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Representatives Hillyer, Leland

Cosponsors: Representatives Seitz, Ingram, Boggs, Miller, A., Miller, J., Crawley, Galonski, Addison, Brent, Callender, Humphrey, Jarrells, Lightbody, Liston, Oelslager, Ray, Rogers, Russo, Schmidt, Sheehy, Skindell, Sweeney, Upchurch, West, Speaker Cupp

Senators Blessing, Brenner, Cirino, Craig, Dolan, Gavarone, Hicks-Hudson, Hottinger, Johnson, Maharath, Manning, Martin, McColley, Reineke, Rulli, Wilson

A BILL

То	amend sections 120.521 and 5747.01 and to enact	1
	sections 3333.13, 3333.131, 3333.132, 3333.133,	2
	3333.134, 3333.135, 3333.136, and 3333.137 of	3
	the Revised Code to establish the Rural Practice	4
	Incentive Program, to establish a task force to	5
	study Ohio's indigent defense system, and to	6
	make an appropriation.	7

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 120.521 and 5747.01 be amended	8
and sections 3333.13, 3333.131, 3333.132, 3333.133, 3333.134,	9
3333.135, 3333.136, and 3333.137 of the Revised Code be enacted	10
to read as follows:	11
Sec. 120.521. (A) The state public defender shall	12
establish a charitable, tax exempt foundation, named the Ohio	13
access to justice foundation, to actively solicit and accept	14
gifts, bequests, donations, and contributions for use in	15

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providing financial assistance to legal aid societies, enhancing 16 or improving the delivery of civil legal services to indigents, 17 and operating the foundation. The Ohio access to justice 18 foundation shall deposit all gifts, bequests, donations, and 19 contributions accepted by it into the access to justice 2.0 foundation fund established under this section. If the state 21 public defender, pursuant to section 120.52 of the Revised Code 22 as it existed prior to June 30, 1995, established a charitable, 23 tax exempt foundation named the Ohio access to justice 24 foundation and if that foundation is in existence on the day 25 before June 30, 1995, that foundation shall continue in 26 existence and shall serve as the Ohio access to justice 27 foundation described in this section. 28

There is hereby established the access to justice foundation fund, which shall be under the custody and control of the Ohio access to justice foundation. The fund shall contain all moneys distributed to the Ohio access to justice foundation pursuant to section 120.53 of the Revised Code and all gifts, bequests, donations, and contributions accepted by the Ohio access to justice foundation under this section.

The Ohio access to justice foundation shall distribute or use all moneys in the access to justice foundation fund for the charitable public purpose of providing financial assistance to legal aid societies that provide civil legal services to indigents, enhancing or improving the delivery of civil legal services to indigents, and operating the foundation. The Ohio access to justice foundation shall establish rules governing the administration of the access to justice foundation fund.

The Ohio access to justice foundation shall include, in
the annual report it is required to make to the governor, the
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general assembly, and the supreme court pursuant to division (G)	46
(2) of section 120.53 of the Revised Code, an audited financial	47
statement on the distribution and use of the access to justice	48
foundation fund. No information contained in the statement shall	49
identify or enable the identification of any person served by a	50
legal aid society or in any way breach confidentiality.	51
Membership on the board of the Ohio access to justice	52
foundation does not constitute holding another public office and	53
does not constitute grounds for resignation from the senate or	54
house of representatives under section 101.26 of the Revised	55
Code.	56
The Ohio access to justice foundation shall assist the	57
chancellor of higher education by determining the ratio, for	58
each county in the state, of attorneys to total population for	59
the purpose described in section 3333.132 of the Revised Code.	60
(B) A foundation is tax exempt for purposes of this	61
section if the foundation is exempt from federal income taxation	62
under subsection 501(a) of the "Internal Revenue Code of 1986,"	63
100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C. 501(a), as amended, and if the	64
foundation has received from the internal revenue service a	65
determination letter that is in effect stating that the	66
foundation is exempt from federal income taxation under that	67
subsection.	68
Sec. 3333.13. As used in sections 3333.13 to 3333.137 of	69
the Revised Code, "employed as a service attorney" means either	70
of the following:	71
(A) An attorney who works a minimum of thirty-five hours	72
per week for a minimum of forty-five weeks each service year and	73
who is employed by any of the following:	74

(1) The state public defender;	75
(2) The prosecuting attorney of a county;	76
(3) A county public defender commission;	77
(4) A joint county public defender commission to represent	78
<pre>indigent persons.</pre>	79
(B) Counsel appointed by the court or selected by an	80
indigent person under division (E) of section 120.16 or division	81
(E) of section 120.26 of the Revised Code, who works in an area	82
designated as an underserved community under section 3333.132 of	83
the Revised Code for a minimum of five hundred twenty hours each	84
service year.	85
Sec. 3333.131. There is hereby created the rural practice	86
incentive program, which shall be administered by the chancellor	87
of higher education. The purpose of the program is to provide	88
loan repayment on behalf of attorneys who agree to employment as	89
service attorneys in areas designated as underserved communities	90
by the chancellor pursuant to section 3333.132 of the Revised	91
<pre>Code.</pre>	92
Under the program, the chancellor, by means of a contract	93
entered into under section 3333.135 of the Revised Code, may	94
agree to repay up to the amount set pursuant to section 3333.135	95
of the Revised Code of the principal and interest of a	96
government or other educational loan taken by an individual for	97
the following expenses, so long as the expenses were incurred	98
while the individual was enrolled in a law school in the United	99
States that was, during the time enrolled, accredited by the	100
American bar association, or a law school located outside the	101
United States for which the individual received a foreign	102
equivalency evaluation:	103

(A) Tuition;	104
(B) Other educational expenses, such as fees, books, and	105
expenses, for specific purposes and in amounts determined to be	106
<pre>reasonable by the chancellor;</pre>	107
(C) Room and board, in an amount determined reasonable by	108
the chancellor.	109
Sec. 3333.132. Each biennium, the chancellor of higher	110
education shall designate by rule any county with a ratio of	111
attorneys to the population in the county equal to or less than	112
one to seven hundred as an underserved community. The Ohio	113
access to justice foundation, pursuant to division (A) of	114
section 120.521 of the Revised Code, shall assist the chancellor	115
by determining the ratio described in this section.	116
Sec. 3333.133. (A) An individual who meets all of the	117
following requirements may apply for participation in the rural	118
<pre>practice incentive program:</pre>	119
(1) The individual is a citizen of the United States, a	120
national of the United States, or a permanent resident of the	121
United States.	122
(2) The individual either:	123
(a) Is a student enrolled in the final year of law school;	124
<u>or</u>	125
(b) Has been admitted to the practice of law in this state	126
by the Ohio supreme court for less than eight years and remains	127
in good standing.	128
(3) The individual is not enrolled in any other state or	129
federally funded student loan repayment or debt forgiveness	130
program, including under the public service loan forgiveness	131

program, 34 C.F.R. 685.219, or the "John R. Justice Prosecutors	132
and Defenders Incentive Act of 2008," 34 U.S.C. 10671 et seq.	133
(B) An application for participation in the rural practice	134
incentive program shall be submitted to the chancellor of higher	135
education on a form that the chancellor shall prescribe. The	136
individual shall submit the following information with an	137
application:	138
(1) The individual's name, permanent address or address at	139
which the individual is currently residing if different from the	140
permanent address, and telephone number;	141
(2) The law school the individual is attending or	142
attended, the dates of attendance, and verification of	143
attendance;	144
(3) The individual's employer, as applicable;	145
(4) A summary and verification of the educational expenses	146
for which the individual seeks reimbursement under the program;	147
(5) Verification that the individual has been admitted to	148
the practice of law in this state for less than eight years by	149
the Ohio supreme court and remains in good standing, unless the	150
<pre>individual is a student;</pre>	151
(6) Verification the individual is a citizen of the United	152
States, a national of the United States, or a permanent resident	153
of the United States.	154
Sec. 3333.134. If funds are available in the rural	155
practice incentive fund created under section 3333.136 of the	156
Revised Code and the general assembly has appropriated funds for	157
the rural practice incentive program, the chancellor of higher	158
education shall approve an individual for participation in the	159

program, for reimbursement up to fifty thousand dollars, if the	160
chancellor finds that the individual is eligible for	161
participation in the program.	162
Upon approval, the chancellor shall notify and enter into	163
discussions with the individual. The object of the discussions	164
is to facilitate the recruitment of the individual to become or	165
remain employed as a service attorney within an underserved	166
community.	167
If the chancellor and individual agree on the individual's	168
<pre>employment as a service attorney within an underserved</pre>	169
community, the individual shall prepare, sign, and deliver to	170
the chancellor a letter of intent agreeing to that placement.	171
The chancellor shall approve individuals for participation	172
in the rural practice incentive program in a manner	173
proportionate to the number of each of the following types of	174
attorneys who apply to the program, with an aim toward	175
disbursing loan repayments equitably among each type:	176
(A) Attorneys employed by the prosecuting attorney of a	177
<pre>county;</pre>	178
(B) Attorneys employed by the state public defender, a	179
county public defender commission, or a joint county public	180
defender commission to represent indigent persons;	181
(C) Attorneys described in division (B) of section 3333.13	182
of the Revised Code.	183
Sec. 3333.135. (A) After signing a letter of intent under	184
section 3333.134 of the Revised Code, an individual and the	185
chancellor of higher education may enter into a contract for the	186
individual's participation in the rural practice incentive	187
program. The individual's employer also may be a party to the	188

contract.	189
(B) The contract shall include all of the following	190
obligations:	191
(1) The individual agrees to remain employed as a service	192
attorney within the underserved community identified in the	193
letter of intent for the number of hours and duration specified	194
<pre>in the contract;</pre>	195
(2) The chancellor agrees, as provided in section 3333.131	196
of the Revised Code, to repay, so long as the individual	197
satisfies the service obligation agreed to under division (B)(1)	198
of this section, the following amount of the principal and	199
interest of a government or other educational loan taken by the	200
individual for expenses described in section 3333.131 of the	201
Revised Code:	202
(a) For a three-year service obligation, up to thirty	203
thousand dollars;	204
(b) For an additional fourth or fifth year of service, up	205
to an additional twenty thousand dollars.	206
(3) The individual agrees to pay the chancellor an amount	207
established by rules adopted under section 3333.137 of the	208
Revised Code if the individual fails to complete the service	209
obligation agreed to under division (B)(1) of this section.	210
(C) The contract shall include the following terms as	211
agreed upon by the parties:	212
(1) The individual's required length of service in the	213
underserved community, which must be at least three years with	214
an optional fourth year and optional fifth year;	215
(2)(a) In the case of an attorney employed by the state	216

public defender, the prosecuting attorney of a county, a county	217
public defender commission, or a joint county public defender	218
commission, the number of weekly hours the individual will be	219
engaged in practice in the underserved community;	220
(b) In the case of private counsel appointed by the court	221
or selected by an indigent person pursuant to Chapter 120. of	222
the Revised Code, the number of hours over the service year the	223
individual will be engaged in practice in the underserved	224
community.	225
(3) The maximum amount that the chancellor will repay on	226
behalf of the individual.	227
(D) If the amount specified in division (C)(3) of this	228
section includes federal funds, the amount of state funds repaid	229
on the individual's behalf shall be the same as the amount of	230
those federal funds.	231
Sec. 3333.136. The chancellor of higher education may	232
accept gifts of money from any source for the implementation and	233
administration of sections 3333.13 to 3333.137 of the Revised	234
Code. The chancellor shall pay all gifts accepted under this	235
section into the state treasury to the credit of the underserved	236
<pre>community fund, which is hereby created.</pre>	237
The chancellor shall pay all damages collected under	238
division (B)(3) of section 3333.135 of the Revised Code into the	239
state treasury to the credit of the rural practice incentive	240
fund, which is hereby created.	241
The chancellor shall use the underserved community fund	242
and the rural practice incentive fund for the implementation and	243
administration of sections 3333.13 to 3333.137 of the Revised	244
Code.	245

Sec. 3333.137. The chancellor of higher education, in	246
accordance with section 111.15 of the Revised Code, shall adopt	247
rules as necessary to implement and administer sections 3333.13	248
to 3333.136 of the Revised Code. Notwithstanding any provision	249
of section 121.95 of the Revised Code to the contrary, a	250
regulatory restriction contained in a rule adopted under this	251
section is not subject to sections 121.95 to 121.953 of the	252
Revised Code.	253
Sec. 5747.01. Except as otherwise expressly provided or	254
clearly appearing from the context, any term used in this	255
chapter that is not otherwise defined in this section has the	256
same meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of	257
the United States relating to federal income taxes or if not	258
used in a comparable context in those laws, has the same meaning	259
as in section 5733.40 of the Revised Code. Any reference in this	260
chapter to the Internal Revenue Code includes other laws of the	261
United States relating to federal income taxes.	262
As used in this chapter:	263
(A) "Adjusted gross income" or "Ohio adjusted gross	264
income" means federal adjusted gross income, as defined and used	265
in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as provided in this	266
section:	267
(1) Add interest or dividends on obligations or securities	268
of any state or of any political subdivision or authority of any	269
state, other than this state and its subdivisions and	270
authorities.	271
(2) Add interest or dividends on obligations of any	272
authority, commission, instrumentality, territory, or possession	273
of the United States to the extent that the interest or	274

dividends are exempt from federal income taxes but not from	275
state income taxes.	276
(3) Deduct interest or dividends on obligations of the	277
United States and its territories and possessions or of any	278
authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States	279
to the extent that the interest or dividends are included in	280
federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state income taxes	281
under the laws of the United States.	282
(4) Deduct disability and survivor's benefits to the	283
extent included in federal adjusted gross income.	284
(5) Deduct the following, to the extent not otherwise	285
deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross	286
<pre>income:</pre>	287
(a) Benefits under Title II of the Social Security Act and	288
tier 1 railroad retirement;	289
(b) Railroad retirement benefits, other than tier 1	290
railroad retirement benefits, to the extent such amounts are	291
exempt from state taxation under federal law.	292
(6) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not	293
otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been	294
allowable as a deduction in computing federal adjusted gross	295
income for the taxable year, had the work opportunity tax credit	296
allowed and determined under sections 38, 51, and 52 of the	297
Internal Revenue Code not been in effect.	298
(7) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent on public	299
obligations and purchase obligations to the extent that the	300
interest or interest equivalent is included in federal adjusted	301
gross income.	302

- (8) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from the
 sale, exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to
 the extent that the loss has been deducted or the gain has been
 included in computing federal adjusted gross income.
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- (9) Deduct or add amounts, as provided under section
 5747.70 of the Revised Code, related to contributions to
 variable college savings program accounts made or tuition units
 purchased pursuant to Chapter 3334. of the Revised Code.
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- (10)(a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a 311 deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted 312 gross income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid 313 during the taxable year for medical care insurance and qualified 314 long-term care insurance for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 315 spouse, and dependents. No deduction for medical care insurance 316 under division (A)(10)(a) of this section shall be allowed 317 either to any taxpayer who is eligible to participate in any 318 subsidized health plan maintained by any employer of the 319 taxpayer or of the taxpayer's spouse, or to any taxpayer who is 320 entitled to, or on application would be entitled to, benefits 321 under part A of Title XVIII of the "Social Security Act," 49 322 Stat. 620 (1935), 42 U.S.C. 301, as amended. For the purposes of 323 division (A)(10)(a) of this section, "subsidized health plan" 324 means a health plan for which the employer pays any portion of 325 the plan's cost. The deduction allowed under division (A)(10)(a) 326 of this section shall be the net of any related premium refunds, 327 related premium reimbursements, or related insurance premium 328 dividends received during the taxable year. 329
- (b) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or

 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income

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 during the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid during the

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taxable year, not compensated for by any insurance or otherwise,	333
for medical care of the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and	334
dependents, to the extent the expenses exceed seven and one-half	335
per cent of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.	336
(c) For purposes of division (A)(10) of this section,	337
"medical care" has the meaning given in section 213 of the	338
Internal Revenue Code, subject to the special rules,	339
limitations, and exclusions set forth therein, and "qualified	340
long-term care" has the same meaning given in section 7702B(c)	341
of the Internal Revenue Code. Solely for purposes of division	342
(A) (10) (a) of this section, "dependent" includes a person who	343
otherwise would be a "qualifying relative" and thus a	344
"dependent" under section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code but	345
for the fact that the person fails to meet the income and	346
support limitations under section 152(d)(1)(B) and (C) of the	347
Internal Revenue Code.	348
(11)(a) Deduct any amount included in federal adjusted	349
gross income solely because the amount represents a	350
reimbursement or refund of expenses that in any year the	351
taxpayer had deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to	352
section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code and applicable United	353
States department of the treasury regulations. The deduction	354
otherwise allowed under division (A)(11)(a) of this section	355
shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is attributable	356
to an amount the taxpayer deducted under this section in any	357
taxable year.	358
(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted	359
gross income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount	360
is attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any	361

amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio

adjusted gross income in any taxable year.	363
(12) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in	364
section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying	365
previously reported income received under a claim of right, that	366
meets both of the following requirements:	367
(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was	368
included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for a prior	369
taxable year and did not qualify for a credit under division (A)	370
or (B) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year;	371
(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's adjusted	372
gross income for the current or any other taxable year.	373
(13) Deduct an amount equal to the deposits made to, and	374
net investment earnings of, a medical savings account during the	375
taxable year, in accordance with section 3924.66 of the Revised	376
Code. The deduction allowed by division (A)(13) of this section	377
does not apply to medical savings account deposits and earnings	378
otherwise deducted or excluded for the current or any other	379
taxable year from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.	380
(14)(a) Add an amount equal to the funds withdrawn from a	381
medical savings account during the taxable year, and the net	382
investment earnings on those funds, when the funds withdrawn	383
were used for any purpose other than to reimburse an account	384
holder for, or to pay, eligible medical expenses, in accordance	385
with section 3924.66 of the Revised Code;	386
(b) Add the amounts distributed from a medical savings	387
account under division (A)(2) of section 3924.68 of the Revised	388
Code during the taxable year.	389
(15) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section	390
5747.059 of the Revised Code to the extent that such amount	391

satisfies either of the following:	392
(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the	393
computation of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income as	394
required to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under	395
the Internal Revenue Code;	396
(b) The amount resulted in a reduction of the taxpayer's	397
federal adjusted gross income as required to be reported for any	398
of the taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code.	399
(16) Deduct the amount contributed by the taxpayer to an	400
individual development account program established by a county	401
department of job and family services pursuant to sections	402
329.11 to 329.14 of the Revised Code for the purpose of matching	403
funds deposited by program participants. On request of the tax	404
commissioner, the taxpayer shall provide any information that,	405
in the tax commissioner's opinion, is necessary to establish the	406
amount deducted under division (A)(16) of this section.	407
(17)(a)(i) Subject to divisions (A)(17)(a)(iii), (iv), and	408
(v) of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of	409
depreciation expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of	410
the Internal Revenue Code, including the taxpayer's	411
proportionate or distributive share of the amount of	412
depreciation expense allowed by that subsection to a pass-	413
through entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect	414
ownership interest.	415
(ii) Subject to divisions (A)(17)(a)(iii), (iv), and (v)	416
of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of qualifying	417
section 179 depreciation expense, including the taxpayer's	418
proportionate or distributive share of the amount of qualifying	419
section 179 depreciation expense allowed to any pass-through	420

entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect ownership	421
interest.	422
(iii) Subject to division (A)(17)(a)(v) of this section,	423
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, if the	424
increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer is equal to or	425
greater than ten per cent of income taxes withheld by the	426
taxpayer during the taxpayer's immediately preceding taxable	427
year, "two-thirds" shall be substituted for "five-sixths" for	428
the purpose of divisions (A)(17)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section.	429
(iv) Subject to division (A)(17)(a)(v) of this section,	430
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, a taxpayer is	431
not required to add an amount under division (A)(17) of this	432
section if the increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer	433
and by any pass-through entity in which the taxpayer has a	434
direct or indirect ownership interest is equal to or greater	435
than the sum of (I) the amount of qualifying section 179	436
depreciation expense and (II) the amount of depreciation expense	437
allowed to the taxpayer by subsection (k) of section 168 of the	438
Internal Revenue Code, and including the taxpayer's	439
proportionate or distributive shares of such amounts allowed to	440
any such pass-through entities.	441
(v) If a taxpayer directly or indirectly incurs a net	442
operating loss for the taxable year for federal income tax	443
purposes, to the extent such loss resulted from depreciation	444
expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal	445
Revenue Code and by qualifying section 179 depreciation expense,	446
"the entire" shall be substituted for "five-sixths of the" for	447
the purpose of divisions (A)(17)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section.	448
The tax commissioner, under procedures established by the	449

commissioner, may waive the add-backs related to a pass-through

entity if the taxpayer owns, directly or indirectly, less than	451
five per cent of the pass-through entity.	452
(b) Nothing in division (A)(17) of this section shall be	453
construed to adjust or modify the adjusted basis of any asset.	454
(c) To the extent the add-back required under division (A)	455
(17)(a) of this section is attributable to property generating	456
nonbusiness income or loss allocated under section 5747.20 of	457
the Revised Code, the add-back shall be sitused to the same	458
location as the nonbusiness income or loss generated by the	459
property for the purpose of determining the credit under	460
division (A) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code. Otherwise,	461
the add-back shall be apportioned, subject to one or more of the	462
four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in section	463
5747.21 of the Revised Code.	464
(d) For the purposes of division (A)(17)(a)(v) of this	465
section, net operating loss carryback and carryforward shall not	466
include the allowance of any net operating loss deduction	467
carryback or carryforward to the taxable year to the extent such	468
loss resulted from depreciation allowed by section 168(k) of the	469
Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying section 179	470
depreciation expense amount.	471
(e) For the purposes of divisions (A)(17) and (18) of this	472
section:	473
(i) "Income taxes withheld" means the total amount	474
withheld and remitted under sections 5747.06 and 5747.07 of the	475
Revised Code by an employer during the employer's taxable year.	476
(ii) "Increase in income taxes withheld" means the amount	477
by which the amount of income taxes withheld by an employer	478
during the employer's current taxable year exceeds the amount of	479

income taxes withheld by that employer during the employer's	480
immediately preceding taxable year.	481
(iii) "Qualifying section 179 depreciation expense" means	482
the difference between (I) the amount of depreciation expense	483
directly or indirectly allowed to a taxpayer under section 179	484
of the Internal Revised Code, and (II) the amount of	485
depreciation expense directly or indirectly allowed to the	486
taxpayer under section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code as that	487
section existed on December 31, 2002.	488
(18)(a) If the taxpayer was required to add an amount	489
under division (A)(17)(a) of this section for a taxable year,	490
deduct one of the following:	491
(i) One-fifth of the amount so added for each of the five	492
succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was five-sixths	493
of qualifying section 179 depreciation expense or depreciation	494
expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal	495
Revenue Code;	496
(ii) One-half of the amount so added for each of the two	497
succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was two-thirds	498
of such depreciation expense;	499
(iii) One-sixth of the amount so added for each of the six	500
succeeding taxable years if the entire amount of such	501
depreciation expense was so added.	502
(b) If the amount deducted under division (A)(18)(a) of	503
this section is attributable to an add-back allocated under	504
division (A)(17)(c) of this section, the amount deducted shall	505
be sitused to the same location. Otherwise, the add-back shall	506
be apportioned using the apportionment factors for the taxable	507
year in which the deduction is taken, subject to one or more of	508

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the four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in 509 section 5747.21 of the Revised Code. 510

- (c) No deduction is available under division (A) (18) (a) of 511 this section with regard to any depreciation allowed by section 512 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying 513 section 179 depreciation expense amount to the extent that such 514 depreciation results in or increases a federal net operating 515 loss carryback or carryforward. If no such deduction is 516 available for a taxable year, the taxpayer may carry forward the 517 amount not deducted in such taxable year to the next taxable 518 year and add that amount to any deduction otherwise available 519 under division (A)(18)(a) of this section for that next taxable 520 521 year. The carryforward of amounts not so deducted shall continue until the entire addition required by division (A)(17)(a) of 522 this section has been deducted. 523
- (19) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 524 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 525 the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the 526 taxable year as reimbursement for life insurance premiums under 527 section 5919.31 of the Revised Code. 528
- (20) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the taxable year as a death benefit paid by the adjutant general under section 5919.33 of the Revised Code.
- (21) Deduct, to the extent included in federal adjusted
 gross income and not otherwise allowable as a deduction or
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 exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for
 the taxable year, military pay and allowances received by the
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 taxpayer during the taxable year for active duty service in the
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United States army, air force, navy, marine corps, or coast	539
guard or reserve components thereof or the national guard. The	540
deduction may not be claimed for military pay and allowances	541
received by the taxpayer while the taxpayer is stationed in this	542
state.	543

(22) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable year and not otherwise compensated for by any other source, the amount of qualified organ donation expenses incurred by the taxpayer during the taxable year, not to exceed ten thousand dollars. A taxpayer may deduct qualified organ donation expenses only once for all taxable years beginning with taxable years beginning in 2007.

For the purposes of division (A)(22) of this section:

- (a) "Human organ" means all or any portion of a human 553 liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, or lung, and any portion of 554 human bone marrow. 555
- (b) "Qualified organ donation expenses" means travel expenses, lodging expenses, and wages and salary forgone by a taxpayer in connection with the taxpayer's donation, while living, of one or more of the taxpayer's human organs to another human being.
- excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 562 the taxable year, amounts received by the taxpayer as retired 563 personnel pay for service in the uniformed services or reserve 564 components thereof, or the national guard, or received by the 565 surviving spouse or former spouse of such a taxpayer under the 566 survivor benefit plan on account of such a taxpayer's death. If 567

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the taxpayer receives income on account of retirement paid under	568
the federal civil service retirement system or federal employees	569
retirement system, or under any successor retirement program	570
enacted by the congress of the United States that is established	571
and maintained for retired employees of the United States	572
government, and such retirement income is based, in whole or in	573
part, on credit for the taxpayer's uniformed service, the	574
deduction allowed under this division shall include only that	575
portion of such retirement income that is attributable to the	576
taxpayer's uniformed service, to the extent that portion of such	577
retirement income is otherwise included in federal adjusted	578
gross income and is not otherwise deducted under this section.	579
Any amount deducted under division (A)(23) of this section is	580
not included in a taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the	581
purposes of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code. No amount may	582
be deducted under division (A)(23) of this section on the basis	583
of which a credit was claimed under section 5747.055 of the	584
Revised Code.	585

- (24) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 586 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 587 the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the 588 taxable year from the military injury relief fund created in 589 section 5902.05 of the Revised Code. 590
- (25) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received as a veterans bonus during the taxable year from the Ohio department of veterans services as authorized by Section 2r of Article VIII, Ohio Constitution.
 - (26) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or

excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	598
the taxable year, any income derived from a transfer agreement	599
or from the enterprise transferred under that agreement under	600
section 4313.02 of the Revised Code.	601
(27) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	602
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	603
the taxable year, Ohio college opportunity or federal Pell grant	604
amounts received by the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse or	605
dependent pursuant to section 3333.122 of the Revised Code or 20	606
U.S.C. 1070a, et seq., and used to pay room or board furnished	607
by the educational institution for which the grant was awarded	608
at the institution's facilities, including meal plans	609
administered by the institution. For the purposes of this	610
division, receipt of a grant includes the distribution of a	611
grant directly to an educational institution and the crediting	612
of the grant to the enrollee's account with the institution.	613
(28) Deduct from the portion of an individual's federal	614
adjusted gross income that is business income, to the extent not	615
otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal adjusted	616
gross income for the taxable year, one hundred twenty-five	617
thousand dollars for each spouse if spouses file separate	618
returns under section 5747.08 of the Revised Code or two hundred	619
fifty thousand dollars for all other individuals.	620
(29) Deduct, as provided under section 5747.78 of the	621
Revised Code, contributions to ABLE savings accounts made in	622
accordance with sections 113.50 to 113.56 of the Revised Code.	623
(30)(a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	624
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income	625

during the taxable year, all of the following:

the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in this state during a disaster response period pursuant to a qualifying solicitation received by the employee's employer; (ii) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described in division (A) (14) (b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in this state by the employee during the disaster response period on critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's employer; (iii) Income received by an out-of-state disaster business for disaster work conducted in this state during a disaster response period, or, if the out-of-state disaster business is a pass-through entity, a taxpayer's distributive share of the pass-through entity's income from the business conducting disaster work in this state during a disaster response period, if, in either case, the disaster work is conducted pursuant to a qualifying solicitation received by the business. (b) All terms used in division (A) (30) of this section have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised Code. (31) For a taxpayer who is a qualifying Ohio educator, deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable year, the lesser of two hundred fifty dollars or the amount of expenses described in subsections (a) (2) (D) (i) and (ii) of section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred by the	(i) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described	627
this state during a disaster response period pursuant to a qualifying solicitation received by the employee's employer; (ii) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described in division (A) (14) (b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in this state by the employee during the disaster response period on critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's employer; (iii) Income received by an out-of-state disaster business for disaster work conducted in this state during a disaster response period, or, if the out-of-state disaster business is a pass-through entity, a taxpayer's distributive share of the pass-through entity's income from the business conducting disaster work in this state during a disaster response period, if, in either case, the disaster work is conducted pursuant to a qualifying solicitation received by the business. (b) All terms used in division (A) (30) of this section have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised Code. (31) For a taxpayer who is a qualifying Ohio educator, deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable year, the lesser of two hundred fifty dollars or the amount of expenses described in subsections (a) (2) (D) (i) and (ii) of section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred by the	in division (A)(14)(a) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to	628
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(iii) Income received by an out-of-state disaster business for disaster work conducted in this state during a disaster response period, or, if the out-of-state disaster business is a pass-through entity, a taxpayer's distributive share of the pass-through entity's income from the business conducting disaster work in this state during a disaster response period, if, in either case, the disaster work is conducted pursuant to a qualifying solicitation received by the business. (b) All terms used in division (A) (30) of this section have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised Code. (31) For a taxpayer who is a qualifying Ohio educator, deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable year, the lesser of two hundred fifty dollars or the amount of expenses described in subsections (a) (2) (D) (i) and (ii) of section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred by the	on critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's	636
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pass-through entity, a taxpayer's distributive share of the pass-through entity's income from the business conducting disaster work in this state during a disaster response period, if, in either case, the disaster work is conducted pursuant to a qualifying solicitation received by the business. (b) All terms used in division (A) (30) of this section have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised Code. (31) For a taxpayer who is a qualifying Ohio educator, deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable year, the lesser of two hundred fifty dollars or the amount of expenses described in subsections (a) (2) (D) (i) and (ii) of section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred by the	for disaster work conducted in this state during a disaster	639
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if, in either case, the disaster work is conducted pursuant to a qualifying solicitation received by the business. (b) All terms used in division (A)(30) of this section have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised Code. (31) For a taxpayer who is a qualifying Ohio educator, deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable year, the lesser of two hundred fifty dollars or the amount of expenses described in subsections (a)(2)(D)(i) and (ii) of section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred by the	pass-through entity's income from the business conducting	642
qualifying solicitation received by the business. (b) All terms used in division (A) (30) of this section 64 have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised 64 Code. (31) For a taxpayer who is a qualifying Ohio educator, deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable year, the lesser of two hundred fifty dollars or the amount of expenses described in subsections (a) (2) (D) (i) and (ii) of section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred by the	disaster work in this state during a disaster response period,	643
(b) All terms used in division (A) (30) of this section 64 have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised 64 Code. 64 (31) For a taxpayer who is a qualifying Ohio educator, 64 deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in 65 computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable 65 year, the lesser of two hundred fifty dollars or the amount of 65 expenses described in subsections (a) (2) (D) (i) and (ii) of 65 section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred by the 65	if, in either case, the disaster work is conducted pursuant to a	644
have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised Code. (31) For a taxpayer who is a qualifying Ohio educator, deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable year, the lesser of two hundred fifty dollars or the amount of expenses described in subsections (a)(2)(D)(i) and (ii) of section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred by the	qualifying solicitation received by the business.	645
Code. (31) For a taxpayer who is a qualifying Ohio educator, deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable year, the lesser of two hundred fifty dollars or the amount of expenses described in subsections (a) (2) (D) (i) and (ii) of section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred by the	(b) All terms used in division (A)(30) of this section	646
(31) For a taxpayer who is a qualifying Ohio educator, deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable year, the lesser of two hundred fifty dollars or the amount of expenses described in subsections (a)(2)(D)(i) and (ii) of section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred by the	have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised	647
deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable year, the lesser of two hundred fifty dollars or the amount of expenses described in subsections (a) (2) (D) (i) and (ii) of section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred by the	Code.	648
computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable year, the lesser of two hundred fifty dollars or the amount of expenses described in subsections (a)(2)(D)(i) and (ii) of section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred by the 65	(31) For a taxpayer who is a qualifying Ohio educator,	649
year, the lesser of two hundred fifty dollars or the amount of expenses described in subsections (a)(2)(D)(i) and (ii) of section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred by the 65	deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in	650
expenses described in subsections (a)(2)(D)(i) and (ii) of 65 section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred by the 65	computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable	651
section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred by the 65	year, the lesser of two hundred fifty dollars or the amount of	652
	expenses described in subsections (a)(2)(D)(i) and (ii) of	653
taxpayer during the taxpayer's taxable year in excess of the 65	section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred by the	654
	taxpayer during the taxpayer's taxable year in excess of the	655

amount the taxpayer is authorized to deduct for that taxable

year under subsection (a) (2) (D) of that section. 657 (32) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 658 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 659 the taxable year, amounts received by the taxpayer as a 660 disability severance payment, computed under 10 U.S.C. 1212, 661 following discharge or release under honorable conditions from 662 the armed forces, as defined by 10 U.S.C. 101. 663 (33) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 664 excluded in computing federal adjusted gross income or Ohio 665 adjusted gross income, amounts not subject to tax due to an 666 agreement entered into under division (A)(2) of section 5747.05 667 of the Revised Code. 668 (34) Deduct amounts as provided under section 5747.79 of 669 the Revised Code related to the taxpayer's qualifying capital 670 gains and deductible payroll. 671 To the extent a qualifying capital gain described under 672 division (A)(34) of this section is business income, the 673 taxpayer shall deduct those gains under this division before 674 deducting any such gains under division (A)(28) of this section. 675 (35)(a) For taxable years beginning in or after 2026, 676 deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in 677 computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable 678 year: 679 (i) One hundred per cent of the capital gain received by 680 the taxpayer in the taxable year from a qualifying interest in 681 an Ohio venture capital operating company attributable to the 682 company's investments in Ohio businesses during the period for 683 which the company was an Ohio venture operating company; and 684 (ii) Fifty per cent of the capital gain received by the 685

taxpayer in the taxable year from a qualifying interest in an	686
Ohio venture capital operating company attributable to the	687
company's investments in all other businesses during the period	688
for which the company was an Ohio venture operating company.	689
(b) Add amounts previously deducted by the taxpayer under	690
division (A)(35)(a) of this section if the director of	691
development certifies to the tax commissioner that the	692
requirements for the deduction were not met.	693
(c) All terms used in division (A)(35) of this section	694
have the same meanings as in section 122.851 of the Revised	695
Code.	696
(d) To the extent a capital gain described in division (A)	697
(35)(a) of this section is business income, the taxpayer shall	698
apply that division before applying division (A)(28) of this	699
section.	700
(36) Add, to the extent not otherwise included in	701
computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for any taxable	702
year, the taxpayer's proportionate share of the amount of the	703
tax levied under section 5747.38 of the Revised Code and paid by	704
an electing pass-through entity for the taxable year.	705
(37) Deduct, to the extent included in federal adjusted	706
gross income, income attributable to loan repayments on behalf	707
of the taxpayer under the rural practice incentive program under	708
section 3333.135 of the Revised Code.	709
(B) "Business income" means income, including gain or	710
loss, arising from transactions, activities, and sources in the	711
regular course of a trade or business and includes income, gain,	712
or loss from real property, tangible property, and intangible	713
property if the acquisition, rental, management, and disposition	714

of the property constitute integral parts of the regular course	715
of a trade or business operation. "Business income" includes	716
income, including gain or loss, from a partial or complete	717
liquidation of a business, including, but not limited to, gain	718
or loss from the sale or other disposition of goodwill or the	719
sale of an equity or ownership interest in a business.	720
As used in this division, the "sale of an equity or	721
ownership interest in a business" means sales to which either or	722
both of the following apply:	723
(1) The sale is treated for federal income tax purposes as	724
the sale of assets.	725
(2) The seller materially participated, as described in 26	726
C.F.R. 1.469-5T, in the activities of the business during the	727
taxable year in which the sale occurs or during any of the five	728
preceding taxable years.	729
(C) "Nonbusiness income" means all income other than	730
business income and may include, but is not limited to,	731
compensation, rents and royalties from real or tangible personal	732
property, capital gains, interest, dividends and distributions,	733
patent or copyright royalties, or lottery winnings, prizes, and	734
awards.	735
(D) "Compensation" means any form of remuneration paid to	736
an employee for personal services.	737
(E) "Fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor,	738
administrator, receiver, conservator, or any other person acting	739
in any fiduciary capacity for any individual, trust, or estate.	740
(F) "Fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve	741

months ending on the last day of any month other than December.

(G) "Individual" means any natural person.	743
(H) "Internal Revenue Code" means the "Internal Revenue	744
Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended.	745
(I) "Resident" means any of the following:	746
(1) An individual who is domiciled in this state, subject	747
to section 5747.24 of the Revised Code;	748
(2) The estate of a decedent who at the time of death was	749
domiciled in this state. The domicile tests of section 5747.24	750
of the Revised Code are not controlling for purposes of division	751
(I)(2) of this section.	752
(3) A trust that, in whole or part, resides in this state.	753
If only part of a trust resides in this state, the trust is a	754
resident only with respect to that part.	755
For the purposes of division (I)(3) of this section:	756
(a) A trust resides in this state for the trust's current	757
taxable year to the extent, as described in division (I)(3)(d)	758
of this section, that the trust consists directly or indirectly,	759
in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related liabilities,	760
that were transferred, or caused to be transferred, directly or	761
indirectly, to the trust by any of the following:	762
(i) A person, a court, or a governmental entity or	763
instrumentality on account of the death of a decedent, but only	764
if the trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) or (ii) of	765
this section;	766
(ii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the	767
purposes of this chapter when the person directly or indirectly	768
transferred assets to an irrevocable trust, but only if at least	769
one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this	770

Internal Revenue Code.

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state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some	771
portion of the trust's current taxable year;	772
(iii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the	773
purposes of this chapter when the trust document or instrument	774
or part of the trust document or instrument became irrevocable,	775
but only if at least one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries	776
is a resident domiciled in this state for the purposes of this	777
chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current	778
taxable year. If a trust document or instrument became	779
irrevocable upon the death of a person who at the time of death	780
was domiciled in this state for purposes of this chapter, that	781
person is a person described in division (I)(3)(a)(iii) of this	782
section.	783
(b) A trust is irrevocable to the extent that the	784
transferor is not considered to be the owner of the net assets	785
of the trust under sections 671 to 678 of the Internal Revenue	786
Code.	787
(c) With respect to a trust other than a charitable lead	788
trust, "qualifying beneficiary" has the same meaning as	789
"potential current beneficiary" as defined in section 1361(e)(2)	790
of the Internal Revenue Code, and with respect to a charitable	791
lead trust "qualifying beneficiary" is any current, future, or	792
contingent beneficiary, but with respect to any trust	793
contingent beneficiary, but with respect to any trust	
"qualifying beneficiary" excludes a person or a governmental	794
	794 795

(d) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a) of this

indirectly, in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related

section, the extent to which a trust consists directly or

section:

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liabilities, that were transferred directly or indirectly, in	801
whole or part, to the trust by any of the sources enumerated in	802
that division shall be ascertained by multiplying the fair	803
market value of the trust's assets, net of related liabilities,	804
by the qualifying ratio, which shall be computed as follows:	805
(i) The first time the trust receives assets, the	806
numerator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of	807
those assets at that time, net of any related liabilities, from	808
sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section. The	809
denominator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of	810
all the trust's assets at that time, net of any related	811
liabilities.	812
(ii) Each subsequent time the trust receives assets, a	813
revised qualifying ratio shall be computed. The numerator of the	814
revised qualifying ratio is the sum of (1) the fair market value	815
of the trust's assets immediately prior to the subsequent	816
transfer, net of any related liabilities, multiplied by the	817
qualifying ratio last computed without regard to the subsequent	818
transfer, and (2) the fair market value of the subsequently	819
transferred assets at the time transferred, net of any related	820
liabilities, from sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of	821
this section. The denominator of the revised qualifying ratio is	822
the fair market value of all the trust's assets immediately	823
after the subsequent transfer, net of any related liabilities.	824
(iii) Whether a transfer to the trust is by or from any of	825
the sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section	826
shall be ascertained without regard to the domicile of the	827
trust's beneficiaries.	828

(e) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a)(i) of this

(i) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) of this	831
section if the trust is a testamentary trust and the testator of	832
that testamentary trust was domiciled in this state at the time	833
of the testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under	834
Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code.	835

- (ii) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of
 this section if the transfer is a qualifying transfer described
 837
 in any of divisions (I)(3)(f)(i) to (vi) of this section, the
 trust is an irrevocable inter vivos trust, and at least one of
 the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this state
 for purposes of this chapter during all or some portion of the
 trust's current taxable year.
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- (f) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of this

 section, a "qualifying transfer" is a transfer of assets, net of

 any related liabilities, directly or indirectly to a trust, if

 the transfer is described in any of the following:

 843
- (i) The transfer is made to a trust, created by the 847 decedent before the decedent's death and while the decedent was 848 domiciled in this state for the purposes of this chapter, and, 849 prior to the death of the decedent, the trust became irrevocable 850 while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes 851 of this chapter.
- (ii) The transfer is made to a trust to which the 853 decedent, prior to the decedent's death, had directly or 854 indirectly transferred assets, net of any related liabilities, 855 while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes 856 of this chapter, and prior to the death of the decedent the 857 trust became irrevocable while the decedent was domiciled in 858 this state for the purposes of this chapter. 859

(iii) The transfer is made on account of a contractual	860
relationship existing directly or indirectly between the	861
transferor and either the decedent or the estate of the decedent	862
at any time prior to the date of the decedent's death, and the	863
decedent was domiciled in this state at the time of death for	864
purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter 5731. of the Revised	865
Code.	866
(iv) The transfer is made to a trust on account of a	867
contractual relationship existing directly or indirectly between	868
the transferor and another person who at the time of the	869
decedent's death was domiciled in this state for purposes of	870
this chapter.	871
(v) The transfer is made to a trust on account of the will	872
of a testator who was domiciled in this state at the time of the	873
testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter	874
5731. of the Revised Code.	875
(vi) The transfer is made to a trust created by or caused	876
to be created by a court, and the trust was directly or	877
indirectly created in connection with or as a result of the	878
death of an individual who, for purposes of the taxes levied	879
under Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code, was domiciled in this	880
state at the time of the individual's death.	881
(g) The tax commissioner may adopt rules to ascertain the	882
part of a trust residing in this state.	883
(J) "Nonresident" means an individual or estate that is	884
not a resident. An individual who is a resident for only part of	885
a taxable year is a nonresident for the remainder of that	886
taxable year.	887

(K) "Pass-through entity" has the same meaning as in

section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.	889
(L) "Return" means the notifications and reports required	890
to be filed pursuant to this chapter for the purpose of	891
reporting the tax due and includes declarations of estimated tax	892
when so required.	893
(M) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the	894
taxpayer's fiscal year ending during the calendar year, or	895
fractional part thereof, upon which the adjusted gross income is	896
calculated pursuant to this chapter.	897
(N) "Taxpayer" means any person subject to the tax imposed	898
by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code or any pass-through	899
entity that makes the election under division (D) of section	900
5747.08 of the Revised Code.	901
(O) "Dependents" means one of the following:	902
(1) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,	903
2018, and before January 1, 2026, dependents as defined in the	904
Internal Revenue Code;	905
(2) For all other taxable years, dependents as defined in	906
the Internal Revenue Code and as claimed in the taxpayer's	907
federal income tax return for the taxable year or which the	908
taxpayer would have been permitted to claim had the taxpayer	909
filed a federal income tax return.	910
(P) "Principal county of employment" means, in the case of	911
a nonresident, the county within the state in which a taxpayer	912
performs services for an employer or, if those services are	913
performed in more than one county, the county in which the major	914
portion of the services are performed.	915
(Q) As used in sections 5747.50 to 5747.55 of the Revised	916

Code:	917
(1) "Subdivision" means any county, municipal corporation,	918
park district, or township.	919
(2) "Essential local government purposes" includes all	920
functions that any subdivision is required by general law to	921
exercise, including like functions that are exercised under a	922
charter adopted pursuant to the Ohio Constitution.	923
(R) "Overpayment" means any amount already paid that	924
exceeds the figure determined to be the correct amount of the	925
tax.	926
(S) "Taxable income" or "Ohio taxable income" applies only	927
to estates and trusts, and means federal taxable income, as	928
defined and used in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as	929
follows:	930
(1) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary,	931
and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal	932
taxable income, on obligations or securities of any state or of	933
any political subdivision or authority of any state, other than	934
this state and its subdivisions and authorities, but only to the	935
extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible in Ohio	936
taxable income and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or	937
(b) of this section:	938
(a) The net amount is not attributable to the S portion of	939
an electing small business trust and has not been distributed to	940
beneficiaries for the taxable year;	941
(b) The net amount is attributable to the S portion of an	942
electing small business trust for the taxable year.	943
(2) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary,	944

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and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal	945
taxable income, on obligations of any authority, commission,	946
instrumentality, territory, or possession of the United States	947
to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from	948
federal income taxes but not from state income taxes, but only	949
to the extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible	950
in Ohio taxable income and is described in either division (S)	951
(1) (a) or (b) of this section;	952
(3) Add the amount of personal exemption allowed to the	953
estate pursuant to section 642(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;	954
(4) Deduct interest or dividends, net of related expenses	955

- deducted in computing federal taxable income, on obligations of the United States and its territories and possessions or of any authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from state taxes under the laws of the United States, but only to the extent that such amount is included in federal taxable income and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or (b) of this section;
- (5) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not 964 otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been 965 allowable as a deduction in computing federal taxable income for 966 the taxable year, had the work opportunity tax credit allowed 967 under sections 38, 51, and 52 of the Internal Revenue Code not 968 been in effect, but only to the extent such amount relates 969 either to income included in federal taxable income for the 970 taxable year or to income of the S portion of an electing small 971 business trust for the taxable year; 972
- (6) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent, net of 973 related expenses deducted in computing federal taxable income, 974

on public obligations and purchase obligations, but only to the	975
extent that such net amount relates either to income included in	976
federal taxable income for the taxable year or to income of the	977
S portion of an electing small business trust for the taxable	978
year;	979
(7) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from sale,	980
exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to the	981
extent that such loss has been deducted or such gain has been	982
included in computing either federal taxable income or income of	983
the S portion of an electing small business trust for the	984
taxable year;	985
(8) Except in the case of the final return of an estate,	986
add any amount deducted by the taxpayer on both its Ohio estate	987
tax return pursuant to section 5731.14 of the Revised Code, and	988
on its federal income tax return in determining federal taxable	989
<pre>income;</pre>	990
(9)(a) Deduct any amount included in federal taxable	991
income solely because the amount represents a reimbursement or	992
refund of expenses that in a previous year the decedent had	993
deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to section 63 of the	994
Internal Revenue Code and applicable treasury regulations. The	995
deduction otherwise allowed under division (S)(9)(a) of this	996
section shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is	997
attributable to an amount the taxpayer or decedent deducted	998
under this section in any taxable year.	999
(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio taxable	1000
income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount is	1001
attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any	1002
amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio taxable	1003

income in any taxable year, but only to the extent such amount

has not been distributed to beneficiaries for the taxable year.	1005
(10) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in	1006
section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying	1007
previously reported income received under a claim of right, that	1008
meets both of the following requirements:	1009
(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was	1010
included in the taxpayer's taxable income or the decedent's	1011
adjusted gross income for a prior taxable year and did not	1012
qualify for a credit under division (A) or (B) of section	1013
5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year.	1014
(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's taxable	1015
income or the decedent's adjusted gross income for the current	1016
or any other taxable year.	1017
(11) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section	1018
5747.059 of the Revised Code to the extent that the amount	1019
satisfies either of the following:	1020
(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the	1021
computation of the taxpayer's federal taxable income as required	1022
to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under the	1023
Internal Revenue Code;	1024
(b) The amount resulted in a reduction in the taxpayer's	1025
federal taxable income as required to be reported for any of the	1026
taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code.	1027
(12) Deduct any amount, net of related expenses deducted	1028
in computing federal taxable income, that a trust is required to	1029
report as farm income on its federal income tax return, but only	1030
if the assets of the trust include at least ten acres of land	1031
satisfying the definition of "land devoted exclusively to	1032
agricultural use" under section 5713.30 of the Revised Code,	1033

regardless of whether the land is valued for tax purposes as	1034
such land under sections 5713.30 to 5713.38 of the Revised Code.	1035
If the trust is a pass-through entity investor, section 5747.231	1036
of the Revised Code applies in ascertaining if the trust is	1037
eligible to claim the deduction provided by division (S)(12) of	1038
this section in connection with the pass-through entity's farm	1039
income.	1040
Except for farm income attributable to the S portion of an	1041
electing small business trust, the deduction provided by	1042
division (S)(12) of this section is allowed only to the extent	1043
that the trust has not distributed such farm income.	1044
(13) Add the net amount of income described in section	1045
641(c) of the Internal Revenue Code to the extent that amount is	1046
not included in federal taxable income.	1047
(14) Add or deduct the amount the taxpayer would be	1048
required to add or deduct under division (A)(17) or (18) of this	1049
section if the taxpayer's Ohio taxable income were computed in	1050
the same manner as an individual's Ohio adjusted gross income is	1051
computed under this section.	1052
(15) Add, to the extent not otherwise included in	1053
computing taxable income or Ohio taxable income for any taxable	1054
year, the taxpayer's proportionate share of the amount of the	1055
tax levied under section 5747.38 of the Revised Code and paid by	1056
an electing pass-through entity for the taxable year.	1057
(T) "School district income" and "school district income	1058
tax" have the same meanings as in section 5748.01 of the Revised	1059
Code.	1060

(7) of this section, "public obligations," "purchase

obligations," and "interest or interest equivalent" have the	1063
same meanings as in section 5709.76 of the Revised Code.	1064
(V) "Limited liability company" means any limited	1065
liability company formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the	1066
Revised Code or under the laws of any other state.	1067
(W) "Pass-through entity investor" means any person who,	1068
during any portion of a taxable year of a pass-through entity,	1069
is a partner, member, shareholder, or equity investor in that	1070
pass-through entity.	1071
(X) "Banking day" has the same meaning as in section	1072
1304.01 of the Revised Code.	1073
(Y) "Month" means a calendar month.	1074
(Z) "Quarter" means the first three months, the second	1075
three months, the third three months, or the last three months	1076
of the taxpayer's taxable year.	1077
(AA)(1) "Modified business income" means the business	1078
income included in a trust's Ohio taxable income after such	1079
taxable income is first reduced by the qualifying trust amount,	1080
if any.	1081
(2) "Qualifying trust amount" of a trust means capital	1082
gains and losses from the sale, exchange, or other disposition	1083
of equity or ownership interests in, or debt obligations of, a	1084
qualifying investee to the extent included in the trust's Ohio	1085
taxable income, but only if the following requirements are	1086
satisfied:	1087
(a) The book value of the qualifying investee's physical	1088
assets in this state and everywhere, as of the last day of the	1089
qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately	1090

prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or	1091
loss, is available to the trust.	1092
(b) The requirements of section 5747.011 of the Revised	1093
Code are satisfied for the trust's taxable year in which the	1094
trust recognizes the gain or loss.	1095
Any gain or loss that is not a qualifying trust amount is	1096
modified business income, qualifying investment income, or	1097
modified nonbusiness income, as the case may be.	1098
(3) "Modified nonbusiness income" means a trust's Ohio	1099
taxable income other than modified business income, other than	1100
the qualifying trust amount, and other than qualifying	1101
investment income, as defined in section 5747.012 of the Revised	1102
Code, to the extent such qualifying investment income is not	1103
otherwise part of modified business income.	1104
(4) "Modified Ohio taxable income" applies only to trusts,	1105
and means the sum of the amounts described in divisions (AA)(4)	1106
(a) to (c) of this section:	1107
(a) The fraction, calculated under section 5747.013, and	1108
applying section 5747.231 of the Revised Code, multiplied by the	1109
sum of the following amounts:	1110
(i) The trust's modified business income;	1111
(ii) The trust's qualifying investment income, as defined	1112
in section 5747.012 of the Revised Code, but only to the extent	1113
the qualifying investment income does not otherwise constitute	1114
modified business income and does not otherwise constitute a	1115
qualifying trust amount.	1116
(b) The qualifying trust amount multiplied by a fraction,	1117
the numerator of which is the sum of the book value of the	1118

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- (c) (i) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust thatis a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I) (3)(d) of this section, its modified nonbusiness income.
- (ii) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is 1135 not a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3) 1136 (d) of this section, the amount of its modified nonbusiness 1137 income satisfying the descriptions in divisions (B)(2) to (5) of 1138 section 5747.20 of the Revised Code, except as otherwise 1139 1140 provided in division (AA)(4)(c)(ii) of this section. With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is not a resident 1141 as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)(d) of this 1142 section, the trust's portion of modified nonbusiness income 1143 recognized from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a 1144 debt interest in or equity interest in a section 5747.212 1145 entity, as defined in section 5747.212 of the Revised Code, 1146 without regard to division (A) of that section, shall not be 1147 allocated to this state in accordance with section 5747.20 of 1148 the Revised Code but shall be apportioned to this state in 1149

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accordance with division (B) of section 5747.212 of the Revised	1150
Code without regard to division (A) of that section.	1151
If the allocation and apportionment of a trust's income	1152

If the allocation and apportionment of a trust's income under divisions (AA)(4)(a) and (c) of this section do not fairly represent the modified Ohio taxable income of the trust in this state, the alternative methods described in division (C) of section 5747.21 of the Revised Code may be applied in the manner and to the same extent provided in that section.

- (5) (a) Except as set forth in division (AA) (5) (b) of this section, "qualifying investee" means a person in which a trust has an equity or ownership interest, or a person or unit of government the debt obligations of either of which are owned by a trust. For the purposes of division (AA) (2) (a) of this section and for the purpose of computing the fraction described in division (AA) (4) (b) of this section, all of the following apply:
- (i) If the qualifying investee is a member of a qualifying 1165 controlled group on the last day of the qualifying investee's 1166 fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on 1167 which the trust recognizes the gain or loss, then "qualifying 1168 investee" includes all persons in the qualifying controlled 1169 group on such last day.
- (ii) If the qualifying investee, or if the qualifying 1171 investee and any members of the qualifying controlled group of 1172 which the qualifying investee is a member on the last day of the 1173 qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately 1174 prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or 1175 loss, separately or cumulatively own, directly or indirectly, on 1176 the last day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar 1177 year ending immediately prior to the date on which the trust 1178 recognizes the qualifying trust amount, more than fifty per cent 1179

of the equity of a pass-through entity, then the qualifying	1180
investee and the other members are deemed to own the	1181
proportionate share of the pass-through entity's physical assets	1182
which the pass-through entity directly or indirectly owns on the	1183
last day of the pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year	1184
ending within or with the last day of the qualifying investee's	1185
fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on	1186
which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount.	1187

(iii) For the purposes of division (AA) (5) (a) (iii) of this

section, "upper level pass-through entity" means a pass-through
entity directly or indirectly owning any equity of another passthrough entity, and "lower level pass-through entity" means that

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other pass-through entity.

An upper level pass-through entity, whether or not it is 1193 also a qualifying investee, is deemed to own, on the last day of 1194 the upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year, 1195 the proportionate share of the lower level pass-through entity's 1196 physical assets that the lower level pass-through entity 1197 directly or indirectly owns on the last day of the lower level 1198 pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year ending within or 1199 with the last day of the upper level pass-through entity's 1200 fiscal or calendar year. If the upper level pass-through entity 1201 directly and indirectly owns less than fifty per cent of the 1202 equity of the lower level pass-through entity on each day of the 1203 upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in 1204 which or with which ends the calendar or fiscal year of the 1205 lower level pass-through entity and if, based upon clear and 1206 convincing evidence, complete information about the location and 1207 cost of the physical assets of the lower pass-through entity is 1208 not available to the upper level pass-through entity, then 1209 solely for purposes of ascertaining if a gain or loss 1210

constitutes a qualifying trust amount, the upper level pass-	1211
through entity shall be deemed as owning no equity of the lower	1212
level pass-through entity for each day during the upper level	1213
pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in which or with	1214
which ends the lower level pass-through entity's calendar or	1215
fiscal year. Nothing in division (AA)(5)(a)(iii) of this section	1216
shall be construed to provide for any deduction or exclusion in	1217
computing any trust's Ohio taxable income.	1218
(b) With respect to a trust that is not a resident for the	1219
taxable year and with respect to a part of a trust that is not a	1220
resident for the taxable year, "qualifying investee" for that	1221
taxable year does not include a C corporation if both of the	1222
following apply:	1223
(i) During the taxable year the trust or part of the trust	1224
recognizes a gain or loss from the sale, exchange, or other	1225
disposition of equity or ownership interests in, or debt	1226
obligations of, the C corporation.	1227
(ii) Such gain or loss constitutes nonbusiness income.	1228
(6) "Available" means information is such that a person is	1229
able to learn of the information by the due date plus	1230
extensions, if any, for filing the return for the taxable year	1231
in which the trust recognizes the gain or loss.	1232
(BB) "Qualifying controlled group" has the same meaning as	1233
in section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.	1234
(CC) "Related member" has the same meaning as in section	1235
5733.042 of the Revised Code.	1236
(DD)(1) For the purposes of division (DD) of this section:	1237

(a) "Qualifying person" means any person other than a

qualifying corporation.	1239
(b) "Qualifying corporation" means any person classified	1240
for federal income tax purposes as an association taxable as a	1241
corporation, except either of the following:	1242
(i) A corporation that has made an election under	1243
subchapter S, chapter one, subtitle A, of the Internal Revenue	1244
Code for its taxable year ending within, or on the last day of,	1245
the investor's taxable year;	1246
(ii) A subsidiary that is wholly owned by any corporation	1247
that has made an election under subchapter S, chapter one,	1248
subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year	1249
ending within, or on the last day of, the investor's taxable	1250
year.	1251
(2) For the purposes of this chapter, unless expressly	1252
stated otherwise, no qualifying person indirectly owns any asset	1253
directly or indirectly owned by any qualifying corporation.	1254
(EE) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 5751. of the	1255
Revised Code:	1256
(1) "Trust" does not include a qualified pre-income tax	1257
trust.	1258
(2) A "qualified pre-income tax trust" is any pre-income	1259
tax trust that makes a qualifying pre-income tax trust election	1260
as described in division (EE)(3) of this section.	1261
(3) A "qualifying pre-income tax trust election" is an	1262
election by a pre-income tax trust to subject to the tax imposed	1263
by section 5751.02 of the Revised Code the pre-income tax trust	1264
and all pass-through entities of which the trust owns or	1265
controls, directly, indirectly, or constructively through	1266

related interests, five per cent or more of the ownership or	1267
equity interests. The trustee shall notify the tax commissioner	1268
in writing of the election on or before April 15, 2006. The	1269
election, if timely made, shall be effective on and after	1270
January 1, 2006, and shall apply for all tax periods and tax	1271
years until revoked by the trustee of the trust.	1272
(4) A "pre-income tax trust" is a trust that satisfies all	1273
of the following requirements:	1274
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(a) The document or instrument creating the trust was	1275
executed by the grantor before January 1, 1972;	1276
(b) The trust became irrevocable upon the creation of the	1277
trust; and	1278
(c) The grantor was domiciled in this state at the time	1279
the trust was created.	1280
(FF) "Uniformed services" has the same meaning as in 10	1281
U.S.C. 101.	1282
	1202
(GG) "Taxable business income" means the amount by which	1283
an individual's business income that is included in federal	1284
adjusted gross income exceeds the amount of business income the	1285
individual is authorized to deduct under division (A)(28) of	1286
this section for the taxable year.	1287
(HH) "Employer" does not include a franchisor with respect	1288
to the franchisor's relationship with a franchisee or an	1289
employee of a franchisee, unless the franchisor agrees to assume	1290
that role in writing or a court of competent jurisdiction	1291
determines that the franchisor exercises a type or degree of	1292
control over the franchisee or the franchisee's employees that	1293
is not customarily exercised by a franchisor for the purpose of	1294
protecting the franchisor's trademark, brand, or both. For	1295

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purposes of this division, "franchisor" and "franchisee" have	1296
the same meanings as in 16 C.F.R. 436.1.	1297
(II) "Modified adjusted gross income" means Ohio adjusted	1298
gross income plus any amount deducted under divisions (A) (28)	1299
and (34) of this section for the taxable year.	1300
(JJ) "Qualifying Ohio educator" means an individual who,	1301
for a taxable year, qualifies as an eligible educator, as that	1302
term is defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code, and	1303
who holds a certificate, license, or permit described in Chapter	1304
3319. or section 3301.071 of the Revised Code.	1305
Section 2. That existing sections 120.521 and 5747.01 of	1306
the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	1307
Section 3. All items in this act are hereby appropriated	1308
as designated out of any moneys in the state treasury to the	1309
credit of the designated fund. For all operating appropriations	1310
made in this act, those in the first column are for fiscal year	1311
2022 and those in the second column are for fiscal year 2023.	1312
The operating appropriations made in this act are in addition to	1313
any other operating appropriations made for the FY 2022-FY 2023	1314
biennium.	1315
Section 4.	1316

1 2 3 4 5

BOR DEPARTMENT OF HIGHER EDUCATION

B Dedicated Purpose Fund Group

Α

C 5ZD0 235426 Rural Practice Incentive Program	\$0	\$1,500,000	
D TOTAL DPF Dedicated Purpose Fund Group	\$0	\$1,500,000	
E TOTAL ALL BUDGET FUND GROUPS	\$0	\$1,500,000	
RURAL PRACTICE INCENTIVE PROGRAM			1318
The foregoing appropriation item 235426, Rural Pract	ice		1319
Incentive Program, shall be used to provide loan repayment	s on		1320
behalf of certain attorneys as described in section 3333.1	.31 of	Ē	1321
the Revised Code.			1322
CASH TRANSFER FROM THE GENERAL REVENUE FUND TO THE R	URAL		1323
PRACTICE INCENTIVE FUND			1324
On the effective date of this section, or as soon as			1325
possible thereafter, the Director of Budget and Management	shal	Ll	1326
transfer \$1,500,000 cash from the General Revenue Fund to	the		1327
Rural Practice Incentive Fund (Fund 5ZD0).			1328
Section 5. Within the limits set forth in this act,	the		1329
Director of Budget and Management shall establish accounts	5		1330
indicating the source and amount of funds for each appropr	riatio	on	1331
made in this act, and shall determine the form and manner	in		1332
which appropriation accounts shall be maintained. Expendit	ures		1333
from operating appropriations contained in this act shall	be		1334
accounted for as though made in H.B. 110 of the 134th Gene	eral		1335
Assembly. The operating appropriations made in this act ar	re		1336
subject to all provisions of H.B. 110 of the 134th General	-		1337
Assembly that are generally applicable to such appropriati	ons.		1338
Section 6. (A) There is hereby created a task force	to		1339
study Ohio's indigent defense system and provide recommend	dation	ns	1340
to the General Assembly regarding the delivery, structure,	and		1341

funding of indigent defense.	1342
(B) The task force shall consist of the following voting	1343
members, appointed not later than ninety days after the	1344
effective date of this section:	1345
(1) The State Public Defender;	1346
(2) The Chair of the Ohio Public Defender Commission;	1347
(3) The Governor or the Governor's designee;	1348
(4) The Chief Justice of the Ohio Supreme Court, or the	1349
Chief Justice's designee;	1350
(5) One judge appointed by the Ohio Judicial Conference;	1351
(6) One attorney appointed by the Ohio State Bar	1352
Association;	1353
(7) One public defender appointed by the Ohio Public	1354
Defender Commission;	1355
(8) One attorney who participates in the assigned counsel	1356
system, appointed by the Ohio Public Defender Commission;	1357
(9) One prosecuting attorney of a county elected to the	1358
office under section 309.01 of the Revised Code, appointed by	1359
the Ohio Prosecuting Attorneys Association;	1360
(10) One county commissioner appointed by the president of	1361
the County Commissioners' Association of Ohio;	1362
(11) The Attorney General or a designee of the Attorney	1363
General;	1364
(12) Six members of the General Assembly, including:	1365
(a) Three members of the Senate, including two from the	1366
majority party appointed by the Senate President, and one from	1367

the minority party appointed by the Senate Minority Leader;	1368
(b) Three members of the House of Representatives,	1369
including two from the majority party appointed by the Speaker	1370
of the House of Representatives, and one from the minority party	1371
appointed by the House Minority Leader.	1372
(C) The task force shall be co-chaired by one member of	1373
the Senate and one member of the House of Representatives, both	1374
from the majority party and appointed by their respective	1375
leaders.	1376
(D) Not later than one year after the effective date of	1377
this section, the task force shall report its recommendations to	1378
the General Assembly. The Legislative Service Commission shall	1379
assist the task force as needed.	1380
(E) The task force may reimburse the travel expenses of	1381
any experts invited to present to the task force.	1382
(F) The State Public Defender shall use \$10,000 in fiscal	1383
year 2023 from appropriation item 019401, State Legal Defense	1384
Services, for the reimbursement of travel expenses of experts	1385
invited to present to the task force.	1386
Section 7. Section 5747.01 of the Revised Code is	1387
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	1388
by both H.B. 515 and S.B. 246 of the 134th General Assembly. The	1389
General Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B)	1390
of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be	1391
harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation,	1392
finds that the composite is the resulting version of the section	1393
in effect prior to the effective date of the section as	1394
presented in this act.	1395