134th General Assembly

Regular Session

H. B. No. 371

2021-2022

Representatives Schmidt, Denson

Cosponsors: Representatives Galonski, Troy, Weinstein, Miller, J., Ingram, Creech, Abrams, Pavliga, White, Miranda, O'Brien, Bird, Miller, K., Ghanbari, Young, T., Hoops, Lampton, John, Liston, Click, Edwards, Ginter, Grendell

A BILL

Τc	o amend sections 1751.62, 3702.40, 3923.52,	1
	3923.53, and 5164.08 of the Revised Code to	2
	revise the laws governing coverage of screening	3
	mammography and patient notice of dense breast	4
	tissue.	5

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 1751.62, 3702.40, 3923.52,	6
3923.53, and 5164.08 of the Revised Code be amended to read as	7
follows:	8
Sec. 1751.62. (A) As used in this section:	9
(1) "Screening mammography" means a radiologic examination	10
utilized to detect unsuspected breast cancer at an early stage	11
in an asymptomatic woman and includes the x-ray examination of	12
the breast using equipment that is dedicated specifically for	13
mammography, including, but not limited to, the x-ray tube,	14
filter, compression device, screens, film, and cassettes, and	15
that has an average radiation exposure delivery of less than one	16

rad mid-breast. "Screening mammography" includes digital breast 17 tomosynthesis. "Screening mammography" includes two views for 18 each breast. The term also includes the professional 19 interpretation of the film. 20 "Screening mammography" does not include diagnostic 21 22 mammography. (2) "Medicare reimbursement rate" means the reimbursement 23 rate paid in Ohio under the medicare program for screening 24 mammography that does not include digitization or computer-aided 25 detection, regardless of whether the actual benefit includes 26 digitization or computer-aided detection. 27 (3) "Supplemental breast cancer screening" means any 28 additional screening method deemed medically necessary by a 29 treating health care provider for proper breast cancer screening 30 in accordance with applicable American college of radiology 31 quidelines, including magnetic resonance imaging, ultrasound, or 32 molecular breast imaging. 33 (B) Every Notwithstanding section 3901.71 of the Revised 34 <u>Code, every individual or group health insuring corporation</u> 35 policy, contract, or agreement providing basic health care 36 services that is delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed in 37 this state shall provide benefits for the expenses of both all 38 of the following: 39 (1) Screening mammography to To detect the presence of 40

breast cancer in adult women, screening mammography; 41

(2) Cytologic screening for To detect the presence of
 breast cancer in adult women meeting either of the conditions
 described in division (C) (2) of this section, supplemental
 44
 breast cancer screening;
 45

(3) To detect the presence of cervical cancer, cytologic 46 screening. 47 (C) (1) The benefits provided under division (B) (1) of this 48 section shall cover expenses in accordance with all of the 49 following: 50 (1) If a woman is at least thirty-five years of age but 51 52 under forty years of age, one screening mammography; (2) If a woman is at least forty years of age but under 53 fifty years of age, either of the following: 54 55 (a) One screening mammography every two years; (b) If a licensed physician has determined that the woman 56 has risk factors to breast cancer, one screening mammography 57 58 every year. (3) If a woman is at least fifty years of age but under 59 sixty-five years of age, for one screening mammography every 60 year, including digital breast tomosynthesis. 61 (2) The benefits provided under division (B)(2) of this 62 section shall cover expenses for supplemental breast cancer 63 screening for an adult woman who meets either of the following 64 conditions: 65 (a) The woman's screening mammography demonstrates, based 66 on the breast imaging reporting and data system established by 67 the American college of radiology, that the woman has dense 68 breast tissue; 69 (b) The woman is at an increased risk of breast cancer due 70 to family history, prior personal history of breast cancer, 71 ancestry, genetic predisposition, or other reasons as determined 72 by the woman's health care provider. 73

74 (D)(1) Subject to divisions (D)(2) and (3) of this section, if a provider, hospital, or other health care facility 75 provides a service that is a component of the screening 76 mammography benefit in division (B)(1) of this section or a 77 component of the supplemental breast cancer screening benefit in 78 division (B) (2) of this section and submits a separate claim for 79 that component, a separate payment shall be made to the 80 provider, hospital, or other health care facility in an amount 81 that corresponds to the ratio paid by medicare in this state for 82 that component. 83

(2) Regardless of whether separate payments are made for 84 the benefit provided under division (B)(1) or (2) of this 85 section, the total benefit for a screening mammography or 86 supplemental breast cancer screening shall not exceed one 87 hundred thirty per cent of the medicare reimbursement rate in 88 this state for screening mammography or supplemental breast 89 cancer screening. If there is more than one medicare 90 reimbursement rate in this state for screening mammography or a 91 92 component of a screening mammography or supplemental breast cancer screening or a component of supplemental breast cancer 93 screening, the reimbursement limit shall be one hundred thirty 94 per cent of the lowest medicare reimbursement rate in this 95 state. 96

(3) The benefit paid in accordance with division (D)(1) of
97
this section shall constitute full payment. No provider,
98
hospital, or other health care facility shall seek or receive
99
remuneration in excess of the payment made in accordance with
100
division (D)(1) of this section, except for approved deductibles
101
and copayments.

(E) The benefits provided under division (B)(1) <u>or (2)</u> of 103

this section shall be provided only for screening mammographies104or supplemental breast cancer screenings that are performed in a105health care facility or mobile mammography screening unit that106is accredited under the American college of radiology107mammography accreditation program or in a hospital as defined in108section 3727.01 of the Revised Code.109

(F) The benefits provided under divisions (B) (1) and (2)
<u>division (B) of this section shall be provided according to the</u>
111
terms of the subscriber contract.

(G) The benefits provided under division (B) (2) (B) (3) of
this section shall be provided only for cytologic screenings
that are processed and interpreted in a laboratory certified by
the college of American pathologists or in a hospital as defined
in section 3727.01 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 3702.40. (A) As used in this section, "mammogram" and 118 "facility" have the same meanings as in section 263b(a) of the 119 "Mammography Quality Standards Act of 1992," 106 Stat. 3547 120 (1992), 42 U.S.C. 263b(a), as amended. 121

(B) As required by 21 C.F.R. 900.12(c)(2), a facility 122 shall send to each patient who has a mammogram at the facility a 123 summary of the written report containing the results of the 124 patient's mammogram. If, based on the breast imaging reporting 125 and data system established by the American college of 126 radiology, the patient's mammogram demonstrates that the patient 127 has dense breast tissue, the summary shall include the following 128 statement: 129

"Your mammogram demonstrates shows that you have dense130your breast tissue, which could hide abnormalities is dense.131Dense breast tissue, in and of itself, is a relatively very132

common condition. Therefore, this information is not provided to	133
cause undue concern; rather, it is to raise your awareness and	134
promote discussion with your health care provider regarding the	135
presence of dense breast tissue in addition to other risk-	136
factorsand is not abnormal. However, dense breast tissue can	137
make it harder to find cancer on a mammogram and also may	138
increase your risk of developing breast cancer. Because you have	139
dense breast tissue, you could benefit from additional imaging	140
tests such as a screening breast ultrasound or breast magnetic	141
resonance imaging. This information about your breast density is	142
being provided to you to raise your awareness. It is important	143
to continue routine screening mammograms and use this	144
information to speak with your health care provider about your	145
own risk for breast cancer. At that time, ask your health care	146
provider if more screening tests might be useful based on your	147
risk. A report of your mammogram results was sent to your health	148
care provider."	149
As required by 21 C.F.R. 900.12(c)(3), the facility shall	150
send to the patient's health care provider, if known, a copy of	151
	-
the written report containing the results of the patient's	152
mammogram not later than thirty days after the mammogram was	153
performed.	154
	1
(C) This section does not do either of the following:	155

(1) Create a new cause of action or substantive legal156right against a person, facility, or other entity;157

(2) Create a standard of care, obligation, or duty for a
person, facility, or other entity that would provide the basis
for a cause of action or substantive legal right, other than the
duty to send the summary and written report described in
division (B) of this section.

sec. 3923.52. (A) As used in this section and section 163
3923.53 of the Revised Code, "screening mammography": 164

(1) "Screening mammography" means a radiologic examination 165 utilized to detect unsuspected breast cancer at an early stage 166 in asymptomatic women and includes the x-ray examination of the 167 breast using equipment that is dedicated specifically for 168 mammography, including, but not limited to, the x-ray tube, 169 filter, compression device, screens, film, and cassettes, and 170 that has an average radiation exposure delivery of less than one 171 rad mid-breast. "Screening mammography" includes digital breast 172 tomosynthesis. "Screening mammography" includes two views for 173 each breast. The term also includes the professional 174 interpretation of the film. 175

"Screening mammography" does not include diagnostic 176 mammography. 177

(2) "Supplemental breast cancer screening" means any178additional screening method deemed medically necessary by a179treating health care provider for proper breast cancer screening180in accordance with applicable American college of radiology181guidelines, including magnetic resonance imaging, ultrasound, or182molecular breast imaging.183

(B) Every Notwithstanding section 3901.71 of the Revised
(B) Every Policy of individual or group sickness and accident
185
insurance that is delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed in
186
this state shall provide benefits for the expenses of both all
187
of the following:

(1) Screening mammography to <u>To</u> detect the presence of
 breast cancer in adult women, screening mammography;
 190

(2) Cytologic screening for To detect the presence of 191

breast cancer in adult women meeting either of the conditions	192
described in division (C)(2) of this section, supplemental	193
breast cancer screening;	194
(3) To detect the presence of cervical cancer, cytologic	195
screening.	196
(C) <u>(1)</u> The benefits provided under division (B)(1) of this	197
section shall cover expenses in accordance with all of the	198
following:	199
(1) If a woman is at least thirty-five years of age but	200
under forty years of age, one screening mammography;	201
(2) If a woman is at least forty years of age but under-	202
fifty years of age, either of the following:	203
(a) One screening mammography every two years;	204
(b) If a licensed physician has determined that the woman-	205
has risk factors to breast cancer, one screening mammography-	206
every year.	207
(3) If a woman is at least fifty years of age but under	208
sixty five years of age, <u>for</u>one screening mammography every	209
year, including digital breast tomosynthesis.	210
(2) The benefits provided under division (B)(2) of this	211
section shall cover expenses for supplemental breast cancer	212
screening for an adult woman who meets either of the following	213
conditions:	214
(a) The woman's screening mammography demonstrates, based	215
on the breast imaging reporting and data system established by	216
the American college of radiology, that the woman has dense	217
breast tissue;	218

(b) The woman is at an increased risk of breast cancer due 219 to family history, prior personal history of breast cancer, 220 ancestry, genetic predisposition, or other reasons as determined 221 by the woman's health care provider. 222 (D) As used in this division, "medicare reimbursement 223 rate" means the reimbursement rate paid in this state under the 224 medicare program for screening mammography that does not include 225 digitization or computer-aided detection, regardless of whether 226 the actual benefit includes digitization or computer-aided 227 detection. 228 (1) Subject to divisions (D)(2) and (3) of this section, 229 230

if a provider, hospital, or other health care facility provides230a service that is a component of the screening mammography231benefit in division (B) (1) of this section or a component of the232supplemental breast cancer screening benefit in division (B) (2)233of this section and submits a separate claim for that component,234a separate payment shall be made to the provider, hospital, or235other health care facility in an amount that corresponds to the236ratio paid by medicare in this state for that component.237

(2) Regardless of whether separate payments are made for 238 the benefit provided under division (B)(1) or (2) of this 239 section, the total benefit for a screening mammography or 240 supplemental breast cancer screening shall not exceed one 241 hundred thirty per cent of the medicare reimbursement rate in 242 this state for screening mammography or supplemental breast 243 cancer screening. If there is more than one medicare 244 reimbursement rate in this state for screening mammography or a 245 component of a screening mammography or supplemental breast 246 cancer screening or a component of supplemental breast cancer 247 screening, the reimbursement limit shall be one hundred thirty 248

Page 10

265

266

267

268

277

per cent of the lowest medicare reimbursement rate in this	249
state.	250
(3) The benefit paid in accordance with division (D)(1) of	251
this section shall constitute full payment. No provider,	252
hospital, or other health care facility shall seek or receive	253
compensation in excess of the payment made in accordance with	254
division (D)(1) of this section, except for approved deductibles	255
and copayments.	256
(E) The benefits provided under division (B)(1) or (2) of	257
this section shall be provided only for screening mammographies	258
or supplemental breast cancer screenings that are performed in a	259
or supplemental breast cancer screenings that are performed in a facility or mobile mammography screening unit that is accredited	259 260
facility or mobile mammography screening unit that is accredited	260
facility or mobile mammography screening unit that is accredited under the American college of radiology mammography	260 261

this section shall be provided under division (b)(2) (<u>b)(2)</u> (<u>b)(3)</u> of that are processed and interpreted in a laboratory certified by the college of American pathologists or in a hospital as defined in section 3727.01 of the Revised Code.

(G) This section does not apply to any policy that
provides coverage for specific diseases or accidents only, or to
any hospital indemnity, medicare supplement, or other policy
that offers only supplemental benefits.

Sec. 3923.53. (A) Every Notwithstanding section 3901.71 of273the Revised Code, every public employee benefit plan that is274established or modified in this state shall provide benefits for275the expenses of both all of the following:276

(1) Screening mammography to To detect the presence of

breast cancer in adult women, screening mammography;	278
(2) Cytologic screening for <u>To detect</u> the presence of	279
breast cancer in adult women meeting any of the conditions	280
described in division (B)(2) of this section, supplemental	281
breast cancer screening;	282
(3) To detect the presence of cervical cancer, cytologic	283
screening.	284
(B) (1) The benefits provided under division (A)(1) of this	285
section shall cover expenses in accordance with all of the	286
following:	287
(1) If a woman is at least thirty-five years of age but	288
under forty years of age, one screening mammography;	289
(2) If a woman is at least forty years of age but under-	290
fifty years of age, either of the following:	291
(a) One screening mammography every two years;	292
(b) If a licensed physician has determined that the woman-	293
has risk factors to breast cancer, one screening mammography-	294
every year.	295
(3) If a woman is at least fifty years of age but under-	296
sixty five years of age, <u>for</u>one screening mammography every	297
year, including digital breast tomosynthesis.	298
(2) The benefits provided under division (A)(2) of this	299
section shall cover expenses for supplemental breast cancer	300
screening for an adult woman who meets any of the following	301
conditions:	302
(a) The woman's screening mammography demonstrates, based	303
on the breast imaging reporting and data system established by	304

the American college of radiology, that the woman has dense	
<u>breast tissue;</u>	
(b) The woman is at an increased risk of breast cancer due	307
to family history, prior personal history of breast cancer,	308
ancestry, genetic predisposition, or other reasons as determined	309
by the woman's health care provider.	310
(C) As used in this division, "medicare reimbursement	311
rate" means the reimbursement rate paid in this state under the	312
medicare program for screening mammography that does not include	313
digitization or computer-aided detection, regardless of whether	314
the actual benefit includes digitization or computer-aided	315
detection.	316
(1) Subject to divisions (C)(2) and (3) of this section,	317
if a provider, hospital, or other health care facility provides	318
a service that is a component of the screening mammography	319
benefit in division (A)(1) of this section <u>or a component of the</u>	320
supplemental breast cancer screening benefit in division (A)(2)	321
of this section and submits a separate claim for that component,	322
a separate payment shall be made to the provider, hospital, or	323
other health care facility in an amount that corresponds to the	324
ratio paid by medicare in this state for that component.	325
(2) Regardless of whether separate payments are made for	326
the benefit provided under division (A)(1) or (2) of this	327
section, the total benefit for a screening mammography <u>or</u>	328
supplemental breast cancer screening shall not exceed one	329
hundred thirty per cent of the medicare reimbursement rate in	330
this state for screening mammography or supplemental breast	331
cancer screening. If there is more than one medicare	332
reimbursement rate in this state for screening mammography or a	333
component of a screening mammography or supplemental breast	334

361

cancer screening or a component of supplemental breast cancer	335
screening, the reimbursement limit shall be one hundred thirty	336
per cent of the lowest medicare reimbursement rate in this	337
state.	338
(3) The benefit paid in accordance with division (C)(1) of	339
this section shall constitute full payment. No provider,	340
hospital, or other health care facility shall seek or receive	341
compensation in excess of the payment made in accordance with	342
division (C)(1) of this section, except for approved deductibles	343
and copayments.	344
(D) The benefits provided under division (A)(1) <u>or (2)</u> of	345
this section shall be provided only for screening mammographies	346
or supplemental breast cancer screenings that are performed in a	347
facility or mobile mammography screening unit that is accredited	348
under the American college of radiology mammography	349
accreditation program or in a hospital as defined in section	350
3727.01 of the Revised Code.	351
(E) The benefits provided under division (A)(2) (A)(3) of	352
this section shall be provided only for cytologic screenings	353
that are processed and interpreted in a laboratory certified by	354
the college of American pathologists or in a hospital as defined	355
in section 3727.01 of the Revised Code.	356
Sec. 5164.08. (A) As used in this section, "screening	357
mammography":	358
(1) "Screening mammography" means a radiologic examination	359
utilized to detect unsuspected breast cancer at an early stage	360
	0.61

breast using equipment that is dedicated specifically for 362 mammography, including the x-ray tube, filter, compression 363

in asymptomatic women and includes the x-ray examination of the

device, screens, film, and cassettes, and that has an average	364
radiation exposure delivery of less than one rad mid-breast.	365
"Screening mammography" includes digital breast tomosynthesis.	366
"Screening mammography" includes two views for each breast. The	367
term also includes the professional interpretation of the film.	368
"Screening mammography" does not include diagnostic	369
mammography.	370
(2) "Supplemental breast cancer screening" means any	371
additional screening method deemed medically necessary by a	372
treating health care provider for proper breast cancer screening	373
in accordance with applicable American college of radiology	374
guidelines, including magnetic resonance imaging, ultrasound, or	375
molecular breast imaging.	376
(B) The medicaid program shall cover both all of the	377
following:	378
	270
(1) Screening mammography to <u>To</u> detect the presence of	379
breast cancer in adult women, screening mammography;	380
(2) Cytologic screening for <u>To detect</u> the presence of	381
breast cancer in adult women meeting any of the conditions	382
described in division (C)(2) of this section, supplemental	383
breast cancer screening;	384
(3) To detect the presence of cervical cancer, cytologic	385
screening.	386
(C) <u>(1)</u> The medicaid program's coverage of screening	387
mammography pursuant to division (B)(1) of this section shall be	388
provided in accordance with all of the following:	389
(1) If a woman is at least thirty five years of age but	390
under forty years of age, one screening mammography;	391

(2) If a woman is at least forty years of age but under	392
fifty years of age, either of the following:	393
(a) One screening mammography every two years;	394
(b) If a licensed physician has determined that the woman-	395
has risk factors to breast cancer, one screening mammography	396
every year.	397
(3) If a woman is at least fifty years of age but under	398
sixty five years of age, cover expenses for one screening	399
mammography every year, including digital breast tomosynthesis.	400
(2) The medicaid program's coverage pursuant to division	401
(B)(2) of this section shall cover expenses for supplemental	402
breast cancer screening for an adult woman who meets any of the	403
following conditions:	404
(a) The woman's screening mammography demonstrates, based	405
on the breast imaging reporting and data system established by	406
the American college of radiology, that the woman has dense	407
breast tissue;	408
(b) The woman is at an increased risk of breast cancer due	409
to family history, prior personal history of breast cancer,	410
ancestry, genetic predisposition, or other reasons as determined	411
by the woman's health care provider.	412
(D) The medicaid program's coverage of screening	413
mammographies pursuant to division (B)(1) <u>or (2)</u> of this section	414
shall be provided only for screening mammographies <u>or</u>	415
supplemental breast cancer screenings that are performed in a	416
facility or mobile mammography screening unit that is accredited	417
under the American college of radiology mammography	418
accreditation program or in a hospital as defined in section	419
3727.01 of the Revised Code.	420

(E) The medicaid program's coverage of cytologic
screenings pursuant to division (B) (2) (B) (3) of this section
shall be provided only for cytologic screenings that are
processed and interpreted in a laboratory certified by the
college of American pathologists or in a hospital as defined in
section 3727.01 of the Revised Code.

 Section 2. That existing sections 1751.62, 3702.40,
 427

 3923.52, 3923.53, and 5164.08 of the Revised Code are hereby
 428

 repealed.
 429

Section 3. Section 1751.62 of the Revised Code, as amended 430 by this act, applies only to arrangements, policies, contracts, 431 and agreements that are created, delivered, issued for delivery, 432 or renewed in this state on or after the effective date of the 433 amendment. Section 3923.52 of the Revised Code, as amended by 434 this act, applies only to policies of sickness and accident 435 insurance delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed in this 436 state on or after the effective date of the amendment. Section 437 3923.53 of the Revised Code, as amended by this act, applies 438 only to public employee benefit plans that are established or 439 modified in this state on or after the effective date of the 440 amendment. 441