As Introduced

134th General Assembly Regular Session 2021-2022

S. B. No. 139

Senator Lang

Cosponsor: Senator Romanchuk

A BILL

To amend sections 1739.02, 1739.05, 1739.12,	1
1739.13, and 3924.01 of the Revised Code to	2
amend the law regulating multiple employer	3
welfare arrangements.	4

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 1739.02, 1739.05, 1739.12,	5
1739.13, and 3924.01 of the Revised Code be amended to read as	6
follows:	7
Sec. 1739.02. (A) The following groups that have been	8
organized and maintained in good faith for a continuous period	9
of five years or more for purposes, provided that the group has	10
one substantial business purpose other than obtaining insurance,	11
may establish, maintain, or operate a group self-insurance	12
program under a multiple employer welfare arrangement that is	13
chartered and created in this state under sections 1739.01 to	14
1739.22 of the Revised Code:	15
(1) A chamber of commerce;	16
(2) A trade association;	17

(3) An industry association; 18 (4) A professional association; 19 (5) A voluntary employee beneficiary association that is 20 exempt from taxation by the internal revenue service under 21 section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as 22 amended: 23 (6) A business league that is exempt from taxation by the 24 internal revenue service under section 501(c)(6) of the Internal 25 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended; 26 (7) An association of employers with a principal office 27 located within the borders of this state or with a principal 28 office within a metropolitan area that has boundaries in this 29 state; 30 31 (8) Any other association that the superintendent of insurance may define by rule. 32 (B) Except as provided in section 9.833 and sections 33 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised Code, no multiple employer 34 welfare arrangement or other entity by which two or more 35 employers jointly participate in a common employee welfare 36 benefit plan shall operate a group self-insurance program in 37 this state after four months after April 9, 1993. 38 (C) Sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised Code do not 39 apply to any entity that establishes, maintains, or operates a 40 fully insured program. 41 (D) No person shall establish, operate, or maintain a 42 multiple employer welfare arrangement providing benefits through 43 a group self-insurance program in this state unless the multiple 44

employer welfare arrangement has a valid certificate of

authority from the superintendent of insurance.

Sec. 1739.05. (A) A multiple employer welfare arrangement47that is created pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the48Revised Code and that operates a group self-insurance program49may be established only if any of the following applies:50

(1) The arrangement has and maintains a minimum enrollment of three hundred employees of two or more employers.

(2) The arrangement has and maintains a minimum enrollment of three hundred self-employed individuals.

(3) The arrangement has and maintains a minimum enrollment
of three hundred employees or self-employed individuals in any
combination of divisions (A) (1) and (2) of this section.
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(B) (1) A multiple employer welfare arrangement that is 58 created pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised 59 Code and that operates a group self-insurance program shall 60 comply with all laws applicable to self-funded programs in this 61 state, including sections 3901.04, 3901.041, 3901.19 to 3901.26, 62 3901.38, 3901.381 to 3901.3814, 3901.40, 3901.45, 3901.46, 63 3901.491, 3902.01 to 3902.14, 3923.041, 3923.24, 3923.282, 64 3923.30, 3923.301, 3923.38, 3923.581, 3923.602, 3923.63, 65 3923.80, 3923.84, 3923.85, 3923.851, 3923.86, 3923.87, 3923.89, 66 3923.90, 3924.031, 3924.032, and 3924.27 of the Revised Code. 67

(2) A self-insured multiple employer welfare arrangement68shall be deemed a single large employer for the purposes of69complying with division (B)(1) of this section, as applicable.70

(C) A multiple employer welfare arrangement created
pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised Code
shall solicit enrollments only through agents or solicitors
11 licensed pursuant to Chapter 3905. of the Revised Code to sell
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or solicit sickness and accident insurance.

(D) A multiple employer welfare arrangement created 76 pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised Code 77 shall provide benefits only to individuals who are members, 78 employees of members, or the dependents of members or employees, 79 or are eligible for continuation of coverage under section 80 1751.53 or 3923.38 of the Revised Code or under Title X of the 81 "Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985," 100 82 Stat. 227, 29 U.S.C.A. 1161, as amended. 83

(E) A multiple employer welfare arrangement created
pursuant to sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised Code is
subject to, and shall comply with, sections 3903.81 to 3903.93
of the Revised Code in the same manner as other life or health
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insurers, as defined in section 3903.81 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 1739.12. (A) The excess loss funding program of a 89 multiple employer welfare arrangement operating a group self- 90 insurance program shall be filed with the superintendent of 91 insurance. 92

(B) As a condition to the issuance and maintenance of a 93 certificate of authority, a multiple employer welfare 94 95 arrangement operating a group self-insurance program shall purchase individual stop-loss insurance from insurers authorized 96 to transact business in this state with a deductible retention 97 of no more than five per cent of the arrangement's annual 98 aggregate premium up to one million dollars and no more than two-99 and one-half per cent of the arrangement's annual aggregate 100 premium above that amount with a retention level determined in 101 accordance with sound actuarial principles and approved in rule 102 by the superintendent. The arrangement also shall purchase, as a 103 condition to the issuance and maintenance of a certificate of 104

authority, aggregate stop-loss insurance from insurers	105
authorized to transact business in this state with a deductible	106
retention of no more than one hundred twenty-five per cent of	107
its projected claims for the succeeding fiscal year.	108
(C) Any excess or stop-loss insurance policy purchased by	109
a multiple employer welfare arrangement shall provide that the	110
superintendent must be notified by the arrangement of the	111
cancellation of the policy for any reason, including the failure	112
of the arrangement to pay any applicable premium.	113
(D) No excess or stop-loss insurance policy purchased by a	114
multiple employer welfare arrangement shall do any of the	115
following deny excess or stop-loss insurance coverage to an	116
<u>individual</u> on the basis of actual or expected claims for an <u>that</u>	117
individual or <u>an the</u> individual's given diagnosis :	118
(1) Assign a different attachment point for that	119
individual;	120
(2) Assign a deductible to that individual that must be	121
met before excess or stop loss insurance applies;	122
(3) Deny excess or stop-loss insurance coverage to that	123
individual.	124
Sec. 1739.13. (A)(1) A multiple employer welfare	125
arrangement operating a group self-insurance program shall	126
establish and maintain a minimum surplus of not less than five	127
hundred thousand dollars or such higher amounts of surplus as	128
the superintendent of insurance may establish by rule-	129
appropriate loss and loss expense reserves for the protection of	130
the members and their employees, as determined in accordance	131
with sound actuarial principles and 26 U.S.C. 419 and 419A.	132

(2) The superintendent may permit a multiple employer 133

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requirement, and the superintendent may require such an	135
arrangement to provide collateral until such time as the	136
reserves are fully accumulated.	137
(B) Except as otherwise provided for in sections 1739.01	138
to 1739.21 of the Revised Code, the assets of a multiple	139
employer welfare arrangement operating a group self-insurance	140
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program shall be invested only in securities or other	
investments permitted by the laws of this state for the	142
investment of assets of domestic insurance companies other than	143
life.	144
(C) A multiple employer welfare arrangement operating a	145
group self-insurance program shall maintain assets in cash,	146
receivables, or securities authorized by the laws of this state	147
for the investment of assets of domestic insurance companies	148
other than life in an amount that is equivalent to or higher	149
than the unearned premiums and minimum surplus required under	150
sections 1739.01 to 1739.22 of the Revised Code, the reserves	151
for losses outstanding and unpaid, and any other liabilities of	152
the arrangement.	153
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Sec. 3924.01. As used in sections 3924.01 to 3924.14 of	154
the Revised Code:	155
(A) "Actuarial certification" means a written statement	156
prepared by a member of the American academy of actuaries, or by	157
any other person acceptable to the superintendent of insurance,	158
that states that, based upon the person's examination, a carrier	159
offering health benefit plans to small employers is in	160
compliance with sections 3924.01 to 3924.14 of the Revised Code.	161
"Actuarial certification" shall include a review of the	162
appropriate records of, and the actuarial assumptions and	163

welfare arrangement up to two years to accumulate the reserve

methods used by, the carrier relative to establishing premium 164 rates for the health benefit plans. 165

(B) "Adjusted average market premium price" means the
average market premium price as determined by the board of
directors of the Ohio health reinsurance program either on the
basis of the arithmetic mean of all carriers' premium rates for
an OHC plan sold to groups with similar case characteristics by
all carriers selling OHC plans in the state, or on any other
equitable basis determined by the board.

(C) "Base premium rate" means, as to any health benefit 173 plan that is issued by a carrier and that covers at least two 174 but no more than fifty employees of a small employer, the lowest 175 premium rate for a new or existing business prescribed by the 176 carrier for the same or similar coverage under a plan or 177 arrangement covering any small employer with similar case 178 characteristics. 179

(D) "Carrier" means any sickness and accident insurance 180 company or health insuring corporation authorized to issue 181 health benefit plans in this state or a MEWA. A sickness and 182 accident insurance company that owns or operates a health 183 insuring corporation, either as a separate corporation or as a 184 line of business, shall be considered as a separate carrier from 185 that health insuring corporation for purposes of sections 186 3924.01 to 3924.14 of the Revised Code. 187

(E) "Case characteristics" means, with respect to a small
employer, the geographic area in which the employees work; the
age and sex of the individual employees and their dependents;
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the appropriate industry classification as determined by the
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carrier; the number of employees and dependents; and such other
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objective criteria as may be established by the carrier. "Case

characteristics" does not include claims experience, health 194 status, or duration of coverage from the date of issue. 195

(F) "Dependent" means the spouse or child of an eligible employee, subject to applicable terms of the health benefits plan covering the employee.

(G) "Eligible employee" means an employee who works a
normal work week of thirty or more hours. "Eligible employee"
does not include a temporary or substitute employee, or a
seasonal employee who works only part of the calendar year on
the basis of natural or suitable times or circumstances.

(H) "Health benefit plan" means any hospital or medical 204 expense policy or certificate or any health plan provided by a 205 carrier, that is delivered, issued for delivery, renewed, or 206 used in this state on or after the date occurring six months 207 after November 24, 1995. "Health benefit plan" does not include 208 policies covering only accident, credit, dental, disability 209 income, long-term care, hospital indemnity, medicare supplement, 210 specified disease, or vision care; coverage under a one-time-211 limited-duration policy that is less than twelve months; 212 coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; 213 insurance arising out of a workers' compensation or similar law; 214 automobile medical-payment insurance; or insurance under which 215 benefits are payable with or without regard to fault and which 216 is statutorily required to be contained in any liability 217 insurance policy or equivalent self-insurance. 218

(I) "Late enrollee" means an eligible employee or
dependent who enrolls in a small employer's health benefit plan
other than during the first period in which the employee or
dependent is eligible to enroll under the plan or during a
special enrollment period described in section 2701(f) of the

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"Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996," Pub. L. No. 104-191, 110 Stat. 1955, 42 U.S.C.A. 300gg, as amended.

(J) "MEWA" means any "multiple employer welfare 227
arrangement" as defined in section 3 of the "Federal Employee 228
Retirement Income Security Act of 1974," 88 Stat. 832, 29 229
U.S.C.A. 1001, as amended, except for any arrangement which is 230
fully insured as defined in division (b) (6) (D) of section 514 of 231
that act. 232

(K) "Midpoint rate" means, for small employers with
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similar case characteristics and plan designs and as determined
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by the applicable carrier for a rating period, the arithmetic
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average of the applicable base premium rate and the
corresponding highest premium rate.

(L) "Pre-existing conditions provision" means a policy 238 provision that excludes or limits coverage for charges or 239 expenses incurred during a specified period following the 240 insured's enrollment date as to a condition for which medical 241 advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or 242 received during a specified period immediately preceding the 243 enrollment date. Genetic information shall not be treated as 244 such a condition in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition 245 related to such information. 246

For purposes of this division, "enrollment date" means,247with respect to an individual covered under a group health248benefit plan, the date of enrollment of the individual in the249plan or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period for250such enrollment.251

(M) "Service waiting period" means the period of time

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after employment begins before an employee is eligible to be253covered for benefits under the terms of any applicable health254benefit plan offered by the small employer.255

(N) (1) "Small employer" means, in connection with a group 256 health benefit plan and with respect to a calendar year and a 257 plan year, an employer who employed an average of at least two 258 but no more than fifty eligible employees on business days 259 during the preceding calendar year and who employs at least two 260 employees on the first day of the plan year. 261

(2) For purposes of division (N)(1) of this section, all 262 persons treated as a single employer under 29 U.S.C. 1002(5) or 263 subsection (b), (c), (m), or (o) of section 414 of the "Internal 264 Revenue Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as 265 amended, shall be considered one employer. In the case of an 266 employer that was not in existence throughout the preceding 267 calendar year, the determination of whether the employer is a 268 small or large employer shall be based on the average number of 269 eligible employees that it is reasonably expected the employer 270 will employ on business days in the current calendar year. Any 271 reference in division (N) of this section to an "employer" 272 includes any predecessor of the employer. Except as otherwise 273 specifically provided, provisions of sections 3924.01 to 3924.14 274 of the Revised Code that apply to a small employer that has a 275 health benefit plan shall continue to apply until the plan 276 anniversary following the date the employer no longer meets the 277 requirements of this division. 278

(O) "OHC plan" means an Ohio health care plan, which is
the basic, standard, or carrier reimbursement plan for small
employers and individuals established in accordance with section
3924.10 of the Revised Code.

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Section 2. That existing sections 1739.02, 1739.05,	283
1739.12, 1739.13, and 3924.01 of the Revised Code are hereby	284
repealed.	285