As Reported by the House Families, Aging, and Human Services Committee

134th General Assembly

Regular Session

Sub. H. B. No. 254

2021-2022

Representatives Boggs, Abrams

Cosponsors: Representatives Boyd, Lightbody, Brent, Galonski, Leland, Smith, K., Gross, Lepore-Hagan, Russo, Smith, M., Young, T., Sobecki, Carruthers, Miranda, Weinstein, Blackshear, Ray, Crossman, Miller, J., White, Crawley, Liston, Click, Ginter, West

A BILL

То	amend sections 121.22, 149.43, 307.629, 307.99,	1
	and 4731.22 and to enact sections 307.651,	2
	307.652, 307.653, 307.654, 307.655, 307.656,	3
	307.657, 307.658, 307.659, and 3701.0412 of the	4
	Revised Code to provide for the establishment of	5
	domestic violence fatality review boards.	6

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 121.22, 149.43, 307.629, 307.99,	7
and 4731.22 be amended and sections 307.651, 307.652, 307.653,	8
307.654, 307.655, 307.656, 307.657, 307.658, 307.659, and	9
3701.0412 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	10
Sec. 121.22. (A) This section shall be liberally construed	11
to require public officials to take official action and to	12
conduct all deliberations upon official business only in open	13
meetings unless the subject matter is specifically excepted by	14
law.	15

(B) As used in this section:	16
(1) "Public body" means any of the following:	17
(a) Any board, commission, committee, council, or similar	18
decision-making body of a state agency, institution, or	19
authority, and any legislative authority or board, commission,	20
committee, council, agency, authority, or similar decision-	21
making body of any county, township, municipal corporation,	22
school district, or other political subdivision or local public	23
institution;	24
(b) Any committee or subcommittee of a body described in	25
division (B)(1)(a) of this section;	26
(c) A court of jurisdiction of a sanitary district	27
organized wholly for the purpose of providing a water supply for	28
domestic, municipal, and public use when meeting for the purpose	29
of the appointment, removal, or reappointment of a member of the	30
board of directors of such a district pursuant to section	31
6115.10 of the Revised Code, if applicable, or for any other	32
matter related to such a district other than litigation	33
involving the district. As used in division (B)(1)(c) of this	34
section, "court of jurisdiction" has the same meaning as "court"	35
in section 6115.01 of the Revised Code.	36
(2) "Meeting" means any prearranged discussion of the	37
public business of the public body by a majority of its members.	38
(3) "Regulated individual" means either of the following:	39
(a) A student in a state or local public educational	40
institution;	41
(b) A person who is, voluntarily or involuntarily, an	42
inmate, patient, or resident of a state or local institution	43

because of criminal behavior, mental illness, an intellectual 44
disability, disease, disability, age, or other condition 45
requiring custodial care. 46

(4) "Public office" has the same meaning as in section47149.011 of the Revised Code.48

(C) All meetings of any public body are declared to be public meetings open to the public at all times. A member of a public body shall be present in person at a meeting open to the public to be considered present or to vote at the meeting and for purposes of determining whether a quorum is present at the meeting.

The minutes of a regular or special meeting of any public body shall be promptly prepared, filed, and maintained and shall be open to public inspection. The minutes need only reflect the general subject matter of discussions in executive sessions authorized under division (G) or (J) of this section.

(D) This section does not apply to any of the following:

(1) A grand jury;

(2) An audit conference conducted by the auditor of state
or independent certified public accountants with officials of
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the public office that is the subject of the audit;
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(3) The adult parole authority when its hearings are 65 conducted at a correctional institution for the sole purpose of 66 interviewing inmates to determine parole or pardon and the 67 department of rehabilitation and correction when its hearings 68 are conducted at a correctional institution for the sole purpose 69 of making determinations under section 2967.271 of the Revised 70 Code regarding the release or maintained incarceration of an 71 72 offender to whom that section applies;

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73 (4) The organized crime investigations commission established under section 177.01 of the Revised Code; 74 (5) Meetings of a child fatality review board established 75 under section 307.621 of the Revised Code, meetings related to a 76 review conducted pursuant to guidelines established by the 77 director of health under section 3701.70 of the Revised Code, 78 and meetings conducted pursuant to sections 5153.171 to 5153.173 79 of the Revised Code; 80 81 (6) The state medical board when determining whether to suspend a license or certificate without a prior hearing 82 pursuant to division (G) of either section 4730.25 or 4731.22 of 83 the Revised Code; 84 (7) The board of nursing when determining whether to 85 suspend a license or certificate without a prior hearing 86 pursuant to division (B) of section 4723.281 of the Revised 87 Code; 88 (8) The state board of pharmacy when determining whether 89 90 to do either of the following:

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(a) Suspend a license, certification, or registration
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without a prior hearing, including during meetings conducted by
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telephone conference, pursuant to Chapters 3719., 3796., 4729.,
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and 4752. of the Revised Code and rules adopted thereunder; or
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(b) Restrict a person from obtaining further information
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from the drug database established in section 4729.75 of the
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Revised Code without a prior hearing pursuant to division (C) of
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section 4729.86 of the Revised Code.
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(9) The state chiropractic board when determining whether
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to suspend a license without a hearing pursuant to section
4734.37 of the Revised Code;
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(10) The executive committee of the emergency response 102 commission when determining whether to issue an enforcement 103 order or request that a civil action, civil penalty action, or 104 criminal action be brought to enforce Chapter 3750. of the 105 Revised Code; 106

(11) The board of directors of the nonprofit corporation
formed under section 187.01 of the Revised Code or any committee
thereof, and the board of directors of any subsidiary of that
corporation or a committee thereof;

(12) An audit conference conducted by the audit staff of 111 the department of job and family services with officials of the 112 public office that is the subject of that audit under section 113 5101.37 of the Revised Code; 114

(13) The occupational therapy section of the occupational
therapy, physical therapy, and athletic trainers board when
determining whether to suspend a license without a hearing
pursuant to division (E) of section 4755.11 of the Revised Code;

(14) The physical therapy section of the occupational
therapy, physical therapy, and athletic trainers board when
determining whether to suspend a license without a hearing
pursuant to division (F) of section 4755.47 of the Revised Code;
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(15) The athletic trainers section of the occupational
therapy, physical therapy, and athletic trainers board when
determining whether to suspend a license without a hearing
pursuant to division (E) of section 4755.64 of the Revised Code;
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(16) Meetings of the pregnancy-associated mortality reviewboard established under section 3738.01 of the Revised Code;128

(17) Meetings of a fetal-infant mortality review boardestablished under section 3707.71 of the Revised Code;130

and governed by this section.

(18) Meetings of a drug overdose fatality review committee 131 described in section 307.631 of the Revised Code; 132 (19) Meetings of a suicide fatality review committee 133 described in section 307.641 of the Revised Code; 134 (20) Meetings of a domestic violence fatality review board 135 established under section 307.651 of the Revised Code. 136 (E) The controlling board, the tax credit authority, or 137 the minority development financing advisory board, when meeting 138 to consider granting assistance pursuant to Chapter 122. or 166. 139 of the Revised Code, in order to protect the interest of the 140 applicant or the possible investment of public funds, by 141 unanimous vote of all board or authority members present, may 142 close the meeting during consideration of the following 143 information confidentially received by the authority or board 144 from the applicant: 145 (1) Marketing plans; 146 (2) Specific business strategy; 147 (3) Production techniques and trade secrets; 148 (4) Financial projections; 149 (5) Personal financial statements of the applicant or 150 members of the applicant's immediate family, including, but not 151 limited to, tax records or other similar information not open to 152 public inspection. 153 The vote by the authority or board to accept or reject the 154 application, as well as all proceedings of the authority or 155 board not subject to this division, shall be open to the public 156

(F) Every public body, by rule, shall establish a 158 reasonable method whereby any person may determine the time and 159 place of all regularly scheduled meetings and the time, place, 160 and purpose of all special meetings. A public body shall not 161 hold a special meeting unless it gives at least twenty-four 162 hours' advance notice to the news media that have requested 163 notification, except in the event of an emergency requiring 164 immediate official action. In the event of an emergency, the 165 member or members calling the meeting shall notify the news 166 media that have requested notification immediately of the time, 167 place, and purpose of the meeting. 168

The rule shall provide that any person, upon request and 169 payment of a reasonable fee, may obtain reasonable advance 170 notification of all meetings at which any specific type of 171 public business is to be discussed. Provisions for advance 172 notification may include, but are not limited to, mailing the 173 agenda of meetings to all subscribers on a mailing list or 174 mailing notices in self-addressed, stamped envelopes provided by 175 the person. 176

(G) Except as provided in divisions (G) (8) and (J) of this
section, the members of a public body may hold an executive
session only after a majority of a quorum of the public body
determines, by a roll call vote, to hold an executive session
and only at a regular or special meeting for the sole purpose of
the consideration of any of the following matters:

(1) To consider the appointment, employment, dismissal,
discipline, promotion, demotion, or compensation of a public
employee or official, or the investigation of charges or
complaints against a public employee, official, licensee, or
regulated individual, unless the public employee, official,

licensee, or regulated individual requests a public hearing. 188 Except as otherwise provided by law, no public body shall hold 189 an executive session for the discipline of an elected official 190 for conduct related to the performance of the elected official's 191 official duties or for the elected official's removal from 192 office. If a public body holds an executive session pursuant to 193 division (G)(1) of this section, the motion and vote to hold 194 that executive session shall state which one or more of the 195 approved purposes listed in division (G)(1) of this section are 196 the purposes for which the executive session is to be held, but 197 need not include the name of any person to be considered at the 198 meeting. 199

(2) To consider the purchase of property for public 200 purposes, the sale of property at competitive bidding, or the 201 sale or other disposition of unneeded, obsolete, or unfit-for-202 use property in accordance with section 505.10 of the Revised 203 Code, if premature disclosure of information would give an 204 unfair competitive or bargaining advantage to a person whose 205 personal, private interest is adverse to the general public 206 interest. No member of a public body shall use division (G)(2) 207 of this section as a subterfuge for providing covert information 208 to prospective buyers or sellers. A purchase or sale of public 209 property is void if the seller or buyer of the public property 210 has received covert information from a member of a public body 211 that has not been disclosed to the general public in sufficient 212 time for other prospective buyers and sellers to prepare and 213 submit offers. 214

If the minutes of the public body show that all meetings 215 and deliberations of the public body have been conducted in 216 compliance with this section, any instrument executed by the 217 public body purporting to convey, lease, or otherwise dispose of 218

any right, title, or interest in any public property shall be219conclusively presumed to have been executed in compliance with220this section insofar as title or other interest of any bona fide221purchasers, lessees, or transferees of the property is222concerned.223

(3) Conferences with an attorney for the public body
concerning disputes involving the public body that are the
subject of pending or imminent court action;
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(4) Preparing for, conducting, or reviewing negotiations
 or bargaining sessions with public employees concerning their
 compensation or other terms and conditions of their employment;
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(5) Matters required to be kept confidential by federal230law or regulations or state statutes;231

(6) Details relative to the security arrangements and emergency response protocols for a public body or a public office, if disclosure of the matters discussed could reasonably be expected to jeopardize the security of the public body or public office;

(7) In the case of a county hospital operated pursuant to Chapter 339. of the Revised Code, a joint township hospital operated pursuant to Chapter 513. of the Revised Code, or a municipal hospital operated pursuant to Chapter 749. of the Revised Code, to consider trade secrets, as defined in section 1333.61 of the Revised Code;

(8) To consider confidential information related to the
marketing plans, specific business strategy, production
techniques, trade secrets, or personal financial statements of
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an applicant for economic development assistance, or to
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negotiations with other political subdivisions respecting
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requests for economic development assistance, provided that both of the following conditions apply:

(a) The information is directly related to a request for 250 economic development assistance that is to be provided or 251 administered under any provision of Chapter 715., 725., 1724., 252 or 1728. or sections 701.07, 3735.67 to 3735.70, 5709.40 to 253 5709.43, 5709.61 to 5709.69, 5709.73 to 5709.75, or 5709.77 to 254 5709.81 of the Revised Code, or that involves public 255 infrastructure improvements or the extension of utility services 256 that are directly related to an economic development project. 257

(b) A unanimous quorum of the public body determines, by a
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roll call vote, that the executive session is necessary to
protect the interests of the applicant or the possible
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investment or expenditure of public funds to be made in
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connection with the economic development project.

If a public body holds an executive session to consider263any of the matters listed in divisions (G)(2) to (8) of this264section, the motion and vote to hold that executive session265shall state which one or more of the approved matters listed in266those divisions are to be considered at the executive session.267

A public body specified in division (B)(1)(c) of this section shall not hold an executive session when meeting for the purposes specified in that division.

(H) A resolution, rule, or formal action of any kind is 271 invalid unless adopted in an open meeting of the public body. A 272 resolution, rule, or formal action adopted in an open meeting 273 that results from deliberations in a meeting not open to the 274 public is invalid unless the deliberations were for a purpose 275 specifically authorized in division (G) or (J) of this section 276

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and conducted at an executive session held in compliance with277this section. A resolution, rule, or formal action adopted in an278open meeting is invalid if the public body that adopted the279resolution, rule, or formal action violated division (F) of this280section.281

(I) (1) Any person may bring an action to enforce this section. An action under division (I) (1) of this section shall be brought within two years after the date of the alleged violation or threatened violation. Upon proof of a violation or threatened violation of this section in an action brought by any person, the court of common pleas shall issue an injunction to compel the members of the public body to comply with its provisions.

(2) (a) If the court of common pleas issues an injunction pursuant to division (I)(1) of this section, the court shall order the public body that it enjoins to pay a civil forfeiture of five hundred dollars to the party that sought the injunction and shall award to that party all court costs and, subject to reduction as described in division (I)(2) of this section, reasonable attorney's fees. The court, in its discretion, may reduce an award of attorney's fees to the party that sought the injunction or not award attorney's fees to that party if the court determines both of the following:

(i) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory
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law and case law as it existed at the time of violation or
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threatened violation that was the basis of the injunction, a
well-informed public body reasonably would believe that the
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public body was not violating or threatening to violate this
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section;

(ii) That a well-informed public body reasonably would

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believe that the conduct or threatened conduct that was the307basis of the injunction would serve the public policy that308underlies the authority that is asserted as permitting that309conduct or threatened conduct.310

(b) If the court of common pleas does not issue an
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injunction pursuant to division (I) (1) of this section and the
court determines at that time that the bringing of the action
was frivolous conduct, as defined in division (A) of section
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2323.51 of the Revised Code, the court shall award to the public
body all court costs and reasonable attorney's fees, as
determined by the court.
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(3) Irreparable harm and prejudice to the party that
sought the injunction shall be conclusively and irrebuttably
presumed upon proof of a violation or threatened violation of
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this section.

(4) A member of a public body who knowingly violates an
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injunction issued pursuant to division (I) (1) of this section
may be removed from office by an action brought in the court of
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common pleas for that purpose by the prosecuting attorney or the
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attorney general.

(J) (1) Pursuant to division (C) of section 5901.09 of the
Revised Code, a veterans service commission shall hold an
executive session for one or more of the following purposes
unless an applicant requests a public hearing:
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(a) Interviewing an applicant for financial assistance331under sections 5901.01 to 5901.15 of the Revised Code;332

(b) Discussing applications, statements, and other
 documents described in division (B) of section 5901.09 of the
 Revised Code;
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(c) Reviewing matters relating to an applicant's request 336 for financial assistance under sections 5901.01 to 5901.15 of 337 the Revised Code. 338

(2) A veterans service commission shall not exclude an 339 applicant for, recipient of, or former recipient of financial 340 assistance under sections 5901.01 to 5901.15 of the Revised 341 Code, and shall not exclude representatives selected by the 342 applicant, recipient, or former recipient, from a meeting that 343 the commission conducts as an executive session that pertains to 344 the applicant's, recipient's, or former recipient's application 345 for financial assistance. 346

(3) A veterans service commission shall vote on the grant 347 or denial of financial assistance under sections 5901.01 to 348 5901.15 of the Revised Code only in an open meeting of the 349 commission. The minutes of the meeting shall indicate the name, 350 address, and occupation of the applicant, whether the assistance 351 was granted or denied, the amount of the assistance if 352 assistance is granted, and the votes for and against the 353 granting of assistance. 354

Sec. 149.43. (A) As used in this section:

(1) "Public record" means records kept by any public 356 office, including, but not limited to, state, county, city, 357 village, township, and school district units, and records 358 pertaining to the delivery of educational services by an 359 alternative school in this state kept by the nonprofit or for-360 profit entity operating the alternative school pursuant to 361 section 3313.533 of the Revised Code. "Public record" does not 362 mean any of the following:

(a) Medical records;

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(b) Records pertaining to probation and parole
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proceedings, to proceedings related to the imposition of
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community control sanctions and post-release control sanctions,
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or to proceedings related to determinations under section
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2967.271 of the Revised Code regarding the release or maintained
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incarceration of an offender to whom that section applies;
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(c) Records pertaining to actions under section 2151.85
 and division (C) of section 2919.121 of the Revised Code and to
 appeals of actions arising under those sections;
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(d) Records pertaining to adoption proceedings, including
(d) Records pertaining to adoption perta

(e) Information in a record contained in the putative
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father registry established by section 3107.062 of the Revised
Code, regardless of whether the information is held by the
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department of job and family services or, pursuant to section
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3111.69 of the Revised Code, the office of child support in the
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department or a child support enforcement agency;

(f) Records specified in division (A) of section 3107.52 383
of the Revised Code; 384

(g) Trial preparation records;

(h) Confidential law enforcement investigatory records; 386

(i) Records containing information that is confidential387under section 2710.03 or 4112.05 of the Revised Code;388

(j) DNA records stored in the DNA database pursuant to 389section 109.573 of the Revised Code; 390

(k) Inmate records released by the department of 391rehabilitation and correction to the department of youth 392

Page 14

services or a court of record pursuant to division (E) of	393	
section 5120.21 of the Revised Code;		
(1) Records maintained by the department of youth services	395	
pertaining to children in its custody released by the department	396	
of youth services to the department of rehabilitation and	397	
correction pursuant to section 5139.05 of the Revised Code;	398	
(m) Intellectual property records;	399	
<pre>(n) Donor profile records;</pre>	400	
(o) Records maintained by the department of job and family	401	
services pursuant to section 3121.894 of the Revised Code;	402	
(p) Designated public service worker residential and	403	
familial information;	404	
(q) In the case of a county hospital operated pursuant to	405	
Chapter 339. of the Revised Code or a municipal hospital	406	
operated pursuant to Chapter 749. of the Revised Code,	407	
information that constitutes a trade secret, as defined in	408	
section 1333.61 of the Revised Code;	409	
(r) Information pertaining to the recreational activities	410	
of a person under the age of eighteen;	411	
(s) In the case of a child fatality review board acting	412	
under sections 307.621 to 307.629 of the Revised Code or a	413	
review conducted pursuant to guidelines established by the	414	
director of health under section 3701.70 of the Revised Code,	415	
records provided to the board or director, statements made by	416	
board members during meetings of the board or by persons	417	
participating in the director's review, and all work products of	418	
the board or director, and in the case of a child fatality	419	
review board, child fatality review data submitted by the board	420	

to the department of health or a national child death review421database, other than the report prepared pursuant to division422(A) of section 307.626 of the Revised Code;423

(t) Records provided to and statements made by the424executive director of a public children services agency or a425prosecuting attorney acting pursuant to section 5153.171 of the426Revised Code other than the information released under that427section;428

(u) Test materials, examinations, or evaluation tools used
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in an examination for licensure as a nursing home administrator
that the board of executives of long-term services and supports
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administers under section 4751.15 of the Revised Code or
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contracts under that section with a private or government entity
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to administer;

(v) Records the release of which is prohibited by state orfederal law;

(w) Proprietary information of or relating to any person
that is submitted to or compiled by the Ohio venture capital
authority created under section 150.01 of the Revised Code;
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(x) Financial statements and data any person submits for
any purpose to the Ohio housing finance agency or the
controlling board in connection with applying for, receiving, or
accounting for financial assistance from the agency, and
information that identifies any individual who benefits directly
or indirectly from financial assistance from the agency;

(y) Records listed in section 5101.29 of the Revised Code;

(z) Discharges recorded with a county recorder under
section 317.24 of the Revised Code, as specified in division (B)
(2) of that section;
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Page 16

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(aa) Usage information including names and addresses of
specific residential and commercial customers of a municipally
owned or operated public utility;
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(bb) Records described in division (C) of section 187.04
of the Revised Code that are not designated to be made available
to the public as provided in that division;
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(cc) Information and records that are made confidential,
privileged, and not subject to disclosure under divisions (B)
and (C) of section 2949.221 of the Revised Code;
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(dd) Personal information, as defined in section 149.45 of 459
the Revised Code; 460

(ee) The confidential name, address, and other personally 461 identifiable information of a program participant in the address 462 confidentiality program established under sections 111.41 to 463 111.47 of the Revised Code, including the contents of any 464 application for absent voter's ballots, absent voter's ballot 465 identification envelope statement of voter, or provisional 466 ballot affirmation completed by a program participant who has a 467 confidential voter registration record, and records or portions 468 469 of records pertaining to that program that identify the number of program participants that reside within a precinct, ward, 470 township, municipal corporation, county, or any other geographic 471 area smaller than the state. As used in this division, 472 "confidential address" and "program participant" have the 473 meaning defined in section 111.41 of the Revised Code. 474

(ff) Orders for active military service of an individual
serving or with previous service in the armed forces of the
United States, including a reserve component, or the Ohio
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organized militia, except that, such order becomes a public
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record on the day that is fifteen years after the published date

or effective date of the call to order; 480 (gg) The name, address, contact information, or other 481 personal information of an individual who is less than eighteen 482 years of age that is included in any record related to a traffic 483 accident involving a school vehicle in which the individual was 484 an occupant at the time of the accident; 485 (hh) Protected health information, as defined in 45 C.F.R. 486 160.103, that is in a claim for payment for a health care 487 product, service, or procedure, as well as any other health 488 claims data in another document that reveals the identity of an 489 individual who is the subject of the data or could be used to 490 reveal that individual's identity; 491 (ii) Any depiction by photograph, film, videotape, or 492 printed or digital image under either of the following 493 494 circumstances:

(i) The depiction is that of a victim of an offense the
release of which would be, to a reasonable person of ordinary
sensibilities, an offensive and objectionable intrusion into the
victim's expectation of bodily privacy and integrity.

(ii) The depiction captures or depicts the victim of a
sexually oriented offense, as defined in section 2950.01 of the
Revised Code, at the actual occurrence of that offense.
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(jj) Restricted portions of a body-worn camera ordashboard camera recording;503

(kk) In the case of a fetal-infant mortality review board 504 acting under sections 3707.70 to 3707.77 of the Revised Code, 505 records, documents, reports, or other information presented to 506 the board or a person abstracting such materials on the board's 507

behalf, statements made by review board members during board508meetings, all work products of the board, and data submitted by509the board to the department of health or a national infant death510review database, other than the report prepared pursuant to511section 3707.77 of the Revised Code.512

(11) Records, documents, reports, or other information 513 presented to the pregnancy-associated mortality review board 514 established under section 3738.01 of the Revised Code, 515 statements made by board members during board meetings, all work 516 products of the board, and data submitted by the board to the 517 department of health, other than the biennial reports prepared 518 under section 3738.08 of the Revised Code; 519

(mm) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(1)(00) 520
of this section, telephone numbers for a victim, as defined in 521
section 2930.01 of the Revised Code or a witness to a crime that 522
are listed on any law enforcement record or report. 523

(nn) A preneed funeral contract, as defined in section 524
4717.01 of the Revised Code, and contract terms and personally 525
identifying information of a preneed funeral contract, that is 526
contained in a report submitted by or for a funeral home to the 527
board of embalmers and funeral directors under division (C) of 528
section 4717.13, division (J) of section 4717.31, or section 529
4717.41 of the Revised Code. 530

(oo) Telephone numbers for a party to a motor vehicle 531 accident subject to the requirements of section 5502.11 of the 532 Revised Code that are listed on any law enforcement record or 533 report, except that the telephone numbers described in this 534 division are not excluded from the definition of "public record" 535 under this division on and after the thirtieth day after the 536 occurrence of the motor vehicle accident; 537

(pp) Records, documents, reports, or other information presented to a domestic violence fatality review board established under section 307.651 of the Revised Code, statements made by board members during board meetings, all work products of the board, and data submitted by the board to the department of health, other than a report prepared pursuant to section 307.656 of the Revised Code.

A record that is not a public record under division (A)(1) 545 of this section and that, under law, is permanently retained 546 becomes a public record on the day that is seventy-five years 547 after the day on which the record was created, except for any 548 record protected by the attorney-client privilege, a trial 549 preparation record as defined in this section, a statement 550 prohibiting the release of identifying information signed under 551 section 3107.083 of the Revised Code, a denial of release form 552 filed pursuant to section 3107.46 of the Revised Code, or any 553 record that is exempt from release or disclosure under section 554 149.433 of the Revised Code. If the record is a birth 555 certificate and a biological parent's name redaction request 556 form has been accepted under section 3107.391 of the Revised 557 Code, the name of that parent shall be redacted from the birth 558 certificate before it is released under this paragraph. If any 559 other section of the Revised Code establishes a time period for 560 disclosure of a record that conflicts with the time period 561 specified in this section, the time period in the other section 562 prevails. 563

(2) "Confidential law enforcement investigatory record"
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means any record that pertains to a law enforcement matter of a
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criminal, quasi-criminal, civil, or administrative nature, but
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only to the extent that the release of the record would create a
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high probability of disclosure of any of the following:
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Page 20

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(a) The identity of a suspect who has not been charged
(b) with the offense to which the record pertains, or of an
(c) information source or witness to whom confidentiality has been
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(b) Information provided by an information source or
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witness to whom confidentiality has been reasonably promised,
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which information would reasonably tend to disclose the source's
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or witness's identity;
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(c) Specific confidential investigatory techniques or 577procedures or specific investigatory work product; 578

(d) Information that would endanger the life or physical 579
safety of law enforcement personnel, a crime victim, a witness, 580
or a confidential information source. 581

(3) "Medical record" means any document or combination of documents, except births, deaths, and the fact of admission to or discharge from a hospital, that pertains to the medical history, diagnosis, prognosis, or medical condition of a patient and that is generated and maintained in the process of medical treatment.

(4) "Trial preparation record" means any record that
588
contains information that is specifically compiled in reasonable
anticipation of, or in defense of, a civil or criminal action or
proceeding, including the independent thought processes and
personal trial preparation of an attorney.

(5) "Intellectual property record" means a record, other
(5) than a financial or administrative record, that is produced or
(5) that is produced or
(5) collected by or for faculty or staff of a state institution of
(5) for faculty or staff of a state institution of
(5) for faculty or as a result of study or
(5) for sevence on an educational, commercial, scientific, artistic,

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technical, or scholarly issue, regardless of whether the study598or research was sponsored by the institution alone or in599conjunction with a governmental body or private concern, and600that has not been publicly released, published, or patented.601

(6) "Donor profile record" means all records about donors
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or potential donors to a public institution of higher education
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except the names and reported addresses of the actual donors and
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the date, amount, and conditions of the actual donation.
605

606 (7) "Designated public service worker" means a peace officer, parole officer, probation officer, bailiff, prosecuting 607 attorney, assistant prosecuting attorney, correctional employee, 608 county or multicounty corrections officer, community-based 609 correctional facility employee, designated Ohio national guard 610 member, protective services worker, youth services employee, 611 firefighter, EMT, medical director or member of a cooperating 612 physician advisory board of an emergency medical service 613 organization, state board of pharmacy employee, investigator of 614 the bureau of criminal identification and investigation, 615 emergency service telecommunicator, forensic mental health 616 provider, mental health evaluation provider, regional 617 psychiatric hospital employee, judge, magistrate, or federal law 618 enforcement officer. 619

(8) "Designated public service worker residential and familial information" means any information that discloses any of the following about a designated public service worker:

(a) The address of the actual personal residence of a
 designated public service worker, except for the following
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 information:
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(i) The address of the actual personal residence of a 626

Page 22

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Sub. H. B. No. 254	Page 23
As Reported by the House Families, Aging, and Human Services Committee	

prosecuting attorney or judge; and

(ii) The state or political subdivision in which adesignated public service worker resides.629

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(b) Information compiled from referral to or participation630in an employee assistance program;631

(c) The social security number, the residential telephone
number, any bank account, debit card, charge card, or credit
card number, or the emergency telephone number of, or any
medical information pertaining to, a designated public service
worker;

(d) The name of any beneficiary of employment benefits,
including, but not limited to, life insurance benefits, provided
to a designated public service worker by the designated public
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service worker's employer;
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(e) The identity and amount of any charitable or
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employment benefit deduction made by the designated public
service worker's employer from the designated public service
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worker's compensation, unless the amount of the deduction is
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required by state or federal law;
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(f) The name, the residential address, the name of the
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employer, the address of the employer, the social security
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number, the residential telephone number, any bank account,
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debit card, charge card, or credit card number, or the emergency
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telephone number of the spouse, a former spouse, or any child of
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a designated public service worker;

(g) A photograph of a peace officer who holds a position
or has an assignment that may include undercover or plain
clothes positions or assignments as determined by the peace
officer's appointing authority.

(9) As used in divisions (A)(7) and (15) to (17) of this	656
section:	657
"Peace officer" has the meaning defined in section 109.71	658
of the Revised Code and also includes the superintendent and	659
troopers of the state highway patrol; it does not include the	660
sheriff of a county or a supervisory employee who, in the	661
absence of the sheriff, is authorized to stand in for, exercise	662
the authority of, and perform the duties of the sheriff.	663
"Correctional employee" means any employee of the	664
department of rehabilitation and correction who in the course of	665
performing the employee's job duties has or has had contact with	666
inmates and persons under supervision.	667
"County or multicounty corrections officer" means any	668
corrections officer employed by any county or multicounty	669
correctional facility.	670
"Designated Ohio national guard member" means a member of	671
the Ohio national guard who is participating in duties related	672
the Ohio national guard who is participating in duties related to remotely piloted aircraft, including, but not limited to,	672 673
to remotely piloted aircraft, including, but not limited to,	673
to remotely piloted aircraft, including, but not limited to, pilots, sensor operators, and mission intelligence personnel,	673 674
to remotely piloted aircraft, including, but not limited to, pilots, sensor operators, and mission intelligence personnel, duties related to special forces operations, or duties related	673 674 675
to remotely piloted aircraft, including, but not limited to, pilots, sensor operators, and mission intelligence personnel, duties related to special forces operations, or duties related to cybersecurity, and is designated by the adjutant general as a	673 674 675 676
to remotely piloted aircraft, including, but not limited to, pilots, sensor operators, and mission intelligence personnel, duties related to special forces operations, or duties related to cybersecurity, and is designated by the adjutant general as a designated public service worker for those purposes.	673 674 675 676 677
to remotely piloted aircraft, including, but not limited to, pilots, sensor operators, and mission intelligence personnel, duties related to special forces operations, or duties related to cybersecurity, and is designated by the adjutant general as a designated public service worker for those purposes. "Protective services worker" means any employee of a	673 674 675 676 677 678
to remotely piloted aircraft, including, but not limited to, pilots, sensor operators, and mission intelligence personnel, duties related to special forces operations, or duties related to cybersecurity, and is designated by the adjutant general as a designated public service worker for those purposes. "Protective services worker" means any employee of a county agency who is responsible for child protective services,	673 674 675 676 677 678 679
to remotely piloted aircraft, including, but not limited to, pilots, sensor operators, and mission intelligence personnel, duties related to special forces operations, or duties related to cybersecurity, and is designated by the adjutant general as a designated public service worker for those purposes. "Protective services worker" means any employee of a county agency who is responsible for child protective services, child support services, or adult protective services.	673 674 675 676 677 678 679 680
to remotely piloted aircraft, including, but not limited to, pilots, sensor operators, and mission intelligence personnel, duties related to special forces operations, or duties related to cybersecurity, and is designated by the adjutant general as a designated public service worker for those purposes. "Protective services worker" means any employee of a county agency who is responsible for child protective services, child support services, or adult protective services. "Youth services employee" means any employee of the	673 674 675 676 677 678 679 680 681

"Firefighter" means any regular, paid or volunteer, member	685
of a lawfully constituted fire department of a municipal	686
corporation, township, fire district, or village.	687
"EMT" means EMTs-basic, EMTs-I, and paramedics that	688
provide emergency medical services for a public emergency	689
medical service organization. "Emergency medical service	690
organization," "EMT-basic," "EMT-I," and "paramedic" have the	691
meanings defined in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code.	692
"Investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and	693
investigation" has the meaning defined in section 2903.11 of the	694
Revised Code.	695
"Emergency service telecommunicator" has the meaning	696
defined in section 4742.01 of the Revised Code.	697
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"Forensic mental health provider" means any employee of a	698
community mental health service provider or local alcohol, drug	699
addiction, and mental health services board who, in the course	700
of the employee's duties, has contact with persons committed to	701
a local alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services	702
board by a court order pursuant to section 2945.38, 2945.39,	703
2945.40, or 2945.402 of the Revised Code.	704
"Mental health evaluation provider" means an individual	705
who, under Chapter 5122. of the Revised Code, examines a	706
respondent who is alleged to be a mentally ill person subject to	707
court order, as defined in section 5122.01 of the Revised Code,	708
and reports to the probate court the respondent's mental	709
condition.	710
"Regional psychiatric hospital employee" means any	711
employee of the department of mental health and addiction	712
services who, in the course of performing the employee's duties,	713

has contact with patients committed to the department of mental	714
health and addiction services by a court order pursuant to	715
section 2945.38, 2945.39, 2945.40, or 2945.402 of the Revised	716
Code.	717
"Federal law enforcement officer" has the meaning defined	718
in section 9.88 of the Revised Code.	719
(10) "Information pertaining to the recreational	720
activities of a person under the age of eighteen" means	721
information that is kept in the ordinary course of business by a	722
public office, that pertains to the recreational activities of a	723
person under the age of eighteen years, and that discloses any	724
of the following:	725
(a) The address or telephone number of a person under the	726
age of eighteen or the address or telephone number of that	727
person's parent, guardian, custodian, or emergency contact	728
person;	729
(b) The social security number, birth date, or	730
photographic image of a person under the age of eighteen;	731
(c) Any medical record, history, or information pertaining	732
to a person under the age of eighteen;	733
(d) Any additional information sought or required about a	734
person under the age of eighteen for the purpose of allowing	735
that person to participate in any recreational activity	736
conducted or sponsored by a public office or to use or obtain	737
admission privileges to any recreational facility owned or	738
operated by a public office.	739
(11) "Community control sanction" has the meaning defined	740
in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	741

Page 27

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(12)	"Post-release contro	l sanction" has the	e meaning 742	2
defined in	section 2967.01 of t	he Revised Code.	743	3

(13) "Redaction" means obscuring or deleting any
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information that is exempt from the duty to permit public
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inspection or copying from an item that otherwise meets the
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definition of a "record" in section 149.011 of the Revised Code.
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(14) "Designee," "elected official," and "future official"have the meanings defined in section 109.43 of the Revised Code.749

(15) "Body-worn camera" means a visual and audio recording 750 device worn on the person of a peace officer while the peace 751 officer is engaged in the performance of the peace officer's 752 duties. 753

(16) "Dashboard camera" means a visual and audio recording device mounted on a peace officer's vehicle or vessel that is used while the peace officer is engaged in the performance of the peace officer's duties.

(17) "Restricted portions of a body-worn camera or
dashboard camera recording" means any visual or audio portion of
a body-worn camera or dashboard camera recording that shows,
communicates, or discloses any of the following:
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(a) The image or identity of a child or information that
(b) The identification of a child or information that
(c) The identification of a child who is a primary
(a) The identification of a child who is a primary
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(b) The death of a person or a deceased person's body,
unless the death was caused by a peace officer or, subject to
division (H) (1) of this section, the consent of the decedent's
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executor or administrator has been obtained;
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(c) The death of a peace officer, firefighter, paramedic,
or other first responder, occurring while the decedent was
engaged in the performance of official duties, unless, subject
to division (H) (1) of this section, the consent of the
decedent's executor or administrator has been obtained;
771

(d) Grievous bodily harm, unless the injury was effected
by a peace officer or, subject to division (H) (1) of this
section, the consent of the injured person or the injured
person's guardian has been obtained;
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(e) An act of severe violence against a person that
results in serious physical harm to the person, unless the act
and injury was effected by a peace officer or, subject to
division (H) (1) of this section, the consent of the injured
person or the injured person's guardian has been obtained;

(f) Grievous bodily harm to a peace officer, firefighter, 785 paramedic, or other first responder, occurring while the injured 786 person was engaged in the performance of official duties, 787 unless, subject to division (H)(1) of this section, the consent 788 of the injured person or the injured person's guardian has been 789 obtained; 790

(g) An act of severe violence resulting in serious
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physical harm against a peace officer, firefighter, paramedic,
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or other first responder, occurring while the injured person was
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engaged in the performance of official duties, unless, subject
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to division (H) (1) of this section, the consent of the injured
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person or the injured person's guardian has been obtained;
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(h) A person's nude body, unless, subject to division (H) 797
(1) of this section, the person's consent has been obtained; 798

(i) Protected health information, the identity of a person 799

in a health care facility who is not the subject of a law 800
enforcement encounter, or any other information in a health care 801
facility that could identify a person who is not the subject of 802
a law enforcement encounter; 803

(j) Information that could identify the alleged victim of 804a sex offense, menacing by stalking, or domestic violence; 805

(k) Information, that does not constitute a confidential 806 law enforcement investigatory record, that could identify a 807 person who provides sensitive or confidential information to a 808 law enforcement agency when the disclosure of the person's 809 identity or the information provided could reasonably be 810 expected to threaten or endanger the safety or property of the 811 person or another person; 812

(1) Personal information of a person who is not arrested, 813cited, charged, or issued a written warning by a peace officer; 814

(m) Proprietary police contingency plans or tactics that
 are intended to prevent crime and maintain public order and
 safety;
 817

(n) A personal conversation unrelated to work between
 peace officers or between a peace officer and an employee of a
 law enforcement agency;
 820

(o) A conversation between a peace officer and a member of821the public that does not concern law enforcement activities;822

(p) The interior of a residence, unless the interior of a
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residence is the location of an adversarial encounter with, or a
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use of force by, a peace officer;
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(q) Any portion of the interior of a private business that826is not open to the public, unless an adversarial encounter with,827

or a use of force by, a peace officer occurs in that location.	828	
As used in division (A)(17) of this section:	829	
"Grievous bodily harm" has the same meaning as in section	830	
5924.120 of the Revised Code.	831	
"Health care facility" has the same meaning as in section	832	
1337.11 of the Revised Code.	833	
"Protected health information" has the same meaning as in	834	
45 C.F.R. 160.103.	835	
"Law enforcement agency" has the same meaning as in	836	
section 2925.61 of the Revised Code.	837	
"Personal information" means any government-issued	838	
identification number, date of birth, address, financial	839	
information, or criminal justice information from the law	840	
enforcement automated data system or similar databases.	841	
"Sex offense" has the same meaning as in section 2907.10	842	
of the Revised Code.	843	
"Firefighter," "paramedic," and "first responder" have the	844	
same meanings as in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code.		
(B)(1) Upon request by any person and subject to division	846	
(B)(8) of this section, all public records responsive to the	847	
request shall be promptly prepared and made available for	848	
inspection to the requester at all reasonable times during	849	
regular business hours. Subject to division (B)(8) of this	850	
section, upon request by any person, a public office or person	851	
responsible for public records shall make copies of the	852	
requested public record available to the requester at cost and	853	
within a reasonable period of time. If a public record contains	854	
information that is exempt from the duty to permit public	855	

inspection or to copy the public record, the public office or 856 the person responsible for the public record shall make 857 available all of the information within the public record that 858 is not exempt. When making that public record available for 859 public inspection or copying that public record, the public 860 office or the person responsible for the public record shall 861 notify the requester of any redaction or make the redaction 862 plainly visible. A redaction shall be deemed a denial of a 863 request to inspect or copy the redacted information, except if 864 federal or state law authorizes or requires a public office to 865 make the redaction. 866

(2) To facilitate broader access to public records, a 867 public office or the person responsible for public records shall 868 organize and maintain public records in a manner that they can 869 be made available for inspection or copying in accordance with 870 division (B) of this section. A public office also shall have 871 available a copy of its current records retention schedule at a 872 location readily available to the public. If a requester makes 873 an ambiguous or overly broad request or has difficulty in making 874 a request for copies or inspection of public records under this 875 section such that the public office or the person responsible 876 for the requested public record cannot reasonably identify what 877 public records are being requested, the public office or the 878 person responsible for the requested public record may deny the 879 request but shall provide the requester with an opportunity to 880 revise the request by informing the requester of the manner in 881 which records are maintained by the public office and accessed 882 in the ordinary course of the public office's or person's 883 duties. 884

(3) If a request is ultimately denied, in part or in885whole, the public office or the person responsible for the886

requested public record shall provide the requester with an 887 explanation, including legal authority, setting forth why the 888 request was denied. If the initial request was provided in 889 writing, the explanation also shall be provided to the requester 890 in writing. The explanation shall not preclude the public office 891 or the person responsible for the requested public record from 892 relying upon additional reasons or legal authority in defending 893 an action commenced under division (C) of this section. 894

(4) Unless specifically required or authorized by state or 895 896 federal law or in accordance with division (B) of this section, no public office or person responsible for public records may 897 limit or condition the availability of public records by 898 requiring disclosure of the requester's identity or the intended 899 use of the requested public record. Any requirement that the 900 requester disclose the requester's identity or the intended use 901 of the requested public record constitutes a denial of the 902 request. 903

(5) A public office or person responsible for public 904 records may ask a requester to make the request in writing, may 905 ask for the requester's identity, and may inquire about the 906 intended use of the information requested, but may do so only 907 after disclosing to the requester that a written request is not 908 mandatory, that the requester may decline to reveal the 909 requester's identity or the intended use, and when a written 910 request or disclosure of the identity or intended use would 911 benefit the requester by enhancing the ability of the public 912 office or person responsible for public records to identify, 913 locate, or deliver the public records sought by the requester. 914

(6) If any person requests a copy of a public record in915accordance with division (B) of this section, the public office916

or person responsible for the public record may require the 917 requester to pay in advance the cost involved in providing the 918 copy of the public record in accordance with the choice made by 919 the requester under this division. The public office or the 920 person responsible for the public record shall permit the 921 requester to choose to have the public record duplicated upon 922 923 paper, upon the same medium upon which the public office or person responsible for the public record keeps it, or upon any 924 other medium upon which the public office or person responsible 925 926 for the public record determines that it reasonably can be duplicated as an integral part of the normal operations of the 927 public office or person responsible for the public record. When 928 the requester makes a choice under this division, the public 929 office or person responsible for the public record shall provide 930 a copy of it in accordance with the choice made by the 931 requester. Nothing in this section requires a public office or 932 person responsible for the public record to allow the requester 933 of a copy of the public record to make the copies of the public 934 record. 935

(7) (a) Upon a request made in accordance with division (B) 936 of this section and subject to division (B)(6) of this section, 937 a public office or person responsible for public records shall 938 transmit a copy of a public record to any person by United 939 States mail or by any other means of delivery or transmission 940 within a reasonable period of time after receiving the request 941 for the copy. The public office or person responsible for the 942 public record may require the person making the request to pay 943 in advance the cost of postage if the copy is transmitted by 944 United States mail or the cost of delivery if the copy is 945 transmitted other than by United States mail, and to pay in 946 advance the costs incurred for other supplies used in the 947

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mailing, delivery, or transmission.

(b) Any public office may adopt a policy and procedures that it will follow in transmitting, within a reasonable period 950 of time after receiving a request, copies of public records by 951 United States mail or by any other means of delivery or transmission pursuant to division (B)(7) of this section. A 953 public office that adopts a policy and procedures under division 954 (B) (7) of this section shall comply with them in performing its duties under that division.

(c) In any policy and procedures adopted under division (B)(7) of this section:

(i) A public office may limit the number of records requested by a person that the office will physically deliver by United States mail or by another delivery service to ten per month, unless the person certifies to the office in writing that the person does not intend to use or forward the requested records, or the information contained in them, for commercial purposes;

(ii) A public office that chooses to provide some or all 966 967 of its public records on a web site that is fully accessible to and searchable by members of the public at all times, other than 968 during acts of God outside the public office's control or 969 maintenance, and that charges no fee to search, access, 970 download, or otherwise receive records provided on the web site, 971 may limit to ten per month the number of records requested by a 972 person that the office will deliver in a digital format, unless 973 the requested records are not provided on the web site and 974 unless the person certifies to the office in writing that the 975 person does not intend to use or forward the requested records, 976 or the information contained in them, for commercial purposes. 977

(iii) For purposes of division (B)(7) of this section,
"commercial" shall be narrowly construed and does not include
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reporting or gathering news, reporting or gathering information
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to assist citizen oversight or understanding of the operation or
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activities of government, or nonprofit educational research.
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(8) A public office or person responsible for public 983 records is not required to permit a person who is incarcerated 984 pursuant to a criminal conviction or a juvenile adjudication to 985 inspect or to obtain a copy of any public record concerning a 986 987 criminal investigation or prosecution or concerning what would be a criminal investigation or prosecution if the subject of the 988 investigation or prosecution were an adult, unless the request 989 to inspect or to obtain a copy of the record is for the purpose 990 of acquiring information that is subject to release as a public 991 record under this section and the judge who imposed the sentence 992 or made the adjudication with respect to the person, or the 993 judge's successor in office, finds that the information sought 994 in the public record is necessary to support what appears to be 995 a justiciable claim of the person. 996

(9) (a) Upon written request made and signed by a 997 journalist, a public office, or person responsible for public 998 records, having custody of the records of the agency employing a 999 specified designated public service worker shall disclose to the 1000 journalist the address of the actual personal residence of the 1001 designated public service worker and, if the designated public 1002 service worker's spouse, former spouse, or child is employed by 1003 a public office, the name and address of the employer of the 1004 designated public service worker's spouse, former spouse, or 1005 child. The request shall include the journalist's name and title 1006 and the name and address of the journalist's employer and shall 1007 state that disclosure of the information sought would be in the 1008

Page 36

public interest.	1009
(b) Division (B)(9)(a) of this section also applies to	1010
journalist requests for:	1011
(i) Customer information maintained by a municipally owned	1012
or operated public utility, other than social security numbers	1013
and any private financial information such as credit reports,	1014
payment methods, credit card numbers, and bank account	1015
information;	1016
(ii) Information about minors involved in a school vehicle	1017
accident as provided in division (A)(1)(gg) of this section,	1018
other than personal information as defined in section 149.45 of	1019
the Revised Code.	1020
(c) As used in division (B)(9) of this section,	1021
"journalist" means a person engaged in, connected with, or	1022
employed by any news medium, including a newspaper, magazine,	1023
press association, news agency, or wire service, a radio or	1024
television station, or a similar medium, for the purpose of	1025
gathering, processing, transmitting, compiling, editing, or	1026
disseminating information for the general public.	1027
(10) Upon a request made by a victim, victim's attorney,	1028
or victim's representative, as that term is used in section	1029
2930.02 of the Revised Code, a public office or person	1030
responsible for public records shall transmit a copy of a	1031
depiction of the victim as described in division (A)(1)(ii) of	1032
this section to the victim, victim's attorney, or victim's	
representative.	
(C)(1) If a person allegedly is aggrieved by the failure	1035

of a public office or the person responsible for public records 1036 to promptly prepare a public record and to make it available to 1037

the person for inspection in accordance with division (B) of1038this section or by any other failure of a public office or the1039person responsible for public records to comply with an1040obligation in accordance with division (B) of this section, the1041person allegedly aggrieved may do only one of the following, and1042not both:1043

(a) File a complaint with the clerk of the court of claims
or the clerk of the court of common pleas under section 2743.75
of the Revised Code;

1047 (b) Commence a mandamus action to obtain a judgment that orders the public office or the person responsible for the 1048 public record to comply with division (B) of this section, that 1049 awards court costs and reasonable attorney's fees to the person 1050 that instituted the mandamus action, and, if applicable, that 1051 includes an order fixing statutory damages under division (C) (2) 1052 of this section. The mandamus action may be commenced in the 1053 court of common pleas of the county in which division (B) of 1054 this section allegedly was not complied with, in the supreme 1055 court pursuant to its original jurisdiction under Section 2 of 1056 Article IV, Ohio Constitution, or in the court of appeals for 1057 the appellate district in which division (B) of this section 1058 allegedly was not complied with pursuant to its original 1059 jurisdiction under Section 3 of Article IV, Ohio Constitution. 1060

(2) If a requester transmits a written request by hand
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delivery, electronic submission, or certified mail to inspect or
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receive copies of any public record in a manner that fairly
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describes the public record or class of public records to the
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public office or person responsible for the requested public
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records, except as otherwise provided in this section, the
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requester shall be entitled to recover the amount of statutory

damages set forth in this division if a court determines that1068the public office or the person responsible for public records1069failed to comply with an obligation in accordance with division1070(B) of this section.1071

1072 The amount of statutory damages shall be fixed at one hundred dollars for each business day during which the public 1073 office or person responsible for the requested public records 1074 failed to comply with an obligation in accordance with division 1075 (B) of this section, beginning with the day on which the 1076 1077 requester files a mandamus action to recover statutory damages, up to a maximum of one thousand dollars. The award of statutory 1078 damages shall not be construed as a penalty, but as compensation 1079 for injury arising from lost use of the requested information. 1080 The existence of this injury shall be conclusively presumed. The 1081 award of statutory damages shall be in addition to all other 1082 remedies authorized by this section. 1083

The court may reduce an award of statutory damages or not 1084 award statutory damages if the court determines both of the 1085 following: 1086

(a) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory 1087 law and case law as it existed at the time of the conduct or 1088 threatened conduct of the public office or person responsible 1089 for the requested public records that allegedly constitutes a 1090 failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with division 1091 (B) of this section and that was the basis of the mandamus 1092 action, a well-informed public office or person responsible for 1093 the requested public records reasonably would believe that the 1094 conduct or threatened conduct of the public office or person 1095 responsible for the requested public records did not constitute 1096 a failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with 1097

1098

division (B) of this section;

(b) That a well-informed public office or person1099responsible for the requested public records reasonably would1100believe that the conduct or threatened conduct of the public1101office or person responsible for the requested public records1102would serve the public policy that underlies the authority that1103is asserted as permitting that conduct or threatened conduct.1104

(3) In a mandamus action filed under division (C)(1) ofthis section, the following apply:1106

(a) (i) If the court orders the public office or the person
responsible for the public record to comply with division (B) of
this section, the court shall determine and award to the relator
all court costs, which shall be construed as remedial and not
punitive.

(ii) If the court makes a determination described in
division (C) (3) (b) (iii) of this section, the court shall
determine and award to the relator all court costs, which shall
be construed as remedial and not punitive.

(b) If the court renders a judgment that orders the public
office or the person responsible for the public record to comply
with division (B) of this section or if the court determines any
of the following, the court may award reasonable attorney's fees
to the relator, subject to division (C) (4) of this section:

(i) The public office or the person responsible for the
public records failed to respond affirmatively or negatively to
the public records request in accordance with the time allowed
under division (B) of this section.

(ii) The public office or the person responsible for thepublic records promised to permit the relator to inspect or1126

receive copies of the public records requested within a	1127
specified period of time but failed to fulfill that promise	1128
within that specified period of time.	1129

(iii) The public office or the person responsible for the 1130 public records acted in bad faith when the office or person 1131 voluntarily made the public records available to the relator for 1132 the first time after the relator commenced the mandamus action, 1133 but before the court issued any order concluding whether or not 1134 the public office or person was required to comply with division 1135 1136 (B) of this section. No discovery may be conducted on the issue of the alleged bad faith of the public office or person 1137 responsible for the public records. This division shall not be 1138 construed as creating a presumption that the public office or 1139 the person responsible for the public records acted in bad faith 1140 when the office or person voluntarily made the public records 1141 available to the relator for the first time after the relator 1142 commenced the mandamus action, but before the court issued any 1143 order described in this division. 1144

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(c) The court shall not award attorney's fees to therelator if the court determines both of the following:1146
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(i) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory 1147 law and case law as it existed at the time of the conduct or 1148 threatened conduct of the public office or person responsible 1149 for the requested public records that allegedly constitutes a 1150 failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with division 1151 (B) of this section and that was the basis of the mandamus 1152 action, a well-informed public office or person responsible for 1153 the requested public records reasonably would believe that the 1154 conduct or threatened conduct of the public office or person 1155 responsible for the requested public records did not constitute 1156

a failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with	1157
division (B) of this section;	1158
(ii) That a well-informed public office or person	1159
responsible for the requested public records reasonably would	1160
believe that the conduct or threatened conduct of the public	1161
office or person responsible for the requested public records	1162
would serve the public policy that underlies the authority that	1163
is asserted as permitting that conduct or threatened conduct.	1164
(4) All of the following apply to any award of reasonable	1165
attorney's fees awarded under division (C)(3)(b) of this	1166
section:	1167
(a) The fees shall be construed as remedial and not	1168
punitive.	1169
(b) The fees awarded shall not exceed the total of the	1170
reasonable attorney's fees incurred before the public record was	1171
made available to the relator and the fees described in division	1172
(C)(4)(c) of this section.	1173
(c) Reasonable attorney's fees shall include reasonable	1174
fees incurred to produce proof of the reasonableness and amount	1175
of the fees and to otherwise litigate entitlement to the fees.	1176
(d) The court may reduce the amount of fees awarded if the	1177
court determines that, given the factual circumstances involved	1178
with the specific public records request, an alternative means	1179
should have been pursued to more effectively and efficiently	1180
resolve the dispute that was subject to the mandamus action	1181
resolve the dispute that was subject to the mandamus action filed under division (C)(1) of this section.	1181 1182

(5) If the court does not issue a writ of mandamus under
division (C) of this section and the court determines at that
time that the bringing of the mandamus action was frivolous
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conduct as defined in division (A) of section 2323.51 of the1186Revised Code, the court may award to the public office all court1187costs, expenses, and reasonable attorney's fees, as determined1188by the court.1189

(D) Chapter 1347. of the Revised Code does not limit the 1190provisions of this section. 1191

(E) (1) To ensure that all employees of public offices are 1192 appropriately educated about a public office's obligations under 1193 division (B) of this section, all elected officials or their 1194 appropriate designees shall attend training approved by the 1195 attorney general as provided in section 109.43 of the Revised 1196 Code. A future official may satisfy the requirements of this 1197 division by attending the training before taking office, 1198 provided that the future official may not send a designee in the 1199 future official's place. 1200

(2) All public offices shall adopt a public records policy 1201 in compliance with this section for responding to public records 1202 requests. In adopting a public records policy under this 1203 division, a public office may obtain guidance from the model 1204 public records policy developed and provided to the public 1205 office by the attorney general under section 109.43 of the 1206 Revised Code. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the 1207 policy may not limit the number of public records that the 1208 public office will make available to a single person, may not 1209 limit the number of public records that it will make available 1210 during a fixed period of time, and may not establish a fixed 1211 period of time before it will respond to a request for 1212 inspection or copying of public records, unless that period is 1213 less than eight hours. 1214

The public office shall distribute the public records 1215

policy adopted by the public office under this division to the 1216 employee of the public office who is the records custodian or 1217 records manager or otherwise has custody of the records of that 1218 office. The public office shall require that employee to 1219 acknowledge receipt of the copy of the public records policy. 1220 The public office shall create a poster that describes its 1221 public records policy and shall post the poster in a conspicuous 1222 place in the public office and in all locations where the public 1223 office has branch offices. The public office may post its public 1224 records policy on the internet web site of the public office if 1225 the public office maintains an internet web site. A public 1226 office that has established a manual or handbook of its general 1227 policies and procedures for all employees of the public office 1228 shall include the public records policy of the public office in 1229 the manual or handbook. 1230

(F)(1) The bureau of motor vehicles may adopt rules 1231 pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to reasonably limit 1232 the number of bulk commercial special extraction requests made 1233 by a person for the same records or for updated records during a 1234 calendar year. The rules may include provisions for charges to 1235 be made for bulk commercial special extraction requests for the 1236 actual cost of the bureau, plus special extraction costs, plus 1237 ten per cent. The bureau may charge for expenses for redacting 1238 information, the release of which is prohibited by law. 1239

(2) As used in division (F)(1) of this section:

(a) "Actual cost" means the cost of depleted supplies, 1241
records storage media costs, actual mailing and alternative 1242
delivery costs, or other transmitting costs, and any direct 1243
equipment operating and maintenance costs, including actual 1244
costs paid to private contractors for copying services. 1245

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(b) "Bulk commercial special extraction request" means a 1246 request for copies of a record for information in a format other 1247 than the format already available, or information that cannot be 1248 extracted without examination of all items in a records series, 1249 class of records, or database by a person who intends to use or 1250 forward the copies for surveys, marketing, solicitation, or 1251 resale for commercial purposes. "Bulk commercial special 1252 extraction request" does not include a request by a person who 1253 gives assurance to the bureau that the person making the request 1254 does not intend to use or forward the requested copies for 1255 surveys, marketing, solicitation, or resale for commercial 1256 purposes. 1257

(c) "Commercial" means profit-seeking production, buying, or selling of any good, service, or other product.

(d) "Special extraction costs" means the cost of the time1260spent by the lowest paid employee competent to perform the task,1261the actual amount paid to outside private contractors employed1262by the bureau, or the actual cost incurred to create computer1263programs to make the special extraction. "Special extraction1264costs" include any charges paid to a public agency for computer1265or records services.1266

(3) For purposes of divisions (F) (1) and (2) of this
section, "surveys, marketing, solicitation, or resale for
commercial purposes" shall be narrowly construed and does not
include reporting or gathering news, reporting or gathering
information to assist citizen oversight or understanding of the
operation or activities of government, or nonprofit educational
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(G) A request by a defendant, counsel of a defendant, or 1274any agent of a defendant in a criminal action that public 1275

Page 44

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records related to that action be made available under this 1276 section shall be considered a demand for discovery pursuant to 1277 the Criminal Rules, except to the extent that the Criminal Rules 1278 plainly indicate a contrary intent. The defendant, counsel of 1279 the defendant, or agent of the defendant making a request under 1280 this division shall serve a copy of the request on the 1281 prosecuting attorney, director of law, or other chief legal 1282 officer responsible for prosecuting the action. 1283

(H) (1) Any portion of a body-worn camera or dashboard 1284 camera recording described in divisions (A) (17) (b) to (h) of 1285 this section may be released by consent of the subject of the 1286 recording or a representative of that person, as specified in 1287 those divisions, only if either of the following applies: 1288

(a) The recording will not be used in connection with any probable or pending criminal proceedings;

(b) The recording has been used in connection with a
criminal proceeding that was dismissed or for which a judgment
has been entered pursuant to Rule 32 of the Rules of Criminal
Procedure, and will not be used again in connection with any
probable or pending criminal proceedings.

(2) If a public office denies a request to release a 1296 restricted portion of a body-worn camera or dashboard camera 1297 recording, as defined in division (A)(17) of this section, any 1298 person may file a mandamus action pursuant to this section or a 1299 complaint with the clerk of the court of claims pursuant to 1300 section 2743.75 of the Revised Code, requesting the court to 1301 order the release of all or portions of the recording. If the 1302 court considering the request determines that the filing 1303 articulates by clear and convincing evidence that the public 1304 interest in the recording substantially outweighs privacy 1305

Page 45

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Page 46

interests and other interests asserted to deny release, the	1306
court shall order the public office to release the recording.	1307
	1 0 0 0
Sec. 307.629. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of	1308
this section and sections 5153.171 to 5153.173 of the Revised	1309
Code, any information, document, or report presented to a child	1310
fatality review board, all statements made by review board	1311
members during meetings of the review board, all work products	1312
of the review board, and child fatality review data submitted by	1313
the child fatality review board to the department of health or a	1314
national child death review database, other than the report	1315
prepared pursuant to division (A) of section 307.626 of the	1316
Revised Code, are confidential and shall be used by the review	1317
board, its members, and the department of health only in the	1318
exercise of the proper functions of the review board and the	1319
department.	1320
(B) A review board may disclose the confidential	1321
	-
information described in division (A) of this section to a fetal	1322
and infant mortality review team.	1323
(C) <u>A review board may disclose the confidential</u>	1324
information described in division (A) of this section to a	1325
domestic violence fatality review board established under	1326
section 307.651 of the Revised Code in the same county or	1327

region, and otherwise collaborate with a domestic violence1328fatality review board, if the child whose death is being1329reviewed died as a result of domestic violence.1330

(D) No person shall permit or encourage the unauthorized 1331 dissemination of the confidential information described in 1332 division (A) of this section. 1333

(D) (E) Whoever violates division (C) (D) of this section 1334

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is quilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree.

Sec. 307.651. (A) A board of county commissioners may1336appoint a health commissioner of the board of health of a city1337or general health district that is entirely or partially located1338in the county in which the board of county commissioners is1339located to establish a domestic violence fatality review board1340to review the deaths of individuals over eighteen years of age1341by domestic violence that occurred in the county.1342

(B) The boards of county commissioners of two or more 1343 counties may, by adopting a joint resolution passed by a 1344 majority of the members of each participating board of county 1345 commissioners, create a regional domestic violence fatality 1346 review board to review the deaths of individuals over eighteen 1347 years of age by domestic violence that occurred in the 1348 participating counties. The joint resolution shall appoint, for 1349 each county participating as part of the regional review board, 1350 one health commissioner from a board of health of a city or 1351 general health district located at least in part in that county. 1352 The health commissioners appointed shall select one of their 1353 number as the health commissioner to establish the regional 1354 review board. 1355

(C) In any county that, on the effective date of this 1356 section, has a body that is acting as a domestic violence 1357 fatality review board and is comprised of the members described 1358 in division (A)(1) of section 307.652 of the Revised Code, 1359 including a public health official or designee, the board of 1360 county commissioners of that county, in lieu of having a health 1361 commissioner establish a domestic violence fatality review_ 1362 board, may appoint that body to function as the domestic 1363 violence fatality review board for the county. The body shall 1364

have the same duties, obligations, and protections as a domestic	1365
violence fatality review board appointed by a health	1366
commissioner.	1367
Sec. 307.652. (A)(1) If a health commissioner establishes	1368
a domestic violence fatality review board as described in	1369
division (A) of section 307.651 of the Revised Code, the	1370
commissioner shall select the following to serve on the review	1371
board:	1372
(a) The county coroner or designee;	1373
(b) The chief of police of a police department in the	1374
county or the county sheriff or a designee of the chief or	1375
sheriff;	1376
(c) A public health official or designee;	1377
(d) The county prosecutor or designee;	1378
(e) The executive director of a public children services	1379
agency or designee;	1380
(f) A physician authorized under Chapter 4731. of the	1381
Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic	1382
medicine and surgery with expertise in domestic violence;	1383
<u>(g) An individual representing a domestic violence shelter</u>	1384
or with expertise advocating for domestic violence victims;	1385
(h) An individual representing a domestic violence	1386
perpetrator treatment program;	1387
(i) A county corrections official or designee;	1388
(j) An individual representing school teachers, guidance	1389
counselors, or student health services staff;	1390
(k) An individual representing judges or court	1391

Sub. H. B. No. 254 As Reported by the House Families, Aging, and Human Services Committee	Page 49
administrators.	1392
(2) If a health commissioner establishes a domestic	1393
violence fatality review board as described in division (B) of	1394
section 307.651 of the Revised Code, the commissioner shall	1395
select the following to serve on the review board:	1396
(a) A county coroner or designee;	1397
(b) The chief of police of a police department or a	1398
sheriff or a designee of the chief or sheriff;	1399
(c) A public health official or designee;	1400
(d) A county prosecutor or designee;	1401
(e) The executive director of a public children services	1402
agency or designee;	1403
(f) A physician authorized under Chapter 4731. of the	1404
Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic	1405
medicine and surgery with expertise in domestic violence;	1406
(g) An individual representing a domestic violence shelter	1407
or with experience advocating for domestic violence victims;	1408
(h) An individual representing a domestic violence	1409
perpetrator treatment program;	1410
(i) A county corrections official or designee;	1411
(j) An individual representing school teachers, guidance	1412
counselors, or student health services staff;	1413
(k) An individual representing judges or court	1414
administrators.	1415
The members described in divisions (A)(2)(a), (b), (c),	1416
(d), (i), and (k) of this section shall be representatives from	1417

the most populous county served by the board.	1418
(B) The majority of the members of a review board may	1419
invite additional members to serve on the board. The additional	1420
members invited under this division shall serve for a period of	1421
time determined by a majority of the members described in	1422
division (A) of this section. Each additional member shall have	1423
the same authority, duties, and responsibilities as members	1424
described in division (A) of this section.	1425
(C) If a member of a review board has a conflict of	1426
interest regarding a specific domestic violence fatality, the	1427
chairperson of the review board selected pursuant to section	1428
307.653 of the Revised Code may select a substitute member to	1429
serve only during the review of that fatality. While serving,	1430
the substitute member shall have the same authority, duties, and	1431
responsibilities as members described in division (A) of this	1432
section.	1433
(D) A vacancy in a domestic violence review board shall be	1434
filled in the same manner as the original appointment. If the	1435
health commissioner who made the original appointment as	1436
described in division (A) of this section is no longer serving	1437
in that capacity, a successor of the commissioner shall fill the	1438
vacancy.	1439
(E) A domestic violence fatality review board member shall	1440
not receive any compensation for, and shall not be paid for any	1441
expenses incurred pursuant to, fulfilling the member's duties on	1442
the board unless compensation for, or payment for expenses	1443
incurred pursuant to, those duties is received pursuant to a	1444
member's regular employment.	1445
(F) No person shall serve as a member of a domestic	1446

violence fatality review board without signing a statement	1447
acknowledging the provisions of section 307.659 of the Revised	1448
<u>Code.</u>	1449
Que 207 (E2 (N) TE e demonstrie erichenes Establishe version	1450
Sec. 307.653. (A) If a domestic violence fatality review	1450
board is established under section 307.651 of the Revised Code,	1451
the board members shall select, by majority vote, a member of	1452
the board to serve as the chairperson of the review board.	1453
(B) The chairperson of the review board shall be	1454
responsible for all of the following:	1455
(1) Concerning bound monthings	1450
(1) Convening board meetings;	1456
(2) Notifying members of board meetings;	1457
(3) Providing members with a list of fatalities to be	1458
reviewed during a board meeting;	1459
	1.1.60
(4) Ensuring that the review board complies with the	1460
procedure for conducting reviews of deaths established in rules	1461
adopted under section 3701.0412 of the Revised Code.	1462
Sec. 307.654. The purpose of a domestic violence fatality	1463
review board established under section 307.651 of the Revised	1464
Code is to decrease the incidence of deaths occurring as a	1465
result of domestic violence by doing all of the following:	1466
(A) Promoting cooperation, collaboration, and	1467
communication between all groups, professions, agencies, or	1468
entities engaged in the prevention of, and education about,	1469
<u>domestic violence;</u>	1470
domestic viorence,	1470
(B) Maintaining a comprehensive database of all deaths by	1471
domestic violence that occur in the county or region served by	1472
the review board in order to develop an understanding of the	1473
causes and incidence of those deaths;	1474

(C) Recommending and developing plans for implementing	1475
local service and program changes and changes to the groups,	1476
professions, agencies, or entities that serve local residents	1477
that might prevent deaths by domestic violence;	1478
(D) Providing the department of health with aggregate	1479
data, trends, and patterns concerning deaths by domestic	1480
<u>violence.</u>	1481
Sec. 307.655. A domestic violence fatality review board	1482
may not conduct a review of a death while an investigation of	1483
the death or prosecution of a person for causing the death is	1484
pending unless the prosecuting attorney agrees to allow the	1485
review. The law enforcement agency conducting the criminal	1486
investigation, on the conclusion of the investigation, and the	1487
prosecuting attorney prosecuting the case, on the conclusion of	1488
the prosecution, shall notify the chairperson of the review	1489
board of the conclusion.	1490
Sec. 307.656. (A) A domestic violence fatality review	1491
board shall establish a system for collecting and maintaining	1492
information necessary for the review of deaths by domestic	1493
violence in the county or region. In an effort to ensure	1494
confidentiality, each board shall do all of the following:	1495
(1) Maintain all records in a secure location;	1496
(2) Develop security measures to prevent unauthorized	1497
access to records containing information that could reasonably	1498
identify any person;	1499
(3) Develop a system for storing, processing, indexing,	1500
retrieving, and destroying information obtained in the course of	1501
reviewing a death.	1502
(B) For each death reviewed by a board, the board shall	1503

Sub. H. B. No. 254 As Reported by the House Families, Aging, and Human Services Committee	Page 53
collect all of the following:	1504
(1) Demographic information of the deceased and	1505
perpetrator, including age, sex, race, and ethnicity;	1506
(2) The year in which the death occurred;	1507
(3) The geographic location of the death;	1508
(4) The cause of death;	1509
(5) Any factors contributing to the death;	1510
(6) Any other information the board considers relevant.	1511
(C) By the first day of April of each year, the person	1512
convening a domestic violence fatality review board shall	1513
prepare and submit to the department of health in the manner and	1514
format prescribed by the department a report that includes all	1515
of the following information for the previous calendar year:	1516
(1) The total number of deaths by domestic violence in the	1517
<u>county or region;</u>	1518
(2) The total number of deaths by domestic violence	1519
reviewed by the board;	1520
(3) A summary of demographic information for the deaths	1521
reviewed, including age, sex, race, and ethnicity of both	1522
deceased and perpetrators;	1523
(4) A summary of any trends or patterns identified by the	1524
board	1525
The report shall specify the number of deaths by domestic	1526
violence that were not reviewed during the previous calendar	1527
year.	1528
The report shall include recommendations for actions that	1529

might prevent other deaths, as well as any other information the	1530
review board determines should be included.	1531
	1 - 2 0
(D) Reports prepared under division (C) of this section	1532
shall be considered public records under section 149.43 of the	1533
Revised Code.	1534
Sec. 307.657. (A) (1) Notwithstanding section 3701.17 and	1535
any other section of the Revised Code pertaining to	1536
confidentiality, on the request of the domestic violence	1537
fatality review board, any individual, law enforcement agency,	1538
or other public or private entity that provided services to any	1539
of the following shall submit to the review board a summary	1540
sheet of information:	1541
(a) A person whose death is being reviewed by a domestic	1542
violence fatality review board;	1543
(b) A person who caused the death of a person whose death	1544
is being reviewed by a domestic violence fatality review board;	1545
(c) A child of a person whose death is being reviewed by a	1546
domestic violence fatality review board.	1547
(2) With respect to a request made to a health care	1548
(2) With respect to a request made to a health care	1549
entity, the summary sheet shall contain only information	
available and reasonably drawn from the person's or child's	1550
medical record created by the health care entity.	1551
(3) With respect to a request made to any other individual	1552
or entity, the summary sheet shall contain only information	1553
available and reasonably drawn from any record involving the	1554
person or child to which the individual or entity has access.	1555
(4) On the request of the review board, an individual or	1556
entity may, at the individual or entity's discretion, make any	1557
shore, may, at the inarvialat of energy b arberetion, make any	

additional information, documents, or reports available to the	1558
review board.	1559
(B) Notwithstanding division (A) of this section, no	1560
person, entity, law enforcement agency, or prosecuting attorney	1561
shall provide any information to a domestic violence fatality	1562
review board while an investigation of the death or prosecution	1563
of a person for causing the death is pending unless the	1564
prosecuting attorney has agreed pursuant to section 307.655 of	1565
the Revised Code to allow review of the death.	1566
Sec. 307.658. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of	1567
this section, members of a domestic violence fatality review	1568
board and their agents or employees, if any, are immune from	1569
claims and are not subject to any suits, liability, damages, or	1570
any other recourse, civil or criminal, arising from any act,	1571
proceeding, decision, or determination undertaken or performed	1572
or recommendation made by the review board.	1573
No organization, institution, or person furnishing	1574
information, data, testimony, reports, or records to the	1575
domestic violence fatality review board is civilly or criminally	1576
liable or subject to any other recourse for providing the	1577
information.	1578
(B) The immunity from criminal liability granted by this	1579
section does not extend to violations of division (F) of section	1580
307.652 of the Revised Code or division (B) of section 307.659	1581
of the Revised Code.	1582
Sec. 307.659. (A) Any information, document, or report	1583
presented to a domestic violence fatality review board, all	1584
statements made by review board members during meetings of the	1585
review board, all work products of the review board, and data	1586

As Reported by the House Families, Aging, and Human Services Committee submitted by the review board to the department of health, other than the report prepared pursuant to section 307.656 of the

Revised Code, are confidential, are not public records open to 1589 public inspection and copying under section 149.43 of the 1590 Revised Code, and shall be used by the review board, its 1591 members, and the department of health only in the exercise of 1592 the proper functions of the review board and the department. 1593 (B) No member of a domestic violence fatality review board 1594 shall disclose any of the following, except in the exercise of 1595 the proper functions of the review board: 1596 (1) Information, documents, or reports presented to the 1597 board; 1598 (2) Work products of the review board or data submitted to 1599 the department of health other than reports prepared pursuant to 1600 division (C) of section 307.656 of the Revised Code. 1601 (C) A review board may disclose the confidential 1602 information described in division (A) of this section to a child 1603 fatality review board established under section 307.621 of the 1604 Revised Code in the same county or region, and otherwise 1605 collaborate with a child fatality review board, if the person 1606 whose death is being reviewed as a domestic violence fatality 1607 1608 was a child.

Sec. 307.99. (A) Whoever violates section 307.42 of the1609Revised Code shall be fined not less than twenty-five nor more1610than one hundred dollars for each offense.1611

(B) Whoever violates section 307.43 of the Revised Code
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shall be fined not less than twenty-five nor more than two
1613
hundred dollars, and imprisoned not less than ten nor more than
1614
sixty days.

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(C) Whoever violates section 307.37 of the Revised Code,	1616
shall be fined not more than three hundred dollars.	1617
(D) Whoever violates division (C)(5) of section 307.97 of	1618
the Revised Code shall be fined not less than one hundred nor	1619
more than five hundred dollars.	1620
(E) Whoever violates any other subdivision of division (C)	1621
of section 307.97 of the Revised Code shall be imprisoned not	1622
more than six months or fined not more than one thousand	1623
dollars, or both.	1624
(F) Whoever violates division (F) of section 307.652 of	1625
the Revised Code or division (B) of section 307.659 of the	1626
Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.	1627
Sec. 3701.0412. The department of health shall adopt rules	1628
in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code establishing	1629
a procedure for county or regional domestic violence fatality	1630
review boards to follow in conducting a review of a death by	1631
domestic violence. The rules shall do all of the following:	1632
(A) Establish the format for the annual reports required	1633
by section 307.656 of the Revised Code;	1634
(B) Establish guidelines for a county or regional review	1635
board to follow in compiling statistics for annual reports so	1636
that the reports do not contain any information that would	1637
permit any person's identity to be ascertained from a report;	1638
(C) Establish guidelines for a county or regional review	1639
board to follow in creating and maintaining the comprehensive	1640
database of deaths by domestic violence that is required by	1641
section 307.654 of the Revised Code, including provisions	1642
establishing uniform record-keeping procedures;	1643

(D) Establish quidelines for reporting domestic violence 1644 fatality review data to the department of health, which must 1645 maintain the confidentiality of information that would permit a 1646 person's identity to be ascertained; 1647 (E) Establish guidelines, materials, and training to help 1648 educate members of county or regional review boards about the 1649 purpose of the review process and the confidentiality of the 1650 information described in section 307.659 of the Revised Code. 1651 1652 Sec. 4731.22. (A) The state medical board, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, may 1653 limit, revoke, or suspend a license or certificate to practice 1654 or certificate to recommend, refuse to grant a license or 1655 certificate, refuse to renew a license or certificate, refuse to 1656 reinstate a license or certificate, or reprimand or place on 1657 probation the holder of a license or certificate if the 1658 individual applying for or holding the license or certificate is 1659 found by the board to have committed fraud during the 1660 administration of the examination for a license or certificate 1661 to practice or to have committed fraud, misrepresentation, or 1662 deception in applying for, renewing, or securing any license or 1663 certificate to practice or certificate to recommend issued by 1664

(B) Except as provided in division (P) of this section, 1666 the board, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six members, 1667 shall, to the extent permitted by law, limit, revoke, or suspend 1668 a license or certificate to practice or certificate to 1669 recommend, refuse to issue a license or certificate, refuse to 1670 renew a license or certificate, refuse to reinstate a license or 1671 certificate, or reprimand or place on probation the holder of a 1672 license or certificate for one or more of the following reasons: 1673

the board.

Page 58

(1) Permitting one's name or one's license or certificate
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 to practice to be used by a person, group, or corporation when
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 the individual concerned is not actually directing the treatment
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 given;

(2) Failure to maintain minimal standards applicable to
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the selection or administration of drugs, or failure to employ
acceptable scientific methods in the selection of drugs or other
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modalities for treatment of disease;

(3) Except as provided in section 4731.97 of the Revised 1682 Code, selling, giving away, personally furnishing, prescribing, 1683 or administering drugs for other than legal and legitimate 1684 therapeutic purposes or a plea of quilty to, a judicial finding 1685 of guilt of, or a judicial finding of eligibility for 1686 intervention in lieu of conviction of, a violation of any 1687 federal or state law regulating the possession, distribution, or 1688 use of any drug; 1689

(4) Willfully betraying a professional confidence.

For purposes of this division, "willfully betraying a 1691 professional confidence" does not include providing any 1692 information, documents, or reports under sections 307.621 to 1693 307.629 of the Revised Code to a child fatality review board; 1694 1695 does not include providing any information, documents, or reports under sections 307.631 to 307.6410 of the Revised Code 1696 to a drug overdose fatality review committee, a suicide fatality 1697 review committee, or hybrid drug overdose fatality and suicide 1698 fatality review committee; does not include providing any 1699 information, documents, or reports under sections 307.651 to 1700 307.659 of the Revised Code to a domestic violence fatality 1701 review board; does not include providing any information, 1702 documents, or reports to the director of health pursuant to 1703

Page 59

Page 60

quidelines established under section 3701.70 of the Revised 1704 Code; does not include written notice to a mental health 1705 professional under section 4731.62 of the Revised Code; and does 1706 not include the making of a report of an employee's use of a 1707 drug of abuse, or a report of a condition of an employee other 1708 than one involving the use of a drug of abuse, to the employer 1709 of the employee as described in division (B) of section 2305.33 1710 of the Revised Code. Nothing in this division affects the 1711 immunity from civil liability conferred by section 2305.33 or 1712 4731.62 of the Revised Code upon a physician who makes a report 1713 in accordance with section 2305.33 or notifies a mental health 1714 professional in accordance with section 4731.62 of the Revised 1715 Code. As used in this division, "employee," "employer," and 1716 "physician" have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the 1717 Revised Code. 1718

(5) Making a false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading
statement in the solicitation of or advertising for patients; in
relation to the practice of medicine and surgery, osteopathic
medicine and surgery, podiatric medicine and surgery, or a
limited branch of medicine; or in securing or attempting to
secure any license or certificate to practice issued by the
1724
board.

As used in this division, "false, fraudulent, deceptive, 1726 or misleading statement" means a statement that includes a 1727 misrepresentation of fact, is likely to mislead or deceive 1728 because of a failure to disclose material facts, is intended or 1729 is likely to create false or unjustified expectations of 1730 favorable results, or includes representations or implications 1731 that in reasonable probability will cause an ordinarily prudent 1732 person to misunderstand or be deceived. 1733

(6) A departure from, or the failure to conform to,	1734
minimal standards of care of similar practitioners under the	1735
same or similar circumstances, whether or not actual injury to a	1736
patient is established;	1737
(7) Representing, with the purpose of obtaining	1738
compensation or other advantage as personal gain or for any	1739
other person, that an incurable disease or injury, or other	1740
incurable condition, can be permanently cured;	1741
(8) The obtaining of, or attempting to obtain, money or	1742
anything of value by fraudulent misrepresentations in the course	1743
of practice;	1744
(9) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	1745
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	1746
conviction for, a felony;	1747
(10) Commission of an act that constitutes a felony in	1748
this state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was	1749
committed;	1750
(11) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	1751
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	1752
conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of	1753
practice;	1754
(12) Commission of an act in the course of practice that	1755
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	1756
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	1757
(13) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	1758
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	1759
conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;	1760
(14) Commission of an act involving moral turpitude that	1761

Page 62

constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	1762
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	1763
(15) Violation of the conditions of limitation placed by	1764
the board upon a license or certificate to practice;	1765
(16) Failure to pay license renewal fees specified in this	1766
chapter;	1767
(17) Except as authorized in section 4731.31 of the	1768
Revised Code, engaging in the division of fees for referral of	1769
patients, or the receiving of a thing of value in return for a	1770
specific referral of a patient to utilize a particular service	1771
or business;	1772
(18) Subject to section 4731.226 of the Revised Code,	1773
violation of any provision of a code of ethics of the American	1774
medical association, the American osteopathic association, the	1775
American podiatric medical association, or any other national	1776
professional organizations that the board specifies by rule. The	1777
state medical board shall obtain and keep on file current copies	1778

of the codes of ethics of the various national professional1779organizations. The individual whose license or certificate is1780being suspended or revoked shall not be found to have violated1781any provision of a code of ethics of an organization not1782appropriate to the individual's profession.1783

For purposes of this division, a "provision of a code of1784ethics of a national professional organization" does not include1785any provision that would preclude the making of a report by a1786physician of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or of a1787condition of an employee other than one involving the use of a1788drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as described in1789division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. Nothing in1790

this division affects the immunity from civil liability1791conferred by that section upon a physician who makes either type1792of report in accordance with division (B) of that section. As1793used in this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician"1794have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised1795Code.1796

(19) Inability to practice according to acceptable and
prevailing standards of care by reason of mental illness or
physical illness, including, but not limited to, physical
deterioration that adversely affects cognitive, motor, or
perceptive skills.

In enforcing this division, the board, upon a showing of a 1802 possible violation, may compel any individual authorized to 1803 practice by this chapter or who has submitted an application 1804 pursuant to this chapter to submit to a mental examination, 1805 physical examination, including an HIV test, or both a mental 1806 and a physical examination. The expense of the examination is 1807 the responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined. 1808 Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination or consent 1809 to an HIV test ordered by the board constitutes an admission of 1810 the allegations against the individual unless the failure is due 1811 to circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default 1812 and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony 1813 or presentation of evidence. If the board finds an individual 1814 unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this 1815 division, the board shall require the individual to submit to 1816 care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or 1817 designated by the board, as a condition for initial, continued, 1818 reinstated, or renewed authority to practice. An individual 1819 affected under this division shall be afforded an opportunity to 1820 demonstrate to the board the ability to resume practice in 1821

compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the 1822 provisions of the individual's license or certificate. For the 1823 purpose of this division, any individual who applies for or 1824 receives a license or certificate to practice under this chapter 1825 accepts the privilege of practicing in this state and, by so 1826 doing, shall be deemed to have given consent to submit to a 1827 mental or physical examination when directed to do so in writing 1828 by the board, and to have waived all objections to the 1829 admissibility of testimony or examination reports that 1830 1831 constitute a privileged communication.

(20) Except as provided in division (F) (1) (b) of section
4731.282 of the Revised Code or when civil penalties are imposed
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under section 4731.225 of the Revised Code, and subject to
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section 4731.226 of the Revised Code, violating or attempting to
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violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the
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violation of, or conspiring to violate, any provisions of this
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chapter or any rule promulgated by the board.

This division does not apply to a violation or attempted 1839 violation of, assisting in or abetting the violation of, or a 1840 conspiracy to violate, any provision of this chapter or any rule 1841 adopted by the board that would preclude the making of a report 1842 by a physician of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or of a 1843 condition of an employee other than one involving the use of a 1844 drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as described in 1845 division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. Nothing in 1846 this division affects the immunity from civil liability 1847 conferred by that section upon a physician who makes either type 1848 of report in accordance with division (B) of that section. As 1849 used in this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician" 1850 have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised 1851 Code. 1852

Page 65

(21) The violation of section 3701.79 of the Revised Code	1853
or of any abortion rule adopted by the director of health	1854
pursuant to section 3701.341 of the Revised Code;	1855
(22) Any of the following actions taken by an agency	1856
responsible for authorizing, certifying, or regulating an	1857
individual to practice a health care occupation or provide	1858
health care services in this state or another jurisdiction, for	1859
any reason other than the nonpayment of fees: the limitation,	1860
revocation, or suspension of an individual's license to	1861
practice; acceptance of an individual's license surrender;	1862
denial of a license; refusal to renew or reinstate a license;	1863
imposition of probation; or issuance of an order of censure or	1864
other reprimand;	1865

(23) The violation of section 2919.12 of the Revised Code 1866 or the performance or inducement of an abortion upon a pregnant 1867 woman with actual knowledge that the conditions specified in 1868 division (B) of section 2317.56 of the Revised Code have not 1869 been satisfied or with a heedless indifference as to whether 1870 those conditions have been satisfied, unless an affirmative 1871 defense as specified in division (H)(2) of that section would 1872 apply in a civil action authorized by division (H)(1) of that 1873 1874 section;

(24) The revocation, suspension, restriction, reduction, 1875 or termination of clinical privileges by the United States 1876 department of defense or department of veterans affairs or the 1877 termination or suspension of a certificate of registration to 1878 prescribe drugs by the drug enforcement administration of the 1879 United States department of justice; 1880

(25) Termination or suspension from participation in the1881medicare or medicaid programs by the department of health and1882

1883

human services or other responsible agency;

(26) Impairment of ability to practice according to
acceptable and prevailing standards of care because of habitual
or excessive use or abuse of drugs, alcohol, or other substances
that impair ability to practice.

For the purposes of this division, any individual 1888 authorized to practice by this chapter accepts the privilege of 1889 practicing in this state subject to supervision by the board. By 1890 filing an application for or holding a license or certificate to 1891 practice under this chapter, an individual shall be deemed to 1892 have given consent to submit to a mental or physical examination 1893 when ordered to do so by the board in writing, and to have 1894 waived all objections to the admissibility of testimony or 1895 examination reports that constitute privileged communications. 1896

If it has reason to believe that any individual authorized 1897 to practice by this chapter or any applicant for licensure or 1898 certification to practice suffers such impairment, the board may 1899 compel the individual to submit to a mental or physical 1900 examination, or both. The expense of the examination is the 1901 responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined. Any 1902 mental or physical examination required under this division 1903 shall be undertaken by a treatment provider or physician who is 1904 qualified to conduct the examination and who is chosen by the 1905 board. 1906

Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination1907ordered by the board constitutes an admission of the allegations1908against the individual unless the failure is due to1909circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default and1910final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or1911presentation of evidence. If the board determines that the1912

individual's ability to practice is impaired, the board shall 1913
suspend the individual's license or certificate or deny the 1914
individual's application and shall require the individual, as a 1915
condition for initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed 1916
licensure or certification to practice, to submit to treatment. 1917

Before being eligible to apply for reinstatement of a1918license or certificate suspended under this division, the1919impaired practitioner shall demonstrate to the board the ability1920to resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing1921standards of care under the provisions of the practitioner's1922license or certificate. The demonstration shall include, but1923shall not be limited to, the following:1924

(a) Certification from a treatment provider approved under
section 4731.25 of the Revised Code that the individual has
successfully completed any required inpatient treatment;
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(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an 1928 aftercare contract or consent agreement; 1929

(c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's
ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual
1931
has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and
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prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by
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individuals or providers approved by the board for making the
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assessments and shall describe the basis for their
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determination.

The board may reinstate a license or certificate suspended1937under this division after that demonstration and after the1938individual has entered into a written consent agreement.1939

When the impaired practitioner resumes practice, the board1940shall require continued monitoring of the individual. The1941

monitoring shall include, but not be limited to, compliance with1942the written consent agreement entered into before reinstatement1943or with conditions imposed by board order after a hearing, and,1944upon termination of the consent agreement, submission to the1945board for at least two years of annual written progress reports1946made under penalty of perjury stating whether the individual has1947maintained sobriety.1948

(27) A second or subsequent violation of section 4731.66 1949
or 4731.69 of the Revised Code; 1950

(28) Except as provided in division (N) of this section: 1951

(a) Waiving the payment of all or any part of a deductible
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or copayment that a patient, pursuant to a health insurance or
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health care policy, contract, or plan that covers the
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individual's services, otherwise would be required to pay if the
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waiver is used as an enticement to a patient or group of
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patients to receive health care services from that individual;

(b) Advertising that the individual will waive the payment
of all or any part of a deductible or copayment that a patient,
pursuant to a health insurance or health care policy, contract,
or plan that covers the individual's services, otherwise would
be required to pay.

(29) Failure to use universal blood and body fluid 1963
precautions established by rules adopted under section 4731.051 1964
of the Revised Code; 1965

(30) Failure to provide notice to, and receive
acknowledgment of the notice from, a patient when required by
section 4731.143 of the Revised Code prior to providing
nonemergency professional services, or failure to maintain that
notice in the patient's medical record;

(31) Failure of a physician supervising a physician
assistant to maintain supervision in accordance with the
requirements of Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code and the rules
adopted under that chapter;

(32) Failure of a physician or podiatrist to enter into a 1975 standard care arrangement with a clinical nurse specialist, 1976 certified nurse-midwife, or certified nurse practitioner with 1977 whom the physician or podiatrist is in collaboration pursuant to 1978 section 4731.27 of the Revised Code or failure to fulfill the 1979 responsibilities of collaboration after entering into a standard 1980 care arrangement; 1981

(33) Failure to comply with the terms of a consult
agreement entered into with a pharmacist pursuant to section
4729.39 of the Revised Code;

(34) Failure to cooperate in an investigation conducted by 1985 the board under division (F) of this section, including failure 1986 to comply with a subpoena or order issued by the board or 1987 failure to answer truthfully a question presented by the board 1988 in an investigative interview, an investigative office 1989 conference, at a deposition, or in written interrogatories, 1990 except that failure to cooperate with an investigation shall not 1991 constitute grounds for discipline under this section if a court 1992 of competent jurisdiction has issued an order that either 1993 quashes a subpoena or permits the individual to withhold the 1994 testimony or evidence in issue; 1995

(35) Failure to supervise an acupuncturist in accordance
with Chapter 4762. of the Revised Code and the board's rules for
providing that supervision;

(36) Failure to supervise an anesthesiologist assistant in 1999

Page 70

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accordance with Chapter 4760. of the Revised Code and the	2000
board's rules for supervision of an anesthesiologist assistant;	2001
(37) Assisting suicide, as defined in section 3795.01 of	2002
the Revised Code;	2003
(38) Failure to comply with the requirements of section	2004
2317.561 of the Revised Code;	2005
(39) Failure to supervise a radiologist assistant in	2006
accordance with Chapter 4774. of the Revised Code and the	2007
board's rules for supervision of radiologist assistants;	2008
(40) Performing or inducing an abortion at an office or	2009
facility with knowledge that the office or facility fails to	2010
post the notice required under section 3701.791 of the Revised	2011
Code;	2012
(41) Failure to comply with the standards and procedures	2013
established in rules under section 4731.054 of the Revised Code	2014
for the operation of or the provision of care at a pain	2015
<pre>management clinic;</pre>	2016
(42) Failure to comply with the standards and procedures	2017
established in rules under section 4731.054 of the Revised Code	2018
for providing supervision, direction, and control of individuals	2019
at a pain management clinic;	2020
(43) Failure to comply with the requirements of section	2021
4729.79 or 4731.055 of the Revised Code, unless the state board	2022
of pharmacy no longer maintains a drug database pursuant to	2023

section 4729.75 of the Revised Code;

(44) Failure to comply with the requirements of section
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2919.171, 2919.202, or 2919.203 of the Revised Code or failure
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to submit to the department of health in accordance with a court
2027

order a complete report as described in section 2919.171 or 2919.202 of the Revised Code;	2028 2029
(45) Practicing at a facility that is subject to licensure as a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with a	2030 2031
pain management clinic classification unless the person	2032
operating the facility has obtained and maintains the license	2033
with the classification;	2034
(46) Owning a facility that is subject to licensure as a	2035
category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with a pain	2036
management clinic classification unless the facility is licensed	2037
with the classification;	2038
(47) Failure to comply with any of the requirements	2039
regarding making or maintaining medical records or documents	2040
described in division (A) of section 2919.192, division (C) of	2041
section 2919.193, division (B) of section 2919.195, or division	2042
(A) of section 2919.196 of the Revised Code;	2043
(48) Failure to comply with the requirements in section	2044
3719.061 of the Revised Code before issuing for a minor a	2045
prescription for an opioid analgesic, as defined in section	2046
3719.01 of the Revised Code;	2047
(49) Failure to comply with the requirements of section	2048
4731.30 of the Revised Code or rules adopted under section	2049
4731.301 of the Revised Code when recommending treatment with	2050
medical marijuana;	2051
(50) Practicing at a facility, clinic, or other location	2052
that is subject to licensure as a category III terminal	2053
distributor of dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid	2054

treatment classification unless the person operating that place 2055 has obtained and maintains the license with the classification; 2056

(51) Owning a facility, clinic, or other location that is 2057 subject to licensure as a category III terminal distributor of 2058 dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid treatment 2059 classification unless that place is licensed with the 2060 classification; 2061

(52) A pattern of continuous or repeated violations of division (E)(2) or (3) of section 3963.02 of the Revised Code.

2064 (C) Disciplinary actions taken by the board under divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall be taken pursuant to 2065 an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, except 2066 that in lieu of an adjudication, the board may enter into a 2067 consent agreement with an individual to resolve an allegation of 2068 a violation of this chapter or any rule adopted under it. A 2069 consent agreement, when ratified by an affirmative vote of not 2070 fewer than six members of the board, shall constitute the 2071 findings and order of the board with respect to the matter 2072 addressed in the agreement. If the board refuses to ratify a 2073 consent agreement, the admissions and findings contained in the 2074 consent agreement shall be of no force or effect. 2075

A telephone conference call may be utilized for 2076 ratification of a consent agreement that revokes or suspends an 2077 individual's license or certificate to practice or certificate 2078 to recommend. The telephone conference call shall be considered 2079 a special meeting under division (F) of section 121.22 of the 2080 Revised Code. 2081

If the board takes disciplinary action against an2082individual under division (B) of this section for a second or2083subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of guilt of, a2084violation of section 2919.123 or 2919.124 of the Revised Code,2085the disciplinary action shall consist of a suspension of the2086

Page 72

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individual's license or certificate to practice for a period of 2087 at least one year or, if determined appropriate by the board, a 2088 more serious sanction involving the individual's license or 2089 certificate to practice. Any consent agreement entered into 2090 under this division with an individual that pertains to a second 2091 or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of guilt 2092 of, a violation of that section shall provide for a suspension 2093 of the individual's license or certificate to practice for a 2094 period of at least one year or, if determined appropriate by the 2095 board, a more serious sanction involving the individual's 2096 license or certificate to practice. 2097

(D) For purposes of divisions (B) (10), (12), and (14) of 2098 this section, the commission of the act may be established by a 2099 finding by the board, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 2100 119. of the Revised Code, that the individual committed the act. 2101 The board does not have jurisdiction under those divisions if 2102 the trial court renders a final judgment in the individual's 2103 favor and that judgment is based upon an adjudication on the 2104 merits. The board has jurisdiction under those divisions if the 2105 trial court issues an order of dismissal upon technical or 2106 procedural grounds. 2107

2108 (E) The sealing of conviction records by any court shall have no effect upon a prior board order entered under this 2109 section or upon the board's jurisdiction to take action under 2110 this section if, based upon a plea of quilty, a judicial finding 2111 of guilt, or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention 2112 in lieu of conviction, the board issued a notice of opportunity 2113 for a hearing prior to the court's order to seal the records. 2114 The board shall not be required to seal, destroy, redact, or 2115 otherwise modify its records to reflect the court's sealing of 2116 conviction records. 2117

(F) (1) The board shall investigate evidence that appears 2118 to show that a person has violated any provision of this chapter 2119 or any rule adopted under it. Any person may report to the board 2120 in a signed writing any information that the person may have 2121 that appears to show a violation of any provision of this 2122 chapter or any rule adopted under it. In the absence of bad 2123 faith, any person who reports information of that nature or who 2124 testifies before the board in any adjudication conducted under 2125 Chapter 119. of the Revised Code shall not be liable in damages 2126 in a civil action as a result of the report or testimony. Each 2127 complaint or allegation of a violation received by the board 2128 shall be assigned a case number and shall be recorded by the 2129 board. 2130

(2) Investigations of alleged violations of this chapter 2131 or any rule adopted under it shall be supervised by the 2132 supervising member elected by the board in accordance with 2133 section 4731.02 of the Revised Code and by the secretary as 2134 provided in section 4731.39 of the Revised Code. The president 2135 may designate another member of the board to supervise the 2136 investigation in place of the supervising member. No member of 2137 the board who supervises the investigation of a case shall 2138 participate in further adjudication of the case. 2139

(3) In investigating a possible violation of this chapter 2140 or any rule adopted under this chapter, or in conducting an 2141 inspection under division (E) of section 4731.054 of the Revised 2142 Code, the board may question witnesses, conduct interviews, 2143 administer oaths, order the taking of depositions, inspect and 2144 copy any books, accounts, papers, records, or documents, issue 2145 subpoenas, and compel the attendance of witnesses and production 2146 of books, accounts, papers, records, documents, and testimony, 2147 except that a subpoena for patient record information shall not 2148

be issued without consultation with the attorney general's 2149 office and approval of the secretary and supervising member of 2150 the board. 2151

(a) Before issuance of a subpoena for patient record 2152 2153 information, the secretary and supervising member shall determine whether there is probable cause to believe that the 2154 complaint filed alleges a violation of this chapter or any rule 2155 adopted under it and that the records sought are relevant to the 2156 alleged violation and material to the investigation. The 2157 2158 subpoena may apply only to records that cover a reasonable period of time surrounding the alleged violation. 2159

(b) On failure to comply with any subpoena issued by the
board and after reasonable notice to the person being
subpoenaed, the board may move for an order compelling the
production of persons or records pursuant to the Rules of Civil
Procedure.

(c) A subpoena issued by the board may be served by a 2165 sheriff, the sheriff's deputy, or a board employee or agent 2166 designated by the board. Service of a subpoena issued by the 2167 board may be made by delivering a copy of the subpoena to the 2168 person named therein, reading it to the person, or leaving it at 2169 the person's usual place of residence, usual place of business, 2170 or address on file with the board. When serving a subpoena to an 2171 applicant for or the holder of a license or certificate issued 2172 under this chapter, service of the subpoena may be made by 2173 certified mail, return receipt requested, and the subpoena shall 2174 be deemed served on the date delivery is made or the date the 2175 person refuses to accept delivery. If the person being served 2176 refuses to accept the subpoena or is not located, service may be 2177 made to an attorney who notifies the board that the attorney is 2178

representing the person.

(d) A sheriff's deputy who serves a subpoena shall receive
the same fees as a sheriff. Each witness who appears before the
board in obedience to a subpoena shall receive the fees and
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mileage provided for under section 119.094 of the Revised Code.
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(4) All hearings, investigations, and inspections of the
board shall be considered civil actions for the purposes of
section 2305.252 of the Revised Code.
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(5) A report required to be submitted to the board under
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The board shall conduct all investigations or inspections 2192 and proceedings in a manner that protects the confidentiality of 2193 patients and persons who file complaints with the board. The 2194 board shall not make public the names or any other identifying 2195 information about patients or complainants unless proper consent 2196 is given or, in the case of a patient, a waiver of the patient 2197 privilege exists under division (B) of section 2317.02 of the 2198 Revised Code, except that consent or a waiver of that nature is 2199 not required if the board possesses reliable and substantial 2200 evidence that no bona fide physician-patient relationship 2201 exists. 2202

The board may share any information it receives pursuant2203to an investigation or inspection, including patient records and2204patient record information, with law enforcement agencies, other2205licensing boards, and other governmental agencies that are2206prosecuting, adjudicating, or investigating alleged violations2207

Page 76

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of statutes or administrative rules. An agency or board that 2208 receives the information shall comply with the same requirements 2209 regarding confidentiality as those with which the state medical 2210 board must comply, notwithstanding any conflicting provision of 2211 the Revised Code or procedure of the agency or board that 2212 applies when it is dealing with other information in its 2213 possession. In a judicial proceeding, the information may be 2214 admitted into evidence only in accordance with the Rules of 2215 Evidence, but the court shall require that appropriate measures 2216 2217 are taken to ensure that confidentiality is maintained with respect to any part of the information that contains names or 2218 other identifying information about patients or complainants 2219 whose confidentiality was protected by the state medical board 2220 when the information was in the board's possession. Measures to 2221 ensure confidentiality that may be taken by the court include 2222 sealing its records or deleting specific information from its 2223 records. 2224

(6) On a quarterly basis, the board shall prepare a report 2225 that documents the disposition of all cases during the preceding 2226 three months. The report shall contain the following information 2227 for each case with which the board has completed its activities: 2228

2229 (a) The case number assigned to the complaint or alleged violation; 2230

2231 (b) The type of license or certificate to practice, if any, held by the individual against whom the complaint is 2232 2233 directed;

(c) A description of the allegations contained in the 2234 2235 complaint;

(d) The disposition of the case.

Page 77

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The report shall state how many cases are still pending2237and shall be prepared in a manner that protects the identity of2238each person involved in each case. The report shall be a public2239record under section 149.43 of the Revised Code.2240

(G) If the secretary and supervising member determine both
 of the following, they may recommend that the board suspend an
 individual's license or certificate to practice or certificate
 to recommend without a prior hearing:

(1) That there is clear and convincing evidence that an2245individual has violated division (B) of this section;2246

(2) That the individual's continued practice presents a 2247danger of immediate and serious harm to the public. 2248

Written allegations shall be prepared for consideration by the board. The board, upon review of those allegations and by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, excluding the secretary and supervising member, may suspend a license or certificate without a prior hearing. A telephone conference call may be utilized for reviewing the allegations and taking the vote on the summary suspension.

The board shall issue a written order of suspension by 2256 certified mail or in person in accordance with section 119.07 of 2257 the Revised Code. The order shall not be subject to suspension 2258 by the court during pendency of any appeal filed under section 2259 119.12 of the Revised Code. If the individual subject to the 2260 summary suspension requests an adjudicatory hearing by the 2261 board, the date set for the hearing shall be within fifteen 2262 days, but not earlier than seven days, after the individual 2263 requests the hearing, unless otherwise agreed to by both the 2264 board and the individual. 2265

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Any summary suspension imposed under this division shall 2266 remain in effect, unless reversed on appeal, until a final 2267 adjudicative order issued by the board pursuant to this section 2268 and Chapter 119. of the Revised Code becomes effective. The 2269 board shall issue its final adjudicative order within seventy-2270 five days after completion of its hearing. A failure to issue 2271 the order within seventy-five days shall result in dissolution 2272 of the summary suspension order but shall not invalidate any 2273 subsequent, final adjudicative order. 2274

(H) If the board takes action under division (B)(9), (11), 2275 or (13) of this section and the judicial finding of guilt, 2276 guilty plea, or judicial finding of eligibility for intervention 2277 in lieu of conviction is overturned on appeal, upon exhaustion 2278 of the criminal appeal, a petition for reconsideration of the 2279 order may be filed with the board along with appropriate court 2280 documents. Upon receipt of a petition of that nature and 2281 supporting court documents, the board shall reinstate the 2282 individual's license or certificate to practice. The board may 2283 then hold an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code 2284 to determine whether the individual committed the act in 2285 2286 question. Notice of an opportunity for a hearing shall be given in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. If the 2287 board finds, pursuant to an adjudication held under this 2288 division, that the individual committed the act or if no hearing 2289 is requested, the board may order any of the sanctions 2290 identified under division (B) of this section. 2291

(I) The license or certificate to practice issued to an
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individual under this chapter and the individual's practice in
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this state are automatically suspended as of the date of the
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individual's second or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial
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finding of guilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 or 2919.124

Page 80

of the Revised Code. In addition, the license or certificate to 2297 practice or certificate to recommend issued to an individual 2298 under this chapter and the individual's practice in this state 2299 are automatically suspended as of the date the individual pleads 2300 quilty to, is found by a judge or jury to be quilty of, or is 2301 subject to a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in 2302 2303 lieu of conviction in this state or treatment or intervention in lieu of conviction in another jurisdiction for any of the 2304 following criminal offenses in this state or a substantially 2305 equivalent criminal offense in another jurisdiction: aggravated 2306 murder, murder, voluntary manslaughter, felonious assault, 2307 kidnapping, rape, sexual battery, gross sexual imposition, 2308 aggravated arson, aggravated robbery, or aggravated burglary. 2309 Continued practice after suspension shall be considered 2310 practicing without a license or certificate. 2311

The board shall notify the individual subject to the 2312 suspension by certified mail or in person in accordance with 2313 section 119.07 of the Revised Code. If an individual whose 2314 license or certificate is automatically suspended under this 2315 division fails to make a timely request for an adjudication 2316 under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the board shall do 2317 whichever of the following is applicable: 2318

(1) If the automatic suspension under this division is for 2319 a second or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of 2320 quilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 or 2919.124 of the 2321 Revised Code, the board shall enter an order suspending the 2322 individual's license or certificate to practice for a period of 2323 at least one year or, if determined appropriate by the board, 2324 imposing a more serious sanction involving the individual's 2325 2326 license or certificate to practice.

(2) In all circumstances in which division (I) (1) of this
section does not apply, enter a final order permanently revoking
the individual's license or certificate to practice.
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(J) If the board is required by Chapter 119. of the 2330 Revised Code to give notice of an opportunity for a hearing and 2331 if the individual subject to the notice does not timely request 2332 a hearing in accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code, 2333 the board is not required to hold a hearing, but may adopt, by 2334 an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, a 2335 final order that contains the board's findings. In that final 2336 order, the board may order any of the sanctions identified under 2337 division (A) or (B) of this section. 2338

(K) Any action taken by the board under division (B) of 2339 this section resulting in a suspension from practice shall be 2340 accompanied by a written statement of the conditions under which 2341 the individual's license or certificate to practice may be 2342 reinstated. The board shall adopt rules governing conditions to 2343 be imposed for reinstatement. Reinstatement of a license or 2344 certificate suspended pursuant to division (B) of this section 2345 requires an affirmative vote of not fewer than six members of 2346 the board. 2347

(L) When the board refuses to grant or issue a license or 2348 certificate to practice to an applicant, revokes an individual's 2349 license or certificate to practice, refuses to renew an 2350 individual's license or certificate to practice, or refuses to 2351 reinstate an individual's license or certificate to practice, 2352 the board may specify that its action is permanent. An 2353 individual subject to a permanent action taken by the board is 2354 forever thereafter ineligible to hold a license or certificate 2355 to practice and the board shall not accept an application for 2356

Page 82

reinstatement of the license or certificate or for issuance of a	2357
new license or certificate.	2358
(M) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Revised	2359
Code, all of the following apply:	2360
(1) The surrender of a license or certificate issued under	2361
this chapter shall not be effective unless or until accepted by	2362
the board. A telephone conference call may be utilized for	2363
acceptance of the surrender of an individual's license or	2364
certificate to practice. The telephone conference call shall be	2365
considered a special meeting under division (F) of section	2366
121.22 of the Revised Code. Reinstatement of a license or	2367
certificate surrendered to the board requires an affirmative	2368
vote of not fewer than six members of the board.	2369
(2) An application for a license or certificate made under	2370
the provisions of this chapter may not be withdrawn without	2371
approval of the board.	2372
(3) Failure by an individual to renew a license or	2373

(3) Failure by an individual to renew a license or
(3) Failure by an individual to renew a license or
(3) Certificate to practice in accordance with this chapter or a
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(4) At the request of the board, a license or certificate
holder shall immediately surrender to the board a license or
certificate that the board has suspended, revoked, or
permanently revoked.

(N) Sanctions shall not be imposed under division (B) (28)
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 of this section against any person who waives deductibles and
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 copayments as follows:
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(1) In compliance with the health benefit plan that
expressly allows such a practice. Waiver of the deductibles or
copayments shall be made only with the full knowledge and
consent of the plan purchaser, payer, and third-party
administrator. Documentation of the consent shall be made
available to the board upon request.

(2) For professional services rendered to any other person
authorized to practice pursuant to this chapter, to the extent
allowed by this chapter and rules adopted by the board.
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(0) Under the board's investigative duties described in 2395 this section and subject to division (F) of this section, the 2396 board shall develop and implement a quality intervention program 2397 designed to improve through remedial education the clinical and 2398 communication skills of individuals authorized under this 2399 chapter to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine 2400 and surgery, and podiatric medicine and surgery. In developing 2401 and implementing the quality intervention program, the board may 2402 do all of the following: 2403

(1) Offer in appropriate cases as determined by the board
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 an educational and assessment program pursuant to an
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 investigation the board conducts under this section;
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(2) Select providers of educational and assessment
 services, including a quality intervention program panel of case
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 reviewers;

(3) Make referrals to educational and assessment service
providers and approve individual educational programs
recommended by those providers. The board shall monitor the
progress of each individual undertaking a recommended individual
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educational program.

(4) Determine what constitutes successful completion of an
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 individual educational program and require further monitoring of
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 the individual who completed the program or other action that
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 the board determines to be appropriate;

(5) Adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the 2419Revised Code to further implement the quality intervention 2420program. 2421

An individual who participates in an individual2422educational program pursuant to this division shall pay the2423financial obligations arising from that educational program.2424

(P) The board shall not refuse to issue a license to an
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applicant because of a conviction, plea of guilty, judicial
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finding of guilt, judicial finding of eligibility for
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intervention in lieu of conviction, or the commission of an act
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that constitutes a criminal offense, unless the refusal is in
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accordance with section 9.79 of the Revised Code.

 Section 2. That existing sections 121.22, 149.43, 307.629,
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 307.99, and 4731.22 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.
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Section 3. Section 4731.22 of the Revised Code is 2433 presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended 2434 by H.B. 263, H.B. 442, and S.B. 260 of the 133rd General 2435 Assembly and H.B. 110 of the 134th General Assembly. The General 2436 Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B) of 2437 section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be 2438 harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, 2439 finds that the composite is the resulting version of the section 2440 in effect prior to the effective date of the section as 2441 presented in this act. 2442