As Introduced

134th General Assembly

Regular Session 2021-2022

H. B. No. 186

Representatives Swearingen, Wilkin

Cosponsors: Representatives LaRe, Riedel, Seitz, Click, Carfagna, Gross, Edwards, Cross, Hillyer, Kelly, Weinstein, Ingram, Carruthers

A BILL

То	amend sections 5747.01 and 5747.10 and to enact	1
	sections 193.01, 193.02, 193.03, 193.04, 193.05,	2
	193.06, and 193.07 of the Revised Code to enact	3
	the First-time Home Buyer Savings Act,	4
	authorizing income tax deductions for	5
	contributions to and earnings on savings	6
	accounts designated for the purchase of a home.	7

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 5747.01 and 5747.10 be amended	8
and sections 193.01, 193.02, 193.03, 193.04, 193.05, 193.06, and	9
193.07 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	10
Sec. 193.01. As used in this chapter:	11
(A) "Account holder" means an individual who establishes,	12
individually or jointly with the individual's spouse, a first-	13
time home buyer savings account.	14
(B) "Allowable closing costs" means a disbursement listed	15
on a closing disclosure for the purchase of a single-family	16
residence in this state by a qualified beneficiary.	17

(C) "Eligible costs" means the down payment and allowable	18
closing costs for the purchase of a single-family residence in	19
this state by a qualified beneficiary.	20
(D) "Financial institution" means any bank, trust company,	21
savings institution, industrial loan association, consumer	22
finance company, credit union, or any benefit association,	23
insurance company, safe deposit company, money market mutual	24
fund, or similar entity authorized to do business in this state.	25
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(E) "First-time home buyer" means an individual who	26
resides in this state and has not owned or purchased, either	27
individually or jointly, a single-family residence during the	28
three years immediately preceding the purchase of a single-	29
family residence using amounts from a first-time home buyer	30
savings account.	31
(F) "First-time home buyer savings account" or "account"	32
means an account at a financial institution that is designated	33
by the account holder as a first-time home buyer savings account	34
pursuant to this chapter for the purpose of paying or	35
reimbursing eligible costs for the purchase of a single-family	36
residence in this state by a qualified beneficiary.	37
(G) "Qualified beneficiary" means a first-time home buyer_	38
who is designated by the account holder of a first-time home	39
buyer savings account.	40
(H) "Closing disclosure" means the statement of receipts	41
and disbursement for a transaction related to real estate,	42
including a statement prescribed under the "Real Estate	43
Settlement Procedures Act of 1974," 12 U.S.C. 2601 et seq., as	44
amended, and regulations thereunder.	45
(I) "Single-family residence" means a dwelling, including	46

a unit in a multiple-unit dwelling and a manufactured home or	47
mobile home, owned and occupied by a qualified beneficiary as a	48
principal residence. A single-family residence includes so much	49
of the land surrounding it as is reasonably necessary for the	50
use of the dwelling or unit as a home.	51
(J) "Manufactured home" has the same meaning as in section	52
3781.06 of the Revised Code.	53
(K) "Mobile home" has the same meaning as in section	54
4501.01 of the Revised Code.	5.5
(L) "Active duty" and "uniformed services" have the same	56
meanings as in section 5906.01 of the Revised Code.	57
Sec. 193.02. (A) Any individual may open an account at a	58
financial institution and designate the account, in its	59
entirety, as a first-time home buyer savings account to be used	60
to pay or reimburse a qualified beneficiary's eligible costs for	61
the purchase of a single-family residence in this state.	62
Individuals who are married may jointly open, designate, and own	63
a first-time home buyer savings account but, otherwise, a first-	64
time home buyer savings account shall be owned by not more than	65
one account holder.	66
(B) An account holder shall designate one first-time home	67
buyer as the qualified beneficiary of the first-time home buyer	68
savings account not later than the fifteenth day of April of the	69
year following the year in which the account is opened. Account	70
holders may designate themselves as the qualified beneficiary	71
and may change the designated qualified beneficiary at any time.	72
(C) A first-time home buyer savings account shall not have	73
more than one qualified beneficiary at any time.	74
(D) An individual may be the account holder of more than	75

one first-time home buyer savings account. However, an account	76
holder shall not designate the same qualified beneficiary for	77
more than one account.	78
(E) An individual may be designated as the qualified	79
beneficiary on more than one first-time home buyer savings	80
account only if the accounts are owned by different account	81
holders.	82
(F) Only cash and marketable securities may be deposited	83
to a first-time home buyer savings account.	84
(G) Any person may deposit money in a first-time home	85
buyer savings account. There is no limitation on the amount of	86
money that may be deposited to or retained in a first-time home	87
buyer savings account. Only deposits made by an account holder	88
qualify for the income tax deduction authorized under section	89
193.05 of the Revised Code.	90
Sec. 193.03. (A) For each taxable year that an account	91
holder claims a deduction or is required to make an addition to	92
the account holder's federal adjusted gross income under section	93
193.05 of the Revised Code, the account holder shall include the	94
following information with the account holder's state income tax	95
return filed pursuant to section 5747.08 of the Revised Code in	96
the manner prescribed by the tax commissioner:	97
(1) A ledger listing the deposits to and withdrawals from	98
each first-time home buyer savings account owned by the account	99
holder during the taxable year, including debits for service	100
fees associated with administering the account;	101
(2) The internal revenue service form 1099 issued pursuant	102
to the Internal Revenue Code by the financial institution or	103
financial institutions with which the account or accounts are	104

held.	105
(B) In addition to the reporting requirements of division_	106
(A) of this section, each time money is withdrawn from a first-	107
time home buyer savings account for purposes other than	108
reimbursing the financial institution with which the account is	109
held for a service fee associated with administering the	110
account, the account holder shall provide the following	111
information to the department of taxation:	112
(1) The amount of money withdrawn from the account;	113
(2) The amount of money remaining in the account, if any;	114
(3) If the withdrawn money was used to pay eligible costs	115
for the purchase of a single-family residence by the account's	116
qualified beneficiary or to reimburse the qualified beneficiary	117
for such eligible costs, a detailed accounting of the eligible	118
<pre>costs toward which the money was applied;</pre>	119
(4) If the money was transferred to another first-time	120
home buyer savings account, the name of the financial	121
institution with which the new account is held and the qualified	122
beneficiary of the new account;	123
(5) If the money was withdrawn due to the death or	124
disability of the account holder, the name and address of each	125
person to which the money was distributed.	126
(C) In complying with the reporting obligations prescribed	127
by this section, the account holder shall use the forms	128
prescribed by the tax commissioner pursuant to section 193.07 of	129
the Revised Code.	130
Sec. 193.04. (A) A financial institution shall not be	131
required to do any of the following:	132

	100
(1) Designate an account as a first-time home buyer	133
savings account, or designate the qualified beneficiary of an	134
account, in the financial institution's account contracts or	135
systems or in any other way;	136
(2) Track the use of money withdrawn from a first-time	137
<pre>home buyer savings account;</pre>	138
(3) Allocate funds in a first-time home buyer savings	139
account among joint account holder or multiple qualified	140
beneficiaries;	141
(4) Report any information not otherwise required by law	142
to the department of taxation or any other governmental agency.	143
(B) A financial institution is not responsible or liable	144
for any of the following:	145
(1) Determining or ensuring that an account satisfies the	146
requirements to be a first-time home buyer savings account;	147
(2) Determining or ensuring that funds in a first-time	148
home buyer savings account are used for eligible costs;	149
(3) Reporting or remitting taxes or penalties related to	150
the use of a first-time home buyer savings account.	151
(C) Upon being furnished proof of the death of the account	152
holder and such other information required by the contract	153
governing the first-time home buyer savings account, a financial	154
institution shall distribute the principal and accumulated	155
interest or other income in the account in accordance with the	156
terms of the contract governing the account.	157
Sec. 193.05. (A) Subject to the limitations prescribed by	158
division (C) of this section, in determining Ohio adjusted gross	159
income under Chapter 5747. of the Revised Code an account holder	160

may deduct the following amounts, to the extent such amounts	161
have not otherwise been deducted or excluded in determining the	162
account holder's federal adjusted gross income:	163
(1) The total of the deposits that the account holder made	164
to one or more first-time home buyer savings accounts owned by	165
the account holder or the account holder's spouse during the	166
<pre>taxable year;</pre>	167
(2) The interest and other income on the principal balance	168
of each of the account holder's first-time home buyer savings	169
accounts.	170
(B) In determining Ohio adjusted gross income under	171
Chapter 5747. of the Revised Code, an account holder shall add	172
to the account holder's federal adjusted gross income an amount	173
equal to the sum of the amounts described in divisions (B)(1),	174
(2), and (3) of this section to the extent that such amounts	175
were included in the account holder's federal adjusted gross	176
income in a prior taxable year and were deducted in determining	177
the account holder's Ohio adjusted gross income for that taxable	178
year. In determining the extent to which such amounts shall be	179
included in the account holder's Ohio adjusted gross income, the	180
tax commissioner shall be guided by sections 72 and 408 of the	181
Internal Revenue Code governing the determination of the amount	182
of withdrawals from an individual retirement account to be	183
included in federal adjusted gross income.	184
(1) Amounts withdrawn from a first-time home buyer savings	185
account owned by the account holder that are not transferred to	186
another first-time home buyer savings account, debited by the	187
financial institution with which the account is held to pay a	188
service fee for administering the account, or used to pay	189
eligible costs for the purchase of a single-family residence by	190

a qualified beneficiary or to reimburse a qualified beneficiary	191
<pre>for such eligible costs;</pre>	192
(2) Investment earnings during the taxable year on amounts	193
withdrawn from the account that are described in division (B)(1)	194
of this section;	195
(3) Amounts remaining in the account on the thirty-first	196
day of December of the fourteenth taxable year following the	197
taxable year in which the account was opened. For the purposes	198
of division (B)(3) of this section, a first-time home buyer	199
savings account is "opened" in the taxable year in which the	200
account was established under section 193.02 of the Revised Code	201
or, if the account includes amounts transferred from other	202
first-time home buyer savings accounts, in the earliest taxable	203
year for which the account holder claimed a deduction under	204
division (A) of this section with respect to the first such	205
account. Changing the qualified beneficiary of the account does	206
not affect the taxable year in which the account is opened.	207
(C) (1) The total amount of deposits deducted by an account	208
holder under division (A)(1) of this section for a taxable year,	209
regardless of how many first-time home buyer savings accounts	210
the account holder owns, shall not exceed ten thousand dollars	211
for spouses filing a joint income tax return under section	212
5747.08 of the Revised Code, or five thousand dollars for all	213
other account holders.	214
(2) The total amount of deposits, interest, and other	215
income deducted by an account holder under divisions (A)(1) and	216
(2) of this section for all taxable years, regardless of how	217
many first-time home buyer savings accounts the account holder	218
owns, shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars for spouses	219
filing a joint income tax return under section 5747.08 of the	220

Revised Code or fifty thousand dollars for all other account	221
holders.	222
(3) No account holder may claim a deduction under division	223
(A) of this section after the fourteenth taxable year following	224
the taxable year in which the account holder first opens a	225
first-time home buyer savings account under section 193.02 of	226
the Revised Code.	227
(D) A person other than the account holder who deposits	228
money in a first-time home buyer savings account is not entitled	229
to a deduction under this section.	230
Sec. 193.06. (A) Except as otherwise provided in division	231
(B) of this section, an account holder shall pay a penalty equal	232
to ten per cent of the amounts described in divisions (B)(1) and	233
(3) of section 193.05 of the Revised Code for the taxable year	234
in which the account holder is required to add the amounts in	235
computing the account holder's Ohio adjusted gross income under	236
Chapter 5747. of the Revised Code. The penalty imposed under	237
this section shall be in addition to all other taxes and	238
penalties imposed on the amounts. The penalty shall be	239
considered as revenue arising from the taxes imposed by Chapter	240
5747. of the Revised Code and the tax commissioner may collect	241
past due penalties and interest thereon by assessment under	242
section 5747.13 of the Revised Code in the same manner as taxes	243
that are past due.	244
(B) The penalty imposed under this section does not apply	245
to any of the following:	246
(1) Amounts withdrawn by reason of the account holder's	247
death or disability;	248
(2) A disbursement of assets of the account pursuant to a	249

filing for protection under the United States Bankruptcy Code,	250
11 U.S.C. 101, et seq., more than one year after the date the	251
account was established under section 193.02 of the Revised Code	252
or, if the account includes amounts transferred from other	253
first-time home buyer savings accounts, more than one year after	254
the earliest date that a first-time home buyer savings account	255
from which the funds were transferred was established;	256
(3) Amounts transferred from one first-time home buyer	257
savings account to another first-time home buyers savings	258
account;	259
(4) Amounts debited from the account by the financial	260
institution with which the account is held to pay a service fee	261
for administering the account;	262
(5) Amounts withdrawn by an account holder who is a member	263
of the uniformed services within one year of either of the	264
<pre>following:</pre>	265
(a) The account holder is transferred or called into an	266
active duty assignment outside this state;	267
(b) The account holder's active duty assignment in this	268
state terminates or relocates outside this state.	269
Sec. 193.07. (A) The tax commissioner may adopt rules in	270
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to implement	271
this chapter.	272
(B) The commissioner shall prepare forms for all of the	273
<pre>following:</pre>	274
(1) The designation of an account with a financial	275
institution to serve as a first-time home buyer savings account;	276
(2) The designation of a qualified beneficiary of a first-	277

H. B. No. 186
Page 11
As Introduced

time home buyer savings account;	278
(3) For an account holder to annually submit to the	279
department detailed information regarding the first-time home	280
buyer savings account, including a list of transactions for the	281
account during a taxable year, and identifying any supporting	282
documentation that is required to be maintained by the account	283
<pre>holder.</pre>	284
(C) The department of taxation shall prepare and	285
distribute informational materials on the first-time home buyer	286
savings account program to financial institutions and potential	287
home buyers to publicize the availability of the program.	288
Sec. 5747.01. Except as otherwise expressly provided or	289
clearly appearing from the context, any term used in this	290
chapter that is not otherwise defined in this section has the	291
same meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of	292
the United States relating to federal income taxes or if not	293
used in a comparable context in those laws, has the same meaning	294
as in section 5733.40 of the Revised Code. Any reference in this	295
chapter to the Internal Revenue Code includes other laws of the	296
United States relating to federal income taxes.	297
As used in this chapter:	298
(A) "Adjusted gross income" or "Ohio adjusted gross	299
income" means federal adjusted gross income, as defined and used	300
in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as provided in this	301
section:	302
(1) Add interest or dividends on obligations or securities	303
of any state or of any political subdivision or authority of any	304
state, other than this state and its subdivisions and	305
authorities.	306

(2) Add interest or dividends on obligations of any	307
authority, commission, instrumentality, territory, or possession	308
of the United States to the extent that the interest or	309
dividends are exempt from federal income taxes but not from	310
state income taxes.	311
(3) Deduct interest or dividends on obligations of the	312
United States and its territories and possessions or of any	313
authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States	314
to the extent that the interest or dividends are included in	315
federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state income taxes	316
under the laws of the United States.	317
(4) Deduct disability and survivor's benefits to the	318
extent included in federal adjusted gross income.	319
(5) Deduct benefits under Title II of the Social Security	320
Act and tier 1 railroad retirement benefits to the extent	321
included in federal adjusted gross income under section 86 of	322
the Internal Revenue Code.	323
(6) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not	324
otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been	325
allowable as a deduction in computing federal adjusted gross	326
income for the taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit	327
allowed and determined under sections 38, 51, and 52 of the	328
Internal Revenue Code not been in effect.	329
(7) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent on public	330
obligations and purchase obligations to the extent that the	331
interest or interest equivalent is included in federal adjusted	332
gross income.	333
(8) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from the	334
sale, exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to	335

the extent that the loss has been deducted or the gain has been	336
included in computing federal adjusted gross income.	337
(9) Deduct or add amounts, as provided under section	338
5747.70 of the Revised Code, related to contributions to	339
variable college savings program accounts made or tuition units	340
purchased pursuant to Chapter 3334. of the Revised Code.	341
(10)(a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a	342
deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted	343
gross income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid	344
during the taxable year for medical care insurance and qualified	345
long-term care insurance for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's	346
spouse, and dependents. No deduction for medical care insurance	347
under division (A)(10)(a) of this section shall be allowed	348
either to any taxpayer who is eligible to participate in any	349
subsidized health plan maintained by any employer of the	350
taxpayer or of the taxpayer's spouse, or to any taxpayer who is	351
entitled to, or on application would be entitled to, benefits	352
under part A of Title XVIII of the "Social Security Act," 49	353
Stat. 620 (1935), 42 U.S.C. 301, as amended. For the purposes of	354
division (A)(10)(a) of this section, "subsidized health plan"	355
means a health plan for which the employer pays any portion of	356
the plan's cost. The deduction allowed under division (A)(10)(a)	357
of this section shall be the net of any related premium refunds,	358
related premium reimbursements, or related insurance premium	359
dividends received during the taxable year.	360
(b) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	361
(2) Deader, to the execute hot otherwise academa of	J J I

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excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income

during the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid during the

taxable year, not compensated for by any insurance or otherwise,

for medical care of the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and

H. B. No. 186
Page 14
As Introduced

dependents, to the extent the expenses exceed seven and one-half	366
per cent of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.	367
(c) For purposes of division (A)(10) of this section,	368
"medical care" has the meaning given in section 213 of the	369
Internal Revenue Code, subject to the special rules,	370
limitations, and exclusions set forth therein, and "qualified	371
long-term care" has the same meaning given in section 7702B(c)	372
of the Internal Revenue Code. Solely for purposes of division	373
(A)(10)(a) of this section, "dependent" includes a person who	374
otherwise would be a "qualifying relative" and thus a	375
"dependent" under section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code but	376
for the fact that the person fails to meet the income and	377
support limitations under section $152(d)(1)(B)$ and (C) of the	378
Internal Revenue Code.	379
(11)(a) Deduct any amount included in federal adjusted	380
gross income solely because the amount represents a	381
reimbursement or refund of expenses that in any year the	382
taxpayer had deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to	383
section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code and applicable United	384
States department of the treasury regulations. The deduction	385
otherwise allowed under division (A)(11)(a) of this section	386
shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is attributable	387
to an amount the taxpayer deducted under this section in any	388
taxable year.	389
(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted	390
gross income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount	391
is attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any	392
amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio	393
adjusted gross income in any taxable year.	394

(12) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in

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section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying	396
previously reported income received under a claim of right, that	397
meets both of the following requirements:	398
(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was	399
included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for a prior	400
taxable year and did not qualify for a credit under division (A)	401
or (B) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year;	402
(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's adjusted	403
gross income for the current or any other taxable year.	404
(13) Deduct an amount equal to the deposits made to, and	405
net investment earnings of, a medical savings account during the	406
taxable year, in accordance with section 3924.66 of the Revised	407
Code. The deduction allowed by division (A)(13) of this section	408
does not apply to medical savings account deposits and earnings	409
otherwise deducted or excluded for the current or any other	410
taxable year from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.	411
(14)(a) Add an amount equal to the funds withdrawn from a	412
medical savings account during the taxable year, and the net	413
investment earnings on those funds, when the funds withdrawn	414
were used for any purpose other than to reimburse an account	415
holder for, or to pay, eligible medical expenses, in accordance	416
with section 3924.66 of the Revised Code;	417
(b) Add the amounts distributed from a medical savings	418
account under division (A)(2) of section 3924.68 of the Revised	419
Code during the taxable year.	420
(15) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section	421
5747.059 of the Revised Code to the extent that such amount	422
satisfies either of the following:	423
(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the	424

computation of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income as	425
required to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under	426
the Internal Revenue Code;	427
(b) The amount resulted in a reduction of the taxpayer's	428
federal adjusted gross income as required to be reported for any	429
of the taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code.	430
(16) Deduct the amount contributed by the taxpayer to an	431
individual development account program established by a county	432
department of job and family services pursuant to sections	433
329.11 to 329.14 of the Revised Code for the purpose of matching	434
funds deposited by program participants. On request of the tax	435
commissioner, the taxpayer shall provide any information that,	436
in the tax commissioner's opinion, is necessary to establish the	437
amount deducted under division (A)(16) of this section.	438
(17)(a)(i) Subject to divisions (A)(17)(a)(iii), (iv), and	439
(v) of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of	440
depreciation expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of	441
the Internal Revenue Code, including the taxpayer's	442
proportionate or distributive share of the amount of	443
depreciation expense allowed by that subsection to a pass-	444
through entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect	445
ownership interest.	446
(ii) Subject to divisions (A)(17)(a)(iii), (iv), and (v)	447
of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of qualifying	448
section 179 depreciation expense, including the taxpayer's	449
proportionate or distributive share of the amount of qualifying	450
section 179 depreciation expense allowed to any pass-through	451
entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect ownership	452
interest.	453

(iii) Subject to division (A)(17)(a)(v) of this section,	454
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, if the	455
increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer is equal to or	456
greater than ten per cent of income taxes withheld by the	457
taxpayer during the taxpayer's immediately preceding taxable	458
year, "two-thirds" shall be substituted for "five-sixths" for	459
the purpose of divisions (A)(17)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section.	460
(iv) Subject to division (A)(17)(a)(v) of this section,	461
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, a taxpayer is	462
not required to add an amount under division (A)(17) of this	463
section if the increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer	464
and by any pass-through entity in which the taxpayer has a	465
direct or indirect ownership interest is equal to or greater	466
than the sum of (I) the amount of qualifying section 179	467
depreciation expense and (II) the amount of depreciation expense	468
allowed to the taxpayer by subsection (k) of section 168 of the	469
Internal Revenue Code, and including the taxpayer's	470
proportionate or distributive shares of such amounts allowed to	471
any such pass-through entities.	472
(v) If a taxpayer directly or indirectly incurs a net	473
operating loss for the taxable year for federal income tax	474
purposes, to the extent such loss resulted from depreciation	475
expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal	476
Revenue Code and by qualifying section 179 depreciation expense,	477
"the entire" shall be substituted for "five-sixths of the" for	478
the purpose of divisions (A)(17)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section.	479
The tax commissioner, under procedures established by the	480
commissioner, may waive the add-backs related to a pass-through	481
entity if the taxpayer owns, directly or indirectly, less than	482
five per cent of the pass-through entity.	483

(b) Nothing in division (A)(17) of this section shall be	484
construed to adjust or modify the adjusted basis of any asset.	485
(c) To the extent the add-back required under division (A)	486
(17)(a) of this section is attributable to property generating	487
nonbusiness income or loss allocated under section 5747.20 of	488
the Revised Code, the add-back shall be sitused to the same	489
location as the nonbusiness income or loss generated by the	490
property for the purpose of determining the credit under	491
division (A) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code. Otherwise,	492
the add-back shall be apportioned, subject to one or more of the	493
four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in section	494
5747.21 of the Revised Code.	495
(d) For the purposes of division (A)(17)(a)(v) of this	496
section, net operating loss carryback and carryforward shall not	497
include the allowance of any net operating loss deduction	498
carryback or carryforward to the taxable year to the extent such	499
loss resulted from depreciation allowed by section 168(k) of the	500
Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying section 179	501
depreciation expense amount.	502
(e) For the purposes of divisions (A)(17) and (18) of this	503
section:	504
(i) "Income taxes withheld" means the total amount	505
withheld and remitted under sections 5747.06 and 5747.07 of the	506
Revised Code by an employer during the employer's taxable year.	507
(ii) "Increase in income taxes withheld" means the amount	508
by which the amount of income taxes withheld by an employer	509
during the employer's current taxable year exceeds the amount of	510
income taxes withheld by that employer during the employer's	511
immediately preceding taxable year.	512

(111) "Qualifying section 179 depreciation expense" means	513
the difference between (I) the amount of depreciation expense	514
directly or indirectly allowed to a taxpayer under section 179	515
of the Internal Revised Code, and (II) the amount of	516
depreciation expense directly or indirectly allowed to the	517
taxpayer under section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code as that	518
section existed on December 31, 2002.	519
(18)(a) If the taxpayer was required to add an amount	520
under division (A)(17)(a) of this section for a taxable year,	521
deduct one of the following:	522
(i) One-fifth of the amount so added for each of the five	523
succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was five-sixths	524
of qualifying section 179 depreciation expense or depreciation	525
expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal	526
Revenue Code;	527
(ii) One-half of the amount so added for each of the two	528
succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was two-thirds	529
of such depreciation expense;	530
(iii) One-sixth of the amount so added for each of the six	531
succeeding taxable years if the entire amount of such	532
depreciation expense was so added.	533
(b) If the amount deducted under division (A)(18)(a) of	534
this section is attributable to an add-back allocated under	535
division (A)(17)(c) of this section, the amount deducted shall	536
be sitused to the same location. Otherwise, the add-back shall	537
be apportioned using the apportionment factors for the taxable	538
year in which the deduction is taken, subject to one or more of	539
the four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in	540
section 5747.21 of the Revised Code.	541

(c) No deduction is available under division (A)(18)(a) of	542
this section with regard to any depreciation allowed by section	543
168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying	544
section 179 depreciation expense amount to the extent that such	545
depreciation results in or increases a federal net operating	546
loss carryback or carryforward. If no such deduction is	547
available for a taxable year, the taxpayer may carry forward the	548
amount not deducted in such taxable year to the next taxable	549
year and add that amount to any deduction otherwise available	550
under division (A)(18)(a) of this section for that next taxable	551
year. The carryforward of amounts not so deducted shall continue	552
until the entire addition required by division (A)(17)(a) of	553
this section has been deducted.	554
(19) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	555

- (19) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the taxable year as reimbursement for life insurance premiums under section 5919.31 of the Revised Code.
- (20) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 560 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 561 the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the 562 taxable year as a death benefit paid by the adjutant general 563 under section 5919.33 of the Revised Code. 564

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(21) Deduct, to the extent included in federal adjusted

gross income and not otherwise allowable as a deduction or

exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for

the taxable year, military pay and allowances received by the

taxpayer during the taxable year for active duty service in the

United States army, air force, navy, marine corps, or coast

guard or reserve components thereof or the national guard. The

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576

H. B. No. 186
Page 21
As Introduced

deduction may not be claimed for military pay and allowances	572
received by the taxpayer while the taxpayer is stationed in this	573
state.	574
(22) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a	575
deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted	576
gross income for the taxable year and not otherwise compensated	577
for by any other source, the amount of qualified organ donation	578
expenses incurred by the taxpayer during the taxable year, not	579
to exceed ten thousand dollars. A taxpayer may deduct qualified	580
organ donation expenses only once for all taxable years	581
beginning with taxable years beginning in 2007.	582
For the purposes of division (A)(22) of this section:	583
(a) "Human organ" means all or any portion of a human	584
liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, or lung, and any portion of	585
human bone marrow.	586
(b) "Qualified organ donation expenses" means travel	587
expenses, lodging expenses, and wages and salary forgone by a	588
taxpayer in connection with the taxpayer's donation, while	589
living, of one or more of the taxpayer's human organs to another	590
human being.	591
(23) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	592
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	593
the taxable year, amounts received by the taxpayer as retired	594
personnel pay for service in the uniformed services or reserve	595
components thereof, or the national guard, or received by the	596
surviving spouse or former spouse of such a taxpayer under the	597
survivor benefit plan on account of such a taxpayer's death. If	598
the taxpayer receives income on account of retirement paid under	599
the federal civil service retirement system or federal employees	600

H. B. No. 186
Page 22
As Introduced

retirement system, or under any successor retirement program	601
enacted by the congress of the United States that is established	602
and maintained for retired employees of the United States	603
government, and such retirement income is based, in whole or in	604
part, on credit for the taxpayer's uniformed service, the	605
deduction allowed under this division shall include only that	606
portion of such retirement income that is attributable to the	607
taxpayer's uniformed service, to the extent that portion of such	608
retirement income is otherwise included in federal adjusted	609
gross income and is not otherwise deducted under this section.	610
Any amount deducted under division (A) (23) of this section is	611
not included in a taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the	612
purposes of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code. No amount may	613
be deducted under division (A)(23) of this section on the basis	614
of which a credit was claimed under section 5747.055 of the	615
Revised Code.	616
(24) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	617
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	618
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the	619
taxable year from the military injury relief fund created in	620
section 5902.05 of the Revised Code.	621
(25) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	622
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	623
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received as a veterans	624
bonus during the taxable year from the Ohio department of	625
veterans services as authorized by Section 2r of Article VIII,	626
Ohio Constitution.	627
(26) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	628

excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for

the taxable year, any income derived from a transfer agreement

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or from the enterprise transferred under that agreement under	631
section 4313.02 of the Revised Code.	632
(27) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	633
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	634
the taxable year, Ohio college opportunity or federal Pell grant	635
amounts received by the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse or	636
dependent pursuant to section 3333.122 of the Revised Code or 20	637
U.S.C. 1070a, et seq., and used to pay room or board furnished	638
by the educational institution for which the grant was awarded	639
at the institution's facilities, including meal plans	640
administered by the institution. For the purposes of this	641
division, receipt of a grant includes the distribution of a	642
grant directly to an educational institution and the crediting	643
of the grant to the enrollee's account with the institution.	644
(28) Deduct from the portion of an individual's federal	645
adjusted gross income that is business income, to the extent not	646
otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal adjusted	647
gross income for the taxable year, one hundred twenty-five	648
thousand dollars for each spouse if spouses file separate	649
returns under section 5747.08 of the Revised Code or two hundred	650
fifty thousand dollars for all other individuals.	651
(29) Deduct, as provided under section 5747.78 of the	652
Revised Code, contributions to ABLE savings accounts made in	653
accordance with sections 113.50 to 113.56 of the Revised Code.	654
(30)(a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	655
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income	656
during the taxable year, all of the following:	657
(i) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described	658
in division (A)(14)(a) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to	659

H. B. No. 186
Page 24
As Introduced

the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in	660
this state during a disaster response period pursuant to a	661
qualifying solicitation received by the employee's employer;	662
(ii) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described	663
in division (A)(14)(b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to	664
the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in	665
this state by the employee during the disaster response period	666
on critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's	667
employer;	668
(iii) Income received by an out-of-state disaster business	669
for disaster work conducted in this state during a disaster	670
response period, or, if the out-of-state disaster business is a	671
pass-through entity, a taxpayer's distributive share of the	672
pass-through entity's income from the business conducting	673
disaster work in this state during a disaster response period,	674
if, in either case, the disaster work is conducted pursuant to a	675
qualifying solicitation received by the business.	676
(b) All terms used in division (A)(30) of this section	677
have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised	678
Code.	679
(31) For a taxpayer who is a qualifying Ohio educator,	680
deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in	681
computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable	682
year, the lesser of two hundred fifty dollars or the amount of	683
expenses described in subsections (a)(2)(D)(i) and (ii) of	684
section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred by the	685
taxpayer during the taxpayer's taxable year in excess of the	686
amount the taxpayer is authorized to deduct for that taxable	687
year under subsection (a)(2)(D) of that section.	688

$\frac{(34)(32)}{(32)}$ Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	689
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	690
the taxable year, amounts received by the taxpayer as a	691
disability severance payment, computed under 10 U.S.C. 1212,	692
following discharge or release under honorable conditions from	693
the armed forces, as defined by 10 U.S.C. 101.	694
(33)(a) Deduct the amounts described in division (A) of	695
section 193.05 of the Revised Code pertaining to deposits made	696
to, and the interest and other income on the principal balance	697
of, a first-time home buyer savings account during the taxable	698
year. The deduction allowed by division (A) (33) (a) of this_	699
section does not apply to first-time home buyer savings account	700
deposits and earnings otherwise deducted or excluded for the	701
current or any other taxable year from the taxpayer's federal	702
adjusted gross income.	703
(b) Add the amounts described in division (B) of section	704
193.05 of the Revised Code pertaining to withdrawals from a	705
first-time home buyer savings account during the taxable year	706
that are not used to pay eligible costs for the purchase of a	707
single-family residence by a qualified beneficiary, investment	708
earnings on such withdrawals, and amounts remaining in a first-	709
time home buyer savings account on the thirty-first day of	710
December of the fourteenth taxable year following the date the	711
December of the fourteenth taxable year following the date the account was opened.	711 712
account was opened.	712
account was opened. (B) "Business income" means income, including gain or	712 713
account was opened. (B) "Business income" means income, including gain or loss, arising from transactions, activities, and sources in the	712 713 714
account was opened. (B) "Business income" means income, including gain or loss, arising from transactions, activities, and sources in the regular course of a trade or business and includes income, gain,	712 713 714 715

of a trade or business operation. "Business income" includes	719
income, including gain or loss, from a partial or complete	720
liquidation of a business, including, but not limited to, gain	721
or loss from the sale or other disposition of goodwill.	722
(C) "Nonbusiness income" means all income other than	723
business income and may include, but is not limited to,	724
compensation, rents and royalties from real or tangible personal	725
property, capital gains, interest, dividends and distributions,	726
patent or copyright royalties, or lottery winnings, prizes, and	727
awards.	728
(D) "Compensation" means any form of remuneration paid to	729
an employee for personal services.	730
(E) "Fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor,	731
administrator, receiver, conservator, or any other person acting	732
in any fiduciary capacity for any individual, trust, or estate.	733
(F) "Fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve	734
months ending on the last day of any month other than December.	735
(G) "Individual" means any natural person.	736
(H) "Internal Revenue Code" means the "Internal Revenue	737
Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended.	738
(I) "Resident" means any of the following:	739
(1) An individual who is domiciled in this state, subject	740
to section 5747.24 of the Revised Code;	741
(2) The estate of a decedent who at the time of death was	742
domiciled in this state. The domicile tests of section 5747.24	743
of the Revised Code are not controlling for purposes of division	744
(I)(2) of this section.	745

(3) A trust that, in whole or part, resides in this state.	746
If only part of a trust resides in this state, the trust is a	747
resident only with respect to that part.	748
For the purposes of division (I)(3) of this section:	749
(a) A trust resides in this state for the trust's current	750
taxable year to the extent, as described in division (I)(3)(d)	751
of this section, that the trust consists directly or indirectly,	752
in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related liabilities,	753
that were transferred, or caused to be transferred, directly or	754
indirectly, to the trust by any of the following:	755
(i) A person, a court, or a governmental entity or	756
instrumentality on account of the death of a decedent, but only	757
if the trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) or (ii) of	758
this section;	759
(ii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the	760
purposes of this chapter when the person directly or indirectly	761
transferred assets to an irrevocable trust, but only if at least	762
one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this	
one of one state a dagraffing sentitionalist is demicited in only	763
state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some	763 764
state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some	764
state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current taxable year;	764 765
state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current taxable year; (iii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the	764 765 766
state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current taxable year; (iii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the purposes of this chapter when the trust document or instrument	764 765 766 767
state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current taxable year; (iii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the purposes of this chapter when the trust document or instrument or part of the trust document or instrument became irrevocable,	764 765 766 767 768
state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current taxable year; (iii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the purposes of this chapter when the trust document or instrument or part of the trust document or instrument became irrevocable, but only if at least one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries	764 765 766 767 768 769
state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current taxable year; (iii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the purposes of this chapter when the trust document or instrument or part of the trust document or instrument became irrevocable, but only if at least one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is a resident domiciled in this state for the purposes of this	764 765 766 767 768 769 770
state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current taxable year; (iii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the purposes of this chapter when the trust document or instrument or part of the trust document or instrument became irrevocable, but only if at least one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is a resident domiciled in this state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current	764 765 766 767 768 769 770

person is a person described in division (I)(3)(a)(iii) of this	775
section.	776
(b) A trust is irrevocable to the extent that the	777
transferor is not considered to be the owner of the net assets	778
of the trust under sections 671 to 678 of the Internal Revenue	779
Code.	780
(c) With respect to a trust other than a charitable lead	781
trust, "qualifying beneficiary" has the same meaning as	782
"potential current beneficiary" as defined in section 1361(e)(2)	783
of the Internal Revenue Code, and with respect to a charitable	784
lead trust "qualifying beneficiary" is any current, future, or	785
contingent beneficiary, but with respect to any trust	786
"qualifying beneficiary" excludes a person or a governmental	787
entity or instrumentality to any of which a contribution would	788
qualify for the charitable deduction under section 170 of the	789
Internal Revenue Code.	790
(d) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a) of this	791
section, the extent to which a trust consists directly or	792
indirectly, in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related	793
liabilities, that were transferred directly or indirectly, in	794
whole or part, to the trust by any of the sources enumerated in	795
that division shall be ascertained by multiplying the fair	796
market value of the trust's assets, net of related liabilities,	797
by the qualifying ratio, which shall be computed as follows:	798
(i) The first time the trust receives assets, the	799
numerator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of	800
those assets at that time, net of any related liabilities, from	801
sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section. The	802
denominator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of	803

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all the trust's assets at that time, net of any related

liabilities.	805
(ii) Each subsequent time the trust receives assets, a	806
revised qualifying ratio shall be computed. The numerator of the	807
revised qualifying ratio is the sum of (1) the fair market value	808
of the trust's assets immediately prior to the subsequent	809
transfer, net of any related liabilities, multiplied by the	810
qualifying ratio last computed without regard to the subsequent	811
transfer, and (2) the fair market value of the subsequently	812
transferred assets at the time transferred, net of any related	813
liabilities, from sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of	814
this section. The denominator of the revised qualifying ratio is	815
the fair market value of all the trust's assets immediately	816
after the subsequent transfer, net of any related liabilities.	817
(iii) Whether a transfer to the trust is by or from any of	818
the sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section	819
shall be ascertained without regard to the domicile of the	820
trust's beneficiaries.	821
(e) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a)(i) of this	822
section:	823
(i) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) of this	824
section if the trust is a testamentary trust and the testator of	825
that testamentary trust was domiciled in this state at the time	826
of the testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under	827
Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code.	828
(ii) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of	829
this section if the transfer is a qualifying transfer described	830
in any of divisions (I)(3)(f)(i) to (vi) of this section, the	831
trust is an irrevocable inter vivos trust, and at least one of	832
the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this state	833

for purposes of this chapter during all or some portion of the	834
trust's current taxable year.	835
(f) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of this	836
section, a "qualifying transfer" is a transfer of assets, net of	837
any related liabilities, directly or indirectly to a trust, if	838
the transfer is described in any of the following:	839
(i) The transfer is made to a trust, created by the	840
decedent before the decedent's death and while the decedent was	841
domiciled in this state for the purposes of this chapter, and,	842
prior to the death of the decedent, the trust became irrevocable	843
while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes	844
of this chapter.	845
(ii) The transfer is made to a trust to which the	846
decedent, prior to the decedent's death, had directly or	847
indirectly transferred assets, net of any related liabilities,	848
while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes	849
of this chapter, and prior to the death of the decedent the	850
trust became irrevocable while the decedent was domiciled in	851
this state for the purposes of this chapter.	852
(iii) The transfer is made on account of a contractual	853
relationship existing directly or indirectly between the	854
transferor and either the decedent or the estate of the decedent	855
at any time prior to the date of the decedent's death, and the	856
decedent was domiciled in this state at the time of death for	857
purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter 5731. of the Revised	858
Code.	859
(iv) The transfer is made to a trust on account of a	860
contractual relationship existing directly or indirectly between	861
the transferor and another person who at the time of the	862

decedent's death was domiciled in this state for purposes of	863
this chapter.	864
(v) The transfer is made to a trust on account of the will	865
of a testator who was domiciled in this state at the time of the	866
testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter	867
5731. of the Revised Code.	868
(vi) The transfer is made to a trust created by or caused	869
to be created by a court, and the trust was directly or	870
indirectly created in connection with or as a result of the	871
death of an individual who, for purposes of the taxes levied	872
under Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code, was domiciled in this	873
state at the time of the individual's death.	874
(g) The tax commissioner may adopt rules to ascertain the	875
part of a trust residing in this state.	876
(J) "Nonresident" means an individual or estate that is	877
not a resident. An individual who is a resident for only part of	878
a taxable year is a nonresident for the remainder of that	879
taxable year.	880
(K) "Pass-through entity" has the same meaning as in	881
section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.	882
(L) "Return" means the notifications and reports required	883
to be filed pursuant to this chapter for the purpose of	884
reporting the tax due and includes declarations of estimated tax	885
when so required.	886
(M) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the	887
taxpayer's fiscal year ending during the calendar year, or	888
fractional part thereof, upon which the adjusted gross income is	889
calculated pursuant to this chapter.	890

(N) "Taxpayer" means any person subject to the tax imposed	891
by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code or any pass-through	892
entity that makes the election under division (D) of section	893
5747.08 of the Revised Code.	894
(O) "Dependents" means one of the following:	895
(1) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,	896
2018, and before January 1, 2026, dependents as defined in the	897
Internal Revenue Code;	898
(2) For all other taxable years, dependents as defined in	899
the Internal Revenue Code and as claimed in the taxpayer's	900
federal income tax return for the taxable year or which the	901
taxpayer would have been permitted to claim had the taxpayer	902
filed a federal income tax return.	903
(P) "Principal county of employment" means, in the case of	904
a nonresident, the county within the state in which a taxpayer	905
performs services for an employer or, if those services are	906
performed in more than one county, the county in which the major	907
portion of the services are performed.	908
(Q) As used in sections 5747.50 to 5747.55 of the Revised	909
Code:	910
(1) "Subdivision" means any county, municipal corporation,	911
park district, or township.	912
(2) "Essential local government purposes" includes all	913
functions that any subdivision is required by general law to	914
exercise, including like functions that are exercised under a	915
charter adopted pursuant to the Ohio Constitution.	916
(R) "Overpayment" means any amount already paid that	917
exceeds the figure determined to be the correct amount of the	918

tax.	919
(S) "Taxable income" or "Ohio taxable income" applies only	920
to estates and trusts, and means federal taxable income, as	921
defined and used in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as	922
follows:	923
(1) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary,	924
and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal	925
taxable income, on obligations or securities of any state or of	926
any political subdivision or authority of any state, other than	927
this state and its subdivisions and authorities, but only to the	928
extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible in Ohio	929
taxable income and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or	930
(b) of this section:	931
(a) The net amount is not attributable to the S portion of	932
an electing small business trust and has not been distributed to	933
beneficiaries for the taxable year;	934
(b) The net amount is attributable to the S portion of an	935
electing small business trust for the taxable year.	936
(2) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary,	937
and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal	938
taxable income, on obligations of any authority, commission,	939
instrumentality, territory, or possession of the United States	940
to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from	941
federal income taxes but not from state income taxes, but only	942
to the extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible	943
in Ohio taxable income and is described in either division (S)	944
(1) (a) or (b) of this section;	945
(3) Add the amount of personal exemption allowed to the	946
estate pursuant to section 642(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;	947

H. B. No. 186
Page 34
As Introduced

(4) Deduct interest or dividends, net of related expenses	948
deducted in computing federal taxable income, on obligations of	949
the United States and its territories and possessions or of any	950
authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States	951
to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from	952
state taxes under the laws of the United States, but only to the	953
extent that such amount is included in federal taxable income	954
and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or (b) of this	955
section;	956
(5) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not	957
otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been	958
allowable as a deduction in computing federal taxable income for	959
the taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit allowed under	960
sections 38, 51, and 52 of the Internal Revenue Code not been in	961
effect, but only to the extent such amount relates either to	962
income included in federal taxable income for the taxable year	963
or to income of the S portion of an electing small business	964
trust for the taxable year;	965
(6) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent, net of	966
related expenses deducted in computing federal taxable income,	967
on public obligations and purchase obligations, but only to the	968
extent that such net amount relates either to income included in	969
federal taxable income for the taxable year or to income of the	970
S portion of an electing small business trust for the taxable	971
year;	972
(7) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from sale,	973
exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to the	974
extent that such loss has been deducted or such gain has been	975
included in computing either federal taxable income or income of	976
the S portion of an electing small business trust for the	977

taxable year;	978
(8) Except in the case of the final return of an estate,	979
add any amount deducted by the taxpayer on both its Ohio estate	980
tax return pursuant to section 5731.14 of the Revised Code, and	981
on its federal income tax return in determining federal taxable	982
income;	983
(9)(a) Deduct any amount included in federal taxable	984
income solely because the amount represents a reimbursement or	985
refund of expenses that in a previous year the decedent had	986
deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to section 63 of the	987
Internal Revenue Code and applicable treasury regulations. The	988
deduction otherwise allowed under division (S)(9)(a) of this	989
section shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is	990
attributable to an amount the taxpayer or decedent deducted	991
under this section in any taxable year.	992
(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio taxable	993
income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount is	994
attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any	995
amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio taxable	996
income in any taxable year, but only to the extent such amount	997
has not been distributed to beneficiaries for the taxable year.	998
(10) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in	999
section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying	1000
previously reported income received under a claim of right, that	1001
meets both of the following requirements:	1002
(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was	1003
included in the taxpayer's taxable income or the decedent's	1004
adjusted gross income for a prior taxable year and did not	1005
	1005

5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year.	1007
(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's taxable	1008
income or the decedent's adjusted gross income for the current	1009
or any other taxable year.	1010
(11) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section	1011
5747.059 of the Revised Code to the extent that the amount	1012
satisfies either of the following:	1013
(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the	1014
computation of the taxpayer's federal taxable income as required	1015
to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under the	1016
Internal Revenue Code;	1017
(b) The amount resulted in a reduction in the taxpayer's	1018
federal taxable income as required to be reported for any of the	1019
taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code.	1020
(12) Deduct any amount, net of related expenses deducted	1021
in computing federal taxable income, that a trust is required to	1022
report as farm income on its federal income tax return, but only	1023
if the assets of the trust include at least ten acres of land	1024
satisfying the definition of "land devoted exclusively to	1025
agricultural use" under section 5713.30 of the Revised Code,	1026
regardless of whether the land is valued for tax purposes as	1027
such land under sections 5713.30 to 5713.38 of the Revised Code.	1028
If the trust is a pass-through entity investor, section 5747.231	1029
of the Revised Code applies in ascertaining if the trust is	1030
eligible to claim the deduction provided by division (S)(12) of	1031
this section in connection with the pass-through entity's farm	1032
income.	1033
Except for farm income attributable to the S portion of an	1034
electing small business trust, the deduction provided by	1035

division (S)(12) of this section is allowed only to the extent	1036
that the trust has not distributed such farm income.	1037
(13) Add the net amount of income described in section	1038
641(c) of the Internal Revenue Code to the extent that amount is	1039
not included in federal taxable income.	1040
(14) Add or deduct the amount the taxpayer would be	1041
required to add or deduct under division (A)(17) or (18) of this	1042
section if the taxpayer's Ohio taxable income were computed in	1043
the same manner as an individual's Ohio adjusted gross income is	1044
computed under this section.	1045
(T) "School district income" and "school district income	1046
tax" have the same meanings as in section 5748.01 of the Revised	1047
Code.	1048
(U) As used in divisions (A)(7), (A)(8), (S)(6), and (S)	1049
(7) of this section, "public obligations," "purchase	1050
obligations," and "interest or interest equivalent" have the	1051
same meanings as in section 5709.76 of the Revised Code.	1052
(V) "Limited liability company" means any limited	1053
liability company formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the	1054
Revised Code or under the laws of any other state.	1055
(W) "Pass-through entity investor" means any person who,	1056
during any portion of a taxable year of a pass-through entity,	1057
is a partner, member, shareholder, or equity investor in that	1058
pass-through entity.	1059
(X) "Banking day" has the same meaning as in section	1060
1304.01 of the Revised Code.	1061
(Y) "Month" means a calendar month.	1062
(Z) "Quarter" means the first three months, the second	1063

three months, the third three months, or the last three months	1064
of the taxpayer's taxable year.	1065
(AA)(1) "Modified business income" means the business	1066
income included in a trust's Ohio taxable income after such	1067
taxable income is first reduced by the qualifying trust amount,	1068
if any.	1069
(2) "Qualifying trust amount" of a trust means capital	1070
gains and losses from the sale, exchange, or other disposition	1071
of equity or ownership interests in, or debt obligations of, a	1072
qualifying investee to the extent included in the trust's Ohio	1073
taxable income, but only if the following requirements are	1074
satisfied:	1075
(a) The book value of the qualifying investee's physical	1076
assets in this state and everywhere, as of the last day of the	1077
qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately	1078
prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or	1079
loss, is available to the trust.	1080
(b) The requirements of section 5747.011 of the Revised	1081
Code are satisfied for the trust's taxable year in which the	1082
trust recognizes the gain or loss.	1083
Any gain or loss that is not a qualifying trust amount is	1084
modified business income, qualifying investment income, or	1085
modified nonbusiness income, as the case may be.	1086
(3) "Modified nonbusiness income" means a trust's Ohio	1087
taxable income other than modified business income, other than	1088
the qualifying trust amount, and other than qualifying	1089
investment income, as defined in section 5747.012 of the Revised	1090
Code, to the extent such qualifying investment income is not	1091
otherwise part of modified business income.	1092

(4) "Modified Ohio taxable income" applies only to trusts,	1093
and means the sum of the amounts described in divisions (AA)(4)	1094
(a) to (c) of this section:	1095
(a) The fraction, calculated under section 5747.013, and	1096
applying section 5747.231 of the Revised Code, multiplied by the	1097
sum of the following amounts:	1098
(i) The trust's modified business income;	1099
(ii) The trust's qualifying investment income, as defined	1100
in section 5747.012 of the Revised Code, but only to the extent	1101
the qualifying investment income does not otherwise constitute	1102
modified business income and does not otherwise constitute a	1103
qualifying trust amount.	1104
(b) The qualifying trust amount multiplied by a fraction,	1105
the numerator of which is the sum of the book value of the	1106
qualifying investee's physical assets in this state on the last	1107
day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending	1108
immediately prior to the day on which the trust recognizes the	1109
qualifying trust amount, and the denominator of which is the sum	1110
of the book value of the qualifying investee's total physical	1111
assets everywhere on the last day of the qualifying investee's	1112
fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the day on	1113
which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount. If, for	1114
a taxable year, the trust recognizes a qualifying trust amount	1115
with respect to more than one qualifying investee, the amount	1116
described in division (AA)(4)(b) of this section shall equal the	1117
sum of the products so computed for each such qualifying	1118
investee.	1119
(c)(i) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that	1120

is a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)

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(d) of this section, its modified nonbusiness income.	1122
(ii) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is	1123
not a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)	1124
(d) of this section, the amount of its modified nonbusiness	1125
income satisfying the descriptions in divisions (B)(2) to (5) of	1126
section 5747.20 of the Revised Code, except as otherwise	1127
provided in division (AA)(4)(c)(ii) of this section. With	1128
respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is not a resident	1129
as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)(d) of this	1130
section, the trust's portion of modified nonbusiness income	1131
recognized from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a	1132
debt interest in or equity interest in a section 5747.212	1133
entity, as defined in section 5747.212 of the Revised Code,	1134
without regard to division (A) of that section, shall not be	1135
allocated to this state in accordance with section 5747.20 of	1136
the Revised Code but shall be apportioned to this state in	1137
accordance with division (B) of section 5747.212 of the Revised	1138
Code without regard to division (A) of that section.	1139
If the allocation and apportionment of a trust's income	1140
under divisions (AA)(4)(a) and (c) of this section do not fairly	1141
represent the modified Ohio taxable income of the trust in this	1142
state, the alternative methods described in division (C) of	1143
section 5747.21 of the Revised Code may be applied in the manner	1144
and to the same extent provided in that section.	1145
(5)(a) Except as set forth in division (AA)(5)(b) of this	1146
section, "qualifying investee" means a person in which a trust	1147
has an equity or ownership interest, or a person or unit of	1148
government the debt obligations of either of which are owned by	1149
a trust. For the purposes of division (AA)(2)(a) of this section	1150
and for the purpose of computing the fraction described in	1151

division (AA)(4)(b) of this section, all of the following apply:	1152
(i) If the qualifying investee is a member of a qualifying	1153
controlled group on the last day of the qualifying investee's	1154
fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on	1155
which the trust recognizes the gain or loss, then "qualifying	1156
investee" includes all persons in the qualifying controlled	1157
group on such last day.	1158
(ii) If the qualifying investee, or if the qualifying	1159
investee and any members of the qualifying controlled group of	1160
which the qualifying investee is a member on the last day of the	1161
qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately	1162
prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or	1163
loss, separately or cumulatively own, directly or indirectly, on	1164
the last day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar	1165
year ending immediately prior to the date on which the trust	1166
recognizes the qualifying trust amount, more than fifty per cent	1167
of the equity of a pass-through entity, then the qualifying	1168
investee and the other members are deemed to own the	1169
proportionate share of the pass-through entity's physical assets	1170
which the pass-through entity directly or indirectly owns on the	1171
last day of the pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year	1172
ending within or with the last day of the qualifying investee's	1173
fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on	1174
which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount.	1175
(iii) For the purposes of division (AA)(5)(a)(iii) of this	1176
section, "upper level pass-through entity" means a pass-through	1177
entity directly or indirectly owning any equity of another pass-	1178
through entity, and "lower level pass-through entity" means that	1179
other pass-through entity.	1180

An upper level pass-through entity, whether or not it is

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also a qualifying investee, is deemed to own, on the last day of	1182
the upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year,	1183
the proportionate share of the lower level pass-through entity's	1184
physical assets that the lower level pass-through entity	1185
directly or indirectly owns on the last day of the lower level	1186
pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year ending within or	1187
with the last day of the upper level pass-through entity's	1188
fiscal or calendar year. If the upper level pass-through entity	1189
directly and indirectly owns less than fifty per cent of the	1190
equity of the lower level pass-through entity on each day of the	1191
upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in	1192
which or with which ends the calendar or fiscal year of the	1193
lower level pass-through entity and if, based upon clear and	1194
convincing evidence, complete information about the location and	1195
cost of the physical assets of the lower pass-through entity is	1196
not available to the upper level pass-through entity, then	1197
solely for purposes of ascertaining if a gain or loss	1198
constitutes a qualifying trust amount, the upper level pass-	1199
through entity shall be deemed as owning no equity of the lower	1200
level pass-through entity for each day during the upper level	1201
pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in which or with	1202
which ends the lower level pass-through entity's calendar or	1203
fiscal year. Nothing in division (AA)(5)(a)(iii) of this section	1204
shall be construed to provide for any deduction or exclusion in	1205
computing any trust's Ohio taxable income.	1206

- (b) With respect to a trust that is not a resident for the 1207 taxable year and with respect to a part of a trust that is not a 1208 resident for the taxable year, "qualifying investee" for that 1209 taxable year does not include a C corporation if both of the 1210 following apply:
 - (i) During the taxable year the trust or part of the trust 1212

recognizes a gain or loss from the sale, exchange, or other	1213
disposition of equity or ownership interests in, or debt	1214
obligations of, the C corporation.	1215
(ii) Such gain or loss constitutes nonbusiness income.	1216
(6) "Available" means information is such that a person is	1217
able to learn of the information by the due date plus	1218
extensions, if any, for filing the return for the taxable year	1219
in which the trust recognizes the gain or loss.	1220
(BB) "Qualifying controlled group" has the same meaning as	1221
in section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.	1222
(CC) "Related member" has the same meaning as in section	1223
5733.042 of the Revised Code.	1224
(DD)(1) For the purposes of division (DD) of this section:	1225
(a) "Qualifying person" means any person other than a	1226
qualifying corporation.	1227
(b) "Qualifying corporation" means any person classified	1228
for federal income tax purposes as an association taxable as a	1229
corporation, except either of the following:	1230
(i) A corporation that has made an election under	1231
subchapter S, chapter one, subtitle A, of the Internal Revenue	1232
Code for its taxable year ending within, or on the last day of,	1233
the investor's taxable year;	1234
(ii) A subsidiary that is wholly owned by any corporation	1235
that has made an election under subchapter S, chapter one,	1236
subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year	1237
ending within, or on the last day of, the investor's taxable	1238
year.	1239

(2) For the purposes of this chapter, unless expressly	1240
stated otherwise, no qualifying person indirectly owns any asset	1241
directly or indirectly owned by any qualifying corporation.	1242
(EE) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 5751. of the	1243
Revised Code:	1244
(1) "Trust" does not include a qualified pre-income tax	1245
trust.	1246
(2) A "qualified pre-income tax trust" is any pre-income	1247
tax trust that makes a qualifying pre-income tax trust election	1248
as described in division (EE)(3) of this section.	1249
(3) A "qualifying pre-income tax trust election" is an	1250
election by a pre-income tax trust to subject to the tax imposed	1251
by section 5751.02 of the Revised Code the pre-income tax trust	1252
and all pass-through entities of which the trust owns or	1253
controls, directly, indirectly, or constructively through	1254
related interests, five per cent or more of the ownership or	1255
equity interests. The trustee shall notify the tax commissioner	1256
in writing of the election on or before April 15, 2006. The	1257
election, if timely made, shall be effective on and after	1258
January 1, 2006, and shall apply for all tax periods and tax	1259
years until revoked by the trustee of the trust.	1260
(4) A "pre-income tax trust" is a trust that satisfies all	1261
of the following requirements:	1262
(a) The document or instrument creating the trust was	1263
executed by the grantor before January 1, 1972;	1264
(b) The trust became irrevocable upon the creation of the	1265
trust; and	1266
(c) The grantor was domiciled in this state at the time	1267

the trust was created.	1268
(FF) "Uniformed services" has the same meaning as in 10	1269
U.S.C. 101.	1270
(GG) "Taxable business income" means the amount by which	1271
an individual's business income that is included in federal	1272
adjusted gross income exceeds the amount of business income the	1273
individual is authorized to deduct under division $\frac{(A)(31)}{(A)}$	1274
(28) of this section for the taxable year.	1275
(HH) "Employer" does not include a franchisor with respect	1276
to the franchisor's relationship with a franchisee or an	1277
employee of a franchisee, unless the franchisor agrees to assume	1278
that role in writing or a court of competent jurisdiction	1279
determines that the franchisor exercises a type or degree of	1280
control over the franchisee or the franchisee's employees that	1281
is not customarily exercised by a franchisor for the purpose of	1282
protecting the franchisor's trademark, brand, or both. For	1283
purposes of this division, "franchisor" and "franchisee" have	1284
the same meanings as in 16 C.F.R. 436.1.	1285
(II) "Modified adjusted gross income" means Ohio adjusted	1286
gross income plus any amount deducted under division (A) (28) of	1287
this section for the taxable year.	1288
(JJ) "Qualifying Ohio educator" means an individual who,	1289
for a taxable year, qualifies as an eligible educator, as that	1290
term is defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code, and	1291
who holds a certificate, license, or permit described in Chapter	1292
3319. or section 3301.071 of the Revised Code.	1293
Sec. 5747.10. (A) As used in this section:	1294
(1) "Audited partnership" means a partnership subject to	1295
an examination by the internal revenue service pursuant to	1296

subchapter C, chapter 63, subtitle F of the Internal Revenue	1297
Code resulting in a federal adjustment.	1298
(2)(a) "Direct investor" means a partner or other investor	1299
that holds a direct interest in a pass-through entity.	1300
(b) "Indirect investor" means a partner or other investor	1301
that holds an interest in a pass-through entity that itself	1302
holds an interest, directly or through another indirect partner	1303
or other investor, in a pass-through entity.	1304
(3) "Exempt partner" means a partner that is neither a	1305
pass-through entity nor a person subject to the tax imposed by	1306
section 5747.02 of the Revised Code.	1307
(4) "Federal adjustment" means a change to an item or	1308
amount required to be determined under the Internal Revenue Code	1309
that directly or indirectly affects a taxpayer's aggregate tax	1310
liability under section 5747.02 or Chapter 5748. of the Revised	1311
Code and that results from an action or examination by the	1312
internal revenue service, or from the filing of an amended	1313
federal tax return, a claim for a federal tax refund, or an	1314
administrative adjustment request filed by a partnership under	1315
section 6227 of the Internal Revenue Code.	1316
(5) "Federal adjustments return" means the form or other	1317
document prescribed by the tax commissioner for use by a	1318
taxpayer in reporting final federal adjustments.	1319
(6) "State partnership representative" means either of the	1320
following:	1321
(a) The person who served as the partnership's	1322
representative for federal income tax purposes, pursuant to	1323
section 6223(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, during the	1324
corresponding federal partnership audit;	1325

(b) The person designated, on a form prescribed by the tax	1326
commissioner, to serve as the partnership's representative	1327
during the state partnership audit. The commissioner may	1328
establish reasonable qualifications and procedures for a person	1329
to be designated as a state partnership representative under	1330
this division.	1331
(7) A federal adjustment is "final" or "agreed to or	1332
finally determined for federal income tax purposes" on any of	1333
the following:	1334
(a) The day after which the period for appeal of a federal	1335
assessment has expired;	1336
(b) The date on a refund check issued by the internal	1337
revenue service; or	1338
(c) For agreements required to be signed by the internal	1339
revenue service and the taxpayer or audited partnership, the	1340
date on which the last party signed the agreement.	1341
(B)(1) If any of the facts, figures, computations, or	1342
attachments required in a taxpayer's annual return to determine	1343
the tax charged by this chapter or Chapter 5748. of the Revised	1344
Code must be altered as the result of a final federal	1345
adjustment, and the federal adjustment is not required to be	1346
reported under division (C) of this section, the taxpayer shall	1347
file an amended return with the tax commissioner in such form as	1348
the commissioner requires. The amended return shall be filed not	1349
later than ninety days after the federal adjustment has been	1350
agreed to or finally determined for federal income tax purposes.	1351
(2) "One hundred eighty" shall be substituted for "ninety"	1352
in divisions (B)(1) and (E)(1) of this section if, for any	1353
taxable year, the final federal adjustment results from taxes	1354

paid by the taxpayer on an amount described in division $\frac{(A)}{(34)}$	1355
(A) (32) of section 5747.01 of the Revised Code.	1356
(C) Except for adjustments required to be reported for	1357
federal purposes pursuant to section 6225(a)(2) of the Internal	1358
Revenue Code and adjustments that are taken into account on a	1359
federal amended return or similar report filed pursuant to	1360
section 6225(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, partnerships	1361
and partners shall report final federal adjustments and make	1362
payments as required under division (C) of this section.	1363
(1) With respect to an action required or permitted to be	1364
taken by a partnership under this section, and any petition for	1365
reassessment or appeal to the board of tax appeals or any court	1366
with respect to such an action, the state partnership	1367
representative shall have the sole authority to act on behalf of	1368
the audited partnership, and the partnership's direct and	1369
indirect investors shall be bound by those actions.	1370
(2) Unless an audited partnership makes the election under	1371
division (C)(3) of this section:	1372
(a) The audited partnership, through its state partnership	1373
representative, shall do all of the following within ninety days	1374
after the federal adjustment is final:	1375
(i) File a federal adjustments return with the tax	1376
commissioner, including a copy of the notifications provided	1377
under division (C)(2)(a)(ii) of this section;	1378
(ii) Notify each of its direct investors, on a form	1379
prescribed by the commissioner, of the investor's distributive	1380
share of the final federal adjustments;	1381
(iii) File an amended tax return on behalf of its	1382
nonresident direct investors and pay any additional tax that	1383

H. B. No. 186
Page 49
As Introduced

would have been due under sections 5733.41 and 5747.41, or	1384
division (D) of section 5747.08, of the Revised Code with	1385
respect to those direct investors had the final federal	1386
adjustments been reported properly on the original filing.	1387
(b) Each direct investor that is subject to the tax	1388
imposed by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code shall file an	1389
original or amended tax return to include the investor's	1390
distributive share of the adjustments reported to the direct	1391
investor under division (C)(2)(a) of this section, and pay any	1392
additional tax due, within ninety days after the audited	1393
partnership files its federal adjustments return with the	1394
commissioner.	1395
(c)(i) Each direct and indirect investor of an audited	1396
partnership that is a pass-through entity and all investors in	1397
such a pass-through entity that are subject to the filing and	1398
payment requirements of Chapters 5733. and 5747. of the Revised	1399
Code are subject to the reporting and payment requirements of	1400
division (C)(2) or, upon a timely election, division (C)(3) of	1401
this section.	1402
(ii) Such direct and indirect investors shall make the	1403
required returns and payments within ninety days after the	1404
deadline for filing and furnishing statements under section	1405
6226(b)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code and applicable treasury	1406
regulations.	1407
(3) If an audited partnership makes the election under	1408
this division, the audited partnership, through its state	1409
partnership representative, shall do all of the following within	1410
ninety days after all federal adjustments are final:	1411
(a) File a federal adjustments return with the tax	1412

commissioner indicating the partnership has made the election	1413
under division (C)(3) of this section;	1414
(b) Pay the amount of combined additional tax due under	1415
division (D)(2) of this section, calculated by multiplying the	1416
highest rate of tax set forth in section 5747.02 of the Revised	1417
Code by the sum of the following:	1418
(i) The distributive shares of the final federal	1419
adjustments that are allocable or apportionable to this state of	1420
each investor who is a nonresident taxpayer or pass-through	1421
entity;	1422
(ii) The distributive share of the final federal	1423
adjustments for each investor who is a resident taxpayer.	1424
(c) Notify each of its direct investors, on a form	1425
prescribed by the commissioner, of the investor's distributive	1426
share of the final federal adjustments and the amount paid on	1427
their behalf pursuant to division (C)(3)(b) of this section.	1428
(4)(a) A direct investor of an audited partnership is not	1429
required to file an amended return or pay tax otherwise due	1430
under section 5747.02 of the Revised Code if the audited	1431
partnership properly reports and pays the tax under division (C)	1432
(3) of this section.	1433
(b)(i) Nothing in division (C) of this section precludes a	1434
direct or indirect investor in the audited partnership from	1435
filing a return to report the investor's share of the final	1436
federal adjustments. Such an investor who files a return and	1437
reports the income related to the final federal adjustments is	1438
entitled to a refundable credit for taxes paid by the audited	1439
partnership under division (C)(3)(b) of this section. The credit	1440
shall be computed and claimed in the same manner as the credit	1441

allowed under division (I) of section 5747.08 of the Revised	1442
Code.	1443
(ii) Notwithstanding division (C)(4)(b)(i) of this	1444
section, an exempt partner, whether a direct or indirect	1445
investor, may file an application for refund of its	1446
proportionate share of the amounts erroneously paid by the	1447
audited partnership pursuant to division (C)(3)(b) of this	1448
section on the exempt partner's behalf.	1449
(5) Upon request by an audited partnership, the tax	1450
commissioner may agree, in writing, to allow an alternative	1451
method of reporting and payment than required by divisions-	1452
division (C)(2) or (3) of this section. The request must be	1453
submitted to the commissioner in writing before the applicable	1454
deadline for filing a return under division (C)(2)(a) or (3) of	1455
this section. The commissioner's decision on whether to enter	1456
into an agreement under this division is not subject to further	1457
administrative review or appeal.	1458
(6) Nothing in division (C) of this section precludes	1459
either of the following:	1460
(a) A resident taxpayer from filing a return to claim the	1461
credit under division (B) of section 5747.05 or division (D)(2)	1462
of section 5747.02 of the Revised Code based upon any amounts	1463
paid by the audited partnership on such investor's behalf to	1464
another state.	1465
(b) The tax commissioner from issuing an assessment under	1466
this chapter against any direct or indirect investor for taxes	1467
due from the investor if an audited partnership, or direct and	1468
indirect investor of an audited partnership that is a pass-	1469
through entity, fails to timely file any return or remit any	1470

payment required by this section or underreports income or	1471
underpays tax on behalf of an indirect investor who is a	1472
resident taxpayer.	1473
(D) In the case of an underpayment, and unless otherwise	1474
agreed to in writing by the tax commissioner:	1475
(1) The taxpayer's amended return shall be accompanied by	1476
payment of any combined additional tax due together with	1477
interest thereon. An amended return required by this section is	1478
a return subject to assessment under section 5747.13 of the	1479
Revised Code for the purpose of assessing any additional tax due	1480
under this section, together with any applicable penalty and	1481
interest. It shall not reopen those facts, figures,	1482
computations, or attachments from a previously filed return no	1483
longer subject to assessment that are not affected, either	1484
directly or indirectly, by the final federal adjustment to the	1485
taxpayer's federal income tax return.	1486
(2) The audited partnership's federal adjustments return	1487
shall be accompanied by payment of any combined additional tax	1488
due together with interest thereon. The federal adjustments	1489
return required by this section is a return subject to	1490
assessment under section 5747.13 of the Revised Code for the	1491
purpose of assessing any additional tax due under this section,	1492
together with any applicable penalty and interest. It shall not	1493
reopen those facts, figures, computations, or attachments from a	1494
previously filed return no longer subject to assessment that are	1495
not affected, either directly or indirectly, by the final	1496
federal adjustment.	1497
(3) The tax commissioner may accept estimated payments of	1498
the tax arising from pending federal adjustments before the date	1499
for filing a federal adjustments return. The commissioner may	1500

adopt rules for the payment of such estimated taxes. 1501

(E) In the case of an overpayment, and unless otherwise 1502 agreed to in writing by the tax commissioner: 1503

- (1) A taxpayer may file an application for refund under 1504 this division within the ninety-day period prescribed for filing 1505 the amended return even if it is filed beyond the period 1506 prescribed in section 5747.11 of the Revised Code if it 1507 otherwise conforms to the requirements of such section. An 1508 application filed under this division shall claim refund of 1509 overpayments resulting from alterations to only those facts, 1510 figures, computations, or attachments required in the taxpayer's 1511 annual return that are affected, either directly or indirectly, 1512 by the final federal adjustment to the taxpayer's federal income 1513 tax return unless it is also filed within the time prescribed in 1514 section 5747.11 of the Revised Code. It shall not reopen those 1515 facts, figures, computations, or attachments that are not 1516 affected, either directly or indirectly, by the adjustment to 1517 the taxpayer's federal income tax return. 1518
- (2) (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (E) (2) (b) 1519 of this section, an audited partnership may file an application 1520 for a refund under this division within the ninety-day period 1521 prescribed for filing the federal adjustments return, even if it 1522 is filed beyond the period prescribed by section 5747.11 of the 1523 Revised Code, if it otherwise conforms to the requirements of 1524 that section. An application filed under this division may claim 1525 a refund of overpayments resulting only from final federal 1526 adjustments unless it is also filed within the time prescribed 1527 by section 5747.11 of the Revised Code. It shall not reopen 1528 those facts, figures, computations, or attachments that are not 1529 affected, either directly or indirectly, by the federal 1530

adjustment.	1531
(b) An audited partnership may not file an application for	1532
refund under division (E) of this section based on final federal	1533
adjustments described in section 6225(a)(2) of the Internal	1534
Revenue Code.	1535
(3) Any refund granted to a pass-through entity filing an	1536
application for refund under division (E) of this section shall	1537
be reduced by amounts previously claimed as a credit under	1538
section 5747.059 or division (I) of section 5747.08 of the	1539
Revised Code by the pass-through entity's direct or indirect	1540
investors.	1541
(F) Excluding the deadline in division (C)(2)(c)(ii) of	1542
this section, an audited partnership, or a direct or indirect	1543
investor of an audited partnership that is a pass-through	1544
entity, may automatically extend the deadline for reporting,	1545
payments, and refunds under this section by sixty days if the	1546
entity has ten thousand or more direct investors and notifies	1547
the commissioner of such extension, in writing, before the	1548
unextended deadline.	1549
Section 2. That existing sections 5747.01 and 5747.10 of	1550
the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	1551
Section 3. This act shall be known as the "First-time Home	1552
Buyer Savings Act."	1553
Section 4. Section 5747.01 of the Revised Code is	1554
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	1555
by H.B. 18, H.B. 197, S.B. 26, and S.B. 276 all of the 133rd	1556
General Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle	1557
stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that	1558
amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of	1559

H. B. No. 186 As Introduced simultaneous operation, finds that the composite is the resulting version of the section in effect prior to the effective date of the section as presented in this act. 1562