As Introduced

133rd General Assembly Regular Session 2019-2020

S. B. No. 278

Senators Eklund, Lehner

A BILL

То	amend sections 119.01, 149.43, 2967.03, 5149.01,	1
	5149.07, 5149.10, 5149.101, and 5149.11 of the	2
	Revised Code to modify parole procedures	3
	regarding prisoner access to information and	4
	materials, presence of counsel, uniform	5
	standards, and appeals of decisions.	6

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 119.01, 149.43, 2967.03, 5149.01,	/
5149.07, 5149.10, 5149.101, and 5149.11 of the Revised Code be	8
amended to read as follows:	9
Sec. 119.01. As used in sections 119.01 to 119.13 of the	10
Revised Code:	11
(A)(1) "Agency" means, except as limited by this division,	12
any official, board, or commission having authority to	13
promulgate rules or make adjudications in the civil service	14
commission, the division of liquor control, the department of	15
taxation, the industrial commission, the bureau of workers'	16
compensation, the functions of any administrative or executive	17
officer, department, division, bureau, board, or commission of	18
the government of the state specifically made subject to	19

sections 119.01 to 119.13 of the Revised Code, and the licensing	20
functions of any administrative or executive officer,	21
department, division, bureau, board, or commission of the	22
government of the state having the authority or responsibility	23
of issuing, suspending, revoking, or canceling licenses.	24

Sections 119.01 to 119.13 of the Revised Code do not apply 25 to the public utilities commission. Sections 119.01 to 119.13 of 26 the Revised Code do not apply to the utility radiological safety 27 board; to the controlling board; to actions of the 28 superintendent of financial institutions and the superintendent 29 30 of insurance in the taking possession of, and rehabilitation or liquidation of, the business and property of banks, savings and 31 loan associations, savings banks, credit unions, insurance 32 companies, associations, reciprocal fraternal benefit societies, 33 and bond investment companies; to any action taken by the 34 division of securities under section 1707.201 of the Revised 3.5 Code; or to any action that may be taken by the superintendent 36 of financial institutions under section 1113.03, 1121.06, 37 1121.10, 1125.09, 1125.12, 1125.18, 1349.33, 1733.35, 1733.361, 38 1733.37, or 1761.03 of the Revised Code. 39

Sections 119.01 to 119.13 of the Revised Code do not apply 40 to actions of the industrial commission or the bureau of 41 workers' compensation under sections 4123.01 to 4123.94 of the 42 Revised Code with respect to all matters of adjudication, or to 43 the actions of the industrial commission, bureau of workers' 44 compensation board of directors, and bureau of workers' 45 compensation under division (D) of section 4121.32, sections 46 4123.29, 4123.34, 4123.341, 4123.342, 4123.40, 4123.411, 47 4123.44, 4123.442, 4127.07, divisions (B), (C), and (E) of 48 section 4131.04, and divisions (B), (C), and (E) of section 49 4131.14 of the Revised Code with respect to all matters 50

concerning the establishment of premium, contribution, and	51
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assessment rates.	52
(2) "Agency" also means any official or work unit having	53
authority to promulgate rules or make adjudications in the	54
department of job and family services, but only with respect to	55
both of the following:	56
(a) The adoption, amendment, or rescission of rules that	57
section 5101.09 of the Revised Code requires be adopted in	58
accordance with this chapter;	59
accordance with this chapter,	J
(b) The issuance, suspension, revocation, or cancellation	60
of licenses.	61
(3) "Agency" also means the adult parole authority of the	62
department of rehabilitation and correction, but only with	63
respect to the following:	64
(a) The adoption of rules;	65
(b) The conduct of hearings, provided that if any	66
provision of Chapter 2967. or 5149. of the Revised Code	67
conflicts with the provisions of this chapter regarding the	68
conduct of hearings, the provision of Chapter 2967. or 5149. of	69
the Revised Code controls and the hearing shall be conducted in	70
accordance with that provision instead of the provision of this	71
<pre>chapter;</pre>	72
(c) Parole decisions made by the parole board, but only	73
with respect to appeals of those parole decisions.	74
(B) "License" means any license, permit, certificate,	75
(b) Breense means any freense, permit, certificate,	7.5
commission or charter issued by any agency "Ticonso" does not	76
commission, or charter issued by any agency. "License" does not	76 77
commission, or charter issued by any agency. "License" does not include any arrangement whereby a person or government entity	76 77 78

department of medicaid.	79
(C) "Rule" means any rule, regulation, or standard, having	80
a general and uniform operation, adopted, promulgated, and	81
enforced by any agency under the authority of the laws governing	82
such agency, and includes any appendix to a rule. "Rule" does	83
not include any internal management rule of an agency unless the	84
internal management rule affects private rights and does not	85
include any guideline adopted pursuant to section 3301.0714 of	86
the Revised Code.	87
(D) "Adjudication" means the determination by the highest	88
or ultimate authority of an agency of the rights, duties,	89
privileges, benefits, or legal relationships of a specified	90
person, but does not include the issuance of a license in	91
response to an application with respect to which no question is	92
raised, nor other acts of a ministerial nature. With respect to	93
a parole decision made by the parole board, "adjudication" means	94
the parole decision.	95
(E) "Hearing" means a public hearing by any agency in	96
compliance with procedural safeguards afforded by sections	97
119.01 to 119.13 of the Revised Code.	98
(F) "Person" means a person, firm, corporation,	99
association, or partnership.	100
(G) "Party" means the person whose interests are the	101
subject of an adjudication by an agency.	102
(H) "Appeal" means the procedure by which a person,	103
aggrieved by a finding, decision, order, or adjudication of any	104
agency, invokes the jurisdiction of a court.	105
(I) "Internal management rule" means any rule, regulation,	106
or standard governing the day-to-day staff procedures and	107

operations within an agency.	108
Sec. 149.43. (A) As used in this section:	109
(1) "Public record" means records kept by any public	110
office, including, but not limited to, state, county, city,	111
village, township, and school district units, and records	112
pertaining to the delivery of educational services by an	113
alternative school in this state kept by the nonprofit or for-	114
profit entity operating the alternative school pursuant to	115
section 3313.533 of the Revised Code. "Public record" does not	116
mean any of the following:	117
(a) Medical records;	118
(b) Records Institutional records maintained on	119
incarcerated individuals, records pertaining to probation and	120
parole proceedings except as otherwise specified in section	121
5149.11 of the Revised Code, records pertaining to probation	122
<pre>proceedings, records pertaining to proceedings related to the</pre>	123
imposition of community control sanctions and post-release	124
control sanctions, or <u>records pertaining</u> to proceedings related	125
to determinations under section 2967.271 of the Revised Code	126
regarding the release or maintained incarceration of an offender	127
to whom that section applies;	128
(c) Records pertaining to actions under section 2151.85	129
and division (C) of section 2919.121 of the Revised Code and to	130
appeals of actions arising under those sections;	131
(d) Records pertaining to adoption proceedings, including	132
the contents of an adoption file maintained by the department of	133
health under sections 3705.12 to 3705.124 of the Revised Code;	134
(e) Information in a record contained in the putative	135
father registry established by section 3107.062 of the Revised	136

Code, regardless of whether the information is held by the	137
department of job and family services or, pursuant to section	138
3111.69 of the Revised Code, the office of child support in the	139
department or a child support enforcement agency;	140
(f) Records specified in division (A) of section 3107.52	141
of the Revised Code;	142
(g) Trial preparation records;	143
(h) Confidential law enforcement investigatory records;	144
(i) Records containing information that is confidential	145
under section 2710.03 or 4112.05 of the Revised Code;	146
(j) DNA records stored in the DNA database pursuant to	147
section 109.573 of the Revised Code;	148
(k) Inmate records released by the department of	149
rehabilitation and correction to the department of youth	150
services or a court of record pursuant to division (E) of	151
section 5120.21 of the Revised Code;	152
(1) Records maintained by the department of youth services	153
pertaining to children in its custody released by the department	154
of youth services to the department of rehabilitation and	155
correction pursuant to section 5139.05 of the Revised Code;	156
(m) Intellectual property records;	157
(n) Donor profile records;	158
(o) Records maintained by the department of job and family	159
services pursuant to section 3121.894 of the Revised Code;	160
(p) Designated public service worker residential and	161
familial information;	162
(q) In the case of a county hospital operated pursuant to	163

Chapter 339. of the Revised Code or a municipal hospital	164
operated pursuant to Chapter 749. of the Revised Code,	165
information that constitutes a trade secret, as defined in	166
section 1333.61 of the Revised Code;	167
(r) Information pertaining to the recreational activities	168
of a person under the age of eighteen;	169
(s) In the case of a child fatality review board acting	170
under sections 307.621 to 307.629 of the Revised Code or a	171
review conducted pursuant to guidelines established by the	172
director of health under section 3701.70 of the Revised Code,	173
records provided to the board or director, statements made by	174
board members during meetings of the board or by persons	175
participating in the director's review, and all work products of	176
the board or director, and in the case of a child fatality	177
review board, child fatality review data submitted by the board	178
to the department of health or a national child death review	179
database, other than the report prepared pursuant to division	180
(A) of section 307.626 of the Revised Code;	181
(t) Records provided to and statements made by the	182
executive director of a public children services agency or a	183
prosecuting attorney acting pursuant to section 5153.171 of the	184
Revised Code other than the information released under that	185
section;	186
(u) Test materials, examinations, or evaluation tools used	187
in an examination for licensure as a nursing home administrator	188
that the board of executives of long-term services and supports	189
administers under section 4751.15 of the Revised Code or	190
contracts under that section with a private or government entity	191
to administer;	192

(v) Records the release of which is prohibited by state or	193
<pre>federal law;</pre>	194
(w) Proprietary information of or relating to any person	195
that is submitted to or compiled by the Ohio venture capital	196
authority created under section 150.01 of the Revised Code;	197
(x) Financial statements and data any person submits for	198
any purpose to the Ohio housing finance agency or the	199
controlling board in connection with applying for, receiving, or	200
accounting for financial assistance from the agency, and	201
information that identifies any individual who benefits directly	202
or indirectly from financial assistance from the agency;	203
(y) Records listed in section 5101.29 of the Revised Code;	204
(z) Discharges recorded with a county recorder under	205
section 317.24 of the Revised Code, as specified in division (B)	206
(2) of that section;	207
(aa) Usage information including names and addresses of	208
specific residential and commercial customers of a municipally	209
owned or operated public utility;	210
(bb) Records described in division (C) of section 187.04	211
of the Revised Code that are not designated to be made available	212
to the public as provided in that division;	213
(cc) Information and records that are made confidential,	214
privileged, and not subject to disclosure under divisions (B)	215
and (C) of section 2949.221 of the Revised Code;	216
(dd) Personal information, as defined in section 149.45 of	217
the Revised Code;	218
(ee) The confidential name, address, and other personally	219
identifiable information of a program participant in the address	220

confidentiality program established under sections 111.41 to	221
111.47 of the Revised Code, including the contents of any	222
application for absent voter's ballots, absent voter's ballot	223
identification envelope statement of voter, or provisional	224
ballot affirmation completed by a program participant who has a	225
confidential voter registration record, and records or portions	226
of records pertaining to that program that identify the number	227
of program participants that reside within a precinct, ward,	228
township, municipal corporation, county, or any other geographic	229
area smaller than the state. As used in this division,	230
"confidential address" and "program participant" have the	231
meaning defined in section 111.41 of the Revised Code.	232
(ff) Orders for active military service of an individual	233
serving or with previous service in the armed forces of the	234
United States, including a reserve component, or the Ohio	235
organized militia, except that, such order becomes a public	236
record on the day that is fifteen years after the published date	237
or effective date of the call to order;	238
(gg) The name, address, contact information, or other	239
personal information of an individual who is less than eighteen	240
years of age that is included in any record related to a traffic	241
accident involving a school vehicle in which the individual was	242
an occupant at the time of the accident;	243
(hh) Protected health information, as defined in 45 C.F.R.	244
160.103, that is in a claim for payment for a health care	245
product, service, or procedure, as well as any other health	246
claims data in another document that reveals the identity of an	247
individual who is the subject of the data or could be used to	248
reveal that individual's identity;	249

(ii) Any depiction by photograph, film, videotape, or

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printed or digital image under either of the following	251
circumstances:	252
(i) The depiction is that of a victim of an offense the	253
release of which would be, to a reasonable person of ordinary	254
sensibilities, an offensive and objectionable intrusion into the	255
victim's expectation of bodily privacy and integrity.	256
(ii) The depiction captures or depicts the victim of a	257
sexually oriented offense, as defined in section 2950.01 of the	258
Revised Code, at the actual occurrence of that offense.	259
(jj) Restricted portions of a body-worn camera or	260
dashboard camera recording;	261
(kk) In the case of a fetal-infant mortality review board	262
acting under sections 3707.70 to 3707.77 of the Revised Code,	263
records, documents, reports, or other information presented to	264
the board or a person abstracting such materials on the board's	265
behalf, statements made by review board members during board	266
meetings, all work products of the board, and data submitted by	267
the board to the department of health or a national infant death	268
review database, other than the report prepared pursuant to	269
section 3707.77 of the Revised Code.	270
(11) Records, documents, reports, or other information	271
presented to the pregnancy-associated mortality review board	272
established under section 3738.01 of the Revised Code,	273
statements made by board members during board meetings, all work	274
products of the board, and data submitted by the board to the	275
department of health, other than the biennial reports prepared	276
under section 3738.08 of the Revised Code;	277
(mm) Telephone numbers for a victim, as defined in section	278
2930.01 of the Revised Code, a witness to a crime, or a party to	279

a motor vehicle accident subject to the requirements of section	280
5502.11 of the Revised Code that are listed on any law	281
enforcement record or report.	282

A record that is not a public record under division (A)(1) 283 of this section and that, under law, is permanently retained 284 becomes a public record on the day that is seventy-five years 285 after the day on which the record was created, except for any 286 record protected by the attorney-client privilege, a trial 287 preparation record as defined in this section, a statement 288 prohibiting the release of identifying information signed under 289 section 3107.083 of the Revised Code, a denial of release form 290 filed pursuant to section 3107.46 of the Revised Code, or any 291 record that is exempt from release or disclosure under section 292 149.433 of the Revised Code. If the record is a birth 293 certificate and a biological parent's name redaction request 294 form has been accepted under section 3107.391 of the Revised 295 Code, the name of that parent shall be redacted from the birth 296 certificate before it is released under this paragraph. If any 297 other section of the Revised Code establishes a time period for 298 disclosure of a record that conflicts with the time period 299 300 specified in this section, the time period in the other section prevails. 301

- (2) "Confidential law enforcement investigatory record"

 means any record that pertains to a law enforcement matter of a

 criminal, quasi-criminal, civil, or administrative nature, but

 only to the extent that the release of the record would create a

 high probability of disclosure of any of the following:

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- (a) The identity of a suspect who has not been charged 307 with the offense to which the record pertains, or of an 308 information source or witness to whom confidentiality has been 309

reasonably promised;	310
(b) Information provided by an information source or	311
witness to whom confidentiality has been reasonably promised,	312
which information would reasonably tend to disclose the source's	313
or witness's identity;	314
(c) Specific confidential investigatory techniques or	315
procedures or specific investigatory work product;	316
(d) Information that would endanger the life or physical	317
safety of law enforcement personnel, a crime victim, a witness,	318
or a confidential information source.	319
(3) "Medical record" means any document or combination of	320
documents, except births, deaths, and the fact of admission to	321
or discharge from a hospital, that pertains to the medical	322
history, diagnosis, prognosis, or medical condition of a patient	323
and that is generated and maintained in the process of medical	324
treatment.	325
(4) "Trial preparation record" means any record that	326
contains information that is specifically compiled in reasonable	327
anticipation of, or in defense of, a civil or criminal action or	328
proceeding, including the independent thought processes and	329
personal trial preparation of an attorney.	330
(5) "Intellectual property record" means a record, other	331
than a financial or administrative record, that is produced or	332
collected by or for faculty or staff of a state institution of	333
higher learning in the conduct of or as a result of study or	334
research on an educational, commercial, scientific, artistic,	335
technical, or scholarly issue, regardless of whether the study	336
or research was sponsored by the institution alone or in	337
conjunction with a governmental body or private concern, and	338

that has not been publicly released, published, or patented.	339
(6) "Donor profile record" means all records about donors	340
or potential donors to a public institution of higher education	341
except the names and reported addresses of the actual donors and	342
the date, amount, and conditions of the actual donation.	343
(7) "Designated public service worker" means a peace	344
officer, parole officer, probation officer, bailiff, prosecuting	345
attorney, assistant prosecuting attorney, correctional employee,	346
county or multicounty corrections officer, community-based	347
correctional facility employee, youth services employee,	348
firefighter, EMT, medical director or member of a cooperating	349
physician advisory board of an emergency medical service	350
organization, state board of pharmacy employee, investigator of	351
the bureau of criminal identification and investigation, judge,	352
magistrate, or federal law enforcement officer.	353
(8) "Designated public service worker residential and	354
familial information" means any information that discloses any	355
of the following about a designated public service worker:	356
(a) The address of the actual personal residence of a	357
designated public service worker, except for the following	358
information:	359
(i) The address of the actual personal residence of a	360
prosecuting attorney or judge; and	361
(ii) The state or political subdivision in which a	362
designated public service worker resides.	363
(b) Information compiled from referral to or participation	364
in an employee assistance program;	365
(c) The social security number, the residential telephone	366

number, any bank account, debit card, charge card, or credit	367
card number, or the emergency telephone number of, or any	368
medical information pertaining to, a designated public service	369
worker;	370
(d) The name of any beneficiary of employment benefits,	371
including, but not limited to, life insurance benefits, provided	372
to a designated public service worker by the designated public	373
service worker's employer;	374
(e) The identity and amount of any charitable or	375
employment benefit deduction made by the designated public	376
service worker's employer from the designated public service	377
worker's compensation, unless the amount of the deduction is	378
required by state or federal law;	379
(f) The name, the residential address, the name of the	380
employer, the address of the employer, the social security	381
number, the residential telephone number, any bank account,	382
debit card, charge card, or credit card number, or the emergency	383
telephone number of the spouse, a former spouse, or any child of	384
a designated public service worker;	385
(g) A photograph of a peace officer who holds a position	386
or has an assignment that may include undercover or plain	387
clothes positions or assignments as determined by the peace	388
officer's appointing authority.	389
(9) As used in divisions (A)(7) and (15) to (17) of this	390
section:	391
"Peace officer" has the meaning defined in section 109.71	392
of the Revised Code and also includes the superintendent and	393
troopers of the state highway patrol; it does not include the	394
sheriff of a county or a supervisory employee who, in the	395

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absence of the sheriff, is authorized to stand in for, exercise	396
the authority of, and perform the duties of the sheriff.	397
"Correctional employee" means any employee of the	398
department of rehabilitation and correction who in the course of	399
performing the employee's job duties has or has had contact with	400
inmates and persons under supervision.	401
"County or multicounty corrections officer" means any	402
corrections officer employed by any county or multicounty	403
correctional facility.	404
"Youth services employee" means any employee of the	405
department of youth services who in the course of performing the	406
employee's job duties has or has had contact with children	407
committed to the custody of the department of youth services.	408
"Firefighter" means any regular, paid or volunteer, member	409
of a lawfully constituted fire department of a municipal	410
corporation, township, fire district, or village.	411
"EMT" means EMTs-basic, EMTs-I, and paramedics that	412
provide emergency medical services for a public emergency	413
medical service organization. "Emergency medical service	414
organization," "EMT-basic," "EMT-I," and "paramedic" have the	415
meanings defined in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code.	416
"Investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and	417
investigation" has the meaning defined in section 2903.11 of the	418
Revised Code.	419
"Federal law enforcement officer" has the meaning defined	420
in section 9.88 of the Revised Code.	421
(10) "Information pertaining to the recreational	422
activities of a person under the age of eighteen" means	423

information that is kept in the ordinary course of business by a	424
public office, that pertains to the recreational activities of a	425
person under the age of eighteen years, and that discloses any	426
of the following:	427
(a) The address or telephone number of a person under the	428
age of eighteen or the address or telephone number of that	429
person's parent, guardian, custodian, or emergency contact	430
person;	431
(b) The social security number, birth date, or	432
photographic image of a person under the age of eighteen;	433
(c) Any medical record, history, or information pertaining	434
to a person under the age of eighteen;	435
(d) Any additional information sought or required about a	436
person under the age of eighteen for the purpose of allowing	437
that person to participate in any recreational activity	438
conducted or sponsored by a public office or to use or obtain	439
admission privileges to any recreational facility owned or	440
operated by a public office.	441
(11) "Community control sanction" has the meaning defined	442
in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	443
(12) "Post-release control sanction" has the meaning	444
defined in section 2967.01 of the Revised Code.	445
(13) "Redaction" means obscuring or deleting any	446
information that is exempt from the duty to permit public	447
inspection or copying from an item that otherwise meets the	448
definition of a "record" in section 149.011 of the Revised Code.	449
(14) "Designee," "elected official," and "future official"	450
have the meanings defined in section 109.43 of the Revised Code.	451

(15) "Body-worn camera" means a visual and audio recording	452
device worn on the person of a peace officer while the peace	453
officer is engaged in the performance of the peace officer's	454
duties.	455
(16) "Dashboard camera" means a visual and audio recording	456
device mounted on a peace officer's vehicle or vessel that is	457
used while the peace officer is engaged in the performance of	458
the peace officer's duties.	459
the peace officer's duties.	409
(17) "Restricted portions of a body-worn camera or	460
dashboard camera recording" means any visual or audio portion of	461
a body-worn camera or dashboard camera recording that shows,	462
communicates, or discloses any of the following:	463
(a) The image or identity of a child or information that	464
could lead to the identification of a child who is a primary	465
subject of the recording when the law enforcement agency knows	466
or has reason to know the person is a child based on the law	467
enforcement agency's records or the content of the recording;	468
(b) The death of a person or a deceased person's body,	469
unless the death was caused by a peace officer or, subject to	470
division (H)(1) of this section, the consent of the decedent's	471
executor or administrator has been obtained;	472
() = 1	470
(c) The death of a peace officer, firefighter, paramedic,	473
or other first responder, occurring while the decedent was	474
engaged in the performance of official duties, unless, subject	475
to division (H)(1) of this section, the consent of the	476
decedent's executor or administrator has been obtained;	477
(d) Grievous bodily harm, unless the injury was effected	478
by a peace officer or, subject to division (H)(1) of this	479
section, the consent of the injured person or the injured	480

person's guardian has been obtained;	481
(e) An act of severe violence against a person that	482
results in serious physical harm to the person, unless the act	483
and injury was effected by a peace officer or, subject to	484
division (H)(1) of this section, the consent of the injured	485
person or the injured person's guardian has been obtained;	486
(f) Grievous bodily harm to a peace officer, firefighter,	487
paramedic, or other first responder, occurring while the injured	488
person was engaged in the performance of official duties,	489
unless, subject to division (H)(1) of this section, the consent	490
of the injured person or the injured person's guardian has been	491
obtained;	492
(g) An act of severe violence resulting in serious	493
physical harm against a peace officer, firefighter, paramedic,	494
or other first responder, occurring while the injured person was	495
engaged in the performance of official duties, unless, subject	496
to division (H)(1) of this section, the consent of the injured	497
person or the injured person's guardian has been obtained;	498
(h) A person's nude body, unless, subject to division (H)	499
(1) of this section, the person's consent has been obtained;	500
(i) Protected health information, the identity of a person	501
in a health care facility who is not the subject of a law	502
enforcement encounter, or any other information in a health care	503
facility that could identify a person who is not the subject of	504
a law enforcement encounter;	505
(j) Information that could identify the alleged victim of	506
a sex offense, menacing by stalking, or domestic violence;	507
(k) Information, that does not constitute a confidential	508
law enforcement investigatory record, that could identify a	509

person who provides sensitive or confidential information to a	510
law enforcement agency when the disclosure of the person's	511
identity or the information provided could reasonably be	512
expected to threaten or endanger the safety or property of the	513
person or another person;	514
(1) Personal information of a person who is not arrested,	515
cited, charged, or issued a written warning by a peace officer;	516
(m) Proprietary police contingency plans or tactics that	517
are intended to prevent crime and maintain public order and	518
safety;	519
(n) A personal conversation unrelated to work between	520
peace officers or between a peace officer and an employee of a	521
law enforcement agency;	522
(o) A conversation between a peace officer and a member of	523
the public that does not concern law enforcement activities;	524
(p) The interior of a residence, unless the interior of a	525
residence is the location of an adversarial encounter with, or a	526
use of force by, a peace officer;	527
(q) Any portion of the interior of a private business that	528
is not open to the public, unless an adversarial encounter with,	529
or a use of force by, a peace officer occurs in that location.	530
As used in division (A)(17) of this section:	531
"Grievous bodily harm" has the same meaning as in section	532
5924.120 of the Revised Code.	533
"Health care facility" has the same meaning as in section	534
1337.11 of the Revised Code.	535
"Protected health information" has the same meaning as in	536

45 C.F.R. 160.103.	537
"Law enforcement agency" has the same meaning as in	538
section 2925.61 of the Revised Code.	539
"Personal information" means any government-issued	540
identification number, date of birth, address, financial	541
information, or criminal justice information from the law	542
enforcement automated data system or similar databases.	543
"Sex offense" has the same meaning as in section 2907.10	544
of the Revised Code.	545
"Firefighter," "paramedic," and "first responder" have the	546
same meanings as in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code.	547
(B)(1) Upon request and subject to division (B)(8) of this	548
section, all public records responsive to the request shall be	549
promptly prepared and made available for inspection to any	550
person at all reasonable times during regular business hours.	551
Subject to division (B)(8) of this section, upon request by any	552
person, a public office or person responsible for public records	553
shall make copies of the requested public record available to	554
the requester at cost and within a reasonable period of time. If	555
a public record contains information that is exempt from the	556
duty to permit public inspection or to copy the public record,	557
the public office or the person responsible for the public	558
record shall make available all of the information within the	559
public record that is not exempt. When making that public record	560
available for public inspection or copying that public record,	561
the public office or the person responsible for the public	562
record shall notify the requester of any redaction or make the	563
redaction plainly visible. A redaction shall be deemed a denial	564
of a request to inspect or copy the redacted information, except	565

if federal or state law authorizes or requires a public office 566 to make the redaction. 567

- (2) To facilitate broader access to public records, a 568 public office or the person responsible for public records shall 569 organize and maintain public records in a manner that they can 570 be made available for inspection or copying in accordance with 571 division (B) of this section. A public office also shall have 572 available a copy of its current records retention schedule at a 573 location readily available to the public. If a requester makes 574 an ambiguous or overly broad request or has difficulty in making 575 a request for copies or inspection of public records under this 576 section such that the public office or the person responsible 577 for the requested public record cannot reasonably identify what 578 public records are being requested, the public office or the 579 person responsible for the requested public record may deny the 580 request but shall provide the requester with an opportunity to 581 revise the request by informing the requester of the manner in 582 which records are maintained by the public office and accessed 583 in the ordinary course of the public office's or person's 584 duties. 585
- (3) If a request is ultimately denied, in part or in 586 whole, the public office or the person responsible for the 587 requested public record shall provide the requester with an 588 explanation, including legal authority, setting forth why the 589 request was denied. If the initial request was provided in 590 writing, the explanation also shall be provided to the requester 591 in writing. The explanation shall not preclude the public office 592 or the person responsible for the requested public record from 593 relying upon additional reasons or legal authority in defending 594 an action commenced under division (C) of this section. 595

(4) Unless specifically required or authorized by state or	596
federal law or in accordance with division (B) of this section,	597
no public office or person responsible for public records may	598
limit or condition the availability of public records by	599
requiring disclosure of the requester's identity or the intended	600
use of the requested public record. Any requirement that the	601
requester disclose the requester's identity or the intended use	602
of the requested public record constitutes a denial of the	603
request.	604

- (5) A public office or person responsible for public 605 records may ask a requester to make the request in writing, may 606 ask for the requester's identity, and may inquire about the 607 intended use of the information requested, but may do so only 608 after disclosing to the requester that a written request is not 609 mandatory, that the requester may decline to reveal the 610 requester's identity or the intended use, and when a written 611 request or disclosure of the identity or intended use would 612 benefit the requester by enhancing the ability of the public 613 office or person responsible for public records to identify, 614 locate, or deliver the public records sought by the requester. 615
- (6) If any person requests a copy of a public record in 616 accordance with division (B) of this section, the public office 617 or person responsible for the public record may require that 618 person to pay in advance the cost involved in providing the copy 619 of the public record in accordance with the choice made by the 620 person requesting the copy under this division. The public 621 office or the person responsible for the public record shall 622 permit that person to choose to have the public record 623 duplicated upon paper, upon the same medium upon which the 624 public office or person responsible for the public record keeps 625 it, or upon any other medium upon which the public office or 626

person responsible for the public record determines that it	627
reasonably can be duplicated as an integral part of the normal	628
operations of the public office or person responsible for the	629
public record. When the person requesting the copy makes a	630
choice under this division, the public office or person	631
responsible for the public record shall provide a copy of it in	632
accordance with the choice made by that person. Nothing in this	633
section requires a public office or person responsible for the	634
public record to allow the person requesting a copy of the	635
public record to make the copies of the public record.	636
(7)(a) Upon a request made in accordance with division (B)	637

- of this section and subject to division (B)(6) of this section, 638 a public office or person responsible for public records shall 639 transmit a copy of a public record to any person by United 640 States mail or by any other means of delivery or transmission 641 within a reasonable period of time after receiving the request 642 for the copy. The public office or person responsible for the 643 public record may require the person making the request to pay 644 in advance the cost of postage if the copy is transmitted by 645 United States mail or the cost of delivery if the copy is 646 transmitted other than by United States mail, and to pay in 647 advance the costs incurred for other supplies used in the 648 mailing, delivery, or transmission. 649
- (b) Any public office may adopt a policy and procedures 650 that it will follow in transmitting, within a reasonable period 651 of time after receiving a request, copies of public records by 652 United States mail or by any other means of delivery or 653 transmission pursuant to division (B)(7) of this section. A 654 public office that adopts a policy and procedures under division 655 (B) (7) of this section shall comply with them in performing its 656 duties under that division. 657

(c) In any policy and procedures adopted under division	658
(B) (7) of this section:	659
(i) A public office may limit the number of records	660
requested by a person that the office will physically deliver by	661
United States mail or by another delivery service to ten per	662
month, unless the person certifies to the office in writing that	663
the person does not intend to use or forward the requested	664
records, or the information contained in them, for commercial	665
purposes;	666
(ii) A public office that chooses to provide some or all	667
of its public records on a web site that is fully accessible to	668
and searchable by members of the public at all times, other than	669
during acts of God outside the public office's control or	670
maintenance, and that charges no fee to search, access,	671
download, or otherwise receive records provided on the web site,	672
may limit to ten per month the number of records requested by a	673
person that the office will deliver in a digital format, unless	674
the requested records are not provided on the web site and	675
unless the person certifies to the office in writing that the	676
person does not intend to use or forward the requested records,	677
or the information contained in them, for commercial purposes.	678
(iii) For purposes of division (B)(7) of this section,	679
"commercial" shall be narrowly construed and does not include	680
reporting or gathering news, reporting or gathering information	681
to assist citizen oversight or understanding of the operation or	682
activities of government, or nonprofit educational research.	683
(8) A public office or person responsible for public	684
records is not required to permit a person who is incarcerated	685
pursuant to a criminal conviction or a juvenile adjudication to	686
inspect or to obtain a copy of any public record concerning a	687

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criminal investigation or prosecution or concerning what would	688
be a criminal investigation or prosecution if the subject of the	689
investigation or prosecution were an adult, unless the request	690
to inspect or to obtain a copy of the record is for the purpose	691
of acquiring information that is subject to release as a public	692
record under this section and the judge who imposed the sentence	693
or made the adjudication with respect to the person, or the	694
judge's successor in office, finds that the information sought	695
in the public record is necessary to support what appears to be	696
a justiciable claim of the person.	697

- (9) (a) Upon written request made and signed by a journalist, a public office, or person responsible for public records, having custody of the records of the agency employing a specified designated public service worker shall disclose to the journalist the address of the actual personal residence of the designated public service worker and, if the designated public service worker's spouse, former spouse, or child is employed by a public office, the name and address of the employer of the designated public service worker's spouse, former spouse, or child. The request shall include the journalist's name and title and the name and address of the journalist's employer and shall state that disclosure of the information sought would be in the public interest.
- (b) Division (B)(9)(a) of this section also applies to journalist requests for:
- (i) Customer information maintained by a municipally owned

 or operated public utility, other than social security numbers

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 and any private financial information such as credit reports,

 payment methods, credit card numbers, and bank account

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 information;

(ii) Information about minors involved in a school vehicle	718
accident as provided in division (A)(1)(gg) of this section,	719
other than personal information as defined in section 149.45 of	720
the Revised Code.	721
(c) As used in division (B)(9) of this section,	722
"journalist" means a person engaged in, connected with, or	723
employed by any news medium, including a newspaper, magazine,	724
press association, news agency, or wire service, a radio or	725
television station, or a similar medium, for the purpose of	726
gathering, processing, transmitting, compiling, editing, or	727
disseminating information for the general public.	728
(10) Upon a request made by a victim, victim's attorney,	729
or victim's representative, as that term is used in section	730
2930.02 of the Revised Code, a public office or person	731
responsible for public records shall transmit a copy of a	732
depiction of the victim as described in division (A)(1)(gg) of	733
this section to the victim, victim's attorney, or victim's	734
representative.	735
(C)(1) If a person allegedly is aggrieved by the failure	736
of a public office or the person responsible for public records	737
to promptly prepare a public record and to make it available to	738
the person for inspection in accordance with division (B) of	739
this section or by any other failure of a public office or the	740
person responsible for public records to comply with an	741
obligation in accordance with division (B) of this section, the	742
person allegedly aggrieved may do only one of the following, and	743
not both:	744
(a) File a complaint with the clerk of the court of claims	745
or the clerk of the court of common pleas under section 2743.75	746
of the Revised Code;	747

(b) Commence a mandamus action to obtain a judgment that	748
orders the public office or the person responsible for the	749
public record to comply with division (B) of this section, that	750
awards court costs and reasonable attorney's fees to the person	751
that instituted the mandamus action, and, if applicable, that	752
includes an order fixing statutory damages under division (C)(2)	753
of this section. The mandamus action may be commenced in the	754
court of common pleas of the county in which division (B) of	755
this section allegedly was not complied with, in the supreme	756
court pursuant to its original jurisdiction under Section 2 of	757
Article IV, Ohio Constitution, or in the court of appeals for	758
the appellate district in which division (B) of this section	759
allegedly was not complied with pursuant to its original	760
jurisdiction under Section 3 of Article IV, Ohio Constitution.	761

(2) If a requester transmits a written request by hand 762 delivery, electronic submission, or certified mail to inspect or 763 receive copies of any public record in a manner that fairly 764 describes the public record or class of public records to the 765 public office or person responsible for the requested public 766 records, except as otherwise provided in this section, the 767 requester shall be entitled to recover the amount of statutory 768 damages set forth in this division if a court determines that 769 the public office or the person responsible for public records 770 failed to comply with an obligation in accordance with division 771 (B) of this section. 772

The amount of statutory damages shall be fixed at one 773 hundred dollars for each business day during which the public 774 office or person responsible for the requested public records 775 failed to comply with an obligation in accordance with division 776 (B) of this section, beginning with the day on which the 777 requester files a mandamus action to recover statutory damages, 778

up to a maximum of one thousand dollars. The award of statutory	779
damages shall not be construed as a penalty, but as compensation	780
for injury arising from lost use of the requested information.	781
The existence of this injury shall be conclusively presumed. The	782
award of statutory damages shall be in addition to all other	783
remedies authorized by this section.	784
The court may reduce an award of statutory damages or not	785
award statutory damages if the court determines both of the	786
following:	787
(a) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory	788
law and case law as it existed at the time of the conduct or	789
threatened conduct of the public office or person responsible	790
for the requested public records that allegedly constitutes a	791
failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with division	792
(B) of this section and that was the basis of the mandamus	793
action, a well-informed public office or person responsible for	794
the requested public records reasonably would believe that the	795
conduct or threatened conduct of the public office or person	796
responsible for the requested public records did not constitute	797
a failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with	798
division (B) of this section;	799
(b) That a well-informed public office or person	800
responsible for the requested public records reasonably would	801
believe that the conduct or threatened conduct of the public	802
office or person responsible for the requested public records	803
would serve the public policy that underlies the authority that	804
is asserted as permitting that conduct or threatened conduct.	805
(3) In a mandamus action filed under division (C)(1) of	806

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this section, the following apply:

(a)(i) If the court orders the public office or the person	808
responsible for the public record to comply with division (B) of	809
this section, the court shall determine and award to the relator	810
all court costs, which shall be construed as remedial and not	811
punitive.	812
(ii) If the court makes a determination described in	813
division (C)(3)(b)(iii) of this section, the court shall	814
determine and award to the relator all court costs, which shall	815
be construed as remedial and not punitive.	816
(b) If the court renders a judgment that orders the public	817
office or the person responsible for the public record to comply	818
with division (B) of this section or if the court determines any	819
of the following, the court may award reasonable attorney's fees	820
to the relator, subject to division (C)(4) of this section:	821
(i) The public office or the person responsible for the	822
public records failed to respond affirmatively or negatively to	823
the public records request in accordance with the time allowed	824
under division (B) of this section.	825
(ii) The public office or the person responsible for the	826
public records promised to permit the relator to inspect or	827
receive copies of the public records requested within a	828
specified period of time but failed to fulfill that promise	829
within that specified period of time.	830
(iii) The public office or the person responsible for the	831
public records acted in bad faith when the office or person	832
voluntarily made the public records available to the relator for	833
the first time after the relator commenced the mandamus action,	834
but before the court issued any order concluding whether or not	835
the public office or person was required to comply with division	836

(B) of this section. No discovery may be conducted on the issue	837
of the alleged bad faith of the public office or person	838
responsible for the public records. This division shall not be	839
construed as creating a presumption that the public office or	840
the person responsible for the public records acted in bad faith	841
when the office or person voluntarily made the public records	842
available to the relator for the first time after the relator	843
commenced the mandamus action, but before the court issued any	844
order described in this division.	845
(c) The court shall not award attorney's fees to the	846
relator if the court determines both of the following:	847
(i) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory	848
law and case law as it existed at the time of the conduct or	849
threatened conduct of the public office or person responsible	850
for the requested public records that allegedly constitutes a	851
failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with division	852
(B) of this section and that was the basis of the mandamus	853
action, a well-informed public office or person responsible for	854
the requested public records reasonably would believe that the	855
conduct or threatened conduct of the public office or person	856
responsible for the requested public records did not constitute	857
a failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with	858
division (B) of this section;	859
(ii) That a well-informed public office or person	860
responsible for the requested public records reasonably would	861
believe that the conduct or threatened conduct of the public	862
office or person responsible for the requested public records	863
would serve the public policy that underlies the authority that	864
is asserted as permitting that conduct or threatened conduct.	865

(4) All of the following apply to any award of reasonable

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attorney's fees awarded under division (C)(3)(b) of this	867
section:	868
(a) The fees shall be construed as remedial and not	869
punitive.	870
(b) The fees awarded shall not exceed the total of the	871
reasonable attorney's fees incurred before the public record was	872
made available to the relator and the fees described in division	873
(C)(4)(c) of this section.	874
(c) Reasonable attorney's fees shall include reasonable	875
fees incurred to produce proof of the reasonableness and amount	876
of the fees and to otherwise litigate entitlement to the fees.	877
(d) The court may reduce the amount of fees awarded if the	878
court determines that, given the factual circumstances involved	879
with the specific public records request, an alternative means	880
should have been pursued to more effectively and efficiently	881
resolve the dispute that was subject to the mandamus action	882
filed under division (C)(1) of this section.	883
(5) If the court does not issue a writ of mandamus under	884
division (C) of this section and the court determines at that	885
time that the bringing of the mandamus action was frivolous	886
conduct as defined in division (A) of section 2323.51 of the	887
Revised Code, the court may award to the public office all court	888
costs, expenses, and reasonable attorney's fees, as determined	889
by the court.	890
(D) Chapter 1347. of the Revised Code does not limit the	891
provisions of this section.	892
(E)(1) To ensure that all employees of public offices are	893
appropriately educated about a public office's obligations under	894
division (B) of this section, all elected officials or their	895

appropriate designees shall attend training approved by the	896
attorney general as provided in section 109.43 of the Revised	897
Code. A future official may satisfy the requirements of this	898
division by attending the training before taking office,	899
provided that the future official may not send a designee in the	900
future official's place.	901

(2) All public offices shall adopt a public records policy 902 in compliance with this section for responding to public records 903 requests. In adopting a public records policy under this 904 905 division, a public office may obtain guidance from the model public records policy developed and provided to the public 906 office by the attorney general under section 109.43 of the 907 Revised Code. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the 908 policy may not limit the number of public records that the 909 public office will make available to a single person, may not 910 limit the number of public records that it will make available 911 during a fixed period of time, and may not establish a fixed 912 period of time before it will respond to a request for 913 inspection or copying of public records, unless that period is 914 less than eight hours. 915

The public office shall distribute the public records 916 policy adopted by the public office under this division to the 917 employee of the public office who is the records custodian or 918 records manager or otherwise has custody of the records of that 919 office. The public office shall require that employee to 920 acknowledge receipt of the copy of the public records policy. 921 The public office shall create a poster that describes its 922 public records policy and shall post the poster in a conspicuous 923 place in the public office and in all locations where the public 924 office has branch offices. The public office may post its public 925 records policy on the internet web site of the public office if 926

the public office maintains an internet web site. A public 927 office that has established a manual or handbook of its general 928 policies and procedures for all employees of the public office 929 shall include the public records policy of the public office in 930 the manual or handbook. 931

- (F) (1) The bureau of motor vehicles may adopt rules 932 pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to reasonably limit 933 the number of bulk commercial special extraction requests made 934 by a person for the same records or for updated records during a 935 calendar year. The rules may include provisions for charges to 936 be made for bulk commercial special extraction requests for the 937 actual cost of the bureau, plus special extraction costs, plus 938 ten per cent. The bureau may charge for expenses for redacting 939 information, the release of which is prohibited by law. 940
 - (2) As used in division (F)(1) of this section:
- (a) "Actual cost" means the cost of depleted supplies,

 records storage media costs, actual mailing and alternative

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 delivery costs, or other transmitting costs, and any direct

 equipment operating and maintenance costs, including actual

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 costs paid to private contractors for copying services.

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947 (b) "Bulk commercial special extraction request" means a request for copies of a record for information in a format other 948 than the format already available, or information that cannot be 949 extracted without examination of all items in a records series, 950 class of records, or database by a person who intends to use or 951 forward the copies for surveys, marketing, solicitation, or 952 resale for commercial purposes. "Bulk commercial special 953 extraction request" does not include a request by a person who 954 gives assurance to the bureau that the person making the request 955 does not intend to use or forward the requested copies for 956

surveys, marketing, solicitation, or resale for commercial	957
purposes.	958
(c) "Commercial" means profit-seeking production, buying,	959
or selling of any good, service, or other product.	960
(d) "Special extraction costs" means the cost of the time	961
spent by the lowest paid employee competent to perform the task,	962
the actual amount paid to outside private contractors employed	963
by the bureau, or the actual cost incurred to create computer	964
programs to make the special extraction. "Special extraction	965
costs" include any charges paid to a public agency for computer	966
or records services.	967
(3) For purposes of divisions (F)(1) and (2) of this	968
section, "surveys, marketing, solicitation, or resale for	969
commercial purposes" shall be narrowly construed and does not	970
include reporting or gathering news, reporting or gathering	971
information to assist citizen oversight or understanding of the	972
operation or activities of government, or nonprofit educational	973
research.	974
(G) A request by a defendant, counsel of a defendant, or	975
any agent of a defendant in a criminal action that public	976
records related to that action be made available under this	977
section shall be considered a demand for discovery pursuant to	978
the Criminal Rules, except to the extent that the Criminal Rules	979
plainly indicate a contrary intent. The defendant, counsel of	980
the defendant, or agent of the defendant making a request under	981
this division shall serve a copy of the request on the	982
prosecuting attorney, director of law, or other chief legal	983
officer responsible for prosecuting the action.	984
(H)(1) Any portion of a body-worn camera or dashboard	985

camera recording described in divisions (A) (17) (b) to (h) of 986 this section may be released by consent of the subject of the 987 recording or a representative of that person, as specified in 988 those divisions, only if either of the following applies: 989 (a) The recording will not be used in connection with any 990 991 probable or pending criminal proceedings; (b) The recording has been used in connection with a 992 criminal proceeding that was dismissed or for which a judgment 993 has been entered pursuant to Rule 32 of the Rules of Criminal 994 Procedure, and will not be used again in connection with any 995 probable or pending criminal proceedings. 996 (2) If a public office denies a request to release a 997 restricted portion of a body-worn camera or dashboard camera 998 recording, as defined in division (A)(17) of this section, any 999 person may file a mandamus action pursuant to this section or a 1000 complaint with the clerk of the court of claims pursuant to 1001 section 2743.75 of the Revised Code, requesting the court to 1002 order the release of all or portions of the recording. If the 1003 court considering the request determines that the filing 1004 articulates by clear and convincing evidence that the public 1005 interest in the recording substantially outweighs privacy 1006 interests and other interests asserted to deny release, the 1007 court shall order the public office to release the recording. 1008 Sec. 2967.03. (A) The adult parole authority may exercise 1009 its functions and duties in relation to the pardon, commutation 1010 of sentence, or reprieve of a convict upon direction of the 1011 governor or upon its own initiative. It may exercise its 1012 functions and duties in relation to the parole of a prisoner who 1013 is eligible for parole <u>under statute</u> upon the initiative of the 1014

head of the institution in which the prisoner is confined, or

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upon its own initiative. When a prisoner becomes eligible for	1016
parole, the head of the institution in which the prisoner is	1017
confined shall notify the authority in the manner prescribed by	1018
the authority. The authority may shall investigate and examine,	1019
or cause the investigation and examination of, prisoners	1020
confined in state correctional institutions concerning their	1021
conduct in the institutions, their mental and moral current	1022
qualities and characteristics, their skills and knowledge of a	1023
trade or profession, their former means of livelihood, their	1024
family relationships, and any other matters affecting their	1025
fitness community support to assess suitability to be at liberty	1026
without being a threat to society.	1027

(B) The authority may recommend to the governor the 1028 pardon, commutation of sentence, or reprieve of any convict or 1029 prisoner or grant a parole to any prisoner for whom parole is 1030 authorized, if in its judgment there is reasonable ground to 1031 believe that granting a pardon, commutation, or reprieve to the 1032 convict or paroling the prisoner would further the interests of 1033 justice and be consistent with the welfare and security of 1034 society. The authority shall grant parole to any prisoner for 1035 whom parole is authorized or who is otherwise eligible for 1036 parole, after compliance with division (C) of this section and 1037 division (F)(3) of section 5149.10 of the Revised Code, unless 1038 the authority, after reviewing the institutional progress of the 1039 prisoner and the factors enumerated in section 5120:1-1-07 of 1040 the Administrative Code or the successor to that section, can 1041 show that release would neither further the interests of justice 1042 nor be consistent with the welfare and security of society. 1043 However, in any case, the authority shall not recommend a pardon 1044 or commutation of sentence, or grant a-parole to, any convict or 1045 prisoner until the authority has complied with the applicable 1046

notice requirements of sections 2930.16 and 2967.12 of the	1047
Revised Code and until it has considered any statement made by a	1048
victim or a victim's representative that is relevant to the	1049
convict's or prisoner's case and that was sent to the authority	1050
pursuant to section 2930.17 of the Revised Code, any other	1051
statement made by a victim or a victim's representative that is	1052
relevant to the convict's or prisoner's case and that was	1053
received by the authority after it provided notice of the	1054
pendency of the action under sections 2930.16 and 2967.12 of the	1055
Revised Code, and any written statement of any person submitted	1056
to the court pursuant to division (I) of section 2967.12 of the	1057
Revised Code. If a victim, victim's representative, or the	1058
victim's spouse, parent, sibling, or child appears at a full	1059
board hearing of the parole board and gives testimony as	1060
authorized by section 5149.101 of the Revised Code, the	1061
authority shall consider the testimony given at that time in	1062
determining deciding whether to grant a parole, but the	1063
authority shall not consider any such testimony previously given	1064
by any such person and any such testimony given and considered	1065
shall not be the sole reason for a denial of parole. The trial	1066
judge and prosecuting attorney of the trial court in which a	1067
person was convicted shall furnish to the authority, at the	1068
request of the authority, a summarized statement of the facts	1069
proved at the trial and of all other facts having reference to	1070
the propriety of recommending a pardon or commutation or	1071
granting $\frac{1}{2}$ parole, together with a recommendation for or against	1072
a pardon, commutation, or parole, and the reasons for the	1073
recommendation. The trial judge, the prosecuting attorney,	1074
specified law enforcement agency members, and a representative	1075
of the prisoner may appear at a full board hearing of the parole	1076
board and give testimony in regard to the grant of $\frac{1}{2}$ parole to	1077
the prisoner as authorized by section 5149.101 of the Revised	1078

Code. All state and local officials shall furnish information to	1079
the authority, when so requested by it in the performance of its	1080
duties.	1081
(C) (1) A prisoner under consideration for parole may have	1082
the prisoner's counsel present at all prehearing interviews and	1083
conferences related to the parole decision. Counsel who is	1084
present at any such interview or conference may advise the	1085
prisoner but is not entitled to ask questions, present	1086
information, or otherwise participate in the interview or	1087
conference. The state is not required to appoint or provide	1088
counsel to a prisoner for purposes of any such interview or	1089
conference and is not required to pay any cost of counsel who	1090
represents or accompanies a prisoner for purposes of any such	1091
interview or conference.	1092
(2) If the parole board is considering whether to grant	1093
parole to a prisoner, the board shall make an official record of	1094
all information and materials it is considering in making the	1095
decision and, prior to making the decision, subject to division	1096
(C)(6) of this section, shall grant the prisoner full access to	1097
the record and permit the prisoner to review the record.	1098
(3) In making a decision as to whether to grant parole to	1099
a prisoner at any time after the uniform parole standards	1100
adopted by the adult parole authority under division (A)(1) of	1101
section 5149.10 of the Revised Code have taken effect, the	1102
parole board shall comply with those uniform parole standards.	1103
(4) A prisoner under consideration for parole may have the	1104
prisoner's counsel present at all hearings held to decide	1105
whether to grant parole to the prisoner. Counsel representing a	1106
prisoner at the hearing is entitled to fully participate in the	1107
hearing, including asking questions and presenting information.	1108

The state is not required to appoint or provide counsel to a	1109
prisoner for purposes of any such hearing and is not required to	1110
pay any cost of counsel who represents or accompanies a prisoner	1111
for purposes of any such hearing.	1112
(5) The parole board shall prepare and maintain an	1113
official record of all hearings held to decide whether to grant	1114
parole to a prisoner. The official record shall consist of an	1115
audio recording of the hearing and, in addition, also may	1116
include a video recording or a transcription of the hearing. The	1117
parole board shall permit the prisoner to hire a court reporter,	1118
at the prisoner's expense and, if the prisoner does so, shall	1119
permit the court reporter to attend the hearing and record and	1120
make a transcript of the hearing. Subject to division (C)(6) of	1121
this section, the board shall grant the prisoner full access to	1122
the record and permit the prisoner to review the record.	1123
(6) If any record described in division (C)(2) or (5) of	1124
this section contains information about a victim and if granting	1125
the prisoner access to the record and permitting the prisoner to	1126
review the record under division (C)(2) or (5) of this section	1127
would limit or interfere with the victim's right to be treated	1128
with fairness and respect for the victim's safety, dignity, and	1129
privacy guaranteed by Section 10a of Article I, Ohio	1130
Constitution, both of the following apply:	1131
(a) The personally identifiable information about the	1132
victim that, if released to the prisoner as described in	1133
division (C)(2) or (5) of this section, would limit or interfere	1134
with that right shall be redacted from the record before the	1135
prisoner is granted access to, or is permitted to review, the	1136
record.	1137
(b) If the prisoner has an attorney, the redaction	1138

requirement described in division (C)(6)(a) of this section does	1139
not apply with respect to the release of information to the	1140
attorney, provided the attorney agrees prior to the release to	1141
not discuss personally identifiable information with, or	1142
disclose personally identifiable information to, the prisoner.	1143
(7) A parole decision made by the parole board is an	1144
"adjudication" for purposes of Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.	1145
(D) The adult parole authority shall exercise its	1146
functions and duties in relation to the release of prisoners who	1147
are serving a definite prison term as a stated prison term in	1148
accordance with section 2967.28 of the Revised Code, and the	1149
authority and the department of rehabilitation and correction	1150
shall exercise their functions and duties in relation to the	1151
release of prisoners who are serving a non-life felony	1152
indefinite prison term as a stated prison term in accordance	1153
with sections 2967.271 and 2967.28 of the Revised Code.	1154
Sec. 5149.01. As used in Chapter 5149. of the Revised	1155
Code:	1156
(A) "Authority" means the adult parole authority created	1157
by section 5149.02 of the Revised Code.	1158
(B) "State correctional institution," "pardon,"	1159
"commutation," "reprieve," "parole," "head of a state	1160
correctional institution," "convict," "prisoner," "parolee,"	1161
"final release," and "parole violator" have the same meanings as	1162
in section 2967.01 of the Revised Code.	1163
(C) "Institutional parole review" means the initial parole	1164
board hearing conducted by parole board members with a prisoner.	1165
(D) "Full board hearing" means a parole board hearing	1166
conducted by a majority of parole board members as described in	1167

section 5149.101 of the Revised Code.	1168
(E) "Security level" means the security level in which an	1169
offender is classified under the inmate classification level	1170
system of the department of rehabilitation and correction that	1171
then is in effect.	1172
Sec. 5149.07. The department of rehabilitation and	1173
correction shall maintain central files and records pertaining	1174
to the work of the adult parole authority, <u>including the</u>	1175
official records of information and materials it considers in	1176
making a parole decision and of parole board hearings made under	1177
section 2967.03 or 5149.101 of the Revised Code, and shall	1178
coordinate the department's record-keeping with that of the	1179
adult parole authority. Additionally, the department shall not	1180
later than the first Monday of January of odd-numbered years	1181
prepare and submit to the governor for the governor's approval	1182
and signature a written report showing each case of pardon,	1183
commutation, or reprieve granted during the preceding biennium,	1184
stating the name and crime of the convict or prisoner, the	1185
sentence, its date, and the date of the clemency action,	1186
together with the reasons listed therefor in the governor's	1187
clemency record. The report shall conform to the requirements of	1188
Section 11 of Article III, Ohio Constitution.	1189
The department shall conduct research relative to the	1190
functioning of clemency, probation, and parole as part of the	1191
adult corrections program in this state, which research shall be	1192
designed to yield information upon which the division of parole	1193
and community services, the department of rehabilitation and	1194
correction, the governor, and the general assembly can base	1195
policy decisions.	1196
At the end of each quarter, the department shall submit to	1197

the chairpersons of the committees of the senate and the house	1198
of representatives that consider criminal justice legislation a	1199
report on the number and results of parole hearings conducted	1200
during the quarter and a list of persons incarcerated for	1201
committing offenses of violence who were granted parole and a	1202
summary of the terms and conditions of their parole. The	1203
department shall provide the committees with any documentation	1204
related to the reports that members of the committees may	1205
request.	1206

Upon request, the department shall provide a detailed 1207 statement, supported by documentation, of the reasons why a 1208 particular prisoner was granted parole to the law enforcement 1209 agency that arrested the prisoner, the prosecuting attorney who 1210 prosecuted the case, or any person who is a member of the 1211 general assembly at the time the person makes the request. 1212

Sec. 5149.10. (A) (1) The parole board shall consist of up 1213 to twelve members, one of whom shall be designated as 1214 chairperson by the director of the department of rehabilitation 1215 and correction and who shall continue as chairperson until a 1216 successor is designated, and any other personnel that are 1217 necessary for the orderly performance of the duties of the 1218 board. In addition to the rules authorized by section 5149.02 of 1219 the Revised Code, the chief of the adult parole authority, 1220 subject to the approval of the chief of the division of parole 1221 and community services and subject to this section, shall adopt 1222 rules establishing uniform standards that the parole board must 1223 follow in making parole decisions after those rules have taken 1224 effect and rules governing the proceedings of the parole board. 1225 The rules establishing the standards and the rules governing the 1226 proceedings shall promote fairness and consistency in the 1227 outcome of parole decisions. The rules establishing uniform 1228

standards shall be adopted as soon as possible, but not later	1229
than ninety days, after the effective date of this amendment and	1230
shall include the provisions specified in division (F) of this	1231
section. Any subsequent amendment or rescission of those rules,	1232
or subsequent adoption of other rules establishing the standards	1233
or governing the proceedings, shall be in accordance with	1234
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. The rules governing the	1235
proceedings shall be consistent with the provisions of division	1236
(C) of section 2967.03 of the Revised Code and shall provide for	1237
all of the following:	1238
(a) The procedure to be followed in institutional parole	1239
review, which shall require video conferencing and the recording	1240
of the video conferencing;	1241
(b) The convening of full board hearings;	1242
(b)(c) The procedures to be followed in full board	1243
hearings;	1244
(c)(d) General procedures to be followed in other hearings	1245
of the board and by the board's hearing officers;	1246
(d)(e) A requirement that a majority of all the board	1247
members must agree to any recommendation of clemency transmitted	1248
to the governor;	1249
(e)(f) For parole hearings, procedures for considering the	1250
report of the warden of the institution in which the eligible	1251
prisoner is incarcerated, submitted under section 5120.68 of the	1252
Revised Code.	1253
(2) When the board members sit as a full board, the	1254
chairperson shall preside. The chairperson shall also allocate	1255
the work of the parole board among the board members. The full	1256
board shall meet at least once each month. In the case of a tie	1257

vote on the full board, the chief of the adult parole authority

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shall cast the deciding vote. The chairperson may designate a

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person to serve in the chairperson's place.

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- (3) Except for the chairperson—and, the member appointed 1261 under division (B) (1) of this section, and the member appointed 1262 under division (B)(2) of this section, a member appointed to the 1263 parole board on or after September 30, 2011, shall be appointed 1264 to a six-year term. A member appointed as described in this 1265 division shall hold office from the date of appointment until 1266 the end of the term for which the member was appointed. A member 1267 appointed as described in this division is eligible for 1268 reappointment for another six-year term that may or may not be 1269 consecutive to the first six-year term. A member appointed as 1270 described in this division is not eligible for reappointment 1271 after serving two six-year terms whether or not served 1272 consecutively. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner 1273 provided for original appointments. Any member appointed as 1274 described in this division to fill a vacancy occurring prior to 1275 the expiration date of the term for which the member's 1276 predecessor was appointed shall begin that member's first six-1277 year term upon appointment, regardless of the time remaining in 1278 the term of the member's predecessor. A member appointed as 1279 described in this division shall continue in office subsequent 1280 to the expiration date of the member's term until the member's 1281 successor takes office or until a period of sixty days has 1282 elapsed, whichever occurs first. 1283
- (4) Except as otherwise provided in division (B) (1) or (2)

 of this section, no person shall be appointed a member of the

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 board who is not qualified by education or experience—in

 correctional work, including law enforcement, prosecution of

 offenses, advocating for the rights of victims of crime,

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probation, or parole, in law, in social work, or in a	1289
combination of the three categories. Parole board members shall	1290
have diversity of race, gender, and occupation. The parole board	1291
<pre>membership shall include:</pre>	1292
(a) At least one member who is a psychologist or mental	1293
health professional by training, by occupation, or by training	1294
and occupation;	1295
(b) At least one member who is a social worker or another	1296
qualified individual with reentry experience;	1297
(c) At least one member who is a substance abuse	1298
specialist by training, by occupation, or by training and	1299
occupation;	1300
(d) At least one member who is a forensic scientist,	1301
<pre>criminologist, or data analyst;</pre>	1302
(e) At least one member who is a law enforcement	1303
professional, corrections officer, probation officer, or parole	1304
officer;	1305
(f) At least one member who is a criminal lawyer with	1306
prosecutorial or criminal defense experience.	1307
(B) $\underline{(1)}$ The director of rehabilitation and correction, in	1308
consultation with the governor, shall appoint one member of the	1309
board, who shall be a person who has been a victim of crime or	1310
who is a member of a victim's family or who represents an	1311
organization that advocates for the rights of victims of crime.	1312
After appointment, this member shall be an unclassified employee	1313
of the department of rehabilitation and correction.	1314
The initial appointment shall be for a term ending four	1315
years after July 1, 1996. Thereafter, the term of office of the	1316

member appointed under this division shall be for four years,	1317
with each term ending on the same day of the same month as did	1318
the term that it succeeds. The member shall hold office from the	1319
date of appointment until the end of the term for which the	1320
member was appointed and may be reappointed. Vacancies shall be	1321
filled in the manner provided for original appointments. Any	1322
member appointed under this division to fill a vacancy occurring	1323
prior to the expiration date of the term for which the member's	1324
predecessor was appointed shall hold office as a member for the	1325
remainder of that term. The member appointed under this division	1326
shall continue in office subsequent to the expiration date of	1327
the member's term until the member's successor takes office or	1328
until a period of sixty days has elapsed, whichever occurs	1329
first.	1330
The member appointed under this division shall be	1331
compensated in the same manner as other board members and shall	1332
be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the	1333
performance of the member's duties. The member may vote on all	1334
cases heard by the full board under section 5149.101 of the	1335
Revised Code, has such duties as are assigned by the chairperson	1336
of the board, and shall coordinate the member's activities with	1337
the office of victims' services created under section 5120.60 of	1338
the Revised Code.	1339
As used in this division, "crime," "member of the victim's	1340
family," and "victim" have the meanings given in section 2930.01	1341
of the Revised Code.	1342
(2) The director of rehabilitation and correction, in	1343
consultation with the governor, shall appoint one member of the	1344

board, who shall be a person who has experienced incarceration.

After appointment, this member shall be an unclassified employee

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of the department of rehabilitation and correction.	1347
The initial appointment shall be for a term ending four	1348
years after appointment. Thereafter, the term of office of the	1349
member appointed under this division shall be for four years,	1350
with each term ending on the same day of the same month as did	1351
the term that it succeeds. The member shall hold office from the	1352
date of appointment until the end of the term for which the	1353
member was appointed and may be reappointed. Vacancies shall be	1354
filled in the manner provided for original appointments. Any	1355
member appointed under this division to fill a vacancy occurring	1356
prior to the expiration date of the term for which the member's	1357
predecessor was appointed shall hold office as a member for the	1358
remainder of that term. The member appointed under this division	1359
shall continue in office subsequent to the expiration date of	1360
the member's term until the member's successor takes office or	1361
until a period of sixty days has elapsed, whichever occurs	1362
first.	1363
The member appointed under this division shall be	1364
compensated in the same manner as other board members and shall	1365
be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the	1366
performance of the member's duties. The member may vote on all	1367
cases heard by the full board under section 5149.101 of the	1368
Revised Code and has such duties as are assigned by the	1369
chairperson of the board.	1370
(C) The chairperson shall submit all recommendations for	1371
or against clemency directly to the governor.	1372
(D) The chairperson shall transmit to the chief of the	1373
adult parole authority all determinations decisions for or	1374
against parole made by the board. Parole determinations	1375
decisions are final, except as otherwise provided in this	1376

division, and are not subject to review or change by the chief.	1377
A parole decision made by the parole board is an "adjudication"	1378
for purposes of Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. A prisoner may	1379
appeal a parole decision regarding the prisoner, pursuant to	1380
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.	1381
(E) In addition to its duties pertaining to parole and	1382
clemency, if an offender is sentenced to a prison term pursuant	1383
to division (A)(3), (B)(1)(a), (b), or (c), (B)(2)(a), (b), or	1384
(c), or (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or (d) of section 2971.03 of the	1385
Revised Code, the parole board shall have control over the	1386
offender's service of the prison term during the entire term	1387
unless the board terminates its control in accordance with	1388
section 2971.04 of the Revised Code. The parole board may	1389
terminate its control over the offender's service of the prison	1390
term only in accordance with section 2971.04 of the Revised	1391
Code.	1392
(F) The rules establishing uniform standards that the	1393
parole board must follow in making parole decisions that are to	1394
be adopted under division (A)(1) of this section shall be	1395
adopted as soon as possible, but not later than ninety days,	1396
after the effective date of this amendment. Any subsequent	1397
amendment or rescission of those rules, or subsequent adoption	1398
of other rules establishing the standards, shall be in	1399
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. The rules	1400
specified in this division shall be structured and policy-driven	1401
to promote fairness and consistency in the outcome of parole	1402
decisions and shall provide for all of the following:	1403
(1) The use of evidence-based risk assessment for	1404
<pre>recidivism for each offender;</pre>	1405
(2) The use of evidence-based tools for assessing the	1406

offender's readiness for reentry;	1407
(3) That a prisoner under consideration for parole shall	1408
be granted parole unless the parole board or panel conducting	1409
the parole decision proceeding decides, at the proceeding, that	1410
one or more of the following applies:	1411
(a) Regardless of the security level in which the prisoner	1412
is classified at the time of the proceeding, both of the	1413
<pre>following apply:</pre>	1414
(i) During the prisoner's incarceration, the prisoner	1415
committed institutional rule infractions that compromised the	1416
security of a state correctional institution, compromised the	1417
safety of the staff of a state correctional institution or its	1418
inmates, or caused physical harm or involved the threat of	1419
physical harm to the staff of a state correctional institution	1420
or its inmates, or committed a violation of law that was not	1421
prosecuted, and the infractions or violations demonstrate that	1422
the prisoner has not been rehabilitated.	1423
(ii) The prisoner's behavior while incarcerated,	1424
including, but not limited to the infractions and violations	1425
specified in division (F)(3)(a)(i) of this section, demonstrate	1426
that the prisoner continues to pose a threat to society.	1427
(b) Regardless of the security level in which the prisoner	1428
is classified at the time of the proceeding, the prisoner has	1429
been placed by the department of rehabilitation and correction	1430
in extended restrictive housing at any time within the year	1431
preceding the date of the hearing.	1432
(c) At the time of the proceeding, the prisoner is	1433
classified by the department of rehabilitation and correction as	1434
a security level three, four, or five, or at a higher security	1435

<pre>level.</pre>	1436
Sec. 5149.101. (A) (1) A-If a prisoner fails to meet the	1437
conditions of presumptive parole specified in division (B) of	1438
section 2967.03 and division (F)(3) of section 5149.10 of the	1439
Revised Code, a board hearing officer, a board member, or the	1440
office of victims' services may petition the board for a full	1441
board hearing that relates to the proposed parole or re-parole	1442
of a prisoner. At a meeting of the board at which a majority of	1443
board members are present, the majority of those present shall	1444
determine whether a full board hearing shall be held.	1445
(2) A victim of a violation of section 2903.01 or 2903.02	1446
of the Revised Code, an offense of violence that is a felony of	1447
the first, second, or third degree, or an offense punished by a	1448
sentence of life imprisonment, the victim's representative, or	1449
any person described in division (B)(5) of this section may	1450
request the board to hold a full board hearing that relates to	1451
the proposed parole or re-parole of the person that committed	1452
the violation. If a victim, victim's representative, or other	1453
person requests a full board hearing pursuant to this division,	1454
the board shall hold a full board hearing.	1455
At least thirty days before the full hearing, except as	1456
otherwise provided in this division, the board shall give notice	1457
of the date, time, and place of the hearing to the victim	1458
regardless of whether the victim has requested the notification.	1459
The notice of the date, time, and place of the hearing shall not	1460
be given under this division to a victim if the victim has	1461
requested pursuant to division (B)(2) of section 2930.03 of the	1462
Revised Code that the notice not be provided to the victim. At	1463
least thirty days before the full board hearing and regardless	1464
of whether the victim has requested that the notice be provided	1465

or not be provided under this division to the victim, the board	1466
shall give similar notice to the prosecuting attorney in the	1467
case, the law enforcement agency that arrested the prisoner if	1468
any officer of that agency was a victim of the offense, and, if	1469
different than the victim, the person who requested the full	1470
hearing. If the prosecuting attorney has not previously been	1471
sent an institutional summary report with respect to the	1472
prisoner, upon the request of the prosecuting attorney, the	1473
board shall include with the notice sent to the prosecuting	1474
attorney an institutional summary report that covers the	1475
offender's participation while confined in a state correctional	1476
institution in training, work, and other rehabilitative	1477
activities and any disciplinary action taken against the	1478
offender while so confined. Upon the request of a law	1479
enforcement agency that has not previously been sent an	1480
institutional summary report with respect to the prisoner, the	1481
board also shall send a copy of the institutional summary report	1482
to the law enforcement agency. If notice is to be provided as	1483
described in this division, the board may give the notice by any	1484
reasonable means, including regular mail, telephone, and	1485
electronic mail, in accordance with division (D)(1) of section	1486
2930.16 of the Revised Code. If the notice is based on an	1487
offense committed prior to the effective date of this amendment	1488
March 22, 2013, the notice also shall include the opt-out	1489
information described in division (D)(1) of section 2930.16 of	1490
the Revised Code. The board, in accordance with division (D)(2)	1491
of section 2930.16 of the Revised Code, shall keep a record of	1492
all attempts to provide the notice, and of all notices provided,	1493
under this division.	1494

The preceding paragraph, and the notice-related provisions

of divisions (E)(2) and (K) of section 2929.20, division (D)(1)

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of section 2930.16, division (H) of section 2967.12, division	1497
(E) (1) (b) of section 2967.19, division (A) (3) (b) of section	1498
2967.26, and division (D)(1) of section 2967.28 of the Revised	1499
Code enacted in the act in which this paragraph was enacted,	1500
shall be known as "Roberta's Law."	1501
(B) At a full board hearing that relates to the proposed	1502
parole or re-parole of a prisoner and that has been petitioned	1503
for or requested in accordance with division (A) of this	1504
section, the parole board shall permit the following persons to	1505
appear and to give testimony or to submit written statements:	1506
(1) The prosecuting attorney of the county in which the	1507
original indictment against the prisoner was found and members	1508
of any law enforcement agency that assisted in the prosecution	1509
of the original offense;	1510
(2) The judge of the court of common pleas who imposed the	1511
original sentence of incarceration upon the prisoner, or the	1512
<pre>judge's successor;</pre>	1513
(3) The victim of the original offense for which the	1514
prisoner is serving the sentence or, at that victim's request,	1515
the victim's representative designated pursuant to section	1516
2930.02 of the Revised Code;	1517
(4) The victim of any behavior that resulted in parole	1518
being revoked;	1519
(5) With respect to a full board hearing held pursuant to	1520
division (A)(2) of this section, all of the following:	1521
(a) The spouse of the victim of the original offense;	1522
(b) The parent or parents of the victim of the original	1523
offense;	1524

(c) The sibling of the victim of the original offense;	1525
(d) The child or children of the victim of the original	1526
offense.	1527
(6) Counsel or some other person designated by the	1528
prisoner as a representative, as described in division (C) of	1529
this section.	1530
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, a full	1531
board hearing of the parole board is not subject to section	1532
121.22 of the Revised Code. The persons who may attend a full	1533
board hearing are the persons described in divisions (B)(1) to	1534
(6) of this section, and representatives of the press, radio and	1535
television stations, and broadcasting networks who are members	1536
of a generally recognized professional media organization.	1537
At the request of a person described in division (B)(3) of	1538
this section, representatives of the news media described in	1539
this division shall be excluded from the hearing while that	1540
person is giving testimony at the hearing. The prisoner being	1541
considered for parole has no right to be present at the hearing,	1542
but may be represented by counsel or some other person	1543
designated by the prisoner. Counsel representing a prisoner at	1544
the hearing is entitled to fully participate in the hearing,	1545
including asking questions and presenting information.	1546
If there is an objection at a full board hearing to a	1547
recommendation for the parole of a prisoner, the board may	1548
approve or disapprove the recommendation or defer its decision	1549
until a subsequent full board hearing. The board may permit	1550
interested persons other than those listed in this division and	1551
division (B) of this section to attend full board hearings	1552
pursuant to rules adopted by the adult parole authority.	1553

(D) If the victim of the original offense died as a result	1554
of the offense and the offense was aggravated murder, murder, an	1555
offense of violence that is a felony of the first, second, or	1556
third degree, or an offense punished by a sentence of life	1557
imprisonment, the family of the victim may show at a full board	1558
hearing a video recording not exceeding five minutes in length	1559
memorializing the victim.	1560
(E) The adult parole authority shall adopt rules for the	1561
implementation of this section. The rules shall specify	1562
reasonable restrictions on the number of media representatives	1563
that may attend a hearing, based on considerations of space, and	1564
other procedures designed to accomplish an effective, orderly	1565
process for full board hearings. Any subsequent amendment or	1566
rescission of these rules, or subsequent adoption of other rules	1567
for the implementation of this section, shall be in accordance	1568
with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.	1569
(F) The parole board shall prepare and maintain an	1570
official record of all full board hearings. Except as otherwise	1571
specified in this division, the board shall grant the prisoner	1572
full access to the record and permit the prisoner to review the	1573
record. Division (C)(6) of section 2967.03 of the Revised Code	1574
applies with respect to all records prepared and maintained	1575
under this division.	1576
Sec. 5149.11. In the exercise of any of the powers vested	1577
in the adult parole authority, the chief of the authority, any	1578
member of the board, or any hearing officer may administer oaths	1579
and in the name of the authority may issue subpoenas and	1580
subpoenas duces tecum. The authority may compel the attendance	1581
of witnesses and the production of records and papers of all	1582
kinds and description including any and all books, accounts,	1583

documents, memorandums, and transcripts of testimony, pertaining	1584
to any inquiry within the powers and duties of the authority.	1585
Upon the failure of any person to comply with any order of the	1586
authority or any subpoena or subpoena duces tecum lawfully	1587
issued, or upon the refusal of any witness to testify to any	1588
matter regarding which the witness may be lawfully interrogated,	1589
a judge of the court of common pleas of any county in this	1590
state, on the application of the authority, shall compel	1591
obedience by attachment proceedings for contempt, as in the case	1592
of disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena issued from a	1593
court of common pleas or a refusal to testify therein.	1594

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Each witness who appears before the authority or before a member of the parole board by the authority's or member's order shall receive for attendance the fees and mileage provided for under section 119.094 of the Revised Code, and the fees and mileage shall be audited and paid out of the state treasury in the same manner as other expenses are audited and paid, upon the presentation of properly verified vouchers approved by the chief of the authority.

The chief of the authority or a member of the board, or

any party who is the subject of the investigation, may in any

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investigation cause depositions of witnesses residing within or

without the state to be taken in the manner prescribed by

sections 2319.08, 2319.09, 2319.11, and 2319.27 of the Revised

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Code and the Civil Rules.

Copies of the proceedings, minutes, actions, findings,

recommendations, orders, and other records of the authority or

its predecessors shall be verified and certified to by the

officer conducting or responsible for such and attested by the

chief of the authority, and when certified and attested shall be

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received in evidence as proof of the facts therein stated.	1614
Minutes Except as otherwise specified in this paragraph,	1615
minutes, actions, findings, recommendations, determinations,	1616
records, adjudications, decisions, and orders made and or kept	1617
by the adult parole authority or the parole board are public	1618
records. If any minutes, actions, findings, recommendations,	1619
determinations, records, adjudications, decisions, and orders	1620
made or kept by the adult parole authority or parole board that	1621
are a public record as described in this paragraph contain	1622
information about a victim and if the release of, or granting	1623
access to, the information would limit or interfere with the	1624
victim's right to be treated with fairness and respect for the	1625
victim's safety, dignity, and privacy guaranteed by Section 10a	1626
of Article I, Ohio Constitution, both of the following apply:	1627
(A) The personally identifiable information about the	1628
victim that, if released or made available as a public record,	1629
would limit or interfere with that right shall be redacted from	1630
the minutes, actions, findings, recommendations, determinations,	1631
records, adjudications, decisions, or orders before they are	1632
released or made available as a public record.	1633
(B) If the prisoner has an attorney, the redaction	1634
requirement described in division (A) of this section does not	1635
apply with respect to the release of information to the	1636
attorney, provided the attorney agrees prior to the release to	1637
not discuss personally identifiable information with, or	1638
disclose personally identifiable information to, the prisoner.	1639
Section 2. That existing sections 119.01, 149.43, 2967.03,	1640
5149.01, 5149.07, 5149.10, 5149.101, and 5149.11 of the Revised	1641
Code are hereby repealed.	1642

Section 3. Sections 119.01, 149.43, 2967.03, 5149.01,	1643
5149.07, 5149.10, 5149.101, and 5149.11 of the Revised Code, as	1644
amended by this act, apply with respect to the following:	1645
(A) All parole proceedings conducted and parole decisions	1646
made on or after the effective date of this act, regardless of	1647
whether the prisoner who is the subject of the proceeding	1648
committed, or was convicted of or pleaded guilty to, the offense	1649
for which the offender is imprisoned prior to, on, or after the	1650
effective date of the act;	1651
(B) Each prisoner who, on or after the effective date of	1652
this act, is serving a sentence of imprisonment under which the	1653
prisoner is eligible for parole, regardless of whether the	1654
prisoner committed, or was convicted of or pleaded guilty to,	1655
that offense prior to, on, or after the effective date of the	1656
act.	1657