As Reported by the Senate Ways and Means Committee

134th General Assembly

Regular Session 2021-2022 Sub. H. B. No. 228

Representative Roemer

Cosponsors: Representatives Fowler Arthur, Seitz, Young, T., Riedel, McClain, Baldridge, Bird, Brown, Carruthers, Crossman, Cutrona, Edwards, Fraizer, Galonski, Gross, Hoops, Lanese, Merrin, Pavliga, Plummer, Richardson, Stephens

Senator Roegner

A BILL

To amend sections 718.01, 718.80, 718.81, 718.83,	1
718.85, 718.90, and 5703.77 and to enact section	2
718.841 of the Revised Code to make changes	3
related to the state administration of municipal	4
net profits taxes and the municipal taxation of	5
retirement benefits and to authorize the	6
conveyance of state-owned land.	7

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 718.01, 718.80, 718.81, 718.83,	8
718.85, 718.90, and 5703.77 be amended and section 718.841 of	9
the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	10
Sec. 718.01. Any term used in this chapter that is not	11
otherwise defined in this chapter has the same meaning as when	12
used in a comparable context in laws of the United States	13
relating to federal income taxation or in Title LVII of the	14
Revised Code, unless a different meaning is clearly required.	15
Except as provided in section 718.81 of the Revised Code, if a	16

term used in this chapter that is not otherwise defined in this 17 chapter is used in a comparable context in both the laws of the 18 United States relating to federal income tax and in Title LVII 19 of the Revised Code and the use is not consistent, then the use 20 of the term in the laws of the United States relating to federal 21 income tax shall control over the use of the term in Title LVII 22 of the Revised Code. 23

Except as otherwise provided in section 718.81 of the Revised Code, as used in this chapter:

(A) (1) "Municipal taxable income" means the following:

(a) For a person other than an individual, income
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apportioned or sitused to the municipal corporation under
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section 718.02 of the Revised Code, as applicable, reduced by
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any pre-2017 net operating loss carryforward available to the
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person for the municipal corporation.

(b) (i) For an individual who is a resident of a municipal
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corporation other than a qualified municipal corporation, income
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reduced by exempt income to the extent otherwise included in
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income, then reduced as provided in division (A) (2) of this
section, and further reduced by any pre-2017 net operating loss
carryforward available to the individual for the municipal
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corporation.

(ii) For an individual who is a resident of a qualified
municipal corporation, Ohio adjusted gross income reduced by
income exempted, and increased by deductions excluded, by the
qualified municipal corporation from the qualified municipal
corporation's tax. If a qualified municipal corporation, on or
before December 31, 2013, exempts income earned by individuals
who are not residents of the qualified municipal corporation and

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net profit of persons that are not wholly located within the
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qualified municipal corporation, such individual or person shall
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have no municipal taxable income for the purposes of the tax
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levied by the qualified municipal corporation and may be
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exempted by the qualified municipal corporation from the
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requirements of section 718.03 of the Revised Code.

(c) For an individual who is a nonresident of a municipal corporation, income reduced by exempt income to the extent otherwise included in income and then, as applicable, apportioned or sitused to the municipal corporation under section 718.02 of the Revised Code, then reduced as provided in division (A)(2) of this section, and further reduced by any pre-2017 net operating loss carryforward available to the individual for the municipal corporation.

(2) In computing the municipal taxable income of a 60 taxpayer who is an individual, the taxpayer may subtract, as 61 provided in division (A)(1)(b)(i) or (c) of this section, the 62 amount of the individual's employee business expenses reported 63 on the individual's form 2106 that the individual deducted for 64 federal income tax purposes for the taxable year, subject to the 65 limitation imposed by section 67 of the Internal Revenue Code. 66 For the municipal corporation in which the taxpayer is a 67 resident, the taxpayer may deduct all such expenses allowed for 68 federal income tax purposes. For a municipal corporation in 69 which the taxpayer is not a resident, the taxpayer may deduct 70 such expenses only to the extent the expenses are related to the 71 taxpayer's performance of personal services in that nonresident 72 municipal corporation. 73

(B) "Income" means the following: 74

(1) (a) For residents, all income, salaries, qualifying

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wages, commissions, and other compensation from whatever source 76 earned or received by the resident, including the resident's 77 distributive share of the net profit of pass-through entities 78 owned directly or indirectly by the resident and any net profit 79 of the resident, except as provided in division (D)(5) of this 80 section. 81

(b) For the purposes of division (B)(1)(a) of this 82 section: 83

84 (i) Any net operating loss of the resident incurred in the taxable year and the resident's distributive share of any net 85 operating loss generated in the same taxable year and 86 attributable to the resident's ownership interest in a pass-87 through entity shall be allowed as a deduction, for that taxable 88 year and the following five taxable years, against any other net 89 profit of the resident or the resident's distributive share of 90 any net profit attributable to the resident's ownership interest 91 in a pass-through entity until fully utilized, subject to 92 division (B)(1)(d) of this section; 93

(ii) The resident's distributive share of the net profit of each pass-through entity owned directly or indirectly by the resident shall be calculated without regard to any net operating loss that is carried forward by that entity from a prior taxable year and applied to reduce the entity's net profit for the current taxable year.

(c) Division (B) (1) (b) of this section does not apply with
respect to any net profit or net operating loss attributable to
an ownership interest in an S corporation unless shareholders'
distributive shares of net profits from S corporations are
subject to tax in the municipal corporation as provided in
division (C) (14) (b) or (c) of this section.

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(d) Any amount of a net operating loss used to reduce a 106
taxpayer's net profit for a taxable year shall reduce the amount 107
of net operating loss that may be carried forward to any 108
subsequent year for use by that taxpayer. In no event shall the 109
cumulative deductions for all taxable years with respect to a 110
taxpayer's net operating loss exceed the original amount of that 111
net operating loss available to that taxpayer. 112

(2) In the case of nonresidents, all income, salaries, 113 qualifying wages, commissions, and other compensation from 114 whatever source earned or received by the nonresident for work 115 done, services performed or rendered, or activities conducted in 116 the municipal corporation, including any net profit of the 117 nonresident, but excluding the nonresident's distributive share 118 of the net profit or loss of only pass-through entities owned 119 directly or indirectly by the nonresident. 120

(3) For taxpayers that are not individuals, net profit of121the taxpayer;122

(4) Lottery, sweepstakes, gambling and sports winnings,
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winnings from games of chance, and prizes and awards. If the
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taxpayer is a professional gambler for federal income tax
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purposes, the taxpayer may deduct related wagering losses and
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expenses to the extent authorized under the Internal Revenue
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Code and claimed against such winnings.

(C) "Exempt income" means all of the following:

(1) The military pay or allowances of members of the armed
forces of the United States or members of their reserve
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components, including the national guard of any state;
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(2)(a) Except as provided in division (C)(2)(b) of this 133
section, intangible income; 134

(b) A municipal corporation that taxed any type of 135 intangible income on March 29, 1988, pursuant to Section 3 of 136 S.B. 238 of the 116th general assembly, may continue to tax that 137 type of income if a majority of the electors of the municipal 138 corporation voting on the question of whether to permit the 139 taxation of that type of intangible income after 1988 voted in 140 favor thereof at an election held on November 8, 1988. 141

(3) Social security benefits, railroad retirement 142 benefits, unemployment compensation, pensions, retirement 143 benefit payments, payments from annuities, and similar payments 144 made to an employee or to the beneficiary of an employee under a 145 retirement program or plan, disability payments received from 146 private industry or local, state, or federal governments or from 147 charitable, religious or educational organizations, and the 148 proceeds of sickness, accident, or liability insurance policies. 149 As used in division (C)(3) of this section, "unemployment 150 compensation" does not include supplemental unemployment 151 compensation described in section 3402(o)(2) of the Internal 152 Revenue Code. 153

(4) The income of religious, fraternal, charitable,
scientific, literary, or educational institutions to the extent
such income is derived from tax-exempt real estate, tax-exempt
tangible or intangible property, or tax-exempt activities.

(5) Compensation paid under section 3501.28 or 3501.36 of
the Revised Code to a person serving as a precinct election
official to the extent that such compensation does not exceed
one thousand dollars for the taxable year. Such compensation in
excess of one thousand dollars for the taxable year may be
subject to taxation by a municipal corporation. A municipal
corporation shall not require the payer of such compensation to

withhold any tax from that compensation.

(6) Dues, contributions, and similar payments received by
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charitable, religious, educational, or literary organizations or
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labor unions, lodges, and similar organizations;
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(7) Alimony and child support received;

(8) Compensation for personal injuries or for damages to
property from insurance proceeds or otherwise, excluding
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compensation paid for lost salaries or wages or compensation
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from punitive damages;
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(9) Income of a public utility when that public utility is
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subject to the tax levied under section 5727.24 or 5727.30 of
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the Revised Code. Division (C) (9) of this section does not apply
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for purposes of Chapter 5745. of the Revised Code.
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(10) Gains from involuntary conversions, interest on 178 federal obligations, items of income subject to a tax levied by 179 the state and that a municipal corporation is specifically 180 prohibited by law from taxing, and income of a decedent's estate 181 during the period of administration except such income from the 182 operation of a trade or business; 183

(11) Compensation or allowances excluded from federalgross income under section 107 of the Internal Revenue Code;185

(12) Employee compensation that is not qualifying wages asdefined in division (R) of this section;187

(13) Compensation paid to a person employed within the
boundaries of a United States air force base under the
jurisdiction of the United States air force that is used for the
housing of members of the United States air force and is a
center for air force operations, unless the person is subject to

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taxation because of residence or domicile. If the compensation193is subject to taxation because of residence or domicile, tax on194such income shall be payable only to the municipal corporation195of residence or domicile.196

(14) (a) Except as provided in division (C) (14) (b) or (c) of this section, an S corporation shareholder's distributive share of net profits of the S corporation, other than any part of the distributive share of net profits that represents wages as defined in section 3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code or net earnings from self-employment as defined in section 1402(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(b) If, pursuant to division (H) of former section 718.01 of the Revised Code as it existed before March 11, 2004, a majority of the electors of a municipal corporation voted in favor of the question at an election held on November 4, 2003, the municipal corporation may continue after 2002 to tax an S corporation shareholder's distributive share of net profits of an S corporation.

(c) If, on December 6, 2002, a municipal corporation was 211 imposing, assessing, and collecting a tax on an S corporation 212 shareholder's distributive share of net profits of the S 213 corporation to the extent the distributive share would be 214 allocated or apportioned to this state under divisions (B)(1) 215 and (2) of section 5733.05 of the Revised Code if the S 216 corporation were a corporation subject to taxes imposed under 217 Chapter 5733. of the Revised Code, the municipal corporation may 218 continue to impose the tax on such distributive shares to the 219 extent such shares would be so allocated or apportioned to this 220 state only until December 31, 2004, unless a majority of the 221 electors of the municipal corporation voting on the question of 222

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continuing to tax such shares after that date voted in favor of223that question at an election held November 2, 2004. If a224majority of those electors voted in favor of the question, the225municipal corporation may continue after December 31, 2004, to226impose the tax on such distributive shares only to the extent227such shares would be so allocated or apportioned to this state.228

(d) A municipal corporation shall be deemed to have 229 elected to tax S corporation shareholders' distributive shares 230 of net profits of the S corporation in the hands of the 231 232 shareholders if a majority of the electors of a municipal 233 corporation voted in favor of a question at an election held under division (C)(14)(b) or (c) of this section. The municipal 234 corporation shall specify by resolution or ordinance that the 235 tax applies to the distributive share of a shareholder of an S 236 corporation in the hands of the shareholder of the S 237 238 corporation.

(15) To the extent authorized under a resolution or
ordinance adopted by a municipal corporation before January 1,
2016, all or a portion of the income of individuals or a class
of individuals under eighteen years of age.

(16) (a) Except as provided in divisions (C) (16) (b), (c), 243
and (d) of this section, qualifying wages described in division 244
(B) (1) or (E) of section 718.011 of the Revised Code to the 245
extent the qualifying wages are not subject to withholding for 246
the municipal corporation under either of those divisions. 247

(b) The exemption provided in division (C) (16) (a) of this
section does not apply with respect to the municipal corporation
in which the employee resided at the time the employee earned
the qualifying wages.

(c) The exemption provided in division (C) (16) (a) of this
section does not apply to qualifying wages that an employer
elects to withhold under division (D) (2) of section 718.011 of
the Revised Code.

(d) The exemption provided in division (C) (16) (a) of this
section does not apply to qualifying wages if both of the
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following conditions apply:
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(i) For qualifying wages described in division (B)(1) of 259 section 718.011 of the Revised Code, the employee's employer 260 withholds and remits tax on the qualifying wages to the 261 municipal corporation in which the employee's principal place of 262 work is situated, or, for qualifying wages described in division 263 (E) of section 718.011 of the Revised Code, the employee's 264 employer withholds and remits tax on the qualifying wages to the 265 municipal corporation in which the employer's fixed location is 266 located; 267

(ii) The employee receives a refund of the tax described in division (C)(16)(d)(i) of this section on the basis of the employee not performing services in that municipal corporation.

(17)(a) Except as provided in division (C)(17)(b) or (c) 271
of this section, compensation that is not qualifying wages paid 272
to a nonresident individual for personal services performed in 273
the municipal corporation on not more than twenty days in a 274
taxable year. 275

(b) The exemption provided in division (C) (17) (a) of this
section does not apply under either of the following
circumstances:

(i) The individual's base of operation is located in the279municipal corporation.280

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(ii) The individual is a professional athlete, 281 professional entertainer, or public figure, and the compensation 282 is paid for the performance of services in the individual's 283 capacity as a professional athlete, professional entertainer, or 284 public figure. For purposes of division (C) (17) (b) (ii) of this 285 section, "professional athlete," "professional entertainer," and 286 "public figure" have the same meanings as in section 718.011 of 287 the Revised Code. 288

(c) Compensation to which division (C) (17) of this section 289 290 applies shall be treated as earned or received at the individual's base of operation. If the individual does not have a base of operation, the compensation shall be treated as earned 292 or received where the individual is domiciled.

(d) For purposes of division (C) (17) of this section, 294 "base of operation" means the location where an individual owns 295 or rents an office, storefront, or similar facility to which the 296 individual regularly reports and at which the individual 297 regularly performs personal services for compensation. 298

(18) Compensation paid to a person for personal services 299 performed for a political subdivision on property owned by the 300 political subdivision, regardless of whether the compensation is 301 received by an employee of the subdivision or another person 302 performing services for the subdivision under a contract with 303 the subdivision, if the property on which services are performed 304 is annexed to a municipal corporation pursuant to section 305 709.023 of the Revised Code on or after March 27, 2013, unless 306 the person is subject to such taxation because of residence. If 307 the compensation is subject to taxation because of residence, 308 municipal income tax shall be payable only to the municipal 309 corporation of residence. 310

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(19) In the case of a tax administered, collected, and 311 enforced by a municipal corporation pursuant to an agreement 312 with the board of directors of a joint economic development 313 district under section 715.72 of the Revised Code, the net 314 profits of a business, and the income of the employees of that 315 business, exempted from the tax under division (Q) of that 316 section. 317

(20) All of the following:

(a) Income derived from disaster work conducted in this
state by an out-of-state disaster business during a disaster
response period pursuant to a qualifying solicitation received
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by the business;
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(b) Income of a qualifying employee described in division
(A) (14) (a) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code, to the extent such income is derived from disaster work conducted in this state by the employee during a disaster response period pursuant to a qualifying solicitation received by the employee's employer;

(c) Income of a qualifying employee described in division
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(A) (14) (b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code, to the extent
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such income is derived from disaster work conducted in this
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state by the employee during a disaster response period on
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critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's
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employer.

(21) Income the taxation of which is prohibited by the335constitution or laws of the United States.336

Any item of income that is exempt income of a pass-through337entity under division (C) of this section is exempt income of338each owner of the pass-through entity to the extent of that339

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owner's distributive or proportionate share of that item of the
entity's income.
 (D)(1) "Net profit" for a person who is an individual
means the individual's net profit required to be reported on
schedule C, schedule E, or schedule F reduced by any net
operating loss carried forward. For the purposes of division (D)
(1) of this section, the net operating loss carried forward

shall be calculated and deducted in the same manner as provided347in division (D)(3) of this section.348

(2) "Net profit" for a person other than an individual 349
means adjusted federal taxable income reduced by any net 350
operating loss incurred by the person in a taxable year 351
beginning on or after January 1, 2017, subject to the 352
limitations of division (D) (3) of this section. 353

(3) (a) The amount of such net operating loss shall be 354 deducted from net profit to the extent necessary to reduce 355 municipal taxable income to zero, with any remaining unused 356 portion of the net operating loss carried forward to not more 357 than five consecutive taxable years following the taxable year 358 in which the loss was incurred, but in no case for more years 359 than necessary for the deduction to be fully utilized. 360

(b) No person shall use the deduction allowed by division 361(D) (3) of this section to offset qualifying wages. 362

(c) (i) For taxable years beginning in 2018, 2019, 2020,
2021, or 2022, a person may not deduct, for purposes of an
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income tax levied by a municipal corporation that levies an
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income tax before January 1, 2016, more than fifty per cent of
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the amount of the deduction otherwise allowed by division (D) (3)
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of this section.

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(ii) For taxable years beginning in 2023 or thereafter, a
person may deduct, for purposes of an income tax levied by a
municipal corporation that levies an income tax before January
1, 2016, the full amount allowed by division (D) (3) of this
section without regard to the limitation of division (D) (3) (b)
(i) of this section.

(d) Any pre-2017 net operating loss carryforward deduction that is available may be utilized before a taxpayer may deduct any amount pursuant to division (D)(3) of this section.

(e) Nothing in division (D)(3)(c)(i) of this section 378 precludes a person from carrying forward, for use with respect 379 to any return filed for a taxable year beginning after 2018, any 380 amount of net operating loss that was not fully utilized by 381 operation of division (D)(3)(c)(i) of this section. To the 382 extent that an amount of net operating loss that was not fully 383 utilized in one or more taxable years by operation of division 384 (D) (3) (c) (i) of this section is carried forward for use with 385 respect to a return filed for a taxable year beginning in 2019, 386 2020, 2021, or 2022, the limitation described in division (D)(3) 387 388 (c) (i) of this section shall apply to the amount carried forward. 389

(4) For the purposes of this chapter, and notwithstanding
(4) For the purposes of this chapter, and notwithstanding
(5) division (D) (2) of this section, net profit of a disregarded
(4) Solution (D) (2) of this section, net profit of a disregarded
(5) of this section, net profit of a disregarded
(6) of this section, net profit of the owner of
(7) of this section, net profit of the owner of
(8) of the disregarded entity.
(9) of this section, net profit of the owner of
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(5) For the purposes of this chapter, and notwithstanding
any other provision of this chapter, the net profit of a
publicly traded partnership that makes the election described in
division (D) (5) of this section shall be taxed as if the

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partnership were a C corporation, and shall not be treated as 399 the net profit or income of any owner of the partnership. 400

A publicly traded partnership that is treated as a 401 partnership for federal income tax purposes and that is subject 402 to tax on its net profits in one or more municipal corporations 403 in this state may elect to be treated as a C corporation for 404 municipal income tax purposes. The publicly traded partnership 405 shall make the election in every municipal corporation in which 406 the partnership is subject to taxation on its net profits. The 407 election shall be made on the annual tax return filed in each 408 such municipal corporation. The publicly traded partnership 409 shall not be required to file the election with any municipal 410 corporation in which the partnership is not subject to taxation 411 on its net profits, but division (D)(5) of this section applies 412 to all municipal corporations in which an individual owner of 413 414 the partnership resides.

(E) "Adjusted federal taxable income," for a person
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required to file as a C corporation, or for a person that has
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elected to be taxed as a C corporation under division (D) (5) of
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this section, means a C corporation's federal taxable income
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before net operating losses and special deductions as determined
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under the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as follows:
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(1) Deduct intangible income to the extent included in
federal taxable income. The deduction shall be allowed
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regardless of whether the intangible income relates to assets
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used in a trade or business or assets held for the production of
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income.

(2) Add an amount equal to five per cent of intangible
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income deducted under division (E)(1) of this section, but
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excluding that portion of intangible income directly related to
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the sale, exchange, or other disposition of property described429in section 1221 of the Internal Revenue Code;430

(3) Add any losses allowed as a deduction in the
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(4) (a) Except as provided in division (E) (4) (b) of this
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section, deduct income and gain included in federal taxable
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income to the extent the income and gain directly relate to the
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sale, exchange, or other disposition of an asset described in
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section 1221 or 1231 of the Internal Revenue Code;
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(b) Division (E) (4) (a) of this section does not apply to
the extent the income or gain is income or gain described in
section 1245 or 1250 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(5) Add taxes on or measured by net income allowed as adeduction in the computation of federal taxable income;444

(6) In the case of a real estate investment trust or
regulated investment company, add all amounts with respect to
dividends to, distributions to, or amounts set aside for or
credited to the benefit of investors and allowed as a deduction
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in the computation of federal taxable income;

(7) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
excluded in computing federal taxable income, any income derived
from a transfer agreement or from the enterprise transferred
under that agreement under section 4313.02 of the Revised Code;
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(8) Deduct exempt income to the extent not otherwise
 deducted or excluded in computing adjusted federal taxable
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 income.
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(9) Deduct any net profit of a pass-through entity owned
directly or indirectly by the taxpayer and included in the
taxpayer's federal taxable income unless an affiliated group of
corporations includes that net profit in the group's federal
taxable income in accordance with division (E) (3) (b) of section
718.06 of the Revised Code.

(10) Add any loss incurred by a pass-through entity owned directly or indirectly by the taxpayer and included in the taxpayer's federal taxable income unless an affiliated group of corporations includes that loss in the group's federal taxable income in accordance with division (E)(3)(b) of section 718.06 of the Revised Code.

469 If the taxpayer is not a C corporation, is not a disregarded entity that has made the election described in 470 division (L)(2) of this section, is not a publicly traded 471 partnership that has made the election described in division (D) 472 (5) of this section, and is not an individual, the taxpayer 473 shall compute adjusted federal taxable income under this section 474 475 as if the taxpayer were a C corporation, except guaranteed payments and other similar amounts paid or accrued to a partner, 476 former partner, shareholder, former shareholder, member, or 477 former member shall not be allowed as a deductible expense 478 unless such payments are a pension or retirement benefit payment 479 paid to a retired partner, retired shareholder, or retired 480 member or are in consideration for the use of capital and 481 treated as payment of interest under section 469 of the Internal 482 Revenue Code or United States treasury regulations. Amounts paid 483 or accrued to a qualified self-employed retirement plan with 484 respect to a partner, former partner, shareholder, former 485 486 shareholder, member, or former member of the taxpayer, amounts paid or accrued to or for health insurance for a partner, former 487

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partner, shareholder, former shareholder, member, or former488member, and amounts paid or accrued to or for life insurance for489a partner, former partner, shareholder, former shareholder,490member, or former member shall not be allowed as a deduction.491

Nothing in division (E) of this section shall be construed492as allowing the taxpayer to add or deduct any amount more than493once or shall be construed as allowing any taxpayer to deduct494any amount paid to or accrued for purposes of federal self-495employment tax.496

(F) "Schedule C" means internal revenue service schedule C
(form 1040) filed by a taxpayer pursuant to the Internal Revenue
Code.

(G) "Schedule E" means internal revenue service schedule E
(form 1040) filed by a taxpayer pursuant to the Internal Revenue
Code.

(H) "Schedule F" means internal revenue service schedule F
 (form 1040) filed by a taxpayer pursuant to the Internal Revenue
 Code.
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(I) "Internal Revenue Code" has the same meaning as insection 5747.01 of the Revised Code.507

(J) "Resident" means an individual who is domiciled in themunicipal corporation as determined under section 718.012 of theRevised Code.

(K) "Nonresident" means an individual that is not a 511resident. 512

(L) (1) "Taxpayer" means a person subject to a tax levied
on income by a municipal corporation in accordance with this
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chapter. "Taxpayer" does not include a grantor trust or, except
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entity. 517 (2) (a) A single member limited liability company that is a 518 disregarded entity for federal tax purposes may be a separate 519 taxpayer from its single member in all Ohio municipal 520 corporations in which it either filed as a separate taxpayer or 521 did not file for its taxable year ending in 2003, if all of the 522 523 following conditions are met: 524 (i) The limited liability company's single member is also a limited liability company. 525 (ii) The limited liability company and its single member 526 were formed and doing business in one or more Ohio municipal 527 corporations for at least five years before January 1, 2004. 528 (iii) Not later than December 31, 2004, the limited 529 liability company and its single member each made an election to 530 be treated as a separate taxpayer under division (L) of this 531 section as this section existed on December 31, 2004. 532 (iv) The limited liability company was not formed for the 533

as provided in division (L)(2)(a) of this section, a disregarded

(IV) The finited flability company was not formed for the533purpose of evading or reducing Ohio municipal corporation income534tax liability of the limited liability company or its single535member.536

(v) The Ohio municipal corporation that was the primary
 place of business of the sole member of the limited liability
 company consented to the election.
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(b) For purposes of division (L) (2) (a) (v) of this section,
a municipal corporation was the primary place of business of a
limited liability company if, for the limited liability
company's taxable year ending in 2003, its income tax liability
543
was greater in that municipal corporation than in any other

municipal corporation in Ohio, and that tax liability to that 545
municipal corporation for its taxable year ending in 2003 was at 546
least four hundred thousand dollars. 547

(M) "Person" includes individuals, firms, companies, joint 548
stock companies, business trusts, estates, trusts, partnerships, 549
limited liability partnerships, limited liability companies, 550
associations, C corporations, S corporations, governmental 551
entities, and any other entity. 552

(N) "Pass-through entity" means a partnership not treated 553 as an association taxable as a C corporation for federal income 554 tax purposes, a limited liability company not treated as an 555 association taxable as a C corporation for federal income tax 556 purposes, an S corporation, or any other class of entity from 557 which the income or profits of the entity are given pass-through 558 treatment for federal income tax purposes. "Pass-through entity" 559 does not include a trust, estate, grantor of a grantor trust, or 560 disregarded entity. 561

(O) "S corporation" means a person that has made an
election under subchapter S of Chapter 1 of Subtitle A of the
Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year.

(P) "Single member limited liability company" means a 565limited liability company that has one direct member. 566

(Q) "Limited liability company" means a limited liability
 567
 company formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the Revised Code
 568
 or under the laws of another state.
 569

(R) "Qualifying wages" means wages, as defined in section
3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, without regard to any wage
571
limitations, adjusted as follows:
572

(1) Deduct the following amounts:

(a) Any amount included in wages if the amount constitutes
 574
 compensation attributable to a plan or program described in
 575
 section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code.
 576

(b) Any amount included in wages if the amount constitutes
payment on account of a disability related to sickness or an
accident paid by a party unrelated to the employer, agent of an
579
employer, or other payer.

(c) Any amount attributable to a nonqualified deferred 581 compensation plan or program described in section 3121(v)(2)(C) 582 of the Internal Revenue Code if the compensation is included in 583 wages and the municipal corporation has, by resolution or 584 ordinance adopted before January 1, 2016, exempted the amount 585 from withholding and tax. 586

(d) Any amount included in wages if the amount arises from
587
the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a stock option, the
exercise of a stock option, or the sale, exchange, or other
disposition of stock purchased under a stock option and the
municipal corporation has, by resolution or ordinance adopted
before January 1, 2016, exempted the amount from withholding and
593

(e) Any amount included in wages that is exempt income. 594

(2) Add the following amounts:

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(a) Any amount not included in wages solely because the 596employee was employed by the employer before April 1, 1986. 597

(b) Any amount not included in wages because the amount 598
arises from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a stock 599
option, the exercise of a stock option, or the sale, exchange, 600
or other disposition of stock purchased under a stock option and 601
the municipal corporation has not, by resolution or ordinance, 602

exempted the amount from withholding and tax adopted before603January 1, 2016. Division (R)(2)(b) of this section applies only604to those amounts constituting ordinary income.605

(c) Any amount not included in wages if the amount is an
amount described in section 401(k), 403(b), or 457 of the
Internal Revenue Code. Division (R) (2) (c) of this section
applies only to employee contributions and employee deferrals.

(d) Any amount that is supplemental unemployment
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compensation benefits described in section 3402(o)(2) of the
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Internal Revenue Code and not included in wages.
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(e) Any amount received that is treated as self-employment
income for federal tax purposes in accordance with section
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1402(a)(8) of the Internal Revenue Code.
615

(f) Any amount not included in wages if all of the 616 following apply: 617

(i) For the taxable year the amount is employee
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compensation that is earned outside of the United States and
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that either is included in the taxpayer's gross income for
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federal income tax purposes or would have been included in the
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taxpayer's gross income for such purposes if the taxpayer did
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not elect to exclude the income under section 911 of the
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Internal Revenue Code;

(ii) For no preceding taxable year did the amount
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constitute wages as defined in section 3121(a) of the Internal
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Revenue Code;
627

(iii) For no succeeding taxable year will the amount628constitute wages; and629

(iv) For any taxable year the amount has not otherwise 630

been added to wages pursuant to either division (R)(2) of this631section or section 718.03 of the Revised Code, as that section632existed before the effective date of H.B. 5 of the 130th general633assembly, March 23, 2015.634

(S) "Intangible income" means income of any of the 635 following types: income yield, interest, capital gains, 636 dividends, or other income arising from the ownership, sale, 637 exchange, or other disposition of intangible property including, 638 but not limited to, investments, deposits, money, or credits as 639 640 those terms are defined in Chapter 5701. of the Revised Code, and patents, copyrights, trademarks, tradenames, investments in 641 real estate investment trusts, investments in regulated 642 investment companies, and appreciation on deferred compensation. 643 "Intangible income" does not include prizes, awards, or other 644 income associated with any lottery winnings, gambling winnings, 645 or other similar games of chance. 646

(T) "Taxable year" means the corresponding tax reporting period as prescribed for the taxpayer under the Internal Revenue Code.

(U) "Tax administrator" means the individual charged with
direct responsibility for administration of an income tax levied
by a municipal corporation in accordance with this chapter, and
also includes the following:

(1) A municipal corporation acting as the agent of another municipal corporation;

(2) A person retained by a municipal corporation to
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administer a tax levied by the municipal corporation, but only
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if the municipal corporation does not compensate the person in
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whole or in part on a contingency basis;
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(3) The central collection agency or the regional income
tax agency or their successors in interest, or another entity
organized to perform functions similar to those performed by the
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central collection agency and the regional income tax agency.
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"Tax administrator" does not include the tax commissioner. 664

(V) "Employer" means a person that is an employer for665federal income tax purposes.666

(W) "Employee" means an individual who is an employee for federal income tax purposes.

(X) "Other payer" means any person, other than an
individual's employer or the employer's agent, that pays an
individual any amount included in the federal gross income of
the individual. "Other payer" includes casino operators and
video lottery terminal sales agents.

(Y) "Calendar quarter" means the three-month period ending674on the last day of March, June, September, or December.675

(Z) "Form 2106" means internal revenue service form 2106676filed by a taxpayer pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code.677

(AA) "Municipal corporation" includes a joint economic
development district or joint economic development zone that
levies an income tax under section 715.691, 715.70, 715.71, or
715.72 of the Revised Code.

(BB) "Disregarded entity" means a single member limited
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liability company, a qualifying subchapter S subsidiary, or
another entity if the company, subsidiary, or entity is a
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disregarded entity for federal income tax purposes.
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(CC) "Generic form" means an electronic or paper form that 686 is not prescribed by a particular municipal corporation and that 687

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is designed for reporting taxes withheld by an employer, agent 688 of an employer, or other payer, estimated municipal income 689 taxes, or annual municipal income tax liability or for filing a 690 refund claim. 691

(DD) "Tax return preparer" means any individual described
in section 7701(a)(36) of the Internal Revenue Code and 26
C.F.R. 301.7701-15.

(EE) "Ohio business gateway" means the online computer
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network system, created under section 125.30 of the Revised
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Code, that allows persons to electronically file business reply
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forms with state agencies and includes any successor electronic
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filing and payment system.

(FF) "Local board of tax review" and "board of tax review" 700
mean the entity created under section 718.11 of the Revised 701
Code. 702

(GG) "Net operating loss" means a loss incurred by a 703
person in the operation of a trade or business. "Net operating 704
loss" does not include unutilized losses resulting from basis 705
limitations, at-risk limitations, or passive activity loss 706
limitations. 707

(HH) "Casino operator" and "casino facility" have the same 708
meanings as in section 3772.01 of the Revised Code. 709

(II) "Video lottery terminal" has the same meaning as insection 3770.21 of the Revised Code.711

(JJ) "Video lottery terminal sales agent" means a lottery712sales agent licensed under Chapter 3770. of the Revised Code to713conduct video lottery terminals on behalf of the state pursuant714to section 3770.21 of the Revised Code.715

value of the taxpayer's outstanding stock;

Page 26

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(KK) "Postal service" means the United States postal 716 service. 717 (LL) "Certified mail," "express mail," "United States 718 mail," "postal service," and similar terms include any delivery 719 service authorized pursuant to section 5703.056 of the Revised 720 Code. 721 (MM) "Postmark date," "date of postmark," and similar 722 terms include the date recorded and marked in the manner 723 described in division (B)(3) of section 5703.056 of the Revised 724 Code. 725 (NN) "Related member" means a person that, with respect to 726 the taxpayer during all or any portion of the taxable year, is 727 either a related entity, a component member as defined in 728 section 1563(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, or a person to or 729 from whom there is attribution of stock ownership in accordance 730 with section 1563(e) of the Internal Revenue Code except, for 731 purposes of determining whether a person is a related member 732 under this division, "twenty per cent" shall be substituted for 733 "5 percent" wherever "5 percent" appears in section 1563(e) of 734 the Internal Revenue Code. 735 (OO) "Related entity" means any of the following: 736 (1) An individual stockholder, or a member of the 737 stockholder's family enumerated in section 318 of the Internal 738 Revenue Code, if the stockholder and the members of the 739 stockholder's family own directly, indirectly, beneficially, or 740 constructively, in the aggregate, at least fifty per cent of the 741

(2) A stockholder, or a stockholder's partnership, estate,trust, or corporation, if the stockholder and the stockholder's744

partnerships, estates, trusts, or corporations own directly, 745 indirectly, beneficially, or constructively, in the aggregate, 746 at least fifty per cent of the value of the taxpayer's 747 outstanding stock; 748

(3) A corporation, or a party related to the corporation 749 in a manner that would require an attribution of stock from the 750 corporation to the party or from the party to the corporation 751 under division (00) (4) of this section, provided the taxpayer 752 owns directly, indirectly, beneficially, or constructively, at 753 least fifty per cent of the value of the corporation's 754 outstanding stock; 755

(4) The attribution rules described in section 318 of the Internal Revenue Code apply for the purpose of determining whether the ownership requirements in divisions (OO)(1) to (3) of this section have been met.

(PP) (1) "Assessment" means a written finding by the tax 760 administrator that a person has underpaid municipal income tax, 761 or owes penalty and interest, or any combination of tax, 762 763 penalty, or interest, to the municipal corporation that commences the person's time limitation for making an appeal to 764 the local board of tax review pursuant to section 718.11 of the 765 766 Revised Code, and has "ASSESSMENT" written in all capital letters at the top of such finding. 767

(2) "Assessment" does not include an informal notice
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denying a request for refund issued under division (B) (3) of
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section 718.19 of the Revised Code, a billing statement
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notifying a taxpayer of current or past-due balances owed to the
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municipal corporation, a tax administrator's request for
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additional information, a notification to the taxpayer of
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mathematical errors, or a tax administrator's other written

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correspondence to a person or taxpayer that does meet the 775 criteria prescribed by division (PP)(1) of this section. 776

(QQ) "Taxpayers' rights and responsibilities" means the 777 rights provided to taxpayers in sections 718.11, 718.12, 718.19, 778 718.23, 718.36, 718.37, 718.38, 5717.011, and 5717.03 of the 779 Revised Code and the responsibilities of taxpayers to file, 780 report, withhold, remit, and pay municipal income tax and 781 otherwise comply with Chapter 718. of the Revised Code and 782 resolutions, ordinances, and rules adopted by a municipal 783 corporation for the imposition and administration of a municipal 784 income tax. 785

(RR) "Qualified municipal corporation" means a municipal corporation that, by resolution or ordinance adopted on or before December 31, 2011, adopted Ohio adjusted gross income, as defined by section 5747.01 of the Revised Code, as the income subject to tax for the purposes of imposing a municipal income tax.

(SS) (1) "Pre-2017 net operating loss carryforward" means 792 any net operating loss incurred in a taxable year beginning 793 before January 1, 2017, to the extent such loss was permitted, 794 by a resolution or ordinance of the municipal corporation that 795 was adopted by the municipal corporation before January 1, 2016, 796 to be carried forward and utilized to offset income or net 797 profit generated in such municipal corporation in future taxable 798 799 years.

(2) For the purpose of calculating municipal taxable
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income, any pre-2017 net operating loss carryforward may be
carried forward to any taxable year, including taxable years
beginning in 2017 or thereafter, for the number of taxable years
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provided in the resolution or ordinance or until fully utilized,
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whichever is earlier.

(TT) "Small employer" means any employer that had total 806 revenue of less than five hundred thousand dollars during the 807 preceding taxable year. For purposes of this division, "total 808 revenue" means receipts of any type or kind, including, but not 809 limited to, sales receipts; payments; rents; profits; gains, 810 dividends, and other investment income; compensation; 811 commissions; premiums; money; property; grants; contributions; 812 donations; gifts; program service revenue; patient service 813 814 revenue; premiums; fees, including premium fees and service fees; tuition payments; unrelated business revenue; 815 reimbursements; any type of payment from a governmental unit, 816 including grants and other allocations; and any other similar 817 receipts reported for federal income tax purposes or under 818 generally accepted accounting principles. "Small employer" does 819 not include the federal government; any state government, 820 including any state agency or instrumentality; any political 821 subdivision; or any entity treated as a government for financial 822 823 accounting and reporting purposes.

(UU) "Audit" means the examination of a person or the 824 inspection of the books, records, memoranda, or accounts of a 825 person for the purpose of determining liability for a municipal 826 income tax. 827

(VV) "Publicly traded partnership" means any partnership,
an interest in which is regularly traded on an established
securities market. A "publicly traded partnership" may have any
number of partners.

(WW) "Tax commissioner" means the tax commissioner 832 appointed under section 121.03 of the Revised Code. 833

Page 29

(XX) "Out-of-state disaster business," "qualifying 834 solicitation," "qualifying employee," "disaster work," "critical 835 infrastructure," and "disaster response period" have the same 836 meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised Code. 837

(YY) "Pension" means a retirement benefit plan, regardless 838 of whether the plan satisfies the qualifications described under 839 section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, including amounts 840 that are taxable under the "Federal Insurance Contributions 841 Act," Chapter 21 of the Internal Revenue Code, excluding 842 employee contributions and elective deferrals, and regardless of 843 whether such amounts are paid in the same taxable year in which 844 the amounts are included in the employee's wages, as defined by 845 section 3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. 846

(ZZ) "Retirement benefit plan" means an arrangement 847 whereby an entity provides benefits to individuals either on or 848 after their termination of service because of retirement or 849 disability. "Retirement benefit plan" does not include wage 850 continuation payments, severance payments, or payments made for 851 accrued personal or vacation time. 852

Sec. 718.80. (A) A taxpayer may elect to be subject to853sections 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised Code in lieu of the854provisions set forth in the remainder of this chapter.855Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, upon the856taxpayer's election, both of the following shall apply:857

(1) The tax commissioner shall serve as the sole
administrator of each municipal income tax for which the
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taxpayer is liable for the term of the election;
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(2) The commissioner shall administer the tax pursuant to861sections 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised Code and any applicable862

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provision of Chapter 5703. of the Revised Code.

(B)(1) A taxpayer shall make the initial election on or	864
before the <u>first_fifteenth_</u> day of the <u>third_fourth_</u> month after	865
the beginning of the taxpayer's taxable year by notifying	866
providing to the tax commissioner and each a list of all	867
municipal corporation corporations in which the taxpayer	868
conducted business during the previous taxable year, on a form	869
prescribed by the tax commissioner.	870
$\frac{(2)(a)}{(2)}$ At least quarterly, the tax commissioner shall	871
notify each municipal corporation that a taxpayer lists in its	872
election under division (B)(1) of this section that the taxpayer	873
has made the election.	874
(3)(a) The election, once made by the taxpayer, applies to	875
the taxable year in which the election is made and to each	876
subsequent taxable year until the taxpayer notifies the tax	877
commissioner of its termination of the election.	878
(b) A notification of termination shall be made, on a form	879
prescribed by the tax commissioner, on or before the first	880
<u>fifteenth</u> day of the third fourth month of any taxable year.	881
(c) Upon a timely and valid termination of the election,	882
the taxpayer is no longer subject to sections 718.80 to 718.95	883
of the Revised Code, and is instead subject to the provisions	884
set forth in the remainder of this chapter.	885
(d) At least quarterly, the tax commissioner shall notify	886
each municipal corporation reported on a taxpayer's most recent	887
return or declaration filed with the commissioner of the	888
taxpayer's termination of its election.	889
(4) The tax commissioner shall provide to all municipal	890

corporations imposing a tax on income on or after January 1,

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2018, a list of taxpayers that are subject to sections 718.80 to	892
718.95 of the Revised Code, including the taxpayers' names,	893
addresses, and federal employee identification numbers. The list	894
shall be made available via the portal created under section	895
718.841 of the Revised Code.	896
(C)(1)(a) On or before the thirty-first day of January	897
each year, each municipal corporation imposing a tax on income	898
shall certify to the tax commissioner the rate of the tax in	899
effect on the first day of January of that year.	900
(b) If, after the thirty-first day of January of any year,	901
the electors of a municipal corporation approve an increase in	902
the rate of the municipal corporation's tax on income that takes	903
effect within that year, the municipal corporation shall certify	904
to the tax commissioner the new rate of tax not less than sixty	905
days before the effective date of the increase, after which	906
effective date the commissioner shall apply the increased rate.	907
(2) A municipal corporation, within ninety days of	908
receiving _ that receives _a taxpayer's notification of election	909
under division (B) (2) of this section $_{ au}$ shall submit to the tax	910
commissioner, on a form prescribed by the tax -commissioner <u>and</u>	911
within the time prescribed by division (C)(3) of this section,	912
the following information regarding the taxpayer and any member	913
of an affiliated group of corporations included on the	914
taxpayer's consolidated tax return, when applicable:	915
(a) The amount of any net operating loss that the taxpayer	916
is entitled to carry forward to a future tax year;	917
(b) The amount of any net operating loss carryforward	918
utilized by the taxpayer in prior years;	919
(a) Any gradite granted by the municipal corporation to	920

(c) Any credits granted by the municipal corporation to 920

which the taxpayer is entitled, the amount of such credits, 921
whether the credits may be carried forward to future tax years, 922
and, if the credits may be carried forward, the duration of any 923
such carryforward; 924

(d) Any overpayments of tax that the taxpayer has elected925to carry forward to a subsequent tax year;926

(e) Any other information the municipal corporation deems
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relevant in order to effectuate the tax commissioner's efficient
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administration of the tax on the municipal corporation's behalf.
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(3) A municipal corporation shall submit the information 930 required under division (C)(2) of this section to the tax 931 commissioner within ninety days after the taxpayer files its 932 final return or within fifteen days after the end of the taxable 933 year for which the taxpayer made the initial election under 934 division (B)(1) of this section, whichever occurs first. For the 935 purposes of this section, "final return" means the return filed 936 with the municipal corporation for the taxable year immediately 937 preceding the taxable year for which the taxpayer made the 938 election under division (B)(1) of this section. 939

(4) If any municipal corporation fails to timely comply 940 with divisions division (C) (1) - and, (2), or (3) of this section, 941 the tax commissioner shall may notify the director of budget and 942 management, who, upon receiving such notification, shall 943 withhold from a portion of each payment made to the municipal 944 corporation under section 718.83 of the Revised Code. The 945 commissioner shall specify the percentage of the payment to be 946 withheld, not to exceed fifty per cent of the amount of the 947 payment otherwise due to the municipal corporation under that 948 section. The director shall compute the withholding on the basis 949 of the tax rate most recently certified to the tax commissioner 950

until the municipal corporation complies with divisions (C)(1)	951
and, (2), and (3) of this section.	952
If, after any such withholding, the municipal corporation_	953
complies with divisions (C)(1), (2), and (3) of this section,	954
the tax commissioner shall notify the director of budget and	955
management, who shall provide payment to the municipal	956
corporation under section 718.83 of the Revised Code of such	957
amounts withheld under this division.	958
(D) The tax commissioner shall enforce and administer	959
sections 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised Code. In addition to	960
any other powers conferred upon the tax commissioner by law, the	961
tax commissioner may:	962
(1) Dreservice all forms response to administer these	963
(1) Prescribe all forms necessary to administer those	
sections;	964
(2) Adopt such rules as the tax commissioner finds	965
necessary to carry out those sections;	966
(3) Appoint and employ such personnel as are necessary to	967
carry out the duties imposed upon the tax commissioner by those	968
sections.	969
(E) No tax administrator shall utilize sections 718.81 to	970
718.95 of the Revised Code in the administrator's administration	971
of a municipal income tax, and those sections shall not be	972
applied to any taxpayer that has not made the election under	973
this section.	974
(F) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to make any	975
section of this chapter, other than sections 718.01 and 718.80	976
to 718.95 of the Revised Code, applicable to the tax	977
commissioner's administration of a municipal income tax or to	978
any taxpayer that has made the election under this section.	979

(G) The tax commissioner shall not be considered a tax administrator, as that term is defined in section 718.01 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 718.81. If a term used in sections 718.80 to 718.95 983 of the Revised Code that is not otherwise defined in this 984 chapter is used in a comparable context in both the laws of the 985 United States relating to federal income tax and in Title LVII 986 of the Revised Code and the use is not consistent, then the use 987 of the term in the laws of the United States relating to federal 988 income tax shall have control over the use of the term in Title 989 LVII of the Revised Code, unless the term is defined in Chapter 990 5703. of the Revised Code, in which case the definition in that 991 chapter shall control. Any reference in this chapter to the 992 Internal Revenue Code includes other laws of the United States 993 related to federal income taxes. If a term is defined in both 994 this section and section 718.01 of the Revised Code, the 995 definition in this section shall control for all uses of that 996 term in sections 718.80 through 718.95 of the Revised Code. 997

As used in sections 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised Code only:

(A) "Municipal taxable income" means income apportioned or 1000
 sitused to the municipal corporation under section 718.82 of the 1001
 Revised Code, as applicable, reduced by any pre-2017 net 1002
 operating loss carryforward available to the person for the 1003
 municipal corporation. 1004

(B) "Adjusted federal taxable income," for a person
required to file as a C corporation, or for a person that has
elected to be taxed as a C corporation as described in division
(D) (5) of section 718.01 of the Revised Code, means a C
corporation's federal taxable income before net operating losses

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and special deductions as determined under the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as follows: (1) Deduct intangible income to the extent included in federal taxable income. The deduction shall be allowed regardless of whether the intangible income relates to assets used in a trade or business or assets held for the production of income.

(2) Add an amount equal to five per cent of intangible
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income deducted under division (B)(1) of this section, but
excluding that portion of intangible income directly related to
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the sale, exchange, or other disposition of property described
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in section 1221 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(3) Add any losses allowed as a deduction in the
computation of federal taxable income if the losses directly
relate to the sale, exchange, or other disposition of an asset
described in section 1221 or 1231 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(4) (a) Except as provided in division (B) (4) (b) of this
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section, deduct income and gain included in federal taxable
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income to the extent the income and gain directly relate to the
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sale, exchange, or other disposition of an asset described in
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section 1221 or 1231 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(b) Division (B) (4) (a) of this section does not apply to
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the extent the income or gain is income or gain described in
section 1245 or 1250 of the Internal Revenue Code.
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(5) Add taxes on or measured by net income allowed as a 1034deduction in the computation of federal taxable income. 1035

(6) In the case of a real estate investment trust or
regulated investment company, add all amounts with respect to
dividends to, distributions to, or amounts set aside for or
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credited to the benefit of investors and allowed as a deduction 1039 in the computation of federal taxable income. 1040

(7) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
excluded in computing federal taxable income, any income derived
from a transfer agreement or from the enterprise transferred
under that agreement under section 4313.02 of the Revised Code.

(8) Deduct exempt income to the extent not otherwise
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 deducted or excluded in computing adjusted federal taxable
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 income.

(9) Deduct any net profit of a pass-through entity owned
directly or indirectly by the taxpayer and included in the
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taxpayer's federal taxable income unless an affiliated group of
corporations includes that net profit in the group's federal
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taxable income in accordance with division (E) (3) (b) of section
718.86 of the Revised Code.

(10) Add any loss incurred by a pass-through entity owned 1054 directly or indirectly by the taxpayer and included in the 1055 taxpayer's federal taxable income unless an affiliated group of 1056 corporations includes that loss in the group's federal taxable 1057 income in accordance with division (E) (3) (b) of section 718.86 1058 of the Revised Code. 1059

If the taxpayer is not a C corporation, is not a 1060 disregarded entity that has made the election described in 1061 division (L)(2) of section 718.01 of the Revised Code, and is 1062 not a publicly traded partnership that has made the election 1063 described in division (D)(5) of section 718.01 of the Revised 1064 Code, the taxpayer shall compute adjusted federal taxable income 1065 under this section as if the taxpayer were a C corporation, 1066 except guaranteed payments and other similar amounts paid or 1067

accrued to a partner, former partner, shareholder, former 1068 shareholder, member, or former member shall not be allowed as a 1069 deductible expense unless such payments are a pension or 1070 retirement benefit payment paid to a retired partner, retired 1071 shareholder, or retired member or are in consideration for the 1072 use of capital and treated as payment of interest under section 1073 469 of the Internal Revenue Code or United States treasury 1074 regulations. Amounts paid or accrued to a qualified self-1075 1076 employed retirement plan with respect to a partner, former partner, shareholder, former shareholder, member, or former 1077 member of the taxpayer, amounts paid or accrued to or for health 1078 insurance for a partner, former partner, shareholder, former 1079 shareholder, member, or former member, and amounts paid or 1080 accrued to or for life insurance for a partner, former partner, 1081 shareholder, former shareholder, member, or former member shall 1082 not be allowed as a deduction. 1083

Nothing in division (B) of this section shall be construed1084as allowing the taxpayer to add or deduct any amount more than1085once or shall be construed as allowing any taxpayer to deduct1086any amount paid to or accrued for purposes of federal self-1087employment tax.1088

(C) "Taxpayer" has the same meaning as in section 718.01
of the Revised Code, except that "taxpayer" does not include
natural persons or entities subject to the tax imposed under
Chapter 5745. of the Revised Code. "Taxpayer" may include
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receivers, assignees, or trustees in bankruptcy when such
persons are required to assume the role of a taxpayer.

(D) "Tax return" or "return" means the notifications and
reports required to be filed pursuant to sections 718.80 to
718.95 of the Revised Code for the purpose of reporting
1097

municipal income taxes, and includes declarations of estimated	1098
tax.	1099
(E) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the-	1100
taxpayer's fiscal year beginning during the calendar year, or-	1101
fractional part thereof, upon which the calculation of the	1102
taxpayer's adjusted federal taxable income is based pursuant to	1103
this chapter. If a taxpayer's taxable year is changed for	1104
federal income tax purposes, the taxable year for purposes of	1105
sections 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised Code is changed	1106
accordingly but may consist of an aggregation of more than one-	1107
taxable year for federal income tax purposes. The tax-	1108
commissioner may prescribe by rule an appropriate period as the	1109
taxable year for a taxpayer that has had a change of its taxable-	1110
year for federal income tax purposes, for a taxpayer that has	1111
two or more short taxable years for federal income tax purposes	1112
as the result of a change of ownership, or for a new taxpayer	1113
that would otherwise have no taxable year.	1114
(F) "Assessment" means a notice of underpayment or	1115
nonpayment of a tax issued pursuant to section 718.90 of the	1116
Revised Code.	1117
Sec. 718.83. (A) On or before the last day of each month,	1118
the tax commissioner shall certify to the director of budget and	1119
management the amount to be paid to each municipal corporation,	1120
based on amounts reported on annual returns and declarations of	1121
estimated tax under sections 718.85 and 718.88 of the Revised	1122
Code, less any amounts previously distributed and net of any	1123
audit adjustments made or refunds granted by the commissioner,	1124
for the calendar month preceding the month in which the	1125
certification is made. Not later than the fifth day of each	1126
month, the director shall provide for payment of the amount	1127

certified to each municipal corporation from the municipal net 1128 profit tax fund, plus a pro rata share of any investment 1129 earnings accruing to the fund since the previous payment under 1130 this section, and minus any reduction required by the 1131 commissioner under division (D) of this section. Each municipal 1132 corporation's share of such earnings shall equal the proportion 1133 that the municipal corporation's certified tax payment is of the 1134 total taxes certified to all municipal corporations in that 1135 quarter. All investment earnings on money in the municipal net 1136 profit tax fund shall be credited to that fund. 1137

(B) If the tax commissioner determines that the amount of 1138 tax paid by a taxpayer and distributed to a municipal 1139 corporation under this section for a taxable year exceeds the 1140 amount payable to that municipal corporation under sections 1141 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised Code after accounting for 1142 amounts remitted with the annual return and as estimated taxes, 1143 the commissioner shall proceed according to divisions (A) and 1144 (B) of section 5703.77 of the Revised Code. 1145

(C) If the amount of a municipal corporation's net 1146 distribution computed by the commissioner under division (A) of 1147 this section is less than zero, the commissioner may notify the 1148 municipal corporation of the deficiency. Within thirty days 1149 after receiving such a notice, the municipal corporation shall 1150 pay an amount equal to the deficiency to the treasurer of state. 1151 The treasurer of state shall credit any payment received under 1152 this division to the municipal net profit tax fund. 1153

(D) If a municipal corporation fails to make a timely
payment required under division (C) of this section, the
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commissioner may recover the deficiency using any or all of the
following options:

(1) Deduct the amount of the deficiency from the next
distribution to that municipal corporation under division (A) of
this section or, if the amount of the deficiency exceeds the
amount of such distribution, withhold such distributions
entirely until the withheld amount equals the amount of the
municipal corporation's deficiency;

(2) Deduct the amount of the deficiency from the next
payment to that municipal corporation under division (A) of
section 5745.05 of the Revised Code or, if the amount of the
deficiency exceeds the amount of such distribution, withhold
such distributions entirely until the withheld amount equals the
amount of the municipal corporation's deficiency;

(3) Deduct the amount of the deficiency from the municipal 1170 corporation's share of the next payment made by the commissioner 1171 under division (F) of section 321.24 of the Revised Code or, if 1172 the amount of the deficiency exceeds the amount of the municipal 1173 corporation's share of such payment, withhold the municipal 1174 corporation's share of the payments entirely until the withheld 1175 amount equals the amount of the municipal corporation's 1176 1177 deficiency.

(E) The total amount of payments and distributions
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withheld from a municipal corporation under division (D) of this
section shall not exceed the unpaid portion of the municipal
corporation's net distribution deficiency. All amounts withheld
under division (D) of this section shall be credited to the
municipal net profit tax fund.

(F) The commissioner may adopt rules necessary to 1184administer this section. 1185

Sec. 718.841. (A) The department of taxation shall create_____ 1186

and maintain a world wide web portal capable of securely	1187
exchanging information between the department and municipal	1188
corporations.	1189
(B) The web portal created pursuant to division (A) of	1190
this section shall be used by both the department and municipal	1191
corporations to securely exchange information as required under	1192
sections 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised Code. The tax	1193
commissioner shall establish the procedures by which municipal	1194
corporations may access the web portal and the format in which	1195
information must be submitted.	1196
(C) If the web portal is unavailable for any reason, the	1197
tax commissioner and municipal corporations shall provide the	1198
information as required under sections 718.80 to 718.95 of the	1199
Revised Code through another secure format. If the commissioner	1200
determines it reasonably necessary, the commissioner may extend	1200
the time within which information must be provided by not more	1201
	1202
than forty-five days. If the commissioner extends the time	
within which information must be provided, any event attaching a	1204
penalty for failure to provide such information shall be	1205
extended accordingly.	1206
(D) The tax commissioner may modify the web portal created	1207
pursuant to division (A) of this section to enable the exchange	1208
of information between the commissioner and municipal	1209
corporations under Chapter 5745. and division (D) of section	1210
5747.50 of the Revised Code and as otherwise required or	1211
permitted by law.	1212
(E) The tax commissioner may adopt rules governing the use	1213
of the web portal created pursuant to division (A) of this	1214
section.	1215

Sec. 718.85. (A)(1) For each taxable year, every taxpayer 1216 shall file an annual return. Such return, along with the amount 1217 of tax shown to be due on the return less the amount paid for 1218 the taxable year under section 718.88 of the Revised Code, shall 1219 be submitted to the tax commissioner, on a form and in the 1220 manner prescribed by the commissioner, on or before the 1221 1222 fifteenth day of the fourth month following the end of the 1223 taxpayer's taxable year.

(2) If a taxpayer has multiple taxable years beginning
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within one calendar year, the taxpayer shall aggregate the facts
and figures necessary to compute the tax due under this chapter,
in accordance with sections 718.81, 718.82, and, if applicable,
718.86 of the Revised Code onto its annual return.

(3)The remittance shall be made payable to the treasurer1229of state and in the form prescribed by the tax commissioner. If1230the amount payable with the tax return is ten dollars or less,1231no remittance is required.1232

(B) The tax commissioner shall immediately forward to the 1233 treasurer of state all amounts the commissioner receives 1234 pursuant to sections 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised Code. The 1235 treasurer shall credit ninety-nine and one-half per cent of such 1236 amounts to the municipal net profit tax fund which is hereby 1237 created in the state treasury, and the remainder to the 1238 municipal income tax administrative fund established under 1239 section 5745.03 of the Revised Code. 1240

(C) (1) Each return required to be filed under this section
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shall contain the signature of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's
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duly authorized agent and of the person who prepared the return
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for the taxpayer, and shall include the taxpayer's
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identification number. Each return shall be verified by a

declaration under penalty of perjury.

(2) (a) The tax commissioner may require a taxpayer to 1247 include, with each annual tax return, amended return, or request 1248 for refund filed with the commissioner under sections 718.80 to 1249 718.95 of the Revised Code, copies of any relevant documents or 1250 other information. 1251

1252 (b) A taxpayer that files an annual tax return electronically through the Ohio business gateway or in another 1253 manner as prescribed by the tax commissioner shall either submit 1254 the documents required under this division electronically as 1255 prescribed at the time of filing or, if electronic submission is not available, mail the documents to the tax commissioner. The department of taxation shall publish a method of electronically 1258 submitting the documents required under this division on or 1259 before January 1, 2019. 1260

(3) After a taxpayer files a tax return, the tax 1261 commissioner may request, and the taxpayer shall provide, any 1262 information, statements, or documents required to determine and 1263 verify the taxpayer's municipal income tax. 1264

(D) (1) (a) Any taxpayer that has duly requested an 1265 automatic extension for filing the taxpayer's federal income tax 1266 return shall automatically receive an extension for the filing 1267 of a tax return with the commissioner under this section. The 1268 extended due date of the return shall be the fifteenth day of 1269 the tenth month after the last day of the taxable year to which 1270 the return relates. 1271

(b) A taxpayer that has not requested or received a six-1272 month extension for filing the taxpayer's federal income tax 1273 return may request that the commissioner grant the taxpayer a 1274

Page 44

six-month extension of the date for filing the taxpayer's 1275 municipal income tax return. If the commissioner receives the 1276 request on or before the date the municipal income tax return is 1277 due, the commissioner shall grant the taxpayer's extension 1278 request. 1279

(c) An extension of time to file under division (D) (1) of
this section is not an extension of the time to pay any tax due
unless the tax commissioner grants an extension of that date.
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(2) If the commissioner considers it necessary in order to
ensure payment of a tax imposed in accordance with section
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718.04 of the Revised Code, the commissioner may require
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taxpayers to file returns and make payments otherwise than as
provided in this section, including taxpayers not otherwise
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required to file annual returns.

(E) Each return required to be filed in accordance with 1289 this section shall include a box that the taxpayer may check to 1290 authorize another person, including a tax return preparer who 1291 prepared the return, to communicate with the tax commissioner 1292 about matters pertaining to the return. The return or 1293 1294 instructions accompanying the return shall indicate that by checking the box the taxpayer authorizes the commissioner to 1295 contact the preparer or other person concerning questions that 1296 arise during the examination or other review of the return and 1297 authorizes the preparer or other person only to provide the 1298 commissioner with information that is missing from the return, 1299 to contact the commissioner for information about the 1300 examination or other review of the return or the status of the 1301 taxpayer's refund or payments, and to respond to notices about 1302 mathematical errors, offsets, or return preparation that the 1303 taxpayer has received from the commissioner and has shown to the 1304

preparer or other person.

(F) When income tax returns or other documents require the
signature of a tax return preparer, the tax commissioner shall
accept a facsimile or electronic version of such a signature in
lieu of a manual signature.

Sec. 718.90. (A) If any taxpayer required to file a return 1310 under section 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised Code fails to file 1311 the return within the time prescribed, files an incorrect 1312 return, or fails to remit the full amount of the tax due for the 1313 period covered by the return, the tax commissioner may make an 1314 assessment against the taxpayer for any deficiency for the 1315 period for which the return or tax is due, based upon any 1316 information in the commissioner's possession. 1317

The tax commissioner shall not make or issue an assessment 1318 against a taxpayer more than three years after the later of the 1319 1320 date the return subject to assessment was required to be filed or the date the return was filed. Such time limit may be 1321 extended if both the taxpayer and the commissioner consent in 1322 writing to the extension. Any such extension shall extend the 1323 three-year time limit in section 718.91 of the Revised Code for 1324 the same period of time. There shall be no bar or limit to an 1325 assessment against a taxpayer that fails to file a return 1326 subject to assessment as required by sections 718.80 to 718.95 1327 of the Revised Code, or that files a fraudulent return. The 1328 commissioner shall give the taxpayer assessed written notice of 1329 the assessment as provided in section 5703.37 of the Revised 1330 Code. With the notice, the commissioner shall provide 1331 instructions on how to petition for reassessment and request a 1332 1333 hearing on the petition.

(B) Unless the taxpayer assessed files with the tax 1334

Page 46

age to

commissioner within sixty days after service of the notice of 1335 assessment, either personally or by certified mail, a written 1336 petition for reassessment signed by the authorized agent of the 1337 taxpayer assessed having knowledge of the facts, the assessment 1338 becomes final, and the amount of the assessment is due and 1339 payable from the taxpayer to the treasurer of state. The 1340 petition shall indicate the taxpayer's objections, but 1341 additional objections may be raised in writing if received by 1342 the commissioner prior to the date shown on the final 1343 determination. If the petition has been properly filed, the 1344 commissioner shall proceed under section 5703.60 of the Revised 1345 Code. 1346

(C) After an assessment becomes final, if any portion of
the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a
certified copy of the tax commissioner's entry making the
assessment final may be filed in the office of the clerk of the
court of common pleas in the county in which the taxpayer has an
office or place of business in this state, the county in which
the taxpayer's statutory agent is located, or Franklin county.

Immediately upon the filing of the entry, the clerk shall 1354 enter a judgment against the taxpayer assessed in the amount 1355 shown on the entry. The judgment may be filed by the clerk in a 1356 loose-leaf book entitled "special judgments for municipal income 1357 taxes," and shall have the same effect as other judgments. 1358 Execution shall issue upon the judgment upon the request of the 1359 tax commissioner, and all laws applicable to sales on execution 1360 shall apply to sales made under the judgment. 1361

If the assessment is not paid in its entirety within sixty1362days after the day the assessment was issued, the portion of the1363assessment consisting of tax due shall bear interest at the rate1364

per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code from 1365 the day the commissioner issues the assessment until the 1366 assessment is paid or until it is certified to the attorney 1367 general for collection under section 131.02 of the Revised Code, 1368 whichever comes first. If the unpaid portion of the assessment 1369 is certified to the attorney general for collection, the entire 1370 unpaid portion of the assessment shall bear interest at the rate 1371 per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code from 1372

the date of certification until the date it is paid in its1373entirety. Interest shall be paid in the same manner as the tax1374and may be collected by issuing an assessment under this1375section.1376

(D) All (D) (1) Except as provided in division (D) (2) of1377this section, all money collected under this section shall be1378credited to the municipal net profit tax fund and distributed to1379the municipal corporation to which the money is owed based on1380the assessment issued under this section.1381

(2) The attorney general may assess collection costs as1382authorized under section 109.08, 109.081, or 131.02 of the1383Revised Code on amounts collected under this section, which1384shall be credited to the attorney general claims fund created1385under section 109.081 of the Revised Code.1386

(E) If the tax commissioner believes that collection of 1387 the tax will be jeopardized unless proceedings to collect or 1388 secure collection of the tax are instituted without delay, the 1389 commissioner may issue a jeopardy assessment against the 1390 taxpayer liable for the tax. Immediately upon the issuance of 1391 the jeopardy assessment, the commissioner shall file an entry 1392 with the clerk of the court of common pleas in the manner 1393 prescribed by division (C) of this section. Notice of the 1394

jeopardy assessment shall be served on the taxpayer assessed or 1395 the taxpayer's legal representative in the manner provided in 1396 section 5703.37 of the Revised Code within five days of the 1397 filing of the entry with the clerk. The total amount assessed is 1398 immediately due and payable, unless the taxpayer assessed files 1399 a petition for reassessment in accordance with division (B) of 1400 this section and provides security in a form satisfactory to the 1401 commissioner and in an amount sufficient to satisfy the unpaid 1402 balance of the assessment. Full or partial payment of the 1403 assessment does not prejudice the commissioner's consideration 1404 of the petition for reassessment. 1405

(F) Notwithstanding the fact that a petition for 1406
reassessment is pending, the taxpayer may pay all or a portion 1407
of the assessment that is the subject of the petition. The 1408
acceptance of a payment by the treasurer of state does not 1409
prejudice any claim for refund upon final determination of the 1410
petition. 1411

If upon final determination of the petition an error in 1412 the assessment is corrected by the tax commissioner, upon 1413 petition so filed or pursuant to a decision of the board of tax 1414 appeals or any court to which the determination or decision has 1415 been appealed, so that the amount due from the taxpayer under 1416 the corrected assessment is less than the portion paid, there 1417 shall be issued to the taxpayer, its assigns, or legal 1418 representative a refund in the amount of the overpayment as 1419 provided by section 718.91 of the Revised Code, with interest on 1420 that amount as provided by that section. 1421

Sec. 5703.77. (A) As used in this section:

(1) "Taxpayer" means a person subject to or previouslysubject to a tax or fee, a person that remits a tax or fee, or a1424

person required to or previously required to withhold or collect1425and remit a tax or fee on behalf of another person.1426

(2) "Tax or fee" means a tax or fee administered by the 1427 tax commissioner.

(3) "Credit account balance" means the amount of a tax or
fee that a taxpayer remits to the state in excess of the amount
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required to be remitted, after accounting for factors applicable
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to the taxpayer such as accelerated payments, estimated
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payments, tax credits, and tax credit balances that may be
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carried forward.

(4) "Tax debt" means an unpaid tax or fee or any unpaidpenalty, interest, or additional charge on such a tax or fee due1436the state.

(B) As soon as practicable, but not later than sixty days 1438 before the expiration of the period of time during which a 1439 taxpayer may file a refund application for a tax or fee, the tax 1440 commissioner shall review the taxpayer's accounts for the tax or 1441 fee and notify the taxpayer of any credit account balance for 1442 which the commissioner is required to issue a refund if the 1443 taxpayer were to file a refund application for that balance, 1444 regardless of whether the taxpayer files a refund application or 1445 amended return with respect to that tax or fee. The notice shall 1446 be made using contact information for the taxpayer on file with 1447 the commissioner. 1448

(C) Notwithstanding sections 128.47, <u>718.91</u>, <u>3734.905</u>, 1449
4307.05, 5726.30, 5727.28, 5727.42, 5727.91, 5728.061, 5735.122, 1450
5736.08, 5739.07, 5739.104, 5741.10, 5743.05, 5743.53, 5747.11, 1451
5749.08, 5751.08, 5753.06, and any other section of the Revised 1452
Code governing refunds of taxes or fees, the commissioner may 1453

apply the amount of any credit account balance for which the1454commissioner is required to issue a refund if the taxpayer were1455to file a refund application for that balance as a credit1456against the taxpayer's liability for the tax or fee in the1457taxpayer's next reporting period for that tax or fee or issue a1458refund of that credit account balance to the taxpayer, subject1459to division (D) of this section.1460

(D) Before issuing a refund to a taxpayer under division 1461 (C) of this section, the tax commissioner shall withhold from 1462 that refund the amount of any of the taxpayer's tax debt 1463 certified to the attorney general under section 131.02 of the 1464 Revised Code and the amount of the taxpayer's liability, if any, 1465 for a tax or fee. The commissioner shall apply any amount 1466 withheld first in satisfaction of the amount of the taxpayer's 1467 certified tax debt and then in satisfaction of the taxpayer's 1468 liability. If the credit account balance originates from the tax 1469 administered under sections 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised 1470 Code, it may be applied only against the taxpayer's certified 1471 tax debt or tax liability due under those sections. 1472

(E) The tax commissioner may adopt rules to administer1473this section.

 Section 2. That existing sections 718.01, 718.80, 718.81,
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 718.83, 718.85, 718.90, and 5703.77 of the Revised Code are
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 hereby repealed.
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Section 3. (A) The amendment by this act of section 718.01 1478 and division (B) of section 718.81 of the Revised Code applies 1479 to municipal taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 1480 2020. 1481

(B) Except as provided in division (A) of this section,

the amendment by this act of sections 718.80, 718.81, and 718.85 1483 of the Revised Code applies to municipal taxable years beginning 1484 on or after January 1, 2022. 1485

Section 4. With respect to the world wide web portal 1486 required to be established under section 718.841 of the Revised 1487 Code, the Department of Taxation shall make the portal available 1488 to municipal corporations for the exchange of information 1489 required by division (C)(1) of section 718.80 of the Revised 1490 Code and divisions (B), (C), and (D) of section 718.84 of the 1491 Revised Code upon the effective date of the enactment by this 1492 act of section 718.841 of the Revised Code, and shall continue 1493 to add functionality to the portal until such time that the 1494 portal is capable of handling the exchange of all information 1495 necessary to be exchanged for the purposes of administering 1496 sections 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised Code. 1497

Section 5. (A) The Governor may execute a Governor's Deed 1498 in the name of the State conveying to Yukon Investments, LLC, an 1499 Ohio limited liability company, and its successors and assigns, 1500 or to an alternate purchaser or purchasers, and to the alternate 1501 purchaser or purchaser's successors and assigns, all of the 1502 State's right, title and interest in the following described 1503 real estate: 1504

Situated in the City of Cincinnati, County of Hamilton,1505and State of Ohio in Section 8, Township 3, Fractional Range 2,1506Miami Purchase, and more particularly described as follows:1507

Beginning at the northwest corner of McMillan Street and1508Melrose Avenue, thence N 0° 10' E along the west line of Melrose1509Avenue 330 feet; thence N 89° 40' W parallel with Wm. Howard1510Taft Road 45.72 feet; thence north parallel with Chatham Street15110.78 feet to a point 168 feet south of the south line of Wm.1512

Howard Taft Road; thence N 89° 40' W parallel with Wm. Howard 1513 Taft Road 75 feet; thence north parallel with Chatham Street 1514 35.07 feet; thence N 89° 53' W parallel with the original north 1515 line of McMillan Street 28 feet to a point 132 feet east of the 1516 east line of Chatham Street; thence south parallel with Chatham 1517 Street 375 feet to the north line of McMillan Street; thence 1518 along the northerly line of McMillan Street the following 1519 courses and distances: N 73° 03' E 29.01 feet, S 89° 53' E 44.46 1520 feet and N 89° 58' E 75.54 feet to the place of beginning. 1521

Being the same premises described in Deed from the1522Ambassador Corporation to Colonial Stores Incorporated dated1523November 29, 1966, and recorded in Deed Book 3518, Page 800,1524Deed Records of Hamilton County, Ohio.1525

Hamilton County Parcel Nos. 067-0002-0010-90, 067-0002-15260011-90, 067-0002-0054-90 and 067-0002-0194-90.1527

Prior Instrument Reference No.: Deed Book 4002, Page 458 1528

The foregoing legal description may be corrected or1529modified by the Department of Administrative Services to a final1530form if such corrections or modifications are needed to1531facilitate recordation of the deed.1532

(B) (1) The conveyance shall include the improvements and 1533 chattels situated on the real estate, and is subject to all 1534 easements, covenants, conditions, and restrictions of record: 1535 all legal highways and public rights-of-way; zoning, building, 1536 and other laws, ordinances, restrictions, and regulations; and 1537 real estate taxes and assessments not yet due and payable. The 1538 real estate shall be conveyed in an "as-is, where-is, with all 1539 faults" condition. 1540

(2) The deed for the conveyance of the real estate 1541

described in division (A) of this section may contain1542restrictions, exceptions, reservations, reversionary interests,1543or other terms and conditions the Director of Administrative1544Services and the Board of Trustees of the University of1545Cincinnati determine to be in the best interest of the State.1546

(3) Subsequent to the conveyance, any restrictions,
exceptions, reservations, reversionary interests, or other terms
and conditions contained in the deed may be released by the
State or the Board of Trustees of the University of Cincinnati
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without the necessity of further legislation.

(C) Consideration for the conveyance of the real estate 1552 described in division (A) of this section shall be One Million 1553 Six Hundred Thousand and 00/100 Dollars (\$1,600,000.00). If 1554 Yukon Investments, LLC does not complete the purchase of the 1555 real estate described in division (A) of this section within one 1556 hundred (100) days from the effective date of this section, the 1557 Director of Administrative Services may use any reasonable 1558 method of sale considered acceptable by the Board of Trustees of 1559 the University of Cincinnati to determine an alternate purchaser 1560 or purchasers willing to complete the purchase within three (3) 1561 years after the effective date of this section. In that case, 1562 consideration for the conveyance of the real estate to an 1563 alternate purchaser or purchasers shall be at a price and 1564 1565 pursuant to terms and conditions acceptable to the Board of Trustees of the University of Cincinnati. 1566

(D) The real estate described in division (A) of this1567section shall be sold as an entire tract and not in parcels.1568

(E) The purchaser or purchasers shall pay all costs
associated with the purchase, closing and conveyance of the
subject real estate, including appraisals, surveys, title
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evidence, title insurance, transfer costs and fees, recording1572costs and fees, taxes, and any other fees, assessments, and1573costs that may be imposed.1574

The net proceeds of the sale of the real estate shall be1575deposited into university accounts for purposes to be determined1576by the Board of Trustees of the University of Cincinnati.1577

(F) A Governor's Deed to the purchaser or purchasers shall 1578 be drafted and recorded in accordance with Ohio Revised Code 1579 Section 5301.13. The Governor's Deed shall state the 1580 consideration and shall be executed by the Governor in the name 1581 of the State, countersigned by the Secretary of State, sealed 1582 with the Great Seal of the State, and delivered to the purchaser 1583 or purchasers. The purchaser or purchasers shall present the 1584 Governor's Deed for recording in the Office of the Hamilton 1585 County Recorder. 1586

(G) This section shall expire three (3) years after itseffective date.