#### As Introduced

# 133rd General Assembly Regular Session 2019-2020

S. B. No. 363

## **Senator Hoagland**

**Cosponsor: Senator Coley** 

## A BILL

То	amend sections 4928.143, 4928.20, 4928.231,	1
	4928.232, 4929.01, 4929.22, and 4929.29; to	2
	enact sections 4928.201 and 4929.271; and to	3
	repeal sections 4928.21 and 4929.26 of the	4
	Revised Code to eliminate automatic enrollment	5
	in governmental electric and natural gas	6
	aggregation programs.	7

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

<b>Section 1</b> . That sections 4928.143, 4928.20, 4928.231,	8
4928.232, 4929.01, 4929.22, and 4929.29 be amended and sections	9
4928.201 and 4929.271 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as	10
follows:	11
Sec. 4928.143. (A) For the purpose of complying with	12
Sec. 4320.143. (A) For the purpose of comprying with	12
section 4928.141 of the Revised Code, an electric distribution	13
utility may file an application for public utilities commission	14
approval of an electric security plan as prescribed under	15
division (B) of this section. The utility may file that	16
application prior to the effective date of any rules the	17
commission may adopt for the purpose of this section, and, as	18

the commission determines necessary, the utility immediately	19
shall conform its filing to those rules upon their taking	20
effect.	21
(B) Notwithstanding any other provision of Title XLIX of	22
the Revised Code to the contrary except division (D) of this	23
section, divisions $\frac{(I)(G)}{(H)}$ , $\frac{(J)(H)}{(H)}$ , and $\frac{(K)}{(H)}$ of section	24
4928.20, division (E) of section 4928.64, and section 4928.69 of	25
the Revised Code:	26
(1) An electric security plan shall include provisions	27
relating to the supply and pricing of electric generation	28
service. In addition, if the proposed electric security plan has	29
a term longer than three years, it may include provisions in the	30
plan to permit the commission to test the plan pursuant to	31
division (E) of this section and any transitional conditions	32
that should be adopted by the commission if the commission	33
terminates the plan as authorized under that division.	34
(2) The plan may provide for or include, without	35
limitation, any of the following:	36
(a) Automatic recovery of any of the following costs of	37
the electric distribution utility, provided the cost is	38
prudently incurred: the cost of fuel used to generate the	39
electricity supplied under the offer; the cost of purchased	40
power supplied under the offer, including the cost of energy and	41
capacity, and including purchased power acquired from an	42
affiliate; the cost of emission allowances; and the cost of	43
federally mandated carbon or energy taxes;	44
(b) A reasonable allowance for construction work in	45
progress for any of the electric distribution utility's cost of	46
constructing an electric generating facility or for an	47

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environmental expenditure for any electric generating facility	48
of the electric distribution utility, provided the cost is	49
incurred or the expenditure occurs on or after January 1, 2009.	50
Any such allowance shall be subject to the construction work in	51
progress allowance limitations of division (A) of section	52
4909.15 of the Revised Code, except that the commission may	53
authorize such an allowance upon the incurrence of the cost or	54
occurrence of the expenditure. No such allowance for generating	55
facility construction shall be authorized, however, unless the	56
commission first determines in the proceeding that there is need	57
for the facility based on resource planning projections	58
submitted by the electric distribution utility. Further, no such	59
allowance shall be authorized unless the facility's construction	60
was sourced through a competitive bid process, regarding which	61
process the commission may adopt rules. An allowance approved	62
under division (B)(2)(b) of this section shall be established as	63
a nonbypassable surcharge for the life of the facility.	64

(c) The establishment of a nonbypassable surcharge for the 65 life of an electric generating facility that is owned or 66 operated by the electric distribution utility, was sourced 67 through a competitive bid process subject to any such rules as 68 the commission adopts under division (B)(2)(b) of this section, 69 and is newly used and useful on or after January 1, 2009, which 70 surcharge shall cover all costs of the utility specified in the 71 application, excluding costs recovered through a surcharge under 72 division (B)(2)(b) of this section. However, no surcharge shall 73 be authorized unless the commission first determines in the 74 proceeding that there is need for the facility based on resource 75 planning projections submitted by the electric distribution 76 utility. Additionally, if a surcharge is authorized for a 77 facility pursuant to plan approval under division (C) of this 78

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section and as a condition of the continuation of the surcharge,	79
the electric distribution utility shall dedicate to Ohio	80
consumers the capacity and energy and the rate associated with	81
the cost of that facility. Before the commission authorizes any	82
surcharge pursuant to this division, it may consider, as	83
applicable, the effects of any decommissioning, deratings, and	84
retirements.	85
(d) Terms, conditions, or charges relating to limitations	86
on customer shopping for retail electric generation service,	87
bypassability, standby, back-up, or supplemental power service,	88
default service, carrying costs, amortization periods, and	89
accounting or deferrals, including future recovery of such	90
deferrals, as would have the effect of stabilizing or providing	91
certainty regarding retail electric service;	92
(e) Automatic increases or decreases in any component of	93
the standard service offer price;	94
(f) Consistent with sections 4928.23 to 4928.2318 of the	95
Revised Code, both of the following:	96
(i) Provisions for the electric distribution utility to	97
securitize any phase-in, inclusive of carrying charges, of the	98
utility's standard service offer price, which phase-in is	99
authorized in accordance with section 4928.144 of the Revised	100
Code;	101
(ii) Provisions for the recovery of the utility's cost of	102
securitization.	103
(g) Provisions relating to transmission, ancillary,	104
congestion, or any related service required for the standard	105
service offer, including provisions for the recovery of any cost	106
of such service that the electric distribution utility incurs on	107

or after that date pursuant to the standard service offer;	108
(h) Provisions regarding the utility's distribution	109
service, including, without limitation and notwithstanding any	110
provision of Title XLIX of the Revised Code to the contrary,	111
provisions regarding single issue ratemaking, a revenue	112
decoupling mechanism or any other incentive ratemaking, and	113
provisions regarding distribution infrastructure and	114
modernization incentives for the electric distribution utility.	115
The latter may include a long-term energy delivery	116
infrastructure modernization plan for that utility or any plan	117
providing for the utility's recovery of costs, including lost	118
revenue, shared savings, and avoided costs, and a just and	119
reasonable rate of return on such infrastructure modernization.	120
As part of its determination as to whether to allow in an	121
electric distribution utility's electric security plan inclusion	122
of any provision described in division (B)(2)(h) of this	123
section, the commission shall examine the reliability of the	124
electric distribution utility's distribution system and ensure	125
that customers' and the electric distribution utility's	126
expectations are aligned and that the electric distribution	127
utility is placing sufficient emphasis on and dedicating	128
sufficient resources to the reliability of its distribution	129
system.	130
(i) Provisions under which the electric distribution	131
utility may implement economic development, job retention, and	132
energy efficiency programs, which provisions may allocate	133
program costs across all classes of customers of the utility and	134
those of electric distribution utilities in the same holding	135
company system.	136
(C)(1) The burden of proof in the proceeding shall be on	137

the electric distribution utility. The commission shall issue an	138
order under this division for an initial application under this	139
section not later than one hundred fifty days after the	140
application's filing date and, for any subsequent application by	141
the utility under this section, not later than two hundred	142
seventy-five days after the application's filing date. Subject	143
to division (D) of this section, the commission by order shall	144
approve or modify and approve an application filed under	145
division (A) of this section if it finds that the electric	146
security plan so approved, including its pricing and all other	147
terms and conditions, including any deferrals and any future	148
recovery of deferrals, is more favorable in the aggregate as	149
compared to the expected results that would otherwise apply	150
under section 4928.142 of the Revised Code. Additionally, if the	151
commission so approves an application that contains a surcharge	152
under division (B)(2)(b) or (c) of this section, the commission	153
shall ensure that the benefits derived for any purpose for which	154
the surcharge is established are reserved and made available to	155
those that bear the surcharge. Otherwise, the commission by	156
order shall disapprove the application.	157
(2)(a) If the commission modifies and approves an	158

- application under division (C)(1) of this section, the electric 159 distribution utility may withdraw the application, thereby 160 terminating it, and may file a new standard service offer under 161 this section or a standard service offer under section 4928.142 162 of the Revised Code.
- (b) If the utility terminates an application pursuant to

  division (C)(2)(a) of this section or if the commission

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  disapproves an application under division (C)(1) of this

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  section, the commission shall issue such order as is necessary

  to continue the provisions, terms, and conditions of the

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utility's most recent standard service offer, along with any	169
expected increases or decreases in fuel costs from those	170
contained in that offer, until a subsequent offer is authorized	171
pursuant to this section or section 4928.142 of the Revised	172
Code, respectively.	173
(D) Regarding the rate plan requirement of division (A) of	174
section 4928.141 of the Revised Code, if an electric	175

distribution utility that has a rate plan that extends beyond 176 December 31, 2008, files an application under this section for 177 the purpose of its compliance with division (A) of section 178 4928.141 of the Revised Code, that rate plan and its terms and 179 conditions are hereby incorporated into its proposed electric 180 security plan and shall continue in effect until the date 181 scheduled under the rate plan for its expiration, and that 182 portion of the electric security plan shall not be subject to 183 commission approval or disapproval under division (C) of this 184 section, and the earnings test provided for in division (F) of 185 this section shall not apply until after the expiration of the 186 rate plan. However, that utility may include in its electric 187 security plan under this section, and the commission may 188 approve, modify and approve, or disapprove subject to division 189 (C) of this section, provisions for the incremental recovery or 190 the deferral of any costs that are not being recovered under the 191 rate plan and that the utility incurs during that continuation 192 period to comply with section 4928.141, division (B) of section 193 4928.64, or division (A) of section 4928.66 of the Revised Code. 194

(E) If an electric security plan approved under division 195
(C) of this section, except one withdrawn by the utility as 196
authorized under that division, has a term, exclusive of phaseins or deferrals, that exceeds three years from the effective 198
date of the plan, the commission shall test the plan in the 199

fourth year, and if applicable, every fourth year thereafter, to	200
determine whether the plan, including its then-existing pricing	201
and all other terms and conditions, including any deferrals and	202
any future recovery of deferrals, continues to be more favorable	203
in the aggregate and during the remaining term of the plan as	204
compared to the expected results that would otherwise apply	205
under section 4928.142 of the Revised Code. The commission shall	206
also determine the prospective effect of the electric security	207
plan to determine if that effect is substantially likely to	208
provide the electric distribution utility with a return on	209
common equity that is significantly in excess of the return on	210
common equity that is likely to be earned by publicly traded	211
companies, including utilities, that face comparable business	212
and financial risk, with such adjustments for capital structure	213
as may be appropriate. The burden of proof for demonstrating	214
that significantly excessive earnings will not occur shall be on	215
the electric distribution utility. For affiliated Ohio electric	216
distribution utilities that operate under a joint electric	217
security plan, their total earned return on common equity shall	218
be used for purposes of assessing significantly excessive	219
earnings. If the test results are in the negative or the	220
commission finds that continuation of the electric security plan	221
will result in a return on equity that is significantly in	222
excess of the return on common equity that is likely to be	223
earned by publicly traded companies, including utilities, that	224
will face comparable business and financial risk, with such	225
adjustments for capital structure as may be appropriate, during	226
the balance of the plan, the commission may terminate the	227
electric security plan, but not until it shall have provided	228
interested parties with notice and an opportunity to be heard.	229
The commission may impose such conditions on the plan's	230
termination as it considers reasonable and necessary to	231

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accommodate the transition from an approved plan to the more	232
advantageous alternative. In the event of an electric security	233
plan's termination pursuant to this division, the commission	234
shall permit the continued deferral and phase-in of any amounts	235
that occurred prior to that termination and the recovery of	236
those amounts as contemplated under that electric security plan.	237
(F) With regard to the provisions that are included in an	238
electric security plan under this section, the commission shall	239
consider, following the end of each annual period of the plan,	240
if any such adjustments resulted in excessive earnings as	241
measured by whether the earned return on common equity of the	242
electric distribution utility is significantly in excess of the	243
return on common equity that was earned during the same period	244
by publicly traded companies, including utilities, that face	245
comparable business and financial risk, with such adjustments	246
for capital structure as may be appropriate. In making its	247
determination of significantly excessive earnings under this	248
division, the commission shall, for affiliated Ohio electric	249
distribution utilities that operate under a joint electric	250
security plan, use the total of the utilities' earned return on	251
common equity. Consideration also shall be given to the capital	252
requirements of future committed investments in this state. The	253
burden of proof for demonstrating that significantly excessive	254
earnings did not occur shall be on the electric distribution	255
utility. If the commission finds that such adjustments, in the	256

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aggregate, did result in significantly excessive earnings, it

shall require the electric distribution utility to return to

provided that, upon making such prospective adjustments, the

consumers the amount of the excess by prospective adjustments;

electric distribution utility shall have the right to terminate

the plan and immediately file an application pursuant to section

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4928.142 of the Revised Code. Upon termination of a plan under	263
this division, rates shall be set on the same basis as specified	264
in division (C)(2)(b) of this section, and the commission shall	265
permit the continued deferral and phase-in of any amounts that	266
occurred prior to that termination and the recovery of those	267
amounts as contemplated under that electric security plan. In	268
making its determination of significantly excessive earnings	269
under this division, the commission shall not consider, directly	270
or indirectly, the revenue, expenses, or earnings of any	271
affiliate that is not an Ohio electric distribution utility or	272
parent company.	273

Sec. 4928.20. (A) The legislative authority of a municipal 274 corporation may adopt an ordinance, or the board of township 275 trustees of a township or the board of county commissioners of a 276 county may adopt a resolution, under which, on or after the 277 starting date of competitive retail electric service, it may 278 aggregate in accordance with this section the retail electrical 279 loads located, respectively, within the municipal corporation, 280 township, or unincorporated area of the county and, for that 281 purpose, may enter into service agreements to facilitate for 282 those loads the sale and purchase of electricity. The 283 legislative authority or board also may exercise such authority 284 jointly with any other such legislative authority or board. For 285 all customers that are not mercantile customers, an ordinance or 286 resolution under this division shall specify whether that the 287 aggregation will occur only with the prior, affirmative consent 288 of each person owning, occupying, controlling, or using an 289 electric load center proposed to be aggregated or will occur 290 automatically for all such persons pursuant to the opt-out-291 requirements of division (D) of this section. The aggregation of 292 mercantile customers shall occur only with the prior, 293

affirmative consent of each such person owning, occupying,	294
controlling, or using an electric load center proposed to be-	295
aggregated. Nothing in this division, however, authorizes the	296
aggregation of the retail electric loads of an electric load	297
center, as defined in section 4933.81 of the Revised Code, that	298
is located in the certified territory of a nonprofit electric	299
supplier under sections 4933.81 to 4933.90 of the Revised Code	300
or an electric load center served by transmission or	301
distribution facilities of a municipal electric utility.	302
(B) If an ordinance or resolution adopted under division-	303
(A) of this section specifies that aggregation of customers that	304
are not mercantile customers will occur automatically as-	305
described in that division, the ordinance or resolution shall-	306
direct the board of elections to submit the question of the-	307
authority to aggregate to the electors of the respective	308
municipal corporation, township, or unincorporated area of a	309
county at a special election on the day of the next primary or	310
general election in the municipal corporation, township, or	311
county. The legislative authority or board shall certify a copy	312
of the ordinance or resolution to the board of elections not	313
less than ninety days before the day of the special election. No	314
ordinance or resolution adopted under division (A) of this	315
section that provides for an election under this division shall	316
take effect unless approved by a majority of the electors voting	317
upon the ordinance or resolution at the election held pursuant	318
to this division.	319
(C) Upon the applicable requisite authority under-	320
divisions If authorized by an ordinance or resolution under	321
$\underline{\text{division}}$ (A) $\underline{\text{and}}$ (B) of this section, the legislative authority	322
or board shall develop a plan of operation and governance for	323
the aggregation program so authorized. Before adopting a plan	324

under this division, the legislative authority or board shall	325
hold at least two public hearings on the plan. Before the first	326
hearing, the legislative authority or board shall publish notice	327
of the hearings once a week for two consecutive weeks in a	328
newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction or as	329
provided in section 7.16 of the Revised Code. The notice shall	330
summarize the plan and state the date, time, and location of	331
each hearing.	332
(D) No legislative authority or board, pursuant to an-	333
ordinance or resolution under divisions (A) and (B) of this	334
section that provides for automatic aggregation of customers	335
that are not mercantile customers as described in division (A)	336
of this section, shall aggregate the electrical load of any	337
electric load center located within its jurisdiction unless it	338
in advance clearly discloses to the person owning, occupying,	339
controlling, or using the load center that the person will be	340
enrolled automatically in the aggregation program and will	341
remain so enrolled unless the person affirmatively elects by a	342
stated procedure not to be so enrolled. The disclosure shall	343
state prominently the rates, charges, and other terms and	344
conditions of enrollment. The stated procedure shall allow any	345
person enrolled in the aggregation program the opportunity to	346
opt out of the program every three years, without paying a	347
switching fee. Any such person that opts out before the	348
commencement of the aggregation program pursuant to the stated	349
procedure shall default to the standard service offer provided	350
under section 4928.14 or division (D) of section 4928.35 of the	351
Revised Code until the person chooses an alternative supplier.	352
$\frac{(E)(1)}{(C)(1)}$ With respect to a governmental aggregation	353
for a municipal corporation that is authorized <del>pursuant to-</del>	354
divisions (A) to (D) of under this section, resolutions may be	355

proposed by initiative or referendum petitions in accordance	356
with sections 731.28 to 731.41 of the Revised Code.	357
(2) With respect to a governmental aggregation for a	358
township or the unincorporated area of a county, which	359
aggregation is authorized <del>pursuant to divisions (A) to (D)</del>	360
ofunder this section, resolutions may be proposed by initiative	361
or referendum petitions in accordance with sections 731.28 to	362
731.40 of the Revised Code, except that:	363
(a) The petitions shall be filed, respectively, with the	364
township fiscal officer or the board of county commissioners,	365
who shall perform those duties imposed under those sections upon	366
the city auditor or village clerk.	367
(b) The petitions shall contain the signatures of not less	368
than ten per cent of the total number of electors in,	369
respectively, the township or the unincorporated area of the	370
county who voted for the office of governor at the preceding	371
general election for that office in that area.	372
$\frac{(F)-(D)}{(D)}$ A governmental aggregator under division (A) of	373
this section is not a public utility engaging in the wholesale	374
purchase and resale of electricity, and provision of the	375
aggregated service is not a wholesale utility transaction. A	376
governmental aggregator shall be subject to supervision and	377
regulation by the public utilities commission only to the extent	378
of any competitive retail electric service it provides and	379
commission authority under this chapter.	380
$\frac{(G)}{(E)}$ This section does not apply in the case of a	381
municipal corporation that supplies such aggregated service to	382
electric load centers to which its municipal electric utility	383
also supplies a noncompetitive retail electric service through	384

transmission or distribution facilities the utility singly or	385
jointly owns or operates.	386
(H) (F) A governmental aggregator shall not include in its	387
aggregation the accounts of any of the following:	388
	2.2.2
(1) A customer that has <u>not enrolled in or has</u> opted out	389
of the aggregation <pre>program;</pre>	390
(2) A customer in contract with a certified electric	391
services company;	392
(3) A customer that has a special contract with an	393
electric distribution utility;	394
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(4) A customer that is not located within the governmental	395
aggregator's governmental boundaries+	390
(5) Subject to division (C) of section 4928.21 of the-	397
Revised Code, a customer who appears on the "do not aggregate"-	398
list maintained under that section.	399
$\frac{(I)-(G)}{(G)}$ Customers that are part of a governmental	400
aggregation under this section shall be responsible only for	401
such portion of a surcharge under section 4928.144 of the	402
Revised Code that is proportionate to the benefits, as	403
determined by the commission, that electric load centers within	404
the jurisdiction of the governmental aggregation as a group	405
receive. The proportionate surcharge so established shall apply	406
to each customer of the governmental aggregation while the	407
customer is part of that aggregation. If a customer ceases being	408
such a customer, the otherwise applicable surcharge shall apply.	409
Nothing in this section shall result in less than full recovery	410
by an electric distribution utility of any surcharge authorized	411
under section 4928.144 of the Revised Code. Nothing in this	412
section shall result in less than the full and timely	413

imposition, charging, collection, and adjustment by an electric	414
distribution utility, its assignee, or any collection agent, of	415
the phase-in-recovery charges authorized pursuant to a final	416
financing order issued pursuant to sections 4928.23 to 4928.2318	417
of the Revised Code.	418

 $\frac{(J)}{(H)}$  On behalf of the customers that are part of a 419 governmental aggregation under this section and by filing 420 written notice with the public utilities commission, the 421 422 legislative authority that formed or is forming that governmental aggregation may elect not to receive standby 423 424 service within the meaning of division (B)(2)(d) of section 4928.143 of the Revised Code from an electric distribution 425 utility in whose certified territory the governmental 426 aggregation is located and that operates under an approved 427 electric security plan under that section. Upon the filing of 428 that notice, the electric distribution utility shall not charge 429 any such customer to whom competitive retail electric generation 430 service is provided by another supplier under the governmental 431 aggregation for the standby service. Any such consumer that 432 returns to the utility for competitive retail electric service 433 shall pay the market price of power incurred by the utility to 434 serve that consumer plus any amount attributable to the 435 utility's cost of compliance with the renewable energy resource 436 provisions of section 4928.64 of the Revised Code to serve the 437 consumer. Such market price shall include, but not be limited 438 to, capacity and energy charges; all charges associated with the 439 provision of that power supply through the regional transmission 440 organization, including, but not limited to, transmission, 441 ancillary services, congestion, and settlement and 442 administrative charges; and all other costs incurred by the 443 utility that are associated with the procurement, provision, and 444

administration of that power supply, as such costs may be	445
approved by the commission. The period of time during which the	446
market price and renewable energy resource amount shall be so	447
assessed on the consumer shall be from the time the consumer so	448
returns to the electric distribution utility until the	449
expiration of the electric security plan. However, if that	450
period of time is expected to be more than two years, the	451
commission may reduce the time period to a period of not less	452
than two years.	453
$\frac{K}{K}$ The commission shall adopt rules to encourage and	454
promote large-scale governmental aggregation in this state. For	455
that purpose, the commission shall conduct an immediate review-	456
of any rules it has adopted for the purpose of this section that	457
are in effect on the effective date of the amendment of this-	458
section by S.B. 221 of the 127th general assembly, July 31,	459
2008. Further, within the context of an electric security plan	460
under section 4928.143 of the Revised Code, the commission shall	461
consider the effect on large-scale governmental aggregation of	462
any nonbypassable generation charges, however collected, that	463
would be established under that plan, except any nonbypassable	464
generation charges that relate to any cost incurred by the	465
electric distribution utility, the deferral of which has been	466
authorized by the commission prior to the effective date of the	467
amendment of this section by S.B. 221 of the 127th general	468
assembly, July 31, 2008.	469
Sec. 4928.201. (A) Any person automatically enrolled in a	470
governmental aggregation program provided by a governmental	471
aggregator pursuant to section 4928.20 of the Revised Code as it	472
existed prior to the effective date ofB of the 133rd	473
general assembly may opt out of the program at any time, without	474
paying a switching fee.	475

(B) Any person that opts out of an aggregation program	476
under this section shall default to the standard service offer	477
provided under section 4928.14 or division (D) of section	478
4928.35 of the Revised Code until the person chooses an	479
alternative supplier.	480
Sec. 4928.231. (A) An electric distribution utility may	481
apply to the public utilities commission for a financing order	482
that authorizes the following:	483
(1) The issuance of phase-in-recovery bonds, in one or	484
more series, to recover uncollected phase-in costs;	485
(2) The imposition, charging, and collection of phase-in-	486
recovery charges, in accordance with the adjustment mechanism	487
approved by the commission under section 4928.232 of the Revised	488
Code, and consistent with the commission's authority regarding	489
governmental aggregation as provided in division $\frac{\text{(I)} - \text{(G)}}{\text{(G)}}$ of	490
section 4928.20 of the Revised Code, to recover both of the	491
following:	492
(a) Uncollected phase-in costs;	493
(b) Financing costs.	494
(3) The creation of phase-in-recovery property under the	495
financing order.	496
(B) The application shall include all of the following:	497
(1) A description of the uncollected phase-in costs that	498
the electric distribution utility seeks to recover through the	499
issuance of phase-in-recovery bonds;	500
(2) An estimate of the date each series of phase-in-	501
recovery bonds are expected to be issued;	502

(3) The expected term during which the phase-in costs	503
associated with the issuance of each series of phase-in-recovery	504
bonds are expected to be recovered;	505
(4) An estimate of the financing costs, as described in	506
section 4928.23 of the Revised Code, associated with the	507
issuance of each series of phase-in-recovery bonds;	508
(5) An estimate of the amount of phase-in-recovery charges	509
necessary to recover the phase-in costs and financing costs set	510
forth in the application and the calculation for that estimate,	511
which calculation shall take into account the estimated date or	512
dates of issuance and the estimated principal amount of each	513
series of phase-in-recovery bonds;	514
(6) For phase-in-recovery charges not subject to	515
allocation according to an existing order, a proposed	516
methodology for allocating phase-in-recovery charges among	517
customer classes, including a proposed methodology for	518
allocating such charges to governmental aggregation customers	519
based upon the proportionate benefit determination made under	520
division $\frac{\text{(I)} - \text{(G)}}{\text{(G)}}$ of section 4928.20 of the Revised Code;	521
(7) A description of a proposed adjustment mechanism for	522
use as described in division (A)(2) of this section;	523
(8) A description and valuation of how the issuance of the	524
phase-in-recovery bonds, including financing costs, will both	525
result in cost savings to customers and mitigate rate impacts to	526
customers when compared to the use of other financing mechanisms	527
or cost-recovery methods available to the electric distribution	528
utility;	529
(9) Any other information required by the commission.	530
(C) The electric distribution utility may restate or	531

incorporate by reference in the application any information	532
required under division (B)(9) of this section that the electric	533
distribution utility filed with the commission under section	534
4909.18 or sections 4928.141 to 4928.144 of the Revised Code or	535
section 4928.14 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July	536
31, 2008.	537
Sec. 4928.232. (A) Proceedings before the public utilities	538
commission on an application submitted by an electric	539
distribution utility under section 4928.231 of the Revised Code	540
shall be governed by Chapter 4903. of the Revised Code, but only	541
to the extent that chapter is not inconsistent with this section	542
or section 4928.233 of the Revised Code. Any party that	543
participated in the proceeding in which phase-in costs were	544
approved under section 4909.18 or sections 4928.141 to 4928.144	545
of the Revised Code or section 4928.14 of the Revised Code as it	546
existed prior to July 31, 2008, shall have standing to	547
participate in proceedings under sections 4928.23 to 4928.2318	548
of the Revised Code.	549
(B) When reviewing an application for a financing order	550
pursuant to sections 4928.23 to 4928.2318 of the Revised Code,	551
the commission may hold such hearings, make such inquiries or	552
investigations, and examine such witnesses, books, papers,	553
documents, and contracts as the commission considers proper to	554
carry out these sections. Within thirty days after the filing of	555
an application under section 4928.231 of the Revised Code, the	556
commission shall publish a schedule of the proceeding.	557
(C)(1) Not later than one hundred thirty-five days after	558
the date the application is filed, the commission shall issue	559
either a financing order, granting the application in whole or	560
with modifications or an order suspending or rejecting the	5.61

application.	562
(2) If the commission suspends an application for a	563
financing order, the commission shall notify the electric	564
distribution utility of the suspension and may direct the	565
electric distribution utility to provide additional information	566
as the commission considers necessary to evaluate the	567
application. Not later than ninety days after the suspension,	568
the commission shall issue either a financing order, granting	569
the application in whole or with modifications, or an order	570
rejecting the application.	571
(D)(1) The commission shall not issue a financing order	572
under division (C) of this section unless the commission	573
determines that the financing order is consistent with section	574
4928.02 of the Revised Code.	575
(2) Except as provided in division (D)(1) of this section,	576
the commission shall issue a financing order under division (C)	577
of this section if, at the time the financing order is issued,	578
the commission finds that the issuance of the phase-in-recovery	579
bonds and the phase-in-recovery charges authorized by the order	580
results in, consistent with market conditions, both measurably	581
enhancing cost savings to customers and mitigating rate impacts	582
to customers as compared with traditional financing mechanisms	583
or traditional cost-recovery methods available to the electric	584
distribution utility or, if the commission previously approved a	585
recovery method, as compared with that recovery method.	586
(E) The commission shall include all of the following in a	587
financing order issued under division (C) of this section:	588
(1) A determination of the maximum amount and a	589
description of the phase-in costs that may be recovered through	590

phase-in-recovery bonds issued under the financing order;	591
(2) A description of phase-in-recovery property, the	592
creation of which is authorized by the financing order;	593
(3) A description of the financing costs that may be	594
recovered through phase-in-recovery charges and the period over	595
which those costs may be recovered;	596
(4) For phase-in-recovery charges not subject to	597
allocation according to an existing order, a description of the	598
methodology and calculation for allocating phase-in-recovery	599
charges among customer classes, including the allocation of such	600
charges, if any, to governmental aggregation customers based	601
upon the proportionate benefit determination made under division	602
(I) (G) of section 4928.20 of the Revised Code;	603
(5) A description of the adjustment mechanism for use in	604
the imposition, charging, and collection of the phase-in-	605
recovery charges;	606
(6) The maximum term of the phase-in-recovery bonds;	607
(7) Any other provision the commission considers	608
appropriate to ensure the full and timely imposition, charging,	609
collection, and adjustment, pursuant to an approved adjustment	610
mechanism, of the phase-in-recovery charges described in	611
divisions (E)(3) to (5) of this section.	612
(F) The commission may, in a financing order, afford the	613
electric distribution utility flexibility in establishing the	614
terms and conditions for the phase-in-recovery bonds to	615
accommodate changes in market conditions, including repayment	616
schedules, interest rates, financing costs, collateral	617
requirements, required debt service and other reserves, and the	618
ability of the electric distribution utility, at its option, to	619

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effect a series of issuances of phase-in-recovery bonds and	620
correlated assignments, sales, pledges, or other transfers of	621
phase-in-recovery property. Any changes made under this section	622
to terms and conditions for the phase-in-recovery bonds shall be	623
in conformance with the financing order.	624
(G) A financing order may provide that the creation of	625
phase-in-recovery property shall be simultaneous with the sale	626
of that property to an assignee as provided in the application	627
and the pledge of the property to secure phase-in-recovery	628
bonds.	629
(H) The commission shall, in a financing order, require	630
that after the final terms of each issuance of phase-in-recovery	631
bonds have been established, and prior to the issuance of those	632
bonds, the electric distribution utility shall determine the	633
resulting phase-in-recovery charges in accordance with the	634
adjustment mechanism described in the financing order. These	635
phase-in-recovery charges shall be final and effective upon the	636
issuance of the phase-in-recovery bonds, without further	637
commission action.	638
Sec. 4929.01. As used in this chapter:	639
(A) "Alternative rate plan" means a method, alternate to	640
the method of section 4909.15 of the Revised Code, for	641
establishing rates and charges, under which rates and charges	642
may be established for a commodity sales service or ancillary	643
service that is not exempt pursuant to section 4929.04 of the	644
Revised Code or for a distribution service. Alternative rate	645

plans may include, but are not limited to, methods that provide

adequate and reliable natural gas services and goods in this

state; minimize the costs and time expended in the regulatory

process; tend to assess the costs of any natural gas service or

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goods to the entity, service, or goods that cause such costs to	650
be incurred; afford rate stability; promote and reward	651
efficiency, quality of service, or cost containment by a natural	652
gas company; provide sufficient flexibility and incentives to	653
the natural gas industry to achieve high quality,	654
technologically advanced, and readily available natural gas	655
services and goods at just and reasonable rates and charges; or	656
establish revenue decoupling mechanisms. Alternative rate plans	657
also may include, but are not limited to, automatic adjustments	658
based on a specified index or changes in a specified cost or	659
costs.	660
(B) "Ancillary service" means a service that is ancillary	661
to the receipt or delivery of natural gas to consumers,	662
including, but not limited to, storage, pooling, balancing, and	663
transmission.	664
(C) "Commodity sales service" means the sale of natural	665
gas to consumers, exclusive of any distribution or ancillary	666
service.	667
(D) "Comparable service" means any regulated service or	668
goods whose availability, quality, price, terms, and conditions	669
are the same as or better than those of the services or goods	670
that the natural gas company provides to a person with which it	671
is affiliated or which it controls, or, as to any consumer, that	672
the natural gas company offers to that consumer as part of a	673
bundled service that includes both regulated and exempt services	674
or goods.	675
(E) "Consumer" means any person or association of persons	676
purchasing, delivering, storing, or transporting, or seeking to	677
purchase, deliver, store, or transport, natural gas, including	678

industrial consumers, commercial consumers, and residential

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consumers, but not including natural gas companies. 680 (F) "Distribution service" means the delivery of natural 681 gas to a consumer at the consumer's facilities, by and through 682 the instrumentalities and facilities of a natural gas company, 683 regardless of the party having title to the natural gas. 684 (G) "Natural gas company" means a natural gas company, as 685 defined in section 4905.03 of the Revised Code, that is a public 686 utility as defined in section 4905.02 of the Revised Code and 687 excludes a retail natural gas supplier. 688 (H) "Person," except as provided in division (N) of this 689 section, has the same meaning as in section 1.59 of the Revised 690 Code, and includes this state and any political subdivision, 691 agency, or other instrumentality of this state and includes the 692 United States and any agency or other instrumentality of the 693 United States. 694 (I) "Billing or collection agent" means a fully 695 independent agent, not affiliated with or otherwise controlled 696 by a retail natural gas supplier or governmental aggregator 697 subject to certification under section 4929.20 of the Revised 698 Code, to the extent that the agent is under contract with such 699 supplier or aggregator solely to provide billing and collection 700 for competitive retail natural gas service on behalf of the 701 702 supplier or aggregator. (J) "Competitive retail natural gas service" means any 703 retail natural gas service that may be competitively offered to 704 consumers in this state as a result of revised schedules 705 approved under division (C) of section 4929.29 of the Revised 706 Code, a rule or order adopted or issued by the public utilities 707 commission under Chapter 4905. of the Revised Code, or an 708

exemption granted by the commission under sections 4929.04 to	709
4929.08 of the Revised Code.	710
(K) "Governmental aggregator" means either of the	711
following:	712
(1) A legislative authority of a municipal corporation, a	713
board of township trustees, or a board of county commissioners	714
acting exclusively under section 4929.26 or 4929.27 of the	715
Revised Code as an aggregator for the provision of competitive	716
retail natural gas service;	717
(2) A municipal corporation acting exclusively under	718
Section 4 of Article XVIII, Ohio Constitution, as an aggregator	719
for the provision of competitive retail natural gas service.	720
(L)(1) "Mercantile customer" means a customer that	721
consumes, other than for residential use, more than five hundred	722
thousand cubic feet of natural gas per year at a single location	723
within this state or consumes natural gas, other than for	724
residential use, as part of an undertaking having more than	725
three locations within or outside of this state. "Mercantile	726
customer" excludes a customer for which a declaration under	727
division (L)(2) of this section is in effect pursuant to that	728
division.	729
(2) A not-for-profit customer that consumes, other than	730
for residential use, more than five hundred thousand cubic feet	731
of natural gas per year at a single location within this state	732
or consumes natural gas, other than for residential use, as part	733
of an undertaking having more than three locations within or	734
outside this state may file a declaration under division (L)(2)	735
of this section with the public utilities commission. The	736
declaration shall take effect upon the date of filing, and by	737

virtue of the declaration, the customer is not a mercantile	738
customer for the purposes of this section and sections 4929.20	739
to 4929.29 of the Revised Code or the purposes of a governmental	740
natural gas aggregation or arrangement or other contract entered	741
into after the declaration's effective date for the supply or	742
arranging of the supply of natural gas to the customer to a	743
location within this state. The customer may file a rescission	744
of the declaration with the commission at any time. The	745
rescission shall not affect any governmental natural gas	746
aggregation or arrangement or other contract entered into by the	747
customer prior to the date of the filing of the rescission and	748
shall have effect only with respect to any subsequent such	749
aggregation or arrangement or other contract. The commission	750
shall prescribe rules under section 4929.10 of the Revised Code	751
specifying the form of the declaration or a rescission and	752
procedures by which a declaration or rescission may be filed.	753

(M) "Retail natural gas service" means commodity sales service, ancillary service, natural gas aggregation service, natural gas marketing service, or natural gas brokerage service.

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(N) "Retail natural gas supplier" means any person, as 757 defined in section 1.59 of the Revised Code, that is engaged on 758 a for-profit or not-for-profit basis in the business of 759 supplying or arranging for the supply of a competitive retail 760 natural gas service to consumers in this state that are not 761 mercantile customers. "Retail natural gas supplier" includes a 762 marketer, broker, or aggregator, but excludes a natural gas 763 company, a governmental aggregator as defined in division (K)(1) 764 or (2) of this section, an entity described in division (A)(2) 765 or (3) of section 4905.02 of the Revised Code, or a billing or 766 collection agent, and excludes a producer or gatherer of gas to 767 the extent such producer or gatherer is not a natural gas 768

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company under section 4905.03 of the Revised Code.

(O) "Revenue decoupling mechanism" means a rate design or	770
other cost recovery mechanism that provides recovery of the	771
fixed costs of service and a fair and reasonable rate of return,	772
irrespective of system throughput or volumetric sales.	773
Sec. 4929.22. For the protection of consumers in this	774
state, the public utilities commission shall adopt rules under	775
section 4929.10 of the Revised Code specifying the necessary	776
minimum service requirements of a retail natural gas supplier or	777
governmental aggregator subject to certification under section	778
4929.20 of the Revised Code regarding the marketing,	779
solicitation, sale, or provision, directly or through its	780
billing and collection agent, of any competitive retail natural	781
gas service for which it is subject to certification. Rules	782
adopted under this section shall include additional consumer	783
protections concerning all of the following:	784
(A) Contract disclosure. The rules shall include	785
requirements that a retail natural gas supplier or governmental	786
aggregator subject to certification under section 4929.20 of the	787
Revised Code do both of the following:	788
(1) Provide consumers with adequate, accurate, and	789
understandable pricing and terms and conditions of service,	790
including any switching fees, and with a document containing the	791
terms and conditions of pricing and service before the consumer	792
enters into the contract for service;	793
(2) Disclose the conditions under which a customer may	794
rescind a contract without penalty.	795
(B) Service qualification and termination. The rules shall	796
include a requirement that, before a consumer is eligible for	797

service from a retail natural gas supplier or governmental	798
aggregator subject to certification under section 4929.20 of the	799
Revised Code, the consumer shall discharge, or enter into a plan	800
to discharge, all existing arrearages owed to or being billed by	801
the natural gas company from which the consumer presently is	802
receiving service. The rules also shall provide for disclosure	803
of the terms identifying how customers may switch or terminate	804
service, including any required notice and any penalties.	805
(C) Minimum content of customer bills. The rules shall	806
include all of the following requirements, which shall be	807
standardized:	808
(1) Price disclosure and disclosures of total billing	809
units for the billing period and historical annual usage;	810
(2) To the maximum extent practicable, separate listing of	811
each service component to enable a customer to recalculate its	812
bill for accuracy;	813
(3) Identification of the supplier of each service;	814
(4) Statement of where and how payment may be made and	815
provision of a toll-free or local customer assistance and	816
complaint number for the retail natural gas supplier or	817
governmental aggregator, as well as a consumer assistance	818
telephone number or numbers for state agencies, such as the	819
commission, the office of the consumers' counsel, and the	820
attorney general's office, with the available hours noted;	821
(5) Other than for the first billing after the effective	822
date of initial rules adopted pursuant to division (A) of	823
section 4929.20 of the Revised Code, highlighting and clear	824
explanation on each customer bill, for two consecutive billing	825
periods, of any changes in the rates, terms, and conditions of	826

service.	827
(D) Disconnection and service termination, including	828
requirements with respect to master-metered buildings. The rules	829
shall include policies and procedures that are consistent with	830
sections 4933.12 and 4933.122 of the Revised Code and the	831
commission's rules adopted under those sections, and that	832
provide for all of the following:	833
(1) Coordination between suppliers for the purpose of	834
maintaining service;	835
(2) The allocation of partial payments between suppliers	836
when service components are jointly billed;	837
(3) A prohibition against switching, or authorizing the	838
switching of, a customer's supplier of competitive retail	839
natural gas service without the prior consent of the customer in	840
accordance with appropriate confirmation practices, which may	841
include independent, third-party verification procedures;	842
(4) A requirement of disclosure of the conditions under	843
which a customer may rescind a decision to switch its supplier	844
without penalty;	845
(5) Specification of any required notice and any penalty	846
for early termination of contract.	847
(E) Minimum service quality, safety, and reliability.	848
(F) Customer information. The rules shall include	849
requirements that a natural gas company make generic customer	850
load pattern information available to a retail natural gas	851
supplier or governmental aggregator as defined in division (K)	852
(1) or (2) of section 4929.01 of the Revised Code on a	853
comparable and nondiscriminatory basis, and make customer	854

information available to a retail natural gas supplier or	855
governmental aggregator as defined in division (K)(1) or (2) of	856
section 4929.01 of the Revised Code on a comparable and	857
nondiscriminatory basis unless, as to customer information, the	858
customer objects. The rules shall ensure that each natural gas	859
company provide clear and frequent notice to its customers of	860
the right to object and of applicable procedures. The rules	861
shall establish the exact language that shall be used in all	862
such notices. The rules also shall require that, upon the	863
request of a governmental aggregator defined in division (K)(1)	864
of section 4929.01 of the Revised Code, solely for purposes of	865
the disclosure required by division (D) of section 4929.26 of	866
the Revised Code, or for purposes of a governmental aggregator	867
defined in division (K)(2) of section 4929.01 of the Revised	868
Code, a natural gas company or retail natural gas supplier must	869
provide the governmental aggregator, in a timely manner and at	870
such cost as the commission shall provide for in the rules, with	871
the billing names and addresses of the customers of the company	872
or supplier whose retail natural gas loads are to be included in	873
the governmental aggregation.	874
(G) Ohio office. The rules shall require that a retail	875
natural gas supplier maintain an office and an employee in this	876
state.	877
Sec. 4929.271. (A) Any person automatically enrolled in a	878
governmental aggregation program provided by a governmental	879
aggregator pursuant to section 4929.26 of the Revised Code as it	880
existed prior to the effective date ofB of the 133rd	881
general assembly may opt out of the program at any time, without	882
paying a switching fee.	883

(B) Any such person that opts out of the aggregation

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program shall default to the natural gas company providing	885
distribution service for the person's retail natural gas load,	886
until the person chooses an alternative supplier.	887
Sec. 4929.29. (A) (1) The legislative authority of a	888
municipal corporation described in division (K)(1) of section	889
4929.01 of the Revised Code, the board of township trustees of a	890
township, or the board of county commissioners of a county may	891
petition the public utilities commission to require a natural	892
gas company with fifteen thousand or more customers in this	893
state to provide, upon the effective date of an ordinance or	894
resolution authorized and adopted under section 4929.26 or	895
4929.27 of the Revised Code, distribution service on a fully	896
open, equal, and nondiscriminatory basis to consumers that are	897
not mercantile customers and are within the area of the	898
governmental aggregation and to which the company provides	899
distribution service through distribution facilities it singly	900
or jointly owns or operates.	901
(2) The legislative authority of a municipal corporation	902
described in division (K)(2) of section 4929.01 of the Revised	903
Code may petition the commission to require a natural gas	904
company with fifteen thousand or more customers in this state to	905
provide, upon the effective date of an ordinance adopted under	906
Section 5 of Article XVIII, Ohio Constitution, distribution	907
service on a fully open, equal, and nondiscriminatory basis to	908
consumers that are within the area of the governmental	909
aggregation and to which the company provides distribution	910
service through distribution facilities it singly or jointly	911
owns or operates.	912
(3) A retail natural gas supplier may petition the	913

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commission to require a natural gas company with fifteen

thousand or more customers in this state to so provide such	915
fully open, equal, and nondiscriminatory service to all	916
consumers that are not mercantile customers and to which the	917
company provides distribution service through distribution	918
facilities it singly or jointly owns or operates.	919
(B) Upon petition under division (A)(1), (2), or (3) of	920
this section, the commission, after notice and opportunity for	921
hearing and by order, may require that the natural gas company	922
provide the service within the area specified in the petition,	923
provided that the commission finds that the provision of the	924
service within the area is in the public interest. The applicant	925
shall have the burden of proof under this division. Chapter	926
4903. of the Revised Code shall apply to a proceeding under this	927
division.	928
(C) Upon the issuance of an order under division (B) of	929
this section requiring distribution service on a comparable and	930
nondiscriminatory basis within the area specified in the order,	931
the natural gas company shall file with the commission under	932
section 4905.30 of the Revised Code revised schedules under	933
which the company shall provide the service so ordered. The	934
commission shall act promptly to approve the schedules.	935
Section 2. That existing sections 4928.143, 4928.20,	936
4928.231, 4928.232, 4929.01, 4929.22, and 4929.29 of the Revised	937
Code are hereby repealed.	938
Section 3. That sections 4928.21 and 4929.26 of the	939
Revised Code are hereby repealed	940