As Reported by the House Agriculture and Conservation Committee

134th General Assembly

Regular Session 2021-2022 Sub. H. B. No. 507

Representative Koehler

Cosponsors: Representatives Stoltzfus, Lipps, Fowler Arthur, Manning, Brent, Jones, Miller, J.

A BILL

То	amend sections 913.04, 913.28, 915.01, 915.03,	1
	915.14, 915.18, 915.20, 925.21, 925.62,	2
	3715.041, 3715.07, 3715.27, 3715.33, 3715.36,	3
	and 3715.99; to amend, for the purpose of	4
	adopting a new section number as indicated in	5
	parentheses, section 3715.36 (3715.34); and to	6
	repeal sections 913.27, 915.04, 915.05, 915.06,	7
	915.07, 915.08, 915.19, 915.21, 925.26, 925.27,	8
	925.28, 925.52, 925.56, 925.61, 3715.14,	9
	3715.15, 3715.16, 3715.17, 3715.18, 3715.19,	10
	3715.20, 3715.34, 3715.35, and 3715.37 of the	11
	Revised Code to revise specified provisions of	12
	agriculture law.	13

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 913.04, 913.28, 915.01, 915.03,	14
915.14, 915.18, 915.20, 925.21, 925.62, 3715.041, 3715.07,	15
3715.27, 3715.33, 3715.36, and 3715.99 be amended and section	16
3715.36 (3715.34) of the Revised Code be amended for the purpose	17
of adopting a new section number as indicated in parentheses to	18

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read as follows: 19 Sec. 913.04. (A) The director of agriculture shall adopt 20 rules under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code which: 21 (1) Require all canneries to comply with regulations 22 adopted by the United States food and drug administration in 21 23 C.F.R. 110.3 to 110.110117, as amendedapplicable; 24 (2) Require all canneries thermally processing low-acid 25 foods packed in hermetically sealed containers to comply with 26 regulations adopted by the United States food and drug 27 administration in 21 C.F.R. 113.3 to 113.100, as amended; 28 29 (3) Require all canneries thermally processing acidified foods packed in hermetically sealed containers to comply with 30 regulations adopted by the United States food and drug 31 administration in 21 C.F.R. 114.3 to 114.100, as amended; 32 (4) Require all canneries, except those canneries required 33 to register with the United States food and drug administration 34 under 21 C.F.R. 108.35, to provide the director, prior to the 35 processing of any food product, with scheduled processes for 36 each processing method utilized, including all of the following: 37 (a) The type of processing equipment used; 38 39 (b) The type of retort or other thermal processing equipment used; 40 (c) Minimum initial temperatures; 41 (d) Time and temperature of processing; 42 (e) Sterilizing value or other equivalent scientific 43 evidence of process adequacy; 44 (f) Critical control factors affecting heat penetration. 45

(5) Establish standards of identity, quality, and fill for 46 canned foods. 47 (B) No person shall violate any rule adopted under this 48 section. 49 Sec. 913.28. The director of agriculture shall enforce 50 sections 913.01 to 913.05 and 913.22 to 913.27-913.26 of the 51 Revised Code, and he the director shall adopt rules as he the 52 director considers necessary for the administration and 53 enforcement of such sections. 54 Sec. 915.01. As used in section 915.01 to 915.12, 55 inclusive, of the Revised Code: 56 (A) "Cold storage" means the storage of food, at or below 57 a temperature of forty degrees Fahrenheit, in a cold-storage 58 warehouse. 59 (B) "Cold-storage warehouse" means a place artificially 60 cooled by the employment of refrigerating machinery or ice or 61 other means, in which articles of food are stored for thirty 62 days or more at a temperature of forty degrees Fahrenheit, or 63 lower. 64 (C) "Food" means-eggs, butter, fresh animal flesh and-65 fresh products therefrom, and fresh fish and fowl flesh, which-66 have been stored in a cold-storage warehouse: 67 (1) Articles used for food or drink for humans or animals; 68 (2) Chewing gum; 69 (3) Articles used for components of any such articles. 70 (D) "Container" means any bag, barrel, basket, bottle, 71 box, caddy can, canister, carton, crate, firkin, hogshead, jar, 72

jug, keg, stopper, vessel, wrapper, frozen bulk, or any similar 73
or analogous utensil, receptacle, band, or wrapper in which food 74
may be kept, stored, sold, or offered for sale. 75

(E) "Marked" means written, printed, stamped, or painted,
 or any other means whereby words or figures may be indicated in
 or on a container, or any cover attached thereto.
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(F)-"Wholesome" means fit for human food. 79

Sec. 915.03. Each person, firm, or corporation licensed to 80 operate a cold-storage warehouse shall keep an accurate record 81 of the receipts and withdrawals of food therefrom. The agents of 82 the director of agriculture shall have free access to such 83 records at all times. Each such person, firm, or corporation 84 shall file in the office of the director on or before the sixth-85 day of January, April, July, and October of each year, a report-86 setting forth in itemized form the kind and quantities of food 87 products held in cold storage in such warehouse. The report 88 shall be made on printed forms prepared and supplied by the 89 director. The director may cause such other reports to be filed 90 at such times as he may deem advisable. 91

Sec. 915.14. As used in sections 915.14 to 915.24 of the Revised Code, unless the context otherwise requires:

(A) "Food" means all articles used by humans for food,
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drink, ice, confectionery, or condiment, whether simple, mixed,
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or compound, and any substance used as a constituent in the
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manufacture thereof:
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(1) Articles used for food or drink for humans or animals; 98

(2) Chewing gum;

(3) Articles used for components of any such articles.

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(B) "Establishment" means any business location or 101 building of which any of the following facilities or operations 102 are a part: a frozen food manufacturing facility, 103 slaughterhouse, locker room, locker, chill room, sharp freezing 104 room and facilities, or sharp freezing cabinet. 105 (C) "Slaughterhouse" means a room or space used to butcher 106 animals for sharp freezing. 107 (D) "Locker room" means any room in an establishment in-108 which lockers are located and in which space may be provided for 109 the storage of frozen food belonging to and for sale by the 110 operator to the public. 111 (E) "Locker" means the individual section or compartment, 112 provided with a lock, of a capacity not to exceed twenty-five-113 cubic feet, in the locker room of an establishment, which is 114 rented by a person, firm, or corporation for the purpose of 115

storing frozen food for its use.

(F)-"Chill room" means a room or space in an establishment117used for the purpose of chilling food in preparation for118processing for sharp freezing.119

(G) (D)"Sharp freezing" means the reducing of every120portion of food placed in a sharp freezer facility to a121temperature of ten degrees Fahrenheit or less in five hours or122less.123

(H) (E)"Sharp freezing room," "sharp freezing cabinet,"124or "other sharp freezing facilities" means any location, space,125or facility in an establishment used for the sharp freezing of126food for storage or eventual sale.127

(I) (F) "Operator" means any person, firm, or corporation 128 operating or maintaining an establishment. 129

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(J) (G)"Frozen food manufacturing facility" means a room130or space in an establishment used to freeze food, other than131frozen desserts as defined in section 917.01 of the Revised132Code, for eventual sale in a frozen state.133

Sec. 915.18. (A) The refrigeration system for an 134 establishment shall be equipped with accurate and reliable 135 controls for the automatic maintenance of uniform temperatures 136 as required in the various refrigerated rooms and shall be of 137 adequate capacity to provide under extreme conditions of outside 138 temperatures and under peak load conditions in the normal 139 operations of the establishment, the following temperatures: 140

(1) In the chill room temperatures within two degrees of
Fahrenheit plus or minus of thirty-eight degrees above zero
Fahrenheit with a tolerance of ten degrees Fahrenheit for a
reasonable time after fresh food is put in for chilling;

(2) In the sharp freezing room temperatures of ten degrees
below zero Fahrenheit or lower or temperatures of zero degrees
Fahrenheit or lower when forced air circulation is employed with
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a tolerance of ten degrees Fahrenheit for either type of
installation for a reasonable time after fresh food is put in
for freezing;

(3) In the locker room temperatures of not to exceed plus151five degrees Fahrenheit with a tolerance of five degrees152Fahrenheit higher;153

(B) All establishments with the exception of those having
 a locker room only, shall have a chill room, and sharp freezing
 facilities and facilities for cutting and wrapping or packaging
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 food.

(B) This section does not prohibit such variations as may 158

occur during short periods of time incidental to defrosting. For 159 experimental purposes, the department of agriculture, upon 160 application in writing, may authorize for a limited and 161 prescribed period, the installation and use of refrigeration 162 systems or methods which in the opinion of the department will 163 result in improvement over present methods. 164 Sec. 915.20. (A) As used in this section: 165 (1) "Locker" means the individual section or compartment, 166 provided with a lock, of a capacity not to exceed twenty-five 167 cubic feet, in the locker room of an establishment, which is 168 rented by a person, firm, or corporation for the purpose of 169 storing frozen food for its use. 170 (2) "Locker room" means any room in an establishment in 171 which lockers are located and in which space may be provided for 172 the storage of frozen food belonging to and for sale by the 173 174 operator to the public. (B) Every operator of an establishment having lockers 175 shall keep an accurate record setting forth: 176 (A) The the name and address of each patron renting a 177 locker or storing food+ 178 (B) The rental period for each locker rented, the charge 179 180 therefor, and the payments thereon; (C) All persons renting lockers who are directly or 181 indirectly engaged in the selling of foodstuffs for human 182 consumption must declare this fact to the management and an 183 entry shall be made on the records of the operator. 184 Articles of food in any establishment which are intended 185 for trade channels must be handled as provided under sections 186

915.03 to 915.12, inclusive, of the Revised Code, and the rules-	187
and regulations promulgated thereunder. An operator may have in-	
storage in any establishment under his control, food belonging	
to and for sale by such operator to the public, without	
complying with section 915.03 of the Revised Code.	
Sec. 925.21. As used in sections 925.22 to 925.32,	192
inclusive, of the Revised Code:	193
(A) "Fruit or vegetable" means any fresh unprocessed fruit	194
or vegetable which is intended for human consumption.	195
(B) "Container" means any device used to hold or enclose a	196
quantity of fruits or vegetables, except one with a capacity of	197
one dry quart or less which is packed in a larger container	198
marked in compliance with sections 925.21 to 925.32, inclusive,	199
of the Revised Code.	200
(C) "Person" includes any individual, company,	201
partnership, corporation, or association or any combination of	202
individuals of whatever form and character, also any employee,	203
agent, or officer thereof.	204
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(D) "Unclassified" means that no grade has been applied to	205
a guantity of fruite or wogetables	
a quantity of fruits or vegetables.	206
Sec. 925.62. No person, firm, or corporation shall dye or	206 207
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Sec. 925.62. No person, firm, or corporation shall dye or otherwise color any rabbit or baby poultry, including, but not	207 208
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Sec. 925.62. No person, firm, or corporation shall dye or otherwise color any rabbit or baby poultry, including, but not limited to, chicks and ducklings. No person, firm, or corporation shall sell, offer for sale, expose for sale, raffle, or give away any rabbit or baby poultry which has been dyed or	207 208 209 210 211
Sec. 925.62. No person, firm, or corporation shall dye or otherwise color any rabbit or baby poultry, including, but not limited to, chicks and ducklings. No person, firm, or corporation shall sell, offer for sale, expose for sale, raffle, or give away any rabbit or baby poultry which has been dyed or otherwise colored. No poultry younger than four weeks of age may	207 208 209 210 211 212

provide and operate brooders or other heating devices that may 216 be necessary to maintain poultry in good health, and shall keep 217 adequate food and water available to the poultry at all times. 218

Sec. 3715.041. (A) (1) As used in this section, "food219processing establishment" has the same meaning as in section2203715.021 of the Revised Code.221

(2) A person that operates a food processing establishment 222 shall register the establishment annually with the director of 223 agriculture. The person shall submit an application for 224 225 registration or renewal on a form prescribed and provided by the director. Except as provided in division (G) of this section, an 226 application for registration or renewal shall be accompanied by 227 a registration fee in an amount established in rules adopted 228 under this section. If a person files an application for 229 registration on or after the first day of August of any year, 230 the fee shall be one-half of the annual registration fee. 231

(B) (1) The director shall inspect the food processing 232 establishment for which an application for initial registration 233 has been submitted. If, upon inspection, the director finds that 234 the establishment is in compliance with this chapter and Chapter 235 911., 913., 915., or 925. of the Revised Code, as applicable, or 236 applicable rules adopted under those chapters, the director 237 shall issue a certificate of registration to the food processing 238 establishment. A food processing establishment registration 239 expires on the thirty-first day of January and is valid until 240 that date unless it is suspended or revoked under this section. 241

(2) A person that is operating a food processing
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establishment shall apply to the director for a certificate of
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registration not later than a date specified by the director in
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rules adopted under this section. If an application is not filed
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with the director or postmarked on or before that date, the 246 director shall assess a late fee in an amount established in 247 rules adopted under this section. 248

(C) (1) A food processing establishment registration may be 249 renewed by the director. A person seeking registration renewal 250 shall submit an application for renewal to the director not 251 later than the thirty-first day of January. The director shall 252 issue a renewed certificate of registration on receipt of a 253 complete renewal application except as provided in division (C) 254 (2) of this section. 255

(2) If a renewal application is not filed with the
director or postmarked on or before the thirty-first day of
January, the director shall assess a late fee in an amount
established in rules adopted under this section. The director
shall not renew the registration until the applicant pays the
late fee.

(D) A copy of the food processing establishment
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 registration certificate shall be conspicuously displayed in an
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 area of the establishment to which customers of the
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 establishment have access.
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(E) (1) The director or the director's designee may issue 266 an order suspending or revoking a food processing establishment 267 registration upon determining that the registration holder is in 268 violation of this chapter or Chapter 911., 913., 915., or 925. 269 of the Revised Code, as applicable, or applicable rules adopted 270 under those chapters. Except as provided in division (E)(2) of 271 this section, a registration shall not be suspended or revoked 272 until the registration holder is provided an opportunity to 273 appeal the suspension or revocation in accordance with Chapter 274 119. of the Revised Code. 275

(2) If the director determines that a food processing 276 establishment presents an immediate danger to the public health, 277 the director may issue an order immediately suspending the 278 establishment's registration without affording the registration 279 holder an opportunity for a hearing. The director then shall 280 afford the registration holder <u>an opportunity for</u> a hearing in 281 accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code not later than 282 ten days after the date of suspension. 283

284 (3) If the director finds that a person is operating a 285 food processing establishment without registering the establishment under this section, the director shall issue a 286 letter of warning to the person giving the person ten days to 287 register the establishment. If the person fails to register the 288 establishment within that ten-day time period, the director may 289 assess a civil penalty against the person. If the director 290 assesses a civil penalty, the director shall do so as follows: 291

(a) If, within five years of the issuance of the letter of
(a) If, within five years of the issuance of the letter of
(b) 292
(c) 293
(c) 294
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(b) If, within five years of the issuance of the letter of
(b) If, within five years of the issuance of the letter of
(c) 296
(c) 297
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(c) If, within five years of the issuance of the letter of
warning to the person, the director has previously assessed two
or more civil penalties against the person under this section,
in an amount not exceeding five thousand dollars.

(F) The director shall adopt rules in accordance with

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Chapter 119. of the Revised Code that establish all of the following:	305 306
(1) The date by which a person that is operating a food processing establishment must submit an application for a food processing establishment registration;	307 308 309
(2) The amount of the registration fee that must be submitted with an application for a food processing establishment registration and with an application for renewal;	310 311 312
(3) The amount of the late fee that is required in division (B)(2) of this section;	313 314
(4) The amount of the fee for the late renewal of a food processing establishment registration that is required in division (C)(2) of this section;	315 316 317
(5) Any other procedures and requirements that are necessary to administer and enforce this section.	318 319
(G) The following are not required to pay any registration fee that is otherwise required in this section:	320 321
(1) Bakeries registered under section 911.02 of the Revised Code;	322 323
(2) Canneries licensed under section 913.02 of the Revised Code;	324 325
(3) Soft drink plants licensed under section 913.23 of the Revised Code;	326 327
(4) Cold-storage warehouses licensed under section 915.02 of the Revised Code;	328 329
(5) Persons licensed under section 915.15 of the Revised Code;	330 331

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(6) Persons that are engaged in egg production and that 332 maintain annually five hundred or fewer laying hens. 333 (H) All money that is collected under this section shall 334 be credited to the food safety fund created in section 915.24 of 335 the Revised Code. 336 Sec. 3715.07. A flavoring extract is adulterated within 337 the meaning of sections 3715.01 to 3715.37, inclusive, 3715.34 338 of the Revised Code, if, when sold under or by any one of the 339 following names it differs from the standard fixed therefor by 340 this section: 341 342 (A) Almond extract is the flavoring extract prepared from oil of bitter almonds, free from hydrocyanic acid, and shall 343 contain not less than one per cent by volume of oil of bitter 344 almonds. 345 (B) Anise extract is the flavoring extract prepared from 346 oil of anise, and shall contain not less than three per cent by 347 volume of oil of anise. 348 (C) Celery seed extract is the flavoring extract prepared 349 from celery seed or the oil of celery seed, or both, and shall 350 contain not less than three-tenths per cent by volume of oil of 351 celery seed. 352 (D) Cassia extract is the flavoring extract prepared from 353 oil of cassia, and shall contain not less than two per cent by 354 volume of oil of cassia. 355 (E) Cinnamon extract is the flavoring extract prepared 356 from oil of cinnamon, and shall contain not less than two per 357 cent by volume of oil of cinnamon. 358 (F) Clove extract is the flavoring extract prepared from 359

oil of cloves, and shall contain not less than two percent by	360
volume of oil of cloves.	361
(G) Ginger extract is the flavoring extract prepared from	362
ginger, and shall contain in each one hundred cubic centimeters	363
the alcohol-soluble matters from not less than twenty grams of	364
ginger.	365
(H) Lemon extract is the flavoring extract prepared from	366
oil of lemon or from lemon peel, or both, and shall contain not	367
less than five per cent by volume of oil of lemon.	368
(I) Terpeneless extract of lemon is the flavoring extract	369
prepared by shaking oil of lemon with dilute alcohol, or by	370
dissolving terpeneless oil of lemon in dilute alcohol, and shall	371
contain not less than two-tenths per cent by weight of citral	
derived from oil of lemon.	373
(J) Nutmeg extract is the flavoring extract prepared from	374
oil of nutmeg, and shall contain not less than two per cent by	375
volume of oil of nutmeg.	376
(K) Orange extract is the flavoring extract prepared from	377
oil of orange or from orange peel, or both, and shall contain	378
not less than five per cent by volume of oil of orange.	379
(L) Terpenless extract of orange is the flavoring extract	380
prepared by shaking oil of orange with dilute alcohol, or by	381
dissolving terpeneless oil of orange in dilute alcohol and shall	382
correspond in flavoring strength to orange extract.	383

(M) Peppermint extract is the flavoring extract prepared
from oil of peppermint or from peppermint, or both, and shall
contain not less than three per cent by volume of oil of
geppermint.

(N) Rose extract is the flavoring extract prepared from
otto of roses, with or without rose petals, and shall contain
not less than four-tenths per cent by volume of otto of roses.
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(0) Savory extract is the flavoring extract prepared from
oil of savory or from savory, or both, and shall contain not
less than thirty-five hundredths per cent by volume of oil of
savory.

(P) Spearmint extract is the flavoring extract prepared
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from oil of spearmint or from spearmint, or both, and shall
contain not less than three per cent by volume of oil of
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spearmint.

(Q) Star anise extract is the flavoring extract prepared from oil of star anise, and shall contain not less than three per cent by volume of oil of star anise.

(R) Sweet basil extract is the flavoring extract prepared from oil of sweet basil or from sweet basil, or both, and shall contain not less than one-tenth per cent by volume of oil of sweet basil.

(S) Sweet marjoram extract or marjoram extract is the
flavoring extract prepared from the oil of marjoram or from
marjoram, or both, and shall contain not less than one per cent
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by volume of oil of marjoram.

(T) Thyme extract is the flavoring extract prepared from
oil of thyme or from thyme, or both, and shall contain not less
than two-tenths per cent by volume of oil of thyme.

(U) Tonka extract is the flavoring extract prepared from
tonka bean, with or without sugar or glycerine, and shall
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contain not less than one-tenth per cent by weight of coumarin
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extracted from the tonka bean, together with a corresponding
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proportion of the other soluble matters thereof.

(V) Vanilla extract is the flavoring extract prepared from 418 vanilla bean, with or without sugar or glycerin, and shall 419 contain in one hundred cubic centimeters the soluble matters 420 from not less than ten grams of the vanilla bean. 421

(W) Wintergreen extract is the flavoring extract prepared 422 from oil of wintergreen, and shall contain not less than three 423 per cent by volume of oil of wintergreen.

All of said flavoring extracts shall be a solution in 425 ethyl alcohol of proper strength of the sapid and odorous 426 427 principles derived from an aromatic plant, or parts of the plant, and shall conform in name to the plant used in its 428 429 preparation.

Sec. 3715.27. (A) As used in this section, "cider" means 430 the unfermented juice, obtained by mechanically expressing the 431 juice from sound, mature, non-citrus fruit, from which is 432 removed excess pulp and seeds, other than embryonic seeds and 433 small fragments of seeds that cannot be separated by good 434 manufacturing practice. The cider may contain natural or 435 436 artificial citric acid, preservatives authorized by rules adopted under section 3715.02 of the Revised Code, or a 437 combination thereof. 438

(B) For the manufacture of apple cider, a mechanical 439 washing and scrubbing device shall be used to remove orchard 440 soil and dirt from the fruit prior to crushing. This device 441 shall be equipped with automatic scrubbing brushes and a means 442 to chlorinate add a sanitizer to the water used as the washing 443 liquid. 444

(C) A complete label that complies with rules adopted

under section 3715.02 of the Revised Code shall be placed on	446
each package of cider designed for sale to the ultimate	
consumer.	448
(D) No person shall fail to comply with division (B) or	449
(C) of this section.	450
Sec. 3715.33. Vinegar made by fermentation and oxidation	451
without the intervention of distillation shall be branded	452
"fermented vinegar" with the name of the fruit or substance from	453
which it is made. Fermented vinegar, not otherwise provided for	454
in sections 3715.28 to 3715.36, inclusive,<u>3715.34</u> of the Revised	455
Code, and not being distilled vinegar as defined in section	456
3715.32 of the Revised Code, shall contain not less than two per	457
cent by weight, upon full evaporation at the temperature of	458
boiling water, of solids, contained in the fruit or grain or	459
substance from which such vinegar is fermented, and not less	460
than two and one-half-tenths of one per cent ash or mineral	461
matter, the product of the material from which such vinegar is	462
manufactured.	463
Sec. 3715.36 3715.34. No person shall manufacture for	464
sale, sell, deliver, or offer or expose for sale, or have in his	465
the person's possession with intent to sell or deliver, vinegar	466
not made in compliance with sections 3715.28 to 3715.35,	467
inclusive, <u>3715.33</u> of the Revised Code, or contained in packages	468
not branded in compliance with such sections.	469
No person shall violate sections 3715.28 to 3715.36,	470
inclusive, 3715.34 of the Revised Code.	471
Whoever violates this section shall pay all necessary	472
costs and expenses incurred in inspecting and analyzing the	473
	474
vinegar.	4/4

Sec. 3715.99. (A) Whoever violates sections section	475
3715.13 to 3715.19, or 3715.38 of the Revised Code is guilty of	476
a minor misdemeanor.	477
(B) Whoever violates section 3715.22, 3715.25, <u>or</u> 3715.27 , -	478
or 3715.34 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the	479
fourth degree.	480
(C) Whoever violates section 3715.23 or 3715.36 <u>3715.34</u> of	481
the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second	482
degree.	483
(D) Whoever violates section 3715.52 or 3715.65 of the	484
Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree on	485
a first offense; on each subsequent offense, the person is	486
guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree.	487
(E) Whoever violates section 3715.521 of the Revised Code	488
is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. A violation of that section	489
occurs on a daily basis, not according to the number of times	490
per day that an expired drug, baby food, or infant formula is	491
sold, offered for sale, or delivered at retail or to the	492
consumer. Each day of violation is a separate offense.	493
Section 2. That existing sections 913.04, 913.28, 915.01,	494
915.03, 915.14, 915.18, 915.20, 925.21, 925.62, 3715.041,	495
3715.07, 3715.27, 3715.33, 3715.36, and 3715.99 of the Revised	496
Code are hereby repealed.	497
Section 3. That sections 913.27, 915.04, 915.05, 915.06,	498
915.07, 915.08, 915.19, 915.21, 925.26, 925.27, 925.28, 925.52,	499
925.56, 925.61, 3715.14, 3715.15, 3715.16, 3715.17, 3715.18,	500
3715.19, 3715.20, 3715.34, 3715.35, and 3715.37 of the Revised	501
Code are hereby repealed.	502