042 of the Revised Code. 661 (17) "Qualifying controlled group" has the same meaning as 662 in section 5733.04 of the Revised Code. 663 664 (18) "Tax liability" has the same meaning as in section 122.172 of the Revised Code. 665 (B)(1) Subject to divisions (I) and (J) of this section, a 666 grant is allowed against the tax imposed by section 5733.06 or 667 5747.02 of the Revised Code for a taxpayer that purchases new 668 manufacturing machinery and equipment during the qualifying 669 period, provided that the new manufacturing machinery and 670 equipment are installed in this state not later than June 30, 671 2006. 672 (2) (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (B) (2) (b) 673 674 of this section, a grant may be claimed under this section in excess of one million dollars only if the cost of all 675

grant claimed for the purchase during calendar year 2004 of new

manufacturing machinery and equipment owned in this state by the
taxpayer claiming the grant on the last day of the calendar year
exceeds the cost of all manufacturing machinery and equipment
owned in this state by the taxpayer on the first day of that
calendar year.

As used in division (B)(2)(a) of this section, "calendar 681 year" means the calendar year in which the machinery and 682

equipment for which the grant is claimed was purchased.

(b) Division (B)(2)(a) of this section does not apply if 684 the taxpayer claiming the grant applies for and is issued a 685 waiver of the requirement of that division. A taxpayer may apply 686 to the director of development for such a waiver in the manner 687 prescribed by the director, and the director may issue such a 688 waiver if the director determines that granting the grant is 689 necessary to increase or retain employees in this state, and 690 that the grant has not caused relocation of manufacturing 691 692 machinery and equipment among counties within this state for the primary purpose of qualifying for the grant. 693

(C) (1) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (2) and division (I) of this section, the grant amount is equal to seven and one-half per cent of the excess of the cost of the new manufacturing machinery and equipment purchased during the calendar year for use in a county over the county average new manufacturing machinery and equipment investment for that county.

(2) Subject to division (I) of this section, as used in
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division (C) (2) of this section, "county excess" means the
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taxpayer's excess cost for a county as computed under division
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(C) (1) of this section.
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Subject to division (I) of this section, a taxpayer with a 705 county excess, whose purchases included purchases for use in any 706 eligible area in the county, the grant amount is equal to 707 thirteen and one-half per cent of the cost of the new 708 manufacturing machinery and equipment purchased during the 709 calendar year for use in the eligible areas in the county, 710 provided that the cost subject to the thirteen and one-half per 711 cent rate shall not exceed the county excess. If the county 712

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excess is greater than the cost of the new manufacturing713machinery and equipment purchased during the calendar year for714use in eligible areas in the county, the grant amount also shall715include an amount equal to seven and one-half per cent of the716amount of the difference.717

(3) If a taxpayer is allowed a grant for purchases of new manufacturing machinery and equipment in more than one county or eligible area, it shall aggregate the amount of those grants each year.

(4) Except as provided in division (J) of this section, 722 the taxpayer shall claim one-seventh of the grant amount for the 723 taxable year ending in the calendar year in which the new 724 manufacturing machinery and equipment is purchased for use in 725 the county by the taxpayer or partnership. One-seventh of the 726 taxpayer grant amount is allowed for each of the six ensuing 727 taxable years. Except for carried-forward amounts, the taxpayer 728 is not allowed any grant amount remaining if the new 729 manufacturing machinery and equipment is sold by the taxpayer or 730 partnership or is transferred by the taxpayer or partnership out 731 of the county before the end of the seven-year period unless, at 732 the time of the sale or transfer, the new manufacturing 733 machinery and equipment has been fully depreciated for federal 734 income tax purposes. 735

(5) (a) A taxpayer that acquires manufacturing machinery
and equipment as a result of a merger with the taxpayer with
whom commenced the original use in this state of the
manufacturing machinery and equipment, or with a taxpayer that
was a partner in a partnership with whom commenced the original
vase in this state of the manufacturing machinery and equipment,
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is entitled to any remaining or carried-forward grant amounts to
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which the taxpayer was entitled.

(b) A taxpayer that enters into an agreement under 744 division (C)(3) of section 5709.62 of the Revised Code and that 745 acquires manufacturing machinery or equipment as a result of 746 purchasing a large manufacturing facility, as defined in section 747 5709.61 of the Revised Code, from another taxpayer with whom 748 commenced the original use in this state of the manufacturing 749 machinery or equipment, and that operates the large 750 manufacturing facility so purchased, is entitled to any 751 752 remaining or carried-forward grant amounts to which the other 753 taxpayer who sold the facility would have been entitled under this section had the other taxpayer not sold the manufacturing 754 facility or equipment. 755

(c) New manufacturing machinery and equipment is not 756 considered sold if a pass-through entity transfers to another 757 pass-through entity substantially all of its assets as part of a 758 plan of reorganization under which substantially all gain and 759 loss is not recognized by the pass-through entity that is 760 transferring the new manufacturing machinery and equipment to 761 the transferee and under which the transferee's basis in the new 762 manufacturing machinery and equipment is determined, in whole or 763 764 in part, by reference to the basis of the pass-through entity that transferred the new manufacturing machinery and equipment 765 to the transferee. 766

(d) Division (C) (5) of this section applies only if the
acquiring taxpayer or transferee does not sell the new
manufacturing machinery and equipment or transfer the new
manufacturing machinery and equipment out of the county before
the end of the seven-year period to which division (C) (4) of
this section refers.

(e) Division (C)(5)(b) of this section applies only to the 773 extent that the taxpayer that sold the manufacturing machinery 774 or equipment, upon request, timely provides to the tax 775 commissioner any information that the tax commissioner considers 776 to be necessary to ascertain any remaining or carried-forward 777 amounts to which the taxpayer that sold the facility would have 778 been entitled under this section had the taxpayer not sold the 779 manufacturing machinery or equipment. Nothing in division (C) (5) 780 (b) or (e) of this section shall be construed to allow a 781 782 taxpayer to claim any grant amount with respect to the acquired manufacturing machinery or equipment that is greater than the 783 amount that would have been available to the other taxpaver that 784 sold the manufacturing machinery or equipment had the other 785 taxpayer not sold the manufacturing machinery or equipment. 786

(D) The taxpayer shall claim the grant allowed by this
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section in the manner provided by section 122.172 of the Revised
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Code. Any portion of the grant in excess of the taxpayer's tax
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liability for the taxable year shall not be refundable but may
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be carried forward for the next three consecutive taxable years.

(E) A taxpayer purchasing new manufacturing machinery and 792 equipment and intending to claim the grant shall file, with the 793 director of development, a notice of intent to claim the grant 794 on a form prescribed by the director of development. The 795 director of development shall inform the tax commissioner of the 796 notice of intent to claim the grant. No grant may be claimed 797 under this section for any manufacturing machinery and equipment 798 with respect to which a notice was not filed by the date of a 799 timely filed return, including extensions, for the taxable year 800 that includes September 30, 2005, but a notice filed on or 801 before such date under division (E) of section 5733.33 of the 802 Revised Code of the intent to claim the credit under that 803

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section also shall be considered a notice of the intent to claim 804 a grant under this section. 805

(F) The director of development shall annually certify, by
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the first day of January of each year during the qualifying
period, the eligible areas for the tax grant for the calendar
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year that includes that first day of January. The director shall
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send a copy of the certification to the tax commissioner.

(G) New manufacturing machinery and equipment for which a
taxpayer claims the credit under section 5733.31 or 5733.311 of
the Revised Code shall not be considered new manufacturing
machinery and equipment for purposes of the grant under this
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section.

(H) (1) Notwithstanding sections 5733.11 and 5747.13 of the
Revised Code, but subject to division (H) (2) of this section,
the tax commissioner may issue an assessment against a person
with respect to a grant claimed under this section for new
manufacturing machinery and equipment described in division (A)
(1) (b) or (2) (b) of this section, if the machinery or equipment
subsequently does not qualify for the grant.

(2) Division (H) (1) of this section shall not apply after
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the twenty-fourth month following the last day of the period
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described in divisions (A) (1) (b) and (2) (b) of this section.
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(I) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to
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the contrary, in the case of a qualifying controlled group, the
grant available under this section to a taxpayer or taxpayers in
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the qualifying controlled group shall be computed as if all
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corporations in the group were a single corporation. The grant
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shall be allocated to such a taxpayer or taxpayers in the group
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in any amount elected for the taxable year by the group. The

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election shall be revocable and amendable during the period 833 described in division (B) of section 5733.12 of the Revised 834 Code. 835

This division applies to all purchases of new 836 manufacturing machinery and equipment made on or after January 837 1, 2001, and to all baseline years used to compute any grant 838 attributable to such purchases; provided, that this division may 839 be applied solely at the election of the qualifying controlled 840 group with respect to all purchases of new manufacturing 841 842 machinery and equipment made before that date, and to all baseline years used to compute any grant attributable to such 843 purchases. The qualifying controlled group at any time may elect 844 to apply this division to purchases made prior to January 1, 845 2001, subject to the following: 846

(1) The election is irrevocable;

(2) The election need not accompany a timely filed report, but the election may accompany a subsequently filed but timely application for refund, a subsequently filed but timely amended report, or a subsequently filed but timely petition for reassessment.

(J) Except as provided in division (B) of section 122.172 853 of the Revised Code, no grant under this section may be claimed 854 for any taxable year for which a credit is allowed under section 855 5733.33 of the Revised Code. If the tax imposed by section 856 5733.06 of the Revised Code for which a grant is allowed under 857 this section has been prorated under division (G)(2) of section 858 5733.01 of the Revised Code, the grant shall be prorated by the 859 same percentage as the tax. 860

Sec. 135.14. (A) As used in this section:

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(1) "Treasurer" does not include the treasurer of state, 862 and "governing board" does not include the state board of 863 deposit. 864 (2) "Other obligations" includes notes whether or not 865 issued in anticipation of the issuance of bonds. 866 (B) The treasurer or governing board may invest or deposit 867 any part or all of the interim moneys. The following 868 classifications of obligations shall be eligible for such 869 investment or deposit: 870 (1) United States treasury bills, notes, bonds, or any 871 other obligation or security issued by the United States 872 treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and 873 interest by the United States. 874 Nothing in the classification of eligible obligations set 875 forth in division (B)(1) of this section or in the 876 classifications of eligible obligations set forth in divisions 877 (B) (2) to (7) of this section shall be construed to authorize 878 any investment in stripped principal or interest obligations of 879 such eligible obligations. 880 (2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or 881 securities issued by any federal government agency or 882 instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal 883 national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal 884 farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, and 885 government national mortgage association. All federal agency 886 securities shall be direct issuances of federal government 887 agencies or instrumentalities. 888

(3) Interim deposits in the eligible institutions applying889for interim moneys as provided in section 135.08 of the Revised890

Code. The award of interim deposits shall be made in accordance 891 with section 135.09 of the Revised Code and the treasurer or the 892 governing board shall determine the periods for which such 893 interim deposits are to be made and shall award such interim 894 deposits for such periods, provided that any eligible 895 institution receiving an interim deposit award may, upon 896 notification that the award has been made, decline to accept the 897 interim deposit in which event the award shall be made as though 898 the institution had not applied for such interim deposit. 899

(4) Bonds and other obligations of this state, or the
political subdivisions of this state, provided that, with
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respect to bonds or other obligations of political subdivisions,
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all of the following apply:
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(a) The bonds or other obligations are payable from
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general revenues of the political subdivision and backed by the
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full faith and credit of the political subdivision.
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(b) The bonds or other obligations are rated at the time
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of purchase in the three highest classifications established by
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at least one nationally recognized standard rating service and
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purchased through a registered securities broker or dealer.
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(c) The aggregate value of the bonds or other obligations
does not exceed twenty per cent of interim moneys available for
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investment at the time of purchase.
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(d) The treasurer or governing board is not the sole914purchaser of the bonds or other obligations at original915issuance.916

(e) The bonds or other obligations mature within ten years917from the date of settlement.918

No investment shall be made under division (B)(4) of this 919

section unless the treasurer or governing board has completed 920 additional training for making the investments authorized by 921 division (B)(4) of this section. The type and amount of 922 additional training shall be approved by the treasurer of state 923 and may be conducted by or provided under the supervision of the 924 treasurer of state. 925

(5) No-load money market mutual funds consisting
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exclusively of obligations described in division (B) (1) or (2)
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of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such
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obligations, provided that investments in securities described
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in this division are made only through eligible institutions
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mentioned in section 135.03 of the Revised Code;
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(6) The Ohio subdivision's fund as provided in section135.45 of the Revised Code;

(7) Up to forty per cent of interim moneys available for934investment in either of the following:935

(a) Commercial paper notes issued by an entity that is
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defined in division (D) of section 1705.01 or division (E) of
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<u>section 1706.01</u> of the Revised Code and that has assets
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exceeding five hundred million dollars, to which notes all of
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the following apply:

(i) The notes are rated at the time of purchase in the
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highest classification established by at least two nationally
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recognized standard rating services.
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(ii) The aggregate value of the notes does not exceed ten per cent of the aggregate value of the outstanding commercial paper of the issuing corporation.

(iii) The notes mature not later than two hundred seventy947days after purchase.948

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#### S. B. No. 276 As Introduced

(iv) The investment in commercial paper notes of a single 949 issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate five per cent of 950 interim moneys available for investment at the time of purchase. 951 (b) Bankers acceptances of banks that are insured by the 952 federal deposit insurance corporation and that mature not later 953 than one hundred eighty days after purchase. 954 No investment shall be made pursuant to division (B)(7) of 955 956 this section unless the treasurer or governing board has 957 completed additional training for making the investments authorized by division (B)(7) of this section. The type and 958 amount of additional training shall be approved by the treasurer 959 of state and may be conducted by or provided under the 960 supervision of the treasurer of state. 961 (C) Nothing in the classifications of eligible obligations 962 set forth in divisions (B)(1) to (7) of this section shall be 963 construed to authorize any investment in a derivative, and no 964 treasurer or governing board shall invest in a derivative. For 965 purposes of this division, "derivative" means a financial 966 instrument or contract or obligation whose value or return is 967 based upon or linked to another asset or index, or both, 968 separate from the financial instrument, contract, or obligation 969 itself. Any security, obligation, trust account, or other 970 instrument that is created from an issue of the United States 971 treasury or is created from an obligation of a federal agency or 972 instrumentality or is created from both is considered a 973 derivative instrument. An eligible investment described in this 974 section with a variable interest rate payment, based upon a 975 single interest payment or single index comprised of other 976

single interest payment or single index comprised of other 976 eligible investments provided for in division (B)(1) or (2) of 977 this section, is not a derivative, provided that such variable 978 rate investment has a maximum maturity of two years.

(D) Except as provided in division (B) (4) or (E) of this
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section, any investment made pursuant to this section must
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mature within five years from the date of settlement, unless the
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investment is matched to a specific obligation or debt of the
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subdivision.

(E) The treasurer or governing board may also enter into a 985 written repurchase agreement with any eligible institution 986 mentioned in section 135.03 of the Revised Code or any eligible 987 dealer pursuant to division (M) of this section, under the terms 988 of which agreement the treasurer or governing board purchases, 989 and such institution or dealer agrees unconditionally to 990 repurchase any of the securities listed in divisions (D)(1) to 991 (5), except letters of credit described in division (D)(2), of 992 section 135.18 of the Revised Code. The market value of 993 securities subject to an overnight written repurchase agreement 994 must exceed the principal value of the overnight written 995 repurchase agreement by at least two per cent. A written 996 repurchase agreement shall not exceed thirty days and the market 997 998 value of securities subject to a written repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the written repurchase 999 agreement by at least two per cent and be marked to market 1000 daily. All securities purchased pursuant to this division shall 1001 1002 be delivered into the custody of the treasurer or governing 1003 board or an agent designated by the treasurer or governing board. A written repurchase agreement with an eligible 1004 securities dealer shall be transacted on a delivery versus 1005 payment basis. The agreement shall contain the requirement that 1006 for each transaction pursuant to the agreement the participating 1007 institution or dealer shall provide all of the following 1008 information: 1009

Page 36

(1) The par value of the securities;	1010
(2) The type, rate, and maturity date of the securities;	1011
(3) A numerical identifier generally accepted in the	1012
securities industry that designates the securities.	1013
No treasurer or governing board shall enter into a written	1014
repurchase agreement under the terms of which the treasurer or	1015
governing board agrees to sell securities owned by the	1016
subdivision to a purchaser and agrees with that purchaser to	1017
unconditionally repurchase those securities.	1018
(F) No treasurer or governing board shall make an	1019
investment under this section, unless the treasurer or governing	1020
board, at the time of making the investment, reasonably expects	1021
that the investment can be held until its maturity.	1022
(G) No treasurer or governing board shall pay interim	1023
moneys into a fund established by another subdivision,	1024
treasurer, governing board, or investing authority, if that fund	1025
was established for the purpose of investing the public moneys	1026
of other subdivisions. This division does not apply to the	1027
payment of public moneys into either of the following:	1028
(1) The Ohio subdivision's fund pursuant to division (B)	1029
(6) of this section;	1030
(2) A fund created solely for the purpose of acquiring,	1031
constructing, owning, leasing, or operating municipal utilities	1032
pursuant to the authority provided under section 715.02 of the	1033
Revised Code or Section 4 of Article XVIII, Ohio Constitution.	1034
For purposes of division (G) of this section,	1035
"subdivision" includes a county.	1036
(H) The use of leverage, in which the treasurer or	1037
governing board uses its current investment assets as collateral1038for the purpose of purchasing other assets, is prohibited. The1039issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage is1040prohibited. Contracting to sell securities that have not yet1041been acquired by the treasurer or governing board, for the1042purpose of purchasing such securities on the speculation that1043bond prices will decline, is prohibited.1044

1045 (I) Whenever, during a period of designation, the treasurer classifies public moneys as interim moneys, the 1046 treasurer shall notify the governing board of such action. The 1047 notification shall be given within thirty days after such 1048 classification and in the event the governing board does not 1049 concur in such classification or in the investments or deposits 1050 made under this section, the governing board may order the 1051 treasurer to sell or liquidate any of such investments or 1052 deposits, and any such order shall specifically describe the 1053 investments or deposits and fix the date upon which they are to 1054 be sold or liquidated. Investments or deposits so ordered to be 1055 sold or liquidated shall be sold or liquidated for cash by the 1056 treasurer on the date fixed in such order at the then current 1057 market price. Neither the treasurer nor the members of the board 1058 shall be held accountable for any loss occasioned by sales or 1059 liquidations of investments or deposits at prices lower than 1060 their cost. Any loss or expense incurred in making such sales or 1061 liquidations is payable as other expenses of the treasurer's 1062 office. 1063

(J) If any investments or deposits purchased under the 1064
authority of this section are issuable to a designated payee or 1065
to the order of a designated payee, the name of the treasurer 1066
and the title of the treasurer's office shall be so designated. 1067
If any such securities are registrable either as to principal or 1068

interest, or both, then such securities shall be registered in 1069 the name of the treasurer as such. 1070

(K) The treasurer is responsible for the safekeeping of 1071 all documents evidencing a deposit or investment acquired by the 1072 treasurer under this section. Any securities may be deposited 1073 for safekeeping with a qualified trustee as provided in section 1074 135.18 of the Revised Code, except the delivery of securities 1075 acquired under any repurchase agreement under this section shall 1076 be made to a qualified trustee, provided, however, that the 1077 qualified trustee shall be required to report to the treasurer, 1078 governing board, auditor of state, or an authorized outside 1079 1080 auditor at any time upon request as to the identity, market value, and location of the document evidencing each security, 1081 and that if the participating institution is a designated 1082 depository of the subdivision for the current period of 1083 designation, the securities that are the subject of the 1084 repurchase agreement may be delivered to the treasurer or held 1085 in trust by the participating institution on behalf of the 1086 subdivision. Interest earned on any investments or deposits 1087 authorized by this section shall be collected by the treasurer 1088 and credited by the treasurer to the proper fund of the 1089 subdivision. 1090

Upon the expiration of the term of office of a treasurer 1091 or in the event of a vacancy in the office of treasurer by 1092 reason of death, resignation, removal from office, or otherwise, 1093 the treasurer or the treasurer's legal representative shall 1094 transfer and deliver to the treasurer's successor all documents 1095 evidencing a deposit or investment held by the treasurer. For 1096 the investments and deposits so transferred and delivered, such 1097 treasurer shall be credited with and the treasurer's successor 1098 shall be charged with the amount of money held in such 1099

investments and deposits.

1100

(L) Whenever investments or deposits acquired under this	1101
section mature and become due and payable, the treasurer shall	1102
present them for payment according to their tenor, and shall	1103
collect the moneys payable thereon. The moneys so collected	1104
shall be treated as public moneys subject to sections 135.01 to	1105
135.21 of the Revised Code.	1106

(M)(1) All investments, except for investments in 1107 securities described in divisions (B)(5) and (6) of this section 1108 and for investments by a municipal corporation in the issues of 1109 such municipal corporation, shall be made only through a member 1110 of the financial industry regulatory authority (FINRA), through 1111 a bank, savings bank, or savings and loan association regulated 1112 by the superintendent of financial institutions, or through an 1113 institution regulated by the comptroller of the currency, 1114 federal deposit insurance corporation, or board of governors of 1115 the federal reserve system. 1116

(2) Payment for investments shall be made only upon the
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delivery of securities representing such investments to the
treasurer, governing board, or qualified trustee. If the
securities transferred are not represented by a certificate,
payment shall be made only upon receipt of confirmation of
transfer from the custodian by the treasurer, governing board,
or qualified trustee.

(N) In making investments authorized by this section, a
treasurer or governing board may retain the services of an
investment advisor, provided the advisor is licensed by the
division of securities under section 1707.141 of the Revised
Code or is registered with the securities and exchange
commission, and possesses experience in public funds investment

management, specifically in the area of state and local 1130
government investment portfolios, or the advisor is an eligible 1131
institution mentioned in section 135.03 of the Revised Code. 1132

(0) (1) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (0) (2) 1133 and (3) of this section, no treasurer or governing board shall 1134 make an investment or deposit under this section, unless there 1135 is on file with the auditor of state a written investment policy 1136 approved by the treasurer or governing board. The policy shall 1137 require that all entities conducting investment business with 1138 the treasurer or governing board shall sign the investment 1139 policy of that subdivision. All brokers, dealers, and financial 1140 institutions, described in division (M)(1) of this section, 1141 initiating transactions with the treasurer or governing board by 1142 giving advice or making investment recommendations shall sign 1143 the treasurer's or governing board's investment policy thereby 1144 acknowledging their agreement to abide by the policy's contents. 1145 All brokers, dealers, and financial institutions, described in 1146 division (M)(1) of this section, executing transactions 1147 initiated by the treasurer or governing board, having read the 1148 policy's contents, shall sign the investment policy thereby 1149 acknowledging their comprehension and receipt. 1150

(2) If a written investment policy described in division 1151 (0) (1) of this section is not filed on behalf of the subdivision 1152 1153 with the auditor of state, the treasurer or governing board of that subdivision shall invest the subdivision's interim moneys 1154 only in interim deposits pursuant to division (B)(3) of this 1155 section or interim deposits pursuant to section 135.145 of the 1156 Revised Code and approved by the treasurer of state, no-load 1157 money market mutual funds pursuant to division (B)(5) of this 1158 section, or the Ohio subdivision's fund pursuant to division (B) 1159 (6) of this section. 1160

(3) Divisions (0)(1) and (2) of this section do not apply 1161 to a treasurer or governing board of a subdivision whose average 1162 annual portfolio of investments held pursuant to this section is 1163 one hundred thousand dollars or less, provided that the 1164 treasurer or governing board certifies, on a form prescribed by 1165 the auditor of state, that the treasurer or governing board will 1166 comply and is in compliance with the provisions of sections 1167 135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised Code. 1168

(P) A treasurer or governing board may enter into a 1169 written investment or deposit agreement that includes a 1170 provision under which the parties agree to submit to nonbinding 1171 arbitration to settle any controversy that may arise out of the 1172 agreement, including any controversy pertaining to losses of 1173 public moneys resulting from investment or deposit. The 1174 arbitration provision shall be set forth entirely in the 1175 agreement, and the agreement shall include a conspicuous notice 1176 to the parties that any party to the arbitration may apply to 1177 the court of common pleas of the county in which the arbitration 1178 was held for an order to vacate, modify, or correct the award. 1179 Any such party may also apply to the court for an order to 1180 change venue to a court of common pleas located more than one 1181 hundred miles from the county in which the treasurer or 1182 governing board is located. 1183

For purposes of this division, "investment or deposit1184agreement" means any agreement between a treasurer or governing1185board and a person, under which agreement the person agrees to1186invest, deposit, or otherwise manage a subdivision's interim1187moneys on behalf of the treasurer or governing board, or agrees1188to provide investment advice to the treasurer or governing1189board.1190

(Q) An investment made by the treasurer or governing board
pursuant to this section prior to September 27, 1996, that was a
legal investment under the law as it existed before September
27, 1996, may be held until maturity.

Sec. 135.142. (A) In addition to the investments 1195 authorized by section 135.14 of the Revised Code, any board of 1196 education, by a two-thirds vote of its members, may authorize 1197 the treasurer of the board of education to invest up to forty 1198 per cent of the interim moneys of the board, available for 1199 investment at any one time, in either of the following: 1200

(1) Commercial paper notes issued by any entity that is
defined in division (D) of section 1705.01 or division (E) of
<u>section 1706.01</u> of the Revised Code and has assets exceeding
five hundred million dollars, and to which notes all of the
1204
following apply:

(a) The notes are rated at the time of purchase in the
highest classification established by at least two nationally
recognized standard rating services.

(b) The aggregate value of the notes does not exceed ten1209per cent of the aggregate value of the outstanding commercial1210paper of the issuing corporation.1211

(c) The notes mature no later than two hundred seventydays after purchase.1213

(d) The investment in commercial paper notes of a single
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issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate five per cent of
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interim moneys of the board available for investment at the time
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of purchase.

(2) Bankers' acceptances of banks that are insured by thefederal deposit insurance corporation and that mature no later1219

than one hundred eighty days after purchase.

(B) No investment authorized pursuant to division (A) of 1221 this section shall be made, whether or not authorized by a board 1222 of education, unless the treasurer of the board of education has 1223 completed additional training for making the types of 1224 investments authorized pursuant to division (A) of this section. 1225 The type and amount of such training shall be approved and may 1226 be conducted by or provided under the supervision of the 1227 treasurer of state. 1228

(C) The treasurer of the board of education shall prepare 1229 annually and submit to the board of education, the 1230 superintendent of public instruction, and the auditor of state, 1231 on or before the thirty-first day of August, a report listing 1232 each investment made pursuant to division (A) of this section 1233 during the preceding fiscal year, income earned from such 1234 investments, fees and commissions paid pursuant to division (D) 1235 of this section, and any other information required by the 1236 board, the superintendent, and the auditor of state. 1237

(D) A board of education may make appropriations and
expenditures for fees and commissions in connection with
investments made pursuant to division (A) of this section.
1240

1241 (E) (1) In addition to the investments authorized by section 135.14 of the Revised Code and division (A) of this 1242 section, any board of education that is a party to an agreement 1243 with the treasurer of state pursuant to division (G) of section 1244 135.143 of the Revised Code and that has outstanding obligations 1245 issued under authority of section 133.10 or 133.301 of the 1246 Revised Code may authorize the treasurer of the board of 1247 education to invest interim moneys of the board in debt 1248 interests rated in either of the two highest rating 1249

1220

s arter purchase.

classifications by at least two nationally recognized standard 1250 rating services and issued by entities that are defined in 1251 division (D) of section 1705.01 or division (E) of section 1252 1706.01 of the Revised Code. The debt interests purchased under 1253 authority of division (E) of this section shall mature not later 1254 than the latest maturity date of the outstanding obligations 1255 issued under authority of section 133.10 or 133.301 of the 1256 Revised Code. 1257

(2) If any of the debt interests acquired under division 1258 1259 (E) (1) of this section ceases to be rated as there required, its issuer shall notify the treasurer of state of this fact within 1260 twenty-four hours. At any time thereafter the treasurer of state 1261 may require collateralization at the rate of one hundred two per 1262 cent of any remaining obligation of the entity, with securities 1263 authorized for investment under section 135.143 of the Revised 1264 Code. The collateral shall be delivered to and held by a 1265 custodian acceptable to the treasurer of state, marked to market 1266 daily, and any default to be cured within twelve hours. 1267 Unlimited substitution shall be allowed of comparable 1268 securities. 1269

Sec. 135.35. (A) The investing authority shall deposit or 1270 invest any part or all of the county's inactive moneys and shall 1271 invest all of the money in the county public library fund when 1272 required by section 135.352 of the Revised Code. The following 1273 classifications of securities and obligations are eligible for 1274 such deposit or investment: 1275

(1) United States treasury bills, notes, bonds, or any
other obligation or security issued by the United States
treasury, any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or
interest by the United States, or any book entry, zero-coupon
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United States treasury security that is a direct obligation of 1280 the United States. 1281 Nothing in the classification of eligible securities and 1282 obligations set forth in divisions (A) (2) to (10) of this 1283 section shall be construed to authorize any investment in 1284 stripped principal or interest obligations of such eligible 1285 securities and obligations. 1286 (2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or 1287 1288 securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the federal 1289 national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal 1290 farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, and 1291 government national mortgage association. All federal agency 1292 securities shall be direct issuances of federal government 1293 agencies or instrumentalities. 1294 (3) Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit 1295 accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts, in 1296 any eligible institution mentioned in section 135.32 of the 1297 Revised Code: 1298 (4) Bonds and other obligations of this state or the 1299 political subdivisions of this state, provided the bonds or 1300 other obligations of political subdivisions mature within ten 1301 years from the date of settlement; 1302

(5) No-load money market mutual funds rated in the highest
category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally
recognized standard rating service or consisting exclusively of
obligations described in division (A) (1), (2), or (6) of section
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such obligations, provided that investments in securities
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described in this division are made only through eligible1309institutions mentioned in section 135.32 of the Revised Code;1310

(6) The Ohio subdivision's fund as provided in section1311135.45 of the Revised Code;1312

(7) Securities lending agreements with any eligible 1313 institution mentioned in section 135.32 of the Revised Code that 1314 is a member of the federal reserve system or federal home loan 1315 bank or with any recognized United States government securities 1316 dealer meeting the description in division (J)(1) of this 1317 section, under the terms of which agreements the investing 1318 authority lends securities and the eligible institution or 1319 dealer agrees to simultaneously exchange similar securities or 1320 cash, equal value for equal value. 1321

Securities and cash received as collateral for a1322securities lending agreement are not inactive moneys of the1323county or moneys of a county public library fund. The investment1324of cash collateral received pursuant to a securities lending1325agreement may be invested only in instruments specified by the1326investing authority in the written investment policy described1327in division (K) of this section.1328

(8) Up to forty per cent of the county's total averageportfolio in either of the following investments:1330

(a) Commercial paper notes issued by an entity that is
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defined in division (D) of section 1705.01 or division (E) of
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section 1706.01 of the Revised Code and that has assets
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exceeding five hundred million dollars, to which notes all of
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the following apply:

(i) The notes are rated at the time of purchase in thehighest classification established by at least two nationally1337

(ii) The aggregate value of the notes does not exceed tenper cent of the aggregate value of the outstanding commercialpaper of the issuing corporation.1341

(iii) The notes mature not later than two hundred seventy1342days after purchase.

(iv) The investment in commercial paper notes of a single
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issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate five per cent of
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interim moneys available for investment at the time of purchase.
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(b) Bankers acceptances of banks that are insured by the
federal deposit insurance corporation and that mature not later
than one hundred eighty days after purchase.

No investment shall be made pursuant to division (A) (8) of1350this section unless the investing authority has completed1351additional training for making the investments authorized by1352division (A) (8) of this section. The type and amount of1353additional training shall be approved by the treasurer of state1354and may be conducted by or provided under the supervision of the1355treasurer of state.1356

(9) Up to fifteen per cent of the county's total average
portfolio in notes issued by corporations that are incorporated
under the laws of the United States and that are operating
within the United States, or by depository institutions that are
doing business under authority granted by the United States or
any state and that are operating within the United States,
provided both of the following apply:

(a) The notes are rated in the three highest categories by
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at least two nationally recognized standard rating services at
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the time of purchase.

(b) The notes mature not later than three years after1367purchase.1368

(10) Debt interests rated at the time of purchase in the 1369 three highest categories by two nationally recognized standard 1370 rating services and issued by foreign nations diplomatically 1371 recognized by the United States government. All interest and 1372 principal shall be denominated and payable in United States 1373 funds. The investments made under division (A) (10) of this 1374 section shall not exceed in the aggregate two per cent of a 1375 county's total average portfolio. 1376

The investing authority shall invest under division (A) 1377 (10) of this section in a debt interest issued by a foreign 1378 nation only if the debt interest is backed by the full faith and 1379 credit of that foreign nation, there is no prior history of 1380 default, and the debt interest matures not later than five years 1381 after purchase. For purposes of division (A) (10) of this 1382 section, a debt interest is rated in the three highest 1383 categories by two nationally recognized standard rating services 1384 if either the debt interest itself or the issuer of the debt 1385 interest is rated, or is implicitly rated, at the time of 1386 purchase in the three highest categories by two nationally 1387 recognized standard rating services. 1388

(11) A current unpaid or delinquent tax line of credit 1389 authorized under division (G) of section 135.341 of the Revised 1390 Code, provided that all of the conditions for entering into such 1391 a line of credit under that division are satisfied, or bonds and 1392 other obligations of a county land reutilization corporation 1393 organized under Chapter 1724. of the Revised Code, if the county 1394 land reutilization corporation is located wholly or partly 1395 within the same county as the investing authority. 1396

(B) Nothing in the classifications of eligible obligations 1397 and securities set forth in divisions (A)(1) to (10) of this 1398 section shall be construed to authorize investment in a 1399 derivative, and no investing authority shall invest any county 1400 inactive moneys or any moneys in a county public library fund in 1401 a derivative. For purposes of this division, "derivative" means 1402 a financial instrument or contract or obligation whose value or 1403 return is based upon or linked to another asset or index, or 1404 both, separate from the financial instrument, contract, or 1405 obligation itself. Any security, obligation, trust account, or 1406 other instrument that is created from an issue of the United 1407 States treasury or is created from an obligation of a federal 1408 agency or instrumentality or is created from both is considered 1409 a derivative instrument. An eligible investment described in 1410 this section with a variable interest rate payment, based upon a 1411 single interest payment or single index comprised of other 1412 eligible investments provided for in division (A)(1) or (2) of 1413 this section, is not a derivative, provided that such variable 1414 rate investment has a maximum maturity of two years. A treasury 1415 inflation-protected security shall not be considered a 1416 derivative, provided the security matures not later than five 1417 years after purchase. 1418

(C) Except as provided in division (A) (4) or (D) of this 1419 section, any investment made pursuant to this section must 1420 mature within five years from the date of settlement, unless the 1421 investment is matched to a specific obligation or debt of the 1422 county or to a specific obligation or debt of a political 1423 subdivision of this state, and the investment is specifically 1424 approved by the investment advisory committee. 1425

(D) The investing authority may also enter into a writtenrepurchase agreement with any eligible institution mentioned in1427

section 135.32 of the Revised Code or any eligible securities 1428 dealer pursuant to division (J) of this section, under the terms 1429 of which agreement the investing authority purchases and the 1430 eligible institution or dealer agrees unconditionally to 1431 repurchase any of the securities listed in divisions (D)(1) to 1432 (5), except letters of credit described in division (D)(2), of 1433 section 135.18 of the Revised Code. The market value of 1434 securities subject to an overnight written repurchase agreement 1435 must exceed the principal value of the overnight written 1436 1437 repurchase agreement by at least two per cent. A written repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the 1438 overnight written repurchase agreement, by at least two per 1439 cent. A written repurchase agreement shall not exceed thirty 1440 days, and the market value of securities subject to a written 1441 repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the 1442 written repurchase agreement by at least two per cent and be 1443 marked to market daily. All securities purchased pursuant to 1444 this division shall be delivered into the custody of the 1445 investing authority or the qualified custodian of the investing 1446 authority or an agent designated by the investing authority. A 1447 written repurchase agreement with an eligible securities dealer 1448 shall be transacted on a delivery versus payment basis. The 1449 agreement shall contain the requirement that for each 1450 transaction pursuant to the agreement the participating 1451 institution shall provide all of the following information: 1452 (1) The par value of the securities; 1453 (2) The type, rate, and maturity date of the securities; 1454

(3) A numerical identifier generally accepted in thesecurities industry that designates the securities.1456

No investing authority shall enter into a written 1457

repurchase agreement under the terms of which the investing 1458 authority agrees to sell securities owned by the county to a 1459 purchaser and agrees with that purchaser to unconditionally 1460 repurchase those securities. 1461

(E) No investing authority shall make an investment under
this section, unless the investing authority, at the time of
making the investment, reasonably expects that the investment
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can be held until its maturity. The investing authority's
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written investment policy shall specify the conditions under
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which an investment may be redeemed or sold prior to maturity.

(F) No investing authority shall pay a county's inactive 1468 moneys or moneys of a county public library fund into a fund 1469 established by another subdivision, treasurer, governing board, 1470 or investing authority, if that fund was established by the 1471 subdivision, treasurer, governing board, or investing authority 1472 for the purpose of investing or depositing the public moneys of 1473 other subdivisions. This division does not apply to the payment 1474 of public moneys into either of the following: 1475

(1) The Ohio subdivision's fund pursuant to division (A)(6) of this section;

(2) A fund created solely for the purpose of acquiring,
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constructing, owning, leasing, or operating municipal utilities
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pursuant to the authority provided under section 715.02 of the
Revised Code or Section 4 of Article XVIII, Ohio Constitution.
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For purposes of division (F) of this section,1482"subdivision" includes a county.1483

(G) The use of leverage, in which the county uses its
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current investment assets as collateral for the purpose of
purchasing other assets, is prohibited. The issuance of taxable
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notes for the purpose of arbitrage is prohibited. Contracting to1487sell securities not owned by the county, for the purpose of1488purchasing such securities on the speculation that bond prices1489will decline, is prohibited.1490

(H) Any securities, certificates of deposit, deposit 1491 accounts, or any other documents evidencing deposits or 1492 investments made under authority of this section shall be issued 1493 in the name of the county with the county treasurer or investing 1494 authority as the designated payee. If any such deposits or 1495 investments are registrable either as to principal or interest, 1496 or both, they shall be registered in the name of the treasurer. 1497

(I) The investing authority shall be responsible for the 1498 safekeeping of all documents evidencing a deposit or investment 1499 acquired under this section, including, but not limited to, 1500 safekeeping receipts evidencing securities deposited with a 1501 qualified trustee, as provided in section 135.37 of the Revised 1502 Code, and documents confirming the purchase of securities under 1503 any repurchase agreement under this section shall be deposited 1504 with a qualified trustee, provided, however, that the qualified 1505 trustee shall be required to report to the investing authority, 1506 auditor of state, or an authorized outside auditor at any time 1507 upon request as to the identity, market value, and location of 1508 the document evidencing each security, and that if the 1509 participating institution is a designated depository of the 1510 county for the current period of designation, the securities 1511 that are the subject of the repurchase agreement may be 1512 delivered to the treasurer or held in trust by the participating 1513 institution on behalf of the investing authority. 1514

Upon the expiration of the term of office of an investing 1515 authority or in the event of a vacancy in the office for any 1516

reason, the officer or the officer's legal representative shall 1517 transfer and deliver to the officer's successor all documents 1518 mentioned in this division for which the officer has been 1519 responsible for safekeeping. For all such documents transferred 1520 and delivered, the officer shall be credited with, and the 1521 officer's successor shall be charged with, the amount of moneys 1522 evidenced by such documents. 1523

(J) (1) All investments, except for investments in 1524 securities described in divisions (A) (5), (6), and (11) of this 1525 section, shall be made only through a member of the financial 1526 industry regulatory authority (FINRA), through a bank, savings 1527 bank, or savings and loan association regulated by the 1528 superintendent of financial institutions, or through an 1529 institution regulated by the comptroller of the currency, 1530 federal deposit insurance corporation, or board of governors of 1531 the federal reserve system. 1532

(2) Payment for investments shall be made only upon the
delivery of securities representing such investments to the
treasurer, investing authority, or qualified trustee. If the
securities transferred are not represented by a certificate,
payment shall be made only upon receipt of confirmation of
transfer from the custodian by the treasurer, governing board,
or qualified trustee.

(K) (1) Except as otherwise provided in division (K) (2) of 1540 this section, no investing authority shall make an investment or 1541 deposit under this section, unless there is on file with the 1542 auditor of state a written investment policy approved by the 1543 investing authority. The policy shall require that all entities 1544 conducting investment business with the investing authority 1545 shall sign the investment policy of that investing authority. 1546 All brokers, dealers, and financial institutions, described in 1547 division (J)(1) of this section, initiating transactions with 1548 the investing authority by giving advice or making investment 1549 recommendations shall sign the investing authority's investment 1550 policy thereby acknowledging their agreement to abide by the 1551 policy's contents. All brokers, dealers, and financial 1552 institutions, described in division (J)(1) of this section, 1553 executing transactions initiated by the investing authority, 1554 having read the policy's contents, shall sign the investment 1555 policy thereby acknowledging their comprehension and receipt. 1556

(2) If a written investment policy described in division 1557 (K) (1) of this section is not filed on behalf of the county with 1558 the auditor of state, the investing authority of that county 1559 shall invest the county's inactive moneys and moneys of the 1560 county public library fund only in time certificates of deposits 1561 or savings or deposit accounts pursuant to division (A) (3) of 1562 this section, no-load money market mutual funds pursuant to 1563 division (A) (5) of this section, or the Ohio subdivision's fund 1564 pursuant to division (A) (6) of this section. 1565

(L) (1) The investing authority shall establish and
maintain an inventory of all obligations and securities acquired
by the investing authority pursuant to this section. The
inventory shall include a description of each obligation or
security, including type, cost, par value, maturity date,
settlement date, and any coupon rate.

(2) The investing authority shall also keep a complete
record of all purchases and sales of the obligations and
securities made pursuant to this section.

(3) The investing authority shall maintain a monthlyportfolio report and issue a copy of the monthly portfolio1576

report describing such investments to the county investment 1577 advisory committee, detailing the current inventory of all 1578 obligations and securities, all transactions during the month 1579 that affected the inventory, any income received from the 1580 obligations and securities, and any investment expenses paid, 1581 and stating the names of any persons effecting transactions on 1582 behalf of the investing authority. 1583

(4) The monthly portfolio report shall be a public recordand available for inspection under section 149.43 of the RevisedCode.

(5) The inventory and the monthly portfolio report shall
be filed with the board of county commissioners. The monthly
portfolio report also shall be filed with the treasurer of
state.

(M) An investing authority may enter into a written 1591 investment or deposit agreement that includes a provision under 1592 which the parties agree to submit to nonbinding arbitration to 1593 settle any controversy that may arise out of the agreement, 1594 including any controversy pertaining to losses of public moneys 1595 resulting from investment or deposit. The arbitration provision 1596 shall be set forth entirely in the agreement, and the agreement 1597 shall include a conspicuous notice to the parties that any party 1598 to the arbitration may apply to the court of common pleas of the 1599 county in which the arbitration was held for an order to vacate, 1600 modify, or correct the award. Any such party may also apply to 1601 the court for an order to change venue to a court of common 1602 pleas located more than one hundred miles from the county in 1603 which the investing authority is located. 1604

For purposes of this division, "investment or deposit 1605 agreement" means any agreement between an investing authority 1606 and a person, under which agreement the person agrees to invest,1607deposit, or otherwise manage, on behalf of the investing1608authority, a county's inactive moneys or moneys in a county1609public library fund, or agrees to provide investment advice to1610the investing authority.1611

(N) (1) An investment held in the county portfolio on
September 27, 1996, that was a legal investment under the law as
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it existed before September 27, 1996, may be held until
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maturity.

(2) An investment held in the county portfolio on
September 10, 2012, that was a legal investment under the law as
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it existed before September 10, 2012, may be held until
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maturity.

Sec. 150.05. (A) The authority shall select, as program 1620 administrators, not more than two private, for-profit investment 1621 funds to acquire loans for the program fund and to invest money 1622 in the program fund as prescribed in the investment policy 1623 established or modified by the authority in accordance with 1624 sections 150.03 and 150.04 of the Revised Code. The authority 1625 shall give equal consideration, in selecting these program 1626 administrators, to minority owned and controlled investment 1627 funds, to funds owned and controlled by women, to ventures 1628 involving minority owned and controlled funds, and to ventures 1629 involving funds owned and controlled by women that otherwise 1630 meet the policies and criteria established by the authority. To 1631 be eligible for selection, an investment fund must be 1632 incorporated or organized under Chapter 1701., 1705., <u>1706.</u> 1633 1775., 1776., 1782., or 1783. of the Revised Code, must have an 1634 established business presence in this state, and must be 1635 capitalized in accordance with any state and federal laws 1636

applicable to the issuance or sale of securities.

The authority shall select program administrators only 1638 after soliciting and evaluating requests for proposals as 1639 prescribed in this section. The authority shall publish a notice 1640 of a request for proposals in newspapers of general circulation 1641 in this state once each week for two consecutive weeks before a 1642 date specified by the authority as the date on which it will 1643 begin accepting proposals. The notices shall contain a general 1644 description of the subject of the proposed agreement and the 1645 location where the request for proposals may be obtained. The 1646 request for proposals shall include all the following: 1647

(1) Instructions and information to respondents concerning
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 the submission of proposals, including the name and address of
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 the office where proposals are to be submitted;
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(2) Instructions regarding the manner in which respondents
may communicate with the authority, including the names, titles,
and telephone numbers of the individuals to whom such
communications shall be directed;

(3) Description of the performance criteria that will be
used to evaluate whether a respondent selected by the authority
is satisfying the authority's investment policy;
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(4) Description of the factors and criteria to be
considered in evaluating respondents' proposals, the relative
importance of each factor or criterion, and description of the
authority's evaluation procedure;

(5) Description of any documents that may be incorporated
by reference into the request for proposals, provided that the
request specifies where such documents may be obtained and such
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documents are readily available to all interested parties.

Page 57

After the date specified for receiving proposals, the1666authority shall evaluate submitted proposals. The authority may1667discuss a respondent's proposal with that respondent to clarify1668or revise a proposal or the terms of the agreement.1669

The authority shall choose for review proposals from at 1670 least three respondents the authority considers qualified to 1671 operate the program in the best interests of the investment 1672 policy adopted by the authority. If three or fewer proposals are 1673 submitted, the authority shall review each proposal. The 1674 authority may cancel a request for proposals at any time before 1675 entering into an agreement with a respondent. The authority 1676 shall provide respondents fair and equal opportunity for such 1677 discussions. The authority may terminate discussions with any 1678 respondent upon written notice to the respondent. 1679

(B) After reviewing the chosen proposals, the authority
may select not more than two such respondents and enter into a
written agreement with each of the selected respondents,
provided that at no time shall there be agreements with more
1683
than two persons.

The agreement shall do all of the following:

(1) Specify that borrowing and investing by the program 1686 administrator will be budgeted to guarantee that no tax credits 1687 will be granted during the first four years of the Ohio venture 1688 capital program, and will be structured to ensure that payments 1689 of principal, interest, or interest equivalent due in any fiscal 1690 year, when added to such payments due from any other program 1691 administrator, does not exceed twenty million dollars; 1692

(2) Require investment by the program administrator or thefund manager employed by the program administrator to be in1694

compliance with the investment policy established or modified in 1695 accordance with sections 150.03 and 150.04 of the Revised Code 1696 that is in effect at the time the investment is made, and 1697 prohibit the program administrator or fund manager from engaging 1698 in any investment activities other than activities to carry out 1699 that policy; 1700

(3) Require periodic financial reporting by the program
administrator to the authority, which reporting shall include an
annual audit by an independent auditor and such other financial
reporting as is specified in the agreement or otherwise required
by the authority for the purpose of ensuring that the program
administrator is carrying out the investment policy;

(4) Specify any like standards or general limitations in
addition to or in furtherance of investment standards or
limitations that apply pursuant to division (H) of section
1709
150.03 of the Revised Code;

(5) Require the program administrator to apply program 1711 fund revenue first to the payment of principal borrowed by the 1712 program administrator for investment under the program, then to 1713 interest related to that principal, and then to amounts 1714 necessary to cover the program administrator's pro rata share 1715 required under division (B)(9) of this section; and require the 1716 program administrator to pay the authority not less than ninety 1717 per cent of the amount by which program fund revenue 1718 attributable to investments under the program administrator's 1719 investment authority exceeds amounts so applied; 1720

(6) Specify the procedures by which the program
administrator shall certify immediately to the authority the
necessity for the authority to issue tax credit certificates
pursuant to contracts entered into under section 150.07 of the

Revised Code;

1725

Page 60

(7) Specify any general limitations regarding the 1726 employment of a fund manager by the program administrator, in 1727 addition to an express limitation that the fund manager be a 1728 person with demonstrated, substantial, successful experience in 1729 the design and management of seed and venture capital investment 1730 programs and in capital formation. The fund manager may be, but 1731 1732 need not be, an equity owner or affiliate of the program administrator. 1733

(8) Specify the terms and conditions under which the
authority or the program administrator may terminate the
agreement, including in the circumstance that the program
administrator or fund manager violates the investment policy;
1737

(9) Require the program administrator or fund manager 1738 employed by the program administrator to provide capital in the 1739 form of a loan equal to one per cent of the amount of 1740 outstanding loans by lenders to the program fund. The loan from 1741 the program administrator or fund manager shall be on the same 1742 terms and conditions as loans from other lenders, except that 1743 the loan from the program administrator or fund manager shall 1744 not be secured by the Ohio venture capital fund or tax credits 1745 available to other lenders under division (B) of section 150.04 1746 of the Revised Code. Such capital shall be placed at the same 1747 risk as the proceeds from such loans. The program administrator 1748 shall receive a pro rata share of the net income, including net 1749 loss, from the investment of money from the program fund, but is 1750 not entitled to the security against losses provided under 1751 section 150.04 of the Revised Code. 1752

Sec. 718.01. Any term used in this chapter that is not1753otherwise defined in this chapter has the same meaning as when1754

used in a comparable context in laws of the United States	1755
relating to federal income taxation or in Title LVII of the	1756
Revised Code, unless a different meaning is clearly required.	1757
Except as provided in section 718.81 of the Revised Code, if a	1758
term used in this chapter that is not otherwise defined in this	1759
chapter is used in a comparable context in both the laws of the	1760
United States relating to federal income tax and in Title LVII	1761
of the Revised Code and the use is not consistent, then the use	1762
of the term in the laws of the United States relating to federal	1763
income tax shall control over the use of the term in Title LVII	1764
of the Revised Code.	1765
Except as otherwise provided in section 718.81 of the	1766
Revised Code, as used in this chapter:	1767
(A)(1) "Municipal taxable income" means the following:	1768
(a) For a person other than an individual, income	1769
apportioned or sitused to the municipal corporation under	1770
section 718.02 of the Revised Code, as applicable, reduced by	1771
any pre-2017 net operating loss carryforward available to the	1772
person for the municipal corporation.	1773
(b)(i) For an individual who is a resident of a municipal	1774
corporation other than a qualified municipal corporation, income	1775
reduced by exempt income to the extent otherwise included in	1776
income, then reduced as provided in division (A)(2) of this	1777
section, and further reduced by any pre-2017 net operating loss	1778
carryforward available to the individual for the municipal	1779
corporation.	1780
(ii) For an individual who is a resident of a qualified	1781
municipal corporation, Ohio adjusted gross income reduced by	1782
income exempted, and increased by deductions excluded, by the	1783

qualified municipal corporation from the qualified municipal 1784 corporation's tax. If a qualified municipal corporation, on or 1785 before December 31, 2013, exempts income earned by individuals 1786 who are not residents of the qualified municipal corporation and 1787 net profit of persons that are not wholly located within the 1788 qualified municipal corporation, such individual or person shall 1789 have no municipal taxable income for the purposes of the tax 1790 levied by the qualified municipal corporation and may be 1791 exempted by the qualified municipal corporation from the 1792 requirements of section 718.03 of the Revised Code. 1793

(c) For an individual who is a nonresident of a municipal 1794 corporation, income reduced by exempt income to the extent 1795 otherwise included in income and then, as applicable, 1796 apportioned or sitused to the municipal corporation under 1797 section 718.02 of the Revised Code, then reduced as provided in 1798 division (A)(2) of this section, and further reduced by any pre-1799 2017 net operating loss carryforward available to the individual 1800 for the municipal corporation. 1801

(2) In computing the municipal taxable income of a 1802 taxpayer who is an individual, the taxpayer may subtract, as 1803 provided in division (A)(1)(b)(i) or (c) of this section, the 1804 amount of the individual's employee business expenses reported 1805 on the individual's form 2106 that the individual deducted for 1806 federal income tax purposes for the taxable year, subject to the 1807 limitation imposed by section 67 of the Internal Revenue Code. 1808 For the municipal corporation in which the taxpayer is a 1809 resident, the taxpayer may deduct all such expenses allowed for 1810 federal income tax purposes. For a municipal corporation in 1811 which the taxpayer is not a resident, the taxpayer may deduct 1812 such expenses only to the extent the expenses are related to the 1813 taxpayer's performance of personal services in that nonresident 1814

municipal corporation. 1815 (B) "Income" means the following: 1816 (1) (a) For residents, all income, salaries, qualifying 1817 wages, commissions, and other compensation from whatever source 1818 earned or received by the resident, including the resident's 1819 distributive share of the net profit of pass-through entities 1820 owned directly or indirectly by the resident and any net profit 1821 of the resident, except as provided in division (D)(5) of this 1822 1823 section. (b) For the purposes of division (B)(1)(a) of this 1824 section: 1825 (i) Any net operating loss of the resident incurred in the 1826 taxable year and the resident's distributive share of any net 1827 operating loss generated in the same taxable year and 1828 attributable to the resident's ownership interest in a pass-1829 through entity shall be allowed as a deduction, for that taxable 1830 year and the following five taxable years, against any other net 1831 profit of the resident or the resident's distributive share of 1832 any net profit attributable to the resident's ownership interest 1833 1834 in a pass-through entity until fully utilized, subject to division (B)(1)(d) of this section; 1835 (ii) The resident's distributive share of the net profit 1836 of each pass-through entity owned directly or indirectly by the 1837 resident shall be calculated without regard to any net operating 1838

loss that is carried forward by that entity from a prior taxable1839year and applied to reduce the entity's net profit for the1840current taxable year.1841

(c) Division (B) (1) (b) of this section does not apply with1842respect to any net profit or net operating loss attributable to1843

an ownership interest in an S corporation unless shareholders'1844distributive shares of net profits from S corporations are1845subject to tax in the municipal corporation as provided in1846division (C) (14) (b) or (c) of this section.1847

(d) Any amount of a net operating loss used to reduce a
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taxpayer's net profit for a taxable year shall reduce the amount
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of net operating loss that may be carried forward to any
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subsequent year for use by that taxpayer. In no event shall the
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cumulative deductions for all taxable years with respect to a
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taxpayer's net operating loss exceed the original amount of that
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net operating loss available to that taxpayer.

(2) In the case of nonresidents, all income, salaries, 1855 qualifying wages, commissions, and other compensation from 1856 whatever source earned or received by the nonresident for work 1857 done, services performed or rendered, or activities conducted in 1858 the municipal corporation, including any net profit of the 1859 nonresident, but excluding the nonresident's distributive share 1860 of the net profit or loss of only pass-through entities owned 1861 directly or indirectly by the nonresident. 1862

(3) For taxpayers that are not individuals, net profit of 1863the taxpayer; 1864

(4) Lottery, sweepstakes, gambling and sports winnings,
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winnings from games of chance, and prizes and awards. If the
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taxpayer is a professional gambler for federal income tax
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purposes, the taxpayer may deduct related wagering losses and
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expenses to the extent authorized under the Internal Revenue
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Code and claimed against such winnings.

(C) "Exempt income" means all of the following: 1871

(1) The military pay or allowances of members of the armed 1872

forces of the United States or members of their reserve1873components, including the national guard of any state;1874

(2)(a) Except as provided in division (C)(2)(b) of this 1875
section, intangible income; 1876

(b) A municipal corporation that taxed any type of 1877 intangible income on March 29, 1988, pursuant to Section 3 of 1878 S.B. 238 of the 116th general assembly, may continue to tax that 1879 type of income if a majority of the electors of the municipal 1880 corporation voting on the question of whether to permit the 1881 taxation of that type of intangible income after 1988 voted in 1882 favor thereof at an election held on November 8, 1988. 1883

(3) Social security benefits, railroad retirement 1884 benefits, unemployment compensation, pensions, retirement 1885 benefit payments, payments from annuities, and similar payments 1886 made to an employee or to the beneficiary of an employee under a 1887 retirement program or plan, disability payments received from 1888 private industry or local, state, or federal governments or from 1889 charitable, religious or educational organizations, and the 1890 proceeds of sickness, accident, or liability insurance policies. 1891 As used in division (C)(3) of this section, "unemployment 1892 compensation" does not include supplemental unemployment 1893 compensation described in section 3402(o)(2) of the Internal 1894 Revenue Code. 1895

(4) The income of religious, fraternal, charitable,
scientific, literary, or educational institutions to the extent
such income is derived from tax-exempt real estate, tax-exempt
tangible or intangible property, or tax-exempt activities.

(5) Compensation paid under section 3501.28 or 3501.36 of(5) the Revised Code to a person serving as a precinct election(5) 1900

official to the extent that such compensation does not exceed1902one thousand dollars for the taxable year. Such compensation in1903excess of one thousand dollars for the taxable year may be1904subject to taxation by a municipal corporation. A municipal1905corporation shall not require the payer of such compensation to1906withhold any tax from that compensation.1907

(6) Dues, contributions, and similar payments received by
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charitable, religious, educational, or literary organizations or
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labor unions, lodges, and similar organizations;
1910

(7) Alimony and child support received;

(8) Compensation for personal injuries or for damages to
property from insurance proceeds or otherwise, excluding
1913
compensation paid for lost salaries or wages or compensation
1914
from punitive damages;
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(9) Income of a public utility when that public utility is
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subject to the tax levied under section 5727.24 or 5727.30 of
1917
the Revised Code. Division (C) (9) of this section does not apply
1918
for purposes of Chapter 5745. of the Revised Code.
1919

(10) Gains from involuntary conversions, interest on 1920 federal obligations, items of income subject to a tax levied by 1921 the state and that a municipal corporation is specifically 1922 prohibited by law from taxing, and income of a decedent's estate 1923 during the period of administration except such income from the 1924 operation of a trade or business; 1925

(11) Compensation or allowances excluded from federalgross income under section 107 of the Internal Revenue Code;1927

(12) Employee compensation that is not qualifying wages asdefined in division (R) of this section;1929

(13) Compensation paid to a person employed within the 1930 boundaries of a United States air force base under the 1931 jurisdiction of the United States air force that is used for the 1932 housing of members of the United States air force and is a 1933 center for air force operations, unless the person is subject to 1934 taxation because of residence or domicile. If the compensation 1935 is subject to taxation because of residence or domicile, tax on 1936 such income shall be payable only to the municipal corporation 1937 of residence or domicile. 1938

(14) (a) Except as provided in division (C) (14) (b) or (c) 1939
of this section, an S corporation shareholder's distributive 1940
share of net profits of the S corporation, other than any part 1941
of the distributive share of net profits that represents wages 1942
as defined in section 3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code or 1943
net earnings from self-employment as defined in section 1402(a) 1944
of the Internal Revenue Code. 1945

(b) If, pursuant to division (H) of former section 718.01
of the Revised Code as it existed before March 11, 2004, a
majority of the electors of a municipal corporation voted in
favor of the question at an election held on November 4, 2003,
the municipal corporation may continue after 2002 to tax an S
corporation shareholder's distributive share of net profits of
an S corporation.

(c) If, on December 6, 2002, a municipal corporation was
imposing, assessing, and collecting a tax on an S corporation
1954
shareholder's distributive share of net profits of the S
corporation to the extent the distributive share would be
allocated or apportioned to this state under divisions (B) (1)
and (2) of section 5733.05 of the Revised Code if the S
corporation were a corporation subject to taxes imposed under
1953

Chapter 5733. of the Revised Code, the municipal corporation may 1960 continue to impose the tax on such distributive shares to the 1961 extent such shares would be so allocated or apportioned to this 1962 state only until December 31, 2004, unless a majority of the 1963 electors of the municipal corporation voting on the question of 1964 continuing to tax such shares after that date voted in favor of 1965 that question at an election held November 2, 2004. If a 1966 majority of those electors voted in favor of the question, the 1967 municipal corporation may continue after December 31, 2004, to 1968 impose the tax on such distributive shares only to the extent 1969 such shares would be so allocated or apportioned to this state. 1970

(d) A municipal corporation shall be deemed to have 1971 elected to tax S corporation shareholders' distributive shares 1972 of net profits of the S corporation in the hands of the 1973 shareholders if a majority of the electors of a municipal 1974 corporation voted in favor of a question at an election held 1975 under division (C)(14)(b) or (c) of this section. The municipal 1976 corporation shall specify by resolution or ordinance that the 1977 tax applies to the distributive share of a shareholder of an S 1978 corporation in the hands of the shareholder of the S 1979 1980 corporation.

(15) To the extent authorized under a resolution or
ordinance adopted by a municipal corporation before January 1,
2016, all or a portion of the income of individuals or a class
of individuals under eighteen years of age.

(16)(a) Except as provided in divisions (C)(16)(b), (c), 1985 and (d) of this section, qualifying wages described in division 1986 (B)(1) or (E) of section 718.011 of the Revised Code to the 1987 extent the qualifying wages are not subject to withholding for 1988 the municipal corporation under either of those divisions. 1989

(b) The exemption provided in division (C) (16) (a) of this 1990 section does not apply with respect to the municipal corporation 1991 in which the employee resided at the time the employee earned 1992 the qualifying wages. 1993 (c) The exemption provided in division (C) (16) (a) of this 1994 section does not apply to qualifying wages that an employer 1995 elects to withhold under division (D)(2) of section 718.011 of 1996 the Revised Code. 1997 (d) The exemption provided in division (C)(16)(a) of this 1998 section does not apply to qualifying wages if both of the 1999 following conditions apply: 2000 (i) For qualifying wages described in division (B)(1) of 2001 section 718.011 of the Revised Code, the employee's employer 2002 withholds and remits tax on the qualifying wages to the 2003 municipal corporation in which the employee's principal place of 2004 work is situated, or, for qualifying wages described in division 2005 (E) of section 718.011 of the Revised Code, the employee's 2006 employer withholds and remits tax on the qualifying wages to the 2007 municipal corporation in which the employer's fixed location is 2008 located; 2009 (ii) The employee receives a refund of the tax described 2010

in division (C)(16)(d)(i) of this section on the basis of the 2011 employee not performing services in that municipal corporation. 2012

(17)(a) Except as provided in division (C)(17)(b) or (c) 2013
of this section, compensation that is not qualifying wages paid 2014
to a nonresident individual for personal services performed in 2015
the municipal corporation on not more than twenty days in a 2016
taxable year. 2017

(b) The exemption provided in division (C)(17)(a) of this

Page 69

section does not apply under either of the following	2019
circumstances:	2020
(i) The individual's base of operation is located in the	2021

(i) The individual's base of operation is located in the municipal corporation.

(ii) The individual is a professional athlete, 2023 professional entertainer, or public figure, and the compensation 2024 is paid for the performance of services in the individual's 2025 capacity as a professional athlete, professional entertainer, or 2026 public figure. For purposes of division (C) (17) (b) (ii) of this 2027 section, "professional athlete," "professional entertainer," and 2028 "public figure" have the same meanings as in section 718.011 of 2029 the Revised Code. 2030

(c) Compensation to which division (C) (17) of this section
applies shall be treated as earned or received at the
individual's base of operation. If the individual does not have
a base of operation, the compensation shall be treated as earned
2032
a compensation of the individual is domiciled.

(d) For purposes of division (C) (17) of this section,
"base of operation" means the location where an individual owns
cor rents an office, storefront, or similar facility to which the
individual regularly reports and at which the individual
compensation.

(18) Compensation paid to a person for personal services 2041 performed for a political subdivision on property owned by the 2042 political subdivision, regardless of whether the compensation is 2043 received by an employee of the subdivision or another person 2044 performing services for the subdivision under a contract with 2045 the subdivision, if the property on which services are performed 2046 is annexed to a municipal corporation pursuant to section 2047

709.023 of the Revised Code on or after March 27, 2013, unless2048the person is subject to such taxation because of residence. If2049the compensation is subject to taxation because of residence,2050municipal income tax shall be payable only to the municipal2051corporation of residence.2052

(19) In the case of a tax administered, collected, and 2053 enforced by a municipal corporation pursuant to an agreement 2054 with the board of directors of a joint economic development 2055 district under section 715.72 of the Revised Code, the net 2056 profits of a business, and the income of the employees of that 2057 business, exempted from the tax under division (Q) of that 2058 section. 2059

(20) All of the following:

(a) Income derived from disaster work conducted in this
state by an out-of-state disaster business during a disaster
response period pursuant to a qualifying solicitation received
by the business;

(b) Income of a qualifying employee described in division
(A) (14) (a) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code, to the extent
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such income is derived from disaster work conducted in this
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state by the employee during a disaster response period pursuant
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to a qualifying solicitation received by the employee's
2069
employer;

(c) Income of a qualifying employee described in division
2071
(A) (14) (b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code, to the extent
2072
such income is derived from disaster work conducted in this
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state by the employee during a disaster response period on
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critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's
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employer.

(21) Income the taxation of which is prohibited by the2077constitution or laws of the United States.2078

Any item of income that is exempt income of a pass-through2079entity under division (C) of this section is exempt income of2080each owner of the pass-through entity to the extent of that2081owner's distributive or proportionate share of that item of the2082entity's income.2083

(D) (1) "Net profit" for a person who is an individual 2084
means the individual's net profit required to be reported on 2085
schedule C, schedule E, or schedule F reduced by any net 2086
operating loss carried forward. For the purposes of division (D) 2087
(1) of this section, the net operating loss carried forward 2088
shall be calculated and deducted in the same manner as provided 2089
in division (D) (3) of this section. 2090

(2) "Net profit" for a person other than an individual
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means adjusted federal taxable income reduced by any net
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operating loss incurred by the person in a taxable year
beginning on or after January 1, 2017, subject to the
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limitations of division (D) (3) of this section.

(3) (a) The amount of such net operating loss shall be 2096 deducted from net profit to the extent necessary to reduce 2097 municipal taxable income to zero, with any remaining unused 2098 portion of the net operating loss carried forward to not more 2099 than five consecutive taxable years following the taxable year 2100 in which the loss was incurred, but in no case for more years 2101 than necessary for the deduction to be fully utilized. 2102

(b) No person shall use the deduction allowed by division 2103(D) (3) of this section to offset qualifying wages. 2104

(c) (i) For taxable years beginning in 2018, 2019, 2020, 2105
2021, or 2022, a person may not deduct, for purposes of an 2106 income tax levied by a municipal corporation that levies an 2107 income tax before January 1, 2016, more than fifty per cent of 2108 the amount of the deduction otherwise allowed by division (D)(3) 2109 of this section. 2110

(ii) For taxable years beginning in 2023 or thereafter, a
person may deduct, for purposes of an income tax levied by a
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municipal corporation that levies an income tax before January
1, 2016, the full amount allowed by division (D) (3) of this
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section without regard to the limitation of division (D) (3) (b)
(i) of this section.

(d) Any pre-2017 net operating loss carryforward deduction that is available may be utilized before a taxpayer may deduct any amount pursuant to division (D)(3) of this section.

(e) Nothing in division (D)(3)(c)(i) of this section 2120 precludes a person from carrying forward, for use with respect 2121 to any return filed for a taxable year beginning after 2018, any 2122 amount of net operating loss that was not fully utilized by 2123 operation of division (D) (3) (c) (i) of this section. To the 2124 extent that an amount of net operating loss that was not fully 2125 utilized in one or more taxable years by operation of division 2126 (D) (3) (c) (i) of this section is carried forward for use with 2127 respect to a return filed for a taxable year beginning in 2019, 2128 2020, 2021, or 2022, the limitation described in division (D)(3) 2129 (c) (i) of this section shall apply to the amount carried 2130 forward. 2131

(4) For the purposes of this chapter, and notwithstanding
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division (D) (2) of this section, net profit of a disregarded
entity shall not be taxable as against that disregarded entity,
but shall instead be included in the net profit of the owner of
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Page 73

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2118

the disregarded entity.

(5) For the purposes of this chapter, and notwithstanding 2137 any other provision of this chapter, the net profit of a 2138 publicly traded partnership that makes the election described in 2139 division (D)(5) of this section shall be taxed as if the 2140 partnership were a C corporation, and shall not be treated as 2141 the net profit or income of any owner of the partnership. 2142

2143 A publicly traded partnership that is treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes and that is subject 2144 to tax on its net profits in one or more municipal corporations 2145 in this state may elect to be treated as a C corporation for 2146 municipal income tax purposes. The publicly traded partnership 2147 shall make the election in every municipal corporation in which 2148 the partnership is subject to taxation on its net profits. The 2149 election shall be made on the annual tax return filed in each 2150 such municipal corporation. The publicly traded partnership 2151 shall not be required to file the election with any municipal 2152 corporation in which the partnership is not subject to taxation 2153 on its net profits, but division (D)(5) of this section applies 2154 to all municipal corporations in which an individual owner of 2155 2156 the partnership resides.

(E) "Adjusted federal taxable income," for a person 2157 required to file as a C corporation, or for a person that has 2158 elected to be taxed as a C corporation under division (D)(5) of 2159 this section, means a C corporation's federal taxable income 2160 before net operating losses and special deductions as determined 2161 under the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as follows: 2162

(1) Deduct intangible income to the extent included in 2163 federal taxable income. The deduction shall be allowed 2164 regardless of whether the intangible income relates to assets 2165

Page 74

used in a trade or business or assets held for the production of 2166 income. 2167

(2) Add an amount equal to five per cent of intangible
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income deducted under division (E) (1) of this section, but
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excluding that portion of intangible income directly related to
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the sale, exchange, or other disposition of property described
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in section 1221 of the Internal Revenue Code;
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(3) Add any losses allowed as a deduction in the
computation of federal taxable income if the losses directly
2174
relate to the sale, exchange, or other disposition of an asset
2175
described in section 1221 or 1231 of the Internal Revenue Code;
2176

(4) (a) Except as provided in division (E) (4) (b) of this
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section, deduct income and gain included in federal taxable
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income to the extent the income and gain directly relate to the
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sale, exchange, or other disposition of an asset described in
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section 1221 or 1231 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(b) Division (E) (4) (a) of this section does not apply to
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the extent the income or gain is income or gain described in
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section 1245 or 1250 of the Internal Revenue Code.
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(5) Add taxes on or measured by net income allowed as adeduction in the computation of federal taxable income;2185

(6) In the case of a real estate investment trust or
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regulated investment company, add all amounts with respect to
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dividends to, distributions to, or amounts set aside for or
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credited to the benefit of investors and allowed as a deduction
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in the computation of federal taxable income;
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(7) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
excluded in computing federal taxable income, any income derived
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from a transfer agreement or from the enterprise transferred
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(8) Deduct exempt income to the extent not otherwise 2196 deducted or excluded in computing adjusted federal taxable 2197 income. 2198 (9) Deduct any net profit of a pass-through entity owned 2199 directly or indirectly by the taxpayer and included in the 2200 taxpayer's federal taxable income unless an affiliated group of 2201 corporations includes that net profit in the group's federal 2202 taxable income in accordance with division (E)(3)(b) of section 2203 718.06 of the Revised Code. 2204 (10) Add any loss incurred by a pass-through entity owned 2205 directly or indirectly by the taxpayer and included in the 2206 taxpayer's federal taxable income unless an affiliated group of 2207 corporations includes that loss in the group's federal taxable 2208 income in accordance with division (E)(3)(b) of section 718.06 2209 of the Revised Code. 2210 If the taxpayer is not a C corporation, is not a 2211 disregarded entity that has made the election described in 2212

under that agreement under section 4313.02 of the Revised Code;

division (L)(2) of this section, is not a publicly traded 2213 partnership that has made the election described in division (D) 2214 2215 (5) of this section, and is not an individual, the taxpayer shall compute adjusted federal taxable income under this section 2216 2217 as if the taxpayer were a C corporation, except guaranteed payments and other similar amounts paid or accrued to a partner, 2218 former partner, shareholder, former shareholder, member, or 2219 former member shall not be allowed as a deductible expense 2220 unless such payments are in consideration for the use of capital 2221 and treated as payment of interest under section 469 of the 2222 Internal Revenue Code or United States treasury regulations. 2223 Amounts paid or accrued to a qualified self-employed retirement 2224

plan with respect to a partner, former partner, shareholder, 2225 former shareholder, member, or former member of the taxpayer, 2226 amounts paid or accrued to or for health insurance for a 2227 partner, former partner, shareholder, former shareholder, 2228 member, or former member, and amounts paid or accrued to or for 2229 life insurance for a partner, former partner, shareholder, 2230 2231 former shareholder, member, or former member shall not be allowed as a deduction. 2232

Nothing in division (E) of this section shall be construed2233as allowing the taxpayer to add or deduct any amount more than2234once or shall be construed as allowing any taxpayer to deduct2235any amount paid to or accrued for purposes of federal self-2236employment tax.2237

(F) "Schedule C" means internal revenue service schedule C 2238
(form 1040) filed by a taxpayer pursuant to the Internal Revenue 2239
Code. 2240

(G) "Schedule E" means internal revenue service schedule E 2241
(form 1040) filed by a taxpayer pursuant to the Internal Revenue 2242
Code. 2243

(H) "Schedule F" means internal revenue service schedule F 2244
(form 1040) filed by a taxpayer pursuant to the Internal Revenue 2245
Code. 2246

(I) "Internal Revenue Code" has the same meaning as in2247section 5747.01 of the Revised Code.2248

(J) "Resident" means an individual who is domiciled in the 2249municipal corporation as determined under section 718.012 of the 2250Revised Code. 2251

(K) "Nonresident" means an individual that is not a 2252resident. 2253

(L) (1) "Taxpayer" means a person subject to a tax levied
2254
on income by a municipal corporation in accordance with this
2255
chapter. "Taxpayer" does not include a grantor trust or, except
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as provided in division (L) (2) (a) of this section, a disregarded
2257
entity.

(2) (a) A single member limited liability company that is a
disregarded entity for federal tax purposes may be a separate
taxpayer from its single member in all Ohio municipal
corporations in which it either filed as a separate taxpayer or
did not file for its taxable year ending in 2003, if all of the
following conditions are met:

(i) The limited liability company's single member is also a limited liability company.

(ii) The limited liability company and its single member
were formed and doing business in one or more Ohio municipal
corporations for at least five years before January 1, 2004.
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(iii) Not later than December 31, 2004, the limited
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liability company and its single member each made an election to
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be treated as a separate taxpayer under division (L) of this
2272
section as this section existed on December 31, 2004.

(iv) The limited liability company was not formed for the 2274
purpose of evading or reducing Ohio municipal corporation income 2275
tax liability of the limited liability company or its single 2276
member. 2277

(v) The Ohio municipal corporation that was the primary2278place of business of the sole member of the limited liability2279company consented to the election.2280

(b) For purposes of division (L)(2)(a)(v) of this section, 2281a municipal corporation was the primary place of business of a 2282

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## S. B. No. 276 As Introduced

limited liability company if, for the limited liability 2283 company's taxable year ending in 2003, its income tax liability 2284 was greater in that municipal corporation than in any other 2285 municipal corporation in Ohio, and that tax liability to that 2286 municipal corporation for its taxable year ending in 2003 was at 2287 least four hundred thousand dollars. 2288

(M) "Person" includes individuals, firms, companies, joint 2289
stock companies, business trusts, estates, trusts, partnerships, 2290
limited liability partnerships, limited liability companies, 2291
associations, C corporations, S corporations, governmental 2292
entities, and any other entity. 2293

(N) "Pass-through entity" means a partnership not treated 2294 as an association taxable as a C corporation for federal income 2295 tax purposes, a limited liability company not treated as an 2296 association taxable as a C corporation for federal income tax 2297 purposes, an S corporation, or any other class of entity from 2298 which the income or profits of the entity are given pass-through 2299 treatment for federal income tax purposes. "Pass-through entity" 2300 does not include a trust, estate, grantor of a grantor trust, or 2301 2302 disregarded entity.

(0) "S corporation" means a person that has made an
election under subchapter S of Chapter 1 of Subtitle A of the
Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year.
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(P) "Single member limited liability company" means a2306limited liability company that has one direct member.2307

(Q) "Limited liability company" means a limited liability
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 company formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code
 2309
 or under the laws of another state.
 2310

(R) "Qualifying wages" means wages, as defined in section 2311

limitations, adjusted as follows:

(1) Deduct the following amounts:

section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code.

employer, or other payer. 2321 2322 (c) Any amount attributable to a nonqualified deferred compensation plan or program described in section 3121(v)(2)(C)2323 of the Internal Revenue Code if the compensation is included in 2324 wages and the municipal corporation has, by resolution or 2325 ordinance adopted before January 1, 2016, exempted the amount 2326 from withholding and tax. 2327 (d) Any amount included in wages if the amount arises from 2328 the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a stock option, the 2329 exercise of a stock option, or the sale, exchange, or other 2330 disposition of stock purchased under a stock option and the 2331 municipal corporation has, by resolution or ordinance adopted 2332 before January 1, 2016, exempted the amount from withholding and 2333 2334 tax. (e) Any amount included in wages that is exempt income. 2335 (2) Add the following amounts: 2336 (a) Any amount not included in wages solely because the 2337

3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, without regard to any wage

compensation attributable to a plan or program described in

payment on account of a disability related to sickness or an

accident paid by a party unrelated to the employer, agent of an

(a) Any amount included in wages if the amount constitutes

(b) Any amount included in wages if the amount constitutes

employee was employed by the employer before April 1, 1986. 2338

(b) Any amount not included in wages because the amount 2339

Page 80

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arises from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a stock 2340 option, the exercise of a stock option, or the sale, exchange, 2341 or other disposition of stock purchased under a stock option and 2342 the municipal corporation has not, by resolution or ordinance, 2343 exempted the amount from withholding and tax adopted before 2344 January 1, 2016. Division (R)(2)(b) of this section applies only 2345 to those amounts constituting ordinary income. 2346

(c) Any amount not included in wages if the amount is an
amount described in section 401(k), 403(b), or 457 of the
Internal Revenue Code. Division (R) (2) (c) of this section
applies only to employee contributions and employee deferrals.

(d) Any amount that is supplemental unemployment
compensation benefits described in section 3402(o)(2) of the
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Internal Revenue Code and not included in wages.
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(e) Any amount received that is treated as self-employment
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income for federal tax purposes in accordance with section
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1402(a)(8) of the Internal Revenue Code.
2356

(f) Any amount not included in wages if all of the 2357
following apply: 2358

(i) For the taxable year the amount is employee
compensation that is earned outside of the United States and
compensation that is earned outside of the United States and
compensation that is earned outside of the United States and
compensation that is earned outside of the United States and
compensation that is earned outside of the United States and
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compensation that is earned outside of the United States and
compensation that is earned outside of the United States and
compensation that either is included in the taxpayer did the taxpayer's gross income for such purposes if the taxpayer did
compensation the taxpayer did the income under section 911 of the
compensation the taxpayer did
compe

(ii) For no preceding taxable year did the amount
constitute wages as defined in section 3121(a) of the Internal
Revenue Code;

(iii) For no succeeding taxable year will the amount 2369 2370 constitute wages; and (iv) For any taxable year the amount has not otherwise 2371 been added to wages pursuant to either division (R)(2) of this 2372 section or section 718.03 of the Revised Code, as that section 2373 existed before the effective date of H.B. 5 of the 130th general 2374 assembly, March 23, 2015. 2375 2376 (S) "Intangible income" means income of any of the 2377 following types: income yield, interest, capital gains, dividends, or other income arising from the ownership, sale, 2378 exchange, or other disposition of intangible property including, 2379 but not limited to, investments, deposits, money, or credits as 2380 those terms are defined in Chapter 5701. of the Revised Code, 2381 and patents, copyrights, trademarks, tradenames, investments in 2382 real estate investment trusts, investments in regulated 2383 investment companies, and appreciation on deferred compensation. 2384 "Intangible income" does not include prizes, awards, or other 2385 income associated with any lottery winnings, gambling winnings, 2386 or other similar games of chance. 2387 (T) "Taxable year" means the corresponding tax reporting 2388 period as prescribed for the taxpayer under the Internal Revenue 2389 Code. 2390

(U) "Tax administrator" means the individual charged with
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 direct responsibility for administration of an income tax levied
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 by a municipal corporation in accordance with this chapter, and
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 also includes the following:
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(1) A municipal corporation acting as the agent of another2395municipal corporation;2396

(2) A person retained by a municipal corporation to 2397

whole or in part on a contingency basis; 2400 (3) The central collection agency or the regional income 2401 tax agency or their successors in interest, or another entity 2402 organized to perform functions similar to those performed by the 2403 central collection agency and the regional income tax agency. 2404 "Tax administrator" does not include the tax commissioner. 2405 (V) "Employer" means a person that is an employer for 2406 federal income tax purposes. 2407 (W) "Employee" means an individual who is an employee for 2408 federal income tax purposes. 2409 (X) "Other payer" means any person, other than an 2410 individual's employer or the employer's agent, that pays an 2411 individual any amount included in the federal gross income of 2412 the individual. "Other payer" includes casino operators and 2413 video lottery terminal sales agents. 2414 (Y) "Calendar quarter" means the three-month period ending 2415 on the last day of March, June, September, or December. 2416 (Z) "Form 2106" means internal revenue service form 2106 2417

filed by a taxpayer pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code. 2418

(AA) "Municipal corporation" includes a joint economic 2419
development district or joint economic development zone that 2420
levies an income tax under section 715.691, 715.70, 715.71, or 2421
715.72 of the Revised Code. 2422

(BB) "Disregarded entity" means a single member limited
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liability company, a qualifying subchapter S subsidiary, or
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another entity if the company, subsidiary, or entity is a
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disregarded entity for federal income tax purposes.

(CC) "Generic form" means an electronic or paper form that 2427 is not prescribed by a particular municipal corporation and that 2428 is designed for reporting taxes withheld by an employer, agent 2429 of an employer, or other payer, estimated municipal income 2430 taxes, or annual municipal income tax liability or for filing a 2431 refund claim. 2432

(DD) "Tax return preparer" means any individual described 2433 in section 7701(a)(36) of the Internal Revenue Code and 26 2434 C.F.R. 301.7701-15. 2435

(EE) "Ohio business gateway" means the online computer 2436 network system, created under section 125.30 of the Revised 2437 Code, that allows persons to electronically file business reply 2438 forms with state agencies and includes any successor electronic 2439 filing and payment system. 2440

(FF) "Local board of tax review" and "board of tax review" 2441
mean the entity created under section 718.11 of the Revised 2442
Code. 2443

(GG) "Net operating loss" means a loss incurred by a 2444
person in the operation of a trade or business. "Net operating 2445
loss" does not include unutilized losses resulting from basis 2446
limitations, at-risk limitations, or passive activity loss 2447
limitations. 2448

(HH) "Casino operator" and "casino facility" have the same 2449
meanings as in section 3772.01 of the Revised Code. 2450

(II) "Video lottery terminal" has the same meaning as in2451section 3770.21 of the Revised Code.2452

(JJ) "Video lottery terminal sales agent" means a lottery 2453

sales agent licensed under Chapter 3770. of the Revised Code to2454conduct video lottery terminals on behalf of the state pursuant2455to section 3770.21 of the Revised Code.2456

(KK) "Postal service" means the United States postal 2457 service. 2458

(LL) "Certified mail," "express mail," "United States 2459
mail," "postal service," and similar terms include any delivery 2460
service authorized pursuant to section 5703.056 of the Revised 2461
Code. 2462

(MM) "Postmark date," "date of postmark," and similar 2463
terms include the date recorded and marked in the manner 2464
described in division (B)(3) of section 5703.056 of the Revised 2465
Code. 2466

(NN) "Related member" means a person that, with respect to 2467 the taxpayer during all or any portion of the taxable year, is 2468 either a related entity, a component member as defined in 2469 section 1563(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, or a person to or 2470 from whom there is attribution of stock ownership in accordance 2471 with section 1563(e) of the Internal Revenue Code except, for 2472 purposes of determining whether a person is a related member 2473 under this division, "twenty per cent" shall be substituted for 2474 "5 percent" wherever "5 percent" appears in section 1563(e) of 2475 the Internal Revenue Code. 2476

(00) "Related entity" means any of the following: 2477

(1) An individual stockholder, or a member of the
stockholder's family enumerated in section 318 of the Internal
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Revenue Code, if the stockholder and the members of the
stockholder's family own directly, indirectly, beneficially, or
constructively, in the aggregate, at least fifty per cent of the
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Page 86

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value of the taxpayer's outstanding stock;

(2) A stockholder, or a stockholder's partnership, estate,
trust, or corporation, if the stockholder and the stockholder's
partnerships, estates, trusts, or corporations own directly,
indirectly, beneficially, or constructively, in the aggregate,
tleast fifty per cent of the value of the taxpayer's
outstanding stock;

(3) A corporation, or a party related to the corporation 2490 in a manner that would require an attribution of stock from the 2491 corporation to the party or from the party to the corporation 2492 under division (OO) (4) of this section, provided the taxpayer 2493 owns directly, indirectly, beneficially, or constructively, at 2494 least fifty per cent of the value of the corporation's 2495 outstanding stock; 2496

(4) The attribution rules described in section 318 of the Internal Revenue Code apply for the purpose of determining whether the ownership requirements in divisions (OO)(1) to (3) of this section have been met.

(PP) (1) "Assessment" means a written finding by the tax 2501 2502 administrator that a person has underpaid municipal income tax, 2503 or owes penalty and interest, or any combination of tax, 2504 penalty, or interest, to the municipal corporation that commences the person's time limitation for making an appeal to 2505 the local board of tax review pursuant to section 718.11 of the 2506 Revised Code, and has "ASSESSMENT" written in all capital 2507 letters at the top of such finding. 2508

(2) "Assessment" does not include an informal notice
denying a request for refund issued under division (B) (3) of
section 718.19 of the Revised Code, a billing statement
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notifying a taxpayer of current or past-due balances owed to the2512municipal corporation, a tax administrator's request for2513additional information, a notification to the taxpayer of2514mathematical errors, or a tax administrator's other written2515correspondence to a person or taxpayer that does meet the2516criteria prescribed by division (PP) (1) of this section.2517

(QQ) "Taxpayers' rights and responsibilities" means the 2518 rights provided to taxpayers in sections 718.11, 718.12, 718.19, 2519 718.23, 718.36, 718.37, 718.38, 5717.011, and 5717.03 of the 2520 Revised Code and the responsibilities of taxpayers to file, 2521 report, withhold, remit, and pay municipal income tax and 2522 otherwise comply with Chapter 718. of the Revised Code and 2523 resolutions, ordinances, and rules adopted by a municipal 2524 corporation for the imposition and administration of a municipal 2525 income tax. 2526

(RR) "Qualified municipal corporation" means a municipal 2527 corporation that, by resolution or ordinance adopted on or 2528 before December 31, 2011, adopted Ohio adjusted gross income, as 2529 defined by section 5747.01 of the Revised Code, as the income 2530 subject to tax for the purposes of imposing a municipal income 2531 tax.

(SS) (1) "Pre-2017 net operating loss carryforward" means 2533 any net operating loss incurred in a taxable year beginning 2534 before January 1, 2017, to the extent such loss was permitted, 2535 by a resolution or ordinance of the municipal corporation that 2536 was adopted by the municipal corporation before January 1, 2016, 2537 to be carried forward and utilized to offset income or net 2538 profit generated in such municipal corporation in future taxable 2539 2540 years.

(2) For the purpose of calculating municipal taxable 2541

income, any pre-2017 net operating loss carryforward may be 2542 carried forward to any taxable year, including taxable years 2543 beginning in 2017 or thereafter, for the number of taxable years 2544 provided in the resolution or ordinance or until fully utilized, 2545 whichever is earlier. 2546

(TT) "Small employer" means any employer that had total 2547 revenue of less than five hundred thousand dollars during the 2548 preceding taxable year. For purposes of this division, "total 2549 revenue" means receipts of any type or kind, including, but not 2550 2551 limited to, sales receipts; payments; rents; profits; gains, 2552 dividends, and other investment income; compensation; commissions; premiums; money; property; grants; contributions; 2553 2554 donations; gifts; program service revenue; patient service revenue; premiums; fees, including premium fees and service 2555 fees; tuition payments; unrelated business revenue; 2556 2557 reimbursements; any type of payment from a governmental unit, including grants and other allocations; and any other similar 2558 receipts reported for federal income tax purposes or under 2559 generally accepted accounting principles. "Small employer" does 2560 not include the federal government; any state government, 2561 2562 including any state agency or instrumentality; any political subdivision; or any entity treated as a government for financial 2563 accounting and reporting purposes. 2564

(UU) "Audit" means the examination of a person or the 2565 inspection of the books, records, memoranda, or accounts of a 2566 person for the purpose of determining liability for a municipal 2567 income tax. 2568

(VV) "Publicly traded partnership" means any partnership,
an interest in which is regularly traded on an established
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securities market. A "publicly traded partnership" may have any
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Page 89

number of partners.	2572
(WW) "Tax commissioner" means the tax commissioner	2573
appointed under section 121.03 of the Revised Code.	2574
(XX) "Out-of-state disaster business," "qualifying	2575
solicitation," "qualifying employee," "disaster work," "critical	2576
infrastructure," and "disaster response period" have the same	2577
meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised Code.	2578
(YY) "Pension" means a retirement benefit plan, regardless	2579
of whether the plan satisfies the qualifications described under	2580
section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, including amounts	2581
that are taxable under the "Federal Insurance Contributions	2582
Act," Chapter 21 of the Internal Revenue Code, excluding	2583
employee contributions and elective deferrals, and regardless of	2584
whether such amounts are naid in the same taughle user in which	2505

whether such amounts are paid in the same taxable year in which2585the amounts are included in the employee's wages, as defined by2586section 3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.2587

(ZZ) "Retirement benefit plan" means an arrangement 2588 whereby an entity provides benefits to individuals either on or 2589 after their termination of service because of retirement or 2590 disability. "Retirement benefit plan" does not include wage 2591 continuation payments, severance payments, or payments made for 2592 accrued personal or vacation time. 2593

**Sec. 1329.01.** (A) As used in sections 1329.01 to 1329.10 2594 of the Revised Code: 2595

(1) "Trade name" means a name used in business or trade to
 designate the business of the user and to which the user asserts
 a right to exclusive use.
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(2) "Fictitious name" means a name used in business or 2599trade that is fictitious and that the user has not registered or 2600

is not entitled to register as a trade name. It does not include 2601 the name of record of any domestic corporation that is formed 2602 under Chapter 1701. or 1702. of the Revised Code, any foreign 2603 corporation that is registered pursuant to Chapter 1703. of the 2604 Revised Code, any domestic or foreign limited liability company 2605 that is formed under or registered pursuant to Chapter 1705. or 2606 <u>1706.</u> of the Revised Code, any domestic or foreign limited 2607 partnership that is formed under or registered pursuant to 2608 Chapter 1782. of the Revised Code, or any domestic or foreign 2609 limited liability partnership that is formed under or registered 2610 pursuant to Chapter 1775. or 1776. of the Revised Code. 2611

(3) "Person" includes any individual, general partnership,
limited partnership, limited liability partnership, corporation,
association, professional association, limited liability
company, society, foundation, federation, or organization formed
under the laws of this state or any other state.

(B) Except as provided in section 1701.041 of the Revised
Code and subject to sections 1329.01 to 1329.10 of the Revised
Code, any person may register with the secretary of state, on a
form prescribed by the secretary of state, any trade name under
which the person is operating, setting forth all of the
following:

(1) The name and business address of the applicant for2623registration and any of the following that is applicable:2624

(a) If the applicant is a general partnership, the name
and address of at least one partner or the identifying number
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the secretary of state assigns to the partnership pursuant to
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section 1776.05 of the Revised Code;

(b) If the applicant is a limited partnership, a

Page 90

corporation, professional association, limited liability 2630 company, or other entity, the form of the entity and the state 2631 under the laws of which it was formed. 2632 (2) The trade name to be registered; 2633 (3) The general nature of the business conducted by the 2634 applicant; 2635 (4) The length of time during which the trade name has 2636 been used by the applicant in business operations in this state. 2637 (C) The trade name application shall be signed by the 2638 applicant or by any authorized representative of the applicant. 2639 A single trade name may be registered upon each trade name 2640 application submitted under sections 1329.01 to 1329.10 of the 2641 Revised Code. 2642 The trade name application shall be accompanied by a 2643 filing fee of thirty-nine dollars, payable to the secretary of 2644 2645 state. (D) Any person who does business under a fictitious name 2646 and who has not registered and does not wish to register the 2647 fictitious name as a trade name or who cannot do so because the 2648 name is not available for registration shall report the use of 2649 the fictitious name to the secretary of state, on a form 2650 prescribed by the secretary of state, setting forth all of the 2651 following: 2652 (1) The name and business address of the user and any of 2653 2654 the following that is applicable: (a) If the user is a general partnership, the name and 2655 address of at least one partner or the identifying number the 2656

secretary of state assigns to the partnership pursuant to

Page 91

section 1775.105 of the Revised Code; 2658 (b) If the user is a limited partnership, a corporation, 2659 professional association, limited liability company, or other 2660 entity, the form of the entity and the state under whose laws it 2661 was formed. 2662 (2) The fictitious name being used; 2663 (3) The general nature of the business conducted by the 2664 2665 user. (E) The report of use of a fictitious name shall be signed 2666 by the user or by any authorized representative of the user. 2667 A single fictitious name may be registered upon each 2668 fictitious name report submitted under sections 1329.01 to 2669 1329.10 of the Revised Code. 2670 The fictitious name report shall be accompanied by a 2671 filing fee of thirty-nine dollars, payable to the secretary of 2672 2673 state. A report under this division shall be made within thirty 2674 days after the date of the first use of the fictitious name. 2675 Sec. 1329.02. (A) The secretary of state shall not file an 2676 2677 application for the registration of any trade name if the application indicates or implies that the trade name is 2678 connected with a government agency of this state, another state, 2679 or the United States and the trade name is not so connected or 2680 if the application indicates or implies that the applicant is 2681 incorporated and the application is not incorporated. 2682 Additionally, the secretary of state shall not file an 2683 application for the registration of any trade name if it is not 2684 distinguishable upon the records in the office of the secretary 2685

## S. B. No. 276 As Introduced

of state from any other trade name previously registered under 2686 sections 1329.01 to 1329.03 of the Revised Code, any corporate 2687 name, whether nonprofit or for profit and whether that of a 2688 domestic corporation or of a foreign corporation authorized to 2689 do business in this state, the name of any limited liability 2690 company registered in the office of the secretary of state 2691 pursuant to Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code, whether 2692 domestic or foreign, the name of any limited liability 2693 partnership registered in the office of the secretary of state 2694 pursuant to Chapter 1775. or 1776. of the Revised Code, whether 2695 domestic or foreign, the name of any limited partnership 2696 registered in the office of the secretary of state pursuant to 2697 Chapter 1782. of the Revised Code, whether domestic or foreign, 2698 or any trademark, or service mark previously filed and recorded 2699 in the office of the secretary of state and not abandoned, 2700 unless the written consent of the corporation, limited liability 2701 company, limited liability partnership, or limited partnership, 2702 or the person to whom is registered the exclusive right to use 2703 the trade name is filed in accordance with division (C) of 2704 section 1701.05 of the Revised Code with the application or the 2705 written consent of the former registrant of the trademark or 2706 service mark is filed with the application. The application for 2707 the registration of a trade name and the consent form shall be 2708 on a form prescribed by the secretary of state. 2709

(B) The secretary of state shall determine for purposes of this section whether a name is distinguishable from another name in a manner consistent with the provisions of division (B) of section 1701.05 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 1701.03. (A) A corporation may be formed under this2714chapter for any purpose or combination of purposes for which2715individuals lawfully may associate themselves, except that, if2716

Page 93

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## S. B. No. 276 As Introduced

the Revised Code contains special provisions pertaining to the2717formation of any designated type of corporation other than a2718professional association, as defined in section 1785.01 of the2719Revised Code, a corporation of that type shall be formed in2720accordance with the special provisions.2721

(B) On and after July 1, 1994, a corporation may be formed 2722 under this chapter for the purpose of carrying on the practice 2723 of any profession, including, but not limited to, a corporation 2724 for the purpose of providing public accounting or certified 2725 2726 public accounting services, a corporation for the erection, owning, and conducting of a sanitarium for receiving and caring 2727 for patients, medical and hygienic treatment of patients, and 2728 instruction of nurses in the treatment of disease and in 2729 hygiene, a corporation for the purpose of providing 2730 architectural, landscape architectural, professional 2731 engineering, or surveying services or any combination of those 2732 types of services, and a corporation for the purpose of 2733 providing a combination of the professional services, as defined 2734 in section 1785.01 of the Revised Code, of optometrists 2735 authorized under Chapter 4725. of the Revised Code, 2736 chiropractors authorized under Chapter 4734. of the Revised Code 2737 to practice chiropractic or acupuncture, psychologists 2738 authorized under Chapter 4732. of the Revised Code, registered 2739 or licensed practical nurses authorized under Chapter 4723. of 2740 the Revised Code, pharmacists authorized under Chapter 4729. of 2741 the Revised Code, physical therapists authorized under sections 2742 4755.40 to 4755.56 of the Revised Code, occupational therapists 2743 authorized under sections 4755.04 to 4755.13 of the Revised 2744 Code, mechanotherapists authorized under section 4731.151 of the 2745 Revised Code, doctors of medicine and surgery, osteopathic 2746 medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery 2747

authorized under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code, and licensed2748professional clinical counselors, licensed professional2749counselors, independent social workers, social workers,2750independent marriage and family therapists, or marriage and2751family therapists authorized under Chapter 4757. of the Revised2752Code.2753

This chapter does not restrict, limit, or otherwise affect 2754 the authority or responsibilities of any agency, board, 2755 commission, department, office, or other entity to license, 2756 register, and otherwise regulate the professional conduct of 2757 individuals or organizations of any kind rendering professional 2758 services, as defined in section 1785.01 of the Revised Code, in 2759 this state or to regulate the practice of any profession that is 2760 within the jurisdiction of the agency, board, commission, 2761 department, office, or other entity, notwithstanding that an 2762 individual is a director, officer, employee, or other agent of a 2763 corporation formed under this chapter and is rendering 2764 professional services or engaging in the practice of a 2765 profession through a corporation formed under this chapter or 2766 that the organization is a corporation formed under this 2767 2768 chapter.

(C) Nothing in division (A) or (B) of this section
precludes the organization of a professional association in
accordance with this chapter and Chapter 1785. of the Revised
Code or the formation of a limited liability company under
Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code with respect to a
business, as defined in section 1705.01 of the Revised
Codetrade, occupation, or profession.

(D) No corporation formed for the purpose of providing a 2776 combination of the professional services, as defined in section 2777

## S. B. No. 276 As Introduced

1785.01 of the Revised Code, of optometrists authorized under 2778 Chapter 4725. of the Revised Code, chiropractors authorized 2779 under Chapter 4734. of the Revised Code to practice chiropractic 2780 or acupuncture, psychologists authorized under Chapter 4732. of 2781 the Revised Code, registered or licensed practical nurses 2782 authorized under Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code, pharmacists 2783 authorized under Chapter 4729. of the Revised Code, physical 2784 therapists authorized under sections 4755.40 to 4755.56 of the 2785 Revised Code, occupational therapists authorized under sections 2786 4755.04 to 4755.13 of the Revised Code, mechanotherapists 2787 authorized under section 4731.151 of the Revised Code, doctors 2788 of medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or 2789 podiatric medicine and surgery authorized under Chapter 4731. of 2790 the Revised Code, and licensed professional clinical counselors, 2791 licensed professional counselors, independent social workers, 2792 social workers, independent marriage and family therapists, or 2793 marriage and family therapists authorized under Chapter 4757. of 2794 the Revised Code shall control the professional clinical 2795 judgment exercised within accepted and prevailing standards of 2796 practice of a licensed, certificated, or otherwise legally 2797 authorized optometrist, chiropractor, chiropractor practicing 2798 acupuncture through the state chiropractic board, psychologist, 2799 nurse, pharmacist, physical therapist, occupational therapist, 2800 mechanotherapist, doctor of medicine and surgery, osteopathic 2801 medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery, 2802 licensed professional clinical counselor, licensed professional 2803 counselor, independent social worker, social worker, independent 2804 marriage and family therapist, or marriage and family therapist 2805 in rendering care, treatment, or professional advice to an 2806 individual patient. 2807

This division does not prevent a hospital, as defined in

Page 96

section 3727.01 of the Revised Code, insurer, as defined in 2809 section 3999.36 of the Revised Code, or intermediary 2810 organization, as defined in section 1751.01 of the Revised Code, 2811 from entering into a contract with a corporation described in 2812 this division that includes a provision requiring utilization 2813 review, quality assurance, peer review, or other performance or 2814 quality standards. Those activities shall not be construed as 2815 controlling the professional clinical judgment of an individual 2816 practitioner listed in this division. 2817

Sec. 1701.05. (A) Except as provided in this section, and 2818 in sections 1701.75, 1701.78, and 1701.82 of the Revised Code, 2819 which sections relate to the reorganization, merger, and 2820 consolidation of corporations, the corporate name of a domestic 2821 corporation shall comply with all of the following: 2822

(1) It shall end with or include the word or abbreviation 2823
"company," "co.," "corporation," "corp.," "incorporated," or 2824
"inc." 2825

(2) It shall be distinguishable upon the records in the2826office of the secretary of state from all of the following:2827

(a) The name of any other corporation, whether nonprofit
(a) The name of any other corporation, whether nonprofit
(b) 2828
(c) 2829
(c) 2829
(c) 2829
(c) 2820

(b) The name of any limited liability company registered
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in the office of the secretary of state pursuant to Chapter
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1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code, whether domestic or foreign;
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(c) The name of any limited liability partnership
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registered in the office of the secretary of state pursuant to
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Chapter 1775. or 1776. of the Revised Code, whether domestic or
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foreign;

# S. B. No. 276 As Introduced

(d) The name of any limited partnership registered in the
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office of the secretary of state pursuant to Chapter 1782. of
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the Revised Code, whether domestic or foreign;
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(e) Any trade name the exclusive right to which is at the
time in question registered in the office of the secretary of
state pursuant to Chapter 1329. of the Revised Code.
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(3) It shall not contain any language that indicates or
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implies that the corporation is connected with a government
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agency of this state, another state, or the United States.
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(B) The secretary of state shall determine for purposes of 2847 this section whether a name is "distinguishable" from another 2848 name upon the secretary of state's records. Without excluding 2849 other names that may not constitute distinguishable names in 2850 this state, a name is not considered distinguishable from 2851 another name for purposes of this section solely because it 2852 differs from the other name in only one or more of the following 2853 manners: 2854

(1) The use of the word "corporation," "company," 2855
"incorporated," "limited," or any abbreviation of any of those 2856
words; 2857

(2) The use of any article, conjunction, contraction, 2858abbreviation, or punctuation; 2859

(3) The use of a different tense or number of the same2860word.2861

(C) A corporation may apply to the secretary of state for 2862 authorization to use a name that is not distinguishable upon the 2863 secretary of state's records from the name of any other 2864 corporation, limited liability company, limited liability 2865 partnership, or limited partnership, or from a registered trade 2866

name, if there also is filed in the office of the secretary of 2867 state, on a form prescribed by the secretary of state, the 2868 consent of the other entity or, in the case of a registered 2869 trade name, the person in whose name is registered the exclusive 2870 right to use the name, which consent is evidenced in a writing 2871 signed by any authorized officer or any authorized 2872 representative of the other entity or person. 2873

(D) In case of judicial sale or judicial transfer, by sale 2874 or transfer of good will or otherwise, of the right to use the 2875 2876 name of a corporation, whether nonprofit or for profit, and 2877 whether that of a domestic corporation or of a foreign corporation authorized to exercise its corporate privileges in 2878 this state or to do business in this state, the secretary of 2879 state, at the instance of the purchaser or transferee of such 2880 right, shall accept for filing articles of a corporation with a 2881 name the same as or similar to the name of such other 2882 corporation, if there also is filed in the office of the 2883 secretary of state a certified copy of the decree or order of 2884 court confirming or otherwise evidencing the purchase or 2885 transfer. 2886

(E) Any person who wishes to reserve a name for a proposed 2887 new corporation, or any corporation intending to change its 2888 name, may submit to the secretary of state a written 2889 application, on a form prescribed by the secretary of state, for 2890 the exclusive right to use a specified name as the name of a 2891 corporation. If the secretary of state finds that, under this 2892 section, the specified name is available for such use, the 2893 secretary of state shall file the application and, from the date 2894 of the filing, the applicant shall have the exclusive right for 2895 one hundred eighty days to use the specified name as the name of 2896 a corporation, counting the date of such filing as the first of 2897

## S. B. No. 276 As Introduced

one hundred eighty days. The right so obtained may be2898transferred by the applicant or other holder thereof by the2899filing in the office of the secretary of state of a written2900transfer, on a form prescribed by the secretary of state,2901stating the name and address of the transferee.2902

Sec. 1701.791. (A) If the constituent entities in a merger 2903 or consolidation include entities that are not corporations, the 2904 constituent entities may be merged or consolidated into a 2905 surviving or new entity that is not a domestic corporation, as 2906 2907 provided in this section. Pursuant to an agreement of merger or consolidation between the constituent entities as provided in 2908 this section, a domestic corporation and, if so provided, one or 2909 more additional domestic or foreign entities, may be merged into 2910 a surviving entity other than a domestic corporation, or a 2911 domestic corporation together with one or more additional 2912 domestic or foreign entities may be consolidated into a new 2913 entity other than a domestic corporation, to be formed by such 2914 consolidation. The merger or consolidation must be permitted by 2915 the chapter of the Revised Code under which each domestic 2916 constituent entity exists and by the laws under which each 2917 foreign constituent entity exists. 2918

(B) The agreement of merger or consolidation shall set2919forth all of the following:2920

(1) The name and the form of entity of each constituent
entity and the state under the laws of which each constituent
entity exists;

(2) In the case of a merger, that one or more specified
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constituent entities will be merged into a specified surviving
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foreign entity or surviving domestic entity other than a
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domestic corporation or, in the case of a consolidation, that
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the constituent entities will be consolidated into a new foreign2928entity or domestic entity other than a corporation. The name of2929such a surviving or new entity may be the same as or similar to2930that of any constituent corporation or constituent limited2931liability company.2932

(3) The terms of the merger or consolidation, the mode of 2933 carrying them into effect, and the manner and basis of 2934 converting the shares or interests of the constituent entities 2935 into, or substituting the shares or interests of the constituent 2936 2937 entities for, shares, interests, evidences of indebtedness, other securities, cash, rights, or any other property or any 2938 combination of shares, interests, evidences of indebtedness, 2939 securities, cash, rights, or any other property of the surviving 2940 entity, of the new entity, or of any other entity, including the 2941 parent of any constituent entity, or any other person. No 2942 conversion or substitution shall be effected if there are 2943 reasonable grounds to believe that the surviving or new entity 2944 would be rendered insolvent by the conversion or substitution. 2945

(4) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign
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corporation, all additional statements and matters, other than
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the name and address of the statutory agent, that would be
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required by section 1701.78 of the Revised Code if the surviving
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or new corporation were a domestic corporation;
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(5) The name and the form of entity of the surviving or 2951 new entity, the state under the laws of which the surviving 2952 entity exists or the new entity is to exist, and the location of 2953 the principal office of the surviving or new entity in that 2954 state; 2955

(6) All statements and matters required to be set forth inan agreement of merger or consolidation by the laws under which2957

each constituent entity exists and, in the case of a 2958 consolidation, the new entity is to exist; 2959

(7) The consent of the surviving or the new entity to be 2960 sued and served with process in this state and the irrevocable 2961 appointment of the secretary of state as its agent to accept 2962 service of process in any proceeding in this state to enforce 2963 against the surviving or new entity any obligation of any 2964 domestic constituent corporation, or to enforce the rights of a 2965 dissenting shareholder of any domestic constituent corporation; 2966

(8) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign 2967 corporation that desires to transact business in this state as a 2968 foreign corporation, a statement to that effect, together with a 2969 statement regarding the appointment of a statutory agent and 2970 service of any process, notice, or demand upon that statutory 2971 agent or the secretary of state, as required when a foreign 2972 corporation applies for a license to transact business in this 2973 state; 2974

(9) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign limited
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partnership that desires to transact business in this state as a
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foreign limited partnership, a statement to that effect,
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together with all of the information required under section
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1782.49 of the Revised Code when a foreign limited partnership
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registers to transact business in this state;
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(10) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign limited 2981 liability company that desires to transact business in this 2982 state as a foreign limited liability company, a statement to 2983 that effect, together with all of the information required under 2984 section 1705.54 <u>or 1706.511</u> of the Revised Code when a foreign 2985 limited liability company registers to transact business in this 2986 state. 2981

# S. B. No. 276 As Introduced

(C) The agreement of merger or consolidation also may set
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forth any additional provision permitted by the laws of any
state under the laws of which any constituent entity exists,
consistent with the laws under which the surviving entity exists
constituent entity is to exist.

(D) To effect the merger or consolidation, the agreement 2993 of merger or consolidation shall be approved by the directors of 2994 each domestic constituent corporation, and adopted by the 2995 shareholders of each domestic constituent corporation, in the 2996 same manner and with the same notice to and vote of shareholders 2997 or of holders of a particular class of shares as is required by 2998 section 1701.78 of the Revised Code. The agreement also shall be 2999 approved or otherwise authorized by or on behalf of each other 3000 constituent entity in accordance with the laws under which it 3001 exists. 3002

(E) At any time before the filing of the certificate of 3003 merger or consolidation under section 1701.81 of the Revised 3004 Code, the merger or consolidation may be abandoned by the 3005 directors of any constituent corporation, the general partners 3006 of any constituent partnership, or the comparable 3007 representatives of any other constituent entity if the 3008 directors, general partners, or comparable representatives are 3009 authorized to do so by the agreement of merger or consolidation. 3010

The agreement of merger or consolidation may contain a 3011 provision authorizing the directors of any constituent 3012 corporation, the general partners of any constituent 3013 partnership, or the comparable representatives of any other 3014 constituent entity to amend the agreement of merger or 3015 consolidation at any time before the filing of the certificate 3016 of merger or consolidation, except that, after the adoption of 3017

the agreement by the shareholders of any domestic constituent 3018 corporation, the directors shall not be authorized to amend the 3019 agreement to do any of the following: 3020

(1) Alter or change the amount or kind of shares,
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interests, evidences of indebtedness, other securities, cash,
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rights, or any other property to be received by shareholders of
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the domestic constituent corporation in conversion of, or in
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substitution for, their shares;
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(2) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign 3026
corporation, alter or change any term of the articles of the 3027
surviving or new foreign corporation, except for alterations or 3028
changes that could otherwise be adopted by the directors of the 3029
surviving or new foreign corporation; 3030

(3) If the surviving or new entity is a partnership or
other entity other than a corporation, alter or change any term
of the partnership agreement or comparable instrument of the
surviving or new partnership or other entity, except for
alterations or changes that otherwise could be adopted by the
general partners or comparable representatives of the surviving
of new partnership or other entity;

(4) Alter or change any other terms and conditions of the
agreement of merger or consolidation if any of the alterations
or changes, alone or in the aggregate, would materially
adversely affect the holders of any class or series of shares of
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the domestic constituent corporation.

Sec. 1702.05. (A) Except as provided in this section and3043in sections 1702.41 and 1702.411 of the Revised Code, the3044secretary of state shall not accept for filing in the secretary3045of state's office any articles if the corporate name set forth3046

Page 105

in the articles is not distinguishable upon the secretary of	3047
state's records from any of the following:	3048
(1) The name of any other corporation, whether a nonprofit	3049
corporation or a business corporation and whether that of a	3050
domestic or of a foreign corporation authorized to do business	3051
in this state;	3052
(2) The name of any limited liability company registered	3053
in the office of the secretary of state pursuant to Chapter	3054
1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code, whether domestic or foreign;	3055
(3) The name of any limited liability partnership	3056
registered in the office of the secretary of state pursuant to	3057
Chapter 1775. or 1776. of the Revised Code, whether domestic or	3058
foreign;	3059
(4) The name of any limited partnership registered in the	3060
office of the secretary of state pursuant to Chapter 1782. of	3061
the Revised Code, whether domestic or foreign;	3062
(5) Any trade name, the exclusive right to which is at the	3063
time in question registered in the office of the secretary of	3064
state pursuant to Chapter 1329. of the Revised Code.	3065
(B) The secretary of state shall determine for purposes of	3066
this section whether a name is "distinguishable" from another	3067
name upon the secretary of state's records. Without excluding	3068
other names that may not constitute distinguishable names in	3069
this state, a name is not considered distinguishable from	3070

another name for purposes of this section solely because it3071differs from the other name in only one or more of the following3072manners:3073

(1) The use of the word "corporation," "company," 3074"incorporated," "limited," or any abbreviation of any of those 3075

words; 3076 (2) The use of any article, conjunction, contraction, 3077 abbreviation, or punctuation; 3078 (3) The use of a different tense or number of the same 3079 3080 word. (C) A corporation may apply to the secretary of state for 3081 authorization to use a name that is not distinguishable upon the 3082 secretary of state's records from the name of any other 3083 corporation, any limited liability company, limited liability 3084 partnership, or limited partnership, or from a registered trade 3085 name, if there also is filed in the office of the secretary of 3086 state, on a form prescribed by the secretary of state, the 3087 consent of the other entity, or, in the case of a registered 3088 trade name, the person in whose name is registered the exclusive 3089 right to use the name, which consent is evidenced in a writing 3090 signed by any authorized officer or authorized representative of 3091 the other entity or person. 3092 (D) In case of judicial sale or judicial transfer, by sale 3093 or transfer of good will or otherwise, of the right to use the 3094 name of a nonprofit corporation or business corporation, whether 3095 that of a domestic corporation or of a foreign corporation 3096 authorized to exercise its corporate privileges in this state or 3097 to do business in this state, the secretary of state, at the 3098 instance of the purchaser or transferee of such right, shall 3099 accept for filing articles of a corporation with a name the same 3100 as or similar to the name of such other corporation, if there 3101

also is filed in the office of the secretary of state a3102certified copy of the decree or order of court confirming or3103otherwise evidencing the purchase or transfer.3104

(E) Any person who wishes to reserve a name for a proposed 3105 new corporation, or any corporation intending to change its 3106 name, may submit to the secretary of state a written 3107 application, on a form prescribed by the secretary of state, for 3108 the exclusive right to use a specified name as the name of a 3109 corporation. If the secretary of state finds that, under this 3110 section, the specified name is available for such use, the 3111 secretary of state shall file such application, and, from the 3112 date of such filing, such applicant shall have the exclusive 3113 right for one hundred eighty days to use the specified name as 3114 the name of a corporation, counting the date of such filing as 3115 the first of the one hundred eighty days. The right so obtained 3116 may be transferred by the applicant or other holder of the right 3117 by the filing in the office of the secretary of state of a 3118 3119 written transfer, on a form prescribed by the secretary of state, stating the name and address of the transferee. 3120

Sec. 1702.411. (A) (1) Pursuant to an agreement of merger 3121 between the constituent entities as provided in this section, a 3122 domestic corporation and, if so provided, one or more additional 3123 domestic or foreign entities, may be merged into a surviving 3124 entity other than a domestic corporation. Pursuant to an 3125 agreement of consolidation, a domestic corporation together with 3126 one or more additional domestic or foreign entities may be 3127 consolidated into a new entity other than a domestic 3128 corporation, to be formed by that consolidation. The merger or 3129 consolidation must be permitted by the chapter of the Revised 3130 Code under which each domestic constituent entity exists and by 3131 the laws under which each foreign constituent entity exists. The 3132 name of the surviving or new entity may be the same as or 3133 similar to that of any constituent entity. 3134

(2) To effect a merger or consolidation under this 3135

section, the directors of each constituent domestic corporation 3136 shall approve an agreement of merger or consolidation to be 3137 signed by the chairperson of the board of directors, the 3138 president, or a vice-president and by the secretary or an 3139 assistant secretary. The agreement of merger or consolidation 3140 shall be approved or otherwise authorized by or on behalf of 3141 each other constituent entity in accordance with the laws under 3142 which it exists. 3143 3144 (3) The agreement of merger or consolidation shall set forth all of the following: 3145 (a) The name and the form of entity of each constituent 3146 entity and the state under the laws of which each constituent 3147 entity exists; 3148 (b) In the case of a merger, that one or more specified 3149 constituent entities will be merged into a specified surviving 3150 foreign entity or surviving domestic entity other than a 3151 domestic corporation or, in the case of a consolidation, that 3152 the constituent entities will be consolidated into a new foreign 3153 3154 entity or domestic entity other than a domestic corporation. (c) The terms of the merger or consolidation and the mode 3155 of carrying those terms into effect; 3156 3157 (d) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign corporation, all additional statements and matters, other than 3158 the name and address of the statutory agent, that would be 3159 required by section 1702.41 of the Revised Code if the surviving 3160 or new corporation were a domestic corporation; 3161 (e) The name and the form of entity of the surviving or 3162 new entity, the state under the laws of which the surviving 3163 entity exists or the new entity is to exist, and the location of 3164
the principal office of the surviving or new entity in that 3165 state; 3166

(f) All statements and matters required to be set forth in
an agreement of merger or consolidation by the laws under which
an agreement entity exists and, in the case of a
consolidation, the new entity is to exist;

(g) The consent of the surviving or the new entity to be 3171 sued and served with process in this state and the irrevocable 3172 appointment of the secretary of state as its agent to accept 3173 service of process in any proceeding in this state to enforce 3174 against the surviving or new entity any obligation of any 3175 domestic constituent corporation; 3176

(h) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign 3177 corporation that desires to transact business in this state as a 3178 foreign corporation, a statement to that effect, together with a 3179 statement regarding the appointment of a statutory agent and 3180 service of any process, notice, or demand upon that statutory 3181 agent or the secretary of state, as required when a foreign 3182 corporation applies for a license to transact business in this 3183 3184 state;

(i) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign limited
partnership that desires to transact business in this state as a
foreign limited partnership, a statement to that effect,
together with all of the information required under section
1782.49 of the Revised Code when a foreign limited partnership
registers to transact business in this state;

(j) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign limited 3191liability company that desires to transact business in this 3192state as a foreign limited liability company, a statement to 3193

that effect, together with all of the information required under3194section 1705.54 or 1706.511 of the Revised Code when a foreign3195limited liability company registers to transact business in this3196state;3197

(k) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign 3198 unincorporated association that desires to transact business in 3199 this state as a foreign unincorporated association, a statement 3200 to that effect, together with all of the information required 3201 under section 1745.461 of the Revised Code when a foreign 3202 unincorporated association registers to transact business in 3203 this state. 3204

(4) The agreement of merger or consolidation also may set
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forth any additional provision permitted by the laws of any
state under the laws of which any constituent entity exists,
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consistent with the laws under which the surviving entity exists
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or the new entity is to exist.

3210 (B) (1) A merger or consolidation in which a domestic public benefit corporation is one of the constituent entities 3211 shall be approved by the court of common pleas of the county in 3212 this state in which the principal office of the domestic public 3213 benefit corporation is located in a proceeding of which the 3214 attorney general's charitable law section has been given written 3215 notice by certified mail within three days of the initiation of 3216 the proceeding and in which proceeding the attorney general may 3217 intervene as of right. No approval by the court under division 3218 (B) (1) of this section is required if either of the following 3219 applies: 3220

(a) A public benefit entity is the surviving entity in the
case of a merger and continues to be a public benefit entity or
is the new entity in the case of a consolidation and continues
3223

to be a public benefit entity.

(b) A public benefit entity is not the surviving entity in 3225 the case of a merger or is not the new entity in the case of a 3226 consolidation, and all of the following apply:

(i) On or prior to the effective date of the merger or 3228 consolidation, assets with a value equal to the greater of the 3229 fair market value of the net tangible and intangible assets, 3230 including goodwill, of the domestic public benefit corporation 3231 or the fair market value of the domestic public benefit 3232 3233 corporation if it is to be operated as a business concern are transferred or conveyed to one or more persons that would have 3234 received its assets under section 1702.49 of the Revised Code 3235 had it voluntarily dissolved. 3236

3237 (ii) The domestic public benefit corporation returns, transfers, or conveys any assets held by it upon a condition 3238 requiring return, transfer, or conveyance, which condition 3239 occurs by reason of the merger or consolidation, in accordance 3240 with that condition. 3241

(iii) The merger or consolidation is approved by a 3242 majority of directors of the domestic public benefit corporation 3243 who will not receive any financial or other benefit, directly or 3244 indirectly, as a result of the merger or consolidation or by 3245 agreement, and who are not and will not as a result of the 3246 merger or consolidation become members, partners, or other 3247 owners, however denominated, of, shareholders in, directors, 3248 officers, managers, employees, agents, or other representatives 3249 of, or consultants to, the surviving or new entity. 3250

(2) At least twenty days before consummation of any merger 3251 or consolidation of a domestic public benefit corporation 3252

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pursuant to division (B)(1)(b) of this section, written notice, 3253 3254 including a copy of the proposed plan of merger or consolidation, shall be delivered to the attorney general's 3255 charitable law section. The attorney general's charitable law 3256 section may review a proposed merger or consolidation of a 3257 domestic public benefit corporation under division (B)(1)(b) of 3258 this section. The attorney general may require pursuant to 3259 section 109.24 of the Revised Code the production of the 3260 documents necessary for review of a proposed merger or 3261 consolidation under division (B)(1)(b) of this section. The 3262 attorney general may retain at the expense of the domestic 3263 public benefit corporation one or more experts, including an 3264 investment banker, actuary, appraiser, certified public 3265 accountant, or other expert, that the attorney general considers 3266 reasonably necessary to provide assistance in reviewing a 3267 proposed merger or consolidation under division (B)(1)(b) of 3268 this section. The attorney general may extend the date of any 3269 merger or consolidation of a domestic public benefit corporation 3270 under division (B)(1)(b) of this section for a period not to 3271 exceed sixty days and shall provide notice of that extension to 3272 the domestic public benefit corporation. The notice shall set 3273 forth the reasons necessitating the extension. 3274

(3) No member, other than a member that is a public 3275 benefit entity, or director of a domestic public benefit 3276 corporation in that person's capacity as a member or director 3277 may receive or keep anything as a result of a merger or 3278 consolidation other than membership or directorship in the 3279 surviving or new public benefit entity without the prior written 3280 consent of the attorney general or of the court of common pleas 3281 of the county in this state in which the principal office of the 3282 domestic public benefit corporation is located that is obtained 3283

in a proceeding in which the attorney general's charitable law 3284
section has been given written notice by certified mail within 3285
three days of the initiation of the proceeding and in which 3286
proceeding the attorney general may intervene as of right. The 3287
court shall approve the transaction if it is in the public 3288
interest. 3289

(4) The attorney general may institute a civil action to 3290 enforce the requirements of divisions (B)(1), (2), and (3) of 3291 this section in the court of common pleas of the county in this 3292 state in which the principal office of the domestic public 3293 3294 benefit corporation is located or in the Franklin county court of common pleas. In addition to any civil remedies that may 3295 exist under common law or the Revised Code, a court may rescind 3296 the transaction or grant injunctive relief or impose any 3297 combination of these remedies. 3298

Sec. 1703.04. (A) To procure a license to transact 3299 business in this state, a foreign corporation for profit shall 3300 file with the secretary of state a certificate of good standing 3301 or subsistence, dated not earlier than ninety days prior to the 3302 filing of the application, under the seal of the secretary of 3303 state, or other proper official, of the state under the laws of 3304 which said corporation was incorporated, setting forth the exact 3305 corporate title and the fact that the corporation is in good 3306 standing or is a subsisting corporation. 3307

(B) To procure such a license, such corporation also shall
file with the secretary of state an application in such form as
the secretary of state prescribes, verified by the oath of any
authorized officer of such corporation, setting forth, but not
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(1) The name of the corporation and, if its corporate name 3313

## is not available, the trade name under which it will do business 3314 in this state; 3315 (2) The name of the state under the laws of which it was 3316 incorporated; 3317 (3) The location and complete address of its principal 3318 office: 3319 (4) The name of the county and the municipal corporation 3320 or township in which its principal office within this state, if 3321 any, is to be located; 3322 3323 (5) The appointment of a designated agent and the complete address of such agent; 3324 (6) The irrevocable consent of such corporation to service 3325 of process on such agent so long as the authority of such agent 3326 continues and to service of process upon the secretary of state 3327 3328 in the events provided for in section 1703.19 of the Revised Code; 3329 3330 (7) A brief summary of the corporate purposes to be exercised within this state. 3331 (C) (1) No such application for a license shall be accepted 3332 for filing if it appears that the name of the foreign 3333 corporation is prohibited by law or is not distinguishable upon 3334 the records in the office of the secretary of state from the 3335 name of any other corporation, whether nonprofit or for profit 3336 and whether that of a domestic corporation or of a foreign 3337 corporation authorized to transact business in this state, the 3338 name of a limited liability company registered in the office of 3339 the secretary of state pursuant to Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the 3340 Revised Code, whether domestic or foreign, the name of any 3341 limited liability partnership registered in the office of the 3342

secretary of state pursuant to Chapter 1775. or 1776. of the 3343 Revised Code, whether domestic or foreign, the name of any 3344 limited partnership registered in the office of the secretary of 3345 state pursuant to Chapter 1782. of the Revised Code, whether 3346 3347 domestic or foreign, or a trade name to which the exclusive right at the time in question is registered in the manner 3348 provided in Chapter 1329. of the Revised Code, unless there also 3349 is filed with the secretary of state, on a form prescribed by 3350 the secretary of state, the consent of the other entity or 3351 person to the use of the name, evidenced in a writing signed by 3352 any authorized officer of the other entity or authorized 3353 representative of the other person owning the exclusive right to 3354 the registered trade name. 3355

(2) Notwithstanding division (C)(1) of this section, if an 3356 application for a license is not acceptable for filing solely 3357 because the name of the foreign corporation is not 3358 distinguishable from the name of another entity or registered 3359 trade name, the foreign corporation may be authorized to 3360 transact business in this state by filing with the secretary of 3361 state, in addition to those items otherwise prescribed by this 3362 section, a statement signed by an authorized officer directing 3363 the foreign corporation to make application for a license to 3364 transact business in this state under an assumed business name 3365 or names that comply with the requirements of this division and 3366 stating that the foreign corporation will transact business in 3367 this state only under the assumed name or names. The application 3368 for a license shall be on a form prescribed by the secretary of 3369 state. 3370

Sec	<u>. 1706.01.</u>	As	used	in	this	chapte:	r:			3371
(A)	"Articles	of	orqar	niza	ation"	means	the	articles	of	3372

organization described in section 1706.16 of the Revised Code,	3373
and those articles of organization as amended or restated.	3374
(B) "Assignment" means a transfer, conveyance, deed, bill_	3375
	3376
of sale, lease, mortgage, security interest, encumbrance, gift,	
or transfer by operation of law.	3377
(C) "Constituent limited liability company" means a	3378
constituent entity that is a limited liability company.	3379
(D) "Constituent entity" means an entity that is party to	3380
<u>a merger.</u>	3381
(E) "Contribution" means anything of value including cash,	3382
property, or services rendered, or a promissory note or other	3383
binding obligation to contribute cash or property or to perform	3384
services, that a person contributes to a limited liability	3385
company, or a series thereof, in the person's capacity as a	3386
member.	3387
(F) "Converted entity" means the entity into which a	3388
converting entity converts pursuant to sections 1706.72 to	3389
1706.723 of the Revised Code.	3390
(G) "Converting limited liability company" means a	3391
converting entity that is a limited liability company.	3392
(H) "Converting entity" means an entity that converts into	3393
a converted entity pursuant to sections 1706.72 to 1706.723 of	3394
the Revised Code.	3395
(I) "Debtor in bankruptcy" means a person who is the	3396
subject of an order for relief under Title 11 of the United	3397
States Code, a comparable order under a successor statute of	3398
general application, or a comparable order under any federal,	3399
<u>state, or foreign law governing insolvency.</u>	3400

(J) "Distribution" means a transfer of money or other 3401 property from a limited liability company, or a series thereof, 3402 to another person on account of a membership interest. 3403 (K) "Entity" means a general partnership, limited 3404 partnership, limited liability partnership, limited liability 3405 company, association, corporation, professional corporation, 3406 professional association, nonprofit corporation, business trust, 3407 real estate investment trust, common law trust, statutory trust, 3408 cooperative association, or any similar organization that has a 3409 governing statute, in each case, whether foreign or domestic. 3410 (L) "Foreign limited liability company" means an entity 3411 that is all of the following: 3412 (1) An unincorporated association; 3413 (2) Organized under the laws of a state other than this 3414 state or under the laws of a foreign country; 3415 (3) Organized under a statute pursuant to which an 3416 association may be formed that affords to each of its members 3417 limited liability with respect to the liabilities of the entity; 3418 (4) Not required to be registered, qualified, or organized 3419 3420 under any statute of this state other than this chapter. (M) "Governing statute" means the law that governs an 3421 entity's internal affairs. 3422 (N) "Limited liability company," except in the phrase 3423 "foreign limited liability company," means an entity formed or 3424 existing under this chapter. 3425 (0) "Manager" means any person designated by the limited 3426 liability company or its members with the authority to manage 3427

all or part of the activities or affairs of the limited

Page 117

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liability company on behalf of the limited liability company,	3429
which person has agreed to serve in such capacity, whether such	3430
person is designated as a manager, director, officer, or	3431
<u>otherwise.</u>	3432
(D) "Momber" means a person that has been admitted as a	3433
(P) "Member" means a person that has been admitted as a	
member of a limited liability company under section 1706.27 of	3434
the Revised Code and that has not dissociated as a member.	3435
(Q) "Membership interest" means a member's right to	3436
receive distributions from a limited liability company or series	3437
thereof.	3438
(D) "Operating agreement" means any valid agreement	3439
(R) "Operating agreement" means any valid agreement,	
written or oral, of the members, or any written declaration of	3440
the sole member, as to the affairs and activities of a limited	3441
liability company and any series thereof. "Operating agreement"	3442
includes any amendments to the operating agreement.	3443
(S) "Organizational documents" means any of the following:	3444
(1) For a general partnership or foreign general	3445
partnership, its partnership agreement;	3446
	0447
(2) For a limited partnership or foreign limited	3447
partnership, its certificate of limited partnership and	3448
partnership agreement;	3449
(3) For a limited liability limited partnership or foreign	3450
limited liability limited partnership, its certificate of	3451
limited partnership and partnership agreement;	3452
(4) For a limited liability company or foreign limited	3453
liability company, its articles of organization and operating	3454
agreement, or comparable records as provided in its governing	3455
statute;	3456

(5) For a business or statutory trust or foreign business 3457 or statutory trust, its trust instrument, or comparable records 3458 as provided in its governing statute; 3459 (6) For a for-profit corporation or foreign for-profit 3460 corporation, its articles of incorporation, regulations, and 3461 other agreements among its shareholders that are authorized by 3462 its governing statute, or comparable records as provided in its 3463 3464 governing statute; (7) For a nonprofit corporation or foreign nonprofit 3465 corporation, its articles of incorporation, regulations, and 3466 other agreements that are authorized by its governing statute or 3467 comparable records as provided in its governing statute; 3468 (8) For a professional association, its articles of 3469 incorporation, regulations, and other agreements among its 3470 shareholders that are authorized by its governing statute, or 3471 3472 comparable records as provided in its governing statute; (9) For any other entity, the basic records that create 3473 the entity, determine its internal governance, and determine the 3474 relations among the persons that own it, are members of it, or 3475 3476 govern it. (T) "Organizer" means a person executing the initial 3477 articles of organization filed by the secretary of state in 3478 accordance with section 1706.16 of the Revised Code. 3479 (U) "Person" means an individual, entity, trust, estate, 3480 government, custodian, nominee, trustee, personal 3481 representative, fiduciary, or any other individual, entity, or 3482 series thereof in its own or any representative capacity, in 3483

each case, whether foreign or domestic. As used in this

division, "government" includes a country, state, county, or

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other political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality. 3486 (V) "Principal office" means the location specified by a 3487 limited liability company, foreign limited liability company, or 3488 other entity as its principal office in the last filed record in 3489 which the limited liability company, foreign limited liability 3490 company, or other entity specified its principal office on the 3491 records of the secretary of state. If no such location has 3492 previously been specified, then "principal office" means the 3493 location reasonably apparent to an unaffiliated person as the 3494 principal executive office of the limited liability company, 3495 foreign limited liability company, or other entity. 3496 (W) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a 3497 tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other 3498 medium and is retrievable in written or paper form through an 3499 automated process. 3500 (X) "Sign" means, with the present intent to authenticate 3501 or adopt a record, either of the following: 3502 (1) To execute or adopt a tangible symbol; 3503 (2) To attach to or logically associate with the record an 3504 electronic symbol, sound, or process. 3505 (Y) "State" means a state of the United States, the 3506 District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin 3507 Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the 3508 jurisdiction of the United States. 3509 (Z) "Surviving entity" means an entity into which one or 3510 more other entities are merged, whether the entity pre-existed 3511 the merger or was created pursuant to the merger. 3512

(AA) "Tribunal" means a court or, if provided in the 3513

operating agreement or otherwise agreed, an arbitrator, 3	8514
arbitration panel, or other tribunal. 3	8515
Sec. 1706.02. This chapter may be cited as the "Ohio3	8516
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following is met: 3	8519
(1) The person has actual knowledge of the fact. 3	8520
(2) The person is deemed to know the fact under law other 3	8521
than this chapter. 3	8522
(B) A person has notice of a fact when any of the	8523
following is met: 3	8524
(1) The person knows of the fact.	8525
(2) The person receives notification of the fact.	8526
(3) The person has reason to know the fact from all the	8527
facts known to the person at the time.	8528
(4) The person is deemed to have notice of the fact under 3	8529
division (D) of this section.	8530
(C) A person notifies another of a fact by taking steps3	3531
reasonably required to inform the other person in ordinary 3	3532
course, whether or not the other person knows the fact. 3	3533
(D) A person is deemed to have notice of the following: 3	3534
(1) The matters included in a limited liability company's 3	8535
articles of organization under divisions (A)(1) to (3) of 3	8536
section 1706.16 of the Revised Code, upon the filing of the 3	8537
articles; 3	8538
(2) A limited liability company's dissolution, ninety days 3	8539

after a certificate of dissolution under section 1706.471 of the	3540
Revised Code becomes effective;	3541
(3) A limited liability company's merger or conversion,	3542
ninety days after a certificate of merger under section 1706.712	3543
of the Revised Code or certificate of conversion under section	3544
1706.722 of the Revised Code becomes effective.	3545
(E) A member's knowledge, notice, or receipt of a	3546
notification of a fact relating to the limited liability company	3547
is not knowledge, notice, or receipt of a notification of a fact	3548
by the limited liability company solely by reason of the	3549
member's capacity as a member.	3550
Sec. 1706.04. (A) A limited liability company is a	3551
separate legal entity. A limited liability company's status for	3552
tax purposes shall not affect its status as a separate legal	3553
entity formed under this chapter.	3554
(B) A limited liability company has perpetual duration.	3555
Sec. 1706.05. (A) A limited liability company may carry on	3556
any lawful activity, whether or not for profit.	3557
	0 0
(B) A limited liability company shall possess and may	3558
exercise all the powers and privileges granted by this chapter	3559
or by any other law or by its operating agreement, together with	3560
any powers incidental thereto, including those powers and	3561
privileges necessary or convenient to the conduct, promotion, or	3562
attainment of the business, purposes, or activities of the	3563
limited liability company.	3564
(C) Without limiting the general powers enumerated in	3565
division (B) of this section, a limited liability company shall	3566
have the power and authority to make contracts of quaranty and	3567
suretyship and enter into interest rate, basis, currency, hedge,	3568

or other swap agreements, or cap, floor, put, call, option,	3569
exchange, or collar agreements, derivative agreements, or other	3570
agreements similar to any of the foregoing.	3571
(D) A series established under this chapter has the power_	3572
and capacity, in the series' own name, to do all of the	3573
following:	3574
(1) Sue and be sued;	3575
(2) Contract;	3576
(3) Hold and convey title to assets of the series,	3577
including real property, personal property, and intangible	3578
property;	3579
(4) Grant liens and security interests in assets of the	3580
series.	3581
Sec. 1706.06. (A) This chapter shall be construed to give	3582
maximum effect to the principles of freedom of contract and to	3583
the enforceability of operating agreements.	3584
(B) Unless displaced by particular provisions of this	3585
chapter, principles of law and equity supplement this chapter.	3586
(C) Rules that statutes in derogation of the common law	3587
are to be strictly construed shall have no application to this	3588
chapter.	3589
(D) Sections 1309.406 and 1309.408 of the Revised Code do	3590
not apply to any interest in a limited liability company,	3591
including all rights, powers, and interests arising under an	3592
operating agreement or this chapter. This division prevails over	3593
those sections, and is expressly intended to permit the	3594
enforcement of the provisions of an operating agreement that	3595
would otherwise be ineffective under those sections.	3596

(E) This chapter applies to all limited liability	3597
companies equally regardless of whether the limited liability	3598
company has one or more members or whether it is formed by a	3599
filing under section 1706.16 of the Revised Code or by merger,	3600
consolidation, conversion, or otherwise.	3601
Sec. 1706.061. The law of this state governs all of the	3602
following:	3603
<u>ioriowing.</u>	5005
(A) The organization and internal affairs of a limited	3604
liability company;	3605
(B) The liability of a member as a member for the debts,	3606
obligations, or other liabilities of a limited liability	3607
company;	3608
(C) The authority of the members and agents of a limited	3609
<u>liability company;</u>	3610
(D) The availability of the assets of a limited liability	3611
company or series thereof for the obligations of the limited	3612
liability company or another series thereof.	3613
Sec. 1706.07. (A) The name of a limited liability company_	3614
shall contain the words "limited liability company" or the	3615
abbreviation "L.L.C.," "LLC," "limited," "ltd.," or "ltd."	3616
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(B) Except as provided in this section and in sections	3617
1701.75, 1701.78, 1701.82, 1705.36, and 1705.37 of the Revised	3618
Code, the secretary of state shall not accept for filing in the	3619
secretary of state's office the articles of organization of a	3620
limited liability company if the company name set forth in the	3621
articles is not distinguishable on the records of the secretary	3622
of state from the name of any of the following:	3623
(1) Any other limited lightlity company, whether the name	3621

(1) Any other limited liability company, whether the name 3624

is of a domestic limited liability company or of a foreign 3625 limited liability company registered as a foreign limited 3626 liability company under this chapter; 3627 (2) Any corporation, whether the name is of a domestic 3628 corporation or of a foreign corporation holding a license as a 3629 foreign corporation under the laws of this state pursuant to 3630 Chapter 1701., 1702., or 1703. of the Revised Code; 3631 (3) Any limited liability partnership, whether the name is 3632 of a domestic limited liability partnership or a foreign limited 3633 liability partnership registered pursuant to Chapter 1775. or 3634 1776. of the Revised Code; 3635 (4) Any limited partnership, whether the name is of a 3636 domestic limited partnership or a foreign limited partnership 3637 registered pursuant to Chapter 1782. of the Revised Code; 3638 (5) Any trade name to which the exclusive right, at the 3639 time in question, is registered in the office of the secretary 3640 of state pursuant to Chapter 1329. of the Revised Code. 3641 (C) A limited liability company may apply to the secretary 3642 of state for authorization to use a name that is not 3643 distinguishable from the names identified in division (B) of of 3644 this section if there also is filed in the office of the 3645 secretary of state, on a form prescribed by the secretary of 3646 state, the consent of the other person or, in the case of a 3647 registered trade name, the person in whose name is registered 3648 the exclusive right to use the name, which consent is evidenced 3649 in a writing signed by any authorized officer or any authorized 3650 representative of the other person. 3651 (D) If a judicial sale or other transfer by order of a 3652 tribunal involves the right to use the name of a limited 3653

liability company or of a foreign limited liability company, 3654 then division (B) of this section shall not be applicable with 3655 respect to any person that is subject to the order. 3656 (E) Any person that wishes to reserve a name for a 3657 proposed new limited liability company, a limited liability 3658 company that intends to change its name, or an assumed name for 3659 a foreign limited liability company whose name is not available 3660 may submit to the secretary of state, on a form prescribed by 3661 the secretary of state, a written application for the exclusive 3662 right to use a specified name as the name of the company. If the 3663 secretary of state finds, consistent with this section, that the 3664 specified name is available for use, the secretary of state 3665 shall file the application. From the date of the filing, the 3666 applicant has the exclusive right for one hundred eighty days to 3667 use the specified name as the name of the limited liability 3668 company, counting the date of the filing as the first of the one 3669 hundred eighty days. The right so obtained may be transferred by 3670 the applicant or other holder of the right by filing in the 3671 office of the secretary of state a written transfer, on a form 3672 prescribed by the secretary of state, that states the name and 3673 address of the transferee. 3674 Sec. 1706.08. (A) Except as otherwise provided in 3675 divisions (B) and (C) of this section, both of the following 3676 apply: 3677 (1) An operating agreement governs relations among the 3678 members as members and between the members and the limited 3679 liability company. 3680 (2) To the extent that an operating agreement does not 3681

otherwise provide for a matter described in division (A)(1) of3682this section, this chapter governs the matter.3683

(B)(1) To the extent that, at law or in equity, a member,	3684
manager, or other person has duties, including fiduciary duties,	3685
to the limited liability company, or to another member or to	3686
another person that is a party to or is otherwise bound by an	3687
operating agreement, those duties may be expanded or restricted	3688
or eliminated by a written operating agreement. However, an	3689
operating agreement may not eliminate the implied covenant of	3690
good faith and fair dealing.	3691
(2) A written operating agreement may provide for the	3692
limitation or elimination of any and all liabilities for breach	3693
of contract and breach of duties, including breach of fiduciary	3694
duties, of a member, manager, or other person to a limited_	3695
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liability company or to another member or to another person that is a party to or is otherwise bound by an operating agreement.	3697
However, an operating agreement may not limit or eliminate	3698
liability for any act or omission that constitutes a bad faith	3699
violation of the implied covenant of good faith and fair	3700
<u>dealing.</u>	3701
(3) A member, manager, or other person shall not be liable	3702
to a limited liability company or to another member or to	3703
another person that is a party to or is otherwise bound by an	3704
operating agreement for breach of fiduciary duty for the	3705
member's or other person's good faith reliance on the operating	3706
agreement.	3707
(4) An operating agreement may provide either or both of	3708
the following:	3709
	5705
(a) That, a member or assignee who fails to perform in	3710
accordance with, or to comply with the terms and conditions of,	3711
the operating agreement shall be subject to specified penalties	3712
or specified consequences;	3713

(b) That at the time or upon the happening of events 3714 specified in the operating agreement, a member or assignee may 3715 be subject to specified penalties or consequences. 3716 (5) A penalty or consequence that may be specified under 3717 division (B)(4) of this section may include any of the 3718 following: 3719 (a) Reducing or eliminating the defaulting member's or 3720 assignee's proportionate interest in a limited liability 3721 3722 company; (b) Subordinating the member's or assignee's membership 3723 interest to that of nondefaulting members or assignees; 3724 (c) Forcing a sale of the member's or assignee's 3725 membership interest; 3726 (d) Forfeiting the defaulting member's or assignee's 3727 membership interest; 3728 (e) The lending by other members or assignees of the 3729 amount necessary to meet the defaulting member's or assignee's 3730 commitment; 3731 (f) A fixing of the value of the defaulting member's or 3732 assignee's membership interest by appraisal or by formula and 3733 redemption or sale of the membership interest at that value; 3734 3735 (q) Any other penalty or consequence. (C) An operating agreement shall not do any of the 3736 following: 3737 (1) Vary the nature of the limited liability company as a 3738 separate legal entity under division (A) of section 1706.04 of 3739

the Revised Code;

Page 128

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(2) Except as otherwise provided in division (B) of 3741 section 1706.082 of the Revised Code, restrict the rights under 3742 this chapter of a person other than a member, dissociated 3743 3744 member, or assignee; (3) Vary the power of a court under section 1706.171 of 3745 3746 the Revised Code; (4) Eliminate the implied covenant of good faith and fair 3747 dealing; 3748 (5) Eliminate or limit the liability of a member or other 3749 person for any act or omission that constitutes a bad faith 3750 violation of the implied covenant of good faith and fair 3751 dealing; 3752 (6) Waive the requirements of division (A) of section 3753 1706.281 of the Revised Code; 3754 (7) Waive the prohibition on issuance of a certificate of 3755 a membership interest in bearer form under division (D) of 3756 section 1706.341 of the Revised Code; 3757 (8) Waive the requirements of division (B) of section 3758 1706.761 of the Revised Code. 3759 Sec. 1706.081. (A) A limited liability company is bound by 3760 and may enforce its operating agreement, whether or not the 3761 limited liability company has itself manifested assent to its 3762 operating agreement. 3763 (B) A person that is admitted as a member of a limited 3764 liability company becomes a party to and assents to the 3765 operating agreement subject to division (A) of section 1706.281 3766 of the Revised Code. 3767 (C) Two or more persons intending to be the initial 3768

members of a limited liability company may make an agreement	3769
providing that upon the formation of the limited liability	3770
company the agreement will become its operating agreement. One	3771
person intending to be the initial member of a limited liability	3772
company may assent to terms providing that upon the formation of	3773
the limited liability company the terms will become the	3774
operating agreement.	3775
(D) The operating agreement of a limited liability company	3776
having only one member shall not be unenforceable by reason of	3777
there being only one person who is a party to the operating	3778
agreement.	3779
Sec. 1706.082. (A) An operating agreement may be amended	3780
upon the consent of all the members of a limited liability	3781
company or in such other manner authorized by the operating	3782
agreement. If an operating agreement provides for the manner in	3783
which it may be amended, including by requiring the approval of	3784
a person who is not a party to the operating agreement or the	3785
satisfaction of conditions, it may be amended only in that	3786
manner or as otherwise permitted by law; except that the	3787
approval of any person may be waived by that person and any	3788
conditions may be waived by all persons for whose benefit those	3789
conditions were intended.	3790
(B) An operating agreement may provide rights to any	3791
person, including a person who is not a party to the operating	3792
agreement, to the extent set forth in the operating agreement.	3793
(C) The obligations of a limited liability company and its	3794
members to a person in the person's capacity as an assignee or	3795
dissociated member are governed by the operating agreement. An	3796
assignee and dissociated member are bound by the operating	3797
agreement.	3798

Sec. 1706.09. (A) Each limited liability company and	3799
foreign limited liability company that has an effective	3800
registration as a foreign limited liability company under	3801
section 1706.511 of the Revised Code shall maintain continuously	3802
in this state an agent for service of process on the company.	3803
The agent shall be one of the following:	3804
(1) A natural person who is a resident of this state;	3805
(2) A domestic or foreign corporation, nonprofit	3806
corporation, limited liability company, partnership, limited	3807
partnership, limited liability partnership, limited partnership	3808
association, professional association, business trust, or	3809
unincorporated nonprofit association that has a business address	3810
in this state. If the agent is an entity other than a domestic	3811
corporation, the agent shall meet the requirements of Title XVII	3812
of the Revised Code for an entity of the agent's type to	3813
transact business or exercise privileges in this state.	3814
(B)(1) The secretary of state shall not accept original	3815
articles of organization of a limited liability company or an	3816
original registration of a foreign limited liability company for	3817
filing unless both of the following accompany the articles or	3818
registration:	3819
(a) A written appointment of an agent as described in	3820
division (A) of this section that is signed by an authorized	3821
representative of the limited liability company or foreign	3822
limited liability company;	3823
(b) A written acceptance of the appointment that is signed_	3824
by the designated agent on a form prescribed by the secretary of	3825
	3826
<u>state.</u>	2020
(2) In cases not covered by division (B)(1) of this	3827

section, the company shall appoint the agent described in 3828 division (A) of this section and shall file with the secretary 3829 of state, on a form prescribed by the secretary of state, a 3830 written appointment of that agent that is signed by an 3831 authorized representative of the company and a written 3832 acceptance of the appointment that is signed by the designated 3833 3834 agent. (C) The written appointment of an agent shall set forth 3835 the name and address in this state of the agent, including the 3836 street and number or other particular description, and shall 3837 otherwise be in such form as the secretary of state prescribes. 3838 The secretary of state shall keep a record of the names of 3839 limited liability companies and foreign limited liability 3840 companies, and the names and addresses of their respective 3841 3842 <u>agents.</u> (D) If any agent described in division (A) of this section 3843 dies, resigns, or moves outside of this state, the limited 3844 liability company or foreign limited liability company shall 3845 appoint forthwith another agent and file with the secretary of 3846 state, on a form prescribed by the secretary of state, a written 3847 appointment of the agent and acceptance of appointment as\_ 3848 described in division (B)(2) of this section. 3849 (E) If the agent described in division (A) of this section 3850 changes the agent's address from the address stated in the 3851 records of the secretary of state, the agent or the limited 3852 liability company or foreign limited liability company shall 3853 file forthwith with the secretary of state, on a form prescribed 3854 by the secretary of state, a written statement setting forth the 3855 new address. 3856

(F) An agent described in division (A) of this section may 3857

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(b) If the agent described in division (A) of this section 3888 is a natural person, by delivering a copy of the process, 3889 notice, or demand to the agent. 3890 (2) If the agent described in division (A) of this section 3891 cannot be found or no longer has the address that is stated in 3892 the records of the secretary of state or the limited liability 3893 company or foreign limited liability company has failed to 3894 maintain an agent as required by this section and if the party 3895 or the agent or representative of the party that desires service 3896 of the process, notice, or demand files with the secretary of 3897 state an affidavit that states that one of those circumstances 3898 exists and states the most recent address of the company that 3899 the party who desires service has been able to ascertain after a 3900 diligent search, then the service of the process, notice, or 3901 demand upon the secretary of state as the agent of the company 3902 may be initiated by delivering to the secretary of state four 3903 copies of the process, notice, or demand accompanied by a fee of 3904 five dollars. The secretary of state shall give forthwith notice 3905 of that delivery to the company at either its principal office 3906 as shown upon the secretary of state's records or at any 3907 different address specified in the affidavit of the party 3908 desiring service and shall forward to the company at either 3909 address by certified mail, return receipt requested, a copy of 3910 the process, notice, or demand. Service upon the company is made 3911 when the secretary of state gives the notice and forwards the 3912 process, notice, or demand as set forth in division (H)(2) of 3913 this section. 3914 (I) The secretary of state shall keep a record of each 3915

process, notice, and demand that pertains to a limited liability3916company or foreign limited liability company and that is3917delivered to the secretary of state's office under this section3918

or another law of this state that authorizes service upon the	3919
secretary of state in connection with a limited liability	3920
company or foreign limited liability company. In that record,	3921
the secretary of state shall record the time of each delivery of	3922
that type and the secretary of state's subsequent action with	3923
respect to the process, notice, or demand.	3924
(J) This section does not limit or affect the right to	3925
serve any process, notice, or demand upon a limited liability	3926
company or foreign limited liability company in any other manner	3927
permitted by law.	3928
(K) A written appointment of an agent or a written	3929
statement filed by a limited liability company or foreign	3930
limited liability company with the secretary of state shall be	3931
signed by an authorized representative of the company.	3932
(L) Upon the failure of a limited liability company or	3933
foreign limited liability company to continuously maintain a	3934
statutory agent or file a change of name or address of a	3935
statutory agent, the secretary of state shall give notice	3936
thereof by ordinary or electronic mail to the company at the	3937
electronic mail address provided to the secretary of state, or	3938
at the address set forth in the notice of resignation. Unless	3939
the default is cured within thirty days after the mailing by the	3940
secretary of state of the notice or within any further period of	3941
time that the secretary of state grants, upon the expiration of	3942
that period of time from the date of the mailing, the articles	3943
of the limited liability company or the registration of the	3944
foreign limited liability company shall be canceled without	3945
further notice or action by the secretary of state. The	3946
secretary of state shall make a notation of the cancellation on	3947
the secretary of state's records.	3948

A limited liability company or foreign limited liability 3949 company whose articles or registration has been canceled may be 3950 reinstated by filing, on a form prescribed by the secretary of 3951 state, an application for reinstatement and the required 3952 appointment of agent or required statement, and by paying the 3953 filing fee specified in division (Q) of section 111.16 of the 3954 Revised Code. The rights and privileges of a limited liability 3955 company or foreign limited liability company whose articles or 3956 registration has been reinstated are subject to section 1706.46 3957 of the Revised Code. The secretary of state shall furnish the 3958 tax commissioner a monthly list of all limited liability 3959 companies and foreign limited liability companies canceled and 3960 reinstated under this division. 3961 Sec. 1706.16. (A) In order to form a limited liability 3962 company, one or more persons shall execute articles of 3963 organization and deliver the articles to the secretary of state 3964 for filing. The articles of organization shall set forth all of 3965 the following: 3966 (1) The name of the limited liability company; 3967 (2) The name and street address of the limited liability 3968 company's statutory agent and a written acceptance of the 3969 appointment that is signed by the agent; 3970 (3) If applicable, a statement as provided in division (B) 3971 (3) of section 1706.761 of the Revised Code; 3972 (4) Any other matters the organizers or the members 3973 determine to include in the articles of organization. 3974

(B) A limited liability company is formed when the3975articles of organization are filed by the secretary of state or3976at any later date or time specified in the articles of3977

organization. 3978 (C) The fact that articles of organization are on file in 3979 the office of the secretary of state is notice of the matters 3980 required to be included by divisions (A)(1) to (3) of this 3981 section, but is not notice of any other fact. 3982 (D) An operating agreement may be entered into before, at 3983 3984 the time of, or after the filing of the articles of organization. Regardless of when the operating agreement is 3985 entered into, it may be made effective as of the filing of the 3986 articles of organization or any other time provided in the 3987 operating agreement. 3988 Sec. 1706.161. (A) The articles of organization may be 3989 amended at any time. 3990 (B) The articles of organization may be restated with or 3991 without amendment at any time. 3992 (C) To amend its articles of organization, a limited 3993 liability company shall deliver to the secretary of state for 3994 filing, on a form prescribed by the secretary of state, a 3995 certificate of amendment containing both of the following 3996 information: 3997 (1) The name and registration number of the limited 3998 liability company; 3999 (2) The changes the amendment makes to the articles of 4000 organization as most recently amended or restated. 4001 (D) Restated articles of organization shall be delivered 4002 to the secretary of state for filing in the same manner as an 4003

amendment. Restated articles of organization shall be designated 4004 as such in the heading and state in the heading or in an 4005

introductory paragraph the limited liability company's name and	4006
the date of the filing of its articles of organization. Any	4007
amendment or change effected in connection with the restatement	4008
of the articles of organization shall be subject to any other	4009
provision of this chapter, not inconsistent with this section,	4010
which would apply if a separate certificate of amendment were	4011
filed to effect the amendment or change.	4012
(E) The original articles of organization, as amended or	4013
supplemented, shall be superseded by the restated articles of	4014
organization. Thereafter, the articles of organization,	4015
including any further amendment or changes made thereby, shall	4016
be the articles of organization of the limited liability	4017
company, but the original effective date of formation shall	4018
remain unchanged.	4019
Sec. 1706.17. (A) A record delivered to the secretary of	4020
state for filing pursuant to this chapter shall be signed as	4021
provided by this section.	4022
(1) A limited liability company's initial articles of	4023
organization shall be signed by at least one person.	4024
(2) A record signed on behalf of a limited liability	4025
company shall be signed by a person authorized by the limited	4026
liability company.	4027
(3) A record filed on behalf of a dissolved limited	4028
liability company that has no members shall be signed by the	4029
person winding up the limited liability company's activities	4030
under division (A) of section 1706.472 of the Revised Code or a	4031
person appointed under division (B) of section 1706.472 of the	4032
Revised Code to wind up those activities.	4033
(4) A statement of denial by a person under section	4034

1706.20 of the Revised Code shall be signed by that person.	4035
(5) Any other record shall be signed by the person on	4036
whose behalf the record is delivered to the secretary of state.	4037
(B) Any record to be filed under this chapter may be	4038
signed by an agent, including an attorney-in-fact. Powers of	4039
attorney relating to the signing of the record need not be	4040
delivered to the secretary of state.	4041
Sec. 1706.171. (A) If a person required by this chapter to	4042
sign a record or deliver a record to the secretary of state for	4043
filing under this chapter does not do so, any other person that	4044
is aggrieved by that failure to sign may petition the	4045
appropriate court to order any of the following:	4046
(1) The person to sign the record;	4047
(2) The person to deliver the record to the secretary of	4048
state for filing;	4049
(3) The secretary of state to file the record unsigned.	4050
(B) If a petitioner under division (A) of this section is	4051
not the limited liability company or foreign limited liability	4052
company to whom the record pertains, the petitioner shall make	4053
the limited liability company or foreign limited liability	4054
company a party to the action. A person aggrieved under division	4055
(A) of this section may seek the remedies provided in that	4056
division in a separate action against the person required to	4057
sign the record or as a part of any other action concerning the	4058
limited liability company in which the person required to sign	4059
the record is made a party.	4060
(C) A record filed unsigned pursuant to this section is	4061
effective without being signed.	4062

(D) A court may award reasonable expenses, including 4063 reasonable attorney's fees, to the prevailing party, in whole or 4064 in part, with respect to any claim made under division (A) of 4065 this section. 4066 Sec. 1706.172. (A) Each record authorized or required to 4067 be delivered to the secretary of state for filing under this 4068 chapter shall meet all of the following requirements: 4069 (1) The record shall contain all information required by 4070 the law of this state to be contained in the record but, unless 4071 otherwise provided by law, shall not be required to contain 4072 other information. 4073 (2) The record shall be on or in a medium and in such form 4074 acceptable to the secretary of state and from which the 4075 secretary of state may create a record that contains all of the 4076 information stated in the record. The secretary of state may 4077 require that the record be delivered by any one or more means or 4078 4079 on or in any one or more media acceptable to the secretary of state. The secretary of state is not required to file a record 4080 that is not delivered by a means and in a medium that complies 4081 with the requirements then established by the secretary of state 4082 for the delivery and filing of records. If the secretary of 4083 state permits a record to be delivered on paper, the record 4084 shall be typewritten or machine printed, and the secretary of 4085 state may impose reasonable requirements upon the dimensions, 4086 legibility, guality, and color of the paper and typewriting or 4087 printing and upon the format and other attributes of any record 4088 that is delivered electronically. The secretary of state shall, 4089 at the earliest practicable time, allow for the delivery of a 4090 record for filing to be accomplished electronically, without the 4091

necessity for the delivery of a physical original record or the

Page 140

4092

image thereof, if all required information is delivered and is	4093
readily retrievable from the data delivered. If the delivery of	4094
a record for filing is required to be accomplished	4095
electronically, that record shall not be accompanied by any	4096
physical record unless the secretary of state permits that	4097
accompaniment.	4098
(3) The record shall be in English. A person's name set	4099
forth in the record need not be in English if expressed in	4100
English letters or Arabic or Roman numerals. Records of a	4101
foreign person need not be in English if accompanied by a	4102
reasonably authenticated English translation.	4103
(B) Unless the secretary of state determines that a record	4104
does not comply with the filing requirements of this chapter,	4105
the secretary of state shall file the record and send a	4106
certificate and a receipt for the fees to the person who	4107
submitted the record.	4108
(C) Upon request and payment of the requisite fee, the	4109
secretary of state shall furnish to the requester a certified	4110
copy of a requested record.	4111
(D) Except as otherwise provided in division (F) of	4112
section 1706.09 and section 1706.173 of the Revised Code, a	4113
record delivered to the secretary of state for filing under this	4114
chapter may specify an effective time and a delayed effective	4115
date of not more than ninety days following the date of receipt	4116
by the secretary of state. Subject to division (F) of section	4117
1706.09 and section 1706.173 of the Revised Code, a record filed	4118
by the secretary of state is effective as follows:	4119
(1) If the record does not specify an effective time and	4120
does not specify a delayed effective date, on the date the	4121

record is filed as evidenced by the secretary of state's 4122 endorsement of the date on the record; 4123 (2) If the record specifies an effective time but not a 4124 delayed effective date, on the date the record is filed at the 4125 time specified in the record; 4126 (3) If the record specifies a delayed effective date but 4127 not an effective time, at 12:01 a.m. on the earlier of the 4128 following: 4129 (a) The specified date; 4130 4131 (b) The ninetieth day after the record is filed. (4) If the record specifies an effective time and a 4132 4133 delayed effective date, at the specified time on the earlier of the following: 4134 (a) The specified date; 4135 (b) The ninetieth day after the record is filed. 4136 Sec. 1706.173. (A) A limited liability company or foreign 4137 limited liability company may deliver to the secretary of state 4138 for filing a certificate of correction to correct a record 4139 previously delivered by the limited liability company or foreign 4140 limited liability company to the secretary of state and filed by 4141 the secretary of state if at the time of filing the record 4142 4143 contained incorrect or inaccurate information or was defectively signed. 4144 (B) A certificate of correction under division (A) of this 4145 section shall not state a delayed effective date and shall do 4146 all of the following: 4147 (1) Describe the record to be corrected, including its 4148

filing date, or attach a copy of the record as filed;	4149
(2) Specify the inaccurate information or the defect in	4150
the signing;	4151
(3) Correct the incorrect or inaccurate information or	4152
<u>defective signature.</u>	4153
(C) When filed by the secretary of state, a certificate of	4154
correction is effective retroactively as of the effective date	4155
of the record the statement corrects, but the statement is	4156
effective when filed as to persons that previously relied on the	4157
uncorrected record and would be adversely affected by the	4158
correction.	4159
Sec. 1706.174. (A) A person who signs a record authorized	4160
or required to be filed under this chapter thereby affirms under	4161
the penalties of perjury that the facts stated in the record are	4162
true in all material respects.	4163
(B) If a record delivered to the secretary of state for	4164
filing under this chapter and filed by the secretary of state	4165
contains incorrect or inaccurate information, a person that	4166
suffers a loss by reasonable reliance on the information may	4167
recover damages for the loss from a person that signed the	4168
record, or caused another to sign it on the person's behalf, and	4169
knew the information to be incorrect or inaccurate at the time	4170
the record was signed.	4171
Sec. 1706.175. (A) The secretary of state, upon request	4172
and payment of the requisite fee, shall furnish to any person a	4173
certificate of full force and effect for a limited liability	4174
company if the records filed in the office of the secretary of	4175
state show that the limited liability company has been formed	4176
under the laws of this state. A certificate of full force and	4177

effect shall state all of the following:	4178
(1) The limited liability company's name;	4179
(2) The limited liability company's date of formation;	4180
(3) That the limited liability company is in full force	4181
and effect on the records of the secretary of state.	4182
(B) The secretary of state, upon request and payment of	4183
the requisite fee, shall furnish to any person a certificate of	4184
registration for a foreign limited liability company if the	4185
records filed in the office of the secretary of state show that	4186
the secretary of state has filed a certificate of registration	4187
for the foreign limited liability company, has not canceled the	4188
certificate of registration for the foreign limited liability	4189
company, and has not filed a statement of cancellation of the	4190
certificate of registration for the foreign limited liability	4191
company. A certificate of registration shall state both of the	4192
following:	4193
(1) The foreign limited liability company's name;	4194
(2) That the foreign limited liability company is	4195
authorized to transact business in this state.	4196
(C) Subject to any qualification stated in the	4197
certificate, a certificate of existence or certificate of	4198
registration issued by the secretary of state is, for a period	4199
of thirty days after the date of such certificate, conclusive	4200
evidence that the limited liability company is in existence or	4201
the foreign limited liability company is authorized to transact	4202
business in this state.	4203
Sec. 1706.18. No person shall have the power to bind the	4204
limited liability company, or a series thereof, except:	4205
(A) To the extent the person is authorized to act as the 4206 agent of the limited liability company or a series thereof under 4207 or pursuant to the operating agreement; 4208 (B) To the extent the person is authorized to act as the 4209 agent of the limited liability company or a series thereof 4210 pursuant to division (A) of section 1706.30 of the Revised Code; 4211 (C) To the extent provided in section 1706.19 of the 4212 Revised Code; 4213 (D) To the extent provided by law other than this chapter. 4214 Sec. 1706.19. (A) A limited liability company, on behalf 4215 of itself or a series thereof, may deliver to the secretary of 4216 state for filing on a form prescribed by the secretary of state 4217 a statement of authority. Such a statement: 4218 (1) Shall include the name and registration number of the 4219 limited liability company; 4220 (2) May state the authority of a specific person, or, with 4221 respect to any position that exists in or with respect to the 4222 limited liability company or series thereof, of all persons 4223 holding the position, to enter into transactions on behalf of 4224 4225 the limited liability company or series thereof. 4226 (B) To amend or cancel a statement of authority filed by the secretary of state, a limited liability company shall, on 4227 behalf of itself or a series thereof, deliver to the secretary 4228 of state for filing an amendment or cancellation on a form 4229 prescribed by the secretary of state stating all of the 4230 following: 4231 (1) The name and registration number of the limited 4232 liability company; 4233

(2) The date of filing of the statement of authority to 4234 which the amendment or cancellation statement pertains; 4235 (3) The contents of the amendment or a declaration that 4236 the statement to which it pertains is canceled. 4237 (C) An effective statement of authority is conclusive in 4238 favor of a person that gives value in reliance on the statement, 4239 4240 except to the extent that when the person gives value the person has knowledge to the contrary. 4241 (D) Upon filing, a certificate of dissolution filed 4242 pursuant to division (B)(1) of section 1706.471 of the Revised 4243 Code operates as a cancellation, under division (B) of this 4244 section, of each statement of authority. 4245 (E) After a certificate of dissolution becomes effective, 4246 a limited liability company may, on behalf of itself or a series 4247 4248 thereof, deliver to the secretary of state for filing a statement of authority that is designated as a post-dissolution 4249 or post-cancellation statement of authority. 4250 (F) Upon filing, a statement of denial filed pursuant to 4251 section 1706.20 of the Revised Code operates as an amendment, 4252 under division (B) of this section, of the statement of 4253 authority to which the statement of denial pertains. 4254 4255 Sec. 1706.20. A person named in a filed statement of authority may deliver to the secretary of state for filing on a 4256 form prescribed by the secretary of state a statement of denial 4257 that does both of the following: 4258 (A) States the name and registration number of the limited 4259 liability company and the date of filing of the statement of 4260 authority to which the statement of denial pertains; 4261

(B) Denies the person's authority.	4262
Sec. 1706.26. A person who is a member of a limited	4263
liability company is not liable, solely by reason of being a	4264
member, for a debt, obligation, or liability of the limited	4265
liability company or a series thereof, whether arising in	4266
contract, tort, or otherwise; or for the acts or omissions of	4267
any other member, agent, or employee of the limited liability	4268
company or a series thereof. The failure of a limited liability	4269
company or any of its members to observe any formalities	4270
relating to the exercise of the limited liability company's	4271
powers or the management of its activities is not a factor to	4272
consider in, or a ground for, imposing liability on the members	4273
for the debts, obligations, or liability of the limited	4274
liability company.	4275
Sec. 1706.27. (A) In connection with the formation of a	4276
limited liability company, a person is admitted as a member of	4277
the limited liability company upon the occurrence of either of	4278
the following:	4279
(1) If the organizer was authorized by one or more persons	4280
intending to be members of the limited liability company to file	4281
the articles of organization on their behalf, the formation of	4282
the limited liability company;	4283
(2) If the organizer was not authorized by any other	4284
person intending to be members of the limited liability company,	4285
each organizer shall have the authority of a member of the	4286
limited liability company upon the formation of the limited	4287
liability company until the admission of the initial member of	4288
the limited liability company.	4289
(B) After formation of a limited liability company, a	4290

of the member;

person may be admitted as a member of the limited liability 4291 company in any of the following manners: 4292 (1) As provided in the operating agreement; 4293 (2) As the result of a transaction effective under 4294 sections 1706.71 to 1706.74 of the Revised Code; 4295 (3) With the consent of all the members or in the case of 4296 a limited liability company having only one member, the consent 4297 4298 4299 (4) If, within ninety consecutive days after the occurrence of the dissociation of the last remaining member, 4300 both of the following occur: 4301 (a) All holders of the membership interest last assigned 4302 by the last person to have been a member consent to the 4303 designation of a person to be admitted as a member; 4304 (b) The designated person consents to be admitted as a 4305 4306

member effective as of the date the last person to have been a member ceased to be a member.

(C) A person may be admitted as a member without acquiring 4308 a membership interest and without making or being obligated to 4309 make a contribution to the limited liability company. A person 4310 may be admitted as the sole member without acquiring a 4311 membership interest and without making or being obligated to 4312 make a contribution to the limited liability company. 4313

Sec. 1706.28. A contribution of a member to a limited 4314 liability company, or a series thereof, may consist of cash, 4315 property, services rendered, or a promissory note or other 4316 binding obligation to contribute cash or property or to perform 4317 4318 services.

Page 148

Sec. 1706.281. (A) A promise by a member to make a 4319 contribution to a limited liability company, or a series 4320 thereof, is not enforceable unless set forth in a writing signed 4321 4322 by the member. (B) A member's obligation to make a contribution to a 4323 limited liability company, or a series thereof, is not excused 4324 by the member's death, disability, or other inability to perform 4325 personally. If a member does not make a contribution required by 4326 an enforceable promise, the member or the member's estate is 4327 obligated, at the election of the limited liability company, or 4328 a series thereof, to contribute money equal to the value of the 4329 portion of the contribution that has not been made. The election 4330 shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other rights, 4331 including the right to specific performance, that the limited 4332 liability company, or a series thereof, may have under the 4333 operating agreement or applicable law. 4334 (C) (1) The obligation of a member to make a contribution 4335 to a limited liability company may be compromised only by 4336 consent of all the members. A conditional obligation of a member 4337 to make a contribution to a limited liability company may not be 4338 enforced unless the conditions of the obligation have been 4339 satisfied or waived as to or by that member. Conditional 4340 obligations include contributions payable upon a discretionary 4341 call of a limited liability company before the time the call 4342 occurs. 4343 (2) The obligation of a member associated with a series to 4344 make a contribution to the series may be compromised only by 4345 consent of all the members associated with that series. A 4346 conditional obligation of a member to make a contribution to a 4347 series may not be enforced unless the conditions of the 4348 obligation have been satisfied or waived as to or by that 4349 member. Conditional obligations include contributions payable 4350 upon a discretionary call of that series before the time the 4351 call occurs. 4352 (3) Division (C)(1) of this section shall not apply to a 4353 member's obligation to make a contribution to a series of a 4354 limited liability company. 4355 Sec. 1706.29. (A) (1) All members shall share equally in 4356 any distributions made by a limited liability company before its 4357 dissolution and winding up. 4358 (2) A member has a right to a distribution before the 4359 dissolution and winding up of a limited liability company as 4360 provided in the operating agreement. A decision to make a 4361 distribution before the dissolution and winding up of the 4362 limited liability company is a decision in the ordinary course 4363 of activities of the limited liability company. A member's 4364 dissociation does not entitle the dissociated member to a 4365 distribution. 4366 (3) A member does not have a right to demand and receive a 4367 distribution from a limited liability company in any form other 4368 than money. Except as otherwise provided in division (C) of 4369 section 1706.475 of the Revised Code, a limited liability\_ 4370 company may distribute an asset in kind if each member receives 4371 a percentage of the asset in proportion to the member's share of 4372 contributions. 4373 (4) If a member becomes entitled to receive a 4374 distribution, the member has the status of, and is entitled to 4375 all remedies available to, a creditor of the limited liability 4376 company with respect to the distribution. 4377

equally in any distributions made by the series before its 4379 dissolution and winding up. 4380 (2) A member associated with a series has a right to a 4381 distribution before the dissolution and winding up of the series 4382 as provided in the operating agreement. A decision of the series 4383 to make a distribution before the dissolution and winding up of 4384 the series is a decision in the ordinary course of activities of 4385 the series. A member's dissociation from a series with which the 4386 member is associated does not entitle the dissociated member to 4387 a distribution from the series. 4388 (3) A member associated with a series does not have a 4389 right to demand and receive a distribution from the series in 4390 any form other than money. Except as otherwise provided in 4391 division (C) of section 1706.7613 of the Revised Code, a series 4392 may distribute an asset in kind if each member associated with 4393 the series receives a percentage of the asset in proportion to 4394 the member's share of distributions from the series. 4395 (4) If a member associated with a series becomes entitled 4396 to receive a distribution from the series, the member has the 4397 status of, and is entitled to all remedies available to, a 4398 creditor of the series with respect to the distribution. 4399 (C) Division (A) of this section does not apply to a 4400 distribution made by a series. 4401 Sec. 1706.30. (A) (1) The activities and affairs of the 4402 limited liability company shall be under the direction, and 4403

(B) (1) All members associated with a series shall share

(2) The activities and affairs of a series shall be under4405the direction, and subject to the oversight, of the members4406

subject to the oversight, of its members.

Page 151

4378

associated with the series.	4407
(3) Division (A)(1) of this section shall not apply to the	4408
activities and affairs of a series.	4409
(B)(1) Except as provided in division (C) of this section,	4410
a matter in the ordinary course of activities of the limited	4411
liability company may be decided by a majority of the members.	4412
(2) Except as provided in division (C) of this section, a	4413
matter in the ordinary course of activities of a series may be	4414
decided by a majority of the members associated with the series.	4415
(3) Division (B)(1) of this section shall not apply to	4416
matters of a series.	4417
(C)(1) The consent of all members is required to do any of	4418
the following:	4419
(a) Amend the operating agreement;	4420
(b) File a petition of the limited liability company for	4421
relief under Title 11 of the United States Code, or a successor	4422
statute of general application, or a comparable federal, state,	4423
or foreign law governing insolvency;	4424
(c) Undertake any act outside the ordinary course of the	4425
limited liability company's activities;	4426
(d) Undertake, authorize, or approve any other act or	4427
matter for which this chapter requires the consent of all	4428
members.	4429
(2) The consent of all members associated with a series is	4430
required to do either of the following:	4431
(a) Undertake any act outside the ordinary course of the	4432
series' activities;	4433

(b) Undertake, authorize, or approve any other act or	4434
matter for which this chapter requires the consent of all the	4435
members associated with a series.	4436
(D) Any matter requiring the consent of members may be	4437
decided without a meeting, and a member may appoint a proxy or	4438
other agent to consent or otherwise act for the member by	4439
signing an appointing record, personally or by the member's	4440
agent.	4441
(E) This chapter does not entitle a member to remuneration	4442
for services performed for a limited liability company.	4443
Sec. 1706.31. (A) Unless either a written operating	4444
agreement for the limited liability company or a written	4445
agreement with a member establishes additional fiduciary duties,	4446
	4447
in the event that there have been designated one or more	
managers to supervise or manage the activities or affairs of the	4448
limited liability company, the only obligation a member owes, in	4449
the member's capacity as a member, to the limited liability	4450
company and the other members is to discharge the member's	4451
duties and obligations under this chapter and the operating	4452
agreement in accordance with division (E) of this section.	4453
Divisions (C) and (D) of this section shall not apply to such a	4454
member.	4455
(B) Unless either a written operating agreement for the	4456
limited liability company or a written agreement with a member	4457
establishes additional fiduciary duties or the duties of the	4458
member have been modified, waived, or eliminated as contemplated	4459
by section 1706.08 of the Revised Code, in the event that there	4460
have not been designated one or more managers to supervise or	4461
manage the activities of the limited liability company, the only	4462
fiduciary duties a member owes to the limited liability company	4463

and the other members is the duty of loyalty and the duty of 4464 care set forth in divisions (C) and (D) of this section. 4465 (C) A member's duty of loyalty to the limited liability 4466 company and the other members is limited to the following: 4467 (1) To account to the limited liability company and hold 4468 for it any property, profit, or benefit derived by the member in 4469 the conduct and winding up of the limited liability company 4470 business or derived from a use by the member of limited 4471 liability company property or from the appropriation of a 4472 limited liability company opportunity; 4473 (2) To refrain from dealing with the limited liability 4474 company in the conduct or winding up of the limited liability 4475 company business as or on behalf of a party having an interest 4476 adverse to the limited liability company. 4477 (D) A member's duty of care to the limited liability 4478 company and the other members in the conduct and winding up of 4479 the limited liability company business is limited to refraining 4480 from engaging in grossly negligent or reckless conduct, 4481 intentional misconduct, or a knowing violation of law. 4482 (E) A member shall discharge the member's duties to the 4483 limited liability company and the other members under this 4484 chapter and under the operating agreement and exercise any 4485 rights consistent with the implied covenant of good faith and 4486 fair dealing. 4487 (F) A member does not violate a duty or obligation under 4488 this chapter or under the operating agreement merely because the 4489 member's conduct furthers the member's own interest. 4490 (G) All the members of a limited liability company may 4491

(G) All the members of a limited liability company may4491authorize or ratify, after full disclosure of all material4492

facts, a specific act or transaction that otherwise would 4493 violate the duty of loyalty. It is a defense to a claim under 4494 division (C)(2) of this section and any comparable claim in 4495 equity or at common law that the transaction was fair to the 4496 limited liability company. If, as permitted, by this division or 4497 the limited liability company's operating agreement, a member 4498 enters into a transaction with a limited liability company that 4499 otherwise would be prohibited by division (C)(2) of this 4500 section, the member's rights and obligations arising from the 4501 transaction are the same as those of a person that is not a 4502 member. 4503 (H) This section applies to a person winding up the 4504 limited liability company business as the personal or legal 4505 representative of the last surviving member as if the person 4506 4507 were a member. Sec. 1706.311. (A) Unless either a written operating 4508 agreement for the limited liability company or a written 4509 agreement with a manager establishes additional fiduciary duties 4510 or the duties of the manager have been modified, waived, or 4511 eliminated as contemplated by section 1706.08 of the Revised 4512 Code, the only fiduciary duties of a manager to the limited 4513 liability company or its members are the duty of loyalty and the 4514 duty of care set forth in divisions (B) and (C) of this section. 4515 (B) A manager's duty of loyalty to the limited liability 4516 company and its members is limited to the following: 4517 (1) To account to the limited liability company and hold 4518 for it any property, profit, or benefit derived by the manager 4519 in the conduct and winding up of the limited liability company 4520 business or derived from a use by the manager of limited 4521 liability company property or from the appropriation of a 4522

limited liability company opportunity; 4523 (2) To refrain from dealing with the limited liability 4524 company in the conduct or winding up of the limited liability 4525 company business as or on behalf of a party having an interest 4526 adverse to the limited liability company. 4527 (C) A manager's duty of care to the limited liability 4528 company in the conduct and winding up of the limited liability 4529 company activities is limited to acting in good faith, in a 4530 manner the manager reasonably believes to be in or not opposed 4531 to the best interests of the limited liability company. 4532 (D) For purposes of division (C) of this section, both of 4533 the following apply: 4534 (1) A manager of a limited liability company shall not be 4535 determined to have violated the manager's duties under division 4536 (C) of this section unless it is proved that the manager has not 4537 acted in good faith, in a manner the manager reasonably believes 4538 to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the limited 4539 liability company. 4540 (2) A manager shall not be considered to be acting in good 4541 faith if the manager has knowledge concerning the matter in 4542 question that would cause reliance on information, opinions, 4543 reports, or statements that are prepared or presented by any of 4544 the persons described in section 1706.331 of the Revised Code to 4545 be unwarranted. 4546 (E) A manager shall be liable for monetary relief for a 4547 violation of the manager's duties under division (C) of this 4548 section only if it is proved that the manager's action or 4549 failure to act involved an act or omission undertaken with 4550 deliberate intent to cause injury to the limited liability 4551

company or undertaken with reckless disregard for the best	4552
interests of the company. This division does not apply if, and	4553
only to the extent that, at the time of a manager's act or	4554
omission that is the subject of complaint, either of the	4555
following is true:	4556
(1) The articles or the operating agreement of the limited	4557
<u>liability company state by specific reference to division (E) of</u>	4558
this section that the provisions of this division do not apply	4559
to the limited liability company.	4560
<u>co ene finited fiability company.</u>	1000
(2) A written agreement between the manager and the	4561
limited liability company states by specific reference to	4562
division (E) of this section that the provisions of this	4563
division do not apply to the manager.	4564
(F) All the members of a limited liability company may	4565
authorize or ratify, after full disclosure of all material	4566
facts, a specific act or transaction that would otherwise	4567
violate the duty of loyalty. It is a defense to a claim under	4568
division (B)(2) of this section and any comparable claim in	4569
equity or at common law that the transaction was fair to the	4570
limited liability company. If, as permitted by this division or	4571
the operating agreement, a manager enters into a transaction	4572
with the limited liability company that otherwise would be	4573
prohibited by division (B)(2) of this section, the manager's	4574
rights and obligations arising from the transaction are the same	4575
as those of a person that is not a manager.	4576
(G) A manager shall discharge the duties to the limited	4577
liability company and the members under this chapter and under	4578
the operating agreement and exercise any rights consistently	4579
with the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing.	4580

(H) Nothing in this section affects the duties of a 4581 manager who acts in any capacity other than the manager's 4582 capacity as a manager. If a manager of a limited liability 4583 company also is a member of the limited liability company, the 4584 actions taken in the capacity as a member of the limited 4585 liability company shall be subject to section 1706.31 of the 4586 Revised Code. Nothing in this section affects any contractual 4587 obligations of a manager to the limited liability company. 4588 Sec. 1706.32. A limited liability company, or a series 4589 thereof, may indemnify and hold harmless a member or other 4590 person, pay in advance or reimburse expenses incurred by a 4591 member or other person, and purchase and maintain insurance on 4592 behalf of a member or other person. 4593 Sec. 1706.33. (A) Upon reasonable notice provided to the 4594 limited liability company, a member may inspect and copy during 4595 regular business hours, at a reasonable location specified by 4596 the limited liability company, any record maintained by the 4597 limited liability company, to the extent the information is 4598 material to the member's rights and duties under the operating 4599 4600 agreement or this chapter. (B) A limited liability company may charge a person that 4601 makes a demand under this section the reasonable costs of labor 4602 and materials for copying. 4603 (C) A member or dissociated member may exercise rights 4604 under this section through an agent or, in the case of an 4605 individual under legal disability, a legal representative. Any 4606 restriction or condition imposed by the operating agreement or 4607 under division (E) of this section applies both to the agent or 4608 legal representative and the member or dissociated member.

Page 158

recipient;

(D) The rights under this section do not extend to an 4610 assignee who is not admitted as a member. 4611 (E) In addition to any restriction or condition stated in 4612 its operating agreement, a limited liability company, as a 4613 matter within the ordinary course of its activities, may do 4614 either of the following: 4615 4616 (1) Impose reasonable restrictions and conditions on access to and use of information to be furnished under this 4617 section, including designating information confidential and 4618 imposing nondisclosure and safeguarding obligations on the 4619 4620 (2) Keep confidential from the members and any other 4621 persons, for such period of time as the limited liability 4622 company deems reasonable, any information that the limited 4623 liability company reasonably believes to be in the nature of 4624 trade secrets or other information the disclosure of which the 4625 limited liability company in good faith believes is not in the 4626 best interest of the limited liability company or could damage 4627 the limited liability company or its activities, or that the 4628

limited liability company is required by law or by agreement with a third party to keep confidential.

4631 Sec. 1706.331. Each member and agent of a limited liability company shall be fully protected in relying in good 4632 faith upon the records of the limited liability company and upon 4633 information, opinions, reports, or statements presented by 4634 another member or agent of the limited liability company, or by 4635 any other person as to matters the member or the agent 4636 reasonably believes are within that other person's professional 4637 or expert competence, including information, opinions, reports, 4638 or statements as to any of the following: 4639

## Page 159

4629

profits, or losses of the limited liability company, or a series 4641 thereof; 4642 4643 (B) The value and amount of assets or reserves or contracts, agreements, or other undertakings that would be 4644 sufficient to pay claims and obligations of the limited 4645 liability company, or series thereof, or to make reasonable 4646 4647 provision to pay those claims and obligations; (C) Any other facts pertinent to the existence and amount 4648 of assets from which distributions to members or creditors might 4649 properly be paid. 4650 Sec. 1706.332. If a member dies, the deceased member's 4651 personal representative or other legal representative may, for 4652 purposes of settling the estate, exercise the rights of a 4653 current member under section 1706.33 of the Revised Code. 4654 Sec. 1706.34. The only interest of a member that is\_ 4655 assignable is the member's membership interest. A membership 4656 interest is personal property. 4657 Sec. 1706.341. (A) An assignment, in whole or in part, of 4658 a membership interest: 4659 4660 (1) Is permissible; (2) (a) Does not by itself cause a member to cease to be a 4661 member of the limited liability company; 4662

(A) The value and amount of the assets, liabilities,

(b) Does not by itself cause a member to cease to be4663associated with a series of the limited liability company.4664(3) Does not by itself cause a dissolution and winding up4665

of the limited liability company, or a series thereof;

Page 160

4640

(4) Subject to section 1706.332 of the Revised Code, does	4667
not entitle the assignee to do either of the following:	4668
(a) Participate in the management or conduct of the	4669
activities of the limited liability company, or a series	4670
thereof;	4671
(b) Have access to records or other information concerning	4672

the activities of the limited liability company, or a series 4673 thereof. 4674 (B) An assignee has the right to receive, in accordance 4675

with the assignment, distributions to which the assignor would 4676 otherwise be entitled. 4677

(C) A membership interest may be evidenced by a 4678 certificate of membership interest issued by the limited 4679 liability company, or a series thereof. An operating agreement 4680 may provide for the assignment of the membership interest 4681 represented by the certificate and make other provisions with 4682 respect to the certificate. 4683

(D) A limited liability company, or a series thereof, 4684 shall not issue a certificate of membership interest in bearer 4685 4686 form.

(E) A limited liability company, or a series thereof, need 4687 not give effect to an assignee's rights under this section until 4688 the limited liability company, or a series thereof, has notice 4689 of the assignment. 4690

(F) Except as otherwise provided in division (J) of 4691 section 1706.411 of the Revised Code, when a member assigns a 4692 membership interest, the assignor retains the rights of a member 4693 other than the right to distributions assigned and retains all 4694 4695 duties and obligations of a member.

(G) When a member assigns a membership interest to a4696person that is admitted as a member with respect to the assigned4697interest, the assignee is only liable for the member's4698

obligations under section 1706.281 of the Revised Code to the4699extent that the obligations are known to the assignee when the4700assignee voluntarily accepts admission as a member.4701

Sec. 1706.342. (A) On application to a court of competent 4702 jurisdiction by any judgment creditor of a member or assignee, 4703 the court may charge the membership interest of the judgment 4704 debtor with payment of the unsatisfied amount of the judgment 4705 with interest. To the extent so charged and after the limited 4706 liability company has been served with the charging order, the 4707 judgment creditor has only the right to receive any distribution 4708 or distributions to which the judgment debtor would otherwise be 4709 entitled in respect of the membership interest. 4710

(B) After the limited liability company is served with a 4711 charging order, the limited liability company or any member 4712 shall be entitled to pay to or deposit with the clerk of the 4713 court so issuing the charging order any distribution or 4714 distributions to which the judgment debtor would otherwise be 4715 entitled in respect of the charged membership interest, and the 4716 payment or deposit shall discharge the limited liability company 4717 and the judgment debtor from liability for the amount so paid or 4718 deposited and any interest that might accrue thereon. Upon 4719 receipt of the payment or deposit, the clerk of the court shall 4720 notify the judgment creditor of the receipt of the payment or 4721 deposit. The judgment creditor shall, after any payment or 4722 deposit into the court, petition the court for payment of so 4723 much of the amount paid or deposited as may be necessary to pay 4724 the judgment creditor's judgment. To the extent the court has 4725 excess amounts paid or deposited on hand after the payment to 4726

the judgment creditor, the excess amounts paid or deposited	4727
shall be distributed to the judgment debtor, and the charging	4728
order shall be extinguished. The court may, in its discretion,	4729
order the clerk to deposit, pending the judgment creditor's	4730
petition, any money paid or deposited with the clerk, in an	4731
interest bearing account at a bank authorized to receive	4732
deposits of public funds.	4733
(C) A charging order constitutes a lien on the judgment	4734
<u>debtor's membership interest.</u>	4735
(D) Subject to division (C) of this section, both of the	4736
following apply:	4737
(1) A judgment debtor that is a member retains the rights	4738
of a member and remains subject to all duties and obligations of	4739
<u>a member.</u>	4740
(2) A judgment debtor that is an assignee retains the	4741
rights of an assignee and remains subject to all duties and	4742
<u>obligations of an assignee.</u>	4743
(E) This chapter does not deprive any member or assignee	4744
of the benefit of any exemption laws applicable to the member's	4745
<u>or assignee's membership interest.</u>	4746
(F) This section provides the sole and exclusive remedy by	4747
which a judgment creditor of a member or assignee may satisfy a	4748
judgment out of the judgment debtor's membership interest, and	4749
the judgment creditor shall have no right to foreclose, under	4750
this chapter or any other law, upon the charging order, the	4751
charging order lien, or the judgment debtor's membership	4752
interest. A judgment creditor of a member or assignee has no	4753
right to obtain possession of, or otherwise exercise legal or	4754
equitable remedies with respect to, the judgment debtor's	4755

membership interest or the property of a limited liability 4756 company. Court orders for actions or requests for accounts and 4757 inquiries that the judgment debtor might have made to the 4758 limited liability company are not available to a judgment 4759 creditor attempting to satisfy the judgment out of the judgment 4760 debtor's membership interest and may not be ordered by a court. 4761 Sec. 1706.41. (A) A person shall not voluntarily 4762 dissociate from a limited liability company. 4763 (B) A person's dissociation from a limited liability 4764 company is wrongful only if one of the following applies: 4765 (1) The dissociation is in breach of an express provision 4766 of the operating agreement. 4767 (2) The person is expelled as a member by a determination 4768 of a tribunal under division (D) of section 1706.411 of the 4769 4770 Revised Code. (3) The person is dissociated by becoming a debtor in 4771 bankruptcy or making a general assignment for the benefit of 4772 <u>creditors.</u> 4773 (C) A person that wrongfully dissociates as a member is 4774 liable to the limited liability company and, subject to section 4775 1706.61 of the Revised Code, to the other members for damages 4776 caused by the dissociation. The liability is in addition to any 4777 other debt, obligation, or liability of the member to the 4778 limited liability company or the other members. 4779 Sec. 1706.411. A person is dissociated as a member from a 4780 limited liability company in any of the following circumstances: 4781 4782 (A) An event stated in the operating agreement as causing the person's dissociation occurs. 4783

(B) The person is expelled as a member pursuant to the	4784
operating agreement.	4785
(C) The person is expelled as a member by the unanimous	4786
consent of the other members if any of the following apply:	4787
(1) It is unlawful to carry on the limited liability	4788
company's activities with the person as a member.	4789
(2) The person is an entity and, within ninety days after	4790
the limited liability company notifies the person that it will	4791
be expelled as a member because the person has filed a statement	4792
of dissolution or the equivalent, or its right to transact	4793
business has been suspended by its jurisdiction of formation,	4794
the statement of dissolution or the equivalent has not been	4795
revoked or its right to transact business has not been	4796
reinstated.	4797
(2) The person is an entity and within ninety days after	4798
(3) The person is an entity and, within ninety days after	
the limited liability company notifies the person that it will	4799
be expelled as a member because the person has been dissolved	4800
and its activities are being wound up, the entity has not been	4801
reinstated or the dissolution and winding up have not been	4802
revoked or canceled.	4803
(D) On application by the limited liability company, the	4804
person is expelled as a member by tribunal order for any of the	4805
following reasons:	4806
(1) The person has engaged, or is engaging, in wrongful	4807
conduct that has adversely and materially affected, or will	4808
adversely and materially affect, the limited liability company's	4809
activities.	4810
(2) The person has willfully or persistently committed or	4811
(2) The person has willfully or persistently committed, or	
is willfully or persistently committing, a material breach of	4812

the operating agreement or the person's duties or obligations 4813 under this chapter or other applicable law. 4814 (3) The person has engaged, or is engaging, in conduct 4815 relating to the limited liability company's activities that 4816 makes it not reasonably practicable to carry on the activities 4817 with the person as a member. 4818 4819 (E) In the case of a person who is an individual, the person dies, a quardian or general conservator is appointed for 4820 the person, or a tribunal determines that the person has 4821 otherwise become incapable of performing the person's duties as 4822 a member under this chapter or the operating agreement. 4823 (F) The person becomes a debtor in bankruptcy, executes an 4824 assignment for the benefit of creditors, or seeks, consents, or 4825 acquiesces to the appointment of a trustee, receiver, or 4826 liquidator of the person or of all or substantially all of the 4827 person's property. This division shall not apply to a person who 4828 is the sole remaining member of a limited liability company. 4829 (G) In the case of a person that is a trust or is acting 4830 as a member by virtue of being a trustee of a trust, the trust's 4831 entire membership interest in the limited liability company is 4832 distribu<u>ted, but not solely by reason of the substitution of a</u> 4833 4834 <u>successor trustee.</u> (H) In the case of a person that is an estate or is acting 4835 as a member by virtue of being a personal representative of an 4836 estate, the estate's entire membership interest in the limited 4837 liability company is distributed, but not solely by reason of 4838 the substitution of a successor personal representative. 4839 (I) In the case of a member that is not an individual, the 4840 legal existence of the person otherwise terminates. 4841

(J) The<u>re has been an assignment of all of the person's</u> 4842 membership interest other than an assignment for security 4843 4844 purposes. Sec. 1706.412. (A) A person who has dissociated as a 4845 member shall have no right to participate as a member in the 4846 activities and affairs of the limited liability company and is 4847 entitled only to receive the distributions to which that member 4848 would have been entitled if the member had not dissociated. 4849 (B) Upon a person's dissociation, the member's duty of 4850 loyalty and duty of care under divisions (C) and (D) of section 4851 1706.31 of the Revised Code continue only with regard to matters 4852 arising and events occurring before the member's dissociation, 4853 unless the member participates in winding up the limited 4854 liability company's business pursuant to section 1706.472 of the 4855 Revised Code. 4856 (C) A person's dissociation as a member does not of itself 4857 discharge the person from any debt, obligation, or liability to 4858 a limited liability company or the other members that the person 4859 4860 incurred while a member.

4861 Sec. 1706.46. (A) Except as otherwise provided in this division, upon reinstatement of a limited liability company's 4862 articles or a foreign limited liability company's registration 4863 in accordance with section 1706.09 of the Revised Code, the 4864 rights and privileges, including all real or personal property 4865 rights and credits and all contract and other rights, of the 4866 company existing at the time its articles or registration were 4867 canceled shall be fully vested in the company as if its articles 4868 or registration had not been canceled, and the company shall 4869 again be entitled to exercise the rights and privileges 4870 authorized by its articles. The name of a company whose articles 4871

have been canceled shall be reserved for a period of one year 4872 after the date of cancellation. If the reinstatement is not made 4873 within one year after the date of the cancellation of its 4874 articles and it appears that a corporate name, limited liability 4875 company name, limited liability partnership name, limited 4876 partnership name, trade name, or assumed name has been filed, 4877 the name of which is not distinguishable upon the record as 4878 provided in section 1706.07 of the Revised Code, the secretary 4879 of state shall require the applicant for reinstatement, as a 4880 condition prerequisite to such reinstatement, to amend its 4881 articles or registration by changing its name. 4882 (B) Upon reinstatement in accordance with section 1706.09 4883 of the Revised Code, both of the following apply to the exercise 4884 of or an attempt to exercise any rights or privileges, including 4885 entering into or performing any contracts, on behalf of the 4886 company by an officer, agent, or employee of the company, after 4887 cancellation and prior to reinstatement of the articles or 4888 4889 registration: (1) The exercise of or an attempt to exercise any rights 4890 or privileges on behalf of the company by the officer, agent, or 4891 employee of the company has the same force and effect that the 4892 exercise of or an attempt to exercise the right or privilege 4893 would have had if the company's articles or registration had not 4894 been canceled, if both of the following apply: 4895 (a) The exercise of or an attempt to exercise the right or 4896 privilege was within the scope of the company's articles that 4897 existed prior to cancellation; 4898 (b) The officer, agent, or employee had no knowledge that 4899

the company's articles or registration had been canceled. 4900

(2) The company is liable exclusively for the exercise of	4901
or an attempt to exercise any rights or privileges on behalf of	4902
the company by an officer, agent, or employee of the company, if	4903
the conditions set forth in divisions (B)(1)(a) and (b) of this	4904
section are met.	4905
(C) Upon reinstatement of a company's articles or	4906
registration in accordance with section 1706.09 of the Revised	4907
Code, the exercise of or an attempt to exercise any rights or	4908
privileges on behalf of the company by an officer, agent, or	4909
employee of the company, after cancellation and prior to	4910
reinstatement of the articles or registration, does not	4911
constitute a violation of section 1706.09 of the Revised Code,	4912
if the conditions set forth in divisions (B)(1)(a) and (b) of	4913
this section are met.	4914
(D) This section is remedial in nature and is to be	4915
construed liberally to accomplish the purpose of providing full	4916
reinstatement of a limited liability company's articles of	4917
organization or a foreign limited liability company's	4918
registration, in accordance with this section, to the time of	4919
the cancellation of the articles or registration.	4920
Sec. 1706.461. (A) (1) A limited liability company or	4921
foreign limited liability company may appeal a cancellation	4922
under division (L) of section 1706.09 of the Revised Code within	4923
thirty days after the effective date of the cancellation. The	4924
appeal shall be made to one of the following:	4925
(a) The court of common pleas of the county in which the	4926
street address of the limited liability company or foreign	4927
limited liability company's principal office is located;	4928
(b) If the limited liability company or foreign limited	4929

liability company has no principal office in this state, to the	4930
court of common pleas of the county in which the street address	4931
of its statutory agent is located;	4932
(a) If the limited lightlity company or foreign limited	4933
(c) If the limited liability company or foreign limited	
liability company has no statutory agent, to the Franklin county	4934
court of common pleas.	4935
(2) The limited liability company or foreign limited	4936
liability company shall commence its appeal by petitioning the	4937
appropriate court to set aside the cancellation or to determine	4938
that the limited liability company or foreign limited liability	4939
company has cured the grounds for cancellation and attaching to	4940
the petition copies of those records of the secretary of state	4941
as may be relevant.	4942
	40.40
(B) The appropriate court may take, or may summarily order	4943
the secretary of state to take, whatever action the court	4944
<u>considers appropriate.</u>	4945
(C) The appropriate court's order or decision may be	4946
appealed as in any other civil proceeding.	4947
Sec. 1706.47. A limited liability company is dissolved,	4948
and its activities shall be wound up, upon the occurrence of any	4949
of the following:	4950
of the following:	4950
(A) An event or circumstance that the operating agreement	4951
states causes dissolution;	4952
(D) The concept of all the members.	4953
(B) The consent of all the members;	4905
(C) A limited liability company with canceled articles has	4954
failed to cure the grounds for cancellation for three years or	4955
more and any member or person authorized pursuant to section	4956
1706.18 of the Revised Code consents to the dissolution;	4957

(D) The passage of ninety consecutive days after the	4958
occurrence of the dissociation of the last remaining member;	4959
provided that upon dissociation of the last remaining member	4960
pursuant to division (E) of section 1706.411 of the Revised	4961
Code, the limited liability company shall not be dissolved if	4962
either of the following applies:	4963
(1) The operating agreement provides for the admission of	4964
a substitute member effective prior to the passage of such time	4965
period;	4966
(2) A substitute member has been admitted, as evidenced by	4967
a written record, prior to the passage of such time period,	4968
which admission is to be effective as of the date of such	4969
dissociation.	4970
(E) On application by a member, the entry by the	4971
appropriate court of an order dissolving the limited liability	4972
company on the grounds that it is not reasonably practicable to	4973
carry on the limited liability company's activities in	4974
conformity with the operating agreement.	4975
Sec. 1706.471. (A) A dissolved limited liability company	4976
continues its existence as a limited liability company but may	4977
not carry on any activities except as is appropriate to wind up	4978
and liquidate its activities and affairs. Appropriate activities	4979
include all of the following:	4980
(1) Collecting its assets;	4981
(2) Disposing of its properties that will not be	4982
distributed in kind to persons owning membership interests;	4983
(3) Discharging or making provisions for discharging its	4984
<u>liabilities;</u>	4985

section 1706.475 of the Revised Code;

(4) Distributing its remaining property in accordance with	
on 1706.475 of the Revised Code;	
(5) Doing overy other act percessary to wind up and	

(5) Doing every other act necessary to wind up and 4988 4989 liquidate its activities and affairs. 4990 (B) In winding up its activities, a limited liability company may do any of the following: 4991 4992 (1) Deliver to the secretary of state for filing, on a 4993 form prescribed by the secretary of state, a certificate of dissolution setting forth all of the following: 4994 (a) The name and registration number of the limited 4995 liability company; 4996 (b) That the limited liability company has dissolved; 4997 (c) The effective date of the certificate of dissolution 4998

if it is not to be effective upon the filing. Such an effective 4999 date shall be a date certain and shall not be a date prior to 5000 the date of filing. 5001

5002 (d) A copy of the notice it will publish pursuant to division (A) of section 1706.474 of the Revised Code. 5003

(e) Any other information the limited liability company 5004 considers proper. 5005

(2) Preserve the limited liability company's activities 5006 and property as a going concern for a reasonable time; 5007

(3) Prosecute, defend, or settle actions or proceedings 5008 whether civil, criminal, or administrative; 5009

(4) Make an assignment of the limited liability company's 5010 5011 property;

(5) Resolve disputes by mediation or arbitration; 5012

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(6) Merge or convert in accordance with sections 1706.71
06.74 of the Revised Code.

to 1706.74 of the Revised Code.	5014
(C) A limited liability company's dissolution, in itself:	5015
(1) Is not an assignment of the limited liability	5016
<pre>company's property;</pre>	5017
(2) Does not prevent the commencement of a proceeding by	5018
or against the limited liability company in its limited	5019
<u>liability company name;</u>	5020
(3) Does not abate or suspend a proceeding pending by or	5021
against the limited liability company on the effective date of	5022
<u>dissolution;</u>	5023
(4) Does not terminate the authority of its statutory	5024
agent;	5025
(5) Does not abate, suspend, or otherwise alter the	5026
application of section 1706.26 of the Revised Code.	5027
Sec. 1706.472. (A) Subject to division (C)(5) of section	5028
1706.471 of the Revised Code, after dissolution, the remaining	5029
members, if any, and if none, a person appointed by all holders	5030
of the membership interest last assigned by the last person to	5031
have been a member, may wind up the limited liability company's	5032
activities.	5033
(B) The appropriate tribunal may order supervision of the	5034
winding up of a dissolved limited liability company, including	5035
the appointment of a person to wind up the limited liability	5036
company's activities as follows:	5037
(1) On application of a member, if the applicant	5038

establishes good cause;

5013

(2) On application of an assignee, if both of the	5040
following apply:	5041
(a) The limited liability company does not have any	5042
members;	5043
(b) Within a reasonable time following the dissolution, a	5044
person has not been appointed pursuant to division (A) of this	5045
section.	5046
(3) In connection with a proceeding under division (E) of	5047
section 1706.47 of the Revised Code.	5048
Sec. 1706.473. (A) A dissolved limited liability company	5049
may dispose of any known claims against it by following the	5050
procedures described in division (B) of this section at any time	5051
after the effective date of the dissolution of the limited	5052
liability company.	5053
(B) A dissolved limited liability company may give notice	5054
of its dissolution in a record to the holder of any known claim.	5055
The notice shall do all of the following:	5056
(1) Identify the dissolved limited liability company;	5057
(2) Describe the information required to be included in a	5058
<u>claim;</u>	5059
(3) Provide a mailing address to which the claim is to be	5060
sent;	5061
(4) State the deadline, by which the dissolved limited	5062
liability company must receive the claim. The deadline shall not	5063
be sooner than ninety days from the effective date of the	5064
notice.	5065
(5) State that if not sooner barred, the claim will be	5066

barred if not received by the deadline. 5067 (C) Unless sooner barred by any other statute limiting 5068 actions, a claim against a dissolved limited liability company 5069 is barred in either of the following circumstances: 5070 (1) A claimant who was given notice under division (B) of 5071 this section does not deliver the claim to the dissolved limited 5072 5073 liability company by the deadline. 5074 (2) A claimant whose claim was rejected by the dissolved limited liability company does not commence a proceeding to 5075 enforce the claim within ninety days from the effective date of 5076 the rejected notice. 5077 (D) For purposes of this section, "claim" includes an 5078 unliquidated claim, but does not include either of the 5079 following: 5080 (1) A contingent liability that has not matured so that 5081 there is no immediate right to bring suit; 5082 (2) A claim based on an event occurring after the 5083 effective date of dissolution. 5084 (E) Nothing in this section shall be construed to extend 5085 any otherwise applicable statute or period of limitations. 5086 Sec. 1706.474. (A) A dissolved limited liability company 5087 may publish notice of its dissolution and request that persons 5088 with claims against the dissolved limited liability company 5089 present them in accordance with the notice. 5090 (B) The notice described in division (A) of this section 5091 shall meet all of the following requirements: 5092

(1) It shall be posted prominently on the principal web

site then maintained by the limited liability company, if any,	5094
and provided to the secretary of state to be posted on the web	5095
site maintained by the secretary of state in accordance with	5096
division (J) of this section. The notice shall be considered	5097
published when posted on both web sites or, if the limited	5098
liability company does not then maintain a web site, when posted	5099
on the web site maintained by the secretary of state.	5100
(2) It shall describe the information that must be	5101
(2) It shall describe the information that must be	5101
included in a claim and provide a mailing address to which the	
<u>claim must be sent.</u>	5103
(3) It shall state that if not sooner barred, a claim	5104
against the dissolved limited liability company will be barred	5105
unless a proceeding to enforce the claim is commenced within two	5106
years after the publication of the notice.	5107
(C) If a dissolved limited liability company publishes a	5108
notice in accordance with division (B) of this section, unless	5109
sooner barred by any other statute limiting actions, the claim	5110
of each of the following claimants is barred unless the claimant	5111
commences a proceeding to enforce the claim against the	5112
dissolved limited liability company within two years after the	5113
publication of the notice:	5114
publication of the notice.	JII4
(1) A claimant who was not given notice under division (B)	5115
of section 1706.473 of the Revised Code;	5116
(2) A claimant whose claim was timely sent to the	5117
dissolved limited liability company but not acted on by the	5118
dissolved limited liability company;	5119
(3) A claimant where claim is contingent at the effective	5120
(3) A claimant whose claim is contingent at the effective	
date of the dissolution of the limited liability company, or is	5121
based on an event occurring after the effective date of the	5122

dissolution of the limited liability company.	5123
(D) A claim that is not barred under this section, any	5124
other statute limiting actions, or section 1706.473 of the	5125
Revised Code may be enforced as follows:	5126
(1) Against a dissolved limited liability company, to the	5127
extent of its undistributed assets;	5128
(2) Except as provided in division (H) of this section, if	5129
the assets of a dissolved limited liability company have been	5130
distributed after dissolution, against a member or assignee to	5131
the extent of that person's proportionate share of the claim or	5132
of the assets distributed to the member or assignee after	5133
dissolution, whichever is less. A person's total liability for	5134
all claims under division (D) of this section may not exceed the	5135
total amount of assets distributed to the person after	5136
dissolution of the limited liability company.	5137
(E) A dissolved limited liability company that published a	5138
notice under this section may file an application with the	5139
appropriate court in the county in which the dissolved limited	5140
liability company's principal office is located or, if it has	5141
none in this state, in the county in which the dissolved limited	5142
liability company's statutory agent is or was last located, for	5143
a determination of the amount and form of security to be	5144
provided for payment of the following claims:	5145
(1) Claims that are contingent;	5146
(2) Claims that have not been made known to the dissolved	5147
limited liability company;	5148
(3) Claims that are based on an event occurring after the	5149
effective date of the dissolution of the limited liability_	5150
company but that, based on the facts known to the dissolved	5151
	/

limited liability company, are reasonably estimated to arise	5152
after the effective date of the dissolution of the limited	5153
liability company.	5154
<u>itability company.</u>	0101
Provision need not be made for any claim that is or is	5155
reasonably anticipated to be barred under division (C) of this	5156
section.	5157
(F) Within ten days after the filing of the application	5158
provided for in division (E) of this section, notice of the	5159
proceeding shall be given by the dissolved limited liability	5160
company to each potential claimant as described in division (E)	5161
of this section.	5162
(G) The appropriate court may appoint a quardian ad litem	5163
to represent all claimants whose identities are unknown in any	5164
proceeding brought under this section. The reasonable fees and	5165
expenses of the guardian, including all reasonable expert	5166
witness fees, shall be paid by the dissolved limited liability	5167
company.	5168
(H) Provision by the dissolved limited liability company_	5169
	5170
for security in the amount and the form ordered by the	
appropriate court under division (E) of this section shall	5171
satisfy the dissolved limited liability company's obligation	5172
with respect to claims that are contingent, have not been made	5173
known to the dissolved limited liability company, or are based	5174
on an event occurring after the effective date of the	5175
dissolution of the limited liability company. Such claims shall	5176
not be enforced against a person owning a membership interest to	5177
whom assets have been distributed by the dissolved limited	5178
liability company after the effective date of the dissolution of	5179
the limited liability company.	5180

(I) Nothing in this section shall be construed to extend 5181 any otherwise applicable statute of limitations. 5182 (J)(1) Except as provided in division (J)(2) of this 5183 section, the secretary of state shall make both of the following 5184 available to the public in a format that is searchable, 5185 viewable, and accessible through the internet: 5186 (a) A list of each limited liability companies that have 5187 filed certificates of dissolution; 5188 (b) For each dissolved limited liability company on the 5189 list described in division (J)(1)(a) of this section, a copy of 5190 both the certificate of dissolution and the notice delivered 5191 under division (B) of this section. 5192 (2) After the materials relating to any dissolved limited 5193 liability company have been posted for five years, the secretary 5194 of state may remove from the web site the information that the 5195 secretary posted pursuant to division (J)(1) of this section 5196 that relates to that dissolved company. 5197 Sec. 1706.475. (A) Upon the winding up of a limited 5198 liability company, payment or adequate provision for payment, 5199 shall be made to creditors, including members who are creditors, 5200 in satisfaction of liabilities of the limited liability company. 5201 5202 (B) After a limited liability company complies with division (A) of this section, any surplus shall be distributed 5203 as follows: 5204 (1) First, to each person owning a membership interest 5205 that reflects contributions made on account of the membership 5206 interest and not previously returned, an amount equal to the 5207 value of the person's unreturned contributions; 5208

(2) Then to each person owning a membership interest in	5209
the proportions in which the owners of membership interests	5210
share in distributions before dissolution.	5211
(C) If the limited liability company does not have	5212
sufficient surplus to comply with division (B)(1) of this	5213
section, any surplus shall be distributed among the owners of	5214
membership interests in proportion to the value of their	5215
respective unreturned contributions.	5216
Sec. 1706.51. (A) The law of the state or other	5217
jurisdiction under which a foreign limited liability company is	5218
formed governs all of the following:	5219
(1) The organization and internal affairs of the foreign	5220
limited liability company;	5221
(2) The liability of a member as a member for the debts,	5222
obligations, or other liabilities of the foreign limited	5223
liability company or a series thereof;	5224
(3) The authority of the members and agents of a foreign	5225
limited liability company or a series thereof;	5226
(4) The liability of the following for the obligations of	5227
another series or the foreign limited liability company:	5228
(a) The assets of the foreign limited liability company;	5229
(b) The assets of a series thereof.	5230
(B) A foreign limited liability company's application for	5231
registration as a foreign limited liability company may not be	5232
denied by reason of any difference between the laws of the	5233
jurisdiction under which the limited liability company is formed	5234
and the laws of this state.	5235
(C) A foreign limited liability company, including a	5236
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foreign limited liability company that has filed a registration	5237
as a foreign limited liability company, may not engage in any	5238
activities in this state that a limited liability company is	5239
forbidden to engage in by the laws of this state.	5240
(D) A foreign limited liability company that has filed a	5241
registration as a foreign limited liability company shall in	5242
	5243
<u>this state:</u>	JZ45
(1) Have the same but no greater rights than a limited	5244
<pre>liability company;</pre>	5245
(2) Have the same but no greater privileges than a limited	5246
liability company;	5247
(3) Except as otherwise provided by this chapter, be	5248
subject to the same duties, restrictions, penalties, and	5249
liabilities now or later imposed on a limited liability company.	5250
Sec. 1706.511. (A) In order for a foreign limited	5251
liability company or any one or more of its series to transact	5252
business in this state, the foreign limited liability company	5253
shall register with the secretary of state. Neither a foreign	5254
limited liability company nor any one or more of its series may	5255
transact business in this state until the registration has been	5256
approved by the secretary of state and the foreign limited	5257
liability company or series is otherwise in compliance with	5258
sections 1706.51 to 1706.516 of the Revised Code.	5259
(B) The registration as a foreign limited liability	5260
company shall state all of the following:	5261
(1) The name of the foreign limited liability company and,	5262
if the name does not comply with section 1706.07 of the Revised	5263
Code, the assumed name adopted pursuant to division (A) of	5264

section 1706.513 of the Revised Code;	5265
(2) The foreign limited liability company's jurisdiction	5266
of formation;	5267
(3) The name and street address of the foreign limited	5268
liability company's statutory agent and a written acceptance of	5269
the appointment that is signed by the agent;	5270
(4) That the foreign limited liability company is a	5271
foreign limited liability company;	5272
(5) The information required by division (C) of this	5273
section, if applicable.	5274
(C) If a foreign limited liability company establishes or	5275
provides for the establishment of one or more series of assets,	5276
it shall state all of the following in the registration as a	5277
foreign limited liability company:	5278
(1) The fact that it provides for the establishment of one	5279
or more series of assets;	5280
(2) Whether the debts, liabilities, and obligations	5281
incurred, contracted for, or otherwise existing with respect to	5282
a particular series, if any, shall be enforceable against the	5283
assets of that series only, and not against the assets of the	5284
foreign limited liability company generally or any other series	5285
thereof;	5286
(3) Whether any of the debts, liabilities, obligations,	5287
and expenses incurred, contracted for, or otherwise existing	5288
with respect to the foreign limited liability company generally	5289
or any other series thereof shall be enforceable against the	5290
assets of that series.	5291
(D) Upon any change in circumstances that makes any	5292

statement contained in its filed registration as a foreign	5293
limited liability company no longer true, a foreign limited	5294
liability company authorized to transact business in this state	5295
shall deliver to the secretary of state for filing an	5296
appropriate certificate of correction, on a form as prescribed	5297
by the secretary of state, so that its statement of foreign	5298
qualification is in all respects true.	5299
(E) A foreign limited liability company is authorized to	5300
transact business in this state from the effective date of its_	5301
registration as a foreign limited liability company until the	5302
earlier of the effective date of its cancellation of foreign	5303
limited liability company or the effective date of the secretary	5304
of state's cancellation of the registration as a foreign limited	5305
liability company in accordance with section 1706.09 of the	5306
Revised Code.	5307
Sec. 1706.512. (A) A foreign limited liability company	5308
Sec. 1706.512. (A) A foreign limited liability company shall not be considered to be transacting business in this state	5308 5309
shall not be considered to be transacting business in this state	5309
shall not be considered to be transacting business in this state within the meaning of sections 1706.51 to 1706.516 of the	5309 5310
shall not be considered to be transacting business in this state within the meaning of sections 1706.51 to 1706.516 of the Revised Code by reason of its or any one or more of its series'	5309 5310 5311
<pre>shall not be considered to be transacting business in this state within the meaning of sections 1706.51 to 1706.516 of the Revised Code by reason of its or any one or more of its series' carrying on in this state any of the following actions:</pre>	5309 5310 5311 5312
<pre>shall not be considered to be transacting business in this state within the meaning of sections 1706.51 to 1706.516 of the Revised Code by reason of its or any one or more of its series' carrying on in this state any of the following actions:</pre>	5309 5310 5311 5312 5313
<pre>shall not be considered to be transacting business in this state within the meaning of sections 1706.51 to 1706.516 of the Revised Code by reason of its or any one or more of its series' carrying on in this state any of the following actions:     (1) Maintaining, defending, or settling in its own behalf any proceeding or dispute;</pre>	5309 5310 5311 5312 5313 5314
<pre>shall not be considered to be transacting business in this state within the meaning of sections 1706.51 to 1706.516 of the Revised Code by reason of its or any one or more of its series' carrying on in this state any of the following actions:</pre>	5309 5310 5311 5312 5313 5314 5315
<pre>shall not be considered to be transacting business in this state within the meaning of sections 1706.51 to 1706.516 of the Revised Code by reason of its or any one or more of its series' carrying on in this state any of the following actions: (1) Maintaining, defending, or settling in its own behalf any proceeding or dispute; (2) Holding meetings or carrying on any other activities concerning its internal affairs; (3) Maintaining accounts in financial institutions;</pre>	5309 5310 5311 5312 5313 5314 5315 5316 5317
<pre>shall not be considered to be transacting business in this state within the meaning of sections 1706.51 to 1706.516 of the Revised Code by reason of its or any one or more of its series' carrying on in this state any of the following actions:     (1) Maintaining, defending, or settling in its own behalf any proceeding or dispute;     (2) Holding meetings or carrying on any other activities concerning its internal affairs;     (3) Maintaining accounts in financial institutions;     (4) Maintaining offices or agencies for the assignment,</pre>	5309 5310 5311 5312 5313 5314 5315 5316 5317 5318
<pre>shall not be considered to be transacting business in this state within the meaning of sections 1706.51 to 1706.516 of the Revised Code by reason of its or any one or more of its series' carrying on in this state any of the following actions: (1) Maintaining, defending, or settling in its own behalf any proceeding or dispute; (2) Holding meetings or carrying on any other activities concerning its internal affairs; (3) Maintaining accounts in financial institutions; (4) Maintaining offices or agencies for the assignment, exchange, and registration of the foreign limited liability</pre>	5309 5310 5311 5312 5313 5314 5315 5316 5317 5318 5319
<pre>shall not be considered to be transacting business in this state within the meaning of sections 1706.51 to 1706.516 of the Revised Code by reason of its or any one or more of its series' carrying on in this state any of the following actions:     (1) Maintaining, defending, or settling in its own behalf any proceeding or dispute;     (2) Holding meetings or carrying on any other activities concerning its internal affairs;     (3) Maintaining accounts in financial institutions;     (4) Maintaining offices or agencies for the assignment,</pre>	5309 5310 5311 5312 5313 5314 5315 5316 5317 5318

securities or interests;	5322
(5) Selling through independent contractors;	5323
(6) Soliciting or obtaining orders, whether by mail or	5324
electronic means or through employees or agents or otherwise, if	5325
the orders require acceptance outside this state before they	5326
become contracts;	5327
(7) Creating, as borrower or lender, or acquiring	5328
indebtedness, mortgages, or security interests in real or	5329
personal property;	5330
(8) Securing or collecting debts in its own behalf or	5331
enforcing mortgages or other security interests in real or	5332
personal property securing those debts, and holding, protecting,	5333
and maintaining property so acquired;	5334
(9) Owning real or personal property;	5335
(10) Conducting an isolated transaction that is not one in	5336
the course of repeated transactions of a like nature;	5337
(11) Transacting business in interstate commerce.	5338
(B) A foreign limited liability company shall not be	5339
considered to be transacting business in this state solely	5340
because it or any one or more of its series:	5341
(1) Owns a controlling interest in an entity that is	5342
transacting business in this state;	5343
(2) Is a limited partner of a limited partnership or	5344
foreign limited partnership that is transacting business in this	5345
<u>state;</u>	5346
(3) Is a member of a limited liability company or foreign	5347
limited liability company that is transacting business in this	5348

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## <u>state.</u> (C) This section does not apply in determining the contacts or activities that may subject a foreign limited liability company, or a series thereof, to service of process, taxation, or regulation under laws of this state other than this chapter. (D) Nothing in this section shall limit or affect the right to subject a foreign limited liability company, or a series thereof, to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state or to serve upon any foreign limited liability company, or series thereof, any process, notice, or demand required or permitted by law to be served upon a foreign limited liability company, or series thereof, pursuant to any other provision of law or pursuant to the applicable rules of civil procedure. Sec. 1706.513. (A) A foreign limited liability company\_ whose name does not comply with section 1706.07 of the Revised Code may not file a registration as a foreign limited liability company until it adopts, for the purpose of transacting business in this state, an assumed name that complies with section

1706.07 of the Revised Code. A foreign limited liability company 5368 that adopts an assumed name under this division and then files a 5369 registration as a foreign limited liability company under that 5370 assumed name need not file a name registration when transacting 5371 business under that assumed name. After filing the registration 5372 as a foreign limited liability company under an assumed name, a 5373 foreign limited liability company shall transact business in 5374 this state under the assumed name unless the foreign limited 5375 liability company has filed a name registration under another 5376 name and is authorized to transact business in this state under 5377 5378 such name.

(B) If a foreign limited liability company to which a	5379
registration as a foreign limited liability company has been	5380
filed changes its name to one that does not comply with section	5381
1706.07 of the Revised Code, it may not thereafter transact	5382
business in this state until it complies with division (A) of	5383
this section by filing a certificate of correction.	5384
this section by fifting a certificate of correction.	5504
Sec. 1706.515. (A) A foreign limited liability company	5385
that has a registration as a foreign limited liability company	5386
in the records of the secretary of state may cancel its	5387
registration as a limited liability company by delivering for	5388
filing a certificate of cancellation of registration of a	5389
foreign limited liability company to the secretary of state.	5390
(B) A certificate of cancellation of registration of a	5391
	5392
foreign limited liability company shall set forth all of the	
<u>following:</u>	5393
(1) The name and registration number of the foreign	5394
limited liability company, any assumed name adopted for use in	5395
this state, and the name of the jurisdiction under whose law it	5396
is organized;	5397
(2) The name and street address of the statutory agent, or	5398
if a statutory agent is no longer to be maintained, a statement	5399
	5400
that the foreign limited liability company will not maintain a	
statutory agent, and the street address to which service of	5401
process may be mailed pursuant to section 1706.09 of the Revised	5402
<u>Code;</u>	5403
(3) That the foreign limited liability company, and all	5404
series thereof, will no longer transact business in this state	5405
and that it relinquishes its authority to transact business in	5406
this state;	5407

(4) That the foreign limited liability company is 5408 canceling its registration as a foreign limited liability 5409 5410 company; (5) That any statement of assumed name it has on file in 5411 the records of the secretary of state and any assumed name with 5412 respect to the foreign limited liability company, are withdrawn 5413 upon the effective date of the cancellation of registration of a 5414 foreign limited liability company. 5415 (C) The cancellation of registration of a foreign limited 5416 liability company shall be effective upon filing by the 5417 secretary of state, whereupon the registration as a foreign 5418 limited liability company shall be canceled and the foreign 5419 limited liability company, and all series thereof, shall be 5420 without authority to transact business in this state. 5421 (D) Cancellation of a registration as a foreign limited 5422 liability company shall not terminate the authority of any 5423 statutory agent appointed by the foreign limited liability 5424 5425 company. Sec. 1706.516. (A) No foreign limited liability company, 5426 5427 or a series thereof, transacting business in this state, nor anyone on its behalf, shall be permitted to maintain a 5428 proceeding in any court in this state for the collection of its 5429 debts unless an effective registration as a limited liability 5430 company for the foreign limited liability company is on file in 5431 the records of the secretary of state. 5432 (B) A court may stay a proceeding commenced by a foreign 5433 limited liability company, or series thereof, until it 5434 determines whether the foreign limited liability company should 5435

have a registration as a limited liability company on file in

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the records of the secretary of state. If the court determines 5437 that the foreign limited liability company should have a 5438 registration as a limited liability company on file in the 5439 records of the secretary of state, the court may further stay 5440 the proceeding until there is an effective registration as a 5441 limited liability company on file in the records of the 5442 secretary of state with respect to the foreign limited liability 5443 company. If a court determines that a foreign limited liability 5444 5445 company should have a registration as a limited liability company on file in the records of the secretary of state, and 5446 the foreign limited liability company subsequently delivers for 5447 filing to the secretary of state a registration as a limited 5448 liability company, no proceeding in any court in this state to 5449 which the foreign limited liability company, or a series 5450 thereof, is a party shall, after the effective date of the 5451 registration as a foreign limited liability company, be 5452 dismissed by reason of the foreign limited liability company's 5453 prior noncompliance with section 1706.511 of the Revised Code. 5454 (C) If a foreign limited liability company, or a series 5455 thereof, conducts activities in this state without having on 5456 file in the records of the secretary of state a registration as 5457 a foreign limited liability company, the foreign limited 5458 liability company shall be liable to this state for an amount 5459 equal to the fee as prescribed by the secretary of state from 5460 tim<u>e to time.</u> 5461 No registration as a foreign limited liability company 5462 shall be filed until payment of the amounts due under this 5463 division is made. 5464 (D) The amounts due to this state under division (C) of 5465

this section may be recovered in an action brought by the

Page 188

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attorney general. Upon a finding by the court that a foreign 5467 limited liability company, or series thereof, has conducted 5468 activiti<u>es in this state in violation of sections 1706.51 to</u> 5469 1706.516 of the Revised Code, the court may issue, in addition 5470 to or in lieu of the imposition of a civil penalty, an 5471 injunction restraining the further conducting of activities by 5472 the foreign limited liability company and all of its series, and 5473 the further exercise of any rights and privileges of a foreign 5474 limited liability company in this state until all amounts plus 5475 any interest and court costs that the court may assess have been 5476 paid, and until the foreign limited liability company has 5477 otherwise complied with sections 1706.51 to 1706.516 of the 5478 Revised Code. 5479 (E) Notwithstanding divisions (A) and (B) of this section, 5480 the conducting of activities in this state by a foreign limited 5481 liability company, or a series thereof, without having a 5482 registration as a foreign limited liability company on file in 5483 the records of the secretary of state does not impair the 5484 validity of the acts of the foreign limited liability company, 5485 or a series thereof, or prevent the foreign limited liability 5486 company, or a series thereof, from defending any proceeding in 5487 this state. 5488 (F) Neither a member nor agent of a foreign limited 5489 liability company nor a member associated with a series or agent 5490 of a series, is liable for the debts, obligations, or other 5491 liabilities of the foreign limited liability company, or a 5492

series thereof, solely because the foreign limited liability5493company, or a series thereof, conducted activities in this state5494without a registration as a foreign limited liability company5495being on file in the records of the secretary of state.5496

Sec. 1706.61. (A) A member may commence or maintain a 5497 derivative action in the right of a limited liability company to 5498 recover a judgment in favor of the limited liability company by 5499 complying with sections 1706.61 to 1706.618 of the Revised Code. 5500 (B) A member associated with a series of a limited 5501 liability company may commence or maintain a derivative action 5502 in the right of the series to recover a judgment in favor of the 5503 series by complying with sections 1706.61 to 1706.618 of the 5504 Revised Code. 5505 Sec. 1706.611. (A) A member may commence or maintain a 5506 derivative action in the right of the limited liability company 5507 only if the member meets both of the following conditions: 5508 (1) The member fairly and adequately represents the 5509 interests of the limited liability company in enforcing the 5510 right of the limited liability company. 5511 (2) The member either: 5512 (a) Was a member of the limited liability company at the 5513 time of the act or omission of which the member complains; 5514 (b) Acquired a membership interest through assignment by 5515 operation of law from a person who was a member at the time of 5516 the act or omission of which the member complains. 5517 (B) A member associated with a series of a limited 5518 liability company may commence or maintain a derivative action 5519 in the right of the series only if the member meets both of the 5520 following conditions: 5521 (1) The member fairly and adequately represents the 5522 interests of the series in enforcing the right of the series. 5523 (2) The member either: 5524

(a) Was associated with the series at the time of the act	5525
or omission of which the member complains;	5526
(b) Acquired a membership interest through assignment by	5527
operation of law from a person who was a member associated with	5528
the series at the time of the act or omission of which the	5529
member complains.	5530
Sec. 1706.612. A member may not commence a derivative_	5531
action in the right of the limited liability company, or a	5532
series thereof, until both of the following occur:	5533
(A) A written demand has been made upon the limited	5534
liability company or the series to take suitable action.	5535
(B) Ninety days have expired from the date the demand was_	5536
made unless either of the following applies:	5537
	F F 2 0
(1) The member has earlier been notified that the demand	5538
has been rejected by the limited liability company or the	5539
series;	5540
(2) Irreparable injury to the limited liability company or	5541
the series would result by waiting for the expiration of the	5542
<u>ninety-day period.</u>	5543
Sec. 1706.613. For the purpose of allowing the limited	5544
liability company or the series thereof time to undertake an	5545
inquiry into the allegations made in the demand or complaint	5546
commenced pursuant to sections 1706.61 to 1706.618 of the	5547
Revised Code, the court may stay any derivative action for the	5548
period the court deems appropriate.	5549
Sec. 1706.614. (A)(1) A derivative action in the right of	5550
a limited liability company shall be dismissed by the court on	5551
motion by the limited liability company if one of the groups	5552

specified in division (A)(2) of this section has determined in 5553 good faith, after conducting a reasonable inquiry upon which its 5554 conclusions are based, that the maintenance of the derivative 5555 action is not in the best interests of the limited liability 5556 5557 company. (2) Subject to the requirements of division (A) (3) of this 5558 section, the determination of whether the maintenance of a 5559 derivative action in the right of a limited liability company is 5560 in the best interests of the limited liability company shall be 5561 made by a majority vote of either of the following: 5562 (a) The independent members of the limited liability 5563 company; 5564 (b) The committee members of a committee consisting of 5565 independent members appointed by a majority of the independent 5566 5567 members. (3) If the determination is not made pursuant to division 5568 (A) (1) of this section, the determination shall be made by the 5569 person, or, in the case of more than one person, by a majority 5570 of the persons, sitting upon a panel of one or more persons 5571 appointed by a court upon motion filed with the court by the 5572 limited liability company for those purposes. 5573 (B) (1) A derivative action in the right of a series of a 5574 limited liability company shall be dismissed on motion by the 5575 series if one of the groups specified in division (B)(2) of this 5576 section has determined in good faith, after conducting a 5577 reasonable inquiry upon which its conclusions are based that the 5578 maintenance of the derivative action is not in the best 5579 interests of the series. 5580 (2) Subject to the requirements of division (B)(3) of this 5581

section, the determination whether the maintenance of a	5582
derivative action on behalf of a series of a limited liability	5583
company is in the best interests of the series shall be made by	5584
a majority vote of either of the following:	5585
(a) The independent members associated with the series;	5586
(b) The committee members of a committee consisting of	5587
independent members associated with the series appointed by a	5588
majority of the independent members associated with the series.	5589
(3) If the determination is not made pursuant to division	5590
(B)(1) of this section, the determination shall be made by the	5591
person, or, in the case of more than one person, by a majority	5592
of the persons, sitting upon a panel of one or more persons	5593
appointed by a court upon motion filed with the court by the	5594
series for those purposes.	5595
(C) The court shall appoint only independent persons to	5596
the panel described in divisions (A)(3) and (B)(3) of this	5597
section.	5598
(D) The presence of one or more of the following	5599
circumstances, without more, shall not prevent a person from	5600
being considered independent for purposes of this section:	5601
(1) The naming of the person as a defendant in the	5602
derivative action or as a person against whom action is	5603
demanded;	5604
(2) The approval by that person of the act being	5605
challenged in the derivative action or demand where the act did	5606
not result in personal benefit to that person;	5607
(3) The making of the demand pursuant to section 1706.612	5608
of the Revised Code or the commencement of the derivative action	5609

pursuant to sections 1706.61 to 1706.618 of the Revised Code.	5610
(E) Subject to section 1706.615 of the Revised Code, a	5611
panel appointed by the court pursuant to division (A)(3) or (B)	5612
(3) of this section shall have the authority to continue,	5613
settle, or discontinue the derivative proceeding as the court	5614
may confer upon the panel.	5615
(F) The plaintiff in the derivative action shall have the	5616
burden of proving that any of the requirements of division (A)	5617
or (B) of this section have not been met.	5618
Sec. 1706.615. A derivative action may not be discontinued	5619
or settled without the court's approval. If the court determines	5620
that a proposed discontinuance or settlement will substantially	5621
affect the interests of members of the limited liability	5622
company, or the interests of members associated with a series of	5623
the limited liability company, the court shall direct that	5624
notice be given to the members affected.	5625
Sec. 1706.616. On termination of the derivative action the	5626
court may do any of the following:	5627
(A) Order the limited liability company to pay the	5628
plaintiff's reasonable expenses, including attorney fees,	5629
incurred by the plaintiff in the derivative action if the court	5630
finds that the derivative action has resulted in a substantial	5631
benefit to the limited liability company;	5632
(B) Order a series to pay the plaintiff's reasonable	5633
expenses, including attorney fees, incurred by the plaintiff in	5634
the derivative action if the court finds that the derivative	5635
action has resulted in a substantial benefit to the series;	5636
(C) Order the plaintiff to pay any defendant's reasonable	5637
expenses, including attorney fees, incurred by the defendant in	5638

defending the derivative action if it finds that the derivative 5639 action was commenced or maintained without reasonable cause or 5640 for an improper purpose; 5641 (D) Order a party to pay an opposing party's expenses 5642 incurred because of the filing of a pleading, motion, or other 5643 paper, if it finds both of the following: 5644 5645 (1) That the pleading, motion, or other paper was not well grounded in fact, after reasonable inquiry, or not warranted by 5646 existing law or a good faith argument for the extension, 5647 modification, or reversal of existing law. 5648 (2) That the pleading, motion, or other paper was 5649 interposed for an improper purpose, such as to harass or cause 5650 unnecessary delay or needless increase in the cost of 5651 litigation. 5652 Sec. 1706.617. In any derivative action in the right of a 5653 foreign limited liability company, or a series thereof, the 5654 right of a person to commence or maintain a derivative action in 5655 the right of a foreign limited liability company, or a series 5656 thereof, and any matters raised in the action covered by 5657 sections 1706.61 to 1706.616 of the Revised Code shall be 5658 governed by the law of the jurisdiction under which the foreign 5659 limited liability company was formed; except that any matters 5660 raised in the action covered by sections 1706.613, 1706.615, and 5661 1706.616 of the Revised Code shall be governed by the law of 5662 this state. 5663 Sec. 1706.618. (A) Subject to division (B) of this 5664 section, a member may maintain a direct action against another 5665 member or members or the limited liability company, or a series 5666 thereof, to enforce the member's rights and otherwise protect 5667 the member's interests, including rights and interests under the 5668 operating agreement or this chapter or arising independently of 5669 the membership relationship. 5670 (B) A member maintaining a direct action under division 5671 (A) of this section must plead and prove an actual or threatened 5672 injury that is not solely the result of an injury suffered or 5673 threatened to be suffered by the limited liability company, or 5674 series thereof. 5675 (C) (1) A member may maintain a direct action to enforce a 5676 right of a limited liability company if all members at the time 5677 of suit are parties to the action. 5678 (2) A member associated with a series may maintain a 5679 direct action to enforce a right of the series if all members 5680 associated with the series at the time of suit are parties to 5681 5682 the action. Sec. 1706.71. (A) A limited liability company may merge 5683 with one or more other constituent entities pursuant to sections 5684 1706.71 to 1706.713 of the Revised Code and to an agreement of 5685 merger if all of the following conditions are met: 5686 (1) The governing statute of each of the other entities 5687 authorizes the merger. 5688 (2) The merger is not prohibited by the law of a 5689 jurisdiction that enacted any of the governing statutes. 5690 (3) Each of the other entities complies with its governing 5691 statute in effecting the merger. 5692 (B) An agreement of merger shall be in a record and shall 5693 include all of the following: 5694

(1) The name and form of each constituent entity;

Page 196

5695

(2) The name and form of the surviving entity and, if the 5696 surviving entity is to be created pursuant to the merger, a 5697 statement to that effect; 5698 (3) The terms and conditions of the merger, including the 5699 manner and basis for converting the interests in each 5700 constituent entity into any combination of money, interests in 5701 the surviving entity, and other consideration as permitted under 5702 division (C) of this section; 5703 (4) If the surviving entity is to be created pursuant to 5704 the merger, the surviving entity's organizational documents that 5705 are proposed to be in a record; 5706 (5) If the surviving entity is not to be created pursuant 5707 to the merger, any amendments to be made by the merger to the 5708 surviving entity's organizational documents that are, or are 5709 proposed to be, in a record. 5710 (C) In connection with a merger, rights or securities of 5711 or interests in the constituent entity may be any of the 5712 following: 5713 (1) Exchanged for or converted into cash, property, or 5714 rights or securities of or interests in the surviving entity; 5715 (2) In addition to or in lieu of division (C) (1) of this 5716 section, exchanged for or converted into cash, property, or 5717 rights or securities of or interests in another entity; 5718 (3) Canceled. 5719 Sec. 1706.711. (A) To be effective, an agreement of merger\_ 5720 shall be consented to by all the members of a constituent 5721 limited liability company. 5722 (B) After the agreement of merger is approved, and at any 5723

time before a certificate of merger is delivered to the 5724 secretary of state for filing under section 1706.712 of the 5725 Revised Code, a constituent limited liability company may amend 5726 the agreement or abandon the merger: 5727 (1) As provided in the agreement; or 5728 (2) Except as otherwise prohibited in the agreement, with 5729 the same consent as was required to approve the agreement. 5730 Sec. 1706.712. (A) After each constituent entity has\_ 5731 approved the agreement of merger, a certificate of merger shall 5732 be signed on behalf of both of the following: 5733 (1) Each constituent limited liability company, as 5734 provided in division (A) of section 1706.17 of the Revised Code; 5735 (2) Each other constituent entity, as provided in its 5736 5737 governing statute. (B) A certificate of merger under this section shall 5738 include all of the following: 5739 (1) The name and form of each constituent entity, the 5740 jurisdiction of its governing statute, and its registration 5741 5742 number, if any, as it appears on the records of the secretary of state; 5743 (2) The name and form of the surviving entity, the 5744 jurisdiction of its governing statute, and, if the surviving 5745 entity is created pursuant to the merger, a statement to that 5746 effect; 5747 (3) The date the merger is effective under the governing 5748 statute of the surviving entity; 5749 (4) If the surviving entity is to be created pursuant to 5750

the merger:	5751
(a) If it will be a limited liability company, the limited	5752
liability company's articles of organization;	5753
(b) If it will be an entity other than a limited liability	5754
company, any organizational document that creates the entity	5755
that is required to be in a public record.	5756
(5) If the surviving entity exists before the merger, any	5757
amendments provided for in the agreement of merger for the	5758
organizational document that created the entity that are in a	5759
public record;	5760
(6) A statement as to each constituent entity that the	5761
merger was approved as required by the entity's governing	5762
statute;	5763
(7) If the surviving entity is a foreign entity not	5764
authorized to transact business in this state, the street	5765
address of its statutory agent;	5766
(8) Any additional information required by the governing	5767
statute of any constituent entity.	5768
(C) Each constituent limited liability company shall	5769
deliver the certificate of merger for filing in the office of	5770
the secretary of state.	5771
(D) A merger becomes effective under sections 1706.71 to	5772
1706.74 of the Revised Code as follows:	5773
(1) If the surviving entity is a limited liability	5774
company, upon the later of the following:	5775
(a) Compliance with division (C) of this section;	5776
(b) As specified in the certificate of merger.	5777

(2) If the surviving entity is not a limited liability	5778
company, as provided by the governing statute of the surviving	5779
entity.	5780
	5301
Sec. 1706.713. (A) When a merger becomes effective, all of	5781
the following apply:	5782
(1) The surviving entity continues or comes into	5783
existence.	5784
(2) Each constituent entity that merges into the surviving	5785
entity ceases to exist as a separate entity.	5786
(3) All property owned by each constituent entity, or	5787
series thereof, that ceases to exist vests in the surviving	5788
entity without reservation or impairment.	5789
(4) All debts, obligations, or other liabilities of each	5790
constituent entity, or series thereof, that ceases to exist	5791
continue as debts, obligations, or other liabilities of the	5792
surviving entity.	5793
(5) An action or proceeding pending by or against any	5794
constituent entity, or series thereof, that ceases to exist	5795
continues as if the merger had not occurred.	5796
(6) Except as prohibited by other law, all of the rights,	5797
privileges, immunities, powers, and purposes of each constituent	5798
entity, or series thereof, that ceases to exist vest in the	5799
surviving entity.	5800
(7) Except as otherwise provided in the agreement of	5801
merger, the terms and conditions of the agreement of merger take	5802
effect.	5803
(8) Except as otherwise agreed, if a constituent limited	5804
liability company ceases to exist, the merger does not dissolve	5805

the limited liability company for the purposes of sections 5806 1706.47 to 1706.475 of the Revised Code and does not dissolve a 5807 series for purposes of sections 1706.76 to 1706.7613 of the 5808 Revised Code. 5809 (9) If the surviving entity is created pursuant to the 5810 5811 merger: 5812 (a) If it is a limited liability company, the articles of organization become effective; 5813 (b) If it is an entity other than a limited liability 5814 company, the organizational document that creates the entity 5815 becomes effective. 5816 (10) If the surviving entity existed before the merger, 5817 any amendments provided for in the certificate of merger for the 5818 organizational document that created the entity become 5819 5820 effective. (B) A surviving entity that is a foreign entity consents 5821 to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state to enforce any 5822 debt, obligation, or other liability owed by a constituent 5823 entity, if before the merger the constituent entity was subject 5824 to suit in this state on the debt, obligation, or other 5825 liability. Service of process on a surviving entity that is a 5826 foreign entity and not authorized to transact business in this 5827 state for the purposes of enforcing a debt, obligation, or other 5828 liability may be made in the same manner and has the same 5829 consequences as provided in section 1706.09 of the Revised Code 5830 as if the surviving entity was a foreign limited liability 5831 company. 5832 **Sec. 1706.72.** (A) An entity other than a limited liability 5833 company may convert to a limited liability company, and a 5834

limited liability company may convert to an entity other than a 5835 limited liability company pursuant to sections 1706.72 to 5836 1706.723 of the Revised Code and a written declaration of 5837 conversion if all of the following apply: 5838 (1) The governing statute of the entity that is not a 5839 limited liability company authorizes the conversion; 5840 (2) The law of the jurisdiction governing the converting 5841 entity and the converted entity does not prohibit the 5842 5843 conversion; (3) The converting entity and the converted entity comply 5844 with their respective governing statutes and organizational 5845 documents in effecting the conversion. 5846 (B) A written declaration of conversion shall be in a 5847 record and include all of the following: 5848 (1) The name and form of the converting entity before 5849 5850 conversion; (2) The name and form of the converted entity after 5851 5852 conversion; (3) The terms and conditions of the conversion, including 5853 the manner and basis for converting interests in the converting 5854 entity into any combination of money, interests in the converted 5855 entity, and other consideration allowed under division (C) of 5856 this section. 5857 (4) The organizational documents of the converted entity 5858 that are, or are proposed to be, in a record. 5859 (C) In connection with a conversion, rights or securities 5860 of or interests in the converting entity may be any of the 5861 following: 5862

(1) Exchanged for or converted into cash, property, or	5863
rights or securities of or interests in the converted entity;	5864
(2) In addition to or in lieu of division (C)(1) of this_	5865
section, exchanged for or converted into cash, property, or	5866
rights or securities of or interests in another entity;	5867
(3) Canceled.	5868
Sec. 1706.721. (A) A declaration of conversion must be	5869
consented to by all the members of a converting limited	5870
liability company.	5871
(B) After a conversion is approved, and at any time before	5872
the certificate of conversion is delivered to the secretary of	5873
state for filing under section 1706.722 of the Revised Code, a	5874
converting limited liability company may amend the declaration	5875
or abandon the conversion:	5876
(1) As provided in the declaration; or	5877
(2) Except as otherwise prohibited in the declaration, by	5878
the same consent as was required to approve the declaration.	5879
Sec. 1706.722. (A) After a declaration of conversion is	5880
approved, both of the following apply:	5881
<u>approved</u> , <u>social or correctioning approve</u>	0001
(1) A converting limited liability company shall deliver	5882
to the secretary of state for filing a certificate of	5883
conversion. The certificate of conversion shall be signed as	5884
provided in division (A) of section 1706.17 of the Revised Code	5885
and shall include all of the following:	5886
(a) A statement that the converting limited liability	5887
company has been converted into the converted entity;	5888
(b) The name and form of the converted entity and the	5889

jurisdiction of its governing statute; 5890 (c) The date the conversion is effective under the 5891 governing statute of the converted entity; 5892 5893 (d) A statement that the conversion was approved as required by this chapter; 5894 (e) A statement that the conversion was approved as 5895 required by the governing statute of the converted entity; 5896 (f) If the converted entity is a foreign entity not 5897 authorized to transact business in this state, the street 5898 address of its statutory agent for the purposes of division (B) 5899 5900 of section 1706.723 of the Revised Code. (2) If the converted entity is a limited liability 5901 company, the converting entity shall deliver to the secretary of 5902 state for filing articles of organization which shall include, 5903 in addition to the information required by division (A) of 5904 section 1706.16 of the Revised Code, all of the following: 5905 (a) A statement that the converted entity was converted 5906 5907 from the converting entity; (b) The name and form of the converting entity and the 5908 jurisdiction of the converting entity's governing statute; 5909 (c) A statement that the conversion was approved as 5910 required by the governing statute of the converting entity. 5911 (B) A conversion shall become effective as follows: 5912 (1) If the converted entity is a limited liability 5913 company, when the articles of organization take effect; 5914 (2) If the converted entity is not a limited liability 5915

company, as provided by the governing statute of the converted 5916

entity. 5917 Sec. 1706.723. (A) When a conversion takes effect, all of 5918 the following apply: 5919 (1) All property owned by the converting entity, or series 5920 thereof, remains vested in the converted entity. 5921 (2) All debts, obligations, or other liabilities of the 5922 converting entity, or series thereof, continue as debts, 5923 obligations, or other liabilities of the converted entity. 5924 (3) An action or proceeding pending by or against the 5925 converting entity, or series thereof, continues as if the 5926 conversion had not occurred. 5927 (4) Except as prohibited by law other than this chapter, 5928 all of the rights, privileges, immunities, powers, and purposes 5929 of the converting entity, or series thereof, remain vested in 5930 the converted entity. 5931 (5) Except as otherwise provided in the plan of 5932 conversion, the terms and conditions of the declaration of 5933 conversion take effect. 5934 (6) Except as otherwise agreed, for all purposes of the 5935 laws of this state, the converting entity, and any series 5936 thereof, shall not be required to wind up its affairs or pay its 5937 liabilities and distribute its assets, and the conversion shall 5938 not be deemed to constitute a dissolution of the converting 5939 entity, or series thereof. 5940 (7) For all purposes of the laws of this state, the 5941 rights, privileges, powers, and interests in property of the 5942 converting entity, and all series thereof, as well as the debts, 5943

thereof, shall not be deemed to have been assigned to the 5945 converted entity as a consequence of the conversion. 5946 (8) If the converted entity is a limited liability 5947 company, for all purposes of the laws of this state, the limited 5948 liability company shall be deemed to be the same entity as the 5949 converting entity, and the conversion shall constitute a 5950 continuation of the existence of the converting entity in the 5951 5952 form of a limited liability company. (9) If the converted entity is a limited liability 5953 company, the existence of the limited liability company shall be 5954 deemed to have commenced on the date the converting entity 5955 commenced its existence in the jurisdiction in which the 5956 converting entity was first created, formed, organized, 5957 incorporated, or otherwise came into being. 5958 (B) A converted entity that is a foreign entity consents 5959 to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state to enforce any 5960 debt, obligation, or other liability for which the converting 5961 limited liability company, or series thereof, is liable if, 5962 before the conversion, the converting limited liability company, 5963 or series thereof, was subject to suit in this state on the 5964 debt, obligation, or other liability. Service of process on a 5965 converted entity that is a foreign entity and not authorized to 5966 transact business in this state for purposes of enforcing a 5967 debt, obligation, or other liability under this division may be 5968 made in the same manner and has the same consequences as 5969 provided in section 1706.09 of the Revised Code, as if the 5970 converted entity were a foreign limited liability company. 5971 5972 Sec. 1706.73. (A) If a member of a constituent or converting limited liability company will have personal 5973 liability with respect to a surviving or converted entity, 5974

conversion are ineffective without the consent of the member, 5976 unless both of the following conditions are met: 5977 (1) The limited liability company's operating agreement 5978 provides for approval of a merger or conversion with the consent 5979 of fewer than all the members. 5980 5981 (2) The member has consented to the provision of the operating agreement described in division (A)(1) of this 5982 5983 section. (B) A member does not give the consent required by 5984 division (A) of this section merely by consenting to a provision 5985 of the operating agreement that permits the operating agreement 5986 to be amended with the consent of fewer than all the members. 5987 Sec. 1706.74. Sections 1706.71 to 1706.74 of the Revised 5988 Code do not preclude an entity from being merged or converted 5989 under law other than this chapter. 5990 Sec. 1706.76. (A) An operating agreement may establish or 5991 provide for the establishment of one or more designated series 5992 of assets that has both of the following: 5993 (1) Either or both of the following: 5994 5995 (a) Separate rights, powers, or duties with respect to specified property or obligations of the limited liability 5996 company or profits and losses associated with specified property 5997 or obligations; 5998 (b) A separate purpose or investment objective. 5999 (2) At least one member associated with each series. 6000

approval or amendment of a plan of merger or a declaration of

(B) A series established in accordance with division (A) 6001

5975

of this section may carry on any activity, whether or not for	6002
profit.	6003
Sec. 1706.761. (A) Subject to division (B) of this	6004
section, both of the following apply:	6005
(1) The debts, liabilities, obligations, and expenses	6006
incurred, contracted for, or otherwise existing with respect to	6007
a series shall be enforceable against the assets of that series	6008
only, and shall not be enforceable against the assets of the	6009
limited liability company generally or any other series thereof.	6010
(2) None of the debts, liabilities, obligations, and	6011
expenses incurred, contracted for, or otherwise existing with	6012
respect to the limited liability company generally or any other	6013
series thereof shall be enforceable against the assets of a	6014
<u>series.</u>	6015
(B) Division (A) of this section applies only if all of	6016
the following conditions are met:	6017
(1) The records maintained for that series account for the	6018
assets of that series separately from the other assets of the	6019
company or any other series.	6020
(2) The operating agreement contains a statement to the	6021
effect of the limitations provided in division (A) of this	6022
section.	6023
(3) The limited liability company's articles of	6024
organization contains a statement that the limited liability	6025
company may have one or more series of assets subject to the	6026
limitations provided in division (A) of this section.	6027
Sec. 1706.762. (A) Assets of a series may be held directly	6028
or indirectly, including being held in the name of the series,	6029

in the name of the limited liability company, through a nominee,	6030
<u>or otherwise.</u>	6031
(B) If the records of a series are maintained in a manner	6032
so that the assets of the series can be reasonably identified by	6033
specific listing, category, type, quantity, or computational or	6034
allocational formula or procedure, including a percentage or	6035
share of any assets, or by any other method in which the	6036
identity of the assets can be objectively determined, the	6037
records are considered to satisfy the requirement of division	6038
(B)(1) of section 1706.761 of the Revised Code.	6039
Sec. 1706.763. The statement of limitation on liabilities	6040
of a series required by division (B)(3) of section 1706.761 of	6041
the Revised Code is sufficient regardless of whether either of	6042
the following applies:	6043
(A) The limited liability company has established any	6044
series under this chapter when the statement of limitations is	6045
contained in the articles of organization;	6046
(B) The statement of limitations makes reference to a	6047
specific series of the limited liability company.	6048
Sec. 1706.764. (A) A person may not voluntarily dissociate	6049
as a member associated with a series.	6050
(B) A person's dissociation from a series is wrongful only	6051
if one of the following applies:	6052
(1) The person's dissociation is in breach of an express	6053
provision of the operating agreement.	6054
(2) The person is expelled as a member associated with the	6055
series by determination of a tribunal under division (E) of	6056
section 1706.765 of the Revised Code.	6057

(3) The person is dissociated as a member associated with 6058 a series by becoming a debtor in bankruptcy or making a general 6059 assignment for the benefit of creditors. 6060 (C) A person that wr<u>ongfully dissociates as a member</u> 6061 associated with a series is liable to the series and, subject to 6062 section 1706.61 of the Revised Code, to the other members 6063 associated with that series for damages caused by the 6064 dissociation. The liability is in addition to any other debt, 6065 obligation, or liability of the member associated with a series 6066 to the series or the other members associated with that series. 6067 Sec. 1706.765. A person is dissociated as a member 6068 associated with a series when any of the following occurs: 6069 (A) An event stated in the operating agreement as causing 6070 the person's dissociation from the series occurs. 6071 (B) The person is dissociated as a member of the limited 6072 liability company pursuant to section 1706.411 of the Revised 6073 6074 Code. (C) The person is expelled as a member associated with 6075 6076 that series pursuant to the operating agreement. (D) The person is expelled as a member associated with the 6077 series by the unanimous consent of the other members associated 6078 with that series and if any of the following applies: 6079 (1) It is unlawful to carry on the series' activities with 6080 the person as a member associated with that series. 6081 (2) The person is an entity and, within ninety days after 6082 the series notifies the person that it will be expelled as a 6083

member associated with that series because the person has filed 6084
a certificate of dissolution or the equivalent, or its right to 6085

transact business has been suspended by its jurisdiction of 6086 formation, the certificate of dissolution or the equivalent has 6087 not been revoked or its right to transact business has not been 6088 reinstated. 6089 (3) The person is an entity and, within ninety days after\_ 6090 the series notifies the person that it will be expelled as a 6091 member associated with that series because the person has been 6092 dissolved and its activities are being wound up, the entity has 6093 not been reinstated or the dissolution and winding up have not 6094 been revoked or canceled. 6095 (E) On application by the series, the person is expelled 6096 as a member associated with that series by tribunal order for 6097 any of the following reasons: 6098 (1) The person has engaged, or is engaging, in wrongful 6099 conduct that has adversely and materially affected, or will 6100 adversely and materially affect, that series' activities. 6101 (2) The person has willfully or persistently committed, or 6102 is willfully or persistently committing, a material breach of 6103 the operating agreement or the person's duties or obligations 6104 under this chapter or other applicable law. 6105 (3) The person has engaged, or is engaging, in conduct 6106 relating to that series' activities that makes it not reasonably 6107 practicable to carry on the activities with the person as a 6108 member associated with that series. 6109 (F) In the case of a person who is an individual, the 6110 person dies, a quardian or general conservator is appointed for 6111 the person, or a tribunal determines that the person has 6112 otherwise become incapable of performing the person's duties as 6113 a member associated with a series under this chapter or the 6114

operating agreement.	6115
(G) The person becomes a debtor in bankruptcy, executes an	6116
assignment for the benefit of creditors, or seeks, consents, or	6117
acquiesces to the appointment of a trustee, receiver, or	6118
liquidator of the person or of all or substantially all of the	6119
person's property. This division shall not apply to a person who	6120
is the sole remaining member associated with a series.	6121
(H) In the case of a person that is a trust or is acting	6122
as a member associated with a series by virtue of being a	6123
trustee of a trust, the trust's entire membership interest	6124
associated with the series is distributed, but not solely by	6125
reason of the substitution of a successor trustee.	6126
(I) In the case of a person that is an estate or is acting	6127
as a member associated with a series by virtue of being a	6128
personal representative of an estate, the estate's entire	6129
membership interest associated with the series is distributed,	6130
but not solely by reason of the substitution of a successor	6131
personal representative.	6132
(J) In the case of a member associated with a series that	6133
is not an individual, the legal existence of the person	6134
<u>otherwise terminates.</u>	6135
Sec. 1706.766. (A) A person who has dissociated as a	6136
member associated with a series shall have no right to	6137
participate in the activities and affairs of that series and is	6138
entitled only to receive the distributions to which that member	6139
would have been entitled if the member had not dissociated from	6140
that series.	6141
(B) A person's dissociation as a member associated with a	6142
series does not of itself discharge the person from any debt,	6143

obligation, or liability to that series, the limited liability 6144 company, or the other members that the person incurred while a 6145 member associated with that series. 6146 (C) A member's dissociation from a series does not, in 6147 itself, cause the member to dissociate from any other series or 6148 require the winding up of the series. 6149 (D) A member's dissociation from a series does not, in 6150 itself, cause the member to dissociate from the limited 6151 6152 Sec. 1706.767. A series may be dissolved and its\_ 6153 activities and affairs may be wound up without causing the 6154 dissolution of the limited liability company. The dissolution 6155 and winding up of a series does not abate, suspend, or otherwise 6156 affect the limitation on liabilities of the series provided by 6157 section 1706.761 of the Revised Code. 6158 Sec. 1706.768. A series is dissolved and its activities 6159 and affairs shall be wound up upon the first to occur of the 6160

following:

liability company.

(A) The dissolution of the limited liability company under 6162 section 1706.47 of the Revised Code; 6163

(B) An event or circumstance that the operating agreement 6164 states causes dissolution of the series; 6165

(C) The consent of all of the members associated with the 6166 series; 6167

(D) The passage of ninety days after the occurrence of the 6168 dissociation of the last remaining member associated with the 6169 6170 series;

(E) On application by a member associated with the series, 6171

6161

the entry by the appropriate court of an order dissolving the 6172 series on the grounds that it is not reasonably practicable to 6173 carry on the series' activities in conformity with the operating 6174 6175 agreement. Sec. 1706.769. (A) A dissolved series continues its 6176 existence as a series but may not carry on any activities except 6177 as is appropriate to wind up and liquidate its activities and 6178 affairs. Appropriate activities include all of the following: 6179 (1) Collecting the assets of the series; 6180 (2) Disposing of the properties of the series that will 6181 not be distributed in kind to persons owning membership 6182 interests associated with the series; 6183 (3) Discharging or making provisions for discharging the 6184 liabilities of the series; 6185 (4) Distributing the remaining property of the series in 6186 accordance with section 1706.7613 of the Revised Code; 6187 (5) Doing any other act necessary to wind up and liquidate 6188 the series' activities and affairs. 6189 (B) In winding up a series' activities, a series may do 6190 6191 any of the following: 6192 (1) Preserve the series' activities and property as a 6193 going concern for a reasonable time; (2) Prosecute, defend, or settle actions or proceedings 6194 whether civil, criminal, or administrative; 6195 (3) Make an assignment of the series' property; 6196 (4) Resolve disputes by mediation or arbitration. 6197 (C) A series' dissolution, in itself: 6198

(1) Is not an assignment of the series' property; 6199 (2) Does not prevent the commencement of a proceeding by 6200 or against the series in the series' name; 6201 (3) Does not abate or suspend a proceeding pending by or 6202 against the series on the effective date of dissolution; 62.03 (4) Does not abate, suspend, or otherwise alter the 6204 application of section 1706.7613 of the Revised Code. 6205 Sec. 1706.7610. (A) Subject to division (C) of section 6206 1706.769 of the Revised Code, after dissolution of a series, the 6207 remaining members associated with the series, if any, and if 6208 none, a person appointed by all holders of the membership 6209 interest last assigned by the last person to have been a member 6210 associated with the series, may wind up the series' activities. 6211 (B) The appropriate tribunal may order supervision of the 6212 winding up of a dissolved series, including the appointment of a 6213 person to wind up the series' activities for any of the 6214 following reasons: 6215 (1) On application of a member associated with the series, 6216 if the applicant establishes good cause; 6217 (2) On application of an assignee associated with a 6218 series, if both of the following apply: 6219 6220 (a) There are no members associated with the series. (b) Within a reasonable time following the dissolution a 6221 person has not been appointed pursuant to division (A) of this 6222 section. 6223 (3) In connection with a proceeding under division (E) of 6224 section 1706.768 of the Revised Code. 6225

Sec. 1706.7611. (A) A dissolved series may dispose of any 6226 known claims against it by following the procedures described in 6227 division (B) of this section, at any time after the effective 6228 date of the dissolution of the series. 6229 (B) A dissolved series may give notice of the dissolution 6230 in a record to the holder of any known claim. The notice shall 6231 do all of the following: 6232 (1) Identify the limited liability company and the 62.3.3 6234 dissolved series; (2) Describe the information required to be included in a 6235 6236 claim; (3) Provide a mailing address to which the claim is to be 6237 6238 sent; (4) State the deadline by which the dissolved series must 6239 receive the claim. The deadline shall not be sooner than one 6240 hundred twenty days from the effective date of the notice. 6241 (5) State that if not sooner barred, the claim will be 6242 barred if not received by the deadline. 6243 (C) Unless sooner barred by any other statute limiting 6244 actions, a claim against a dissolved series is barred in either 6245 6246 of the following circumstances: (1) If a claimant who was given notice under division (B) 6247 of this section does not deliver the claim to the dissolved 6248 series by the deadline; 6249 (2) If a claimant whose claim was rejected by the 6250 dissolved series does not commence a proceeding to enforce the 6251 claim within ninety days from the effective date of the rejected 6252 notice. 6253
(D) For purposes of this section, "claim" includes an_	6254
unliquidated claim, but does not include a contingent liability	6255
that has not matured so that there is no immediate right to	6256
bring suit or a claim based on an event occurring after the	6257
effective date of dissolution.	6258
(E) Nothing in this section shall be construed to extend	6259
any otherwise applicable statute of limitations.	6260
any otherwise appreable statute of finitations.	0200
Sec. 1706.7612. (A) A dissolved series may publish notice	6261
of its dissolution and request that persons with claims against	6262
the dissolved series present them in accordance with the notice.	6263
(B) The notice authorized by division (A) of this section	6264
shall meet all of the following criteria:	6265
(1) It shall be posted prominently on the principal web	6266
site then maintained by the limited liability company, if any,	6267
and provided to the secretary of state to be posted on the web	6268
site maintained by the secretary of state in accordance with	6269
	6270
division (J) of section 1706.474 of the Revised Code. The notice	
shall be considered published when posted on the secretary of	6271
<u>state's web site.</u>	6272
(2) It shall describe the information that must be	6273
included in a claim and provide a mailing address to which the	6274
claim must be sent.	6275
(3) It shall state that if not sooner barred, a claim	6276
against the dissolved series will be barred unless a proceeding	6277
to enforce the claim is commenced within two years following the	6278
publication of the notice.	6279
(C) If a dissolved series publishes a notice in accordance	6280
with division (B) of this section, unless sooner barred by any	6281
other statute limiting actions, the claim of each of the	6282

following claimants is barred unless the claimant commences a 6283 proceeding to enforce the claim against the dissolved series 6284 within two years after the publication date of the notice: 6285 (1) A claimant who was not given notice under division (B) 6286 of section 1706.7611 of the Revised Code; 6287 (2) A claimant whose claim was timely sent to the 6288 dissolved series but not acted on by the dissolved series; 6289 (3) A claimant whose claim is contingent at the effective 6290 date of the dissolution of the series, or is based on an event 6291 occurring after the effective date of the dissolution of the 6292 6293 series. (D) A claim that is not barred under this section, any 6294 other statute limiting actions, or section 1706.7611 of the 6295 Revised Code may be enforced against either of the following: 6296 (1) A dissolved series, to the extent of its undistributed 6297 assets associated with the series; 6298 (2) A member or assignee associated with the series to the 6299 extent of that person's proportionate share of the claim or of 6300 the assets of the series distributed to the member or assignee 6301 6302 after dissolution, whichever is less, except as provided in division (H) of this section and only if the assets of a 6303 dissolved series have been distributed after dissolution. A 6304 person's total liability for all claims under division (D) of 6305 this section shall not exceed the total amount of assets of the 6306 series distributed to the person after dissolution of the 6307 6308 series. (E) A dissolved series that published a notice under this 6309 section may file an application with the appropriate court in 6310 the county in which the limited liability company's principal 6311

office is located or, if it has none in this state, in the 6312 county in which the limited liability company's statutory agent 6313 is or was last located. The application shall be for a 6314 determination of the amount and form of security to be provided 6315 for payment of claims that are contingent or have not been made 6316 known to the dissolved series or that are based on an event 6317 occurring after the effective date of the dissolution of the 6318 series but that, based on the facts known to the dissolved 6319 series, are reasonably estimated to arise after the effective 6320 date of the dissolution of the series. Provision need not be 6321 made for any claim that is or is reasonably anticipated to be 6322 barred under division (C) of this section. 6323 (F) Within ten days after the filing of the application 6324 provided for in division (E) of this section, notice of the 6325 proceeding shall be given by the dissolved series to each 6326 potential claimant as described in that division. 6327 (G) The appropriate court may appoint a quardian ad litem 6328 to represent all claimants whose identities are unknown in any 6329 proceeding brought under this section. The reasonable fees and 6330 expenses of the quardian, including all reasonable expert 6331 witness fees, shall be paid by the dissolved series. 6332 (H) Provision by the dissolved series for security in the 6333 amount and the form ordered by the appropriate court under 6334 division (E) of this section shall satisfy the dissolved series' 6335 obligation with respect to claims that are contingent, have not 6336 been made known to the dissolved series, or are based on an 6337 event occurring after the effective date of the dissolution of 6338 the series. Those claims may not be enforced against a person 6339 owning a membership interest to whom assets have been 6340 distributed by the dissolved series after the effective date of 6341

the dissolution of the series.	6342
(I) Nothing in this section shall be construed to extend	6343
any otherwise applicable statute of limitations.	6344
Sec. 1706.7613. (A) Upon the winding up of a series,	6345
payment or adequate provision for payment shall be made to	6346
creditors of the series, including, to the extent permitted by	6347
law, members who are associated with the series and who are also	6348
creditors of the series, in satisfaction of liabilities of the	6349
series.	6350
(B) After a series complies with division (A) of this	6351
section, any surplus shall be distributed as follows:	6352
(1) First, to each person owning a membership interest	6353
associated with the series that reflects contributions made on	6354
account of that membership interest and not previously returned,	6355
an amount equal to the value of the person's unreturned	6356
contributions;	6357
(2) Then to each person owning a membership interest	6358
associated with the series in the proportions in which the	6359
owners of membership interests associated with the series share	6360
in distributions prior to dissolution of the series.	6361
(C) If the series does not have sufficient surplus to	6362
comply with division (B)(1) of this section, any surplus shall	6363
be distributed among the owners of membership interests	6364
associated with the series in proportion to the value of their	6365
respective unreturned contributions.	6366
Sec. 1706.81. This chapter modifies, limits, and	6367
supersedes the federal "Electronic Signatures in Global and	6368
National Commerce Act," 15 U.S.C. 7001 et seq., but does not	6369
modify, limit, or supersede 15 U.S.C. 7001(c) or authorize	6370

electronic delivery of any of the notices described in 15 U.S.C.	6371
<u>7003(b).</u>	6372
Sec. 1706.82. A limited liability company formed and	6373
existing under this chapter may conduct its activities and	6374
affairs, carry on its operations, and have and exercise the	6375
powers granted by this chapter in any state, foreign country, or	6376
other jurisdiction.	6377
Sec. 1706.83. (A) Prior to January 1, 2022, this chapter	6378
shall govern the following limited liability companies:	6379
(1) A limited liability company formed on or after January	6380
1, 2021, except a limited liability company that is continuing	6381
the business of a dissolved limited liability company under	6382
section 1705.44 of the Revised Code;	6383
(2) A limited liability company formed before January 1,	6384
2021, that elects, pursuant to division (C) of this section, to	6385
be governed by this chapter.	6386
(B) On and after January 1, 2022, this chapter shall	6387
govern all limited liability companies, including every foreign	6388
limited liability company that files an application for	6389
registration as a foreign limited liability company on or after	6390
January 1, 2022, every foreign limited liability company that	6391
registers a name in this state on or after January 1, 2022,	6392
every foreign limited liability company that has registered a	6393
name in this state prior to January 1, 2022, and every foreign	6394
limited liability company that has filed an application for	6395
registration as a foreign limited liability company prior to	6396
January 1, 2022, pursuant to Chapter 1705. of the Revised Code.	6397
(C) On and after January 1, 2021, but prior to January 1,	6398
2022, a limited liability company may elect, in the manner	6399

provided in its operating agreement or by law for amending the 6400 operating agreement, to be subject to this chapter. 6401 Sec. 1706.84. Unless expressly stated to the contrary in 6402 this chapter, all amendments of this chapter shall apply to 6403 limited liability companies and members and agents whether or 6404 not existing as such at the time of the enactment of any such 6405 amendment. 6406 Sec. 1729.36. (A) An association may merge or consolidate 6407 with one or more entities, if such merger or consolidation is 6408 permitted by the laws under which each constituent entity exists 6409 and the association complies with this section. 6410 (B) Each constituent association shall comply with section 6411 1729.35 of the Revised Code with respect to form and approval of 6412 an agreement of merger or consolidation, and each constituent 6413 entity shall comply with the applicable provisions of the laws 6414 under which it exists, except that the agreement of merger or 6415 consolidation, by whatever name designated, shall comply with 6416 divisions (C) and (D) of this section. 6417 6418 (C) The agreement of merger or consolidation shall set forth all of the following: 6419 6420 (1) The names of the states and the laws under which each constituent entity exists; 6421 (2) All statements and matters required to be set forth in 6422 agreements of merger or consolidation by the laws under which 6423 any constituent entity exists; 6424 (3) A statement that the surviving or new entity is to be 6425 an association, a foreign association, a corporation other than 6426

a cooperative, or a limited liability company;

(4) If the surviving or new entity is to be a foreign 6428 entity: 6429 (a) The place where the principal office of the surviving 6430 or new entity is to be located in the state in which the 6431 surviving or new entity is to exist; 6432 (b) The consent by the surviving or new entity that it may 6433 be sued and served with process in this state in any proceeding 6434 for the enforcement of any obligation of any constituent 6435 6436 association or domestic entity; (c) The consent by the surviving or new entity that it 6437 shall be subject to the applicable provisions of Chapter 1703. 6438 of the Revised Code, if it is a foreign corporation or foreign 6439 association, or to sections 1705.53 to 1705.58 or 1706.51 to 6440 1706.516 of the Revised Code, if it is a foreign limited 6441 liability company; 6442 (d) If it is desired that the surviving or new entity 6443 exercise its corporate privileges in this state as a foreign 6444 6445 entity.

(D) The agreement also may set forth other provisions
 permitted by the laws of any state in which any constituent
 6447
 entity exists.

(E) If the surviving or new entity is an association, the
merger or consolidation shall take effect in accordance with
sections 1729.37 and 1729.38 of the Revised Code.
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(F) If the surviving or new entity is an entity other than
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 an association, the merger or consolidation shall take effect in
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 accordance with the applicable provisions of the laws under
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 which it exists.

# S. B. No. 276 As Introduced

Sec. 1729.38. (A) (1) Upon adoption of an agreement of6456merger or consolidation under section 1729.35 or 1729.36 of the6457Revised Code, a certificate, signed by any authorized officer or6458representative of each constituent association or entity, shall6459be filed with the secretary of state on a form prescribed by the6460secretary of state that sets forth the following:6461

(a) The name and form of each constituent association or
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entity and the state law under which each constituent entity
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exists;

(b) A statement that each constituent association or
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entity has adopted the agreement of merger or consolidation, the
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manner of adoption, and that the agreement was adopted in
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compliance with the laws applicable to each constituent
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association or entity;

(c) The effective date of the merger or consolidation,
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which date may be on or after the date of filing of the
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certificate;
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(d) In the case of a merger, a statement that one or more
specified constituent associations or entities will be merged
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into a specified surviving association or entity or, in the case
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of a consolidation, a statement that the constituent
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associations or entities will be consolidated into a new
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association or entity;

(e) The name and address of the statutory agent upon whom
any process, notice, or demand against any constituent
association or entity, or the surviving or new association or
entity, may be served.

(2) In the case of a merger into an association or6483domestic entity, any amendments to the articles of incorporation6484

or the articles of organization of the surviving association or 6485 entity shall be filed with the certificate. 6486

(3) In the case of a consolidation to form a new domestic
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association or entity, the articles of incorporation or the
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articles of organization of the new association or entity shall
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be filed with the certificate.
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(4) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign entity 6491 that desires to transact business in this state as a foreign 6492 entity, the certificate shall be accompanied by the information 6493 required for qualification of a foreign entity in this state by 6494 Chapter 1703. of the Revised Code, in the case of a foreign 6495 corporation or foreign cooperative, or by sections 1705.53 and 6496 1705.54 or 1706.511 of the Revised Code, in the case of a 6497 foreign limited liability company. 6498

(B) A copy of the certificate of merger or consolidation,
certified by the secretary of state, may be filed for record in
control the office of the county recorder of any county in this state.
For such recording, the county recorder shall charge and collect
consolidation shall be recorded in the
certificate of the county recorder.

(C) For purposes of this section, "domestic entity" means
a corporation other than an association or a limited liability
company organized under the laws of this state.
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Sec. 1745.461. (A) (1) Pursuant to an agreement of merger6509between the constituent entities as provided in this section, a6510domestic unincorporated nonprofit association and, if so6511provided, one or more additional domestic or foreign entities6512may be merged into a surviving entity other than a domestic6513

#### S. B. No. 276 As Introduced

unincorporated nonprofit association. Pursuant to an agreement 6514 of consolidation, a domestic unincorporated nonprofit 6515 association together with one or more additional domestic or 6516 foreign entities may be consolidated into a new entity other 6517 than a domestic unincorporated nonprofit association to be 6518 formed by that consolidation. The merger or consolidation must 6519 be permitted by the chapter of the Revised Code under which each 6520 domestic constituent entity exists and by the laws under which 6521 each foreign constituent entity exists. 6522

(2) To effect a merger or consolidation under this 6523 section, the manager or managers of each constituent 6524 unincorporated nonprofit association shall approve an agreement 6525 6526 of merger or consolidation to be signed by the manager, the chairperson, the president, or a vice-president and by the 6527 secretary or an assistant secretary or, if there are no 6528 officers, by an authorized manager. The agreement of merger or 6529 consolidation shall be approved or otherwise authorized by or on 6530 behalf of each other constituent entity in accordance with the 6531 laws under which it exists. 6532

(3) The agreement of merger or consolidation shall set6533forth all of the following:6534

(a) The name and the form of entity of each constituent
entity and the state under the laws of which each constituent
entity exists;

(b) In the case of a merger, that one or more specified6538constituent entities will be merged into a specified surviving6539foreign entity or surviving domestic entity other than a6540domestic unincorporated nonprofit association or, in the case of6541a consolidation, that the constituent entities will be6542consolidated into a new foreign entity or domestic entity other6543

than a domestic unincorporated nonprofit association. The name6544of the surviving or new entity may be the same as or similar to6545that of any constituent entity.6546

(c) The terms of the merger or consolidation and the mode6547of carrying those terms into effect;6548

(d) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign
unincorporated nonprofit association, all additional statements
and matters, other than the name and address of the statutory
agent, that would be required by section 1745.46 of the Revised
Code if the surviving or new unincorporated nonprofit
association were a domestic unincorporated nonprofit
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(e) The name and the form of entity of the surviving or
new entity, the state under the laws of which the surviving
entity exists or the new entity is to exist, and the location of
the principal office of the surviving or new entity in that
state;

(f) All statements and matters required to be set forth in
an agreement of merger or consolidation by the laws under which
each constituent entity exists and, in the case of a
consolidation, the new entity is to exist;

(q) The consent of the surviving or the new entity to be 6565 sued and served with process in this state and the irrevocable 6566 appointment of the secretary of state as its agent to accept 6567 service of process in any proceeding in this state to enforce 6568 against the surviving or new entity any obligation of any 6569 domestic constituent unincorporated nonprofit association. Such 6570 service shall be made upon the secretary of state by leaving 6571 duplicate copies of such process, together with an affidavit of 6572

the plaintiff or one of the plaintiff's attorneys, showing the 6573 last known address of such association, and a fee of up to five 6574 dollars that shall be included as taxable costs in the case of 6575 judicial proceedings. Upon receipt of such process, affidavit, 6576 and fee, the secretary of state shall immediately give notice to 6577 the association at the address specified in the affidavit and 6578 forward to such address by certified mail, with a request for 6579 return receipt, a copy of such process. 6580

(h) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign
unincorporated nonprofit association that desires to transact
business in this state as a foreign unincorporated nonprofit
association, a statement to that effect, together with a
statement regarding the appointment of a statutory agent and
service of any process, notice, or demand upon that statutory
agent or the secretary of state;

(i) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign limited
partnership that desires to transact business in this state as a
foreign limited partnership, a statement to that effect,
together with all of the information required under section
1782.49 of the Revised Code when a foreign limited partnership
foreign limited business in this state;

(j) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign limited
liability company that desires to transact business in this
state as a foreign limited liability company, a statement to
that effect, together with all of the information required under
section 1705.54 or 1706.511 of the Revised Code when a foreign
limited liability company registers to transact business in this
state;

(k) If the surviving or new entity is a foreignunincorporated association that desires to transact business in6602

this state as a foreign unincorporated association, a statement6603to that effect, together with all of the information, if any,6604required by the secretary of state when a foreign unincorporated6605association registers to transact business in this state.6606

(4) The agreement of merger or consolidation also may set
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forth any additional provision permitted by the laws of any
state under the laws of which any constituent entity exists,
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consistent with the laws under which the surviving entity exists
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or the new entity is to exist.

(B) A merger or consolidation pursuant to this section in
(B) A merger or consolidation pursuant to this section in
(B) A merger or consolidation pursuant to this section in
(B) A merger or consolidation pursuant to this section in
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(B) A merger or consolidation pursuant to this section is one of the constituent is one constited is one of the constituent is one of the con

Sec. 1751.01. As used in this chapter:

(A) (1) "Basic health care services" means the following6618services when medically necessary:6619

(a) Physician's services, except when such services are6620supplemental under division (B) of this section;6621

(b) Inpatient hospital services; 6622

(c) Outpatient medical services;

(d) Emergency health services;

(e) Urgent care services;

(f) Diagnostic laboratory services and diagnostic and6626therapeutic radiologic services;6627

(g) Diagnostic and treatment services, other than6628prescription drug services, for biologically based mental6629

Page 229

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Page 230

illnesses;	6630
(h) Preventive health care services, including, but not	6631
limited to, voluntary family planning services, infertility	6632
services, periodic physical examinations, prenatal obstetrical	6633
care, and well-child care;	6634
(i) Routine patient care for patients enrolled in an	6635
eligible cancer clinical trial pursuant to section 3923.80 of	6636
the Revised Code.	6637
"Basic health care services" does not include experimental	6638
procedures.	6639
Except as provided by divisions (A)(2) and (3) of this	6640
section in connection with the offering of coverage for	6641
diagnostic and treatment services for biologically based mental	6642
illnesses, a health insuring corporation shall not offer	6643
coverage for a health care service, defined as a basic health	6644
care service by this division, unless it offers coverage for all	6645

listed basic health care services. However, this requirement 6646 does not apply to the coverage of beneficiaries enrolled in 6647 medicare pursuant to a medicare contract, or to the coverage of 6648 6649 beneficiaries enrolled in the federal employee health benefits program pursuant to 5 U.S.C.A. 8905, or to the coverage of 6650 medicaid recipients, or to the coverage of beneficiaries under 6651 any federal health care program regulated by a federal 6652 regulatory body, or to the coverage of beneficiaries under any 6653 contract covering officers or employees of the state that has 6654 been entered into by the department of administrative services. 6655

(2) A health insuring corporation may offer coverage for
 diagnostic and treatment services for biologically based mental
 6657
 illnesses without offering coverage for all other basic health
 6658

care services. A health insuring corporation may offer coverage 6659 for diagnostic and treatment services for biologically based 6660 mental illnesses alone or in combination with one or more 6661 supplemental health care services. However, a health insuring 6662 corporation that offers coverage for any other basic health care 6663 service shall offer coverage for diagnostic and treatment 6664 services for biologically based mental illnesses in combination 6665 with the offer of coverage for all other listed basic health 6666 care services. 6667

(3) A health insuring corporation that offers coverage for
basic health care services is not required to offer coverage for
diagnostic and treatment services for biologically based mental
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illnesses in combination with the offer of coverage for all
other listed basic health care services if all of the following
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apply:

(a) The health insuring corporation submits documentation 6674 certified by an independent member of the American academy of 6675 actuaries to the superintendent of insurance showing that 6676 incurred claims for diagnostic and treatment services for 6677 biologically based mental illnesses for a period of at least six 6678 months independently caused the health insuring corporation's 6679 costs for claims and administrative expenses for the coverage of 6680 basic health care services to increase by more than one per cent 6681 6682 per year.

(b) The health insuring corporation submits a signed
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letter from an independent member of the American academy of
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actuaries to the superintendent of insurance opining that the
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increase in costs described in division (A) (3) (a) of this
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section could reasonably justify an increase of more than one
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per cent in the annual premiums or rates charged by the health
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services.

rates charged by the health insuring corporation for the	6702
coverage of basic health care services.	6703
Any determination made by the superintendent under this	6704
division is subject to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.	6705
(B)(1) "Supplemental health care services" means any	6706
health care services other than basic health care services that	6707
a health insuring corporation may offer, alone or in combination	6708
with either basic health care services or other supplemental	6709
health care services, and includes:	6710
(a) Services of facilities for intermediate or long-term	6711
care, or both;	6712
(b) Dental care services;	6713
(c) Vision care and optometric services including lenses	6714
and frames;	6715
(d) Podiatric care or foot care services;	6716

insuring corporation for the coverage of basic health care

determinations from the documentation and opinion submitted

pursuant to divisions (A)(3)(a) and (b) of this section:

six months independently caused the health insuring

than one per cent per year.

(c) The superintendent of insurance makes the following

(i) Incurred claims for diagnostic and treatment services

for biologically based mental illnesses for a period of at least

corporation's costs for claims and administrative expenses for

the coverage of basic health care services to increase by more

(ii) The increase in costs reasonably justifies an

increase of more than one per cent in the annual premiums or

Page 232

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(f) Short-term outpatient evaluative and crisis-	6719
intervention mental health services;	6720
(g) Medical or psychological treatment and referral	6721
services for alcohol and drug abuse or addiction;	6722
(h) Home health services;	6723
(i) Prescription drug services;	6724
(j) Nursing services;	6725
(k) Services of a dietitian licensed under Chapter 4759.	6726
of the Revised Code;	6727
(1) Physical therapy services;	6728
(m) Chiropractic services;	6729
(n) Any other category of services approved by the	6730
superintendent of insurance.	6731
(2) If a health insuring corporation offers prescription	6732
drug services under this division, the coverage shall include	6733
prescription drug services for the treatment of biologically	6734
based mental illnesses on the same terms and conditions as other	6735
physical diseases and disorders.	6736
(C) "Specialty health care services" means one of the	6737
supplemental health care services listed in division (B) of this	6738
section, when provided by a health insuring corporation on an	6739
outpatient-only basis and not in combination with other	6740
supplemental health care services.	6741

(e) Mental health services, excluding diagnostic and

treatment services for biologically based mental illnesses;

(D) "Biologically based mental illnesses" means 6742 schizophrenia, schizoaffective disorder, major depressive 6743

Page 233

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disorder, bipolar disorder, paranoia and other psychotic 6744 disorders, obsessive-compulsive disorder, and panic disorder, as 6745 these terms are defined in the most recent edition of the 6746 diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders published 6747 6748 by the American psychiatric association. (E) "Closed panel plan" means a health care plan that 6749 requires enrollees to use participating providers. 6750 (F) "Compensation" means remuneration for the provision of 6751 health care services, determined on other than a fee-for-service 6752 or discounted-fee-for-service basis. 6753 (G) "Contractual periodic prepayment" means the formula 6754 for determining the premium rate for all subscribers of a health 6755 insuring corporation. 6756 (H) "Corporation" means a corporation formed under Chapter 6757 1701. or 1702. of the Revised Code or the similar laws of 6758 another state. 6759 (I) "Emergency health services" means those health care 6760 services that must be available on a seven-days-per-week, 6761 twenty-four-hours-per-day basis in order to prevent jeopardy to 6762 an enrollee's health status that would occur if such services 6763 6764 were not received as soon as possible, and includes, where appropriate, provisions for transportation and indemnity 6765 payments or service agreements for out-of-area coverage. 6766

(J) "Enrollee" means any natural person who is entitled to
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 receive health care benefits provided by a health insuring
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 corporation.

(K) "Evidence of coverage" means any certificate,
agreement, policy, or contract issued to a subscriber that sets
out the coverage and other rights to which such person is
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entitled under a health care plan.

(L) "Health care facility" means any facility, except a
health care practitioner's office, that provides preventive,
diagnostic, therapeutic, acute convalescent, rehabilitation,
mental health, intellectual disability, intermediate care, or
skilled nursing services.

(M) "Health care services" means basic, supplemental, and6779specialty health care services.6780

(N) "Health delivery network" means any group of providers
or health care facilities, or both, or any representative
thereof, that have entered into an agreement to offer health
care services in a panel rather than on an individual basis.
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(O) "Health insuring corporation" means a corporation, as 6785 defined in division (H) of this section, that, pursuant to a 6786 policy, contract, certificate, or agreement, pays for, 6787 reimburses, or provides, delivers, arranges for, or otherwise 6788 makes available, basic health care services, supplemental health 6789 care services, or specialty health care services, or a 6790 combination of basic health care services and either 6791 supplemental health care services or specialty health care 6792 services, through either an open panel plan or a closed panel 6793 6794 plan.

"Health insuring corporation" does not include a limited 6795 liability company formed pursuant to Chapter 1705. or 1706. of 6796 the Revised Code, an insurer licensed under Title XXXIX of the 6797 Revised Code if that insurer offers only open panel plans under 6798 which all providers and health care facilities participating 6799 receive their compensation directly from the insurer, a 6800 corporation formed by or on behalf of a political subdivision or 6801

a department, office, or institution of the state, or a public 6802 entity formed by or on behalf of a board of county 6803 commissioners, a county board of developmental disabilities, an 6804 alcohol and drug addiction services board, a board of alcohol, 6805 drug addiction, and mental health services, or a community 6806 mental health board, as those terms are used in Chapters 340. 6807 and 5126. of the Revised Code. Except as provided by division 6808 (D) of section 1751.02 of the Revised Code, or as otherwise 6809 6810 provided by law, no board, commission, agency, or other entity under the control of a political subdivision may accept 6811 insurance risk in providing for health care services. However, 6812 nothing in this division shall be construed as prohibiting such 6813 entities from purchasing the services of a health insuring 6814 corporation or a third-party administrator licensed under 6815 Chapter 3959. of the Revised Code. 6816

(P) "Intermediary organization" means a health delivery 6817 network or other entity that contracts with licensed health 6818 insuring corporations or self-insured employers, or both, to 6819 provide health care services, and that enters into contractual 6820 arrangements with other entities for the provision of health 6821 care services for the purpose of fulfilling the terms of its 6822 contracts with the health insuring corporations and self-insured 6823 6824 employers.

(Q) "Intermediate care" means residential care above the
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level of room and board for patients who require personal
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assistance and health-related services, but who do not require
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skilled nursing care.

(R) "Medical record" means the personal information that6829relates to an individual's physical or mental condition, medical6830history, or medical treatment.6831

(S) (1) "Open panel plan" means a health care plan that
provides incentives for enrollees to use participating providers
and that also allows enrollees to use providers that are not
participating providers.

(2) No health insuring corporation may offer an open panel 6836 plan, unless the health insuring corporation is also licensed as 6837 an insurer under Title XXXIX of the Revised Code, the health 6838 insuring corporation, on June 4, 1997, holds a certificate of 6839 authority or license to operate under Chapter 1736. or 1740. of 6840 the Revised Code, or an insurer licensed under Title XXXIX of 6841 the Revised Code is responsible for the out-of-network risk as 6842 evidenced by both an evidence of coverage filing under section 6843 1751.11 of the Revised Code and a policy and certificate filing 6844 under section 3923.02 of the Revised Code. 6845

(T) "Osteopathic hospital" means a hospital registered
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under section 3701.07 of the Revised Code that advocates
osteopathic principles and the practice and perpetuation of
osteopathic medicine by doing any of the following:
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(1) Maintaining a department or service of osteopathic
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 medicine or a committee on the utilization of osteopathic
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 principles and methods, under the supervision of an osteopathic
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 physician;

(2) Maintaining an active medical staff, the majority of6854which is comprised of osteopathic physicians;6855

(3) Maintaining a medical staff executive committee that6856has osteopathic physicians as a majority of its members.6857

(U) "Panel" means a group of providers or health carefacilities that have joined together to deliver health care6859services through a contractual arrangement with a health6860

insuring corporation, employer group, or other payor.

(V) "Person" has the same meaning as in section 1.59 of
the Revised Code, and, unless the context otherwise requires,
includes any insurance company holding a certificate of
authority under Title XXXIX of the Revised Code, any subsidiary
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and affiliate of an insurance company, and any government
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agency.

(W) "Premium rate" means any set fee regularly paid by a
subscriber to a health insuring corporation. A "premium rate"
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does not include a one-time membership fee, an annual
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administrative fee, or a nominal access fee, paid to a managed
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health care system under which the recipient of health care
services remains solely responsible for any charges accessed for
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those services by the provider or health care facility.

(X) "Primary care provider" means a provider that is
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designated by a health insuring corporation to supervise,
coordinate, or provide initial care or continuing care to an
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enrollee, and that may be required by the health insuring
corporation to initiate a referral for specialty care and to
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maintain supervision of the health care services rendered to the
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enrollee.

(Y) "Provider" means any natural person or partnership of 6882 natural persons who are licensed, certified, accredited, or 6883 otherwise authorized in this state to furnish health care 6884 services, or any professional association organized under 6885 Chapter 1785. of the Revised Code, provided that nothing in this 6886 chapter or other provisions of law shall be construed to 6887 preclude a health insuring corporation, health care 6888 practitioner, or organized health care group associated with a 6889 health insuring corporation from employing certified nurse 6890

Page 238

#### S. B. No. 276 As Introduced

practitioners, certified nurse anesthetists, clinical nurse6891specialists, certified nurse-midwives, pharmacists, dietitians,6892physician assistants, dental assistants, dental hygienists,6893optometric technicians, or other allied health personnel who are6894licensed, certified, accredited, or otherwise authorized in this6895state to furnish health care services.6896

(Z) "Provider sponsored organization" means a corporation, 6897 as defined in division (H) of this section, that is at least 6898 eighty per cent owned or controlled by one or more hospitals, as 6899 defined in section 3727.01 of the Revised Code, or one or more 6900 physicians licensed to practice medicine or surgery or 6901 osteopathic medicine and surgery under Chapter 4731. of the 6902 Revised Code, or any combination of such physicians and 6903 hospitals. Such control is presumed to exist if at least eighty 6904 per cent of the voting rights or governance rights of a provider 6905 sponsored organization are directly or indirectly owned, 6906 controlled, or otherwise held by any combination of the 6907 physicians and hospitals described in this division. 6908

(AA) "Solicitation document" means the written materials
provided to prospective subscribers or enrollees, or both, and
used for advertising and marketing to induce enrollment in the
health care plans of a health insuring corporation.

(BB) "Subscriber" means a person who is responsible for
making payments to a health insuring corporation for
participation in a health care plan, or an enrollee whose
employment or other status is the basis of eligibility for
enrollment in a health insuring corporation.

(CC) "Urgent care services" means those health care
services that are appropriately provided for an unforeseen
condition of a kind that usually requires medical attention
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# S. B. No. 276 As Introduced

without delay but that does not pose a threat to the life, limb, 6921
or permanent health of the injured or ill person, and may 6922
include such health care services provided out of the health 6923
insuring corporation's approved service area pursuant to 6924
indemnity payments or service agreements. 6925

Sec. 1776.69. (A) Pursuant to a written agreement of 6926 merger or consolidation between the constituent entities as this 6927 section provides, a domestic partnership and one or more 6928 6929 additional domestic or foreign entities may merge into a 6930 surviving entity other than a domestic partnership, or a 6931 domestic partnership together with one or more additional domestic or foreign entities may consolidate into a new entity, 6932 other than a domestic partnership, that is formed by the 6933 consolidation. No merger or consolidation may be carried out 6934 pursuant to this section unless it is permitted by the Revised 6935 Code chapter under which each domestic constituent entity exists 6936 and by the laws under which each foreign constituent entity 6937 exists. 6938

(B) Any written agreement of any merger or consolidation6939shall set forth all of the following:6940

(1) The name and the form of entity of each constituent
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entity and the state under the laws of which each constituent
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entity exists;

(2) In the case of a merger, that one or more specified
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constituent domestic partnerships and other specified
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constituent entities will be merged into a specified surviving
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foreign entity or surviving domestic entity other than a
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domestic partnership, or, in the case of a consolidation, that
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the constituent entities will be consolidated into a new foreign
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entity or a new domestic entity other than a domestic
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# partnership;

(3) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign
partnership, all statements and matters that section 1776.68 of
the Revised Code would require if the surviving or new entity
were a domestic partnership;

(4) The name and the form of entity of the surviving or
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new entity, the state under the laws of which the surviving
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entity exists or the new entity is to exist, and the location of
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the principal office of the surviving or new entity;
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(5) Any additional statements and matters required to be
(5) Any additional statements and matters required to be
(5) Set forth in an agreement of merger or consolidation by the laws
(5) Any addition by the laws
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(6) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign entity, 6964 the consent of the surviving or new foreign entity to be sued 6965 and served with process in this state and the irrevocable 6966 appointment of the secretary of state as its agent to accept 6967 service of process in any proceeding in this state to enforce 6968 against the surviving or new foreign entity any obligation of 6969 any constituent domestic partnership or to enforce the rights of 6970 a dissenting partner of any constituent domestic partnership; 6971

6972 (7) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign corporation that desires to transact business in this state as a 6973 foreign corporation, a statement to that effect, together with a 6974 statement regarding the appointment of a statutory agent and 6975 service of any process, notice, or demand upon that statutory 6976 agent or the secretary of state, as required when a foreign 6977 corporation applies for a license to transact business in this 6978 6979 state;

# S. B. No. 276 As Introduced

(8) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign limited
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partnership that desires to transact business in this state as a
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foreign limited partnership, a statement to that effect,
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together with all of the information required under section
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1782.49 of the Revised Code when a foreign limited partnership
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registers to transact business in this state;
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(9) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign limited
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liability company that desires to transact business in this
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state as a foreign limited liability company, a statement to
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that effect, together with all of the information required under
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section 1705.54 or 1706.511 of the Revised Code when a foreign
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limited liability company registers to transact business in this
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state;

(10) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign limited liability partnership that desires to transact business in this state as a foreign limited liability partnership, a statement to that effect, together with all of the information required under section 1776.86 of the Revised Code when a foreign limited liability partnership registers to transact business in this state.

(C) The written agreement of merger or consolidation also
may set forth any additional provision permitted by the laws of
any state under the laws of which any constituent entity exists,
consistent with the laws under which the surviving entity exists
or the new entity is to exist.

(D) To effect the merger or consolidation, the partners of
 each constituent domestic partnership shall adopt an agreement
 of merger or consolidation in the same manner and with the same
 notice to and vote or action of partners or of a particular
 class or group of partners as section 1776.68 of the Revised
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Code requires. The agreement of merger or consolidation also 7010 shall be approved or otherwise authorized by or on behalf of 7011 each constituent entity in accordance with the laws under which 7012 it exists. An agreement of merger or consolidation is not 7013 effective against a person who would continue to be or who would 7014 become a general partner of an entity that is the surviving or 7015 new entity in a merger or consolidation unless that person 7016 specifically agrees in writing either to continue or to become, 7017 as the case may be, a general partner of the surviving or new 7018 7019 entity.

(E) (1) At any time before filing the certificate of merger
or consolidation pursuant to section 1776.70 of the Revised
Code, if the agreement of merger or consolidation permits, the
partners of any constituent partnership, the directors of any
constituent corporation, or the comparable representatives of
any other constituent entity may abandon the merger or
consolidation.

(2) The agreement of merger or consolidation may authorize 7027 less than all of the partners of any constituent partnership, 7028 the directors of any constituent corporation, or the comparable 7029 representatives of any other constituent entity to amend the 7030 agreement of merger or consolidation at any time before the 7031 filing of the certificate of merger or consolidation, except 7032 that, after the adoption of the agreement of merger or 7033 consolidation by the partners of any constituent domestic 7034 partnership, only with the approval of all the partners may any 7035 agreement of merger or consolidation be amended to do any of the 7036 7037 following:

(a) Alter or change the amount or kind of interests,shares, evidences of indebtedness, other securities, cash,7039

rights, or any other property to be received by partners of the 7040 constituent domestic partnership in conversion of or in exchange 7041 for their interests; 7042

(b) If the surviving or new entity is a partnership, alter
or change any term of the partnership agreement of the surviving
or new partnership, except for alterations or changes that could
be adopted by those partners by the terms of the partnership
agreement of the surviving or new partnership as would be in
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effect after the merger or consolidation;
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(c) If the surviving or new entity is a corporation or any
other entity other than a partnership, alter or change any term
of the articles or comparable instrument of the surviving or new
corporation or entity, except for alterations or changes that
otherwise could be adopted by the directors or comparable
representatives of the surviving or new corporation or entity;

(d) Alter or change any other terms and conditions of the7055agreement of merger or consolidation if any of the alterations7056or changes, alone or in the aggregate, would materially7057adversely affect the partners or any class or group of partners7058of the constituent domestic partnership.7059

Sec. 1776.82. (A) The name of a limited liability 7060 partnership shall contain "registered limited liability 7061 partnership," "registered partnership having limited liability," 7062 "limited liability partnership," "R.L.L.P.," "P.L.L.," "L.L.P.," 7063 "RLLP," "PLL," or "LLP." 7064

(B) The name of a domestic registered limited liability 7065
partnership or foreign limited liability partnership shall be 7066
distinguishable upon the records in the office of the secretary 7067
of state from all of the following: 7068

Revised Code;

(1) The name of any other limited liability partnership 7069 registered in the office of the secretary of state pursuant to 7070 this chapter or Chapter 1775. of the Revised Code, whether 7071 domestic or foreign; 7072 (2) The name of any domestic corporation that is formed 7073 under Chapter 1701. or 1702. of the Revised Code or any foreign 7074 corporation that is registered pursuant to Chapter 1703. of the 7075 7076 (3) The name of any limited liability company registered 7077 in the office of the secretary of state pursuant to Chapter 7078 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code, whether domestic or foreign; 7079 (4) The name of any limited partnership registered in the 7080 office of the secretary of state pursuant to Chapter 1782. of 7081 the Revised Code, whether domestic or foreign; 7082

(5) Any trade name the exclusive right to which is at the 7083 time in question registered in the office of the secretary of 7084 state pursuant to Chapter 1329. of the Revised Code. 7085

Sec. 1782.02. (A) The name of any limited partnership, as 7086 set forth in its certificate of limited partnership, shall 7087 include "Limited Partnership," "L.P.," "Limited," or "Ltd." and 7088 shall not contain the name of a limited partner unless either of 7089 7090 the following are true:

(1) It is also the name of a general partner; 7091

(2) The business of the limited partnership had been 7092 carried on under that name before the admission of that limited 7093 7094 partner.

(B) The name of a limited partnership shall be 7095 distinguishable upon the records in the office of the secretary 7096

of state from all of the following:

(1) The name of any other limited partnership registered 7098 in the office of the secretary of state pursuant to this 7099 chapter, whether domestic or foreign; 7100 (2) The name of any domestic corporation that is formed 7101 under Chapter 1701. or 1702. of the Revised Code or any foreign 7102 corporation that is registered pursuant to Chapter 1703. of the 7103 Revised Code; 7104 (3) The name of any limited liability company registered 7105 in the office of the secretary of state pursuant to Chapter 7106 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code, whether domestic or foreign; 7107 (4) The name of any limited liability partnership 7108

registered in the office of the secretary of state pursuant to 7109 Chapter 1775. or 1776. of the Revised Code, whether domestic or 7110 foreign; 7111

(5) Any trade name the exclusive right to which is at the
time in question registered in the office of the secretary of
state pursuant to Chapter 1329. of the Revised Code.
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Sec. 1782.432. (A) Pursuant to an agreement of merger or 7115 consolidation between the constituent entities as provided in 7116 7117 this section, a domestic limited partnership and one or more additional domestic or foreign entities may be merged into a 7118 surviving entity other than a domestic limited partnership, or a 7119 domestic limited partnership together with one or more 7120 additional domestic or foreign entities may be consolidated into 7121 a new entity other than a domestic limited partnership to be 7122 formed by such consolidation. The merger or consolidation must 7123 be permitted by the chapter of the Revised Code under which each 7124 domestic constituent entity exists and by the laws under which 7125

Page 246

each foreign constituent entity exists. 7126 (B) The agreement of merger or consolidation shall set 7127 forth all of the following: 7128 (1) The name and the form of entity of each constituent 7129 entity and the state under the laws of which each constituent 7130 entity exists; 71.31 (2) In the case of a merger, that one or more specified 7132 constituent domestic limited partnerships and other specified 7133 constituent entities will be merged into a specified surviving 7134 7135 foreign entity or surviving domestic entity other than a 7136 domestic limited partnership, or, in the case of a consolidation, that the constituent entities will be 7137 consolidated into a new foreign entity or a new domestic entity 7138 other than a domestic limited partnership; 7139 (3) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign limited 7140 partnership, all additional statements and matters, other than 7141 the name and address of the statutory agent, that would be 7142 required by section 1782.431 of the Revised Code if the 7143 surviving or new entity were a domestic limited partnership; 7144 (4) The name and the form of entity of the surviving or 7145

new entity, the state under the laws of which the surviving of 7146 entity exists or the new entity is to exist, and the location of 7147 the principal office of the surviving or new entity; 7148

(5) All additional statements and matters required to be
set forth in such an agreement of merger or consolidation by the
laws under which each constituent entity exists and, in the case
of a consolidation, the new entity is to exist;
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(6) The consent of the surviving or new entity to be suedand served with process in this state and the irrevocable7154

appointment of the secretary of state as its agent to accept7155service of process in any proceeding in this state to enforce7156against the surviving or new entity any obligation of any7157constituent domestic limited partnership or to enforce the7158rights of a dissenting partner of any constituent domestic7159limited partnership;7160

(7) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign 7161 7162 corporation that desires to transact business in this state as a foreign corporation, a statement to that effect, together with a 7163 7164 statement regarding the appointment of a statutory agent and 7165 service of any process, notice, or demand upon that statutory agent or the secretary of state, as required when a foreign 7166 corporation applies for a license to transact business in this 7167 state; 7168

(8) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign limited
partnership that desires to transact business in this state as a
foreign limited partnership, a statement to that effect,
together with all of the information required under section
1782.49 of the Revised Code when a foreign limited partnership
registers to transact business in this state;

(9) If the surviving or new entity is a foreign limited
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liability company that desires to transact business in this
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state as a foreign limited liability company, a statement to
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that effect, together with all of the information required under
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section 1705.54 or 1706.511 of the Revised Code when a foreign
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limited liability company registers to transact business in this
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state.

(C) The agreement of merger or consolidation also may set
forth any additional provision permitted by the laws of any
state under the laws of which any constituent entity exists,
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consistent with the laws under which the surviving entity exists 7185 or the new entity is to exist. 7186

(D) To effect the merger or consolidation, the agreement 7187 of merger or consolidation shall be adopted by the general 7188 partners of each constituent domestic limited partnership, in 7189 the same manner and with the same notice to and vote or action 7190 of partners or of a particular class or group of partners as is 7191 required by section 1782.431 of the Revised Code. The agreement 7192 of merger or consolidation also shall be approved or otherwise 7193 authorized by or on behalf of each constituent entity in 7194 7195 accordance with the laws under which it exists. Each person who will continue to be or who will become a general partner of a 7196 partnership that is the surviving or new entity in a merger or 7197 consolidation shall specifically agree to continue or to become, 7198 as the case may be, a general partner of the surviving or new 7199 7200 entity.

(E) At any time before the filing of the certificate of 7201 merger or consolidation pursuant to section 1782.433 of the 7202 Revised Code, the merger or consolidation may be abandoned by 7203 the general partners of any constituent partnership, the 7204 directors of any constituent corporation, or the comparable 7205 representatives of any other constituent entity if the general 7206 partners, directors, or comparable representatives are 7207 authorized to do so by the agreement of merger or consolidation. 7208 The agreement of merger or consolidation may contain a provision 7209 authorizing the general partners of any constituent partnership, 7210 the directors of any constituent corporation, or the comparable 7211 representatives of any other constituent entity to amend the 7212 agreement of merger or consolidation at any time before the 7213 filing of the certificate of merger or consolidation, except 7214 that after the adoption of the agreement of merger or 7215

consolidation by the limited partners of any constituent7216domestic limited partnership, the general partners shall not be7217authorized to amend the agreement of merger or consolidation to7218do any of the following:7219

(1) Alter or change the amount or kind of interests,
shares, evidences of indebtedness, other securities, cash,
rights, or any other property to be received by limited partners
of the constituent domestic limited partnership in conversion of
or in substitution for their interests;
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(2) If the surviving or new entity is a partnership, alter
or change any term of the partnership agreement of the surviving
or new partnership, except for alterations or changes that
otherwise could be adopted by the general partners of the
surviving or new partnership;

(3) If the surviving or new entity is a corporation or any
other entity other than a partnership, alter or change any term
of the articles or comparable instrument of the surviving or new
corporation or entity, except for alterations or changes that
otherwise could be adopted by the directors or comparable
representatives of the surviving or new corporation or entity;
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(4) Alter or change any other terms and conditions of the
agreement of merger or consolidation if any of the alterations
or changes, alone or in the aggregate, would materially
adversely affect the limited partners or any class or group of
limited partners of the constituent domestic limited
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Sec. 1785.09. This chapter does not preclude the rendering7242of a professional service within this state by a corporation7243formed under division (B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised7244

Code, a limited liability company formed under Chapter 1705. or72451706. of the Revised Code, or a foreign limited liability7246company registered with the secretary of state and transacting7247business in this state in accordance with sections 1705.53 to72481705.58 or 1706.51 to 1706.516 of the Revised Code.7249

Sec. 3345.203. (A) As used in this section: 7250

(1) "Claims expenses" means payment of judgments,7251settlement of claims, expense, loss, and damage.7252

(2) "State university or college" has the same meaning asin section 3345.12 of the Revised Code.7254

(B) Regardless of whether a state university or college 7255
secures insurance coverages under division (B) (1), (2), or (3) 7256
of section 3345.202 of the Revised Code, the board of trustees 7257
of the state university or college may join with other state 7258
universities or colleges in establishing and maintaining a joint 7259
self-insurance pool to do both of the following: 7260

(1) Provide for payment of claims expenses that arise, or
are claimed to have arisen, from an act or omission of the state
university or college or any of its employees or other persons
authorized by the board while doing either of the following:
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(a) Acting in the scope of their employment or official7265responsibilities;7266

(b) Being engaged in activities undertaken at the request7267or direction, or for the benefit, of the state university or7268college.7269

(2) Indemnify or hold harmless the state university's orcollege's employees against such loss or damage.7271

The joint self-insurance pool shall be pursuant to a 7272

written agreement and to the extent that the board considers the 7273 7274 pool to be necessary.

(C) All of the following apply to a joint self-insurance pool under this section:

(1) The funds shall be reserved as are necessary, in the 7277 exercise of sound and prudent actuarial judgment, to cover 7278 potential state university or college and employee liabilities, 7279 7280 loss, and damage. A report of aggregate amounts so reserved and aggregate disbursements made from such funds shall be prepared 7281 and maintained in the office of the pool administrator described 7282 in division (C)(2) of this section. The report shall be prepared 7283 and maintained not later than ninety days after the close of the 7284 pool's fiscal year. 7285

The report required by this division shall include, but 7286 not be limited to, the aggregate of disbursements made for the 7287 administration of the pool, including claims paid, costs of the 7288 legal representation of state universities or colleges and 7289 employees, and fees paid to consultants. The report also shall 7290 be accompanied by a written report of a member of the American 7291 7292 academy of actuaries certifying whether the amounts reserved conform to the requirements of this division, are computed in 7293 accordance with accepted loss reserving standards, and are 7294 fairly stated in accordance with sound loss reserving 7295 7296 principles.

7297 The pool administrator described in division (C)(2) of this section shall make the report required by this division 7298 available for inspection by any person at all reasonable times 7299 during regular business hours. Upon the request of such person, 7300 the pool administrator shall make copies of the report available 7301 at cost within a reasonable period of time. The pool 7302

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administrator also shall submit a copy of the report to the7303auditor of state. The report required by this division is in7304lieu of the records required by division (A) of section 149.4317305of the Revised Code.7306

(2) The board of trustees establishing a joint self-7307 insurance pool may award a contract, without the necessity of 7308 competitive bidding, to a pool administrator for purposes of 7309 administration of the joint self-insurance pool. A "pool 7310 administrator" may be any person, political subdivision, limited 7311 7312 liability company organized under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the 7313 Revised Code, nonprofit corporation organized under Chapter 1702. of the Revised Code, or regional council of governments 7314 created under Chapter 167. of the Revised Code. The board shall 7315 not enter into such a contract without full, prior, public 7316 disclosure of all terms and conditions. The disclosure shall 7317 include, at a minimum, a statement listing all representations 7318 made in connection with any possible savings and losses 7319 resulting from the contract, and potential liability of any 7320 state university or college or employee. The proposed contract 7321 and statement shall be disclosed and presented at a meeting of 7322 the board of trustees of the state university or college prior 7323 to the meeting at which the board of trustees of the state 7324 university or college authorizes the contract. 7325

(3) A joint self-insurance pool shall include a contract
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(3) A joint self-insurance pool self-insurance

(4) A joint self-insurance pool may allocate the costs of
funding the pool among the funds or accounts in the treasuries
of the state universities or colleges on the basis of their
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relative exposure and loss experience. A joint self-insurance 7333 program may require any deductible under the program to be paid 7334 from funds or accounts in the treasury of the state university 7335 or college from which a loss was directly attributable. 7336

(D) Two or more state universities or colleges may also
authorize the establishment and maintenance of a joint riskmanagement program, including but not limited to the employment
of risk managers and consultants, for the purpose of preventing
rot risks covered by insurance, self-insurance, or
insurance programs. A joint risk-management program
shall not include fidelity, surety, or guarantee bonding.
rot program

(E) A state university or college is not liable under a 7344 joint self-insurance pool for any amount in excess of amounts 7345 payable pursuant to the written agreement for the participation 7346 of the state university or college in the joint self-insurance 7347 pool. Under a joint self-insurance pool agreement a state 7348 university or college may, to the extent permitted under the 7349 written agreement, assume the risks of any other state 7350 university or college, including the indemnification of its 7351 employees. A joint self-insurance pool, established under this 7352 section, is deemed a separate legal entity for the public 7353 7354 purpose of enabling the members of the joint self-insurance pool to obtain insurance or to provide for a formalized, jointly 7355 administered self-insurance fund for its members. An entity 7356 created pursuant to this section is exempt from all state and 7357 local taxes. 7358

(F) (1) In the manner provided by and subject to the
applicable provisions of section 3345.12 of the Revised Code,
any state university or college may issue obligations and may
also issue notes in anticipation of such obligations, pursuant
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to a resolution of its board of trustees or other governing body 7363 for the purpose of providing funds to do both of the following: 7364 (a) Pay claims expenses, whether by way of a reserve or 7365 otherwise: 7366 (b) Pay the state university or college's portion of the 7367 cost of establishing and maintaining a joint self-insurance pool 7368 or to provide for the reserve in a special fund authorized by 7369 division (C)(1) of this section. 7370 (2) Sections 9.98 to 9.983 of the Revised Code apply to 7371 bonds or notes authorized under this section. 7372 (G) (1) A joint self-insurance pool, in addition to its 7373 powers to provide self-insurance against any and all liabilities 7374 under this chapter, may also include any one or more of the 7375 following forms of property or casualty self-insurance for the 7376 purpose of covering any other liabilities or risks of the 7377 members of the pool: 7378 (a) Public general liability, professional liability, or 7379 employee liability; 7380 (b) Individual or fleet motor vehicle or automobile 7381 liability and protection against other liability and loss 7382 associated with the ownership, maintenance, and use of motor 7383 vehicles; 7384 (c) Aircraft liability and protection against other 7385 liability and loss associated with the ownership, maintenance, 7386 and use of aircraft; 7387 (d) Loss or damage to property and loss of use and 7388 occupancy of property by fire, lightning, hail, tempest, flood, 7389 earthquake, or snow, explosion, accident, or other risk; 7390

(e) Marine, inland transportation and navigation, boiler,	7391
containers, pipes, engines, flywheels, elevators, and machinery;	7392
(f) Environmental impairment;	7393
(g) Loss or damage by any hazard upon any other risk to	7394
which state universities or colleges are subject, which is not	7395
prohibited by statute or at common law from being the subject of	7396
casualty or property insurance.	7397
(2) A joint self-insurance pool is not an insurance	7398
company. Its operation does not constitute doing an insurance	7399
business and is not subject to the insurance laws of this state.	7400
(H) A public official or employee of a state university or	7401
college who is or becomes a member of the governing body of a	7402
joint self-insurance pool in which the state university or	7403
college participates is not in violation of any of the following	7404
as a result of the state university or college entering into the	7405
written agreement to participate in the pool or into any	7406
contract with the pool:	7407
(1) Division (D) or (E) of section 102.03 of the Revised	7408
Code;	7409
(2) Division (C) of section 102.04 of the Revised Code;	7410
(3) Section 2921.42 of the Revised Code.	7411
(I) This section shall not be construed to affect the	7412
ability of any state university or college to self-insure under	7413
the authority conferred by any other section of the Revised	7414
Code.	7415
(J) The establishment or participation in a joint self-	7416
insurance pool under this section shall not constitute a waiver	7417
of any immunity or defense available to the member state	7418

university or college or to any covered entity. 7419 (K) (1) Both of the following shall be determined in the 7420 court of claims pursuant to section 2743.02 of the Revised Code: 7421 7422 (a) Any claims or litigation relating to the administration of a joint self-insurance pool created pursuant 7423 to this section, including any immunities or defenses; 7424 7425 (b) Any claims relating to the scope of or denial of coverage under that pool or its administration. 7426 7427 (2) The pool administrator described in division (C)(2) of 7428 this section and its employees, while in the course of administering a joint self-insurance pool under this section, 7429 shall: 7430 (a) Be deemed to be an instrumentality of the state for 7431 the purposes of Chapter 2743. of the Revised Code; 7432 (b) Be deemed to be performing a public duty, as defined 7433 in section 2743.01 of the Revised Code; and 7434 (c) Have the defenses to, and immunities from, civil 7435 liability provided in section 2743.02 of the Revised Code. 7436 Sec. 3964.03. (A) A captive insurance company shall be 7437 organized under Chapter 1701., 1702., or 1705., or 1706. of the 7438 Revised Code. 7439 (B) A captive insurance company shall not operate in this 7440 state unless all of the following are met: 7441 (1) The captive insurance company obtains from the 7442 superintendent a license to do the business of captive insurance 7443 in this state. 7444 (2) The captive insurance company's board of directors 7445

Page 258

holds at least one meeting each year in this state. 7446 (3) The captive insurance company maintains its principal 7447 place of business in this state. 7448 (4) The person managing the captive insurance company is a 7449 resident of this state. 7450 (5) The captive insurance company appoints a registered 7451 agent to accept service of process and act on its behalf in this 7452 7453 state. 7454 (C) Whenever an agent required under division (B)(5) of this section cannot, with reasonable diligence, be found at the 7455 7456 registered office of the captive insurance company, the superintendent shall be an agent of such a captive insurance 7457 company upon whom any process, notice, or demand may be served. 7458 (D) A captive insurance company seeking a license to be a 7459 captive insurance company in this state shall file an 7460 application with the superintendent and shall submit all of the 7461 following along with the application: 7462 7463 (1) A certified copy of its articles of incorporation, bylaws, or other organizational document and code of 7464 regulations; 7465 7466 (2) A statement, made under oath by the president and secretary, in a form prescribed by the superintendent, showing 7467 the captive insurance company's financial condition; 7468 (3) A statement of the captive insurance company's assets 7469 relative to its risks, detailing the amount of assets and their 7470 liquidity; 7471 (4) An account of the adequacy of the expertise, 7472 experience, and character of the person or persons who will 7473

Page 259

manage the captive insurance company;	7474
(5) An account of the loss prevention programs of the	7475
persons that the captive insurance company insures;	7476
(6) Actuarial assumptions and methodologies that will be	7477
utilized in calculating reserves;	7478
(7) Any other information considered necessary by the	7479
superintendent to determine whether the proposed captive	7480
insurance company will be able to meet its obligations.	7481
(E)(1) A special purpose financial captive insurance	7482
company shall follow the national association of insurance	7483
commissioner's accounting practices and procedures manual.	7484
(2)(a) Upon request, the superintendent may allow a	7485
special purpose financial captive insurance company to use a	7486
reserve basis other than that found in the national association	7487
of insurance commissioner's accounting practices and procedures	7488
manual.	7489
(b) The superintendent, in accordance with Chapter 119. of	7490
the Revised Code, shall adopt rules that define acceptable	7491
alternative reserve bases.	7492
(c) Such rules shall be adopted prior to availability for	7493
use of any such alternative reserve basis and shall ensure that	7494
the resulting reserves meet all of the following conditions:	7495
(i) Quantify the bonefite and guarantees and the funding	7406

(i) Quantify the benefits and guarantees, and the funding,
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associated with the contracts and their risks at a level of
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conservatism that reflects conditions that include unfavorable
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events that have a reasonable probability of occurring during
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the lifetime of the contracts. For policies or contracts with
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significant tail risk, reflects conditions appropriately adverse

to quantify the tail risk.

(ii) Incorporate assumptions, risk analysis methods, and
financial models and management techniques that are consistent
with, but not necessarily identical to, those utilized within
the company's overall risk assessment process, while recognizing
potential differences in financial reporting structures and any
prescribed assumptions or methods;

(iii) Provide margins for uncertainty including adversedeviation and estimation error, such that the greater theuncertainty the larger the margin and resulting reserve.7511

(d) An alternative basis for calculating a reserve7512approved by the superintendent shall be treated as a public7513document after the date the alternative basis for calculating7514the reserve has been approved, regardless of the application of7515the uniform trade secrets act set forth in sections 1333.61 to75161333.69 of the Revised Code.7517

(3) The special purpose financial captive insurance
(5) The special purpose financial captive insurance
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(a) The reserves based on the national association of
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 insurance commissioner's accounting practices and procedures
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 manual and the reserves based on the proposed alternative method
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 for calculation and the difference between these two
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 calculations;

(b) A detailed analysis of the proposed alternative method
 explaining why the use of an alternative basis for calculating
 the reserve is appropriate;
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(c) All assumptions utilized within the proposed
alternative method, together with the source of the assumptions,
as well as information, satisfactory to the superintendent,
supporting the appropriateness of the assumptions and analysis
and identifying the assumptions that result in the greatest
variability in the reserve and how that analysis was used in
setting those assumptions;

(d) A detailed overview of the corporate governance and7538oversight of the actuarial valuation function;7539

(e) Any other information the superintendent may require
 to assess the proposed alternative method for approval or
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 disapproval.

(4) At the expense of the special purpose financial
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captive insurance company, the superintendent may require the
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company to secure the affirmation of an independent qualified
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actuary in support of any alternative basis for calculating the
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reserve that is requested pursuant to this section or to assist
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the superintendent in the review of said request.
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(5) If the superintendent approves the use of an 7549 alternative basis for calculating a reserve, the special purpose 7550 financial captive insurance company, and the ceding insurer 7551 7552 shall each include a note in its financial statements disclosing the use of a basis other than the national association of 7553 insurance commissioner's accounting practices and procedures 7554 manual and the difference between the reserve amount determined 7555 under the alternative basis and the reserve amount that would 7556 have been determined had the company utilized the national 7557 association of insurance commissioner's accounting practices and 7558 procedures manual. 7559

(6) (a) The superintendent shall establish an acceptable 7560 total capital and surplus requirement for each insurance company 7561 that will cede risks and obligations to a special purpose 7562 financial captive insurance company. The total capital and 7563 surplus requirement must be met at the time the special purpose 7564 financial captive insurance company applies for a license to do 7565 the business of captive insurance. The total capital and surplus 7566 requirement shall be determined in accordance with a minimum 7567 required total capital and surplus methodology that meets both 7568 7569 of the following requirements: (i) Is consistent with current risk-based capital 7570 principles; 7571 (ii) Takes into account all material risks and 7572 obligations, as well as the assets, of the insurance company. 7573 (b) An insurance company ceding risks and obligations to a 7574 special purpose financial captive insurance company shall fully 7575 disclose all material risks and obligations, as well as its 7576 assets and all affiliated captive insurance company risks. The 7577 ceding insurance company shall advise the superintendent 7578 whenever there is a material change to such risks, obligations, 7579 or assets. 7580 (F) In determining whether to approve an application for a 7581 license, the superintendent shall consider all of the following: 7582 (1) The character, reputation, financial standing, and 7583 purposes of the incorporators, or other founders, of the captive 7584 insurance company; 7585

(2) The character, reputation, financial responsibility,
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 experience relating to insurance, and business qualifications of
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 the officers and directors of the captive insurance company;
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Page 263

#### (3) The amount of liquidity and assets of the captive 7589 7590 insurance company relative to the risks to be assumed; (4) The adequacy of the expertise, experience, and 7591 character of the person or persons who will manage the captive 7592 7593 insurance company; (5) The overall soundness of the plan of operation; 7594 (6) The adequacy of the loss prevention programs of the 7595 persons that the captive insurance company insures. 7596 7597 (G) (1) Each captive insurance company that offers direct insurance to its parent shall submit to the superintendent for 7598 approval a detailed description of the coverages, deductibles, 7599 coverage limits, proposed rates or rating plans, documentation 7600 from a qualified actuary that demonstrates the actuarial 7601 soundness of the proposed rates or rating plans, and other such 7602 additional information as the superintendent may require. 7603 (2) (a) Any captive insurance company licensed under the 7604 provisions of this chapter that seeks to make any material 7605

provisions of this chapter that seeks to make any material 7605 change to any item described in division (G)(1) of this section 7606 shall submit to the superintendent for approval a detailed 7607 description of the revision, documentation from a qualified 7608 actuary that demonstrates the actuarial soundness of the revised 7609 rates or rating plans, and other such additional information as 7610 the superintendent may require. 7611

(b) Each filing under division (G) (2) (a) of this section
is deemed approved thirty days after the filing is received by
the superintendent of insurance, unless the filing is
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disapproved by the superintendent during that thirty-day period.
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(c) If at any time subsequent to the thirty-day reviewperiod the superintendent finds that a filing does not7617

demonstrate actuarial soundness, the superintendent shall hold a7618hearing requiring the captive insurance company to show cause7619why an order should not be made by the superintendent to7620disapprove the revised rates or rating plans.7621

(d) If, upon such a hearing, the superintendent finds that7622the captive insurance company failed to demonstrate the7623actuarial soundness of the rates or rating plans, the7624superintendent shall issue an order directing the captive7625insurance company to cease and desist from using the revised7626rates or rating plans and to use rates or rating plans as7627determined appropriate by the superintendent.7628

(H) Except as otherwise provided in this division,
documents and information submitted by a captive insurance
company pursuant to this section are not subject to section
149.43 of the Revised Code, and are confidential, and may not be
disclosed by the superintendent or any employee of the
department of insurance without the written consent of the
company.

(1) Such documents and information may be discoverable in 7636
a civil action in which the captive insurance company filing the 7637
material is a party upon a finding by a court of competent 7638
jurisdiction that the information sought is relevant and 7639
necessary to the case and the information sought is unavailable 7640
from other, nonconfidential sources. 7641

(2) The superintendent may, at the superintendent's sole
discretion, share documents required under this section with the
chief deputy rehabilitator, the chief deputy liquidator, other
deputy rehabilitators and liquidators, and any other person
mployed by, or acting on behalf of the superintendent pursuant
to Chapter 3901. or 3903. of the Revised Code, with other local,
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state, federal, and international regulatory and law enforcement7648agencies, with local, state, and federal prosecutors, and with7649the national association of insurance commissioners and its7650affiliates and subsidiaries provided that the recipient agrees7651to maintain the confidential or privileged status of the7652documents and has authority to do so.7653

(I) (1) Each applicant for a license to do the business of 7654 a captive insurance company in this state shall pay to the 7655 superintendent a nonrefundable fee of five hundred dollars for 7656 processing its application for a license. The superintendent is 7657 authorized to retain legal, financial, and examination services 7658 from outside the department, at the expense of the applicant. 7659 Each captive insurance company shall annually pay a license 7660 renewal fee of five hundred dollars. 7661

(2) The fees collected pursuant to division (I) (1) of this
section shall be deposited into the state treasury to the credit
of the captive insurance regulation and supervision fund created
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under section 3964.15 of the Revised Code.
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**Sec. 3964.17.** (A) As used in sections 3964.17 to 3964.1710 of the Revised Code:

(1) "Protected cell" means an incorporated cell that is
organized pursuant to Chapter 1701., 1702., or 1705., or 1706.
of the Revised Code and that has a separate legal identity from
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the protected cell captive insurance company of which it is a
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(2) "Protected cell captive insurance company" means acaptive insurance company that meets all of the following7674requirements:7675

(a) Is formed and licensed under the provisions of this 7676

Page 265

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chapter; 7677 (b) Insures or reinsures the risks of separate 7678 participants through a participant contract; 7679 (c) Segregates each participant's liability into a 7680 protected cell. 7681 7682 (3) "Participant" means an individual, company, corporation, partnership, limited liability company, and their 7683 affiliated entities that insure or reinsure with a protected 7684 cell. "Participant" includes an insurance agent licensed in this 7685 state that accepts a stated percentage of risk on a pro rata 7686 7687 basis within a defined category of business underwritten by a licensed insurance company that is domiciled in this state and 7688 that is affiliated with a protected cell captive insurance 7689 7690 company. (4) "Participant contract" means a contract by which a 7691 protected cell insures or reinsures the risks of a participant. 7692 (a) A participant that is not an insurance agent licensed 7693 in this state shall insure or reinsure only its own risks 7694 through a protected cell. 7695

(b) If the participant is an insurance agent licensed in
(b) The participant is an insurance agent licensed in
(c) 7696
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(c) 7698
(c) 7698

(B) A captive insurance company may be organized as a
protected cell captive insurance company and shall be permitted
to form one or more protected cells under this section to insure
or reinsure risks of one or more participants.

(C) The assets and liabilities of each protected cellshall be held separately from the assets and liabilities of all7704

following:

company shall be organized pursuant to Chapter 1701., 1702., or 7707 1705., or 1706. of the Revised Code. 7708 (E) A protected cell captive insurance company shall, at 7709 the time of paying the annual fee required under section 3964.13 7710 of the Revised Code, pay an additional annual fee for each 7711 7712 protected cell in an amount to be established by the 7713 superintendent. (F) Each protected cell of a protected cell captive 7714 7715 insurance company shall be treated as a captive insurance company for purposes of this chapter. 7716 (G) Unless otherwise permitted by the articles of 7717 incorporation, bylaws, code of regulations, or other 7718 organizational document of a protected cell captive insurance 7719 company, each protected cell of the protected cell captive 7720 insurance company shall have the same directors, secretary, and 7721 registered office as the protected cell captive insurance 7722 7723 company. (H) A protected cell captive insurance company may provide 7724 in its articles of incorporation, bylaws, code of regulations, 7725 or other organizational documents that a protected cell it 7726 creates shall be wound up and dissolved upon any of the 7727

(D) A protected cell of a protected cell captive insurance

(1) The bankruptcy, death, expulsion, insanity,
resignation, or retirement of any participant of the protected
cell;
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(2) The happening of some event that is not the expirationof a fixed period of time;7733

Page 267

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other protected cells.

(3) The expiration of a fixed period of time.

(I)(1) The articles of incorporation, bylaws, code of 7735 regulations, or other organizational documents, of a protected 7736 cell captive insurance company shall provide that a protected 7737 cell shall not own shares or membership interests in the 7738 protected cell captive insurance company of which it is a part. 7739

(2) Such a document may provide that a protected cell may 7740 7741 own shares or membership interests in any other protected cell of the protected cell captive insurance company of which it is a 7742 7743 part.

(J) The name of a protected cell captive insurance company 7744 shall include the words "protected cell captive" or the 7745 abbreviation "PCC." 7746

(K) A protected cell captive insurance company shall 7747 assign a distinctive name to each of its protected cells that 7748 meets all of the following: 7749

(1) The name identifies the protected cell as being part 7750 7751 of the protected cell captive insurance company.

(2) The name distinguishes the protected cell from any 7752 other protected cell of the protected cell captive insurance 7753 7754 company.

(3) The name includes the words "protected cell" or the 7755 abbreviation "PC." 7756

(L) A protected cell may enter into an agreement with its 7757 7758 protected cell captive insurance company or with another 7759 protected cell of the same protected cell captive insurance company. 7760

(M) (1) The assets of a protected cell captive insurance 7761

Page 268

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company shall be either cell assets or general assets. 7762

(2) The cell assets comprise the assets of the protected 7763 cell captive insurance company that are held within or on behalf 7764 of its protected cells. 7765

(3) The general assets of a protected cell captive 7766 insurance company comprise the assets of the protected cell 7767 captive insurance company that are not cell assets. 7768

(N) (1) The liabilities of a protected cell captive 7769 insurance company shall be either cell liabilities or general 7770 liabilities. 7771

(2) The cell liabilities comprise the obligations of the 7772 protected cell captive insurance company attributable to its 7773 protected cells. 7774

(3) The general liabilities of a protected cell captive 7775 insurance company comprise the obligations of the protected cell 7776 captive insurance company that are not cell liabilities. 7777

7778 (O) Each protected cell insurance company shall account separately on its books and records for each of its protected 7779 cells to reflect the financial condition and results of 7780 operations of the protected cell, including net income or loss, 7781 dividends or other distributions to participants, and such other 7782 factors as may be provided by participant contracts or required 7783 7784 by the superintendent.

(P) Each protected cell captive insurance company shall 7785 annually file with the superintendent such financial reports as 7786 the superintendent requires, which shall include financial 7787 statements detailing the financial experience of each protected 7788 cell and a statement regarding the adequacy of reserves kept to 7789 make full provision for the liabilities insured by each 7790

Page 270

protected	cell.

(Q) An officer or manager of a protected cell captive 7792 insurance company shall immediately notify the superintendent if 7793 any protected cell of the protected cell captive insurance 7794 company or the protected cell captive insurance company itself 7795 is trending toward reserves that are inadequate, or if a 7796 protected cell or the protected cell captive insurance company 7797 becomes insolvent or is otherwise unable to meet its claims or 7798 other obligations. 7799

(R) The duties of a director of a protected cell captive
insurance company under this chapter shall be in addition to,
and not in lieu of, those under other applicable law.
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Sec. 4701.14. (A) Except as permitted by rules adopted by 7803 the accountancy board, no individual shall assume or use the 7804 title or designation "certified public accountant," "certified 7805 accountant," "chartered accountant," "enrolled accountant," 7806 "licensed accountant," or "registered accountant," or any other 7807 title or designation likely to be confused with "certified 7808 public accountant," or any of the abbreviations "CPA," "PA," 7809 "CA," "EA," "LA," or "RA," or similar abbreviations likely to be 7810 confused with "CPA," or any other title, designation, words, 7811 letters, abbreviation, sign, card, or device tending to indicate 7812 that the individual is a certified public accountant, unless the 7813 individual holds a CPA certificate and holds an Ohio permit. 7814 However, an individual who possesses a foreign certificate, has 7815 registered under section 4701.09 of the Revised Code, and holds 7816 an Ohio permit may use the title permitted under the laws of the 7817 individual's other licensing jurisdiction, followed by the name 7818 7819 of the jurisdiction.

(B) Except as permitted by rules adopted by the board, no 7820

individual shall assume or use the title or designation "public 7821 accountant," "certified public accountant," "certified 7822 accountant," "chartered accountant," "enrolled accountant," 7823 "registered accountant," or "licensed accountant," or any other 7824 title or designation likely to be confused with "public 7825 accountant," or any of the abbreviations "PA," "CPA," "CA," 7826 "EA," "LA," or "RA," or similar abbreviations likely to be 7827 confused with "PA," or any other title, designation, words, 7828 letters, abbreviation, sign, card, or device tending to indicate 7829 that the individual is a public accountant, unless the 7830 individual holds a PA registration and holds an Ohio permit, or 7831 unless the individual holds a CPA certificate. An individual who 7832 holds a PA registration and an Ohio permit may hold self out to 7833 the public as an "accountant" or "auditor." 7834

(C) Except as provided in divisions (C)(1), (2), (3), and 7835 (4) of this section, no partnership, professional association, 7836 corporation-for-profit, limited liability company, or other 7837 business organization not addressed in this section that is 7838 practicing public accounting in this state shall assume or use 7839 the title or designation "certified public accountant," "public 7840 accountant," "certified accountant," "chartered accountant," 7841 "enrolled accountant," "licensed accountant," "registered 7842 accountant," or any other title or designation likely to be 7843 confused with "certified public accountant" or "public 7844 accountant," or any of the abbreviations "CPA," "PA," "CA," 7845 "EA," "RA," or "LA," or similar abbreviations likely to be 7846 confused with "CPA" or "PA," or any other title, designation, 7847 words, letters, abbreviation, sign, card, or device tending to 7848 indicate that the business organization is a public accounting 7849 firm. 7850

(1) (a) A partnership may assume or use the title or

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designation "certified public accountant," the abbreviation 7852 "CPA," or any other title, designation, words, letters, 7853 abbreviation, sign, card, or device tending to indicate that the 7854 partnership is composed of certified public accountants if it is 7855 a registered firm, if a majority of its partners who are 7856 individuals hold a CPA certificate or a foreign certificate, and 7857 if a majority of the owners of any qualified firm that is a 7858 partner hold a CPA certificate or a foreign certificate. 7859

(b) A partnership may assume or use the title or 7860 designation "public accountant," the abbreviation "PA," or any 7861 other title, designation, words, letters, abbreviation, sign, 7862 card, or device tending to indicate that the partnership is 7863 composed of public accountants if it is a registered firm, if a 7864 majority of its partners who are individuals hold a PA 7865 registration, a CPA certificate, or a foreign certificate, and 7866 if a majority of the owners of any qualified firm that is a 7867 partner hold a PA registration, a CPA certificate, or a foreign 7868 certificate. 7869

(2) (a) A professional association incorporated under 7870 Chapter 1785. of the Revised Code may assume or use the title or 7871 designation "certified public accountant," the abbreviation 7872 7873 "CPA," or any other title, designation, words, letters, abbreviation, sign, card, or device tending to indicate that the 7874 professional association is composed of certified public 7875 accountants if it is a registered firm, if a majority of its 7876 shareholders who are individuals hold a CPA certificate or a 7877 foreign certificate, and if a majority of the owners of any 7878 qualified firm that is a shareholder hold a CPA certificate or a 7879 foreign certificate. 7880

(b) A professional association incorporated under Chapter

Page 272

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1785. of the Revised Code may assume or use the title or 7882 designation "public accountant," the abbreviation "PA," or any 7883 other title, designation, words, letters, abbreviation, sign, 7884 card, or device tending to indicate that the professional 7885 association is composed of public accountants if it is a 7886 registered firm, if a majority of its shareholders who are 7887 individuals hold a PA registration, a CPA certificate, or a 7888 foreign certificate, and if a majority of the owners of any 7889 qualified firm that is a shareholder hold a PA registration, a 7890 CPA certificate, or a foreign certificate. 7891

(3) (a) A corporation-for-profit incorporated under Chapter 7892 1701. of the Revised Code may assume or use the title or 7893 designation "certified public accountant," the abbreviation 7894 "CPA," or any other title, designation, words, letters, 7895 abbreviation, sign, card, or device tending to indicate that the 7896 corporation is composed of certified public accountants if it is 7897 a registered firm, if a majority of its shareholders who are 7898 individuals hold a CPA certificate or a foreign certificate, and 7899 if a majority of the owners of any qualified firm that is a 7900 shareholder hold a CPA certificate or a foreign certificate. 7901

(b) A corporation incorporated under Chapter 1701. of the 7902 Revised Code may assume or use the title or designation "public 7903 accountant," the abbreviation "PA," or any other title, 7904 designation, words, letters, abbreviation, sign, card, or device 7905 tending to indicate that the corporation is composed of public 7906 accountants if it is a registered firm, if a majority of the 7907 shareholders who are individuals hold a PA registration, a CPA 7908 certificate, or a foreign certificate, and if a majority of the 7909 owners of any qualified firm that is a shareholder hold a PA 7910 registration, a CPA certificate, or a foreign certificate. 7911

(4) (a) A limited liability company organized under Chapter 7912 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code may assume or use the title 7913 or designation "certified public accountant," the abbreviation 7914 "CPA," or any other title, designation, words, letters, 7915 abbreviation, sign, card, or device tending to indicate that the 7916 limited liability company is composed of certified public 7917 accountants if it is a registered firm, if a majority of its 7918 members who are individuals hold a CPA certificate or a foreign 7919 certificate, and if a majority of the owners of any qualified 7920 firm that is a member hold a CPA certificate or a foreign 7921 certificate. 7922

(b) A limited liability company organized under Chapter 7923 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code may assume or use the title 7924 or designation "public accountant," the abbreviation "PA," or 7925 any other title, designation, words, letters, abbreviation, 7926 sign, card, or device tending to indicate that the limited 7927 liability company is composed of public accountants if it is a 7928 registered firm, if a majority of the members who are 7929 individuals hold a PA registration, CPA certificate, or a 7930 foreign certificate, and if a majority of the owners of any 7931 qualified firm that is a member hold a PA registration, a CPA 7932 certificate, or a foreign certificate. 7933

(D) No individual shall sign, affix, or associate the 7934 individual's name or any trade or assumed name used by the 7935 individual in the individual's profession or business to any 7936 attest report with any wording indicating that the individual is 7937 an accountant or auditor, or with any wording accompanying or 7938 contained in the attest report that indicates that the 7939 individual has expert knowledge in accounting or auditing or 7940 expert knowledge regarding compliance with conditions 7941 established by law or contract, including, but not limited to, 7942

statutes, ordinances, regulations, grants, loans, and 7943 appropriations, unless the individual holds an Ohio permit. 7944 However, this division does not prohibit any officer, employee, 7945 partner, or principal of any organization from affixing the 7946 officer's, employee's, partner's, or principal's signature to 7947 any statement or report in reference to the financial affairs of 7948 that organization with any wording designating the position, 7949 title, or office that the individual holds in that organization. 7950 This division also does not prohibit any act of a public 7951 7952 official or public employee in the performance of the public official's or public employee's duties. 7953

(E) No person shall sign, affix, or associate the name of 7954 7955 a partnership, limited liability company, professional association, corporation-for-profit, or other business 7956 organization not addressed in this section to any attest report 7957 with any wording accompanying or contained in the attest report 7958 that indicates that the partnership, limited liability company, 7959 professional association, corporation-for-profit, or other 7960 business organization is composed of or employs accountants or 7961 auditors or persons having expert knowledge in accounting or 7962 7963 auditing or expert knowledge regarding compliance with conditions established by law or contract, including, but not 7964 limited to, statutes, ordinances, regulations, grants, loans, 7965 and appropriations, unless the partnership, limited liability 7966 company, professional association, corporation-for-profit, or 7967 other business organization is a registered firm. 7968

(F) No individual who does not hold an Ohio permit shall
hold self out to the public as an "accountant" or "auditor" by
use of either or both of those words on any sign, card, or
letterhead, in any advertisement or directory, or otherwise,
without indicating on the sign, card, or letterhead, in the

advertisement or directory, or in the other manner of holding 7974 out that the person does not hold an Ohio permit. An individual 7975 who holds a CPA certificate and an Ohio permit may hold self out 7976 to the public as an "accountant" or "auditor." However, this 7977 division does not prohibit any officer, employee, partner, or 7978 principal of any organization from describing self by the 7979 position, title, or office the person holds in that 7980 organization. This division also does not prohibit any act of a 7981 public official or public employee in the performance of the 7982 public official's or public employee's duties. 7983

(G) No partnership, professional association, corporation-7984 for-profit, limited liability company, or other business 7985 organization not addressed in this section that is not entitled 7986 to assume or use the title "certified public accountant" or 7987 "public accountant" under division (C) of this section shall 7988 hold itself out to the public as a partnership, professional 7989 association, corporation-for-profit, limited liability company, 7990 or other business organization not addressed in this section as 7991 being composed of or employing "accountants" or "auditors" by 7992 use of either or both of those words on any sign, card, or 7993 letterhead, in any advertisement or directory, or otherwise, 7994 without indicating on the sign, card, or letterhead, in the 7995 advertisement or directory, or in the other manner of holding 7996 out that the partnership, professional association, corporation-7997 for-profit, limited liability company, or other business 7998 organization is not a registered firm and is not permitted by 7999 law to practice as a public accounting firm. 8000

(H) No person shall assume or use the title or designation
 "certified public accountant" or "public accountant" in
 8002
 conjunction with names indicating or implying that there is a
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 partnership or in conjunction with the designation "and Company"
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or "and Co." or a similar designation if, in any of those cases, 8005 there is in fact no bona fide partnership entitled to designate 8006 itself as a partnership of certified public accountants under 8007 division (C)(1)(a) of this section or as a partnership of public 8008 accountants under division (C)(1)(b) of this section. However, a 8009 sole proprietor or partnership that was on October 22, 1959, or 8010 a corporation that on or after September 30, 1974, has been, 8011 lawfully using a title or designation of those types in 8012 conjunction with names or designations of those types, may 8013 8014 continue to do so if the sole proprietor, partnership, or corporation otherwise complies with this section. 8015

(I) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 8016 chapter, an individual whose principal place of business is not 8017 in this state and who holds a valid foreign certificate as a 8018 certified public accountant shall be presumed to have 8019 qualifications substantially equivalent to this state's CPA 8020 requirements and shall have all of the privileges of a holder of 8021 a CPA certificate and an Ohio permit without the need to obtain 8022 a CPA certificate and an Ohio permit if the accountancy board 8023 has found and has specified in its rules adopted pursuant to 8024 division (A) of section 4701.03 of the Revised Code that the CPA 8025 requirements of the state that issued the individual's foreign 8026 certificate are substantially equivalent to this state's CPA 8027 requirements. 8028

(2) Any individual exercising the privilege afforded under
division (I)(1) of this section hereby consents and is subject,
as a condition of the grant of the privilege, to all of the
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following:

(a) The personal and subject matter jurisdiction of the 8033accountancy board; 8034

Page 278

(b) All practice and disciplinary provisions of this8035chapter and the accountancy board's rules;8036

(c) The appointment of the board that issued the
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 individual's foreign certificate as the individual's agent upon
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 whom process may be served in any action or proceeding by the
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 accountancy board against the individual.
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(3) The holder of a CPA certificate and an Ohio permit who 8041 offers or renders attest services or uses the holder's CPA title 8042 in another state shall be subject to disciplinary action in this 8043 state for an act committed in the other state for which the 8044 holder of a foreign certificate issued by the other state would 8045 be subject to discipline in the other state. 8046

(4) The holder of a foreign certificate who offers or
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renders attest services or uses a CPA title or designation in
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this state pursuant to the privilege afforded by division (I) (1)
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of this section shall be subject to disciplinary action in this
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state for any act that would subject the holder of a CPA
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certificate and an Ohio permit to disciplinary action in this
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state.

Sec. 4703.18. (A) No person shall enter upon the practice 8054 of architecture or hold forth as an architect or registered 8055 architect, unless the person has complied with sections 4703.01 8056 to 4703.19 of the Revised Code and is the holder of a 8057 certificate of qualification to practice architecture issued or 8058 renewed and registered under those sections. 8059

(B) Sections 4703.01 to 4703.19 of the Revised Code do not
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prevent persons other than architects from filing applications
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for building permits or obtaining those permits.
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(C) Sections 4703.01 to 4703.19 of the Revised Code do not 8063

prevent persons other than architects from preparing plans, 8064 drawings, specifications, or data, filing applications for 8065 building permits, or obtaining those permits for residential 8066 buildings, as defined by section 3781.06 of the Revised Code, or 8067 buildings erected as industrialized one-, two-, or three-family 8068 units or structures within the meaning of the term 8069 "industrialized unit" as provided in section 3781.06 of the 8070 Revised Code. 8071

(D) Sections 4703.01 to 4703.19 of the Revised Code do not 8072 8073 prevent persons other than architects from preparing drawings or data, from filing applications for building permits, or from 8074 obtaining those permits for the installation of replacement 8075 equipment or systems that are similar in type or capacity to the 8076 equipment or systems being replaced, and for any improvement, 8077 alteration, repair, painting, decorating, or other modification 8078 of any buildings or structures subject to sections 3781.06 to 8079 3781.18 and 3791.04 of the Revised Code where the building 8080 official determines that no plans or specifications are required 8081 8082 for approval.

(E) Sections 4703.01 to 4703.19 of the Revised Code do not
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exclude a registered professional engineer from architectural
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practice that may be incident to the practice of engineering or
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exclude a registered architect from engineering practice that
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may be incident to the practice of architecture.

(F) Sections 4703.01 to 4703.19 of the Revised Code do not
prevent a firm, partnership, association, limited liability
company, or corporation of architects registered under those
sections from providing architectural services and do not
prevent an individual registered as a landscape architect under
sections 4703.30 to 4703.49 of the Revised Code or as a

professional engineer under Chapter 4733. of the Revised Code 8094 from being a member or trustee of a firm, partnership, 8095 association, limited liability company, or corporation of that 8096 type, but a member or trustee of that type shall not engage in 8097 the practice of architecture or hold forth as an architect 8098 contrary to sections 4703.01 to 4703.19 of the Revised Code and 8099 shall not practice a profession in which the person is not 8100 licensed. 8101

(G) A firm, partnership, association, limited liability
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company, or corporation may provide architectural services in
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this state as long as the services are provided only through
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natural persons registered to provide those services in this
state, subject to the exemptions in section 4703.17 of the
Revised Code and subject otherwise to the requirements of
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sections 4703.01 to 4703.19 of the Revised Code.

(H) No firm, partnership, association, limited liability 8109 company, or corporation shall provide architectural services, 8110 hold itself out to the public as providing architectural 8111 services, or use a name including the word "architect" or any 8112 modification or derivation of the word, unless the firm, 8113 partnership, association, limited liability company, or 8114 corporation files all information required to be filed under 8115 this section with the architects board and otherwise complies 8116 with all requirements of sections 4703.01 to 4703.19 of the 8117 Revised Code. A nonprofit membership corporation may use a name 8118 including the word "architect" or any modification or derivation 8119 of the word without complying with this section. 8120

(I) A corporation may be organized under Chapter 1701. of
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the Revised Code, a professional association may be organized
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under Chapter 1785. of the Revised Code, or a limited liability
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company may be formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the8124Revised Code for the purpose of providing professional8125engineering, surveying, architectural, or landscape8126architectural services, or any combination of those services. A8127corporation organized under Chapter 1701. of the Revised Code8128for the purpose of providing those services also may be8129organized for any other purpose in accordance with that chapter.8130

(J) No firm, partnership, association, limited liability 8131 company, or corporation shall provide or offer to provide 8132 architectural services in this state unless more than fifty per 8133 cent of the partners, members, or shareholders, more than fifty 8134 per cent of the directors in the case of a corporation or 8135 professional association, more than fifty per cent of the 8136 managers in the case of a limited liability company the 8137 management of which is not reserved to its members, and more 8138 than fifty per cent of the trustees in the case of an employee 8139 stock ownership plan, are professional engineers, surveyors, 8140 architects, or landscape architects or a combination of those 8141 professions, who are registered in this or any other state and 8142 who own more than fifty per cent of the interests in the firm, 8143 partnership, association, limited liability company, or 8144 corporation; unless the requirements of this division and of 8145 section 1785.02 of the Revised Code are satisfied with respect 8146 to any professional association organized under Chapter 1785. of 8147 the Revised Code; or unless the requirements of this division 8148 and of Chapter 1705. <u>or 1706.</u> of the Revised Code are satisfied 8149 with respect to a limited liability company formed under that 8150 chapter. 8151

A corporation is exempt from the requirements of division8152(J) of this section if the corporation was granted a charter8153prior to August 7, 1943, to engage in providing architectural8154

services or was otherwise lawfully providing architectural 8155 services prior to November 15, 1982, in this state. 8156

(K) Each firm, partnership, association, limited liability 8157 company, or corporation through which architectural services are 8158 offered or provided in this state shall designate one or more 8159 trustees, partners, managers, members, officers, or directors as 8160 being in responsible charge of the professional architectural 8161 activities and decisions, and those designated persons shall be 8162 registered in this state. In the case of a corporation holding a 8163 certificate of authorization provided for in division (L) of 8164 this section, at least one of the persons so designated shall be 8165 a director of the corporation. Each firm, partnership, 8166 association, limited liability company, or corporation of that 8167 type shall annually file with the architects board the name and 8168 address of each trustee, partner, manager, officer, director, 8169 8170 member, or shareholder, and each firm, partnership, association, limited liability company, or corporation of that type shall 8171 annually file with the board the name and address of all persons 8172 designated as being in responsible charge of the professional 8173 architectural activities and decisions and any other information 8174 the board may require. If there is a change in any such person 8175 in the interval between filings, the change shall be filed with 8176 the board in the manner and within the time that the board 8177 determines. 8178

(L) No corporation organized under Chapter 1701. of the 8179 Revised Code shall engage in providing architectural services in 8180 this state without obtaining a certificate of authorization from 8181 the architects board. A corporation desiring a certificate of 8182 authorization shall file with the board a copy of its articles 8183 of incorporation and a listing on the form that the board 8184 directs of the names and addresses of all trustees, officers, 8185

directors, and shareholders of the corporation, the names and 8186 addresses of any individuals providing professional services on 8187 behalf of the corporation who are registered to practice 8188 architecture in this state, and any other information the board 8189 requires. If all requirements of sections 4703.01 to 4703.19 of 8190 the Revised Code are met, the board may issue a certificate of 8191 authorization to the corporation. Except for a corporation that 8192 was granted a charter prior to August 7, 1943, to engage in 8193 providing architectural services or that was otherwise lawfully 8194 providing architectural services prior to November 15, 1982, no 8195 certificate of authorization shall be issued unless persons 8196 owning more than fifty per cent of the corporation's shares and 8197 more than fifty per cent of the interests in the corporation are 8198 professional engineers, surveyors, architects, or landscape 8199 architects, or a combination of those professions, who are 8200 registered in this or any other state. Any corporation that 8201 holds a certificate of authorization under this section and 8202 otherwise meets the requirements of sections 4703.01 to 4703.19 8203 of the Revised Code may be organized for any purposes for which 8204 corporations may be organized under Chapter 1701. of the Revised 8205 Code and shall not be limited to the purposes of providing 8206 professional engineering, surveying, architectural, or landscape 8207 architectural services or any combination of those professions. 8208 The board, by rules adopted in accordance with Chapter 119. of 8209 the Revised Code, may require any firm, partnership, 8210 association, or limited liability company not organized under 8211 Chapter 1701. of the Revised Code that provides architectural 8212 services to obtain a certificate of authorization. If the board 8213 so requires, no firm, partnership, association, or limited 8214 liability company shall engage in providing architectural 8215 services without obtaining the certificate and complying with 8216 the rules. 8217 (M) This section does not modify any law applicable to the
 Relationship between a person furnishing a professional service
 and a person receiving that service, including liability arising
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 out of that service.

(N) Nothing in this section restricts or limits in any
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 manner the authority or duty of the architects board with
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 respect to natural persons providing professional services or
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 any law or rule pertaining to standards of professional conduct.
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Sec. 4703.331. (A) A firm, partnership, association, 8226 limited liability company, or corporation may provide landscape 8227 architectural services in this state as long as the services are 8228 provided only through natural persons registered to provide 8229 those services in this state and subject to the requirements of 8230 this chapter. 8231

(B) No firm, partnership, association, limited liability 8232 company, or corporation shall provide landscape architectural 8233 services, hold itself out to the public as providing landscape 8234 architectural services, or use a name including the word 8235 "landscape architect," "professional landscape architect," or 8236 "registered landscape architect" or any modification or 8237 derivation of those words, unless the firm, partnership, 8238 association, limited liability company, or corporation files all 8239 information required to be filed under this section with the 8240 Ohio landscape architects board and otherwise complies with all 8241 requirements of this chapter. A nonprofit membership corporation 8242 8243 may use a name including the word "landscape architect," "professional landscape architect," or "registered landscape 8244 architect" or any modification or derivation of those words 8245 without complying with this section. 8246

(C) A corporation may be organized under Chapter 1701. of 8247

the Revised Code, a professional association may be organized 8248 under Chapter 1785. of the Revised Code, or a limited liability 8249 company may be formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the 8250 Revised Code for the purpose of providing professional 8251 engineering, surveying, architectural, or landscape 82.52 architectural services, or any combination of those services. A 8253 corporation organized under Chapter 1701. of the Revised Code 8254 for the purpose of providing those services also may be 8255 organized for any other purpose in accordance with that chapter. 8256

(D) No firm, partnership, association, limited liability 8257 company, or corporation shall provide or offer to provide 8258 landscape architectural services in this state unless more than 8259 fifty per cent of the partners, members, or shareholders, more 8260 than fifty per cent of the directors in the case of a 8261 corporation or professional association, more than fifty per 8262 cent of the managers in the case of a limited liability company 8263 the management of which is not reserved to its members, and more 8264 than fifty per cent of the trustees in the case of an employee 8265 stock ownership plan, are professional engineers, surveyors, 8266 architects, or landscape architects or a combination of those 8267 professions, who are registered in this or any other state and 8268 who own more than fifty per cent of the interests in the firm, 8269 partnership, association, limited liability company, or 8270 corporation; unless the requirements of this division and of 8271 section 1785.02 of the Revised Code are satisfied with respect 8272 to any professional association organized under Chapter 1785. of 8273 the Revised Code; or unless the requirements of this division 8274 and of Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code are satisfied 8275 with respect to a limited liability company formed under that 8276 chapter. 8277

(E) Each firm, partnership, association, limited liability 8278

company, or corporation through which landscape architectural 8279 services are offered or provided in this state shall designate 8280 one or more trustees, partners, managers, members, officers, or 8281 directors as being in responsible charge of the professional 8282 landscape architectural activities and decisions, and those 8283 designated persons shall be registered in this state. Each firm, 8284 partnership, association, limited liability company, or 8285 corporation of that type shall annually file with the board the 8286 name and address of each trustees, partner, manager, officer, 8287 director, member, or shareholder, and each firm, partnership, 8288 association, limited liability company, or corporation of that 8289 type shall annually file with the board the name and address of 8290 all persons designated as being in responsible charge of the 8291 professional landscape architectural activities and decisions 8292 and any other information the board may require. If there is a 8293 change in any such person in the interval between filings, the 8294 change shall be filed with the board in the manner and within 8295 the time that the board determines. 8296

(F) No corporation organized under Chapter 1701. of the 8297 Revised Code shall engage in providing landscape architectural 8298 services in this state without obtaining a certificate of 8299 authorization from the board. A corporation desiring a 8300 certificate of authorization shall file with the board a copy of 8301 its articles of incorporation and a listing on the form that the 8302 board directs of the names and addresses of all trustees, 8303 officers, directors, and shareholders of the corporation, the 8304 names and addresses of any individuals providing professional 8305 services on behalf of the corporation who are registered to 8306 practice landscape architecture in this state, and any other 8307 information the board requires. If all requirements of this 8308 chapter are met, the board may issue a certificate of 8309

authorization to the corporation. No certificate of 8310 authorization shall be issued unless persons owning more than 8311 fifty per cent of the corporation's shares and more than fifty 8312 per cent of the interests in the corporation are professional 8313 engineers, surveyors, architects, or landscape architects, or a 8.314 combination of those professions, who are registered in this or 8315 any other state. Any corporation that holds a certificate of 8316 authorization under this section and otherwise meets the 8317 requirements of this chapter may be organized for any purposes 8318 for which corporations may be organized under Chapter 1701. of 8319 the Revised Code and shall not be limited to the purposes of 8320 providing professional engineering, surveying, architectural, or 8321 landscape architectural services or any combination of those 8322 services. The board, by rules adopted in accordance with Chapter 8323 119. of the Revised Code, may require any firm, partnership, 8324 association, or limited liability company not organized under 8325 Chapter 1701. of the Revised Code that provides landscape 8326 architectural services to obtain a certificate of authorization. 8327 If the board so requires, no firm, partnership, association, or 8328 limited liability company shall engage in providing landscape 8329 architectural services without obtaining the certificate and 8330 complying with the rules. 8331

(G) This section does not modify any law applicable to the
relationship between a person furnishing a professional service
and a person receiving that service, including liability arising
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out of that service.

(H) Nothing in this section shall restrict or limit in any
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 manner the authority or duty of the board with respect to
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 natural persons providing professional services or any law or
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 rule pertaining to standards of professional conduct.
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Sec. 4715.18. (A) No person shall practice or offer to 8340 practice dentistry or dental surgery under the name of any 8341 company, association, corporation, or other entity other than 8342 one of the following: 8343 (1) A corporation-for-profit formed under Chapter 1701. of 8344 the Revised Code: 8345 (2) A professional association established under Chapter 8346 1785. of the Revised Code; 8347 (3) A limited liability company formed under Chapter 1705. 8348 or 1706. of the Revised Code; 8349 8350 (4) A federally qualified health center, federally qualified health center look-alike, free clinic, nonprofit 8351 shelter or health care facility, or nonprofit clinic that 8352 provides health care services or dental services to indigent and 8353 uninsured persons. 8354 (B) Any person practicing or offering to practice 8355 dentistry or dental surgery shall do so under the person's name, 8356 the name of a professional association, professional 8357 partnership, corporation-for-profit, or limited liability 8358 company that includes the person's name, or the name of an 8359 organization specified in division (A) (4) of this section. 8360 (C) As used in this section: 8361 (1) "Federally qualified health center" and "federally 8362 qualified health center look-alike" have the same meanings as in 8363 section 3701.047 of the Revised Code. 8364 (2) "Free clinic" and "nonprofit shelter or health care 8365 facility" have the same meanings as in section 3701.071 of the 8366 Revised Code. 8367
(3) "Nonprofit clinic" has the same meaning as in section	8368
3715.87 of the Revised Code.	8369
(4) "Indigent and uningured person" has the same meaning	8370
(4) "Indigent and uninsured person" has the same meaning as in section 2305.234 of the Revised Code.	8371
as in section 2505.254 of the Kevised code.	0071
Sec. 4715.22. (A)(1) This section applies only when a	8372
licensed dental hygienist is not practicing in accordance with	8373
either of the following:	8374
(a) A permit issued pursuant to section 4715.363 of the	8375
Revised Code authorizing practice under the oral health access	8376
supervision of a dentist;	8377
(b) Section 4715.431 of the Revised Code.	8378
(2) As used in this section, "health care facility" means	8379
either of the following:	8380
(a) A hospital registered under section 3701.07 of the	8381
Revised Code;	8382
(b) A home, as defined in section 3721.01 of the Revised	8383
Code.	8384
	0005
(B) A licensed dental hygienist shall practice under the	8385
supervision, order, control, and full responsibility of a	8386
dentist licensed under this chapter. A dental hygienist may	8387
practice in a dental office, public or private school, health	8388
care facility, dispensary, or public institution. Except as	8389
provided in divisions (C) to (E) of this section, a dental	8390
hygienist may not provide dental hygiene services to a patient	8391
when the supervising dentist is not physically present at the	8392
location where the dental hygienist is practicing.	8393
(C) A dental hygienist may provide, for not more than	8394
fifteen consecutive business days, dental hygiene services to a	8395

patient when the supervising dentist is not physically present8396at the location where the services are provided if all of the8397following requirements are met:8398

(1) The dental hygienist has at least one year and a
 8399
 minimum of one thousand five hundred hours of experience in the
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 practice of dental hygiene.
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(2) The dental hygienist has successfully completed a
 course approved by the state dental board in the identification
 and prevention of potential medical emergencies.
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(3) The dental hygienist does not perform, while the
supervising dentist is absent from the location, procedures
while the patient is anesthetized, definitive root planing,
definitive subgingival curettage, or other procedures identified
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in rules the state dental board adopts.

(4) The supervising dentist has evaluated the dental8410hygienist's skills.8411

(5) The supervising dentist examined the patient not more
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than one year prior to the date the dental hygienist provides
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the dental hygiene services to the patient.
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(6) The dental hygienist complies with written protocols
or written standing orders that the supervising dentist
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establishes, including those established for emergencies.
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(7) The supervising dentist completed and evaluated a 8418 medical and dental history of the patient not more than one year 8419 prior to the date the dental hygienist provides dental hygiene 8420 services to the patient and, except when the dental hygiene 8421 services are provided in a health care facility, the supervising 8422 dentist determines that the patient is in a medically stable 8423 condition. 8424

(8) If the dental hygiene services are provided in a 8425 health care facility, a doctor of medicine and surgery or 8426 osteopathic medicine and surgery licensed under Chapter 4731. of 8427 the Revised Code or a registered nurse licensed under Chapter 8428 4723. of the Revised Code is present in the health care facility 8429 when the services are provided. 8430 (9) In advance of the appointment for dental hygiene 8431 services, the patient is notified that the supervising dentist 8432 will be absent from the location and that the dental hygienist 8433 cannot diagnose the patient's dental health care status. 8434 (10) The dental hygienist is employed by, or under 8435 contract with, one of the following: 8436 (a) The supervising dentist; 8437 (b) A dentist licensed under this chapter who is one of 8438 the following: 8439 (i) The employer of the supervising dentist; 8440 (ii) A shareholder in a professional association formed 8441 under Chapter 1785. of the Revised Code of which the supervising 8442 dentist is a shareholder; 8443 (iii) A member or manager of a limited liability company 8444 formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code of which 8445 8446 the supervising dentist is a member or manager; 8447 (iv) A shareholder in a corporation formed under division

(IV) A Shareholder IA a corporation formed ander division0117(B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised Code of which the8448supervising dentist is a shareholder;8449

(v) A partner or employee of a partnership or a limited
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liability partnership formed under Chapter 1775. or 1776. of the
Revised Code of which the supervising dentist is a partner or
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#### employee.

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(c) A government entity that employs the dental hygienist	8454
to provide dental hygiene services in a public school or in	8455
connection with other programs the government entity	8456
administers.	8457

(D) A dental hygienist may provide dental hygiene services
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 to a patient when the supervising dentist is not physically
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 present at the location where the services are provided if the
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 services are provided as part of a dental hygiene program that
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 is approved by the state dental board and all of the following
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 requirements are met:

(1) The program is operated through a school district 8464 board of education or the governing board of an educational 8465 service center; the board of health of a city or general health 8466 district or the authority having the duties of a board of health 8467 under section 3709.05 of the Revised Code; a national, state, 8468 district, or local dental association; or any other public or 8469 private entity recognized by the state dental board. 8470

(2) The supervising dentist is employed by or a volunteer
for, and the patients are referred by, the entity through which
8472
the program is operated.
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(3) (a) Except as provided in division (D) (3) (b) of this
section, the services are performed after examination and
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diagnosis by the dentist and in accordance with the dentist's
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written treatment plan.

(b) The requirement in division (D) (3) (a) of this section
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does not apply when the only services to be provided by the
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dental hygienist are the placement of pit and fissure sealants
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and the application of fluoride varnish.

(E) A dental hygienist may do any of the following when 8482 the supervising dentist is not physically present at the 8483 location where the services are provided, regardless of whether 8484 the dentist has examined the patient, if the dental hygienist is 8485 employed by, or under contract with, the supervising dentist or 8486 another person or government entity specified in division (C) 8487 (10) (b) or (c) of this section: 8488 8489 (1) Apply fluoride varnish; (2) Apply desensitizing agents, excluding silver diamine 8490 fluoride; 8491 8492 (3) Apply disclosing solutions; (4) Apply pit and fissure sealants; 8493 8494 (5) Recement temporary crowns or recement crowns with temporary cement; 8495 (6) Conduct caries susceptibility testing; 8496 (7) Provide instruction on oral hygiene home care, 8497 including the use of toothbrushes and dental floss; 8498 (8) Discuss general nonmedical nutrition information for 8499 the purpose of maintaining good oral health. 8500 As used in division (E)(8) of this section, "general 8501 nonmedical nutrition information" means information on the 8502 following: principles of good nutrition and food preparation, 8503 food to be included in the normal daily diet, the essential 8504 nutrients needed by the body, recommended amounts of the 8505

essential nutrients, the actions of nutrients on the body, the 8506 effects of deficiencies or excesses of nutrients, or food and 8507 supplements that are good sources of essential nutrients. 8508

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(F) No person shall do either of the following:

(1) Practice dental hygiene in a manner that is separate
or otherwise independent from the dental practice of a
supervising dentist;
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(2) Establish or maintain an office or practice that is8513primarily devoted to the provision of dental hygiene services.8514

(G) The state dental board shall adopt rules under
division (C) of section 4715.03 of the Revised Code identifying
procedures a dental hygienist may not perform when practicing in
the absence of the supervising dentist pursuant to division (C)
8518
or (D) of this section.

Sec. 4715.365. (A) A dentist who holds a current, valid 8520 oral health access supervision permit issued under section 8521 4715.362 of the Revised Code may authorize a dental hygienist 8522 who holds a current, valid permit issued under section 4715.363 8523 of the Revised Code to perform dental hygiene services at a 8524 facility when no dentist is physically present if all of the 8525 following conditions are met: 8526

(1) The authorizing dentist's authorization is in writing8527and includes, at a minimum, all of the following:8528

(a) The authorizing dentist's name and permit number; 8529

(b) The dental hygienist's name and permit number;

(c) The patient's name;

(d) The name and address of the location where the dental8532hygiene services are to be provided;8533

(e) The date of authorization; 8534

(f) A statement, signed by the dental hygienist, that the 8535

# hygienist agrees to comply with section 4715.366 of the Revised 8536 Code. 8537 (2) The authorizing dentist has personally evaluated the 8538

dental hygienist's skills prior to authorizing the dental8539hygienist to provide the dental hygiene services.8540

(3) Prior to authorizing the dental hygienist to perform 8541 the dental hygiene services, the patient's medical and dental 8542 history is made available to the authorizing dentist and the 8543 authorizing dentist reviews and evaluates the history and 8544 determines that the patient may safely receive dental hygiene 8545 services. 8546

(4) Immediately prior to the provision of dental hygiene 8547 services, the patient or patient's representative verifies, by 8548 the signature or mark of the patient or representative, that no 8549 medically significant changes to the patient's medical or dental 8550 history have occurred since the authorizing dentist most 8551 recently reviewed and evaluated the history and determined that 8552 the patient could safely receive dental hygiene services. The 8553 signature or mark may be provided through reasonable 8554 accommodation, including the use of assistive technology or 8555 8556 augmentative devices.

(5) Prior to receiving dental hygiene services, the
patient and the operator of the facility where the dental
hygiene services are to be provided are notified that no dentist
will be present at the location and that the dental hygienist is
prohibited from doing either of the following:

(a) Diagnosing the patient's oral health care status; 8562

(b) Providing dental hygiene services to the same patient8563on a subsequent occasion until the patient has received a8564

of the Revised Code.

clinical evaluation performed by a dentist, except in instances 8565 described in division (D)(2) of this section. 8566 (6) The dental hygienist is employed by, or under contract 8567 with, one of the following: 8568 8569 (a) The authorizing dentist; (b) A dentist who is any of the following: 8570 (i) The authorizing dentist's employer; 8571 (ii) A shareholder in a professional association, formed 8572 under Chapter 1785. of the Revised Code, of which the 8573 authorizing dentist is a shareholder; 8574 (iii) A member or manager of a limited liability company, 8575 formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code, of 8576 which the authorizing dentist is a member or manager; 8577 8578 (iv) A shareholder in a corporation, formed under division (B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised Code, of which the 8579 authorizing dentist is a shareholder; 8580 (v) A partner or employee of a partnership, formed under 8581 Chapter 1775. of the Revised Code, of which the authorizing 8582 dentist is a partner or employee; 8583 (vi) A partner or employee of a limited liability 8584 partnership, formed under Chapter 1775. of the Revised Code, of 8585 which the authorizing dentist is a partner or employee. 8586 (c) A government entity that employs the dental hygienist 8587 to provide dental hygiene services; 8588 (d) An entity that employs the authorizing dentist so long 8589 as the dentist's practice is not in violation of section 4715.18 8590

Page 296

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(7) If the patient to whom the services are to be provided
previously received dental hygiene services under this section,
there is written evidence that the patient received a clinical
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evaluation after the most recent provision of those services.
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(B) No dentist shall authorize a dental hygienist to
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perform, and no dental hygienist shall perform, dental hygiene
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services on a patient under this section unless all of the
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conditions in division (A) of this section are met.
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(C) If a patient or patient's representative indicates, 8600 under division (A)(4) of this section, that a medically 8601 significant change has occurred in the patient's medical or 8602 dental history since the authorizing dentist's most recent 8603 review and evaluation of the medical and dental history required 8604 by division (A) (3) of this section, no dental hygiene services 8605 shall be provided under this section until the authorizing 8606 dentist completes another review and evaluation of the patient's 8607 medical and dental history. The authorizing dentist may complete 8608 the subsequent review and evaluation of the patient's medical 8609 and dental history by telephone, facsimile, electronic mail, 8610 video, or any other means of electronic communication. 8611

(D) (1) Except as provided in division (D) (2) of this
section, no dentist shall authorize a dental hygienist to
provide, and no dental hygienist shall provide, dental hygiene
services under this section to the same patient on a subsequent
section until the patient has received a clinical evaluation
performed by a dentist.

(2) Division (D) (1) of this section does not apply if the
patient requires multiple visits to complete one or more
procedures that could not be completed during the visit in which
dental hygiene services were commenced. If the patient requires
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multiple visits to complete the one or more procedures that8622could not be completed during the visit in which dental hygiene8623services were commenced, the one or more procedures shall be8624completed not later than eight weeks after the visit in which8625the dental hygiene services were commenced.8626

(E) No authorizing dentist shall authorize a dental
hygienist to diagnose a patient's oral health care status. No
dental hygienist practicing under a permit issued under section
4715.363 of the Revised Code to practice under the oral health
access supervision of a dentist shall diagnose a patient's oral
health care status.

Sec. 4715.431. (A) If all of the conditions in division8633(B) of this section are met, an authorizing dentist may do8634either of the following under a teledentistry permit without8635examining a patient in person:8636

(1) Authorize a dental hygienist or expanded function
dental auxiliary to perform services as set forth in division
(E) or (F) of this section, as applicable, at a location where
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no dentist is physically present;
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(2) Prescribe a drug that is not a controlled substance8641for a patient who is at a location where no dentist is8642physically present.8643

(B) The conditions that must be met under division (A) of 8644this section are the following: 8645

(1) The authorizing dentist must prepare a writtenauthorization that includes all of the following:8647

(a) The authorizing dentist's name and permit number; 8648

(b) The name of the dental hygienist or expanded function 8649

record.

dental auxiliary; 8650 (c) The patient's name; 8651 (d) The name and address of the location where the 8652 services are to be provided; 8653 (e) The date of the authorization; 8654 (f) A statement signed by the dental hygienist or expanded 8655 function dental auxiliary agreeing to comply with the written 8656 protocols or written standing orders the authorizing dentist 8657 establishes, including those for dealing with emergencies; 8658 (g) Any other information the dentist considers 8659 appropriate. 8660 (2) Before any dental services are provided all of the 8661 following must occur: 8662 (a) The patient is notified that an authorizing dentist 8663 will perform a clinical evaluation through teledentistry. 8664 (b) The patient is given an explanation of alternatives 8665 to, and the capabilities and limitations of, teledentistry. 8666 (c) (i) Subject to division (B) (2) (c) (ii) of this section, 8667 the patient consents to the provision of services through 8668 teledentistry and the consent is documented in the patient's 8669

(ii) If the services to be provided are the placement of
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interim therapeutic restorations or the application of silver
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diamine fluoride, the requirements for informed consent in rules
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adopted under division (C) of section 4715.436 of the Revised
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Code have been met.

(3) The authorizing dentist establishes the patient's 8676

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identity and physical location through synchronous, real-time	8677
communication.	8678
(4) The authorizing dentist provides dental services	8679
through teledentistry only as is appropriate for the patient and	8680
in accordance with appropriate standards of care.	8681
(5) The authorizing dentist establishes a diagnosis and	8682
treatment plan and documents it in the patient's record.	8683
(6) The authorizing dentist specifies the services the	8684
dental hygienist or expanded function dental auxiliary is	8685
authorized to provide to the patient.	8686
(7) The dental hygienist or expanded function dental	8687
auxiliary is employed by, or under contract with, one of the	8688
following:	8689
(a) The authorizing dentist;	8690
(b) A dentist who is any of the following:	8691
(i) The authorizing dentist's employer;	8692
(ii) A shareholder in a professional association formed	8693
under Chapter 1785. of the Revised Code of which the authorizing	8694
dentist is a shareholder;	8695
(iii) A member or manager of a limited liability company	8696
formed under Chapter 1705. <u>or 1706.</u> of the Revised Code of which	8697
the authorizing dentist is a member or manager;	8698
(iv) A shareholder in a corporation formed under division	8699
(B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised Code of which the	8700
authorizing dentist is a shareholder;	8701
(v) A partner or employee of a partnership, formed under	8702
Chapter 1775. of the Revised Code, of which the authorizing	
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dentist is a partner or employee;

(vi) A partner or employee of a limited liability 8705 partnership, formed under Chapter 1775. of the Revised Code, of 8706 which the authorizing dentist is a partner or employee. 8707

(C) A dentist retains responsibility for ensuring the 8708 safety and quality of services provided to patients through 8709 teledentistry. Services delivered through teledentistry must be 8710 8711 consistent with in-person services. Persons involved with providing services through teledentistry must abide by laws 8712 addressing the privacy and security of the patient's dental and 8713 medical information. 8714

(D) An authorizing dentist may not have more than a total 8715 of three dental hygienists and expanded dental function dental auxiliaries working under the dentist's authorization pursuant to this section at any time. 8718

(E) (1) If authorized to do so by an authorizing dentist in 8719 accordance with this section, a dental hygienist may provide 8720 dental hygiene services at a location where no dentist is 8721 physically present if all of the following requirements are met: 8722

(a) The dental hygienist has at least one year and a 8723 minimum of one thousand five hundred hours of experience in the 8724 practice of dental hygiene. 8725

(b) The dental hygienist has completed a course described 8726 in division (C)(2) of section 4715.22 of the Revised Code on the 8727 identification and prevention of potential medical emergencies. 8728

(c) The authorizing dentist has evaluated the dental 8729 hygienist's skills. 8730

(d) The dental hygienist complies with written protocols 8731

Page 301

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8716 8717 or written standing orders established by the authorizing 8732 dentist, including written protocols established for 8733 emergencies. 8734

(2) If authorized to do so by an authorizing dentist in 8735 accordance with this section, a dental hygienist may place 8736 interim therapeutic restorations when a dentist is not 8737 physically present at the location where the dental hygienist is 8738 practicing if the requirements of division (E)(1) of this 8739 section are met and the dental hygienist has successfully 8740 8741 completed a state dental board-approved course in the proper placement of interim therapeutic restorations. 8742

(3) If authorized to do so by an authorizing dentist in 8743 accordance with this section, a dental hygienist may apply 8744 silver diamine fluoride when a dentist is not physically present 8745 at the location where the dental hygienist is practicing if the 8746 requirements of division (E)(1) of this section are met and the 8747 dental hygienist has successfully completed a state dental 8748 board-approved course in the application of silver diamine 8749 fluoride. 8750

(F)(1) If authorized to do so by an authorizing dentist in 8751 accordance with this section, an expanded function dental 8752 auxiliary may provide the services listed in divisions (A)(2) to 8753 (10) of section 4715.64 of the Revised Code, and any additional 8754 procedures authorized pursuant to division (A) (11) of that 8755 section, when a dentist is not physically present at the 8756 location where the expanded function dental auxiliary is 8757 practicing if all of the following requirements are met: 8758

(a) The expanded function dental auxiliary has at least
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one year and a minimum of one thousand five hundred hours of
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experience practicing as an expanded function dental auxiliary.
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(b) The expanded function dental auxiliary has completed a 8762
 course described in division (C)(2) of section 4715.64 of the 8763
 Revised Code on the identification and prevention of potential 8764
 medical emergencies. 8765

(c) The authorizing dentist has evaluated the expanded8766function dental auxiliary's skills.8767

(d) The expanded function dental auxiliary complies with
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 written protocols or written standing orders established by the
 authorizing dentist, including written protocols for
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 emergencies.
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(2) If authorized to do so by an authorizing dentist in 8772 accordance with this section, an expanded function dental 8773 auxiliary who meets the requirements of division (F)(1) of this 8774 section and has successfully completed a state dental board-8775 approved course in the proper placement of interim therapeutic 8776 restorations may place interim therapeutic restorations when a 8777 dentist is not physically present at the location where the 8778 expanded function dental auxiliary is practicing. 8779

(3) If authorized to do so by an authorizing dentist in 8780 accordance with this section, an expanded function dental 8781 8782 auxiliary who meets the requirements of division (F)(1) of this section and has successfully completed a state dental board-8783 approved course in the application of silver diamine fluoride 8784 may apply silver diamine fluoride when a dentist is not 8785 physically present at the location where the expanded function 8786 dental auxiliary is practicing. 8787

(4) If authorized to do so by an authorizing dentist in
accordance with this section, an expanded function dental
auxiliary who meets the requirements of division (F) (1) of this
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section and holds a current, valid dental x-ray machine operator 8791 certificate issued by the board pursuant to section 4715.53 of 8792 the Revised Code may perform, for the purpose of contributing to 8793 the provision of dental care to a dental patient, standard, 8794 diagnostic radiologic procedures when a dentist is not 8795 physically present at the location where the expanded function 8796 dental auxiliary is practicing. 8797

Sec. 4717.06. (A) (1) A licensed funeral director who 8798 desires to obtain a license to operate a funeral home, a 8799 licensed embalmer who desires to obtain a license to operate an 8800 embalming facility, or a holder of a crematory operator permit 8801 who desires to obtain a license to operate a crematory facility 8802 shall apply to the board of embalmers and funeral directors on a 8803 form prescribed by the board. The application shall include the 8804 initial license application fee set forth in section 4717.07 of 8805 the Revised Code and proof satisfactory to the board that the 8806 funeral home, embalming facility, or crematory facility is in 8807 compliance with rules adopted by the board under section 4717.04 8808 of the Revised Code, rules adopted by the board of building 8809 standards under Chapter 3781. of the Revised Code, and all other 8810 federal, state, and local requirements relating to the safety of 8811 the premises. 8812

(2) If the funeral home, embalming facility, or crematory 8813 facility to which the license application pertains is owned by a 8814 corporation or limited liability company, the application shall 8815 include the name and address of the corporation's or limited 8816 liability company's statutory agent appointed under section 8817 1701.07-or, 1705.06, or 1706.09 of the Revised Code or, in the 8818 case of a foreign corporation, the corporation's designated 8819 agent appointed under section 1703.041 of the Revised Code. If 8820 the funeral home, embalming facility, or crematory facility to 8821

which the application pertains is owned by a partnership, the 8822 application shall include the name and address of each of the 8823 partners. If, at any time after the submission of a license 8824 application or issuance of a license, the statutory or 8825 designated agent of a corporation or limited liability company 8826 owning a funeral home, embalming facility, or crematory facility 8827 or the address of the statutory or designated agent changes or, 8828 in the case of a partnership, any of the partners of the funeral 8829 home, embalming facility, or crematory facility or the address 8830 of any of the partners changes, the applicant for or holder of 8831 the license to operate the funeral home, embalming facility, or 8832 crematory facility shall submit written notice to the board, 8833 within thirty days after the change, informing the board of the 8834 change and of any name or address of a statutory or designated 8835 agent or partner that has changed from that contained in the 8836 application for the license or the most recent notice submitted 8837 under division (A)(2) of this section. 8838

(B) (1) The board of embalmers and funeral directors shall 8839 issue a license to operate a funeral home only to a licensed 8840 funeral director who is named in the application as the funeral 8841 director actually in charge and ultimately responsible for the 8842 funeral home. The board shall issue the license only for the 8843 address at which the funeral home is physically located and 8844 operated. The funeral home license and licenses of the embalmers 8845 and funeral directors employed by the funeral home shall be 8846 displayed in a conspicuous place within the funeral home. The 8847 name of the funeral director to whom the funeral home license 8848 has been issued shall be conspicuously displayed immediately on 8849 the outside or the inside of the primary entrance to the funeral 8850 home that is used by the public. 8851

(2) The funeral home shall have on the premises one of the 8852

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	owing:
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(a) If embalming will take place at the funeral home, an
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embalming room that is adequately equipped and maintained. The
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embalming room shall be kept in a clean and sanitary manner and
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used only for the embalming, preparation, or holding of dead
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human bodies. The embalming room shall contain only the
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articles, facilities, and instruments necessary for those
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purposes.

(b) If embalming will not take place at the funeral home, 8861 a holding room that is adequately equipped and maintained. The 8862 holding room shall be kept in a clean and sanitary manner and 8863 used only for the preparation, other than embalming, and holding 8864 of dead human bodies. The holding room shall contain only the 8865 articles and facilities necessary for those purposes. 8866

(3) Each funeral home shall be directly supervised by a
funeral director licensed under this chapter, who may supervise
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more than one funeral home.
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(C)(1) The board shall issue a license to operate an 8870 embalming facility only to a licensed embalmer who is actually 8871 in charge of and ultimately responsible for the embalming 8872 facility. The board shall issue the license only for the address 8873 at which the embalming facility is physically located and 8874 operated. The license shall be displayed in a conspicuous place 8875 within the facility. The name of the embalmer to whom the 8876 embalming facility license has been issued shall be 8877 conspicuously displayed on the outside or inside of the primary 8878 entrance to the embalming facility. 8879

(2) The embalming facility shall be adequately equipped8880and maintained in a sanitary manner. The embalming room at such8881

a facility shall contain only the articles, facilities, and8882instruments necessary for its stated purpose. The embalming room8883shall be kept in a clean and sanitary condition and used only8884for the care and preparation of dead human bodies.8885

(D)(1) The board shall issue a license to operate a 8886 crematory facility only to a crematory operator who is actually 8887 in charge and ultimately responsible for the crematory facility. 8888 The board shall issue the license only for the address at which 8889 the crematory facility is physically located and operated. The 8890 8891 license shall be displayed in a conspicuous place within the crematory facility. The name of the crematory operator to whom 8892 the crematory facility license has been issued shall be 8893 conspicuously displayed on the outside or inside of the primary 8894 entrance to the crematory facility. 8895

(2) The crematory facility shall be adequately equipped 8896 and maintained in a clean and sanitary manner. The crematory 8897 facility may be located in a funeral home, embalming facility, 8898 cemetery building, or other building in which the crematory 8899 facility may lawfully operate. If a crematory facility engages 8900 in the cremation of animals, the crematory facility shall 8901 cremate animals in a cremation chamber that also is not used to 8902 cremate dead human bodies or human body parts and shall not 8903 cremate animals in a cremation chamber used for the cremation of 8904 dead human bodies and human body parts. Cremation chambers that 8905 are used for the cremation of dead human bodies or human body 8906 parts and cremation chambers used for the cremation of animals 8907 may be located in the same area. Cremation chambers used for the 8908 cremation of animals shall have conspicuously displayed on the 8909 unit a notice that the unit is to be used for animals only. 8910

(3) A license to operate a crematory facility shall be

Page 307

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issued to the person actually in charge of the crematory
facility. This section does not require the individual who is
actually in charge of the crematory facility to be an embalmer
or funeral director licensed under this chapter.

(4) Nothing in this section or rules adopted under section
4717.04 of the Revised Code precludes the establishment and
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operation of a crematory facility on or adjacent to the property
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on which a cemetery, funeral home, or embalming facility is
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located.

Sec. 4723.16. (A) An individual whom the board of nursing 8921 licenses or otherwise legally authorizes to engage in the 8922 practice of nursing as a registered nurse, advanced practice 8923 registered nurse, or licensed practical nurse may render the 8924 professional services of a registered, advanced practice 8925 registered, or licensed practical nurse within this state 8926 through a corporation formed under division (B) of section 8927 1701.03 of the Revised Code, a limited liability company formed 8928 under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code, a partnership, 8929 or a professional association formed under Chapter 1785. of the 8930 8931 Revised Code. This division does not preclude an individual of that nature from rendering professional services as a 8932 registered, advanced practice registered, or licensed practical 8933 nurse through another form of business entity, including, but 8934 not limited to, a nonprofit corporation or foundation, or in 8935 another manner that is authorized by or in accordance with this 8936 chapter, another chapter of the Revised Code, or rules of the 8937 board of nursing adopted pursuant to this chapter. 8938

(B) A corporation, limited liability company, partnership,
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or professional association described in division (A) of this
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section may be formed for the purpose of providing a combination
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of the professional services of the following individuals who 8942 are licensed, certificated, or otherwise legally authorized to 8943 practice their respective professions: 8944 (1) Optometrists who are authorized to practice optometry 8945 under Chapter 4725. of the Revised Code; 8946 (2) Chiropractors who are authorized to practice 8947 chiropractic or acupuncture under Chapter 4734. of the Revised 8948 8949 Code; (3) Psychologists who are authorized to practice 8950 psychology under Chapter 4732. of the Revised Code; 8951 (4) Registered, advanced practice registered, or licensed 8952 practical nurses who are authorized to practice nursing as 8953 8954 registered nurses, advanced practice registered nurses, or licensed practical nurses under this chapter; 8955 (5) Pharmacists who are authorized to practice pharmacy 8956 under Chapter 4729. of the Revised Code; 8957 8958 (6) Physical therapists who are authorized to practice physical therapy under sections 4755.40 to 4755.56 of the 8959 Revised Code; 8960 (7) Occupational therapists who are licensed to practice 8961 occupational therapy under sections 4755.04 to 4755.13 of the 8962 Revised Code; 8963 8964 (8) Mechanotherapists who are authorized to practice mechanotherapy under section 4731.151 of the Revised Code; 8965

(9) Doctors of medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine 8966 and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery who are licensed, 8967 certificated, or otherwise legally authorized for their 8968 respective practices under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code; 8969

(10) Licensed professional clinical counselors, licensed
professional counselors, independent social workers, social
workers, independent marriage and family therapists, or marriage
and family therapists who are authorized for their respective
practices under Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code.

This division shall apply notwithstanding a provision of a 8975 code of ethics applicable to a nurse that prohibits a 8976 registered, advanced practice registered, or licensed practical 8977 nurse from engaging in the practice of nursing as a registered 8978 8979 nurse, advanced practice registered nurse, or licensed practical 8980 nurse in combination with a person who is licensed, certificated, or otherwise legally authorized to practice 8981 optometry, chiropractic, acupuncture through the state 8982 chiropractic board, psychology, pharmacy, physical therapy, 8983 occupational therapy, mechanotherapy, medicine and surgery, 8984 osteopathic medicine and surgery, podiatric medicine and 8985 surgery, professional counseling, social work, or marriage and 8986 family therapy, but who is not also licensed, certificated, or 8987 otherwise legally authorized to engage in the practice of 8988 nursing as a registered nurse, advanced practice registered 8989 8990 nurse, or licensed practical nurse.

Sec. 4725.33. (A) An individual whom the state vision 8991 professionals board licenses to engage in the practice of 8992 optometry may render the professional services of an optometrist 8993 within this state through a corporation formed under division 8994 (B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised Code, a limited liability 8995 company formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code, 8996 a partnership, or a professional association formed under 8997 Chapter 1785. of the Revised Code. This division does not 8998 preclude an optometrist from rendering professional services as 8999 an optometrist through another form of business entity, 9000

including, but not limited to, a nonprofit corporation or 9001
foundation, or in another manner that is authorized by or in 9002
accordance with this chapter, another chapter of the Revised 9003
Code, or rules of the state vision professionals board adopted 9004
pursuant to this chapter. 9005

(B) A corporation, limited liability company, partnership,
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or professional association described in division (A) of this
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section may be formed for the purpose of providing a combination
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of the professional services of the following individuals who
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are licensed, certificated, or otherwise legally authorized to
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practice their respective professions:
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(1) Optometrists who are authorized to practice optometry9012under Chapter 4725. of the Revised Code;9013

(2) Chiropractors who are authorized to practice
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 chiropractic or acupuncture under Chapter 4734. of the Revised
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 Code;
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(3) Psychologists who are authorized to practice9017psychology under Chapter 4732. of the Revised Code;9018

(4) Registered or licensed practical nurses who are
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authorized to practice nursing as registered nurses or as
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licensed practical nurses under Chapter 4723. of the Revised
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Code;
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(5) Pharmacists who are authorized to practice pharmacy9023under Chapter 4729. of the Revised Code;9024

(6) Physical therapists who are authorized to practice
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physical therapy under sections 4755.40 to 4755.56 of the
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Revised Code;
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(7) Occupational therapists who are authorized to practice 9028

#### occupational therapy under sections 4755.04 to 4755.13 of the 9029 Revised Code; 9030 (8) Mechanotherapists who are authorized to practice 9031 mechanotherapy under section 4731.151 of the Revised Code; 9032 (9) Doctors of medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine 9033 and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery who are 90.34 authorized for their respective practices under Chapter 4731. of 9035 the Revised Code; 9036 (10) Licensed professional clinical counselors, licensed 9037 professional counselors, independent social workers, social 9038 workers, independent marriage and family therapists, or marriage 9039 and family therapists who are authorized for their respective 9040 practices under Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code. 9041 This division shall apply notwithstanding a provision of a 9042 code of ethics applicable to an optometrist that prohibits an 9043 optometrist from engaging in the practice of optometry in 9044 combination with a person who is licensed, certificated, or 9045 otherwise legally authorized to practice chiropractic, 9046 acupuncture through the state chiropractic board, psychology, 9047 nursing, pharmacy, physical therapy, occupational therapy, 9048 mechanotherapy, medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and 9049 9050 surgery, podiatric medicine and surgery, professional counseling, social work, or marriage and family therapy, but who 9051 is not also licensed, certificated, or otherwise legally 9052 authorized to engage in the practice of optometry. 9053

Sec. 4729.161. (A) An individual registered with the state9054board of pharmacy to engage in the practice of pharmacy may9055render the professional services of a pharmacist within this9056state through a corporation formed under division (B) of section9057

1701.03 of the Revised Code, a limited liability company formed 9058 under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code, a partnership, 9059 or a professional association formed under Chapter 1785. of the 9060 Revised Code. This division does not preclude an individual of 9061 that nature from rendering professional services as a pharmacist 9062 through another form of business entity, including, but not 9063 limited to, a nonprofit corporation or foundation, or in another 9064 manner that is authorized by or in accordance with this chapter, 9065 another chapter of the Revised Code, or rules of the state board 9066 9067 of pharmacy adopted pursuant to this chapter.

(B) A corporation, limited liability company, partnership,
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or professional association described in division (A) of this
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section may be formed for the purpose of providing a combination
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of the professional services of the following individuals who
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are licensed, certificated, or otherwise legally authorized to
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practice their respective professions:
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(1) Optometrists who are authorized to practice optometry9074under Chapter 4725. of the Revised Code;9075

(2) Chiropractors who are authorized to practice
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chiropractic or acupuncture under Chapter 4734. of the Revised
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Code;
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(3) Psychologists who are authorized to practice9079psychology under Chapter 4732. of the Revised Code;9080

(4) Registered or licensed practical nurses who are
authorized to practice nursing as registered nurses or as
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licensed practical nurses under Chapter 4723. of the Revised
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Code;

(5) Pharmacists who are authorized to practice pharmacy9085under Chapter 4729. of the Revised Code;9086

#### (6) Physical therapists who are authorized to practice 9087 physical therapy under sections 4755.40 to 4755.56 of the 9088 Revised Code; 9089 (7) Occupational therapists who are authorized to practice 9090 occupational therapy under sections 4755.04 to 4755.13 of the 9091 Revised Code: 9092 (8) Mechanotherapists who are authorized to practice 9093 mechanotherapy under section 4731.151 of the Revised Code; 9094 (9) Doctors of medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine 9095 and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery who are 9096 9097 authorized for their respective practices under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code; 9098 (10) Licensed professional clinical counselors, licensed 9099 professional counselors, independent social workers, social 9100 workers, independent marriage and family therapists, or marriage 9101 and family therapists who are authorized for their respective 9102 practices under Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code. 9103 This division shall apply notwithstanding a provision of a 9104 code of ethics applicable to a pharmacist that prohibits a 9105 pharmacist from engaging in the practice of pharmacy in 9106 combination with a person who is licensed, certificated, or 9107 otherwise legally authorized to practice optometry, 9108 chiropractic, acupuncture through the state chiropractic board, 9109 psychology, nursing, physical therapy, occupational therapy, 9110 mechanotherapy, medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and 9111 surgery, podiatric medicine and surgery, professional 9112 counseling, social work, or marriage and family therapy, but who 9113 is not also licensed, certificated, or otherwise legally 9114 authorized to engage in the practice of pharmacy. 9115

Sec. 4729.541. (A) Except as provided in divisions (B) to9116(D) of this section, all of the following are exempt from9117licensure as a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs:9118

(1) A licensed health professional authorized to prescribe9119drugs;9120

(2) A business entity that is a corporation formed under
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division (B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised Code, a limited
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liability company formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the
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Revised Code, or a professional association formed under Chapter
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1785. of the Revised Code if the entity has a sole shareholder
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who is a prescriber and is authorized to provide the
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professional services being offered by the entity;
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(3) A business entity that is a corporation formed under 9128 division (B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised Code, a limited 9129 liability company formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the 9130 Revised Code, a partnership or a limited liability partnership 9131 formed under Chapter 1775. of the Revised Code, or a 91.32 9133 professional association formed under Chapter 1785. of the Revised Code, if, to be a shareholder, member, or partner, an 9134 individual is required to be licensed, certified, or otherwise 9135 legally authorized under Title XLVII of the Revised Code to 9136 perform the professional service provided by the entity and each 9137 such individual is a prescriber; 9138

(4) An individual who holds a current license,
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certificate, or registration issued under Title XLVII of the
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Revised Code and has been certified to conduct diabetes
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education by a national certifying body specified in rules
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adopted by the state board of pharmacy under section 4729.68 of
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the Revised Code, but only with respect to insulin that will be
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used for the purpose of diabetes education and only if diabetes

education is within the individual's scope of practice under 9146 statutes and rules regulating the individual's profession; 9147 (5) An individual who holds a valid certificate issued by 9148 a nationally recognized S.C.U.B.A. diving certifying 9149 organization approved by the state board of pharmacy under rules 9150 adopted by the board, but only with respect to medical oxygen 9151 that will be used for the purpose of emergency care or treatment 9152 9153 at the scene of a diving emergency;

9154 (6) With respect to epinephrine autoinjectors that may be possessed under section 3313.7110, 3313.7111, 3314.143, 3326.28, 9155 or 3328.29 of the Revised Code, any of the following: the board 9156 of education of a city, local, exempted village, or joint 9157 vocational school district; a chartered or nonchartered 9158 nonpublic school; a community school established under Chapter 9159 3314. of the Revised Code; a STEM school established under 9160 Chapter 3326. of the Revised Code; or a college-preparatory 9161 boarding school established under Chapter 3328. of the Revised 9162 Code: 9163

(7) With respect to epinephrine autoinjectors that may be 9164 possessed under section 5101.76 of the Revised Code, any of the 9165 following: a residential camp, as defined in section 2151.011 of 9166 the Revised Code; a child day camp, as defined in section 9167 5104.01 of the Revised Code; or a child day camp operated by any 9168 county, township, municipal corporation, township park district 9169 created under section 511.18 of the Revised Code, park district 9170 created under section 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or joint 9171 recreation district established under section 755.14 of the 9172 Revised Code; 9173

(8) With respect to epinephrine autoinjectors that may be9174possessed under Chapter 3728. of the Revised Code, a qualified9175

entity, as defined in section 3728.01 of the Revised Code;	9176
(9) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed under	9177
section 3313.7113, 3313.7114, 3314.144, 3326.30, or 3328.30 of	9178
the Revised Code, any of the following: the board of education	9179
of a city, local, exempted village, or joint vocational school	9180
district; a chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school; a	9181
community school established under Chapter 3314. of the Revised	9182
Code; a STEM school established under Chapter 3326. of the	9183
Revised Code; or a college-preparatory boarding school	9184
established under Chapter 3328. of the Revised Code;	9185

(10) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed under 9186 section 5101.77 of the Revised Code, any of the following: a 9187 residential camp, as defined in section 2151.011 of the Revised 9188 Code; a child day camp, as defined in section 5104.01 of the 9189 Revised Code; or a child day camp operated by any county, 9190 township, municipal corporation, township park district created 9191 under section 511.18 of the Revised Code, park district created 9192 under section 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or joint recreation 9193 district established under section 755.14 of the Revised Code; 9194

(11) With respect to naloxone that may be possessed under 9195 section 2925.61 of the Revised Code, a law enforcement agency 9196 and its peace officers; 9197

(12) With respect to naloxone that may be possessed under 9198 section 4729.514 of the Revised Code, a service entity, as 9199 defined in that section; 9200

(13) A facility that is owned and operated by the United 9201 States department of defense, the United States department of 9202 veterans affairs, or any other federal agency. 9203

(B) If a person described in division (A) of this section 9204 is a pain management clinic or is operating a pain management 9205 clinic, the person shall hold a license as a terminal 9206 distributor of dangerous drugs with a pain management clinic 9207 classification issued under section 4729.552 of the Revised 9208 Code. 9209

(C) If a person described in division (A) of this section
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is operating a facility, clinic, or other location described in
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division (B) of section 4729.553 of the Revised Code that must
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hold a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs
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license with an office-based opioid treatment classification,
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the person shall hold a license with that classification.

(D) Any of the persons described in divisions (A) (1) to
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(12) of this section shall hold a license as a terminal
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distributor of dangerous drugs in order to possess, have custody
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or control of, and distribute any of the following:
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(1) Dangerous drugs that are compounded or used for the9220purpose of compounding;9221

(2) A schedule I, II, III, IV, or V controlled substance, 9222as defined in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code. 9223

Sec. 4731.226. (A)(1) An individual whom the state medical 9224 board licenses, certificates, or otherwise legally authorizes to 9225 engage in the practice of medicine and surgery, osteopathic 9226 medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery may 9227 render the professional services of a doctor of medicine and 9228 surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine 9229 and surgery within this state through a corporation formed under 9230 division (B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised Code, a limited 9231 liability company formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the 9232 Revised Code, a partnership, or a professional association 9233

formed under Chapter 1785. of the Revised Code. Division (A)(1) 9234 of this section does not preclude an individual of that nature 9235 from rendering professional services as a doctor of medicine and 9236 surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine 9237 and surgery through another form of business entity, including, 9238 but not limited to, a nonprofit corporation or foundation, or in 9239 9240 another manner that is authorized by or in accordance with this chapter, another chapter of the Revised Code, or rules of the 9241 state medical board adopted pursuant to this chapter. 9242

(2) An individual whom the state medical board authorizes 9243 to engage in the practice of mechanotherapy may render the 9244 professional services of a mechanotherapist within this state 9245 through a corporation formed under division (B) of section 9246 1701.03 of the Revised Code, a limited liability company formed 9247 under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code, a partnership, 9248 or a professional association formed under Chapter 1785. of the 9249 Revised Code. Division (A)(2) of this section does not preclude 9250 an individual of that nature from rendering professional 9251 services as a mechanotherapist through another form of business 9252 entity, including, but not limited to, a nonprofit corporation 9253 9254 or foundation, or in another manner that is authorized by or in accordance with this chapter, another chapter of the Revised 9255 Code, or rules of the state medical board adopted pursuant to 9256 this chapter. 9257

(B) A corporation, limited liability company, partnership,
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or professional association described in division (A) of this
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section may be formed for the purpose of providing a combination
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of the professional services of the following individuals who
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are licensed, certificated, or otherwise legally authorized to
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practice their respective professions:
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(1) Optometrists who are authorized to practice optometry 9264 under Chapter 4725. of the Revised Code; 9265 (2) Chiropractors who are authorized to practice 9266 chiropractic or acupuncture under Chapter 4734. of the Revised 9267 Code; 9268 (3) Psychologists who are authorized to practice 9269 psychology under Chapter 4732. of the Revised Code; 9270 9271 (4) Registered or licensed practical nurses who are 9272 authorized to practice nursing as registered nurses or as licensed practical nurses under Chapter 4723. of the Revised 9273 9274 Code; (5) Pharmacists who are authorized to practice pharmacy 9275 under Chapter 4729. of the Revised Code; 9276 9277 (6) Physical therapists who are authorized to practice physical therapy under sections 4755.40 to 4755.56 of the 9278 Revised Code; 9279 9280 (7) Occupational therapists who are authorized to practice occupational therapy under sections 4755.04 to 4755.13 of the 9281 Revised Code; 9282 (8) Mechanotherapists who are authorized to practice 9283 mechanotherapy under section 4731.151 of the Revised Code; 9284 (9) Doctors of medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine 9285 9286 and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery who are authorized for their respective practices under this chapter; 9287 (10) Licensed professional clinical counselors, licensed 9288

professional counselors, independent social workers, social9289workers, independent marriage and family therapists, or marriage9290and family therapists who are authorized for their respective9291

practices under Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code. 9292

(C) Division (B) of this section shall apply
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notwithstanding a provision of a code of ethics described in
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division (B) (18) of section 4731.22 of the Revised Code that
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prohibits either of the following:
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(1) A doctor of medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine 9297 and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery from engaging in 9298 the doctor's authorized practice in combination with a person 9299 9300 who is licensed, certificated, or otherwise legally authorized 9301 to engage in the practice of optometry, chiropractic, acupuncture through the state chiropractic board, psychology, 9302 nursing, pharmacy, physical therapy, occupational therapy, 9303 mechanotherapy, professional counseling, social work, or 9304 marriage and family therapy, but who is not also licensed, 9305 certificated, or otherwise legally authorized to practice 9306 medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or 9307 podiatric medicine and surgery. 9308

(2) A mechanotherapist from engaging in the practice of 9309 mechanotherapy in combination with a person who is licensed, 9310 certificated, or otherwise legally authorized to engage in the 9311 9312 practice of optometry, chiropractic, acupuncture through the state chiropractic board, psychology, nursing, pharmacy, 9313 physical therapy, occupational therapy, medicine and surgery, 9314 osteopathic medicine and surgery, podiatric medicine and 9315 surgery, professional counseling, social work, or marriage and 9316 family therapy, but who is not also licensed, certificated, or 9317 otherwise legally authorized to engage in the practice of 9318 mechanotherapy. 9319

Sec. 4731.228. (A) As used in this section: 9320

(1) "Federally qualified health center" has the same 9321 meaning as in section 3701.047 of the Revised Code. 9322 (2) "Federally qualified health center look-alike" has the 9323 same meaning as in section 3701.047 of the Revised Code. 9324 (3) "Health care entity" means any of the following that 9325 employs a physician to provide physician services: 9326 (a) A hospital registered with the department of health 9327 under section 3701.07 of the Revised Code; 9328 9329 (b) A corporation formed under division (B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised Code; 9330 (c) A corporation formed under Chapter 1702. of the 9331 Revised Code; 9332 (d) A limited liability company formed under Chapter 1705. 9333 or 1706. of the Revised Code; 9334 (e) A health insuring corporation holding a certificate of 9335 authority under Chapter 1751. of the Revised Code; 9336 9337 (f) A partnership; (g) A professional association formed under Chapter 1785. 9338 of the Revised Code. 9339 (4) "Physician" means an individual authorized under this 9340 chapter to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine 9341 and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery. 9342 (5) "Physician services" means direct patient care 9343 services provided by a physician. 9344 (6) "Termination" means the end of a physician's 9345 9346 employment with a health care entity for any reason.

(B) This section applies when a physician's employment
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with a health care entity to provide physician services is
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terminated for any reason, unless the physician continues to
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provide medical services for patients of the health care entity
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on an independent contractor basis.

(C) (1) Except as provided in division (C) (2) of this
section, a health care entity shall send notice of the
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termination of a physician's employment to each patient who
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received physician services from the physician in the two-year
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period immediately preceding the date of employment termination.
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Only patients of the health care entity who received services
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from the physician are to receive the notice.

(2) If the health care entity provides to the physician a
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list of patients treated and patient contact information, the
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health care entity may require the physician to send the notice
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required by this section.

(D) The notice provided under division (C) of this section
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shall be provided not later than the date of termination or
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thirty days after the health care entity has actual knowledge of
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termination or resignation of the physician, whichever is later.
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The notice shall be provided in accordance with rules adopted by
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the state medical board under section 4731.05 of the Revised
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Code. The notice shall include at least all of the following:
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(1) A notice to the patient that the physician will no
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longer be practicing medicine as an employee of the health care
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entity;
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(2) Except in situations in which the health care entity
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has a good faith concern that the physician's conduct or the
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medical care provided by the physician would jeopardize the
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health and safety of patients, the physician's name and, if 9376 known by the health care entity, information provided by the 9377 physician that the patient may use to contact the physician; 9378

(3) The date on which the physician ceased or will cease9379to practice as an employee of the health care entity;9380

(4) Contact information for an alternative physician or
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physicians employed by the health care entity or contact
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information for a group practice that can provide care for the
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patient;
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(5) Contact information that enables the patient to obtain9385information on the patient's medical records.9386

(E) The requirements of this section do not apply to any of the following:

(1) A physician rendering services to a patient on an
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episodic basis or in an emergency department or urgent care
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center, when it should not be reasonably expected that related
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medical services will be rendered by the physician to the
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patient in the future;
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(2) A medical director or other physician providing
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services in a similar capacity to a medical director to patients
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through a hospice care program licensed pursuant to section
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3712.04 of the Revised Code.
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(3) Medical residents, interns, and fellows who work in
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hospitals, health systems, federally qualified health centers,
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and federally qualified health center look-alikes as part of
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their medical education and training.
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(4) A physician providing services to a patient through a 9402community mental health services provider certified by the 9403

Page 324

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director of mental health and addiction services under section94045119.36 of the Revised Code or a community addiction services9405provider certified by the director under that section.9406

(5) A physician providing services to a patient through a9407federally qualified health center or a federally qualified9408health center look-alike.9409

Sec. 4732.28. (A) An individual whom the state board of 9410 9411 psychology licenses, certificates, or otherwise legally authorizes to engage in the practice of psychology may render 9412 the professional services of a psychologist within this state 9413 through a corporation formed under division (B) of section 9414 1701.03 of the Revised Code, a limited liability company formed 9415 under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code, a partnership, 9416 or a professional association formed under Chapter 1785. of the 9417 Revised Code. This division does not preclude an individual of 9418 that nature from rendering professional services as a 9419 psychologist through another form of business entity, including, 9420 but not limited to, a nonprofit corporation or foundation, or in 9421 another manner that is authorized by or in accordance with this 9422 chapter, another chapter of the Revised Code, or rules of the 9423 state board of psychology adopted pursuant to this chapter. 9424

(B) A corporation, limited liability company, partnership,
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or professional association described in division (A) of this
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section may be formed for the purpose of providing a combination
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of the professional services of the following individuals who
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are licensed, certificated, or otherwise legally authorized to
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practice their respective professions:
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(1) Optometrists who are authorized to practice optometry9431under Chapter 4725. of the Revised Code;9432

(2) Chiropractors who are authorized to practice	9433
chiropractic or acupuncture under Chapter 4734. of the Revised	9434
Code;	9435
(3) Psychologists who are authorized to practice	9436
psychology under this chapter;	9437
psychology under this chapter,	9437
(4) Registered or licensed practical nurses who are	9438
authorized to practice nursing as registered nurses or as	9439
licensed practical nurses under Chapter 4723. of the Revised	9440
Code;	9441
(5) Pharmacists who are authorized to practice pharmacy	9442
under Chapter 4729. of the Revised Code;	9443
(6) Physical therapists who are authorized to practice	9444
physical therapy under sections 4755.40 to 4755.56 of the	9445
Revised Code;	9446
(7) Occupational therapists who are authorized to practice	9447
occupational therapy under sections 4755.04 to 4755.13 of the	9448
Revised Code;	9449
(8) Mechanotherapists who are authorized to practice	9450
mechanotherapy under section 4731.151 of the Revised Code;	9451
meenanoenerapy ander beeeren 1791.101 of ene nevibed code,	9101
(9) Doctors of medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine	9452
and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery who are	9453
authorized for their respective practices under Chapter 4731. of	9454
the Revised Code;	9455
(10) Licensed professional clinical counselors, licensed	9456
professional counselors, independent social workers, social	9457
workers, independent marriage and family therapists, or marriage	9458
and family therapists who are authorized for their respective	9459
practices under Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code.	9460

This division shall apply notwithstanding a provision of a 9461 code of ethics applicable to a psychologist that prohibits a 9462 psychologist from engaging in the practice of psychology in 9463 combination with a person who is licensed, certificated, or 9464 otherwise legally authorized to practice optometry, 9465 chiropractic, acupuncture through the state chiropractic board, 9466 nursing, pharmacy, physical therapy, occupational therapy, 9467 mechanotherapy, medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and 9468 surgery, podiatric medicine and surgery, professional 9469 counseling, social work, or marriage and family therapy, but who 9470 is not also licensed, certificated, or otherwise legally 9471 authorized to engage in the practice of psychology. 9472

Sec. 4733.16. (A) A firm, partnership, association, 9473 limited liability company, or corporation may provide 9474 professional engineering or professional surveying services in 9475 this state as long as the services are provided only through 9476 natural persons registered to provide those services in the 9477 state, subject to the exemptions in sections 4733.17 and 4733.18 9478 of the Revised Code and subject otherwise to the requirements of 9479 this chapter. 9480

(B) No firm, partnership, association, limited liability 9481 company, or corporation, except a corporation that was granted a 9482 charter prior to August 7, 1943, to engage in providing 9483 professional engineering or professional surveying services in 9484 this state or that was otherwise lawfully providing engineering 9485 services in this state prior to November 15, 1982, shall engage 9486 in providing professional engineering or professional surveying 9487 services, hold itself out to the public as being engaged in 9488 providing professional engineering or professional surveying 9489 services, or use a name including one or more of the words 9490 "engineer," "engineering," "surveyor," or "surveying" or any 9491

modification or derivation of those words, unless the firm, 9492 partnership, association, limited liability company, or 9493 corporation obtains a certificate of authorization from the 9494 state board of registration for professional engineers and 9495 surveyors and files all information required to be filed under 9496 this section with the state board of registration for 9497 professional engineers and surveyors and otherwise complies with 9498 all requirements of this chapter. A nonprofit membership 9499 corporation may use a name including one or more of the words 9500 "engineer," "engineering," "surveyor," or "surveying" or any 9501 modification or derivation of those words without complying with 9502 this section. 9503

(C) A corporation may be organized under Chapter 1701. of 9504 the Revised Code, a professional association may be organized 9505 under Chapter 1785. of the Revised Code, or a limited liability 9506 company may be formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the 9507 Revised Code for the purpose of providing professional 9508 engineering, professional surveying, architectural, or landscape 9509 architectural services or any combination of those services. A 9510 corporation organized under Chapter 1701. of the Revised Code 9511 9512 for the purpose of providing those services also may be organized for any other purpose in accordance with that chapter. 9513

(D) Each firm, partnership, association, limited liability 9514 company, or corporation through which professional engineering 9515 or professional surveying services are offered or provided in 9516 this state shall designate one or more full-time partners, 9517 managers, members, officers, or directors as being responsible 9518 for and in responsible charge of the professional engineering or 9519 professional surveying activities and decisions, and those 9520 designated persons shall be registered in this state. Each firm, 9521 partnership, association, limited liability company, or 9522

corporation shall annually file with the state board of9523registration for professional engineers and surveyors the name9524and address of all owners and all persons designated as being in9525responsible charge of the professional engineering or9526professional surveying activities and decisions and any other9527information the board may require.9528

(E) The state board of registration for professional
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engineers and surveyors shall issue a certificate of
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authorization to each firm, partnership, association, limited
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liability company, or corporation that satisfies the
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requirements of this chapter, including providing information
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that the board may require pursuant to division (D) of this
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(F) This section does not modify any law applicable to the
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relationship between a person furnishing a professional service
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and a person receiving that service, including liability arising
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out of that service.

(G) Nothing in this section shall restrict or limit in any
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 manner the authority or duty of the state board of registration
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 for professional engineers and surveyors with respect to natural
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 persons providing professional services or any law or rule
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 pertaining to standards of professional conduct.

(H) Corporations, partnerships, associations, limited
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liability companies, or firms organized under the laws of
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another state or country wishing to provide professional
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engineering or professional surveying services shall obtain a
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certificate of authorization and meet the applicable
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requirements of this section.

Sec. 4734.17. (A) An individual whom the state

Page 329

chiropractic board licenses to engage in the practice of 9552 chiropractic or certifies to practice acupuncture may render the 9553 professional services of a chiropractor or chiropractor 9554 certified to practice acupuncture within this state through a 9555 corporation formed under division (B) of section 1701.03 of the 9556 Revised Code, a limited liability company formed under Chapter 9557 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code, a partnership, or a 9558 professional association formed under Chapter 1785. of the 9559 Revised Code. This division does not preclude a chiropractor 9560 from rendering professional services as a chiropractor or 9561 chiropractor certified to practice acupuncture through another 9562 form of business entity, including, but not limited to, a 9563 nonprofit corporation or foundation, or in another manner that 9564 is authorized by or in accordance with this chapter, another 9565 chapter of the Revised Code, or rules of the state chiropractic 9566 board adopted pursuant to this chapter. 9567

(B) A corporation, limited liability company, partnership,
or professional association described in division (A) of this
section may be formed for the purpose of providing a combination
of the professional services of the following individuals who
of the certificated, or otherwise legally authorized to
practice their respective professions:

(1) Optometrists who are authorized to practice optometry, 9574under Chapter 4725. of the Revised Code; 9575

(2) Chiropractors who are authorized to practice9576chiropractic or acupuncture under this chapter;9577

(3) Psychologists who are authorized to practice9578psychology under Chapter 4732. of the Revised Code;9579

(4) Registered or licensed practical nurses who are 9580

Code;

licensed practical nurses under Chapter 4723. of the Revised 9582 9583 (5) Pharmacists who are authorized to practice pharmacy 9584 under Chapter 4729. of the Revised Code; 9585 (6) Physical therapists who are authorized to practice 9586 physical therapy under sections 4755.40 to 4755.56 of the 9587 Revised Code; 9588 (7) Occupational therapists who are authorized to practice 9589 occupational therapy under sections 4755.04 to 4755.13 of the 9590 Revised Code; 9591 (8) Mechanotherapists who are authorized to practice 9592 mechanotherapy under section 4731.151 of the Revised Code; 9593 9594 (9) Doctors of medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery who are 9595

authorized to practice nursing as registered nurses or as

authorized for their respective practices under Chapter 4731. of 9596 the Revised Code: 9597

(10) Licensed professional clinical counselors, licensed 9598 professional counselors, independent social workers, social 9599 workers, independent marriage and family therapists, or marriage 9600 and family therapists who are authorized for their respective 9601 practices under Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code. 9602

This division shall apply notwithstanding a provision of 9603 any code of ethics established or adopted under section 4734.16 9604 of the Revised Code that prohibits an individual from engaging 9605 in the practice of chiropractic or acupuncture in combination 9606 with an individual who is licensed, certificated, or otherwise 9607 authorized for the practice of optometry, psychology, nursing, 9608 9609 pharmacy, physical therapy, occupational therapy,

mechanotherapy, medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and 9610
surgery, podiatric medicine and surgery, professional 9611
counseling, social work, or marriage and family therapy, but who 9612
is not also licensed under this chapter to engage in the 9613
practice of chiropractic. 9614

Sec. 4755.111. (A) An individual whom the occupational 9615 therapy section of the Ohio occupational therapy, physical 9616 therapy, and athletic trainers board licenses, certificates, or 9617 otherwise legally authorizes to engage in the practice of 9618 9619 occupational therapy may render the professional services of an occupational therapist within this state through a corporation 9620 formed under division (B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised 9621 Code, a limited liability company formed under Chapter 1705. or 9622 <u>1706.</u> of the Revised Code, a partnership, or a professional 9623 association formed under Chapter 1785. of the Revised Code. This 9624 division does not preclude an individual of that nature from 9625 rendering professional services as an occupational therapist 9626 through another form of business entity, including, but not 9627 limited to, a nonprofit corporation or foundation, or in another 9628 manner that is authorized by or in accordance with sections 9629 4755.04 to 4755.13 of the Revised Code, another chapter of the 9630 Revised Code, or rules of the Ohio occupational therapy, 9631 physical therapy, and athletic trainers board adopted pursuant 9632 to sections 4755.04 to 4755.13 of the Revised Code. 9633

(B) A corporation, limited liability company, partnership,
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or professional association described in division (A) of this
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section may be formed for the purpose of providing a combination
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of the professional services of the following individuals who
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are licensed, certificated, or otherwise legally authorized to
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practice their respective professions:
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(1) Optometrists who are authorized to practice optometry 9640 under Chapter 4725. of the Revised Code; 9641 (2) Chiropractors who are authorized to practice 9642 chiropractic or acupuncture under Chapter 4734. of the Revised 9643 9644 Code; (3) Psychologists who are authorized to practice 9645 psychology under Chapter 4732. of the Revised Code; 9646 9647 (4) Registered or licensed practical nurses who are 9648 authorized to practice nursing as registered nurses or as licensed practical nurses under Chapter 4723. of the Revised 9649 9650 Code; (5) Pharmacists who are authorized to practice pharmacy 9651 under Chapter 4729. of the Revised Code; 9652 9653 (6) Physical therapists who are authorized to practice physical therapy under sections 4755.40 to 4755.56 of the 9654 Revised Code; 9655 (7) Occupational therapists who are authorized to practice 9656 occupational therapy under sections 4755.04 to 4755.13 of the 9657 Revised Code; 9658 (8) Mechanotherapists who are authorized to practice 9659 mechanotherapy under section 4731.151 of the Revised Code; 9660 (9) Doctors of medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine 9661 9662 and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery who are authorized for their respective practices under Chapter 4731. of 9663 the Revised Code; 9664 (10) Licensed professional clinical counselors, licensed 9665 professional counselors, independent social workers, social 9666 workers, independent marriage and family therapists, or marriage 9667

and family therapists who are authorized for their respective 9668 practices under Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code. 9669

This division shall apply notwithstanding a provision of a 9670 code of ethics applicable to an occupational therapist that 9671 9672 prohibits an occupational therapist from engaging in the practice of occupational therapy in combination with a person 9673 who is licensed, certificated, or otherwise legally authorized 9674 to practice optometry, chiropractic, acupuncture through the 9675 state chiropractic board, psychology, nursing, pharmacy, 9676 9677 physical therapy, mechanotherapy, medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, podiatric medicine and 9678 surgery, professional counseling, social work, or marriage and 9679 family therapy but who is not also licensed, certificated, or 9680 otherwise legally authorized to engage in the practice of 9681 occupational therapy. 9682

Sec. 4755.471. (A) An individual whom the physical therapy 9683 section of the Ohio occupational therapy, physical therapy, and 9684 athletic trainers board licenses, certificates, or otherwise 9685 legally authorizes to engage in the practice of physical therapy 9686 may render the professional services of a physical therapist 9687 within this state through a corporation formed under division 9688 (B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised Code, a limited liability 9689 company formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code, 9690 a partnership, or a professional association formed under 9691 Chapter 1785. of the Revised Code. This division does not 9692 preclude an individual of that nature from rendering 9693 professional services as a physical therapist through another 9694 form of business entity, including, but not limited to, a 9695 nonprofit corporation or foundation, or in another manner that 9696 is authorized by or in accordance with sections 4755.40 to 9697 4755.53 of the Revised Code, another chapter of the Revised 9698

Code, or rules of the Ohio occupational therapy, physical	9699
therapy, and athletic trainers board adopted pursuant to	9700
sections 4755.40 to 4755.53 of the Revised Code.	9701
(B) A corporation, limited liability company, partnership,	9702
or professional association described in division (A) of this	9703
section may be formed for the purpose of providing a combination	9704
of the professional services of the following individuals who	9705
are licensed, certificated, or otherwise legally authorized to	9706
practice their respective professions:	9707
(1) Optometrists who are authorized to practice optometry	9708
under Chapter 4725. of the Revised Code;	9709
(2) Chiropractors who are authorized to practice	9710
chiropractic or acupuncture under Chapter 4734. of the Revised	9711
Code;	9712
(3) Psychologists who are authorized to practice	9713
psychology under Chapter 4732. of the Revised Code;	9714
(4) Registered or licensed practical nurses who are	9715
authorized to practice nursing as registered nurses or as	9716
licensed practical nurses under Chapter 4723. of the Revised	9717
Code;	9718
(5) Pharmacists who are authorized to practice pharmacy	9719
under Chapter 4729. of the Revised Code;	9720
(6) Physical therapists who are authorized to practice	9721
physical therapy under sections 4755.40 to 4755.56 of the	9722
Revised Code;	9723
(7) Occupational therapists who are authorized to practice	9724
occupational therapy under sections 4755.04 to 4755.13 of the	9725
Revised Code;	9726

Page 336

(8) Mechanotherapists who are authorized to practice 9727
mechanotherapy under section 4731.151 of the Revised Code; 9728
(9) Doctors of medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine 9729

and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery who are 9730 authorized for their respective practices under Chapter 4731. of 9731 the Revised Code; 9732

(10) Licensed professional clinical counselors, licensed
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professional counselors, independent social workers, social
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workers, independent marriage and family therapists, or marriage
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and family therapists who are authorized for their respective
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practices under Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code.
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This division shall apply notwithstanding a provision of a 9738 code of ethics applicable to a physical therapist that prohibits 9739 a physical therapist from engaging in the practice of physical 9740 therapy in combination with a person who is licensed, 9741 certificated, or otherwise legally authorized to practice 9742 optometry, chiropractic, acupuncture through the state 9743 chiropractic board, psychology, nursing, pharmacy, occupational 9744 therapy, mechanotherapy, medicine and surgery, osteopathic 9745 medicine and surgery, podiatric medicine and surgery, 9746 9747 professional counseling, social work, or marriage and family therapy, but who is not also licensed, certificated, or 9748 otherwise legally authorized to engage in the practice of 9749 physical therapy. 9750

Sec. 4757.37. (A) An individual whom the counselor, social 9751 worker, and marriage and family therapist board licenses, 9752 certificates, or otherwise legally authorizes to engage in the 9753 practice of professional counseling, social work, or marriage 9754 and family therapy may render the professional services of a 9755 licensed professional clinical counselor, licensed professional 9756

counselor, independent social worker, social worker, independent 9757 marriage and family therapist, or marriage and family therapist 9758 within this state through a corporation formed under division 9759 (B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised Code, a limited liability 9760 company formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code, 9761 a partnership, or a professional association formed under 9762 Chapter 1785. of the Revised Code. This division does not 9763 preclude such an individual from rendering professional services 9764 as a licensed professional clinical counselor, licensed 9765 professional counselor, independent social worker, social 9766 worker, independent marriage and family therapist, or marriage 9767 and family therapist through another form of business entity, 9768 including, but not limited to, a nonprofit corporation or 9769 foundation, or in another manner that is authorized by or in 9770 accordance with this chapter, another chapter of the Revised 9771 Code, or rules of the counselor, social worker, and marriage and 9772 family therapist board adopted pursuant to this chapter. 9773

(B) A corporation, limited liability company, partnership,
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or professional association described in division (A) of this
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section may be formed for the purpose of providing a combination
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of the professional services of the following individuals who
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are licensed, certificated, or otherwise legally authorized to
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practice their respective professions:
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(1) Optometrists who are authorized to practice optometry9780under Chapter 4725. of the Revised Code;9781

(2) Chiropractors who are authorized to practice
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chiropractic or acupuncture under Chapter 4734. of the Revised
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Code;
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(3) Psychologists who are authorized to practice9785psychology under Chapter 4732. of the Revised Code;9786

authorized to practice nursing as registered nurses or as 9788 licensed practical nurses under Chapter 4723. of the Revised 9789 Code; 9790 (5) Pharmacists who are authorized to practice pharmacy 9791 under Chapter 4729. of the Revised Code; 9792 (6) Physical therapists who are authorized to practice 9793 physical therapy under sections 4755.40 to 4755.56 of the 9794 Revised Code; 9795 (7) Occupational therapists who are authorized to practice 9796 occupational therapy under sections 4755.04 to 4755.13 of the 9797 Revised Code; 9798 (8) Mechanotherapists who are authorized to practice 9799 mechanotherapy under section 4731.151 of the Revised Code; 9800 (9) Doctors of medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine 9801 and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery who are 9802 authorized for their respective practices under Chapter 4731. of 9803 the Revised Code; 9804 (10) Licensed professional clinical counselors, licensed 9805 professional counselors, independent social workers, social 9806 workers, independent marriage and family therapists, or marriage 9807 and family therapists who are authorized for their respective 9808 9809 practices under this chapter. This division applies notwithstanding a provision of a 9810 code of ethics applicable to an individual who is a licensed 9811 professional clinical counselor, licensed professional 9812 counselor, independent social worker, social worker, independent 9813 marriage and family therapist, or marriage and family therapist 9814

that prohibits the individual from engaging in the individual's

(4) Registered or licensed practical nurses who are

Page 338

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practice in combination with a person who is licensed, 9816 certificated, or otherwise legally authorized to practice 9817 optometry, chiropractic, acupuncture through the state 9818 chiropractic board, psychology, nursing, pharmacy, physical 9819 therapy, occupational therapy, mechanotherapy, medicine and 9820 surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine 9821 and surgery, but who is not also licensed, certificated, or 9822 otherwise legally authorized to engage in the practice of 9823 professional counseling, social work, or marriage and family 9824 9825 therapy.

Sec. 5701.14. For purposes of Title LVII of the Revised 9826 Code: 9827

(A) In order to determine a limited liability company's 9828 nonprofit status, an entity is operating with a nonprofit 9829 purpose under section 1705.02 of the Revised Code or carrying on 9830 any nonprofit activity under section 1706.05 of the Revised Code 9831 if that entity is organized other than for the pecuniary gain or 9832 profit of, and its net earnings or any part of its net earnings 9833 are not distributable to, its members, its directors, its 9834 9835 officers, or other private persons, except that the payment of reasonable compensation for services rendered, payments and 9836 9837 distributions in furtherance of its nonprofit purpose, and the distribution of assets on dissolution permitted by section 9838 1702.49 of the Revised Code are not pecuniary gain or profit or 9839 distribution of net earnings. In no event shall payments and 9840 distributions in furtherance of an entity's nonprofit purpose 9841 deprive the entity of its nonprofit status as long as all of the 9842 members of that entity are operating with a nonprofit purpose. 9843

(B) A single member limited liability company that9844operates with a nonprofit purpose, as described in division (A)9845

of this section, shall be treated as part of the same legal 9846 entity as its nonprofit member, and all assets and liabilities 9847 of that single member limited liability company shall be 9848 considered to be that of the nonprofit member. Filings or 9849 applications for exemptions or other tax purposes may be made 9850 either by the single member limited liability company or its 9851 nonprofit member. 9852

Sec. 5715.19. (A) As used in this section, "member" has9853the same meaning as in section 1705.01 or 1706.01 of the Revised9854Coderas applicable, and "internet identifier of record" has the9855same meaning as in section 9.312 of the Revised Code.9856

(1) Subject to division (A) (2) of this section, a 9857 complaint against any of the following determinations for the 9858 current tax year shall be filed with the county auditor on or 9859 before the thirty-first day of March of the ensuing tax year or 9860 the date of closing of the collection for the first half of real 9861 and public utility property taxes for the current tax year, 9862 whichever is later: 9863

(a) Any classification made under section 5713.041 of the 9864Revised Code; 9865

(b) Any determination made under section 5713.32 or98665713.35 of the Revised Code;9867

(c) Any recoupment charge levied under section 5713.35 of 9868 the Revised Code; 9869

(d) The determination of the total valuation or assessment
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of any parcel that appears on the tax list, except parcels
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assessed by the tax commissioner pursuant to section 5727.06 of
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the Revised Code;

(e) The determination of the total valuation of any parcel 9874

that appears on the agricultural land tax list, except parcels 9875 assessed by the tax commissioner pursuant to section 5727.06 of 9876 the Revised Code; 9877

(f) Any determination made under division (A) of section319.302 of the Revised Code.9879

If such a complaint is filed by mail or certified mail, 9880 the date of the United States postmark placed on the envelope or 9881 sender's receipt by the postal service shall be treated as the 9882 date of filing. A private meter postmark on an envelope is not a 9883 valid postmark for purposes of establishing the filing date. 9884

Any person owning taxable real property in the county or 9885 in a taxing district with territory in the county; such a 9886 9887 person's spouse; an individual who is retained by such a person and who holds a designation from a professional assessment 9888 organization, such as the institute for professionals in 9889 taxation, the national council of property taxation, or the 9890 international association of assessing officers; a public 9891 accountant who holds a permit under section 4701.10 of the 9892 Revised Code, a general or residential real estate appraiser 9893 licensed or certified under Chapter 4763. of the Revised Code, 9894 or a real estate broker licensed under Chapter 4735. of the 9895 Revised Code, who is retained by such a person; if the person is 9896 a firm, company, association, partnership, limited liability 9897 company, or corporation, an officer, a salaried employee, a 9898 partner, or a member of that person; if the person is a trust, a 9899 trustee of the trust; the board of county commissioners; the 9900 prosecuting attorney or treasurer of the county; the board of 9901 township trustees of any township with territory within the 9902 county; the board of education of any school district with any 9903 territory in the county; or the mayor or legislative authority 9904

of any municipal corporation with any territory in the county 9905 may file such a complaint regarding any such determination 9906 affecting any real property in the county, except that a person 9907 owning taxable real property in another county may file such a 9908 complaint only with regard to any such determination affecting 9909 real property in the county that is located in the same taxing 9910 district as that person's real property is located. The county 9911 auditor shall present to the county board of revision all 9912 complaints filed with the auditor. 9913

(2) As used in division (A) (2) of this section, "interim 9914
period" means, for each county, the tax year to which section 9915
5715.24 of the Revised Code applies and each subsequent tax year 9916
until the tax year in which that section applies again. 9917

No person, board, or officer shall file a complaint 9918 against the valuation or assessment of any parcel that appears 9919 on the tax list if it filed a complaint against the valuation or 9920 assessment of that parcel for any prior tax year in the same 9921 interim period, unless the person, board, or officer alleges 9922 that the valuation or assessment should be changed due to one or 9923 more of the following circumstances that occurred after the tax 9924 lien date for the tax year for which the prior complaint was 9925 filed and that the circumstances were not taken into 9926 consideration with respect to the prior complaint: 9927

(a) The property was sold in an arm's length transaction, 9928as described in section 5713.03 of the Revised Code; 9929

(b) The property lost value due to some casualty; 9930

(c) Substantial improvement was added to the property; 9931

(d) An increase or decrease of at least fifteen per cent9932in the property's occupancy has had a substantial economic9933

impact on the property.

(3) If a county board of revision, the board of tax 9935 appeals, or any court dismisses a complaint filed under this 9936 section or section 5715.13 of the Revised Code for the reason 9937 that the act of filing the complaint was the unauthorized 9938 practice of law or the person filing the complaint was engaged 9939 in the unauthorized practice of law, the party affected by a 9940 decrease in valuation or the party's agent, or the person owning 9941 taxable real property in the county or in a taxing district with 9942 9943 territory in the county, may refile the complaint, 9944 notwithstanding division (A)(2) of this section.

(4) (a) No complaint filed under this section or section
5715.13 of the Revised Code shall be dismissed for the reason
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that the complaint fails to accurately identify the owner of the
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property that is the subject of the complaint.
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(b) If a complaint fails to accurately identify the owner
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of the property that is the subject of the complaint, the board
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of revision shall exercise due diligence to ensure the correct
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property owner is notified as required by divisions (B) and (C)
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of this section.

(5) Notwithstanding division (A) (2) of this section, a
person, board, or officer may file a complaint against the
valuation or assessment of any parcel that appears on the tax
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list if it filed a complaint against the valuation or assessment
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of that parcel for any prior tax year in the same interim period
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if the person, board, or officer withdrew the complaint before
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the complaint was heard by the board.

(B) Within thirty days after the last date such complaints9961may be filed, the auditor shall give notice of each complaint in9962

Page 343

which the stated amount of overvaluation, undervaluation, 9963 discriminatory valuation, illegal valuation, or incorrect 9964 determination is at least seventeen thousand five hundred 9965 dollars to each property owner whose property is the subject of 9966 the complaint, if the complaint was not filed by the owner or 9967 the owner's spouse, and to each board of education whose school 9968 district may be affected by the complaint. Within thirty days 9969 after receiving such notice, a board of education; a property 9970 owner; the owner's spouse; an individual who is retained by such 9971 an owner and who holds a designation from a professional 9972 assessment organization, such as the institute for professionals 9973 in taxation, the national council of property taxation, or the 9974 international association of assessing officers; a public 9975 accountant who holds a permit under section 4701.10 of the 9976 Revised Code, a general or residential real estate appraiser 9977 licensed or certified under Chapter 4763. of the Revised Code, 9978 or a real estate broker licensed under Chapter 4735. of the 9979 Revised Code, who is retained by such a person; or, if the 9980 property owner is a firm, company, association, partnership, 9981 limited liability company, corporation, or trust, an officer, a 9982 salaried employee, a partner, a member, or trustee of that 9983 property owner, may file a complaint in support of or objecting 9984 to the amount of alleged overvaluation, undervaluation, 9985 discriminatory valuation, illegal valuation, or incorrect 9986 determination stated in a previously filed complaint or 9987 objecting to the current valuation. Upon the filing of a 9988 complaint under this division, the board of education or the 9989 property owner shall be made a party to the action. 9990

(C) Each board of revision shall notify any complainant
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and also the property owner, if the property owner's address is
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known, when a complaint is filed by one other than the property
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owner, not less than ten days prior to the hearing, either by 9994 certified mail or, if the board has record of an internet 9995 identifier of record associated with the owner, by ordinary mail 9996 and by that internet identifier of record of the time and place 9997 the same will be heard. The board of revision shall hear and 9998 render its decision on a complaint within ninety days after the 9999 filing thereof with the board, except that if a complaint is 10000 filed within thirty days after receiving notice from the auditor 10001 as provided in division (B) of this section, the board shall 10002 hear and render its decision within ninety days after such 10003 filing. 10004

(D) The determination of any such complaint shall relate 10005 back to the date when the lien for taxes or recoupment charges 10006 for the current year attached or the date as of which liability 10007 for such year was determined. Liability for taxes and recoupment 10008 charges for such year and each succeeding year until the 10009 complaint is finally determined and for any penalty and interest 10010 for nonpayment thereof within the time required by law shall be 10011 based upon the determination, valuation, or assessment as 10012 finally determined. Each complaint shall state the amount of 10013 overvaluation, undervaluation, discriminatory valuation, illegal 10014 valuation, or incorrect classification or determination upon 10015 which the complaint is based. The treasurer shall accept any 10016 amount tendered as taxes or recoupment charge upon property 10017 concerning which a complaint is then pending, computed upon the 10018 claimed valuation as set forth in the complaint. If a complaint 10019 filed under this section for the current year is not determined 10020 by the board within the time prescribed for such determination, 10021 the complaint and any proceedings in relation thereto shall be 10022 continued by the board as a valid complaint for any ensuing year 10023 until such complaint is finally determined by the board or upon 10024

any appeal from a decision of the board. In such case, the10025original complaint shall continue in effect without further10026filing by the original taxpayer, the original taxpayer's10027assignee, or any other person or entity authorized to file a10028complaint under this section.10029

(E) If a taxpayer files a complaint as to the 10030
classification, valuation, assessment, or any determination 10031
affecting the taxpayer's own property and tenders less than the 10032
full amount of taxes or recoupment charges as finally 10033
determined, an interest charge shall accrue as follows: 10034

(1) If the amount finally determined is less than the 10035 amount billed but more than the amount tendered, the taxpayer 10036 shall pay interest at the rate per annum prescribed by section 10037 5703.47 of the Revised Code, computed from the date that the 10038 taxes were due on the difference between the amount finally 10039 determined and the amount tendered. This interest charge shall 10040 be in lieu of any penalty or interest charge under section 10041 323.121 of the Revised Code unless the taxpayer failed to file a 10042 complaint and tender an amount as taxes or recoupment charges 10043 within the time required by this section, in which case section 10044 323.121 of the Revised Code applies. 10045

(2) If the amount of taxes finally determined is equal to 10046 or greater than the amount billed and more than the amount 10047 tendered, the taxpayer shall pay interest at the rate prescribed 10048 by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code from the date the taxes 10049 were due on the difference between the amount finally determined 10050 and the amount tendered, such interest to be in lieu of any 10051 interest charge but in addition to any penalty prescribed by 10052 section 323.121 of the Revised Code. 10053

(F) Upon request of a complainant, the tax commissioner 10054

shall determine the common level of assessment of real property 10055 in the county for the year stated in the request that is not 10056 valued under section 5713.31 of the Revised Code, which common 10057 level of assessment shall be expressed as a percentage of true 10058 value and the common level of assessment of lands valued under 10059 such section, which common level of assessment shall also be 10060 10061 expressed as a percentage of the current agricultural use value of such lands. Such determination shall be made on the basis of 10062 the most recent available sales ratio studies of the 10063 commissioner and such other factual data as the commissioner 10064 deems pertinent. 10065

(G) A complainant shall provide to the board of revision 10066 all information or evidence within the complainant's knowledge 10067 or possession that affects the real property that is the subject 10068 of the complaint. A complainant who fails to provide such 10069 information or evidence is precluded from introducing it on 10070 appeal to the board of tax appeals or the court of common pleas, 10071 except that the board of tax appeals or court may admit and 10072 consider the evidence if the complainant shows good cause for 10073 the complainant's failure to provide the information or evidence 10074 to the board of revision. 10075

(H) In case of the pendency of any proceeding in court 10076 based upon an alleged excessive, discriminatory, or illegal 10077 valuation or incorrect classification or determination, the 10078 taxpayer may tender to the treasurer an amount as taxes upon 10079 property computed upon the claimed valuation as set forth in the 10080 complaint to the court. The treasurer may accept the tender. If 10081 the tender is not accepted, no penalty shall be assessed because 10082 of the nonpayment of the full taxes assessed. 10083

Sec. 5733.04. As used in this chapter:

Page 347

required to be paid.

(A) "Issued and outstanding shares of stock" applies to 10085 nonprofit corporations, as provided in section 5733.01 of the 10086 Revised Code, and includes, but is not limited to, membership 10087 certificates and other instruments evidencing ownership of an 10088 interest in such nonprofit corporations, and with respect to a 10089 financial institution that does not have capital stock, "issued 10090 and outstanding shares of stock" includes, but is not limited 10091 to, ownership interests of depositors in the capital employed in 10092 such an institution. 10093 (B) "Taxpayer" means a corporation subject to the tax 10094 imposed by section 5733.06 of the Revised Code. 10095 (C) "Resident" means a corporation organized under the 10096 laws of this state. 10097 (D) "Commercial domicile" means the principal place from 10098 which the trade or business of the taxpayer is directed or 10099 10100 managed. (E) "Taxable year" means the period prescribed by division 10101 (A) of section 5733.031 of the Revised Code upon the net income 10102 of which the value of the taxpayer's issued and outstanding 10103 shares of stock is determined under division (B) of section 10104 5733.05 of the Revised Code or the period prescribed by division 10105 (A) of section 5733.031 of the Revised Code that immediately 10106 precedes the date as of which the total value of the corporation 10107 is determined under division (A) or (C) of section 5733.05 of 10108 the Revised Code. 10109 (F) "Tax year" means the calendar year in and for which 10110 the tax imposed by section 5733.06 of the Revised Code is 10111

(G) "Internal Revenue Code" means the "Internal Revenue 10113

Page 348

Page 349

#### Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended. 10114 (H) "Federal income tax" means the income tax imposed by 10115 the Internal Revenue Code. 10116 (I) Except as provided in section 5733.058 of the Revised 10117 Code, "net income" means the taxpayer's taxable income before 10118 operating loss deduction and special deductions, as required to 10119 be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under the Internal 10120 10121 Revenue Code, subject to the following adjustments: (1) (a) Deduct any net operating loss incurred in any 10122 taxable years ending in 1971 or thereafter, but exclusive of any 10123 net operating loss incurred in taxable years ending prior to 10124 January 1, 1971. This deduction shall not be allowed in any tax 10125 year commencing before December 31, 1973, but shall be carried 10126 over and allowed in tax years commencing after December 31, 10127 1973, until fully utilized in the next succeeding taxable year 10128 or years in which the taxpayer has net income, but in no case 10129 for more than the designated carryover period as described in 10130 division (I)(1)(b) of this section. The amount of such net 10131 operating loss, as determined under the allocation and 10132 apportionment provisions of section 5733.051 and division (B) of 10133 section 5733.05 of the Revised Code for the year in which the 10134 net operating loss occurs, shall be deducted from net income, as 10135 determined under the allocation and apportionment provisions of 10136 section 5733.051 and division (B) of section 5733.05 of the 10137 Revised Code, to the extent necessary to reduce net income to 10138 zero with the remaining unused portion of the deduction, if any, 10139 carried forward to the remaining years of the designated 10140 carryover period as described in division (I)(1)(b) of this 10141 section, or until fully utilized, whichever occurs first. 10142

(b) For losses incurred in taxable years ending on or 10143

before December 31, 1981, the designated carryover period shall 10144 be the five consecutive taxable years after the taxable year in 10145 which the net operating loss occurred. For losses incurred in 10146 taxable years ending on or after January 1, 1982, and beginning 10147 before August 6, 1997, the designated carryover period shall be 10148 the fifteen consecutive taxable years after the taxable year in 10149 which the net operating loss occurs. For losses incurred in 10150 taxable years beginning on or after August 6, 1997, the 10151 designated carryover period shall be the twenty consecutive 10152 taxable years after the taxable year in which the net operating 10153 loss occurs. 10154

(c) The tax commissioner may require a taxpayer to furnish
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 any information necessary to support a claim for deduction under
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 division (I) (1) (a) of this section and no deduction shall be
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 allowed unless the information is furnished.
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(2) Deduct any amount included in net income by 10159 application of section 78 or 951 of the Internal Revenue Code, 10160 amounts received for royalties, technical or other services 10161 derived from sources outside the United States, and dividends 10162 received from a subsidiary, associate, or affiliated corporation 10163 that neither transacts any substantial portion of its business 10164 nor regularly maintains any substantial portion of its assets 10165 within the United States. For purposes of determining net 10166 foreign source income deductible under division (I)(2) of this 10167 section, the amount of gross income from all such sources other 10168 than dividend income and income derived by application of 10169 section 78 or 951 of the Internal Revenue Code shall be reduced 10170 by: 10171

(a) The amount of any reimbursed expenses for personal10172services performed by employees of the taxpayer for the10173

subsidiary, associate, or affiliated corporation;

(b) Ten per cent of the amount of royalty income and 10175 technical assistance fees; 10176 (c) Fifteen per cent of the amount of all other income. 10177 The amounts described in divisions (I)(2)(a) to (c) of 10178 this section are deemed to be the expenses attributable to the 10179 production of deductible foreign source income unless the 10180 10181 taxpayer shows, by clear and convincing evidence, less actual expenses, or the tax commissioner shows, by clear and convincing 10182 evidence, more actual expenses. 10183 10184 (3) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a capital asset, or an 10185 asset described in section 1231 of the Internal Revenue Code, to 10186

the extent that such loss or gain occurred prior to the first 10187 taxable year on which the tax provided for in section 5733.06 of 10188 the Revised Code is computed on the corporation's net income. 10189 For purposes of division (I)(3) of this section, the amount of 10190 10191 the prior loss or gain shall be measured by the difference between the original cost or other basis of the asset and the 10192 fair market value as of the beginning of the first taxable year 10193 on which the tax provided for in section 5733.06 of the Revised 10194 10195 Code is computed on the corporation's net income. At the option of the taxpayer, the amount of the prior loss or gain may be a 10196 percentage of the gain or loss, which percentage shall be 10197 determined by multiplying the gain or loss by a fraction, the 10198 numerator of which is the number of months from the acquisition 10199 of the asset to the beginning of the first taxable year on which 10200 the fee provided in section 5733.06 of the Revised Code is 10201 computed on the corporation's net income, and the denominator of 10202 which is the number of months from the acquisition of the asset 10203

Page 351

to the sale, exchange, or other disposition of the asset. The 10204 adjustments described in this division do not apply to any gain 10205 or loss where the gain or loss is recognized by a qualifying 10206 taxpayer, as defined in section 5733.0510 of the Revised Code, 10207 with respect to a qualifying taxable event, as defined in that 10208 section. 10209

(4) Deduct the dividend received deduction provided by section 243 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(5) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent on public 10212 obligations and purchase obligations to the extent included in 10213 federal taxable income. As used in divisions (I) (5) and (6) of 10214 this section, "public obligations," "purchase obligations," and 10215 "interest or interest equivalent" have the same meanings as in 10216 section 5709.76 of the Revised Code. 10217

(6) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from the
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sale, exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to
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the extent included in federal taxable income.
10220

(7) To the extent not otherwise allowed, deduct any 10221 dividends or distributions received by a taxpayer from a public 10222 10223 utility, excluding an electric company and a combined company, and, for tax years 2005 and thereafter, a telephone company, if 10224 the taxpayer owns at least eighty per cent of the issued and 10225 outstanding common stock of the public utility. As used in 10226 division (I)(7) of this section, "public utility" means a public 10227 utility as defined in Chapter 5727. of the Revised Code, whether 10228 or not the public utility is doing business in the state. 10229

(8) To the extent not otherwise allowed, deduct any
dividends received by a taxpayer from an insurance company, if
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the taxpayer owns at least eighty per cent of the issued and
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Page 352

10210

outstanding common stock of the insurance company. As used in10233division (I)(8) of this section, "insurance company" means an10234insurance company that is taxable under Chapter 5725. or 5729.10235of the Revised Code.10236

(9) Deduct expenditures for modifying existing buildings 10237 or structures to meet American national standards institute 10238 standard A-117.1-1961 (R-1971), as amended; provided, that no 10239 deduction shall be allowed to the extent that such deduction is 10240 not permitted under federal law or under rules of the tax 10241 commissioner. Those deductions as are allowed may be taken over 10242 10243 a period of five years. The tax commissioner shall adopt rules under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code establishing reasonable 10244 10245 limitations on the extent that expenditures for modifying existing buildings or structures are attributable to the purpose 10246 of making the buildings or structures accessible to and usable 10247 by physically handicapped persons. 10248

(10) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not 10249 otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been 10250 allowable as a deduction in computing federal taxable income 10251 before operating loss deduction and special deductions for the 10252 taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit allowed and 10253 determined under sections 38, 51, and 52 of the Internal Revenue 10254 Code not been in effect. 10255

(11) Deduct net interest income on obligations of the
United States and its territories and possessions or of any
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authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States
to the extent the laws of the United States prohibit inclusion
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of the net interest for purposes of determining the value of the
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taxpayer's issued and outstanding shares of stock under division
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(B) of section 5733.05 of the Revised Code. As used in division

(I) (11) of this section, "net interest" means interest net of
any expenses taken on the federal income tax return that would
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not have been allowed under section 265 of the Internal Revenue
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Code if the interest were exempt from federal income tax.

(12) (a) Except as set forth in division (I) (12) (d) of this 10267 section, to the extent not included in computing the taxpayer's 10268 federal taxable income before operating loss deduction and 10269 special deductions, add gains and deduct losses from direct or 10270 indirect sales, exchanges, or other dispositions, made by a 10271 10272 related entity who is not a taxpayer, of the taxpayer's indirect, beneficial, or constructive investment in the stock or 10273 debt of another entity, unless the gain or loss has been 10274 included in computing the federal taxable income before 10275 operating loss deduction and special deductions of another 10276 taxpayer with a more closely related investment in the stock or 10277 debt of the other entity. The amount of gain added or loss 10278 deducted shall not exceed the product obtained by multiplying 10279 such gain or loss by the taxpayer's proportionate share, 10280 10281 directly, indirectly, beneficially, or constructively, of the outstanding stock of the related entity immediately prior to the 10282 10283 direct or indirect sale, exchange, or other disposition.

10284 (b) Except as set forth in division (I) (12) (e) of this section, to the extent not included in computing the taxpayer's 10285 10286 federal taxable income before operating loss deduction and special deductions, add gains and deduct losses from direct or 10287 indirect sales, exchanges, or other dispositions made by a 10288 related entity who is not a taxpayer, of intangible property 10289 other than stock, securities, and debt, if such property was 10290 owned, or used in whole or in part, at any time prior to or at 10291 the time of the sale, exchange, or disposition by either the 10292 taxpayer or by a related entity that was a taxpayer at any time 10293

during the related entity's ownership or use of such property, 10294 unless the gain or loss has been included in computing the 10295 federal taxable income before operating loss deduction and 10296 special deductions of another taxpayer with a more closely 10297 related ownership or use of such intangible property. The amount 10298 of gain added or loss deducted shall not exceed the product 10299 obtained by multiplying such gain or loss by the taxpayer's 10300 proportionate share, directly, indirectly, beneficially, or 10301 constructively, of the outstanding stock of the related entity 10302 immediately prior to the direct or indirect sale, exchange, or 10303 other disposition. 10304

(c) As used in division (I) (12) of this section, "related 10305
entity" means those entities described in divisions (I) (12) (c) 10306
(i) to (iii) of this section: 10307

(i) An individual stockholder, or a member of the
stockholder's family enumerated in section 318 of the Internal
Revenue Code, if the stockholder and the members of the
stockholder's family own, directly, indirectly, beneficially, or
constructively, in the aggregate, at least fifty per cent of the
value of the taxpayer's outstanding stock;

(ii) A stockholder, or a stockholder's partnership,
estate, trust, or corporation, if the stockholder and the
stockholder's partnerships, estates, trusts, and corporations
own directly, indirectly, beneficially, or constructively, in
the aggregate, at least fifty per cent of the value of the
taxpayer's outstanding stock;

(iii) A corporation, or a party related to the corporation
in a manner that would require an attribution of stock from the
corporation to the party or from the party to the corporation
under division (I) (12) (c) (iv) of this section, if the taxpayer

owns, directly, indirectly, beneficially, or constructively, at 10324 least fifty per cent of the value of the corporation's 10325 outstanding stock. 10326 (iv) The attribution rules of section 318 of the Internal 10327 Revenue Code apply for purposes of determining whether the 10328 ownership requirements in divisions (I) (12) (c) (i) to (iii) of 10329 this section have been met. 10330 (d) For purposes of the adjustments required by division 10331 (I) (12) (a) of this section, the term "investment in the stock or 10332 debt of another entity" means only those investments where the 10333 taxpayer and the taxpayer's related entities directly, 10334 indirectly, beneficially, or constructively own, in the 10335 aggregate, at any time during the twenty-four month period 10336 commencing one year prior to the direct or indirect sale, 10337 exchange, or other disposition of such investment at least fifty 10338 per cent or more of the value of either the outstanding stock or 10339 such debt of such other entity. 10340 (e) For purposes of the adjustments required by division 10341 10342 (I) (12) (b) of this section, the term "related entity" excludes all of the following: 10343 (i) Foreign corporations as defined in section 7701 of the 10344 Internal Revenue Code; 10345 (ii) Foreign partnerships as defined in section 7701 of 10346 the Internal Revenue Code; 10347

(iii) Corporations, partnerships, estates, and trusts
created or organized in or under the laws of the Commonwealth of
Puerto Rico or any possession of the United States;
10348

(iv) Foreign estates and foreign trusts as defined in 10351
section 7701 of the Internal Revenue Code. 10352

The exclusions described in divisions (I)(12)(e)(i) to10353(iv) of this section do not apply if the corporation,10354partnership, estate, or trust is described in any one of10355divisions (C)(1) to (5) of section 5733.042 of the Revised Code.10356

(f) Nothing in division (I)(12) of this section shall 10357
require or permit a taxpayer to add any gains or deduct any 10358
losses described in divisions (I)(12)(f)(i) and (ii) of this 10359
section: 10360

(i) Gains or losses recognized for federal income tax
purposes by an individual, estate, or trust without regard to
the attribution rules described in division (I) (12) (c) of this
section;

(ii) A related entity's gains or losses described in 10365 division (I)(12)(b) of this section if the taxpayer's ownership 10366 of or use of such intangible property was limited to a period 10367 not exceeding nine months and was attributable to a transaction 10368 or a series of transactions executed in accordance with the 10369 election or elections made by the taxpayer or a related entity 10370 pursuant to section 338 of the Internal Revenue Code. 10371

(13) Any adjustment required by section 5733.042 of the 10372
Revised Code. 10373

(14) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section
5733.0611 of the Revised Code to the extent that such amount
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satisfies either of the following:

(a) It was deducted or excluded from the computation of
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 the corporation's taxable income before operating loss deduction
 and special deductions as required to be reported for the
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 corporation's taxable year under the Internal Revenue Code;
 10380

(b) It resulted in a reduction of the corporation's 10381

taxable income before operating loss deduction and special10382deductions as required to be reported for any of the10383corporation's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code.10384

(15) Deduct the amount contributed by the taxpayer to an 10385 individual development account program established by a county 10386 department of job and family services pursuant to sections 10387 329.11 to 329.14 of the Revised Code for the purpose of matching 10388 funds deposited by program participants. On request of the tax 10389 commissioner, the taxpayer shall provide any information that, 10390 10391 in the tax commissioner's opinion, is necessary to establish the 10392 amount deducted under division (I)(15) of this section.

(16) Any adjustment required by section 5733.0510 or 10393 5733.0511 of the Revised Code. 10394

(17) (a) (i) Add five-sixths of the amount of depreciation 10395 expense allowed under subsection (k) of section 168 of the 10396 Internal Revenue Code, including a person's proportionate or 10397 distributive share of the amount of depreciation expense allowed 10398 by that subsection to any pass-through entity in which the 10399 person has direct or indirect ownership. 10400

(ii) Add five-sixths of the amount of qualifying section 10401 179 depreciation expense, including a person's proportionate or 10402 distributive share of the amount of qualifying section 179 10403 depreciation expense allowed to any pass-through entity in which 10404 the person has a direct or indirect ownership. For the purposes 10405 of this division, "qualifying section 179 depreciation expense" 10406 means the difference between (I) the amount of depreciation 10407 expense directly or indirectly allowed to the taxpayer under 10408 section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code, and (II) the amount of 10409 depreciation expense directly or indirectly allowed to the 10410 taxpayer under section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code as that 10411

Page 359

section existed on December 31, 2002.

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The tax commissioner, under procedures established by the10413commissioner, may waive the add-backs related to a pass-through10414entity if the person owns, directly or indirectly, less than10415five per cent of the pass-through entity.10416

(b) Nothing in division (I)(17) of this section shall be 10417 construed to adjust or modify the adjusted basis of any asset. 10418

(c) To the extent the add-back is attributable to property 10419
generating income or loss allocable under section 5733.051 of 10420
the Revised Code, the add-back shall be allocated to the same 10421
location as the income or loss generated by that property. 10422
Otherwise, the add-back shall be apportioned, subject to 10423
division (B) (2) (d) of section 5733.05 of the Revised Code. 10424

(18)(a) If a person is required to make the add-back under 10425 division (I)(17)(a) of this section for a tax year, the person 10426 shall deduct one-fifth of the amount added back for each of the 10427 succeeding five tax years. 10428

(b) If the amount deducted under division (I) (18) (a) of 10429
this section is attributable to an add-back allocated under 10430
division (I) (17) (c) of this section, the amount deducted shall 10431
be allocated to the same location. Otherwise, the amount shall 10432
be apportioned using the apportionment factors for the taxable 10433
year in which the deduction is taken, subject to division (B) (2) 10434
(d) of section 5733.05 of the Revised Code. 10435

(J) Except as otherwise expressly provided or clearly
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 appearing from the context, any term used in this chapter has
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 the same meaning as when used in a comparable context in the
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 laws of the United States relating to federal income taxes. Any
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 reference in this chapter to the Internal Revenue Code includes
 10440

taxes.

10442 (K) "Financial institution" has the meaning given by 10443 section 5725.01 of the Revised Code but does not include a 10444 production credit association as described in 85 Stat. 597, 12 10445 U.S.C.A. 2091. 10446 (L) (1) A "qualifying holding company" is any corporation 10447 satisfying all of the following requirements: 10448 (a) Subject to divisions (L) (2) and (3) of this section, 10449 the net book value of the corporation's intangible assets is 10450 greater than or equal to ninety per cent of the net book value 10451 of all of its assets and at least fifty per cent of the net book 10452 value of all of its assets represents direct or indirect 10453 investments in the equity of, loans and advances to, and 10454 accounts receivable due from related members; 10455 (b) At least ninety per cent of the corporation's gross 10456 income for the taxable year is attributable to the following: 10457 (i) The maintenance, management, ownership, acquisition, 10458 use, and disposition of its intangible property, its aircraft 10459 the use of which is not subject to regulation under 14 C.F.R. 10460 part 121 or part 135, and any real property described in 10461 division (L)(2)(c) of this section; 10462 (ii) The collection and distribution of income from such 10463 property. 10464

other laws of the United States relating to federal income

(c) The corporation is not a financial institution on the 10465 last day of the taxable year ending prior to the first day of 10466 10467 the tax year;

(d) The corporation's related members make a good faith 10468

Page 360
and reasonable effort to make timely and fully the adjustments10469required by division (D) of section 5733.05 of the Revised Code10470and to pay timely and fully all uncontested taxes, interest,10471penalties, and other fees and charges imposed under this10472chapter;10473

(e) Subject to division (L) (4) of this section, the
 10474
 corporation elects to be treated as a qualifying holding company
 10475
 for the tax year.

A corporation otherwise satisfying divisions (L)(1)(a) to 10477 (e) of this section that does not elect to be a qualifying 10478 holding company is not a qualifying holding company for the 10479 purposes of this chapter. 10480

(2) (a) (i) For purposes of making the ninety per cent
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computation under division (L) (1) (a) of this section, the net
book value of the corporation's assets shall not include the net
book value of aircraft or real property described in division
(L) (1) (b) (i) of this section.

(ii) For purposes of making the fifty per cent computation
under division (L) (1) (a) of this section, the net book value of
assets shall include the net book value of aircraft or real
property described in division (L) (1) (b) (i) of this section.

10490 (b) (i) As used in division (L) of this section, "intangible asset" includes, but is not limited to, the 10491 corporation's direct interest in each pass-through entity only 10492 if at all times during the corporation's taxable year ending 10493 prior to the first day of the tax year the corporation's and the 10494 corporation's related members' combined direct and indirect 10495 interests in the capital or profits of such pass-through entity 10496 do not exceed fifty per cent. If the corporation's interest in 10497

the pass-through entity is an intangible asset for that taxable 10498 year, then the distributive share of any income from the pass- 10499 through entity shall be income from an intangible asset for that 10500 taxable year. 10501

(ii) If a corporation's and the corporation's related 10502 members' combined direct and indirect interests in the capital 10503 or profits of a pass-through entity exceed fifty per cent at any 10504 time during the corporation's taxable year ending prior to the 10505 first day of the tax year, "intangible asset" does not include 10506 the corporation's direct interest in the pass-through entity, 10507 10508 and the corporation shall include in its assets its proportionate share of the assets of any such pass-through 10509 entity and shall include in its gross income its distributive 10510 share of the gross income of such pass-through entity in the 10511 same form as was earned by the pass-through entity. 10512

(iii) A pass-through entity's direct or indirect 10513 proportionate share of any other pass-through entity's assets 10514 shall be included for the purpose of computing the corporation's 10515 proportionate share of the pass-through entity's assets under 10516 division (L)(2)(b)(ii) of this section, and such pass-through 10517 entity's distributive share of any other pass-through entity's 10518 gross income shall be included for purposes of computing the 10519 corporation's distributive share of the pass-through entity's 10520 gross income under division (L)(2)(b)(ii) of this section. 10521

(c) For the purposes of divisions (L)(1)(b)(i), (1)(b) 10522
(ii), (2)(a)(i), and (2)(a)(ii) of this section, real property 10523
is described in division (L)(2)(c) of this section only if all 10524
of the following conditions are present at all times during the 10525
taxable year ending prior to the first day of the tax year: 10526

(i) The real property serves as the headquarters of the 10527

corporation's trade or business, or is the place from which the 10528 corporation's trade or business is principally managed or 10529 directed; 10530

(ii) Not more than ten per cent of the value of the real 10531 property and not more than ten per cent of the square footage of 10532 the building or buildings that are part of the real property is 10533 used, made available, or occupied for the purpose of providing, 10534 acquiring, transferring, selling, or disposing of tangible 10535 property or services in the normal course of business to persons 10536 10537 other than related members, the corporation's employees and their families, and such related members' employees and their 10538 families. 10539

(d) As used in division (L) of this section, "related 10540
member" has the same meaning as in division (A) (6) of section 10541
5733.042 of the Revised Code without regard to division (B) of 10542
that section. 10543

(3) The percentages described in division (L) (1) (a) of
this section shall be equal to the quarterly average of those
percentages as calculated during the corporation's taxable year
10546
ending prior to the first day of the tax year.

(4) With respect to the election described in division (L) 10548(1) (e) of this section: 10549

(a) The election need not accompany a timely filed report; 10550

(b) The election need not accompany the report; rather,
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the election may accompany a subsequently filed but timely
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application for refund and timely amended report, or a
subsequently filed but timely petition for reassessment;
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(c) The election is not irrevocable; 10555

the corporation;

(e) The corporation's related members comply with division 10558 (L)(1)(d) of this section. 10559 Nothing in division (L)(4) of this section shall be 10560 construed to extend any statute of limitations set forth in this 10561 10562 chapter. (M) "Qualifying controlled group" means two or more 10563 corporations that satisfy the ownership and control requirements 10564 of division (A) of section 5733.052 of the Revised Code. 10565 (N) "Limited liability company" means any limited 10566 liability company formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the 10567 Revised Code or under the laws of any other state. 10568 (0) "Pass-through entity" means a corporation that has 10569 made an election under subchapter S of Chapter 1 of Subtitle A 10570 of the Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year under that 10571 code, or a partnership, limited liability company, or any other 10572 person, other than an individual, trust, or estate, if the 10573 partnership, limited liability company, or other person is not 10574 classified for federal income tax purposes as an association 10575 10576 taxed as a corporation. (P) "Electric company," "combined company," and "telephone 10577 company" have the same meanings as in section 5727.01 of the 10578 Revised Code. 10579 (Q) "Business income" means income arising from 10580

(d) The election applies only to the tax year specified by

(Q) "Business income" means income arising from10580transactions, activities, and sources in the regular course of a10581trade or business and includes income from real property,10582tangible personal property, and intangible personal property if10583the acquisition, rental, management, and disposition of the10584

Page 364

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property constitute integral parts of the regular course of a 10585 trade or business operation. "Business income" includes income, 10586 including gain or loss, from a partial or complete liquidation 10587 of a business, including, but not limited to, gain or loss from 10588 the sale or other disposition of goodwill. 10589 (R) "Nonbusiness income" means all income other than 10590 business income. 10591 Sec. 5733.33. (A) As used in this section: 10592 (1) "Manufacturing machinery and equipment" means engines 10593 and machinery, and tools and implements, of every kind used, or 10594 designed to be used, in refining and manufacturing. 10595 "Manufacturing machinery and equipment" does not include 10596 property acquired after December 31, 1999, that is used: 10597 (a) For the transmission and distribution of electricity; 10598 (b) For the generation of electricity, if fifty per cent 10599 or more of the electricity that the property generates is 10600 consumed, during the one-hundred-twenty-month period commencing 10601 with the date the property is placed in service, by persons that 10602 are not related members to the person who generates the 10603 electricity. 10604 (2) "New manufacturing machinery and equipment" means 10605 manufacturing machinery and equipment, the original use in this 10606 state of which commences with the taxpayer or with a partnership 10607 of which the taxpayer is a partner. "New manufacturing machinery 10608 and equipment" does not include property acquired after December 10609 31, 1999, that is used: 10610

(a) For the transmission and distribution of electricity; 10611(b) For the generation of electricity, if fifty per cent 10612

or more of the electricity that the property generates is 10613 consumed, during the one-hundred-twenty-month period commencing 10614 with the date the property is placed in service, by persons that 10615 are not related members to the person who generates the 10616 electricity. 10617

(3) (a) "Purchase" has the same meaning as in section10618179(d) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code.10619

(b) For purposes of this section, any property that is not 10620 manufactured or assembled primarily by the taxpayer is 10621 10622 considered purchased at the time the agreement to acquire the property becomes binding. Any property that is manufactured or 10623 assembled primarily by the taxpayer is considered purchased at 10624 the time the taxpayer places the property in service in the 10625 county for which the taxpayer will calculate the county excess 10626 amount. 10627

(c) Notwithstanding section 179(d) of the Internal Revenue 10628 Code, a taxpayer's direct or indirect acquisition of new 10629 manufacturing machinery and equipment is not purchased on or 10630 after July 1, 1995, if the taxpayer, or a person whose 10631 relationship to the taxpayer is described in subparagraphs (A), 10632 (B), or (C) of section 179(d)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, 10633 had directly or indirectly entered into a binding agreement to 10634 acquire the property at any time prior to July 1, 1995. 10635

(4) "Qualifying period" means the period that begins July 106361, 1995, and ends June 30, 2005. 10637

(5) "County average new manufacturing machinery and 10638equipment investment" means either of the following: 10639

(a) The average annual cost of new manufacturing machinery 10640and equipment purchased for use in the county during baseline 10641

Page 367

years, in the case of a taxpayer that was in existence for more 10642 than one year during baseline years. 10643 (b) Zero, in the case of a taxpayer that was not in 10644 existence for more than one year during baseline years. 10645 (6) "Partnership" includes a limited liability company 10646 formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code or under 10647 the laws of any other state, provided that the company is not 10648 classified for federal income tax purposes as an association 10649 10650 taxable as a corporation. (7) "Partner" includes a member of a limited liability 10651

company formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code10652or under the laws of any other state, provided that the company10653is not classified for federal income tax purposes as an10654association taxable as a corporation.10655

(8) "Distressed area" means either a municipal corporation
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that has a population of at least fifty thousand or a county
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that meets two of the following criteria of economic distress,
or a municipal corporation the majority of the population of
which is situated in such a county:

(a) Its average rate of unemployment, during the most
recent five-year period for which data are available, is equal
to at least one hundred twenty-five per cent of the average rate
of unemployment for the United States for the same period;
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(b) It has a per capita income equal to or below eighty
per cent of the median county per capita income of the United
States as determined by the most recently available figures from
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the United States census bureau;

(c) (i) In the case of a municipal corporation, at least10669twenty per cent of the residents have a total income for the10670

(ii) In the case of a county, in intercensal years, the 10672 county has a ratio of transfer payment income to total county 10673 income equal to or greater than twenty-five per cent. 10674 (9) "Eligible area" means a distressed area, a labor 10675 surplus area, an inner city area, or a situational distress 10676 10677 area. (10) "Inner city area" means, in a municipal corporation 10678 that has a population of at least one hundred thousand and does 10679 not meet the criteria of a labor surplus area or a distressed 10680 area, targeted investment areas established by the municipal 10681 corporation within its boundaries that are comprised of the most 10682 recent census block tracts that individually have at least 10683 twenty per cent of their population at or below the state 10684 poverty level or other census block tracts contiguous to such 10685 census block tracts. 10686 (11) "Labor surplus area" means an area designated as a 10687 labor surplus area by the United States department of labor. 10688 (12) "Official poverty line" has the same meaning as in 10689 division (A) of section 3923.51 of the Revised Code. 10690 (13) "Situational distress area" means a county or a 10691 municipal corporation that has experienced or is experiencing a 10692 closing or downsizing of a major employer, that will adversely 10693

most recent census year that is below the official poverty line;

affect the county's or municipal corporation's economy. In order 10694 to be designated as a situational distress area for a period not 10695 to exceed thirty-six months, the county or municipal corporation 10696 may petition the director of development. The petition shall 10697 include written documentation that demonstrates all of the 10698 following adverse effects on the local economy: 10699

Page 368

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(a) The number of jobs lost by the closing or downsizing; 10700 (b) The impact that the job loss has on the county's or 10701 municipal corporation's unemployment rate as measured by the 10702 state director of job and family services; 10703 (c) The annual payroll associated with the job loss; 10704 (d) The amount of state and local taxes associated with 10705 10706 the job loss; (e) The impact that the closing or downsizing has on the 10707 suppliers located in the county or municipal corporation. 10708 (14) "Cost" has the same meaning and limitation as in 10709 section 179(d)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. 10710 (15) "Baseline years" means: 10711 (a) Calendar years 1992, 1993, and 1994, with regard to a 10712 credit claimed for the purchase during calendar year 1995, 1996, 10713 1997, or 1998 of new manufacturing machinery and equipment; 10714 (b) Calendar years 1993, 1994, and 1995, with regard to a 10715 credit claimed for the purchase during calendar year 1999 of new 10716 manufacturing machinery and equipment; 10717 (c) Calendar years 1994, 1995, and 1996, with regard to a 10718 credit claimed for the purchase during calendar year 2000 of new 10719 manufacturing machinery and equipment; 10720 (d) Calendar years 1995, 1996, and 1997, with regard to a 10721 credit claimed for the purchase during calendar year 2001 of new 10722 manufacturing machinery and equipment; 10723 (e) Calendar years 1996, 1997, and 1998, with regard to a 10724 credit claimed for the purchase during calendar year 2002 of new 10725

manufacturing machinery and equipment;

Page 369

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Page 370

(f) Calendar years 1997, 1998, and 1999, with regard to a 10727
credit claimed for the purchase during calendar year 2003 of new 10728
manufacturing machinery and equipment; 10729

(g) Calendar years 1998, 1999, and 2000, with regard to a 10730
credit claimed for the purchase during calendar year 2004 of new 10731
manufacturing machinery and equipment; 10732

(h) Calendar years 1999, 2000, and 2001, with regard to a
credit claimed for the purchase on or after January 1, 2005, and
on or before June 30, 2005, of new manufacturing machinery and
10735
equipment.

(16) "Related member" has the same meaning as in section 107375733.042 of the Revised Code. 10738

(B)(1) Subject to division (I) of this section, a 10739 nonrefundable credit is allowed against the tax imposed by 10740 section 5733.06 of the Revised Code for a taxpayer that 10741 purchases new manufacturing machinery and equipment during the 10742 qualifying period, provided that the new manufacturing machinery 10743 and equipment are installed in this state no later than June 30, 10744 2006. No credit shall be allowed under this section for taxable 10745 years ending on or after July 1, 2005. The elimination of the 10746 credit for those taxable years includes the elimination of any 10747 remaining one-sevenths of credit amounts for which a portion was 10748 allowed for prior taxable years and the elimination of any 10749 credit carry-forward, but the purchases on which the credits 10750 were based remain subject to grants under section 122.173 of the 10751 Revised Code for those remaining one-seventh amounts or carry-10752 forward amounts. 10753

(2) (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (B) (2) (b)10754of this section, a credit may be claimed under this section in10755

excess of one million dollars only if the cost of all10756manufacturing machinery and equipment owned in this state by the10757taxpayer claiming the credit on the last day of the calendar10758year exceeds the cost of all manufacturing machinery and10759equipment owned in this state by the taxpayer on the first day10760of that calendar year.10761

As used in division (B)(2)(a) of this section, "calendar 10762 year" means the calendar year in which the machinery and 10763 equipment for which the credit is claimed was purchased. 10764

(b) Division (B)(2)(a) of this section does not apply if 10765 the taxpayer claiming the credit applies for and is issued a 10766 waiver of the requirement of that division. A taxpayer may apply 10767 to the director of development for such a waiver in the manner 10768 prescribed by the director, and the director may issue such a 10769 waiver if the director determines that granting the credit is 10770 necessary to increase or retain employees in this state, and 10771 that the credit has not caused relocation of manufacturing 10772 machinery and equipment among counties within this state for the 10773 primary purpose of qualifying for the credit. 10774

(C) (1) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) (2) and 10775 division (I) of this section, the credit amount is equal to 10776 seven and one-half per cent of the excess of the cost of the new 10777 manufacturing machinery and equipment purchased during the 10778 calendar year for use in a county over the county average new 10779 manufacturing machinery and equipment investment for that 10780 county. 10781

(2) Subject to division (I) of this section, as used in
division (C) (2) of this section "county excess" means the
taxpayer's excess cost for a county as computed under division
(C) (1) of this section.

Subject to division (I) of this section, a taxpayer with a 10786 county excess, whose purchases included purchases for use in any 10787 eligible area in the county, the credit amount is equal to 10788 thirteen and one-half per cent of the cost of the new 10789 manufacturing machinery and equipment purchased during the 10790 calendar year for use in the eligible areas in the county, 10791 provided that the cost subject to the thirteen and one-half per 10792 cent rate shall not exceed the county excess. If the county 10793 excess is greater than the cost of the new manufacturing 10794 machinery and equipment purchased during the calendar year for 10795 use in eligible areas in the county, the credit amount also 10796 shall include an amount equal to seven and one-half per cent of 10797 the amount of the difference. 10798

(3) If a taxpayer is allowed a credit for purchases of new 10799
manufacturing machinery and equipment in more than one county or 10800
eligible area, it shall aggregate the amount of those credits 10801
each year. 10802

(4) The taxpayer shall claim one-seventh of the credit 10803 amount for the tax year immediately following the calendar year 10804 in which the new manufacturing machinery and equipment is 10805 purchased for use in the county by the taxpayer or partnership. 10806 One-seventh of the taxpayer credit amount is allowed for each of 10807 the six ensuing tax years. Except for carried-forward amounts, 10808 the taxpayer is not allowed any credit amount remaining if the 10809 new manufacturing machinery and equipment is sold by the 10810 taxpayer or partnership or is transferred by the taxpayer or 10811 partnership out of the county before the end of the seven-year 10812 period unless, at the time of the sale or transfer, the new 10813 manufacturing machinery and equipment has been fully depreciated 10814 for federal income tax purposes. 10815

(5) (a) A taxpayer that acquires manufacturing machinery 10816 and equipment as a result of a merger with the taxpayer with 10817 whom commenced the original use in this state of the 10818 manufacturing machinery and equipment, or with a taxpayer that 10819 was a partner in a partnership with whom commenced the original 10820 use in this state of the manufacturing machinery and equipment, 10821 is entitled to any remaining or carried-forward credit amounts 10822 to which the taxpayer was entitled. 10823

10824 (b) A taxpayer that enters into an agreement under division (C)(3) of section 5709.62 of the Revised Code and that 10825 acquires manufacturing machinery or equipment as a result of 10826 purchasing a large manufacturing facility, as defined in section 10827 5709.61 of the Revised Code, from another taxpayer with whom 10828 commenced the original use in this state of the manufacturing 10829 machinery or equipment, and that operates the large 10830 manufacturing facility so purchased, is entitled to any 10831 remaining or carried-forward credit amounts to which the other 10832 taxpayer who sold the facility would have been entitled under 10833 this section had the other taxpayer not sold the manufacturing 10834 facility or equipment. 10835

(c) New manufacturing machinery and equipment is not 10836 considered sold if a pass-through entity transfers to another 10837 pass-through entity substantially all of its assets as part of a 10838 plan of reorganization under which substantially all gain and 10839 loss is not recognized by the pass-through entity that is 10840 transferring the new manufacturing machinery and equipment to 10841 the transferee and under which the transferee's basis in the new 10842 manufacturing machinery and equipment is determined, in whole or 10843 in part, by reference to the basis of the pass-through entity 10844 which transferred the new manufacturing machinery and equipment 10845 to the transferee. 10846

(d) Division (C) (5) of this section shall apply only if
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the acquiring taxpayer or transferee does not sell the new
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manufacturing machinery and equipment or transfer the new
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manufacturing machinery and equipment out of the county before
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the end of the seven-year period to which division (C) (4) of
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this section refers.

(e) Division (C)(5)(b) of this section applies only to the 10853 extent that the taxpayer that sold the manufacturing machinery 10854 or equipment, upon request, timely provides to the tax 10855 commissioner any information that the tax commissioner considers 10856 to be necessary to ascertain any remaining or carried-forward 10857 amounts to which the taxpayer that sold the facility would have 10858 been entitled under this section had the taxpayer not sold the 10859 manufacturing machinery or equipment. Nothing in division (C) (5) 10860 (b) or (e) of this section shall be construed to allow a 10861 taxpayer to claim any credit amount with respect to the acquired 10862 manufacturing machinery or equipment that is greater than the 10863 amount that would have been available to the other taxpayer that 10864 sold the manufacturing machinery or equipment had the other 10865 taxpayer not sold the manufacturing machinery or equipment. 10866

(D) The taxpayer shall claim the credit in the order 10867
required under section 5733.98 of the Revised Code. Each year, 10868
any credit amount in excess of the tax due under section 5733.06 10869
of the Revised Code after allowing for any other credits that 10870
precede the credit under this section in that order may be 10871
carried forward for three tax years. 10872

(E) A taxpayer purchasing new manufacturing machinery and 10873
 equipment and intending to claim the credit shall file, with the 10874
 department of development, a notice of intent to claim the 10875
 credit on a form prescribed by the department of development. 10876

The department of development shall inform the tax commissioner 10877 of the notice of intent to claim the credit. No credit may be 10878 claimed under this section for any manufacturing machinery and 10879 equipment with respect to which a notice was not filed by the 10880 date of a timely filed return, including extensions, for the 10881 taxable year that includes September 30, 2005. 10882

(F) The director of development shall annually certify, by
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the first day of January of each year during the qualifying
period, the eligible areas for the tax credit for the calendar
year that includes that first day of January. The director shall
send a copy of the certification to the tax commissioner.

(G) New manufacturing machinery and equipment for which a
taxpayer claims the credit under section 5733.31 or 5733.311 of
the Revised Code shall not be considered new manufacturing
machinery and equipment for purposes of the credit under this
section.

(H) (1) Notwithstanding sections 5733.11 and 5747.13 of the
Revised Code, but subject to division (H) (2) of this section,
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the tax commissioner may issue an assessment against a person
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with respect to a credit claimed under this section for new
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manufacturing machinery and equipment described in division (A)
(1) (b) or (2) (b) of this section, if the machinery or equipment
subsequently does not qualify for the credit.

(2) Division (H) (1) of this section shall not apply after
the twenty-fourth month following the last day of the period
described in divisions (A) (1) (b) and (2) (b) of this section.

(I) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to
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 the contrary, in the case of a qualifying controlled group, the
 10904
 credit available under this section to a taxpayer or taxpayers
 10905

in the qualifying controlled group shall be computed as if all 10906 corporations in the group were a single corporation. The credit 10907 shall be allocated to such a taxpayer or taxpayers in the group 10908 in any amount elected for the taxable year by the group. Such 10909 election shall be revocable and amendable during the period 10910 described in division (B) of section 5733.12 of the Revised 10911 Code. 10912

This division applies to all purchases of new 10913 manufacturing machinery and equipment made on or after January 10914 1, 2001, and to all baseline years used to compute any credit 10915 attributable to such purchases; provided, that this division may 10916 be applied solely at the election of the qualifying controlled 10917 group with respect to all purchases of new manufacturing 10918 machinery and equipment made before that date, and to all 10919 baseline years used to compute any credit attributable to such 10920 purchases. The qualifying controlled group at any time may elect 10921 to apply this division to purchases made prior to January 1, 10922 2001, subject to the following: 10923

(1) The election is irrevocable; 10924

(2) The election need not accompany a timely filed report, 10925
but the election may accompany a subsequently filed but timely 10926
application for refund, a subsequently filed but timely amended 10927
report, or a subsequently filed but timely petition for 10928
reassessment. 10929

Sec. 5733.42. (A) As used in this section: 10930

(1) "Eligible training program" means a program to provide
job skills to eligible employees who are unable effectively to
function on the job due to skill deficiencies or who would
otherwise be displaced because of their skill deficiencies or
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inability to use new technology, or to provide job skills to 10935
eligible employees that enable them to perform other job duties 10936
for the taxpayer. Eligible training programs do not include 10937
executive, management, or personal enrichment training programs, 10938
or training programs intended exclusively for personal career 10939
development. 10940

(2) "Eligible employee" means an individual who is 10941 employed in this state by a taxpayer and has been so employed by 10942 the same taxpayer for at least one hundred eighty consecutive 10943 days before the day an application for the credit is filed under 10944 this section. "Eligible employee" does not include any employee 10945 for which a credit is claimed pursuant to division (A) (5) of 10946 section 5709.65 of the Revised Code for all or any part of the 10947 same year, an employee who is not a full-time employee, or 10948 executive or managerial personnel, except for the immediate 10949 supervisors of nonexecutive, nonmanagerial personnel. 10950

(3) "Eligible training costs" means: 10951

(a) Direct instructional costs, such as instructor
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 salaries, materials and supplies, textbooks and manuals,
 videotapes, and other instructional media and training equipment
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 used exclusively for the purpose of training eligible employees;
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(b) Wages paid to eligible employees for time devoted
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 exclusively to an eligible training program during normal paid
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 working hours.

(4) "Full-time employee" means an individual who is
employed for consideration for at least thirty-five hours per
week, or who renders any other standard of service generally
accepted by custom or specified by contract as full-time
employment.

(5) "Partnership" includes a limited liability company
formed under Chapter 1705. <u>or 1706.</u> of the Revised Code or under
the laws of another state, provided that the company is not
classified for federal income tax purposes as an association
10967
taxable as a corporation.

(B) There is hereby allowed a nonrefundable credit against 10969 the tax imposed by section 5733.06 of the Revised Code for 10970 taxpayers for which a tax credit certificate is issued under 10971 division (C) of this section. The credit may be claimed for tax 10972 years 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, and 2008. The amount of the credit 10973 for tax year 2004 shall equal one-half of the average of the 10974 eligible training costs paid or incurred by the taxpayer during 10975 calendar years 1999, 2000, and 2001, not to exceed one thousand 10976 dollars for each eligible employee on account of whom eligible 10977 training costs were paid or incurred by the taxpayer during 10978 those calendar years. The amount of the credit for tax year 2005 10979 shall equal one-half of the average of the eligible training 10980 costs paid or incurred by the taxpayer during calendar years 10981 2002, 2003, and 2004, not to exceed one thousand dollars for 10982 each eligible employee on account of whom eligible training 10983 costs were paid or incurred by the taxpayer during those 10984 calendar years. The amount of the credit for tax year 2006 shall 10985 equal one-half of the average of the eligible training costs 10986 paid or incurred by the taxpayer during calendar years 2003, 10987 2004, and 2005, not to exceed one thousand dollars for each 10988 eligible employee on account of whom eligible training costs 10989 were paid or incurred by the taxpayer during those calendar 10990 years. The amount of the credit for tax year 2007 shall equal 10991 one-half of the average of the eligible training costs paid or 10992 incurred by the taxpayer during calendar years 2004, 2005, and 10993 2006, not to exceed one thousand dollars for each eligible 10994

employee on account of whom eligible training costs were paid or 10995 incurred by the taxpayer during those calendar years. The amount 10996 of the credit for tax year 2008 shall equal one-half of the 10997 average of the eligible training costs paid or incurred by the 10998 taxpayer during calendar years 2005, 2006, and 2007, not to 10999 exceed one thousand dollars for each eligible employee on 11000 account of whom eligible training costs were paid or incurred by 11001 the taxpayer during those calendar years. 11002

The credit claimed by a taxpayer each tax year shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars.

(C) A taxpayer who proposes to conduct an eligible 11005 training program may apply to the director of job and family 11006 services for a tax credit certificate under this section. The 11007 taxpayer may apply for such a certificate for tax years 2004, 11008 2005, 2006, 2007, and 2008 subject to division (L) of this 11009 section. The director shall prescribe the form of the 11010 application, which shall require a detailed description of the 11011 proposed training program. The director may require applicants 11012 to remit an application fee with each application filed with the 11013 director. The fee shall not exceed the reasonable and necessary 11014 expenses incurred by the director in receiving, reviewing, and 11015 approving such applications and issuing tax credit certificates. 11016 Proceeds from fees shall be used solely for the purpose of 11017 receiving, reviewing, and approving such applications and 11018 issuing such certificates. 11019

After receipt of an application, the director shall11020authorize a credit under this section by issuing a tax credit11021certificate, in the form prescribed by the director, if the11022director determines all of the following:11023

(1) The proposed training program is an eligible training 11024

Page 379

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11004

program under this section;

(2) The proposed training program is economically sound
and will benefit the people of this state by improving workforce
skills and strengthening the economy of this state;

(3) Receiving the tax credit is a major factor in the 11029taxpayer's decision to go forward with the training program; 11030

(4) Authorization of the credit is consistent withdivision (H) of this section.11032

The credit also is allowed for a taxpayer that is a11033partner in a partnership that pays or incurs eligible training11034costs. Such a taxpayer shall determine the taxpayer's credit11035amount in the manner prescribed by division (K) of this section.11036

(D) If the director of job and family services denies an 11037 application for a tax credit certificate, the director shall 11038 send notice of the denial and the reason for denial to the 11039 applicant by certified mail, return receipt requested. If the 11040 director determines that an authorized training program, as 11041 actually conducted, fails to meet the requirements of this 11042 section or to comply with any condition set forth in the 11043 authorization, the director may reduce the amount of the tax 11044 credit previously granted. If the director reduces a tax credit, 11045 the director shall send notice of the reduction and the reason 11046 for the reduction to the taxpayer by certified mail, return 11047 receipt requested, and shall certify the reduction to the tax 11048 commissioner or, in the case of the reduction of a credit 11049 claimed by an insurance company, the superintendent of 11050 insurance. The tax commissioner or superintendent of insurance 11051 shall reduce the credit that may be claimed by the taxpayer 11052 accordingly. Within sixty days after receiving a notice of 11053

denial or notice of reduction of the tax credit, an applicant or 11054 taxpayer may request, in writing, a hearing before the director 11055 to review the denial or reduction. Within sixty days after 11056 receiving a request that is filed within the prescribed time, 11057 the director shall hold such a hearing at a location to be 110.58 determined by the director. Within thirty days after the hearing 11059 is adjourned, the director shall issue a redetermination 11060 affirming, reversing, or modifying the denial or reduction of 11061 the tax credit and send notice of the redetermination to the 11062 11063 applicant or taxpayer by certified mail, return receipt requested, and shall issue a notice of the redetermination to 11064 the tax commissioner or superintendent of insurance. If an 11065 applicant or taxpayer is aggrieved by the director's 11066 redetermination, the applicant or taxpayer may appeal the 11067 redetermination to the board of tax appeals in the manner 11068 prescribed by section 5717.02 of the Revised Code. 11069

(E) A taxpayer to which a tax credit certificate is issued 11070 shall retain records indicating the eligible training costs it 11071 pays or incurs for the eligible training program for which the 11072 certificate is issued for four years following the end of the 11073 tax year for which the credit is claimed. Such records shall be 11074 open to inspection by the director of job and family services 11075 upon the director's request during business hours. 11076

Financial statements and other information submitted by an 11077 applicant to the director of job and family services for a tax 11078 credit under this section, and any information taken for any 11079 purpose from such statements or information, are not public 11080 records subject to section 149.43 of the Revised Code. However, 11081 the director of job and family services, the tax commissioner, 11082 or superintendent of insurance may make use of the statements 11083 and other information for purposes of issuing public reports or 11084

in connection with court proceedings concerning tax credits 11085 allowed under this section and sections 5725.31 and 5729.07 of 11086 the Revised Code. 11087

(F) The director of job and family services, in accordance 11088 with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, shall adopt rules 11089 necessary to implement this section and sections 5725.31 and 11090 5729.07 of the Revised Code. The rules shall be adopted after 11091 consultation with the tax commissioner and the superintendent of 11092 insurance. The rules shall require that if a taxpayer to which a 11093 11094 tax credit certificate is issued under any of those sections permanently relocates or transfers employees trained under the 11095 tax credit certificate to another state or country within two 11096 years of receiving the certificate, the taxpayer shall repay the 11097 total amount of the tax credit received by the taxpayer for any 11098 employees permanently relocated or transferred. At the time the 11099 director gives public notice under division (A) of section 11100 119.03 of the Revised Code of the adoption of the rules, the 11101 director shall submit copies of the proposed rules to the 11102 chairpersons and ranking minority members of the standing 11103 committees in the senate and the house of representatives to 11104 which legislation on economic development matters are 11105 customarily referred. 11106

(G) On or before the thirtieth day of September of 2001, 11107 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, and 2008 the director of job and 11108 family services shall submit a report to the governor, the 11109 president of the senate, and the speaker of the house of 11110 representatives on the tax credit program under this section and 11111 sections 5725.31 and 5729.07 of the Revised Code. The report 11112 shall include information on the number of training programs 11113 that were authorized under those sections during the preceding 11114 calendar year, a description of each authorized training 11115

program, the dollar amounts of the credits granted, and an 11116 estimate of the impact of the credits on the economy of this 11117 state. 11118

(H) The aggregate amount of credits authorized under this 11119 section and sections 5725.31 and 5729.07 of the Revised Code 11120 shall not exceed twenty million dollars per calendar year. No 11121 more than ten million dollars in credits per calendar year shall 11122 be authorized for persons engaged primarily in manufacturing. No 11123 less than five million dollars in credits per calendar year 11124 11125 shall be set aside for persons engaged primarily in activities other than manufacturing and having fewer than five hundred 11126 employees. Subject to such limits, the director of job and 11127 family services shall adopt a rule under division (F) of this 11128 section that establishes criteria and procedures for 11129 distribution of the credits. 11130

(I) A nonrefundable credit allowed under this section 11131 shall be claimed in the order required under section 5733.98 of 11132 the Revised Code.

(J) The taxpayer may carry forward any credit amount in 11134 excess of its tax due after allowing for any other credits that 11135 precede the credit under this section in the order required 11136 under section 5733.98 of the Revised Code. The excess credit may 11137 be carried forward for three years following the tax year for 11138 which it is first claimed under this section. 11139

(K) A taxpayer that is a partner in a partnership on the 11140 last day of the third calendar year of the three-year period 11141 during which the partnership pays or incurs eligible training 11142 costs may claim a credit under this section for the tax year 11143 immediately following that calendar year. The amount of a 11144 partner's credit equals the partner's interest in the 11145

Page 383

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partnership on the last day of such calendar year multiplied by 11146 the credit available to the partnership as computed by the 11147 partnership. 11148

(L) The director of job and family services shall not
authorize any credits under this section and sections 5725.31
and 5729.07 of the Revised Code for eligible training costs paid
or incurred after December 31, 2007.

Sec. 5747.01. Except as otherwise expressly provided or 11153 clearly appearing from the context, any term used in this 11154 chapter that is not otherwise defined in this section has the 11155 same meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of 11156 the United States relating to federal income taxes or if not 11157 used in a comparable context in those laws, has the same meaning 11158 as in section 5733.40 of the Revised Code. Any reference in this 11159 chapter to the Internal Revenue Code includes other laws of the 11160 United States relating to federal income taxes. 11161

As used in this chapter:

(A) "Adjusted gross income" or "Ohio adjusted gross
income" means federal adjusted gross income, as defined and used
in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as provided in this
section:

(1) Add interest or dividends on obligations or securities
of any state or of any political subdivision or authority of any
state, other than this state and its subdivisions and
authorities.

(2) Add interest or dividends on obligations of any
authority, commission, instrumentality, territory, or possession
of the United States to the extent that the interest or
dividends are exempt from federal income taxes but not from

Page 384

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state income taxes.	11175				
(3) Deduct interest or dividends on obligations of the	11176				
United States and its territories and possessions or of any					
authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States					
to the extent that the interest or dividends are included in	11179				
federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state income taxes					
under the laws of the United States.					
(4) Deduct disability and survivor's benefits to the	11182				
extent included in federal adjusted gross income.	11183				
(5) Deduct benefits under Title II of the Social Security	11184				
Act and tier 1 railroad retirement benefits to the extent	11185				
included in federal adjusted gross income under section 86 of	11186				
the Internal Revenue Code.	11187				
(6) In the case of a taxpayer who is a beneficiary of a	11188				
trust that makes an accumulation distribution as defined in	11189				
section 665 of the Internal Revenue Code, add, for the	11190				
beneficiary's taxable years beginning before 2002, the portion,	11191				
if any, of such distribution that does not exceed the	11192				
undistributed net income of the trust for the three taxable	11193				
years preceding the taxable year in which the distribution is	11194				
made to the extent that the portion was not included in the					
trust's taxable income for any of the trust's taxable years					
beginning in 2002 or thereafter. "Undistributed net income of a	11197				
trust" means the taxable income of the trust increased by (a)(i)	11198				
the additions to adjusted gross income required under division	11199				
(A) of this section and (ii) the personal exemptions allowed to	11200				
the trust pursuant to section 642(b) of the Internal Revenue					
Code, and decreased by (b)(i) the deductions to adjusted gross					
income required under division (A) of this section, (ii) the					
amount of federal income taxes attributable to such income, and					

(iii) the amount of taxable income that has been included in the 11205 adjusted gross income of a beneficiary by reason of a prior 11206 accumulation distribution. Any undistributed net income included 11207 in the adjusted gross income of a beneficiary shall reduce the 11208 undistributed net income of the trust commencing with the 11209 earliest years of the accumulation period. 11210

(7) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not 11211 otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been 11212 allowable as a deduction in computing federal adjusted gross 11213 income for the taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit 11214 allowed and determined under sections 38, 51, and 52 of the 11215 Internal Revenue Code not been in effect. 11216

(8) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent on public
 obligations and purchase obligations to the extent that the
 interest or interest equivalent is included in federal adjusted
 gross income.

(9) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from the
sale, exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to
the extent that the loss has been deducted or the gain has been
included in computing federal adjusted gross income.

(10) Deduct or add amounts, as provided under section
5747.70 of the Revised Code, related to contributions to
variable college savings program accounts made or tuition units
purchased pursuant to Chapter 3334. of the Revised Code.

(11) (a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a 11229 deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted 11230 gross income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid 11231 during the taxable year for medical care insurance and qualified 11232 long-term care insurance for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 11233

spouse, and dependents. No deduction for medical care insurance 11234 under division (A) (11) (a) of this section shall be allowed 11235 either to any taxpayer who is eligible to participate in any 11236 subsidized health plan maintained by any employer of the 11237 taxpayer or of the taxpayer's spouse, or to any taxpayer who is 11238 entitled to, or on application would be entitled to, benefits 11239 under part A of Title XVIII of the "Social Security Act," 49 11240 Stat. 620 (1935), 42 U.S.C. 301, as amended. For the purposes of 11241 division (A)(11)(a) of this section, "subsidized health plan" 11242 means a health plan for which the employer pays any portion of 11243 the plan's cost. The deduction allowed under division (A)(11)(a) 11244 of this section shall be the net of any related premium refunds, 11245 related premium reimbursements, or related insurance premium 11246 dividends received during the taxable year. 11247

(b) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income
during the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid during the
taxable year, not compensated for by any insurance or otherwise,
for medical care of the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and
dependents, to the extent the expenses exceed seven and one-half
per cent of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.

(c) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 11255 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income, any 11256 amount included in federal adjusted gross income under section 11257 105 or not excluded under section 106 of the Internal Revenue 11258 Code solely because it relates to an accident and health plan 11259 for a person who otherwise would be a "qualifying relative" and 11260 thus a "dependent" under section 152 of the Internal Revenue 11261 Code but for the fact that the person fails to meet the income 11262 and support limitations under section 152(d)(1)(B) and (C) of 11263 the Internal Revenue Code. 11264

(d) For purposes of division (A)(11) of this section, 11265 "medical care" has the meaning given in section 213 of the 11266 Internal Revenue Code, subject to the special rules, 11267 limitations, and exclusions set forth therein, and "qualified 11268 long-term care" has the same meaning given in section 7702B(c) 11269 of the Internal Revenue Code. Solely for purposes of divisions 11270 (A) (11) (a) and (c) of this section, "dependent" includes a 11271 person who otherwise would be a "qualifying relative" and thus a 11272 "dependent" under section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code but 11273 for the fact that the person fails to meet the income and 11274 support limitations under section 152(d)(1)(B) and (C) of the 11275 Internal Revenue Code. 11276

(12) (a) Deduct any amount included in federal adjusted 11277 gross income solely because the amount represents a 11278 reimbursement or refund of expenses that in any year the 11279 taxpayer had deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to 11280 section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code and applicable United 11281 States department of the treasury regulations. The deduction 11282 otherwise allowed under division (A) (12) (a) of this section 11283 shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is attributable 11284 to an amount the taxpayer deducted under this section in any 11285 taxable year. 11286

(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted 11287
gross income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount 11288
is attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any 11289
amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio 11290
adjusted gross income in any taxable year. 11291

(13) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in
section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying
previously reported income received under a claim of right, that
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Page 389

meets both of the following requirements:

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(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was
included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for a prior
taxable year and did not qualify for a credit under division (A)
or (B) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year;

(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's adjusted11300gross income for the current or any other taxable year.11301

(14) Deduct an amount equal to the deposits made to, and 11302 net investment earnings of, a medical savings account during the 11303 taxable year, in accordance with section 3924.66 of the Revised 11304 Code. The deduction allowed by division (A) (14) of this section 11305 does not apply to medical savings account deposits and earnings 11306 otherwise deducted or excluded for the current or any other 11307 taxable year from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income. 11308

(15) (a) Add an amount equal to the funds withdrawn from a 11309 medical savings account during the taxable year, and the net 11310 investment earnings on those funds, when the funds withdrawn 11311 were used for any purpose other than to reimburse an account 11312 holder for, or to pay, eligible medical expenses, in accordance 11313 with section 3924.66 of the Revised Code; 11314

(b) Add the amounts distributed from a medical savings
account under division (A)(2) of section 3924.68 of the Revised
Code during the taxable year.

(16) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section
5747.059 of the Revised Code to the extent that such amount
satisfies either of the following:
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(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the
computation of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income as
required to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under
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the Internal Revenue Code;

(b) The amount resulted in a reduction of the taxpayer's 11325
federal adjusted gross income as required to be reported for any 11326
of the taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code. 11327

(17) Deduct the amount contributed by the taxpayer to an 11328 individual development account program established by a county 11329 department of job and family services pursuant to sections 11330 329.11 to 329.14 of the Revised Code for the purpose of matching 11331 funds deposited by program participants. On request of the tax 11332 commissioner, the taxpayer shall provide any information that, 11333 in the tax commissioner's opinion, is necessary to establish the 11334 amount deducted under division (A) (17) of this section. 11335

(18) Beginning in taxable year 2001 but not for any 11336 taxable year beginning after December 31, 2005, if the taxpayer 11337 is married and files a joint return and the combined federal 11338 adjusted gross income of the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse 11339 for the taxable year does not exceed one hundred thousand 11340 dollars, or if the taxpayer is single and has a federal adjusted 11341 gross income for the taxable year not exceeding fifty thousand 11342 dollars, deduct amounts paid during the taxable year for 11343 qualified tuition and fees paid to an eligible institution for 11344 the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, or any dependent of the 11345 taxpayer, who is a resident of this state and is enrolled in or 11346 attending a program that culminates in a degree or diploma at an 11347 eligible institution. The deduction may be claimed only to the 11348 extent that qualified tuition and fees are not otherwise 11349 deducted or excluded for any taxable year from federal or Ohio 11350 adjusted gross income. The deduction may not be claimed for 11351 educational expenses for which the taxpayer claims a credit 11352 under section 5747.27 of the Revised Code. 11353

Page 390

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(19) Add any reimbursement received during the taxable
year of any amount the taxpayer deducted under division (A) (18)
of this section in any previous taxable year to the extent the
amount is not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted gross income.

(20) (a) (i) Subject to divisions (A) (20) (a) (iii), (iv), and 11358 (v) of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of 11359 depreciation expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of 11360 the Internal Revenue Code, including the taxpayer's 11361 11362 proportionate or distributive share of the amount of 11363 depreciation expense allowed by that subsection to a passthrough entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect 11364 ownership interest. 11365

(ii) Subject to divisions (A) (20) (a) (iii), (iv), and (v)
11366
of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of qualifying
section 179 depreciation expense, including the taxpayer's
proportionate or distributive share of the amount of qualifying
section 179 depreciation expense allowed to any pass-through
ntity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect ownership
interest.

(iii) Subject to division (A) (20) (a) (v) of this section, 11373
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, if the 11374
increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer is equal to or 11375
greater than ten per cent of income taxes withheld by the 11376
taxpayer during the taxpayer's immediately preceding taxable 11377
year, "two-thirds" shall be substituted for "five-sixths" for 11378
the purpose of divisions (A) (20) (a) (i) and (ii) of this section. 11379

(iv) Subject to division (A) (20) (a) (v) of this section,
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, a taxpayer is
not required to add an amount under division (A) (20) of this
section if the increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer
11383

and by any pass-through entity in which the taxpayer has a 11384 direct or indirect ownership interest is equal to or greater 11385 than the sum of (I) the amount of qualifying section 179 11386 depreciation expense and (II) the amount of depreciation expense 11387 allowed to the taxpayer by subsection (k) of section 168 of the 11388 Internal Revenue Code, and including the taxpayer's 11389 proportionate or distributive shares of such amounts allowed to 11390 any such pass-through entities. 11391

(v) If a taxpayer directly or indirectly incurs a net 11392
operating loss for the taxable year for federal income tax 11393
purposes, to the extent such loss resulted from depreciation 11394
expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal 11395
Revenue Code and by qualifying section 179 depreciation expense, 11396
"the entire" shall be substituted for "five-sixths of the" for 11397
the purpose of divisions (A) (20) (a) (i) and (ii) of this section. 11398

The tax commissioner, under procedures established by the11399commissioner, may waive the add-backs related to a pass-through11400entity if the taxpayer owns, directly or indirectly, less than11401five per cent of the pass-through entity.11402

(b) Nothing in division (A) (20) of this section shall beconstrued to adjust or modify the adjusted basis of any asset.

(c) To the extent the add-back required under division (A) 11405 (20) (a) of this section is attributable to property generating 11406 nonbusiness income or loss allocated under section 5747.20 of 11407 the Revised Code, the add-back shall be sitused to the same 11408 location as the nonbusiness income or loss generated by the 11409 property for the purpose of determining the credit under 11410 division (A) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code. Otherwise, 11411 the add-back shall be apportioned, subject to one or more of the 11412 four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in section 11413

5747.21 of the Revised Code.

Page 393

(d) For the purposes of division (A) (20) (a) (v) of this
section, net operating loss carryback and carryforward shall not
include the allowance of any net operating loss deduction
11417
carryback or carryforward to the taxable year to the extent such
loss resulted from depreciation allowed by section 168(k) of the
Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying section 179
depreciation expense amount.

(e) For the purposes of divisions (A)(20) and (21) of this 11422 section: 11423

(i) "Income taxes withheld" means the total amount
withheld and remitted under sections 5747.06 and 5747.07 of the
Revised Code by an employer during the employer's taxable year.
11426

(ii) "Increase in income taxes withheld" means the amount 11427
by which the amount of income taxes withheld by an employer 11428
during the employer's current taxable year exceeds the amount of 11429
income taxes withheld by that employer during the employer's 11430
immediately preceding taxable year. 11431

(iii) "Qualifying section 179 depreciation expense" means 11432 the difference between (I) the amount of depreciation expense 11433 directly or indirectly allowed to a taxpayer under section 179 11434 of the Internal Revised Code, and (II) the amount of 11435 depreciation expense directly or indirectly allowed to the 11436 taxpayer under section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code as that 11437 section existed on December 31, 2002. 11438

(21) (a) If the taxpayer was required to add an amount
under division (A) (20) (a) of this section for a taxable year,
deduct one of the following:

(i) One-fifth of the amount so added for each of the five 11442

succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was five-sixths 11443 of qualifying section 179 depreciation expense or depreciation 11444 expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal 11445 Revenue Code; 11446

(ii) One-half of the amount so added for each of the two 11447 succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was two-thirds 11448 of such depreciation expense; 11449

(iii) One-sixth of the amount so added for each of the six 11450 succeeding taxable years if the entire amount of such 11451 11452 depreciation expense was so added.

(b) If the amount deducted under division (A) (21) (a) of 11453 this section is attributable to an add-back allocated under 11454 division (A)(20)(c) of this section, the amount deducted shall 11455 be sitused to the same location. Otherwise, the add-back shall 11456 be apportioned using the apportionment factors for the taxable 11457 year in which the deduction is taken, subject to one or more of 11458 the four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in 11459 section 5747.21 of the Revised Code. 11460

(c) No deduction is available under division (A)(21)(a) of 11461 this section with regard to any depreciation allowed by section 11462 11463 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying section 179 depreciation expense amount to the extent that such 11464 depreciation results in or increases a federal net operating 11465 loss carryback or carryforward. If no such deduction is 11466 available for a taxable year, the taxpayer may carry forward the 11467 amount not deducted in such taxable year to the next taxable 11468 year and add that amount to any deduction otherwise available 11469 under division (A)(21)(a) of this section for that next taxable 11470 year. The carryforward of amounts not so deducted shall continue 11471 until the entire addition required by division (A) (20) (a) of 11472

this section has been deducted.

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Page 395

(d) No refund	d shall be	allowed as a	result of	adjustments	11474
made by division (2	A)(21) of	this section.			11475

(22) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 11476 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 11477 the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the 11478 taxable year as reimbursement for life insurance premiums under 11479 section 5919.31 of the Revised Code. 11480

(23) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the
taxable year as a death benefit paid by the adjutant general
under section 5919.33 of the Revised Code.

(24) Deduct, to the extent included in federal adjusted 11486 gross income and not otherwise allowable as a deduction or 11487 exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 11488 the taxable year, military pay and allowances received by the 11489 taxpayer during the taxable year for active duty service in the 11490 United States army, air force, navy, marine corps, or coast 11491 guard or reserve components thereof or the national guard. The 11492 deduction may not be claimed for military pay and allowances 11493 received by the taxpayer while the taxpayer is stationed in this 11494 11495 state.

(25) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a 11496 deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted 11497 gross income for the taxable year and not otherwise compensated 11498 for by any other source, the amount of qualified organ donation 11499 expenses incurred by the taxpayer during the taxable year, not 11500 to exceed ten thousand dollars. A taxpayer may deduct qualified 11501 organ donation expenses only once for all taxable years11502beginning with taxable years beginning in 2007.11503

For the purposes of division (A)(25) of this section: 11504

(a) "Human organ" means all or any portion of a human
liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, or lung, and any portion of
human bone marrow.

(b) "Qualified organ donation expenses" means travel
expenses, lodging expenses, and wages and salary forgone by a
taxpayer in connection with the taxpayer's donation, while
living, of one or more of the taxpayer's human organs to another
human being.

(26) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 11513 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 11514 the taxable year, amounts received by the taxpayer as retired 11515 personnel pay for service in the uniformed services or reserve 11516 components thereof, or the national guard, or received by the 11517 surviving spouse or former spouse of such a taxpayer under the 11518 survivor benefit plan on account of such a taxpayer's death. If 11519 the taxpayer receives income on account of retirement paid under 11520 11521 the federal civil service retirement system or federal employees retirement system, or under any successor retirement program 11522 enacted by the congress of the United States that is established 11523 and maintained for retired employees of the United States 11524 government, and such retirement income is based, in whole or in 11525 part, on credit for the taxpayer's uniformed service, the 11526 deduction allowed under this division shall include only that 11527 portion of such retirement income that is attributable to the 11528 taxpayer's uniformed service, to the extent that portion of such 11529 retirement income is otherwise included in federal adjusted 11530 gross income and is not otherwise deducted under this section. 11531
Any amount deducted under division (A) (26) of this section is11532not included in a taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the11533purposes of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code. No amount may11534be deducted under division (A) (26) of this section on the basis11535of which a credit was claimed under section 5747.055 of the11536Revised Code.11537

(27) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the
taxable year from the military injury relief fund created in
section 5902.05 of the Revised Code.

(28) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 11543 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 11544 the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received as a veterans 11545 bonus during the taxable year from the Ohio department of 11546 veterans services as authorized by Section 2r of Article VIII, 11547 Ohio Constitution. 11548

(29) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for
the taxable year, any income derived from a transfer agreement
or from the enterprise transferred under that agreement under
section 4313.02 of the Revised Code.

(30) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 11554 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 11555 the taxable year, Ohio college opportunity or federal Pell grant 11556 amounts received by the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse or 11557 dependent pursuant to section 3333.122 of the Revised Code or 20 11558 U.S.C. 1070a, et seq., and used to pay room or board furnished 11559 by the educational institution for which the grant was awarded 11560 at the institution's facilities, including meal plans 11561

administered by the institution. For the purposes of this 11562 division, receipt of a grant includes the distribution of a 11563 grant directly to an educational institution and the crediting 11564 of the grant to the enrollee's account with the institution. 11565

(31) Deduct from the portion of an individual's federal
adjusted gross income that is business income, to the extent not
otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal adjusted
gross income for the taxable year, one hundred twenty-five
thousand dollars for each spouse if spouses file separate
returns under section 5747.08 of the Revised Code or two hundred
fifty thousand dollars for all other individuals.

(32) Deduct, as provided under section 5747.78 of the
Revised Code, contributions to ABLE savings accounts made in
accordance with sections 113.50 to 113.56 of the Revised Code.
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(33) (a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income
during the taxable year, all of the following:
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(i) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described
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in division (A) (14) (a) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to
the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in
this state during a disaster response period pursuant to a
qualifying solicitation received by the employee's employer;

(ii) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described 11584
in division (A) (14) (b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to 11585
the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in 11586
this state by the employee during the disaster response period 11587
on critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's 11588
employer; 11589

(iii) Income received by an out-of-state disaster business 11590

for disaster work conducted in this state during a disaster11591response period, or, if the out-of-state disaster business is a11592pass-through entity, a taxpayer's distributive share of the11593pass-through entity's income from the business conducting11594disaster work in this state during a disaster response period,11595if, in either case, the disaster work is conducted pursuant to a11596qualifying solicitation received by the business.11597

(b) All terms used in division (A) (33) of this section
have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised
Code.

(34) For a taxpayer who is a qualifying Ohio educator, 11601 deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in 11602 computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable 11603 year, the lesser of two hundred fifty dollars or the amount of 11604 expenses described in subsections (a) (2) (D) (i) and (ii) of 11605 section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred by the 11606 taxpayer during the taxpayer's taxable year in excess of the 11607 amount the taxpayer is authorized to deduct for that taxable 11608 year under subsection (a) (2) (D) of that section. 11609

(B) "Business income" means income, including gain or 11610 loss, arising from transactions, activities, and sources in the 11611 regular course of a trade or business and includes income, gain, 11612 or loss from real property, tangible property, and intangible 11613 property if the acquisition, rental, management, and disposition 11614 of the property constitute integral parts of the regular course 11615 of a trade or business operation. "Business income" includes 11616 income, including gain or loss, from a partial or complete 11617 liquidation of a business, including, but not limited to, gain 11618 or loss from the sale or other disposition of goodwill. 11619

(C) "Nonbusiness income" means all income other than 11620

business income and may include, but is not limited to,11621compensation, rents and royalties from real or tangible personal11622property, capital gains, interest, dividends and distributions,11623patent or copyright royalties, or lottery winnings, prizes, and11624awards.11625

(D) "Compensation" means any form of remuneration paid to an employee for personal services.

(E) "Fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor, 11628
administrator, receiver, conservator, or any other person acting 11629
in any fiduciary capacity for any individual, trust, or estate. 11630

(F) "Fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve11631months ending on the last day of any month other than December.11632

(G) "Individual" means any natural person. 11633

(H) "Internal Revenue Code" means the "Internal Revenue 11634Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended. 11635

(I) "Resident" means any of the following, provided that
division (I)(3) of this section applies only to taxable years of
a trust beginning in 2002 or thereafter:

(1) An individual who is domiciled in this state, subjectto section 5747.24 of the Revised Code;11640

(2) The estate of a decedent who at the time of death was
domiciled in this state. The domicile tests of section 5747.24
of the Revised Code are not controlling for purposes of division
(I) (2) of this section.

(3) A trust that, in whole or part, resides in this state.11645If only part of a trust resides in this state, the trust is a11646resident only with respect to that part.11647

Page 400

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section.

Page 401

For the purposes of division (I)(3) of this section:	11648
(a) A trust resides in this state for the trust's current	11649
taxable year to the extent, as described in division (I)(3)(d)	11650
of this section, that the trust consists directly or indirectly,	11651
in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related liabilities,	11652
that were transferred, or caused to be transferred, directly or	11653
indirectly, to the trust by any of the following:	11654
(i) A person, a court, or a governmental entity or	11655
instrumentality on account of the death of a decedent, but only	11656
if the trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) or (ii) of	11657
this section;	11658
(ii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the	11659
purposes of this chapter when the person directly or indirectly	11660
transferred assets to an irrevocable trust, but only if at least	11661
one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this	11662
state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some	11663
portion of the trust's current taxable year;	11664
(iii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the	11665
purposes of this chapter when the trust document or instrument	11666
or part of the trust document or instrument became irrevocable,	11667
but only if at least one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries	11668
is a resident domiciled in this state for the purposes of this	11669
chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current	11670
taxable year. If a trust document or instrument became	11671
irrevocable upon the death of a person who at the time of death	11672
was domiciled in this state for purposes of this chapter, that	11673

(b) A trust is irrevocable to the extent that the

person is a person described in division (I)(3)(a)(iii) of this

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transferor is not considered to be the owner of the net assets 11677 of the trust under sections 671 to 678 of the Internal Revenue 11678 Code. 11679

(c) With respect to a trust other than a charitable lead 11680 trust, "qualifying beneficiary" has the same meaning as 11681 "potential current beneficiary" as defined in section 1361(e)(2) 11682 of the Internal Revenue Code, and with respect to a charitable 11683 lead trust "qualifying beneficiary" is any current, future, or 11684 contingent beneficiary, but with respect to any trust 11685 "qualifying beneficiary" excludes a person or a governmental 11686 entity or instrumentality to any of which a contribution would 11687 qualify for the charitable deduction under section 170 of the 11688 Internal Revenue Code. 11689

(d) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a) of this 11690 section, the extent to which a trust consists directly or 11691 indirectly, in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related 11692 liabilities, that were transferred directly or indirectly, in 11693 whole or part, to the trust by any of the sources enumerated in 11694 that division shall be ascertained by multiplying the fair 11695 market value of the trust's assets, net of related liabilities, 11696 by the qualifying ratio, which shall be computed as follows: 11697

(i) The first time the trust receives assets, the
numerator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of
those assets at that time, net of any related liabilities, from
sources enumerated in division (I) (3) (a) of this section. The
denominator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of
all the trust's assets at that time, net of any related
liabilities.

(ii) Each subsequent time the trust receives assets, arevised qualifying ratio shall be computed. The numerator of the11706

revised qualifying ratio is the sum of (1) the fair market value 11707 of the trust's assets immediately prior to the subsequent 11708 transfer, net of any related liabilities, multiplied by the 11709 qualifying ratio last computed without regard to the subsequent 11710 transfer, and (2) the fair market value of the subsequently 11711 transferred assets at the time transferred, net of any related 11712 liabilities, from sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of 11713 this section. The denominator of the revised qualifying ratio is 11714 the fair market value of all the trust's assets immediately 11715 after the subsequent transfer, net of any related liabilities. 11716

(iii) Whether a transfer to the trust is by or from any of 11717
the sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section 11718
shall be ascertained without regard to the domicile of the 11719
trust's beneficiaries. 11720

(e) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a)(i) of this 11721 section: 11722

(i) A trust is described in division (I) (3) (e) (i) of this
section if the trust is a testamentary trust and the testator of
that testamentary trust was domiciled in this state at the time
of the testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under
Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code.

(ii) A trust is described in division (I) (3) (e) (ii) of 11728 this section if the transfer is a qualifying transfer described 11729 in any of divisions (I) (3) (f) (i) to (vi) of this section, the 11730 trust is an irrevocable inter vivos trust, and at least one of 11731 the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this state 11732 for purposes of this chapter during all or some portion of the 11733 trust's current taxable year. 11734

(f) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of this

Page 403

section, a "qualifying transfer" is a transfer of assets, net of 11736 any related liabilities, directly or indirectly to a trust, if 11737 the transfer is described in any of the following: 11738

(i) The transfer is made to a trust, created by the
decedent before the decedent's death and while the decedent was
domiciled in this state for the purposes of this chapter, and,
prior to the death of the decedent, the trust became irrevocable
while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes
of this chapter.

(ii) The transfer is made to a trust to which the 11745 decedent, prior to the decedent's death, had directly or 11746 indirectly transferred assets, net of any related liabilities, 11747 while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes 11748 of this chapter, and prior to the death of the decedent the 11749 trust became irrevocable while the decedent was domiciled in 11750 this state for the purposes of this chapter. 11751

(iii) The transfer is made on account of a contractual 11752 relationship existing directly or indirectly between the 11753 transferor and either the decedent or the estate of the decedent 11754 at any time prior to the date of the decedent's death, and the 11755 decedent was domiciled in this state at the time of death for 11756 purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter 5731. of the Revised 11757 Code. 11758

(iv) The transfer is made to a trust on account of a 11759 contractual relationship existing directly or indirectly between 11760 the transferor and another person who at the time of the 11761 decedent's death was domiciled in this state for purposes of 11762 this chapter. 11763

(v) The transfer is made to a trust on account of the will 11764

of a testator who was domiciled in this state at the time of the	11765
testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter	11766
5731. of the Revised Code.	11767
(vi) The transfer is made to a trust created by or caused	11768
to be created by a court, and the trust was directly or	11769
indirectly created in connection with or as a result of the	11770
death of an individual who, for purposes of the taxes levied	11771
under Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code, was domiciled in this	11772
state at the time of the individual's death.	11773
(g) The tax commissioner may adopt rules to ascertain the	11774
part of a trust residing in this state.	11775
(J) "Nonresident" means an individual or estate that is	11776
not a resident. An individual who is a resident for only part of	11777
a taxable year is a nonresident for the remainder of that	11778
taxable year.	11779
(K) "Pass-through entity" has the same meaning as in	11780
section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.	11781
(L) "Return" means the notifications and reports required	11782
to be filed pursuant to this chapter for the purpose of	11783
reporting the tax due and includes declarations of estimated tax	11784
when so required.	11785
(M) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the	11786
taxpayer's fiscal year ending during the calendar year, or	11787
fractional part thereof, upon which the adjusted gross income is	11788
calculated pursuant to this chapter.	11789
(N) "Taxpayer" means any person subject to the tax imposed	11790
by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code or any pass-through	11791
entity that makes the election under division (D) of section	11792
5747.08 of the Revised Code.	11793

(O) "Dependents" means one of the following: 11794

(1) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 11795
2018, and before January 1, 2026, dependents as defined in the 11796
Internal Revenue Code; 11797

(2) For all other taxable years, dependents as defined in
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the Internal Revenue Code and as claimed in the taxpayer's
federal income tax return for the taxable year or which the
taxpayer would have been permitted to claim had the taxpayer
filed a federal income tax return.

(P) "Principal county of employment" means, in the case of
 a nonresident, the county within the state in which a taxpayer
 performs services for an employer or, if those services are
 performed in more than one county, the county in which the major
 portion of the services are performed.

(Q) As used in sections 5747.50 to 5747.55 of the Revised 11808 Code: 11809

(1) "Subdivision" means any county, municipal corporation, 11810park district, or township. 11811

(2) "Essential local government purposes" includes all
functions that any subdivision is required by general law to
exercise, including like functions that are exercised under a
charter adopted pursuant to the Ohio Constitution.

(R) "Overpayment" means any amount already paid that
 exceeds the figure determined to be the correct amount of the
 tax.

(S) "Taxable income" or "Ohio taxable income" applies only
to estates and trusts, and means federal taxable income, as
defined and used in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as
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follows:	11822
(1) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary,	11823
and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal	11824
taxable income, on obligations or securities of any state or of	11825
any political subdivision or authority of any state, other than	11826
this state and its subdivisions and authorities, but only to the	11827
extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible in Ohio	11828
taxable income and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or	11829
(b) of this section:	11830
(a) The net amount is not attributable to the S portion of	11831
an electing small business trust and has not been distributed to	11832
beneficiaries for the taxable year;	11833
(b) The net amount is attributable to the S portion of an	11834
electing small business trust for the taxable year.	11835
(2) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary,	11836
and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal	11837
taxable income, on obligations of any authority, commission,	11838
instrumentality, territory, or possession of the United States	11839
to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from	11840
federal income taxes but not from state income taxes, but only	11841
to the extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible	11842
in Ohio taxable income and is described in either division (S)	11843
(1)(a) or (b) of this section;	11844
(3) Add the amount of personal exemption allowed to the	11845
estate pursuant to section 642(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;	11846

(4) Deduct interest or dividends, net of related expenses
deducted in computing federal taxable income, on obligations of
the United States and its territories and possessions or of any
authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States
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to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from11851state taxes under the laws of the United States, but only to the11852extent that such amount is included in federal taxable income11853and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or (b) of this11854section;11855

(5) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not 11856 otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been 11857 allowable as a deduction in computing federal taxable income for 11858 the taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit allowed under 11859 sections 38, 51, and 52 of the Internal Revenue Code not been in 11860 effect, but only to the extent such amount relates either to 11861 income included in federal taxable income for the taxable year 11862 or to income of the S portion of an electing small business 11863 trust for the taxable year; 11864

(6) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent, net of 11865 related expenses deducted in computing federal taxable income, 11866 on public obligations and purchase obligations, but only to the 11867 extent that such net amount relates either to income included in 11868 federal taxable income for the taxable year or to income of the 11869 S portion of an electing small business trust for the taxable 11870 year; 11871

(7) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from sale,
exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to the
extent that such loss has been deducted or such gain has been
included in computing either federal taxable income or income of
the S portion of an electing small business trust for the
taxable year;

(8) Except in the case of the final return of an estate,
add any amount deducted by the taxpayer on both its Ohio estate
tax return pursuant to section 5731.14 of the Revised Code, and
11880

on its federal income tax return in determining federal taxable 11881 income; 11882

(9) (a) Deduct any amount included in federal taxable 11883 income solely because the amount represents a reimbursement or 11884 refund of expenses that in a previous year the decedent had 11885 deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to section 63 of the 11886 Internal Revenue Code and applicable treasury regulations. The 11887 deduction otherwise allowed under division (S)(9)(a) of this 11888 section shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is 11889 attributable to an amount the taxpayer or decedent deducted 11890 under this section in any taxable year. 11891

(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio taxable
income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount is
attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any
amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio taxable
income in any taxable year, but only to the extent such amount
has not been distributed to beneficiaries for the taxable year.

(10) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in 11898 section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying 11899 previously reported income received under a claim of right, that 11900 meets both of the following requirements: 11901

(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was
11902
included in the taxpayer's taxable income or the decedent's
adjusted gross income for a prior taxable year and did not
qualify for a credit under division (A) or (B) of section
5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year.

(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's taxable
income or the decedent's adjusted gross income for the current
or any other taxable year.

(11) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section
5747.059 of the Revised Code to the extent that the amount
satisfies either of the following:

(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the
computation of the taxpayer's federal taxable income as required
to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under the
Internal Revenue Code;

(b) The amount resulted in a reduction in the taxpayer's 11917
federal taxable income as required to be reported for any of the 11918
taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code. 11919

(12) Deduct any amount, net of related expenses deducted 11920 in computing federal taxable income, that a trust is required to 11921 report as farm income on its federal income tax return, but only 11922 if the assets of the trust include at least ten acres of land 11923 satisfying the definition of "land devoted exclusively to 11924 agricultural use" under section 5713.30 of the Revised Code, 11925 regardless of whether the land is valued for tax purposes as 11926 such land under sections 5713.30 to 5713.38 of the Revised Code. 11927 If the trust is a pass-through entity investor, section 5747.231 11928 of the Revised Code applies in ascertaining if the trust is 11929 eligible to claim the deduction provided by division (S)(12) of 11930 this section in connection with the pass-through entity's farm 11931 income. 11932

Except for farm income attributable to the S portion of an11933electing small business trust, the deduction provided by11934division (S)(12) of this section is allowed only to the extent11935that the trust has not distributed such farm income. Division11936(S)(12) of this section applies only to taxable years of a trust11937beginning in 2002 or thereafter.11938

(13) Add the net amount of income described in section	11939
641(c) of the Internal Revenue Code to the extent that amount is	11940
not included in federal taxable income.	11941
(14) Add or deduct the amount the taxpayer would be	11942
required to add or deduct under division (A)(20) or (21) of this	11943
section if the taxpayer's Ohio taxable income were computed in	11944
the same manner as an individual's Ohio adjusted gross income is	11945
computed under this section. In the case of a trust, division	11946
(S)(14) of this section applies only to any of the trust's	11947
taxable years beginning in 2002 or thereafter.	11948
(T) "School district income" and "school district income	11949
tax" have the same meanings as in section 5748.01 of the Revised	11950
Code.	11951
(U) As used in divisions (A)(8), (A)(9), (S)(6), and (S)	11952
(7) of this section, "public obligations," "purchase	11953
obligations," and "interest or interest equivalent" have the	11954
same meanings as in section 5709.76 of the Revised Code.	11955
(V) "Limited liability company" means any limited	11956
liability company formed under Chapter 1705. <u>or 1706.</u> of the	11957
Revised Code or under the laws of any other state.	11958
(W) "Pass-through entity investor" means any person who,	11959
during any portion of a taxable year of a pass-through entity,	11960
is a partner, member, shareholder, or equity investor in that	11961
pass-through entity.	11962
(X) "Banking day" has the same meaning as in section	11963
1304.01 of the Revised Code.	11964
(Y) "Month" means a calendar month.	11965
(Z) "Quarter" means the first three months, the second	11966

three months, the third three months, or the last three months 11967
of the taxpayer's taxable year. 11968
 (AA)(1) "Eligible institution" means a state university or 11969
state institution of higher education as defined in section 11970
3345.011 of the Revised Code, or a private, nonprofit college, 11971
university, or other post-secondary institution located in this 11972

state that possesses a certificate of authorization issued by 11973 the chancellor of higher education pursuant to Chapter 1713. of 11974 the Revised Code or a certificate of registration issued by the 11975 state board of career colleges and schools under Chapter 3332. 11976 of the Revised Code. 11977

(2) "Qualified tuition and fees" means tuition and fees 11978 imposed by an eligible institution as a condition of enrollment 11979 or attendance, not exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars 11980 in each of the individual's first two years of post-secondary 11981 education. If the individual is a part-time student, "qualified 11982 tuition and fees" includes tuition and fees paid for the 11983 academic equivalent of the first two years of post-secondary 11984 education during a maximum of five taxable years, not exceeding 11985 a total of five thousand dollars. "Qualified tuition and fees" 11986 does not include: 11987

(a) Expenses for any course or activity involving sports, 11988
games, or hobbies unless the course or activity is part of the 11989
individual's degree or diploma program; 11990

(b) The cost of books, room and board, student activity11991fees, athletic fees, insurance expenses, or other expenses11992unrelated to the individual's academic course of instruction;11993

(c) Tuition, fees, or other expenses paid or reimbursed11994through an employer, scholarship, grant in aid, or other11995

educational benefit program.

(BB) (1) "Modified business income" means the business 11997 income included in a trust's Ohio taxable income after such 11998 taxable income is first reduced by the qualifying trust amount, 11999 if any. 12000

(2) "Qualifying trust amount" of a trust means capital 12001 gains and losses from the sale, exchange, or other disposition 12002 of equity or ownership interests in, or debt obligations of, a 12003 qualifying investee to the extent included in the trust's Ohio 12004 taxable income, but only if the following requirements are 12005 satisfied: 12006

(a) The book value of the qualifying investee's physical 12007 assets in this state and everywhere, as of the last day of the 12008 qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately 12009 prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or 12010 loss, is available to the trust. 12011

(b) The requirements of section 5747.011 of the Revised 12012 Code are satisfied for the trust's taxable year in which the 12013 trust recognizes the gain or loss. 12014

Any gain or loss that is not a qualifying trust amount is 12015 modified business income, qualifying investment income, or 12016 modified nonbusiness income, as the case may be. 12017

(3) "Modified nonbusiness income" means a trust's Ohio 12018 taxable income other than modified business income, other than 12019 the qualifying trust amount, and other than qualifying 12020 investment income, as defined in section 5747.012 of the Revised 12021 Code, to the extent such qualifying investment income is not 12022 otherwise part of modified business income. 12023

(4) "Modified Ohio taxable income" applies only to trusts, 12024

#### and means the sum of the amounts described in divisions (BB)(4) 12025 (a) to (c) of this section: 12026 (a) The fraction, calculated under section 5747.013, and 12027 applying section 5747.231 of the Revised Code, multiplied by the 12028 sum of the following amounts: 12029 (i) The trust's modified business income; 12030 (ii) The trust's qualifying investment income, as defined 12031 in section 5747.012 of the Revised Code, but only to the extent 12032 the qualifying investment income does not otherwise constitute 12033 modified business income and does not otherwise constitute a 12034 qualifying trust amount. 12035 (b) The qualifying trust amount multiplied by a fraction, 12036 the numerator of which is the sum of the book value of the 12037 qualifying investee's physical assets in this state on the last 12038 day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending 12039 immediately prior to the day on which the trust recognizes the 12040 qualifying trust amount, and the denominator of which is the sum 12041 of the book value of the qualifying investee's total physical 12042 assets everywhere on the last day of the qualifying investee's 12043 fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the day on 12044 which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount. If, for 12045 a taxable year, the trust recognizes a qualifying trust amount 12046

with respect to more than one qualifying investee, the amount12047described in division (BB)(4)(b) of this section shall equal the12048sum of the products so computed for each such qualifying12049investee.12050

(c) (i) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that
is a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I) (3)
(d) of this section, its modified nonbusiness income.
12053

(ii) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is 12054 not a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3) 12055 (d) of this section, the amount of its modified nonbusiness 12056 income satisfying the descriptions in divisions (B)(2) to (5) of 12057 section 5747.20 of the Revised Code, except as otherwise 12058 provided in division (BB)(4)(c)(ii) of this section. With 12059 12060 respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is not a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)(d) of this 12061 section, the trust's portion of modified nonbusiness income 12062 recognized from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a 12063 debt interest in or equity interest in a section 5747.212 12064 entity, as defined in section 5747.212 of the Revised Code, 12065 without regard to division (A) of that section, shall not be 12066 allocated to this state in accordance with section 5747.20 of 12067 the Revised Code but shall be apportioned to this state in 12068 accordance with division (B) of section 5747.212 of the Revised 12069 Code without regard to division (A) of that section. 12070

If the allocation and apportionment of a trust's income12071under divisions (BB) (4) (a) and (c) of this section do not fairly12072represent the modified Ohio taxable income of the trust in this12073state, the alternative methods described in division (C) of12074section 5747.21 of the Revised Code may be applied in the manner12075and to the same extent provided in that section.12076

(5) (a) Except as set forth in division (BB) (5) (b) of this 12077 section, "qualifying investee" means a person in which a trust 12078 has an equity or ownership interest, or a person or unit of 12079 government the debt obligations of either of which are owned by 12080 a trust. For the purposes of division (BB) (2) (a) of this section 12081 and for the purpose of computing the fraction described in 12082 division (BB) (4) (b) of this section, all of the following apply: 12083

(i) If the qualifying investee is a member of a qualifying
12084
controlled group on the last day of the qualifying investee's
fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on
which the trust recognizes the gain or loss, then "qualifying
investee" includes all persons in the qualifying controlled
group on such last day.

(ii) If the qualifying investee, or if the qualifying 12090 investee and any members of the qualifying controlled group of 12091 which the qualifying investee is a member on the last day of the 12092 qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately 12093 prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or 12094 loss, separately or cumulatively own, directly or indirectly, on 12095 the last day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar 12096 year ending immediately prior to the date on which the trust 12097 recognizes the qualifying trust amount, more than fifty per cent 12098 of the equity of a pass-through entity, then the qualifying 12099 investee and the other members are deemed to own the 12100 proportionate share of the pass-through entity's physical assets 12101 which the pass-through entity directly or indirectly owns on the 12102 last day of the pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year 12103 ending within or with the last day of the qualifying investee's 12104 fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on 12105 which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount. 12106

(iii) For the purposes of division (BB)(5)(a)(iii) of this 12107 section, "upper level pass-through entity" means a pass-through 12108 entity directly or indirectly owning any equity of another passthrough entity, and "lower level pass-through entity" means that 12110 other pass-through entity. 12111

An upper level pass-through entity, whether or not it is 12112 also a qualifying investee, is deemed to own, on the last day of 12113

the upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year, 12114 the proportionate share of the lower level pass-through entity's 12115 physical assets that the lower level pass-through entity 12116 directly or indirectly owns on the last day of the lower level 12117 pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year ending within or 12118 with the last day of the upper level pass-through entity's 12119 fiscal or calendar year. If the upper level pass-through entity 12120 directly and indirectly owns less than fifty per cent of the 12121 equity of the lower level pass-through entity on each day of the 12122 upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in 12123 which or with which ends the calendar or fiscal year of the 12124 lower level pass-through entity and if, based upon clear and 12125 convincing evidence, complete information about the location and 12126 cost of the physical assets of the lower pass-through entity is 12127 not available to the upper level pass-through entity, then 12128 solely for purposes of ascertaining if a gain or loss 12129 constitutes a qualifying trust amount, the upper level pass-12130 through entity shall be deemed as owning no equity of the lower 12131 level pass-through entity for each day during the upper level 12132 pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in which or with 12133 which ends the lower level pass-through entity's calendar or 12134 fiscal year. Nothing in division (BB) (5) (a) (iii) of this section 12135 shall be construed to provide for any deduction or exclusion in 12136 computing any trust's Ohio taxable income. 12137

(b) With respect to a trust that is not a resident for the 12138 taxable year and with respect to a part of a trust that is not a 12139 resident for the taxable year, "qualifying investee" for that 12140 taxable year does not include a C corporation if both of the 12141 following apply: 12142

(i) During the taxable year the trust or part of the trust12143recognizes a gain or loss from the sale, exchange, or other12144

disposition of equity or ownership interests in, or debt 12145 obligations of, the C corporation. 12146 (ii) Such gain or loss constitutes nonbusiness income. 12147 (6) "Available" means information is such that a person is 12148 able to learn of the information by the due date plus 12149 extensions, if any, for filing the return for the taxable year 12150 in which the trust recognizes the gain or loss. 12151 (CC) "Qualifying controlled group" has the same meaning as 12152 in section 5733.04 of the Revised Code. 12153 (DD) "Related member" has the same meaning as in section 12154 5733.042 of the Revised Code. 12155 (EE) (1) For the purposes of division (EE) of this section: 12156 (a) "Qualifying person" means any person other than a 12157 qualifying corporation. 12158 (b) "Qualifying corporation" means any person classified 12159 for federal income tax purposes as an association taxable as a 12160 corporation, except either of the following: 12161 (i) A corporation that has made an election under 12162 subchapter S, chapter one, subtitle A, of the Internal Revenue 12163 Code for its taxable year ending within, or on the last day of, 12164 12165 the investor's taxable year; (ii) A subsidiary that is wholly owned by any corporation 12166 that has made an election under subchapter S, chapter one, 12167 subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year 12168 ending within, or on the last day of, the investor's taxable 12169 year. 12170

(2) For the purposes of this chapter, unless expressly 12171

directly or indirectly owned by any qualifying corporation. 12173 (FF) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 5751. of the 12174 Revised Code: 12175 (1) "Trust" does not include a qualified pre-income tax 12176 trust. 12177 (2) A "qualified pre-income tax trust" is any pre-income 12178 tax trust that makes a qualifying pre-income tax trust election 12179 as described in division (FF)(3) of this section. 12180 (3) A "qualifying pre-income tax trust election" is an 12181 12182 election by a pre-income tax trust to subject to the tax imposed by section 5751.02 of the Revised Code the pre-income tax trust 12183 and all pass-through entities of which the trust owns or 12184 controls, directly, indirectly, or constructively through 12185 related interests, five per cent or more of the ownership or 12186 equity interests. The trustee shall notify the tax commissioner 12187 in writing of the election on or before April 15, 2006. The 12188 election, if timely made, shall be effective on and after 12189 January 1, 2006, and shall apply for all tax periods and tax 12190 years until revoked by the trustee of the trust. 12191 (4) A "pre-income tax trust" is a trust that satisfies all 12192 of the following requirements: 12193 (a) The document or instrument creating the trust was 12194 executed by the grantor before January 1, 1972; 12195 (b) The trust became irrevocable upon the creation of the 12196 trust; and 12197 (c) The grantor was domiciled in this state at the time 12198

stated otherwise, no qualifying person indirectly owns any asset

the trust was created.

Page 419

(GG) "Uniformed services" has the same meaning as in 10	12200
U.S.C. 101.	12201
(HH) "Taxable business income" means the amount by which	12202
an individual's business income that is included in federal	12203
adjusted gross income exceeds the amount of business income the	12204
individual is authorized to deduct under division (A)(31) of	12205
this section for the taxable year.	12206
(II) "Employer" does not include a franchisor with respect	12207
to the franchisor's relationship with a franchisee or an	12208
employee of a franchisee, unless the franchisor agrees to assume	12209
that role in writing or a court of competent jurisdiction	12210
determines that the franchisor exercises a type or degree of	12211
control over the furnehices on the furnehices is employees that	10010

determines that the franchisor exercises a type or degree of12211control over the franchisee or the franchisee's employees that12212is not customarily exercised by a franchisor for the purpose of12213protecting the franchisor's trademark, brand, or both. For12214purposes of this division, "franchisor" and "franchisee" have12215the same meanings as in 16 C.F.R. 436.1.12216

(JJ) "Modified adjusted gross income" means Ohio adjusted 12217gross income plus any amount deducted under division (A) (31) of 12218this section for the taxable year. 12219

(KK) "Qualifying Ohio educator" means an individual who, 12220 for a taxable year, qualifies as an eligible educator, as that 12221 term is defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code, and 12222 who holds a certificate, license, or permit described in Chapter 12223 3319. or section 3301.071 of the Revised Code. 12224

Sec. 5751.01. As used in this chapter: 12225

(A) "Person" means, but is not limited to, individuals, 12226
combinations of individuals of any form, receivers, assignees, 12227
trustees in bankruptcy, firms, companies, joint-stock companies, 12228

business trusts, estates, partnerships, limited liability12229partnerships, limited liability companies, associations, joint12230ventures, clubs, societies, for-profit corporations, S12231corporations, qualified subchapter S subsidiaries, qualified12232subchapter S trusts, trusts, entities that are disregarded for12233federal income tax purposes, and any other entities.12234

(B) "Consolidated elected taxpayer" means a group of two
 12235
 or more persons treated as a single taxpayer for purposes of
 12236
 this chapter as the result of an election made under section
 12237
 5751.011 of the Revised Code.
 12238

(C) "Combined taxpayer" means a group of two or more
persons treated as a single taxpayer for purposes of this
chapter under section 5751.012 of the Revised Code.
12241

(D) "Taxpayer" means any person, or any group of persons
 12242
 in the case of a consolidated elected taxpayer or combined
 12243
 taxpayer treated as one taxpayer, required to register or pay
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 tax under this chapter. "Taxpayer" does not include excluded
 12245
 persons.

(E) "Excluded person" means any of the following: 12247

(1) Any person with not more than one hundred fifty
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thousand dollars of taxable gross receipts during the calendar
year. Division (E) (1) of this section does not apply to a person
that is a member of a consolidated elected taxpayer;
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(2) A public utility that paid the excise tax imposed by
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section 5727.24 or 5727.30 of the Revised Code based on one or
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more measurement periods that include the entire tax period
12254
under this chapter, except that a public utility that is a
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combined company is a taxpayer with regard to the following
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gross receipts:

(a) Taxable gross receipts directly attributed to a public
utility activity, but not directly attributed to an activity
that is subject to the excise tax imposed by section 5727.24 or
5727.30 of the Revised Code;

(b) Taxable gross receipts that cannot be directly 12262
attributed to any activity, multiplied by a fraction whose 12263
numerator is the taxable gross receipts described in division 12264
(E) (2) (a) of this section and whose denominator is the total 12265
taxable gross receipts that can be directly attributed to any 12266
activity; 12267

(c) Except for any differences resulting from the use of 12268 an accrual basis method of accounting for purposes of 12269 determining gross receipts under this chapter and the use of the 12270 cash basis method of accounting for purposes of determining 12271 gross receipts under section 5727.24 of the Revised Code, the 12272 gross receipts directly attributed to the activity of a natural 12273 gas company shall be determined in a manner consistent with 12274 division (D) of section 5727.03 of the Revised Code. 12275

As used in division (E)(2) of this section, "combined12276company" and "public utility" have the same meanings as in12277section 5727.01 of the Revised Code.12278

(3) A financial institution, as defined in section 5726.01
of the Revised Code, that paid the tax imposed by section
5726.02 of the Revised Code based on one or more taxable years
that include the entire tax period under this chapter;

(4) A person directly or indirectly owned by one or more
financial institutions, as defined in section 5726.01 of the
Revised Code, that paid the tax imposed by section 5726.02 of
the Revised Code based on one or more taxable years that include
12283

the entire tax period under this chapter.

For the purposes of division (E)(4) of this section, a 12288 person owns another person under the following circumstances: 12289

(a) In the case of corporations issuing capital stock, one
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corporation owns another corporation if it owns fifty per cent
or more of the other corporation's capital stock with current
voting rights;

(b) In the case of a limited liability company, one person
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owns the company if that person's membership interest, as
defined in section 1705.01 or 1706.01 of the Revised Code as
applicable, is fifty per cent or more of the combined membership
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interests of all persons owning such interests in the company;
12298

(c) In the case of a partnership, trust, or other 12299 unincorporated business organization other than a limited 12300 liability company, one person owns the organization if, under 12301 the articles of organization or other instrument governing the 12302 affairs of the organization, that person has a beneficial 12303 interest in the organization's profits, surpluses, losses, or 12304 distributions of fifty per cent or more of the combined 12305 beneficial interests of all persons having such an interest in 12306 the organization. 12307

(5) A domestic insurance company or foreign insurance 12308 company, as defined in section 5725.01 of the Revised Code, that 12309 paid the insurance company premiums tax imposed by section 12310 5725.18 or Chapter 5729. of the Revised Code, or an unauthorized 12311 insurance company whose gross premiums are subject to tax under 12312 section 3905.36 of the Revised Code based on one or more 12313 measurement periods that include the entire tax period under 12314 12315 this chapter;

(6) A person that solely facilitates or services one or
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more securitizations of phase-in-recovery property pursuant to a
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final financing order as those terms are defined in section
4928.23 of the Revised Code. For purposes of this division,
"securitization" means transferring one or more assets to one or
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more persons and then issuing securities backed by the right to
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receive payment from the asset or assets so transferred.

(7) Except as otherwise provided in this division, a pre-12323 income tax trust as defined in division (FF)(4) of section 12324 5747.01 of the Revised Code and any pass-through entity of which 12325 12326 such pre-income tax trust owns or controls, directly, indirectly, or constructively through related interests, more 12327 than five per cent of the ownership or equity interests. If the 12328 pre-income tax trust has made a qualifying pre-income tax trust 12329 election under division (FF) (3) of section 5747.01 of the 12330 Revised Code, then the trust and the pass-through entities of 12331 which it owns or controls, directly, indirectly, or 12332 constructively through related interests, more than five per 12333 cent of the ownership or equity interests, shall not be excluded 12334 persons for purposes of the tax imposed under section 5751.02 of 12335 the Revised Code. 12336

(8) Nonprofit organizations or the state and its agencies, 12337instrumentalities, or political subdivisions. 12338

(F) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (F) (2), (3), 12339 and (4) of this section, "gross receipts" means the total amount 12340 realized by a person, without deduction for the cost of goods 12341 sold or other expenses incurred, that contributes to the 12342 production of gross income of the person, including the fair 12343 market value of any property and any services received, and any 12344 debt transferred or forgiven as consideration. 12345

(1) The following are examples of gross receipts: 12346 (a) Amounts realized from the sale, exchange, or other 12347 disposition of the taxpayer's property to or with another; 12348 (b) Amounts realized from the taxpayer's performance of 12349 services for another; 12350 (c) Amounts realized from another's use or possession of 12351 the taxpayer's property or capital; 12352 (d) Any combination of the foregoing amounts. 12353 (2) "Gross receipts" excludes the following amounts: 12354 (a) Interest income except interest on credit sales; 12355 (b) Dividends and distributions from corporations, and 12356 distributive or proportionate shares of receipts and income from 12357 a pass-through entity as defined under section 5733.04 of the 12358 Revised Code; 12359 (c) Receipts from the sale, exchange, or other disposition 12360 of an asset described in section 1221 or 1231 of the Internal 12361 Revenue Code, without regard to the length of time the person 12362 held the asset. Notwithstanding section 1221 of the Internal 12363 Revenue Code, receipts from hedging transactions also are 12364 excluded to the extent the transactions are entered into 12365 primarily to protect a financial position, such as managing the 12366 risk of exposure to (i) foreign currency fluctuations that 12367 12368 affect assets, liabilities, profits, losses, equity, or investments in foreign operations; (ii) interest rate 12369 fluctuations; or (iii) commodity price fluctuations. As used in 12370 division (F)(2)(c) of this section, "hedging transaction" has 12371 the same meaning as used in section 1221 of the Internal Revenue 12372

Code and also includes transactions accorded hedge accounting

Page 425

treatment under statement of financial accounting standards12374number 133 of the financial accounting standards board. For the12375purposes of division (F)(2)(c) of this section, the actual12376transfer of title of real or tangible personal property to12377another entity is not a hedging transaction.12378

(d) Proceeds received attributable to the repayment,
maturity, or redemption of the principal of a loan, bond, mutual
fund, certificate of deposit, or marketable instrument;
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(e) The principal amount received under a repurchase
agreement or on account of any transaction properly
characterized as a loan to the person;
12384

(f) Contributions received by a trust, plan, or other
arrangement, any of which is described in section 501(a) of the
Internal Revenue Code, or to which Title 26, Subtitle A, Chapter
1, Subchapter (D) of the Internal Revenue Code applies;
12385

(g) Compensation, whether current or deferred, and whether 12389 in cash or in kind, received or to be received by an employee, 12390 former employee, or the employee's legal successor for services 12391 rendered to or for an employer, including reimbursements 12392 received by or for an individual for medical or education 12393 expenses, health insurance premiums, or employee expenses, or on 12394 account of a dependent care spending account, legal services 12395 plan, any cafeteria plan described in section 125 of the 12396 Internal Revenue Code, or any similar employee reimbursement; 12397

(h) Proceeds received from the issuance of the taxpayer's 12398
own stock, options, warrants, puts, or calls, or from the sale 12399
of the taxpayer's treasury stock; 12400

(i) Proceeds received on the account of payments from 12401insurance policies, except those proceeds received for the loss 12402

of business revenue;	12403
(j) Gifts or charitable contributions received; membership	12404
dues received by trade, professional, homeowners', or	12405
condominium associations; and payments received for educational	12406
courses, meetings, meals, or similar payments to a trade,	12407
professional, or other similar association; and fundraising	12408
receipts received by any person when any excess receipts are	12409
donated or used exclusively for charitable purposes;	12410
(k) Damages received as the result of litigation in excess	12411
of amounts that, if received without litigation, would be gross	12412
receipts;	12413
(1) Property, money, and other amounts received or	12414
acquired by an agent on behalf of another in excess of the	12415
agent's commission, fee, or other remuneration;	12416
(m) mou notion other tou benefit recomming and	10/17
(m) Tax refunds, other tax benefit recoveries, and	12417
reimbursements for the tax imposed under this chapter made by	12418
entities that are part of the same combined taxpayer or	12419
consolidated elected taxpayer group, and reimbursements made by	12420
entities that are not members of a combined taxpayer or	12421
consolidated elected taxpayer group that are required to be made	12422
for economic parity among multiple owners of an entity whose tax	12423
obligation under this chapter is required to be reported and	12424
paid entirely by one owner, pursuant to the requirements of	12425
sections 5751.011 and 5751.012 of the Revised Code;	12426
(n) Pension reversions;	12427
(o) Contributions to capital;	12428
(p) Sales or use taxes collected as a vendor or an out-of-	12429
state seller on behalf of the taxing jurisdiction from a	12430
consumer or other taxes the taxpayer is required by law to	12431

12441

collect directly from a purchaser and remit to a local, state, 12432 or federal tax authority; 12433 (q) In the case of receipts from the sale of cigarettes, 12434 tobacco products, or vapor products by a wholesale dealer, 12435 retail dealer, distributor, manufacturer, vapor distributor, or 12436 seller, all as defined in section 5743.01 of the Revised Code, 12437 an amount equal to the federal and state excise taxes paid by 12438 any person on or for such cigarettes, tobacco products, or vapor 12439 products under subtitle E of the Internal Revenue Code or 12440

Chapter 5743. of the Revised Code;

(r) In the case of receipts from the sale, transfer, 12442
exchange, or other disposition of motor fuel as "motor fuel" is 12443
defined in section 5736.01 of the Revised Code, an amount equal 12444
to the value of the motor fuel, including federal and state 12445
motor fuel excise taxes and receipts from billing or invoicing 12446
the tax imposed under section 5736.02 of the Revised Code to 12447
another person; 12448

(s) In the case of receipts from the sale of beer or
intoxicating liquor, as defined in section 4301.01 of the
Revised Code, by a person holding a permit issued under Chapter
4301. or 4303. of the Revised Code, an amount equal to federal
12452
and state excise taxes paid by any person on or for such beer or
12453
intoxicating liquor under subtitle E of the Internal Revenue
12454
Code or Chapter 4301. or 4305. of the Revised Code;

(t) Receipts realized by a new motor vehicle dealer or12456used motor vehicle dealer, as defined in section 4517.01 of the12457Revised Code, from the sale or other transfer of a motor12458vehicle, as defined in that section, to another motor vehicle12459dealer for the purpose of resale by the transferee motor vehicle12460dealer, but only if the sale or other transfer was based upon12461

the transferee's need to meet a specific customer's preference	12462
for a motor vehicle;	12463
(u) Receipts from a financial institution described in	12464
division (E)(3) of this section for services provided to the	12465
financial institution in connection with the issuance,	12466
processing, servicing, and management of loans or credit	12467
accounts, if such financial institution and the recipient of	12468
such receipts have at least fifty per cent of their ownership	12469
interests owned or controlled, directly or constructively	12470
through related interests, by common owners;	12471
(v) Receipts realized from administering anti-neoplastic	12472
drugs and other cancer chemotherapy, biologicals, therapeutic	12473
agents, and supportive drugs in a physician's office to patients	12474
with cancer;	12475
(w) Funds received or used by a mortgage broker that is	12476
not a dealer in intangibles, other than fees or other	12477
consideration, pursuant to a table-funding mortgage loan or	12478
warehouse-lending mortgage loan. Terms used in division (F)(2)	12479
(w) of this section have the same meanings as in section 1322.01	12480
of the Revised Code, except "mortgage broker" means a person	12481
assisting a buyer in obtaining a mortgage loan for a fee or	12482
other consideration paid by the buyer or a lender, or a person	12483
engaged in table-funding or warehouse-lending mortgage loans	12484
that are first lien mortgage loans.	12485
(x) Property, money, and other amounts received by a	12486
professional employer organization, as defined in section	12487
4125.01 of the Revised Code, from a client employer, as defined	12488

4125.01 of the Revised Code, from a client employer, as defined12488in that section, in excess of the administrative fee charged by12489the professional employer organization to the client employer;12490

(y) In the case of amounts retained as commissions by a
permit holder under Chapter 3769. of the Revised Code, an amount
equal to the amounts specified under that chapter that must be
paid to or collected by the tax commissioner as a tax and the
amounts specified under that chapter to be used as purse money;
12491

- (z) Qualifying distribution center receipts. 12496
- (i) For purposes of division (F)(2)(z) of this section: 12497

(I) "Qualifying distribution center receipts" means
12498
receipts of a supplier from qualified property that is delivered
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to a qualified distribution center, multiplied by a quantity
12500
that equals one minus the Ohio delivery percentage. If the
qualified distribution center is a refining facility, "supplier"
12502
includes all dealers, brokers, processors, sellers, vendors,
cosigners, and distributors of qualified property.

(II) "Qualified property" means tangible personal property 12505 delivered to a qualified distribution center that is shipped to 12506 that qualified distribution center solely for further shipping 12507 by the qualified distribution center to another location in this 12508 state or elsewhere or, in the case of gold, silver, platinum, or 12509 palladium delivered to a refining facility solely for refining 12510 to a grade and fineness acceptable for delivery to a registered 12511 commodities exchange. "Further shipping" includes storing and 12512 repackaging property into smaller or larger bundles, so long as 12513 the property is not subject to further manufacturing or 12514 processing. "Refining" is limited to extracting impurities from 12515 gold, silver, platinum, or palladium through smelting or some 12516 other process at a refining facility. 12517

(III) "Qualified distribution center" means a warehouse, a 12518
facility similar to a warehouse, or a refining facility in this 12519

state that, for the qualifying year, is operated by a person 12520 that is not part of a combined taxpayer group and that has a 12521 qualifying certificate. All warehouses or facilities similar to 12522 warehouses that are operated by persons in the same taxpayer 12523 group and that are located within one mile of each other shall 12524 be treated as one qualified distribution center. All refining 12525 12526 facilities that are operated by persons in the same taxpayer group and that are located in the same or adjacent counties may 12527 be treated as one qualified distribution center. 12528

(IV) "Qualifying year" means the calendar year to which the qualifying certificate applies.

(V) "Qualifying period" means the period of the first day
 of July of the second year preceding the qualifying year through
 the thirtieth day of June of the year preceding the qualifying
 12533
 year.

(VI) "Qualifying certificate" means the certificate issued 12535 by the tax commissioner after the operator of a distribution 12536 center files an annual application with the commissioner. The 12537 application and annual fee shall be filed and paid for each 12538 qualified distribution center on or before the first day of 12539 September before the qualifying year or within forty-five days 12540 after the distribution center opens, whichever is later. 12541

The applicant must substantiate to the commissioner's 12542 satisfaction that, for the qualifying period, all persons 12543 operating the distribution center have more than fifty per cent 12544 of the cost of the qualified property shipped to a location such 12545 that it would be sitused outside this state under the provisions 12546 of division (E) of section 5751.033 of the Revised Code. The 12547 applicant must also substantiate that the distribution center 12548 cumulatively had costs from its suppliers equal to or exceeding 12549

12529

five hundred million dollars during the qualifying period. (For 12550 purposes of division (F)(2)(z)(i)(VI) of this section, 12551 "supplier" excludes any person that is part of the consolidated 12552 elected taxpayer group, if applicable, of the operator of the 12553 qualified distribution center.) The commissioner may require the 12554 applicant to have an independent certified public accountant 12555 certify that the calculation of the minimum thresholds required 12556 for a qualified distribution center by the operator of a 12557 distribution center has been made in accordance with generally 12558 accepted accounting principles. The commissioner shall issue or 12559 deny the issuance of a certificate within sixty days after the 12560 receipt of the application. A denial is subject to appeal under 12561 section 5717.02 of the Revised Code. If the operator files a 12562 timely appeal under section 5717.02 of the Revised Code, the 12563 operator shall be granted a qualifying certificate effective for 12564 the remainder of the qualifying year or until the appeal is 12565 finalized, whichever is earlier. If the operator does not 12566 prevail in the appeal, the operator shall pay the ineligible 12567 operator's supplier tax liability. 12568

(VII) "Ohio delivery percentage" means the proportion of 12569
the total property delivered to a destination inside Ohio from 12570
the qualified distribution center during the qualifying period 12571
compared with total deliveries from such distribution center 12572
everywhere during the qualifying period. 12573

(VIII) "Refining facility" means one or more buildings12574located in a county in the Appalachian region of this state as12575defined by section 107.21 of the Revised Code and utilized for12576refining or smelting gold, silver, platinum, or palladium to a12577grade and fineness acceptable for delivery to a registered12578commodities exchange.12579
(IX) "Registered commodities exchange" means a board of 12580 trade, such as New York mercantile exchange, inc. or commodity 12581 exchange, inc., designated as a contract market by the commodity 12582 futures trading commission under the "Commodity Exchange Act," 7 12583 U.S.C. 1 et seq., as amended. 12584

(X) "Ineligible operator's supplier tax liability" means 12585 an amount equal to the tax liability of all suppliers of a 12586 distribution center had the distribution center not been issued 12587 a qualifying certificate for the qualifying year. Ineligible 12588 operator's supplier tax liability shall not include interest or 12589 penalties. The tax commissioner shall determine an ineligible 12590 operator's supplier tax liability based on information that the 12591 commissioner may request from the operator of the distribution 12592 center. An operator shall provide a list of all suppliers of the 12593 distribution center and the corresponding costs of qualified 12594 property for the qualifying year at issue within sixty days of a 12595 request by the commissioner under this division. 12596

(ii) (I) If the distribution center is new and was not open 12597 for the entire qualifying period, the operator of the 12598 distribution center may request that the commissioner grant a 12599 qualifying certificate. If the certificate is granted and it is 12600 later determined that more than fifty per cent of the qualified 12601 property during that year was not shipped to a location such 12602 that it would be sitused outside of this state under the 12603 provisions of division (E) of section 5751.033 of the Revised 12604 Code or if it is later determined that the person that operates 12605 the distribution center had average monthly costs from its 12606 suppliers of less than forty million dollars during that year, 12607 then the operator of the distribution center shall pay the 12608 ineligible operator's supplier tax liability. (For purposes of 12609 division (F)(2)(z)(ii) of this section, "supplier" excludes any 12610

person that is part of the consolidated elected taxpayer group, 12611 if applicable, of the operator of the qualified distribution 12612 center.) 12613

(II) The commissioner may grant a qualifying certificate 12614 to a distribution center that does not qualify as a qualified 12615 distribution center for an entire qualifying period if the 12616 operator of the distribution center demonstrates that the 12617 business operations of the distribution center have changed or 12618 will change such that the distribution center will qualify as a 12619 qualified distribution center within thirty-six months after the 12620 date the operator first applies for a certificate. If, at the 12621 end of that thirty-six-month period, the business operations of 12622 12623 the distribution center have not changed such that the distribution center qualifies as a qualified distribution 12624 center, the operator of the distribution center shall pay the 12625 ineligible operator's supplier tax liability for each year that 12626 the distribution center received a certificate but did not 12627 qualify as a qualified distribution center. For each year the 12628 distribution center receives a certificate under division (F)(2) 12629 (z) (ii) (II) of this section, the distribution center shall pay 12630 all applicable fees required under division (F)(2)(z) of this 12631 section and shall submit an updated business plan showing the 12632 progress the distribution center made toward qualifying as a 12633 qualified distribution center during the preceding year. 12634

(III) An operator may appeal a determination under 12635 division (F)(2)(z)(ii)(I) or (II) of this section that the 12636 ineligible operator is liable for the operator's supplier tax 12637 liability as a result of not qualifying as a qualified 12638 distribution center, as provided in section 5717.02 of the 12639 Revised Code. 12640

(iii) When filing an application for a qualifying 12641 certificate under division (F)(2)(z)(i)(VI) of this section, the 12642 operator of a qualified distribution center also shall provide 12643 documentation, as the commissioner requires, for the 12644 commissioner to ascertain the Ohio delivery percentage. The 12645 commissioner, upon issuing the qualifying certificate, also 12646 shall certify the Ohio delivery percentage. The operator of the 12647 qualified distribution center may appeal the commissioner's 12648 certification of the Ohio delivery percentage in the same manner 12649 as an appeal is taken from the denial of a qualifying 12650 certificate under division (F)(2)(z)(i)(VI) of this section. 12651

(iv) (I) In the case where the distribution center is new 12652 and not open for the entire qualifying period, the operator 12653 shall make a good faith estimate of an Ohio delivery percentage 12654 for use by suppliers in their reports of taxable gross receipts 12655 for the remainder of the qualifying period. The operator of the 12656 facility shall disclose to the suppliers that such Ohio delivery 12657 percentage is an estimate and is subject to recalculation. By 12658 the due date of the next application for a qualifying 12659 certificate, the operator shall determine the actual Ohio 12660 delivery percentage for the estimated qualifying period and 12661 proceed as provided in division (F) (2) (z) (iii) of this section 12662 with respect to the calculation and recalculation of the Ohio 12663 delivery percentage. The supplier is required to file, within 12664 sixty days after receiving notice from the operator of the 12665 qualified distribution center, amended reports for the impacted 12666 calendar quarter or quarters or calendar year, whichever the 12667 case may be. Any additional tax liability or tax overpayment 12668 shall be subject to interest but shall not be subject to the 12669 imposition of any penalty so long as the amended returns are 12670 timely filed. 12671

(II) The operator of a distribution center that receives a 12672 qualifying certificate under division (F)(2)(z)(ii)(II) of this 12673 section shall make a good faith estimate of the Ohio delivery 12674 percentage that the operator estimates will apply to the 12675 distribution center at the end of the thirty-six-month period 12676 after the operator first applied for a qualifying certificate 12677 under that division. The result of the estimate shall be 12678 multiplied by a factor of one and seventy-five one-hundredths. 12679 The product of that calculation shall be the Ohio delivery 12680 percentage used by suppliers in their reports of taxable gross 12681 receipts for each qualifying year that the distribution center 12682 receives a qualifying certificate under division (F)(2)(z)(ii) 12683 (II) of this section, except that, if the product is less than 12684 five per cent, the Ohio delivery percentage used shall be five 12685 per cent and that, if the product exceeds forty-nine per cent, 12686 the Ohio delivery percentage used shall be forty-nine per cent. 12687

(v) Qualifying certificates and Ohio delivery percentages 12688 issued by the commissioner shall be open to public inspection 12689 and shall be timely published by the commissioner. A supplier 12690 relying in good faith on a certificate issued under this 12691 12692 division shall not be subject to tax on the qualifying distribution center receipts under division (F)(2)(z) of this 12693 section. An operator receiving a qualifying certificate is 12694 liable for the ineligible operator's supplier tax liability for 12695 each year the operator received a certificate but did not 12696 qualify as a qualified distribution center. 12697

(vi) The annual fee for a qualifying certificate shall be
one hundred thousand dollars for each qualified distribution
center. If a qualifying certificate is not issued, the annual
fee is subject to refund after the exhaustion of all appeals
provided for in division (F) (2) (z) (i) (VI) of this section. The

first one hundred thousand dollars of the annual application12703fees collected each calendar year shall be credited to the12704revenue enhancement fund. The remainder of the annual12705application fees collected shall be distributed in the same12706manner required under section 5751.20 of the Revised Code.12707

(vii) The tax commissioner may require that adequate 12708
security be posted by the operator of the distribution center on 12709
appeal when the commissioner disagrees that the applicant has 12710
met the minimum thresholds for a qualified distribution center 12711
as set forth in division (F)(2)(z) of this section. 12722

(aa) Receipts of an employer from payroll deductions
relating to the reimbursement of the employer for advancing
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moneys to an unrelated third party on an employee's behalf;
12715

- (bb) Cash discounts allowed and taken; 12716
- (cc) Returns and allowances;

(dd) Bad debts from receipts on the basis of which the tax 12718 imposed by this chapter was paid in a prior quarterly tax 12719 payment period. For the purpose of this division, "bad debts" 12720 means any debts that have become worthless or uncollectible 12721 between the preceding and current quarterly tax payment periods, 12722 have been uncollected for at least six months, and that may be 12723 claimed as a deduction under section 166 of the Internal Revenue 12724 Code and the regulations adopted under that section, or that 12725 12726 could be claimed as such if the taxpayer kept its accounts on the accrual basis. "Bad debts" does not include repossessed 12727 property, uncollectible amounts on property that remains in the 12728 possession of the taxpayer until the full purchase price is 12729 paid, or expenses in attempting to collect any account 12730 receivable or for any portion of the debt recovered; 12731

12717

(ee) Any amount realized from the sale of an account 12732 receivable to the extent the receipts from the underlying 12733 transaction giving rise to the account receivable were included 12734 in the gross receipts of the taxpayer; 12735 (ff) Any receipts directly attributed to a transfer 12736 agreement or to the enterprise transferred under that agreement 12737 under section 4313.02 of the Revised Code. 12738 (gg) (i) As used in this division: 12739 (I) "Qualified uranium receipts" means receipts from the 12740 sale, exchange, lease, loan, production, processing, or other 12741 12742 disposition of uranium within a uranium enrichment zone certified by the tax commissioner under division (F) (2) (gg) (ii) 12743 of this section. "Qualified uranium receipts" does not include 12744 any receipts with a situs in this state outside a uranium 12745 enrichment zone certified by the tax commissioner under division 12746 (F)(2)(gg)(ii) of this section. 12747

(II) "Uranium enrichment zone" means all real property 12748 that is part of a uranium enrichment facility licensed by the 12749 United States nuclear regulatory commission and that was or is 12750 owned or controlled by the United States department of energy or 12751 its successor. 12752

(ii) Any person that owns, leases, or operates real or 12753 tangible personal property constituting or located within a 12754 uranium enrichment zone may apply to the tax commissioner to 12755 have the uranium enrichment zone certified for the purpose of 12756 excluding qualified uranium receipts under division (F)(2)(qq) 12757 of this section. The application shall include such information 12758 that the tax commissioner prescribes. Within sixty days after 12759 receiving the application, the tax commissioner shall certify 12760

the zone for that purpose if the commissioner determines that 12761 the property qualifies as a uranium enrichment zone as defined 12762 in division (F)(2)(gg) of this section, or, if the tax 12763 commissioner determines that the property does not qualify, the 12764 commissioner shall deny the application or request additional 12765 information from the applicant. If the tax commissioner denies 12766 an application, the commissioner shall state the reasons for the 12767 denial. The applicant may appeal the denial of an application to 12768 the board of tax appeals pursuant to section 5717.02 of the 12769 Revised Code. If the applicant files a timely appeal, the tax 12770 commissioner shall conditionally certify the applicant's 12771 property. The conditional certification shall expire when all of 12772 the applicant's appeals are exhausted. Until final resolution of 12773 the appeal, the applicant shall retain the applicant's records 12774 in accordance with section 5751.12 of the Revised Code, 12775 notwithstanding any time limit on the preservation of records 12776 under that section. 12777

(hh) In the case of amounts collected by a licensed casino 12778 operator from casino gaming, amounts in excess of the casino 12779 operator's gross casino revenue. In this division, "casino 12780 operator" and "casino gaming" have the meanings defined in 12781 section 3772.01 of the Revised Code, and "gross casino revenue" 12782 has the meaning defined in section 5753.01 of the Revised Code. 12783

(ii) Receipts realized from the sale of agricultural
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commodities by an agricultural commodity handler, both as
defined in section 926.01 of the Revised Code, that is licensed
by the director of agriculture to handle agricultural
commodities in this state.

(jj) Qualifying integrated supply chain receipts. 12789
As used in division (F)(2)(jj) of this section: 12790

(i) "Qualifying integrated supply chain receipts" means 12791 receipts of a qualified integrated supply chain vendor from the 12792 sale of qualified property delivered to, or integrated supply 12793 chain services provided to, another qualified integrated supply 12794 chain vendor or to a retailer that is a member of the integrated 12795 supply chain. "Qualifying integrated supply chain receipts" does 12796 not include receipts of a person that is not a qualified 12797 integrated supply chain vendor from the sale of raw materials to 12798 a member of an integrated supply chain, or receipts of a member 12799 of an integrated supply chain from the sale of qualified 12800 property or integrated supply chain services to a person that is 12801 not a member of the integrated supply chain. 12802 (ii) "Qualified property" means any of the following: 12803 (I) Component parts used to hold, contain, package, or 12804 dispense qualified products, excluding equipment; 12805 (II) Work-in-process inventory that will become, comprise, 12806

or form a component part of a qualified product capable of being 12807 sold at retail, excluding equipment, machinery, furniture, and 12808 fixtures; 12809

(III) Finished goods inventory that is a qualified productcapable of being sold at retail in the inventory's present form.12811

(iii) "Qualified integrated supply chain vendor" means a 12812 person that is a member of an integrated supply chain and that 12813 provides integrated supply chain services within a qualified 12814 integrated supply chain district to a retailer that is a member 12815 of the integrated supply chain or to another qualified 12816 integrated supply chain vendor that is located within the same 12817 such district as the person but does not share a common owner 12818 12819 with that person.

(iv) "Qualified product" means a personal care, health, or
beauty product or an aromatic product, including a candle.
"Qualified product" does not include a drug that may be
12822
dispensed only pursuant to a prescription, durable medical
equipment, mobility enhancing equipment, or a prosthetic device,
as those terms are defined in section 5739.01 of the Revised
Code.

(v) "Integrated supply chain" means two or more qualified 12827 integrated supply chain vendors certified on the most recent 12828 list certified to the tax commissioner under this division that 12829 systematically collaborate and coordinate business operations 12830 with a retailer on the flow of tangible personal property from 12831 material sourcing through manufacturing, assembly, packaging, 12832 and delivery to the retailer to improve long-term financial 12833 performance of each vendor and the supply chain that includes 12834 the retailer. 12835

For the purpose of the certification required under this 12836 division, the reporting person for each retailer, on or before 12837 the first day of October of each year, shall certify to the tax 12838 commissioner a list of the qualified integrated supply chain 12839 vendors providing or receiving integrated supply chain services 12840 within a qualified integrated supply chain district for the 12841 ensuing calendar year. On or before the following first day of 12842 November, the commissioner shall issue a certificate to the 12843 retailer and to each vendor certified to the commissioner on 12844 that list. The certificate shall include the names of the 12845 retailer and of the qualified integrated supply chain vendors. 12846

The retailer shall notify the commissioner of any changes12847to the list, including additions to or subtractions from the12848list or changes in the name or legal entity of vendors certified12849

on the list, within sixty days after the date the retailer12850becomes aware of the change. Within thirty days after receiving12851that notification, the commissioner shall issue a revised12852certificate to the retailer and to each vendor certified on the12853list. The revised certificate shall include the effective date12854of the change.12855

Each recipient of a certificate issued pursuant to this12856division shall maintain a copy of the certificate for four years12857from the date the certificate was received.12858

(vi) "Integrated supply chain services" means procuring
raw materials or manufacturing, processing, refining,
assembling, packaging, or repackaging tangible personal property
that will become finished goods inventory capable of being sold
at retail by a retailer that is a member of an integrated supply
chain.

(vii) "Retailer" means a person primarily engaged in
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making retail sales and any member of that person's consolidated
elected taxpayer group or combined taxpayer group, whether or
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not that member is primarily engaged in making retail sales.
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(viii) "Qualified integrated supply chain district" means 12869 the parcel or parcels of land from which a retailer's integrated 12870 supply chain that existed on September 29, 2015, provides or 12871 receives integrated supply chain services, and to which all of 12872 the following apply: 12873

(I) The parcel or parcels are located wholly in a county
having a population of greater than one hundred sixty-five
thousand but less than one hundred seventy thousand based on the
2010 federal decennial census.
12877

(II) The parcel or parcels are located wholly in the 12878

corporate limits of a municipal corporation with a population12879greater than seven thousand five hundred and less than eight12880thousand based on the 2010 federal decennial census that is12881partly located in the county described in division (F) (2) (jj)12882(viii) (I) of this section, as those corporate limits existed on12883September 29, 2015.12884

(III) The aggregate acreage of the parcel or parcels 12885 equals or exceeds one hundred acres. 12886

(kk) In the case of a railroad company described in 12887 division (D)(9) of section 5727.01 of the Revised Code that 12888 purchases dyed diesel fuel directly from a supplier as defined 12889 by section 5736.01 of the Revised Code, an amount equal to the 12890 product of the number of gallons of dyed diesel fuel purchased 12891 directly from such a supplier multiplied by the average 12892 wholesale price for a gallon of diesel fuel as determined under 12893 section 5736.02 of the Revised Code for the period during which 12894 the fuel was purchased multiplied by a fraction, the numerator 12895 of which equals the rate of tax levied by section 5736.02 of the 12896 Revised Code less the rate of tax computed in section 5751.03 of 12897 the Revised Code, and the denominator of which equals the rate 12898 of tax computed in section 5751.03 of the Revised Code. 12899

(11) Receipts realized by an out-of-state disaster 12900 business from disaster work conducted in this state during a 12901 disaster response period pursuant to a qualifying solicitation 12902 received by the business. Terms used in division (F)(2)(11) of 12903 this section have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the 12904 Revised Code. 12905

(mm) Any receipts for which the tax imposed by this 12906 chapter is prohibited by the constitution or laws of the United 12907 States or the constitution of this state. 12908

(3) In the case of a taxpayer when acting as a real estate 12909 broker, "gross receipts" includes only the portion of any fee 12910 for the service of a real estate broker, or service of a real 12911 estate salesperson associated with that broker, that is retained 12912 by the broker and not paid to an associated real estate 12913 salesperson or another real estate broker. For the purposes of 12914 this division, "real estate broker" and "real estate 12915 salesperson" have the same meanings as in section 4735.01 of the 12916 Revised Code. 12917

(4) A taxpayer's method of accounting for gross receipts 12918 for a tax period shall be the same as the taxpayer's method of 12919 accounting for federal income tax purposes for the taxpayer's 12920 federal taxable year that includes the tax period. If a 12921 taxpayer's method of accounting for federal income tax purposes 12922 changes, its method of accounting for gross receipts under this 12923 chapter shall be changed accordingly. 12924

(G) "Taxable gross receipts" means gross receipts sitused12925to this state under section 5751.033 of the Revised Code.12926

(H) A person has "substantial nexus with this state" if 12927any of the following applies. The person: 12928

(1) Owns or uses a part or all of its capital in thisstate;12920

(2) Holds a certificate of compliance with the laws of12931this state authorizing the person to do business in this state;12932

(3) Has bright-line presence in this state;

(4) Otherwise has nexus with this state to an extent that
the person can be required to remit the tax imposed under this
chapter under the Constitution of the United States.

12933

(I) A person has "bright-line presence" in this state for 12937 a reporting period and for the remaining portion of the calendar 12938 year if any of the following applies. The person: 12939 (1) Has at any time during the calendar year property in 12940 this state with an aggregate value of at least fifty thousand 12941 dollars. For the purpose of division (I) (1) of this section, 12942 owned property is valued at original cost and rented property is 12943 12944 valued at eight times the net annual rental charge. (2) Has during the calendar year payroll in this state of 12945 at least fifty thousand dollars. Payroll in this state includes 12946 all of the following: 12947 (a) Any amount subject to withholding by the person under 12948 section 5747.06 of the Revised Code; 12949 (b) Any other amount the person pays as compensation to an 12950 individual under the supervision or control of the person for 12951 work done in this state; and 12952 (c) Any amount the person pays for services performed in 12953 this state on its behalf by another. 12954 (3) Has during the calendar year taxable gross receipts of 12955 at least five hundred thousand dollars. 12956 (4) Has at any time during the calendar year within this 12957 state at least twenty-five per cent of the person's total 12958 12959 property, total payroll, or total gross receipts.

(5) Is domiciled in this state as an individual or for12960corporate, commercial, or other business purposes.12961

(J) "Tangible personal property" has the same meaning as 12962in section 5739.01 of the Revised Code. 12963

(K) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue 12964 Code of 1986, 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C. 1, as amended. Any term 12965 used in this chapter that is not otherwise defined has the same 12966 meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of the 12967 United States relating to federal income taxes unless a 12968 different meaning is clearly required. Any reference in this 12969 chapter to the Internal Revenue Code includes other laws of the 12970 United States relating to federal income taxes. 12971

(L) "Calendar quarter" means a three-month period ending
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on the thirty-first day of March, the thirtieth day of June, the
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thirtieth day of September, or the thirty-first day of December.
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(M) "Tax period" means the calendar quarter or calendar
 year on the basis of which a taxpayer is required to pay the tax
 imposed under this chapter.

(N) "Calendar year taxpayer" means a taxpayer for which12978the tax period is a calendar year.12979

(O) "Calendar quarter taxpayer" means a taxpayer for which 12980the tax period is a calendar quarter. 12981

(P) "Agent" means a person authorized by another person to 12982
act on its behalf to undertake a transaction for the other, 12983
including any of the following: 12984

(1) A person receiving a fee to sell financial1298512986

(2) A person retaining only a commission from a 12987
transaction with the other proceeds from the transaction being 12988
remitted to another person; 12989

(3) A person issuing licenses and permits under section 129901533.13 of the Revised Code; 12991

Page 447

(4) A lottery sales agent holding a valid license issued	12992
under section 3770.05 of the Revised Code;	12993
(5) A person acting as an agent of the division of liquor	12994
control under section 4301.17 of the Revised Code.	12995
(Q) "Received" includes amounts accrued under the accrual	12996
method of accounting.	12997
(R) "Reporting person" means a person in a consolidated	12998
elected taxpayer or combined taxpayer group that is designated	12999
by that group to legally bind the group for all filings and tax	13000
liabilities and to receive all legal notices with respect to	13001
matters under this chapter, or, for the purposes of section	13002
5751.04 of the Revised Code, a separate taxpayer that is not a	13003
member of such a group.	13004
Section 2. That existing sections 111.16, 122.16, 122.173,	13005

135.14, 135.142, 135.35, 150.05, 718.01, 1329.01, 1329.02, 13006 1701.03, 1701.05, 1701.791, 1702.05, 1702.411, 1703.04, 1729.36, 13007 1729.38, 1745.461, 1751.01, 1776.69, 1776.82, 1782.02, 1782.432, 13008 1785.09, 3345.203, 3964.03, 3964.17, 4701.14, 4703.18, 4703.331, 13009 4715.18, 4715.22, 4715.365, 4715.431, 4717.06, 4723.16, 4725.33, 13010 4729.161, 4729.541, 4731.226, 4731.228, 4732.28, 4733.16, 13011 4734.17, 4755.111, 4755.471, 4757.37, 5701.14, 5715.19, 5733.04, 13012 5733.33, 5733.42, 5747.01, and 5751.01 of the Revised Code are 13013 hereby repealed. 13014

Section 3. That sections 1705.01, 1705.02, 1705.03,130151705.031, 1705.04, 1705.05, 1705.06, 1705.07, 1705.08, 1705.081,130161705.09, 1705.10, 1705.11, 1705.12, 1705.13, 1705.14, 1705.15,130171705.16, 1705.161, 1705.17, 1705.18, 1705.19, 1705.20, 1705.21,130181705.22, 1705.23, 1705.24, 1705.25, 1705.26, 1705.27, 1705.28,130191705.281, 1705.282, 1705.29, 1705.291, 1705.292, 1705.30,13020

1705.31, 1705.32, 1705.33, 1705.34, 1705.35, 1705.36, 1705.361, 13021 1705.37, 1705.371, 1705.38, 1705.381, 1705.39, 1705.391, 13022 1705.40, 1705.41, 1705.42, 1705.43, 1705.44, 1705.45, 1705.46, 13023 1705.47, 1705.48, 1705.49, 1705.50, 1705.51, 1705.52, 1705.53, 13024 1705.54, 1705.55, 1705.56, 1705.57, 1705.58, and 1705.61 of the 13025 Revised Code are hereby repealed. 13026 Section 4. Section 3 of this act shall take effect on 13027 January 1, 2022. 13028 Section 5. The repeal of a statute by this act shall not 13029 affect an action commenced, proceeding brought, or right accrued 13030 prior to January 1, 2022. 13031 Section 6. The General Assembly, applying the principle 13032

stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that 13033 amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of 13034 simultaneous operation, finds that the following sections, 13035 presented in this act as composites of the sections as amended 13036 by the acts indicated, are the resulting versions of the 13037 sections in effect prior to the effective date of the sections 13038 as presented in this act: 13039

Section 111.16 of the Revised Code as amended by both Sub.13040H.B. 31 and Sub. H.B. 133 of the 132nd General Assembly.13041

Section 135.35 of the Revised Code as amended by Am. Sub.13042H.B. 49, Sub. H.B. 251, and S.B. 163, all of the 132 General13043Assembly.13044

Section 3345.203 of the Revised Code as amended by both13045Am. Sub. H.B. 384 and Sub. S.B. 3 of the 131st General Assembly.13046