### As Introduced

134th General Assembly Regular Session 2021-2022

S. B. No. 120

Senators Fedor, Manning

Cosponsors: Senators Thomas, Maharath, Antonio, Yuko, Williams, Craig

# A BILL

| To amend sections 5747.01 and 5747.10 of | the the      | 1 |
|--|--------------|---|
| Revised Code to increase the personal    | . income tax | 2 |
| deduction for qualified educator expe    | enses.       | 3 |

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

| Section 1. That sections 5747.01 and 5747.10 of the              | 4  |
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| Revised Code be amended to read as follows:                      | 5  |
| Sec. 5747.01. Except as otherwise expressly provided or          | 6  |
| clearly appearing from the context, any term used in this        | 7  |
| chapter that is not otherwise defined in this section has the    | 8  |
| same meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of | 9  |
| the United States relating to federal income taxes or if not     | 10 |
| used in a comparable context in those laws, has the same meaning | 11 |
| as in section 5733.40 of the Revised Code. Any reference in this | 12 |
| chapter to the Internal Revenue Code includes other laws of the  |    |
| United States relating to federal income taxes.                  |    |
| As used in this chapter:   | 15 |
| (A) "Adjusted gross income" or "Ohio adjusted gross              | 16 |
| income" means federal adjusted gross income, as defined and used | 17 |
| in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as provided in this       | 18 |

#### section: 19 (1) Add interest or dividends on obligations or securities 20 of any state or of any political subdivision or authority of any 21 state, other than this state and its subdivisions and 22 authorities. 23 (2) Add interest or dividends on obligations of any 24 authority, commission, instrumentality, territory, or possession 25 of the United States to the extent that the interest or 26 dividends are exempt from federal income taxes but not from 27 state income taxes. 28 29 (3) Deduct interest or dividends on obligations of the United States and its territories and possessions or of any 30 authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States 31 to the extent that the interest or dividends are included in 32 federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state income taxes 33 under the laws of the United States. 34

(4) Deduct disability and survivor's benefits to theextent included in federal adjusted gross income.36

(5) Deduct benefits under Title II of the Social Security Act and tier 1 railroad retirement benefits to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income under section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(6) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not
otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been
allowable as a deduction in computing federal adjusted gross
income for the taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit
allowed and determined under sections 38, 51, and 52 of the
Internal Revenue Code not been in effect.

(7) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent on public

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obligations and purchase obligations to the extent that the interest or interest equivalent is included in federal adjusted gross income.

(8) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from the
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sale, exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to
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the extent that the loss has been deducted or the gain has been
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included in computing federal adjusted gross income.

(9) Deduct or add amounts, as provided under section
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5747.70 of the Revised Code, related to contributions to
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variable college savings program accounts made or tuition units
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purchased pursuant to Chapter 3334. of the Revised Code.
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(10) (a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a 59 deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted 60 gross income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid 61 during the taxable year for medical care insurance and qualified 62 long-term care insurance for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 63 spouse, and dependents. No deduction for medical care insurance 64 under division (A)(10)(a) of this section shall be allowed 65 either to any taxpayer who is eligible to participate in any 66 subsidized health plan maintained by any employer of the 67 taxpayer or of the taxpayer's spouse, or to any taxpayer who is 68 entitled to, or on application would be entitled to, benefits 69 under part A of Title XVIII of the "Social Security Act," 49 70 Stat. 620 (1935), 42 U.S.C. 301, as amended. For the purposes of 71 division (A)(10)(a) of this section, "subsidized health plan" 72 73 means a health plan for which the employer pays any portion of the plan's cost. The deduction allowed under division (A)(10)(a) 74 of this section shall be the net of any related premium refunds, 75 related premium reimbursements, or related insurance premium 76 dividends received during the taxable year. 77

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(b) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
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excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income
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during the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid during the
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taxable year, not compensated for by any insurance or otherwise,
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for medical care of the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and
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dependents, to the extent the expenses exceed seven and one-half
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per cent of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.

(c) For purposes of division (A) (10) of this section, 85 "medical care" has the meaning given in section 213 of the 86 Internal Revenue Code, subject to the special rules, 87 limitations, and exclusions set forth therein, and "qualified 88 long-term care" has the same meaning given in section 7702B(c) 89 of the Internal Revenue Code. Solely for purposes of division 90 (A) (10) (a) of this section, "dependent" includes a person who 91 otherwise would be a "qualifying relative" and thus a 92 "dependent" under section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code but 93 for the fact that the person fails to meet the income and 94 support limitations under section 152(d)(1)(B) and (C) of the 95 Internal Revenue Code. 96

(11) (a) Deduct any amount included in federal adjusted 97 gross income solely because the amount represents a 98 reimbursement or refund of expenses that in any year the 99 taxpayer had deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to 100 section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code and applicable United 101 States department of the treasury regulations. The deduction 102 otherwise allowed under division (A) (11) (a) of this section 103 shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is attributable 104 to an amount the taxpayer deducted under this section in any 105 taxable year. 106

(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted

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gross income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount 108 is attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any 109 amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio 110 adjusted gross income in any taxable year. 111

(12) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in
section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying
previously reported income received under a claim of right, that
meets both of the following requirements:

(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was
included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for a prior
taxable year and did not qualify for a credit under division (A)
or (B) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year;

(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the current or any other taxable year.

(13) Deduct an amount equal to the deposits made to, and 122 net investment earnings of, a medical savings account during the 123 taxable year, in accordance with section 3924.66 of the Revised 124 Code. The deduction allowed by division (A) (13) of this section 125 does not apply to medical savings account deposits and earnings 126 otherwise deducted or excluded for the current or any other 127 taxable year from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income. 128

(14) (a) Add an amount equal to the funds withdrawn from a 129 medical savings account during the taxable year, and the net 130 investment earnings on those funds, when the funds withdrawn 131 were used for any purpose other than to reimburse an account 132 holder for, or to pay, eligible medical expenses, in accordance 133 with section 3924.66 of the Revised Code; 134

(b) Add the amounts distributed from a medical savings135account under division (A)(2) of section 3924.68 of the Revised136

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Code during the taxable year.

(15) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section 138 5747.059 of the Revised Code to the extent that such amount 139 satisfies either of the following: 140

(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the computation of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income as 142 required to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under 143 the Internal Revenue Code; 144

(b) The amount resulted in a reduction of the taxpayer's 145 federal adjusted gross income as required to be reported for any 146 of the taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code. 147

(16) Deduct the amount contributed by the taxpayer to an 148 individual development account program established by a county 149 department of job and family services pursuant to sections 150 329.11 to 329.14 of the Revised Code for the purpose of matching 151 funds deposited by program participants. On request of the tax 152 commissioner, the taxpayer shall provide any information that, 153 in the tax commissioner's opinion, is necessary to establish the 154 amount deducted under division (A) (16) of this section. 155

(17) (a) (i) Subject to divisions (A) (17) (a) (iii), (iv), and 156 (v) of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of 157 depreciation expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of 158 the Internal Revenue Code, including the taxpayer's 159 proportionate or distributive share of the amount of 160 depreciation expense allowed by that subsection to a pass-161 through entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect 162 ownership interest. 163

(ii) Subject to divisions (A)(17)(a)(iii), (iv), and (v) 164 of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of qualifying 165

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section 179 depreciation expense, including the taxpayer's 166 proportionate or distributive share of the amount of qualifying 167 section 179 depreciation expense allowed to any pass-through 168 entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect ownership 169 interest. 170

(iii) Subject to division (A) (17) (a) (v) of this section, 171
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, if the 172
increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer is equal to or 173
greater than ten per cent of income taxes withheld by the 174
taxpayer during the taxpayer's immediately preceding taxable 175
year, "two-thirds" shall be substituted for "five-sixths" for 176
the purpose of divisions (A) (17) (a) (i) and (ii) of this section. 177

(iv) Subject to division (A) (17) (a) (v) of this section, 178 for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, a taxpayer is 179 not required to add an amount under division (A) (17) of this 180 section if the increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer 181 and by any pass-through entity in which the taxpayer has a 182 direct or indirect ownership interest is equal to or greater 183 than the sum of (I) the amount of qualifying section 179 184 depreciation expense and (II) the amount of depreciation expense 185 allowed to the taxpayer by subsection (k) of section 168 of the 186 Internal Revenue Code, and including the taxpayer's 187 proportionate or distributive shares of such amounts allowed to 188 any such pass-through entities. 189

(v) If a taxpayer directly or indirectly incurs a net
operating loss for the taxable year for federal income tax
purposes, to the extent such loss resulted from depreciation
expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal
Revenue Code and by qualifying section 179 depreciation expense,
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"the entire" shall be substituted for "five-sixths of the" for

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The tax commissioner, under procedures established by the 197 commissioner, may waive the add-backs related to a pass-through 198 entity if the taxpayer owns, directly or indirectly, less than 199 five per cent of the pass-through entity. 200 (b) Nothing in division (A)(17) of this section shall be 201 construed to adjust or modify the adjusted basis of any asset. 202 203 (c) To the extent the add-back required under division (A) (17) (a) of this section is attributable to property generating 204 nonbusiness income or loss allocated under section 5747.20 of 205 the Revised Code, the add-back shall be sitused to the same 206 location as the nonbusiness income or loss generated by the 207 property for the purpose of determining the credit under 208 division (A) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code. Otherwise, 209 the add-back shall be apportioned, subject to one or more of the 210 four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in section 211 5747.21 of the Revised Code. 212 (d) For the purposes of division (A)(17)(a)(v) of this 213 section, net operating loss carryback and carryforward shall not 214 215 include the allowance of any net operating loss deduction carryback or carryforward to the taxable year to the extent such 216 loss resulted from depreciation allowed by section 168(k) of the 217 Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying section 179 218

the purpose of divisions (A)(17)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section.

depreciation expense amount.

(e) For the purposes of divisions (A)(17) and (18) of this 220 section: 221

(i) "Income taxes withheld" means the total amount
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withheld and remitted under sections 5747.06 and 5747.07 of the
Revised Code by an employer during the employer's taxable year.
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(ii) "Increase in income taxes withheld" means the amount 225 by which the amount of income taxes withheld by an employer 226 during the employer's current taxable year exceeds the amount of 227 income taxes withheld by that employer during the employer's 228 immediately preceding taxable year. 229

(iii) "Qualifying section 179 depreciation expense" means 230 the difference between (I) the amount of depreciation expense 231 directly or indirectly allowed to a taxpayer under section 179 232 of the Internal Revised Code, and (II) the amount of 233 depreciation expense directly or indirectly allowed to the 234 taxpayer under section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code as that 235 section existed on December 31, 2002. 236

(18)(a) If the taxpayer was required to add an amount under division (A)(17)(a) of this section for a taxable year, deduct one of the following:

(i) One-fifth of the amount so added for each of the five
succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was five-sixths
of qualifying section 179 depreciation expense or depreciation
expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal
Revenue Code;

(ii) One-half of the amount so added for each of the two
succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was two-thirds
of such depreciation expense;
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(iii) One-sixth of the amount so added for each of the six
succeeding taxable years if the entire amount of such
depreciation expense was so added.

(b) If the amount deducted under division (A) (18) (a) of
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this section is attributable to an add-back allocated under
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division (A) (17) (c) of this section, the amount deducted shall
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be sitused to the same location. Otherwise, the add-back shall 254 be apportioned using the apportionment factors for the taxable 255 year in which the deduction is taken, subject to one or more of 256 the four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in 257 section 5747.21 of the Revised Code. 258

(c) No deduction is available under division (A)(18)(a) of 259 this section with regard to any depreciation allowed by section 260 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying 261 section 179 depreciation expense amount to the extent that such 262 263 depreciation results in or increases a federal net operating loss carryback or carryforward. If no such deduction is 264 available for a taxable year, the taxpayer may carry forward the 265 amount not deducted in such taxable year to the next taxable 266 year and add that amount to any deduction otherwise available 267 under division (A) (18) (a) of this section for that next taxable 268 year. The carryforward of amounts not so deducted shall continue 269 until the entire addition required by division (A)(17)(a) of 270 this section has been deducted. 271

(19) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the taxable year as reimbursement for life insurance premiums under section 5919.31 of the Revised Code.

(20) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the
taxable year as a death benefit paid by the adjutant general
under section 5919.33 of the Revised Code.

(21) Deduct, to the extent included in federal adjusted282gross income and not otherwise allowable as a deduction or283

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exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 284 the taxable year, military pay and allowances received by the 285 taxpayer during the taxable year for active duty service in the 286 United States army, air force, navy, marine corps, or coast 287 guard or reserve components thereof or the national guard. The 288 deduction may not be claimed for military pay and allowances 289 received by the taxpayer while the taxpayer is stationed in this 290 state. 291

(22) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a 292 deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted 293 294 gross income for the taxable year and not otherwise compensated for by any other source, the amount of qualified organ donation 295 expenses incurred by the taxpayer during the taxable year, not 296 to exceed ten thousand dollars. A taxpayer may deduct qualified 297 organ donation expenses only once for all taxable years 298 beginning with taxable years beginning in 2007. 299

For the purposes of division (A)(22) of this section:

(a) "Human organ" means all or any portion of a human liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, or lung, and any portion of human bone marrow.

(b) "Qualified organ donation expenses" means travel
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expenses, lodging expenses, and wages and salary forgone by a
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taxpayer in connection with the taxpayer's donation, while
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living, of one or more of the taxpayer's human organs to another
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human being.

(23) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
accluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for
the taxable year, amounts received by the taxpayer as retired
personnel pay for service in the uniformed services or reserve
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components thereof, or the national guard, or received by the 313 surviving spouse or former spouse of such a taxpayer under the 314 survivor benefit plan on account of such a taxpayer's death. If 315 the taxpayer receives income on account of retirement paid under 316 the federal civil service retirement system or federal employees 317 318 retirement system, or under any successor retirement program 319 enacted by the congress of the United States that is established and maintained for retired employees of the United States 320 government, and such retirement income is based, in whole or in 321 322 part, on credit for the taxpayer's uniformed service, the deduction allowed under this division shall include only that 323 portion of such retirement income that is attributable to the 324 taxpayer's uniformed service, to the extent that portion of such 325 retirement income is otherwise included in federal adjusted 326 gross income and is not otherwise deducted under this section. 327 Any amount deducted under division (A) (23) of this section is 328 not included in a taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the 329 purposes of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code. No amount may 330 be deducted under division (A) (23) of this section on the basis 331 of which a credit was claimed under section 5747.055 of the 332 Revised Code. 333

(24) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
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excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for
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the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the
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taxable year from the military injury relief fund created in
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section 5902.05 of the Revised Code.

(26) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable year, any income derived from a transfer agreement or from the enterprise transferred under that agreement under section 4313.02 of the Revised Code.

350 (27) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 351 the taxable year, Ohio college opportunity or federal Pell grant 352 amounts received by the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse or 353 dependent pursuant to section 3333.122 of the Revised Code or 20 354 355 U.S.C. 1070a, et seq., and used to pay room or board furnished by the educational institution for which the grant was awarded 356 at the institution's facilities, including meal plans 357 administered by the institution. For the purposes of this 358 division, receipt of a grant includes the distribution of a 359 grant directly to an educational institution and the crediting 360 of the grant to the enrollee's account with the institution. 361

(28) Deduct from the portion of an individual's federal
adjusted gross income that is business income, to the extent not
otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal adjusted
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gross income for the taxable year, one hundred twenty-five
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thousand dollars for each spouse if spouses file separate
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returns under section 5747.08 of the Revised Code or two hundred
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fifty thousand dollars for all other individuals.

(29) Deduct, as provided under section 5747.78 of the369Revised Code, contributions to ABLE savings accounts made in370accordance with sections 113.50 to 113.56 of the Revised Code.371

(30)(a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or

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excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income 373 during the taxable year, all of the following: 374

(i) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described
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in division (A) (14) (a) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to
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the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in
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this state during a disaster response period pursuant to a
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qualifying solicitation received by the employee's employer;
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(ii) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described 380 in division (A) (14) (b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to 381 the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in 382 this state by the employee during the disaster response period 383 on critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's 384 employer; 385

(iii) Income received by an out-of-state disaster business 386 for disaster work conducted in this state during a disaster 387 response period, or, if the out-of-state disaster business is a 388 pass-through entity, a taxpayer's distributive share of the 389 pass-through entity's income from the business conducting 390 disaster work in this state during a disaster response period, 391 if, in either case, the disaster work is conducted pursuant to a 392 qualifying solicitation received by the business. 393

(b) All terms used in division (A) (30) of this section
have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised
Code.
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(31) For a taxpayer who is a qualifying Ohio educator,
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deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in
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computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable
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year, the lesser of two hundred fifty one thousand dollars or
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the amount of expenses described in subsections (a) (2) (D) (i) and

(ii) of section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred
by the taxpayer during the taxpayer's taxable year in excess of
the amount the taxpayer is authorized to deduct for that taxable
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the amount subsection (a) (2) (D) of that section.

(34)(32)Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or406excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for407the taxable year, amounts received by the taxpayer as a408disability severance payment, computed under 10 U.S.C. 1212,409following discharge or release under honorable conditions from410the armed forces, as defined by 10 U.S.C. 101.411

(B) "Business income" means income, including gain or 412 loss, arising from transactions, activities, and sources in the 413 regular course of a trade or business and includes income, gain, 414 or loss from real property, tangible property, and intangible 415 property if the acquisition, rental, management, and disposition 416 of the property constitute integral parts of the regular course 417 of a trade or business operation. "Business income" includes 418 income, including gain or loss, from a partial or complete 419 liquidation of a business, including, but not limited to, gain 420 or loss from the sale or other disposition of goodwill. 421

(C) "Nonbusiness income" means all income other than
business income and may include, but is not limited to,
compensation, rents and royalties from real or tangible personal
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property, capital gains, interest, dividends and distributions,
patent or copyright royalties, or lottery winnings, prizes, and
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awards.

(D) "Compensation" means any form of remuneration paid to 428an employee for personal services. 429

(E) "Fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor,

| administrator, receiver, conservator, or any other person acting | 431 |
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| in any fiduciary capacity for any individual, trust, or estate.  | 432 |
| (F) "Fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve           | 433 |
| months ending on the last day of any month other than December.  | 434 |
| (G) "Individual" means any natural person.                       | 435 |
| (H) "Internal Revenue Code" means the "Internal Revenue          | 436 |
| Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended.        | 437 |
| (I) "Resident" means any of the following:                       | 438 |
| (1) An individual who is domiciled in this state, subject        | 439 |
| to section 5747.24 of the Revised Code;                          | 440 |
| (2) The estate of a decedent who at the time of death was        | 441 |
| domiciled in this state. The domicile tests of section 5747.24   | 442 |
| of the Revised Code are not controlling for purposes of division | 443 |
| (I)(2) of this section.  | 444 |
| (3) A trust that, in whole or part, resides in this state.       | 445 |
| If only part of a trust resides in this state, the trust is a    | 446 |
| resident only with respect to that part.                         | 447 |
| For the purposes of division (I)(3) of this section:             | 448 |
| (a) A trust resides in this state for the trust's current        | 449 |
| taxable year to the extent, as described in division (I)(3)(d)   | 450 |
| of this section, that the trust consists directly or indirectly, | 451 |
| in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related liabilities,  | 452 |
| that were transferred, or caused to be transferred, directly or  | 453 |
| indirectly, to the trust by any of the following:                | 454 |
| (i) A person, a court, or a governmental entity or               | 455 |
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| instrumentality on account of the death of a decedent, but only  | 456 |

this section;

(ii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the
purposes of this chapter when the person directly or indirectly
transferred assets to an irrevocable trust, but only if at least
one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this
state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some
portion of the trust's current taxable year;

(iii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the 465 466 purposes of this chapter when the trust document or instrument or part of the trust document or instrument became irrevocable, 467 but only if at least one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries 468 is a resident domiciled in this state for the purposes of this 469 chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current 470 taxable year. If a trust document or instrument became 471 irrevocable upon the death of a person who at the time of death 472 was domiciled in this state for purposes of this chapter, that 473 person is a person described in division (I)(3)(a)(iii) of this 474 section. 475

(b) A trust is irrevocable to the extent that the
transferor is not considered to be the owner of the net assets
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of the trust under sections 671 to 678 of the Internal Revenue
Code.
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(c) With respect to a trust other than a charitable lead 480 trust, "qualifying beneficiary" has the same meaning as 481 "potential current beneficiary" as defined in section 1361(e)(2) 482 of the Internal Revenue Code, and with respect to a charitable 483 lead trust "qualifying beneficiary" is any current, future, or 484 contingent beneficiary, but with respect to any trust 485 "qualifying beneficiary" excludes a person or a governmental 486 entity or instrumentality to any of which a contribution would 487

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qualify for the charitable deduction under section 170 of the 488 Internal Revenue Code. 489 (d) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a) of this 490 section, the extent to which a trust consists directly or 491 indirectly, in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related 492 liabilities, that were transferred directly or indirectly, in 493 whole or part, to the trust by any of the sources enumerated in 494 that division shall be ascertained by multiplying the fair 495 market value of the trust's assets, net of related liabilities, 496 by the qualifying ratio, which shall be computed as follows: 497 (i) The first time the trust receives assets, the 498 numerator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of 499 those assets at that time, net of any related liabilities, from 500 sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section. The 501 denominator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of 502 all the trust's assets at that time, net of any related 503 liabilities. 504 (ii) Each subsequent time the trust receives assets, a 505 506 revised qualifying ratio shall be computed. The numerator of the revised qualifying ratio is the sum of (1) the fair market value 507 of the trust's assets immediately prior to the subsequent 508 transfer, net of any related liabilities, multiplied by the 509 qualifying ratio last computed without regard to the subsequent 510 transfer, and (2) the fair market value of the subsequently 511 transferred assets at the time transferred, net of any related 512 liabilities, from sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of 513 this section. The denominator of the revised qualifying ratio is 514 the fair market value of all the trust's assets immediately 515

(iii) Whether a transfer to the trust is by or from any of 517

after the subsequent transfer, net of any related liabilities.

the sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section shall be ascertained without regard to the domicile of the trust's beneficiaries.

(e) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a)(i) of this 521
section: 522

(i) A trust is described in division (I) (3) (e) (i) of this
section if the trust is a testamentary trust and the testator of
that testamentary trust was domiciled in this state at the time
of the testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under
Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code.

(ii) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of this section if the transfer is a qualifying transfer described in any of divisions (I)(3)(f)(i) to (vi) of this section, the trust is an irrevocable inter vivos trust, and at least one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this state for purposes of this chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current taxable year.

(f) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of this section, a "qualifying transfer" is a transfer of assets, net of any related liabilities, directly or indirectly to a trust, if the transfer is described in any of the following:

(i) The transfer is made to a trust, created by the
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decedent before the decedent's death and while the decedent was
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domiciled in this state for the purposes of this chapter, and,
prior to the death of the decedent, the trust became irrevocable
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while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes
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of this chapter.

(ii) The transfer is made to a trust to which thedecedent, prior to the decedent's death, had directly or546

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indirectly transferred assets, net of any related liabilities, 547
while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes 548
of this chapter, and prior to the death of the decedent the 549
trust became irrevocable while the decedent was domiciled in 550
this state for the purposes of this chapter. 551

(iii) The transfer is made on account of a contractual 552 relationship existing directly or indirectly between the 553 transferor and either the decedent or the estate of the decedent 554 at any time prior to the date of the decedent's death, and the 555 decedent was domiciled in this state at the time of death for 556 purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter 5731. of the Revised 557 Code. 558

(iv) The transfer is made to a trust on account of a 559 contractual relationship existing directly or indirectly between 560 the transferor and another person who at the time of the 561 decedent's death was domiciled in this state for purposes of 562 this chapter. 563

(v) The transfer is made to a trust on account of the will
of a testator who was domiciled in this state at the time of the
testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter
5731. of the Revised Code.

(vi) The transfer is made to a trust created by or caused
to be created by a court, and the trust was directly or
indirectly created in connection with or as a result of the
death of an individual who, for purposes of the taxes levied
state at the time of the individual's death.

(g) The tax commissioner may adopt rules to ascertain thepart of a trust residing in this state.575

Page 20

(J) "Nonresident" means an individual or estate that is 576 not a resident. An individual who is a resident for only part of 577 a taxable year is a nonresident for the remainder of that 578 579 taxable year. (K) "Pass-through entity" has the same meaning as in 580 section 5733.04 of the Revised Code. 581 (L) "Return" means the notifications and reports required 582 to be filed pursuant to this chapter for the purpose of 583 reporting the tax due and includes declarations of estimated tax 584 when so required. 585 (M) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the 586 taxpayer's fiscal year ending during the calendar year, or 587 fractional part thereof, upon which the adjusted gross income is 588 calculated pursuant to this chapter. 589 (N) "Taxpayer" means any person subject to the tax imposed 590 by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code or any pass-through 591 entity that makes the election under division (D) of section 592 5747.08 of the Revised Code. 593 (O) "Dependents" means one of the following: 594 (1) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 595 2018, and before January 1, 2026, dependents as defined in the 596 Internal Revenue Code; 597 (2) For all other taxable years, dependents as defined in 598 the Internal Revenue Code and as claimed in the taxpayer's 599 federal income tax return for the taxable year or which the 600 taxpayer would have been permitted to claim had the taxpayer 601 filed a federal income tax return. 602

(P) "Principal county of employment" means, in the case of 603

a nonresident, the county within the state in which a taxpayer 604 performs services for an employer or, if those services are 605 performed in more than one county, the county in which the major 606 portion of the services are performed. 607

(Q) As used in sections 5747.50 to 5747.55 of the Revised Code:

(1) "Subdivision" means any county, municipal corporation,(1) park district, or township.(1) 611

(2) "Essential local government purposes" includes all
functions that any subdivision is required by general law to
exercise, including like functions that are exercised under a
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charter adopted pursuant to the Ohio Constitution.
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(R) "Overpayment" means any amount already paid that
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 exceeds the figure determined to be the correct amount of the
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 tax.

(S) "Taxable income" or "Ohio taxable income" applies only
to estates and trusts, and means federal taxable income, as
defined and used in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as
follows:

(1) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary, 623 624 and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal taxable income, on obligations or securities of any state or of 625 any political subdivision or authority of any state, other than 626 this state and its subdivisions and authorities, but only to the 627 extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible in Ohio 628 taxable income and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or 629 (b) of this section: 630

(a) The net amount is not attributable to the S portion of631an electing small business trust and has not been distributed to632

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beneficiaries for the taxable year;

(b) The net amount is attributable to the S portion of an634electing small business trust for the taxable year.635

(2) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary, 636 and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal 637 taxable income, on obligations of any authority, commission, 638 instrumentality, territory, or possession of the United States 639 to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from 640 federal income taxes but not from state income taxes, but only 641 to the extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible 642 in Ohio taxable income and is described in either division (S) 643 (1) (a) or (b) of this section; 644

(3) Add the amount of personal exemption allowed to the estate pursuant to section 642(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(4) Deduct interest or dividends, net of related expenses 647 deducted in computing federal taxable income, on obligations of 648 the United States and its territories and possessions or of any 649 authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States 650 to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from 651 state taxes under the laws of the United States, but only to the 652 extent that such amount is included in federal taxable income 653 and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or (b) of this 654 section; 655

(5) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not
(5) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not
(5) otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been
(5) allowable as a deduction in computing federal taxable income for
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income included in federal taxable income for the taxable year 662
or to income of the S portion of an electing small business 663
trust for the taxable year; 664

(6) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent, net of
(6) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent, net of
(6) related expenses deducted in computing federal taxable income,
(6) on public obligations and purchase obligations, but only to the
(6) on public obligations and purchase obligations, but only to the
(6) extent that such net amount relates either to income included in
(6) federal taxable income for the taxable year or to income of the
(6) S portion of an electing small business trust for the taxable
(6) for the taxable
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(7) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from sale,
(7) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from sale,
(7) exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to the
(7) extent that such loss has been deducted or such gain has been
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(8) Except in the case of the final return of an estate,
add any amount deducted by the taxpayer on both its Ohio estate
tax return pursuant to section 5731.14 of the Revised Code, and
on its federal income tax return in determining federal taxable
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683 (9) (a) Deduct any amount included in federal taxable income solely because the amount represents a reimbursement or 684 refund of expenses that in a previous year the decedent had 685 deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to section 63 of the 686 Internal Revenue Code and applicable treasury regulations. The 687 deduction otherwise allowed under division (S)(9)(a) of this 688 section shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is 689 attributable to an amount the taxpayer or decedent deducted 690 under this section in any taxable year. 691

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(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio taxable 692 income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount is 693 attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any 694 amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio taxable 695 income in any taxable year, but only to the extent such amount 696 has not been distributed to beneficiaries for the taxable year. 697

(10) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in 698 section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying 699 previously reported income received under a claim of right, that 700 meets both of the following requirements: 701

(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was 702 703 included in the taxpayer's taxable income or the decedent's adjusted gross income for a prior taxable year and did not 704 qualify for a credit under division (A) or (B) of section 705 5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year. 706

(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's taxable 707 income or the decedent's adjusted gross income for the current or any other taxable year.

(11) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section 710 5747.059 of the Revised Code to the extent that the amount 711 satisfies either of the following: 712

(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the computation of the taxpayer's federal taxable income as required to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under the Internal Revenue Code;

(b) The amount resulted in a reduction in the taxpayer's 717 federal taxable income as required to be reported for any of the 718 taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code. 719

(12) Deduct any amount, net of related expenses deducted 720

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in computing federal taxable income, that a trust is required to 721 report as farm income on its federal income tax return, but only 722 if the assets of the trust include at least ten acres of land 723 satisfying the definition of "land devoted exclusively to 724 agricultural use" under section 5713.30 of the Revised Code, 725 regardless of whether the land is valued for tax purposes as 726 such land under sections 5713.30 to 5713.38 of the Revised Code. 727 If the trust is a pass-through entity investor, section 5747.231 728 of the Revised Code applies in ascertaining if the trust is 729 eligible to claim the deduction provided by division (S)(12) of 730 this section in connection with the pass-through entity's farm 731 732 income.

Except for farm income attributable to the S portion of an electing small business trust, the deduction provided by division (S)(12) of this section is allowed only to the extent that the trust has not distributed such farm income.

(13) Add the net amount of income described in section
641(c) of the Internal Revenue Code to the extent that amount is
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not included in federal taxable income.
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(14) Add or deduct the amount the taxpayer would be 740 required to add or deduct under division (A)(17) or (18) of this 741 section if the taxpayer's Ohio taxable income were computed in 742 the same manner as an individual's Ohio adjusted gross income is 743 computed under this section. 744

(T) "School district income" and "school district income 745tax" have the same meanings as in section 5748.01 of the Revised 746Code. 747

(U) As used in divisions (A) (7), (A) (8), (S) (6), and (S) 748 (7) of this section, "public obligations," "purchase 749

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obligations," and "interest or interest equivalent" have the 750 same meanings as in section 5709.76 of the Revised Code. 751 (V) "Limited liability company" means any limited 752 liability company formed under Chapter 1705. or 1706. of the 753 Revised Code or under the laws of any other state. 754 (W) "Pass-through entity investor" means any person who, 755 756 during any portion of a taxable year of a pass-through entity, is a partner, member, shareholder, or equity investor in that 757 758 pass-through entity. (X) "Banking day" has the same meaning as in section 759 1304.01 of the Revised Code. 760 (Y) "Month" means a calendar month. 761 (Z) "Quarter" means the first three months, the second 762 three months, the third three months, or the last three months 763 of the taxpayer's taxable year. 764 (AA) (1) "Modified business income" means the business 765 income included in a trust's Ohio taxable income after such 766 taxable income is first reduced by the qualifying trust amount, 767 if any. 768 (2) "Qualifying trust amount" of a trust means capital 769 gains and losses from the sale, exchange, or other disposition 770 of equity or ownership interests in, or debt obligations of, a 771 qualifying investee to the extent included in the trust's Ohio 772 taxable income, but only if the following requirements are 773 satisfied: 774 (a) The book value of the qualifying investee's physical 775

assets in this state and everywhere, as of the last day of the 776 qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately 777 prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or loss, is available to the trust. 779 (b) The requirements of section 5747.011 of the Revised 780 Code are satisfied for the trust's taxable year in which the 781 trust recognizes the gain or loss. 782 Any gain or loss that is not a qualifying trust amount is 783 784 modified business income, qualifying investment income, or modified nonbusiness income, as the case may be. 785 (3) "Modified nonbusiness income" means a trust's Ohio 786 taxable income other than modified business income, other than 787 the qualifying trust amount, and other than qualifying 788 investment income, as defined in section 5747.012 of the Revised 789 Code, to the extent such qualifying investment income is not 790 otherwise part of modified business income. 791 (4) "Modified Ohio taxable income" applies only to trusts, 792 and means the sum of the amounts described in divisions (AA) (4) 793 (a) to (c) of this section: 794 (a) The fraction, calculated under section 5747.013, and 795 applying section 5747.231 of the Revised Code, multiplied by the 796 sum of the following amounts: 797 (i) The trust's modified business income; 798 (ii) The trust's qualifying investment income, as defined 799 in section 5747.012 of the Revised Code, but only to the extent 800 the qualifying investment income does not otherwise constitute 801

(b) The qualifying trust amount multiplied by a fraction, 804 the numerator of which is the sum of the book value of the 805

modified business income and does not otherwise constitute a

qualifying trust amount.

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qualifying investee's physical assets in this state on the last 806 day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending 807 immediately prior to the day on which the trust recognizes the 808 qualifying trust amount, and the denominator of which is the sum 809 of the book value of the qualifying investee's total physical 810 assets everywhere on the last day of the qualifying investee's 811 fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the day on 812 which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount. If, for 813 a taxable year, the trust recognizes a qualifying trust amount 814 with respect to more than one qualifying investee, the amount 815 described in division (AA) (4) (b) of this section shall equal the 816 sum of the products so computed for each such qualifying 817 investee. 818

(c) (i) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust thatis a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)(d) of this section, its modified nonbusiness income.

(ii) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is 822 not a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3) 823 (d) of this section, the amount of its modified nonbusiness 824 825 income satisfying the descriptions in divisions (B)(2) to (5) of section 5747.20 of the Revised Code, except as otherwise 826 provided in division (AA) (4) (c) (ii) of this section. With 827 respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is not a resident 828 as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)(d) of this 829 section, the trust's portion of modified nonbusiness income 830 recognized from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a 831 debt interest in or equity interest in a section 5747.212 832 entity, as defined in section 5747.212 of the Revised Code, 833 without regard to division (A) of that section, shall not be 834 allocated to this state in accordance with section 5747.20 of 835 the Revised Code but shall be apportioned to this state in 836

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accordance with division (B) of section 5747.212 of the Revised 837 Code without regard to division (A) of that section. 838

If the allocation and apportionment of a trust's income 839 under divisions (AA)(4)(a) and (c) of this section do not fairly 840 represent the modified Ohio taxable income of the trust in this 841 state, the alternative methods described in division (C) of 842 section 5747.21 of the Revised Code may be applied in the manner 843 and to the same extent provided in that section. 844

(5) (a) Except as set forth in division (AA) (5) (b) of this 845 section, "qualifying investee" means a person in which a trust 846 has an equity or ownership interest, or a person or unit of 847 government the debt obligations of either of which are owned by 848 a trust. For the purposes of division (AA) (2) (a) of this section 849 and for the purpose of computing the fraction described in 850 division (AA) (4) (b) of this section, all of the following apply: 851

(i) If the qualifying investee is a member of a qualifying
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controlled group on the last day of the qualifying investee's
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fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on
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which the trust recognizes the gain or loss, then "qualifying
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investee" includes all persons in the qualifying controlled
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group on such last day.

(ii) If the qualifying investee, or if the qualifying 858 investee and any members of the qualifying controlled group of 859 which the qualifying investee is a member on the last day of the 860 qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately 861 prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or 862 loss, separately or cumulatively own, directly or indirectly, on 863 the last day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar 864 year ending immediately prior to the date on which the trust 865 recognizes the qualifying trust amount, more than fifty per cent 866

Page 30

of the equity of a pass-through entity, then the qualifying 867 investee and the other members are deemed to own the 868 proportionate share of the pass-through entity's physical assets 869 which the pass-through entity directly or indirectly owns on the 870 last day of the pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year 871 ending within or with the last day of the qualifying investee's 872 fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on 873 which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount. 874

(iii) For the purposes of division (AA) (5) (a) (iii) of this 875 section, "upper level pass-through entity" means a pass-through 876 entity directly or indirectly owning any equity of another passthrough entity, and "lower level pass-through entity" means that 878 other pass-through entity. 879

An upper level pass-through entity, whether or not it is 880 also a qualifying investee, is deemed to own, on the last day of 881 the upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year, 882 the proportionate share of the lower level pass-through entity's 883 physical assets that the lower level pass-through entity 884 directly or indirectly owns on the last day of the lower level 885 pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year ending within or 886 with the last day of the upper level pass-through entity's 887 fiscal or calendar year. If the upper level pass-through entity 888 directly and indirectly owns less than fifty per cent of the 889 equity of the lower level pass-through entity on each day of the 890 upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in 891 which or with which ends the calendar or fiscal year of the 892 lower level pass-through entity and if, based upon clear and 893 convincing evidence, complete information about the location and 894 cost of the physical assets of the lower pass-through entity is 895 not available to the upper level pass-through entity, then 896 solely for purposes of ascertaining if a gain or loss 897

| constitutes a qualifying trust amount, the upper level pass-     | 898 |
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| through entity shall be deemed as owning no equity of the lower  | 899 |
| level pass-through entity for each day during the upper level    | 900 |
| pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in which or with   | 901 |
| which ends the lower level pass-through entity's calendar or     | 902 |
| fiscal year. Nothing in division (AA)(5)(a)(iii) of this section | 903 |
| shall be construed to provide for any deduction or exclusion in  | 904 |
| computing any trust's Ohio taxable income.                       | 905 |
| (b) With respect to a trust that is not a resident for the       | 906 |
| taxable year and with respect to a part of a trust that is not a | 907 |
| resident for the taxable year, "qualifying investee" for that    | 908 |
| taxable year does not include a C corporation if both of the     | 909 |
| following apply:   | 910 |
| (i) During the taxable year the trust or part of the trust       | 911 |
| recognizes a gain or loss from the sale, exchange, or other      | 912 |
| disposition of equity or ownership interests in, or debt         | 913 |
| obligations of, the C corporation.                               | 914 |
| (ii) Such gain or loss constitutes nonbusiness income.           | 915 |
| (6) "Available" means information is such that a person is       | 916 |
| able to learn of the information by the due date plus            | 917 |
| extensions, if any, for filing the return for the taxable year   | 918 |
| in which the trust recognizes the gain or loss.                  | 919 |
| (BB) "Qualifying controlled group" has the same meaning as       | 920 |
| in section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.                          | 921 |
| (CC) "Related member" has the same meaning as in section         | 922 |
| 5733.042 of the Revised Code.                                    | 923 |
| (DD)(1) For the purposes of division (DD) of this section:       | 924 |
| (a) "Qualifying person" means any person other than a            | 925 |

qualifying corporation. 926 (b) "Qualifying corporation" means any person classified 927 for federal income tax purposes as an association taxable as a 928 corporation, except either of the following: 929 (i) A corporation that has made an election under 930 subchapter S, chapter one, subtitle A, of the Internal Revenue 931 Code for its taxable year ending within, or on the last day of, 932 the investor's taxable year; 933 (ii) A subsidiary that is wholly owned by any corporation 934 that has made an election under subchapter S, chapter one, 935 subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year 936 ending within, or on the last day of, the investor's taxable 937 year. 938 (2) For the purposes of this chapter, unless expressly 939 stated otherwise, no qualifying person indirectly owns any asset 940 directly or indirectly owned by any qualifying corporation. 941 (EE) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 5751. of the 942 Revised Code: 943 (1) "Trust" does not include a qualified pre-income tax 944 trust. 945 (2) A "qualified pre-income tax trust" is any pre-income 946

tax trust that makes a qualifying pre-income tax trust election947as described in division (EE)(3) of this section.948

(3) A "qualifying pre-income tax trust election" is an
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election by a pre-income tax trust to subject to the tax imposed
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by section 5751.02 of the Revised Code the pre-income tax trust
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and all pass-through entities of which the trust owns or
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controls, directly, indirectly, or constructively through
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related interests, five per cent or more of the ownership or 954 equity interests. The trustee shall notify the tax commissioner 955 in writing of the election on or before April 15, 2006. The 956 election, if timely made, shall be effective on and after 957 January 1, 2006, and shall apply for all tax periods and tax 958 years until revoked by the trustee of the trust. 959

(4) A "pre-income tax trust" is a trust that satisfies all of the following requirements:

(a) The document or instrument creating the trust was962executed by the grantor before January 1, 1972;963

(b) The trust became irrevocable upon the creation of the964965

(c) The grantor was domiciled in this state at the time966the trust was created.967

(FF) "Uniformed services" has the same meaning as in 10 968
U.S.C. 101. 969

(GG) "Taxable business income" means the amount by which 970 an individual's business income that is included in federal 971 adjusted gross income exceeds the amount of business income the 972 individual is authorized to deduct under division (A) (31) of 973 this section for the taxable year. 974

(HH) "Employer" does not include a franchisor with respect 975 to the franchisor's relationship with a franchisee or an 976 employee of a franchisee, unless the franchisor agrees to assume 977 that role in writing or a court of competent jurisdiction 978 determines that the franchisor exercises a type or degree of 979 control over the franchisee or the franchisee's employees that 980 is not customarily exercised by a franchisor for the purpose of 981 protecting the franchisor's trademark, brand, or both. For 982

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purposes of this division, "franchisor" and "franchisee" have 983 the same meanings as in 16 C.F.R. 436.1. 984

(II) "Modified adjusted gross income" means Ohio adjusted
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gross income plus any amount deducted under division (A) (28) of
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this section for the taxable year.
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(JJ) "Qualifying Ohio educator" means an individual who, 988 for a taxable year, qualifies as an eligible educator, as that 989 term is defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code, and 990 who holds a certificate, license, or permit described in Chapter 991 3319. or section 3301.071 of the Revised Code. 992

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Sec. 5747.10. (A) As used in this section: 993
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(1) "Audited partnership" means a partnership subject to
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an examination by the internal revenue service pursuant to
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subchapter C, chapter 63, subtitle F of the Internal Revenue
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Code resulting in a federal adjustment.
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(2) (a) "Direct investor" means a partner or other investor998that holds a direct interest in a pass-through entity.999

(b) "Indirect investor" means a partner or other investor
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that holds an interest in a pass-through entity that itself
holds an interest, directly or through another indirect partner
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or other investor, in a pass-through entity.

(3) "Exempt partner" means a partner that is neither a 1004
pass-through entity nor a person subject to the tax imposed by 1005
section 5747.02 of the Revised Code. 1006

(4) "Federal adjustment" means a change to an item or
amount required to be determined under the Internal Revenue Code
that directly or indirectly affects a taxpayer's aggregate tax
liability under section 5747.02 or Chapter 5748. of the Revised
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Code and that results from an action or examination by the1011internal revenue service, or from the filing of an amended1012federal tax return, a claim for a federal tax refund, or an1013administrative adjustment request filed by a partnership under1014section 6227 of the Internal Revenue Code.1015

(5) "Federal adjustments return" means the form or other
document prescribed by the tax commissioner for use by a
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taxpayer in reporting final federal adjustments.
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(6) "State partnership representative" means either of the 1019following: 1020

(a) The person who served as the partnership's
representative for federal income tax purposes, pursuant to
section 6223(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, during the
corresponding federal partnership audit;

(b) The person designated, on a form prescribed by the tax
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commissioner, to serve as the partnership's representative
during the state partnership audit. The commissioner may
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establish reasonable qualifications and procedures for a person
to be designated as a state partnership representative under
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this division.

(7) A federal adjustment is "final" or "agreed to orfinally determined for federal income tax purposes" on any of1032the following:

(a) The day after which the period for appeal of a federal 1034assessment has expired; 1035

(b) The date on a refund check issued by the internal1036revenue service; or1037

(c) For agreements required to be signed by the internal 1038

revenue service and the taxpayer or audited partnership, the 1039 date on which the last party signed the agreement. 1040

(B) (1) If any of the facts, figures, computations, or 1041 attachments required in a taxpayer's annual return to determine 1042 the tax charged by this chapter or Chapter 5748. of the Revised 1043 Code must be altered as the result of a final federal 1044 adjustment, and the federal adjustment is not required to be 1045 reported under division (C) of this section, the taxpayer shall 1046 file an amended return with the tax commissioner in such form as 1047 the commissioner requires. The amended return shall be filed not 1048 later than ninety days after the federal adjustment has been 1049 agreed to or finally determined for federal income tax purposes. 1050

(2) "One hundred eighty" shall be substituted for "ninety"
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in divisions (B) (1) and (E) (1) of this section if, for any
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taxable year, the final federal adjustment results from taxes
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paid by the taxpayer on an amount described in division (A) (34)
(A) (32) of section 5747.01 of the Revised Code.

(C) Except for adjustments required to be reported for 1056 federal purposes pursuant to section 6225(a)(2) of the Internal 1057 Revenue Code and adjustments that are taken into account on a 1058 federal amended return or similar report filed pursuant to 1059 section 6225(c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, partnerships 1060 and partners shall report final federal adjustments and make 1061 payments as required under division (C) of this section. 1062

(1) With respect to an action required or permitted to be
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taken by a partnership under this section, and any petition for
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reassessment or appeal to the board of tax appeals or any court
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with respect to such an action, the state partnership
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representative shall have the sole authority to act on behalf of
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the audited partnership, and the partnership's direct and
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Page 38

| indirect investors shall be bound by those actions.              | 1069 |
|--|------|
| (2) Unless an audited partnership makes the election under       | 1070 |
| division (C)(3) of this section:                                 | 1071 |
| (a) The audited partnership, through its state partnership       | 1072 |
| representative, shall do all of the following within ninety days | 1073 |
| after the federal adjustment is final:                           | 1074 |
| (i) File a federal adjustments return with the tax               | 1075 |
| commissioner, including a copy of the notifications provided     | 1076 |
| under division (C)(2)(a)(ii) of this section;                    | 1077 |
| (ii) Notify each of its direct investors, on a form              | 1078 |
| prescribed by the commissioner, of the investor's distributive   | 1079 |
| share of the final federal adjustments;                          | 1080 |
| (iii) File an amended tax return on behalf of its                | 1081 |
| nonresident direct investors and pay any additional tax that     | 1082 |
| would have been due under sections 5733.41 and 5747.41, or       | 1083 |
| division (D) of section 5747.08, of the Revised Code with        | 1084 |
| respect to those direct investors had the final federal          | 1085 |
| adjustments been reported properly on the original filing.       | 1086 |
| (b) Each direct investor that is subject to the tax              | 1087 |
| imposed by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code shall file an     | 1088 |
| original or amended tax return to include the investor's         | 1089 |
| distributive share of the adjustments reported to the direct     | 1090 |
| investor under division (C)(2)(a) of this section, and pay any   | 1091 |
| additional tax due, within ninety days after the audited         | 1092 |
| partnership files its federal adjustments return with the        | 1093 |
| commissioner.  | 1094 |
| (c)(i) Each direct and indirect investor of an audited           | 1095 |
|  |      |

(c) (1) Each direct and indirect investor of an audited1095partnership that is a pass-through entity and all investors in1096such a pass-through entity that are subject to the filing and1097

payment requirements of Chapters 5733. and 5747. of the Revised1098Code are subject to the reporting and payment requirements of1099division (C)(2) or, upon a timely election, division (C)(3) of1100this section.1101

(ii) Such direct and indirect investors shall make the
required returns and payments within ninety days after the
deadline for filing and furnishing statements under section
6226(b)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code and applicable treasury
regulations.

(3) If an audited partnership makes the election under
this division, the audited partnership, through its state
partnership representative, shall do all of the following within
ninety days after all federal adjustments are final:

(a) File a federal adjustments return with the tax
commissioner indicating the partnership has made the election
under division (C) (3) of this section;
1113

(b) Pay the amount of combined additional tax due under
division (D)(2) of this section, calculated by multiplying the
highest rate of tax set forth in section 5747.02 of the Revised
Code by the sum of the following:

(i) The distributive shares of the final federal
adjustments that are allocable or apportionable to this state of
each investor who is a nonresident taxpayer or pass-through
entity;

(ii) The distributive share of the final federaladjustments for each investor who is a resident taxpayer.1123

(c) Notify each of its direct investors, on a form
prescribed by the commissioner, of the investor's distributive
share of the final federal adjustments and the amount paid on
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(4) (a) A direct investor of an audited partnership is not 1128 required to file an amended return or pay tax otherwise due 1129 under section 5747.02 of the Revised Code if the audited 1130 partnership properly reports and pays the tax under division (C) 1131 (3) of this section. 1132 (b) (i) Nothing in division (C) of this section precludes a 1133 direct or indirect investor in the audited partnership from 1134 filing a return to report the investor's share of the final 1135 federal adjustments. Such an investor who files a return and 1136 reports the income related to the final federal adjustments is 1137 entitled to a refundable credit for taxes paid by the audited 1138 partnership under division (C)(3)(b) of this section. The credit 1139 shall be computed and claimed in the same manner as the credit 1140 allowed under division (I) of section 5747.08 of the Revised 1141 Code. 1142 (ii) Notwithstanding division (C)(4)(b)(i) of this 1143 section, an exempt partner, whether a direct or indirect 1144 investor, may file an application for refund of its 1145 proportionate share of the amounts erroneously paid by the 1146 1147 audited partnership pursuant to division (C)(3)(b) of this section on the exempt partner's behalf. 1148

their behalf pursuant to division (C)(3)(b) of this section.

(5) Upon request by an audited partnership, the tax 1149 commissioner may agree, in writing, to allow an alternative 1150 method of reporting and payment than required by divisions 1151 division (C)(2) or (3) of this section. The request must be 1152 submitted to the commissioner in writing before the applicable 1153 deadline for filing a return under division (C)(2)(a) or (3) of 1154 this section. The commissioner's decision on whether to enter 1155 into an agreement under this division is not subject to further 1156

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administrative review or appeal.

1157

| (6) Nothing in division  | (C) of this section precludes | 1158 |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------|------|
| either of the following: |                               | 1159 |

(a) A resident taxpayer from filing a return to claim the
credit under division (B) of section 5747.05 or division (D)(2)
of section 5747.02 of the Revised Code based upon any amounts
paid by the audited partnership on such investor's behalf to
another state.

(b) The tax commissioner from issuing an assessment under 1165 this chapter against any direct or indirect investor for taxes 1166 due from the investor if an audited partnership, or direct and 1167 indirect investor of an audited partnership that is a pass-1168 through entity, fails to timely file any return or remit any 1169 payment required by this section or underreports income or 1170 underpays tax on behalf of an indirect investor who is a 1171 1172 resident taxpayer.

(D) In the case of an underpayment, and unless otherwiseagreed to in writing by the tax commissioner:1174

(1) The taxpayer's amended return shall be accompanied by 1175 payment of any combined additional tax due together with 1176 interest thereon. An amended return required by this section is 1177 a return subject to assessment under section 5747.13 of the 1178 Revised Code for the purpose of assessing any additional tax due 1179 under this section, together with any applicable penalty and 1180 interest. It shall not reopen those facts, figures, 1181 computations, or attachments from a previously filed return no 1182 longer subject to assessment that are not affected, either 1183 directly or indirectly, by the final federal adjustment to the 1184 taxpayer's federal income tax return. 1185

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(2) The audited partnership's federal adjustments return 1186 shall be accompanied by payment of any combined additional tax 1187 due together with interest thereon. The federal adjustments 1188 return required by this section is a return subject to 1189 assessment under section 5747.13 of the Revised Code for the 1190 purpose of assessing any additional tax due under this section, 1191 together with any applicable penalty and interest. It shall not 1192 reopen those facts, figures, computations, or attachments from a 1193 previously filed return no longer subject to assessment that are 1194 not affected, either directly or indirectly, by the final 1195 federal adjustment. 1196

(3) The tax commissioner may accept estimated payments of
the tax arising from pending federal adjustments before the date
for filing a federal adjustments return. The commissioner may
adopt rules for the payment of such estimated taxes.

(E) In the case of an overpayment, and unless otherwiseagreed to in writing by the tax commissioner:1202

(1) A taxpayer may file an application for refund under 1203 this division within the ninety-day period prescribed for filing 1204 the amended return even if it is filed beyond the period 1205 prescribed in section 5747.11 of the Revised Code if it 1206 otherwise conforms to the requirements of such section. An 1207 application filed under this division shall claim refund of 1208 overpayments resulting from alterations to only those facts, 1209 figures, computations, or attachments required in the taxpayer's 1210 annual return that are affected, either directly or indirectly, 1211 by the final federal adjustment to the taxpayer's federal income 1212 tax return unless it is also filed within the time prescribed in 1213 section 5747.11 of the Revised Code. It shall not reopen those 1214 facts, figures, computations, or attachments that are not 1215

affected, either directly or indirectly, by the adjustment to 1216 the taxpayer's federal income tax return. 1217

(2) (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (E) (2) (b) 1218 of this section, an audited partnership may file an application 1219 for a refund under this division within the ninety-day period 1220 prescribed for filing the federal adjustments return, even if it 1221 is filed beyond the period prescribed by section 5747.11 of the 1222 Revised Code, if it otherwise conforms to the requirements of 1223 that section. An application filed under this division may claim 1224 a refund of overpayments resulting only from final federal 1225 1226 adjustments unless it is also filed within the time prescribed by section 5747.11 of the Revised Code. It shall not reopen 1227 those facts, figures, computations, or attachments that are not 1228 affected, either directly or indirectly, by the federal 1229 adjustment. 1230

(b) An audited partnership may not file an application for
refund under division (E) of this section based on final federal
adjustments described in section 6225(a) (2) of the Internal
Revenue Code.

(3) Any refund granted to a pass-through entity filing an
application for refund under division (E) of this section shall
be reduced by amounts previously claimed as a credit under
section 5747.059 or division (I) of section 5747.08 of the
Revised Code by the pass-through entity's direct or indirect
investors.

(F) Excluding the deadline in division (C) (2) (c) (ii) of
this section, an audited partnership, or a direct or indirect
investor of an audited partnership that is a pass-through
entity, may automatically extend the deadline for reporting,
payments, and refunds under this section by sixty days if the

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entity has ten thousand or more direct investors and notifies 1246 the commissioner of such extension, in writing, before the 1247 unextended deadline. 1248 Section 2. That existing sections 5747.01 and 5747.10 of 1249 1250 the Revised Code are hereby repealed. Section 3. The amendment by this act of sections 5747.01 1251 and 5747.10 of the Revised Code applies to taxable years ending 1252 on or after the effective date of this section. 1253 Section 4. Section 5747.01 of the Revised Code is 1254 presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended 1255 by H.B. 18, H.B. 197, S.B. 26, and S.B. 276 all of the 133rd 1256 General Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle 1257 stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that 1258 amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of 1259 simultaneous operation, finds that the composite is the 1260 resulting version of the section in effect prior to the 1261 1262 effective date of the section as presented in this act.

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