As Reported by the Senate Agriculture and Natural Resources Committee

134th General Assembly Regular Session 2021-2022

Sub. S. B. No. 164

Senators Hottinger, Yuko

Cosponsors: Senators Romanchuk, Craig, Huffman, S., Hackett

A BILL

Т	o amend sections 959.06, 959.131, 959.99, and	1
	2901.01 of the Revised Code to revise the law	2
	and penalties associated with companion animal	3
	cruelty and to generally prohibit an animal	4
	shelter from destroying a domestic animal by the	5
	use of a gas chamber.	6

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 959.06, 959.131, 959.99, and	7
2901.01 of the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	8
Sec. 959.06. (A) As used in this section, "animal shelter"	9
means a facility operated by a humane society or any society	10
organized under Chapter 1717. of the Revised Code, a dog pound	11
operated pursuant to Chapter 955. of the Revised Code, or a	12
local animal shelter that is operated by any entity of local	13
government.	14
(B) No person shall destroy any domestic animal by the use	15
of <u>a either of the following:</u>	16
<u>(1) A</u> high altitude decompression chamber <u>;</u>	17

or by any	18
(2) Any method other than a method that immediately and	19
painlessly renders the domestic animal initially unconscious and	20
subsequently dead.	21
(C) (1) Except as provided in division (C) (2) of this_	22
section, no animal shelter shall destroy a domestic animal by	23
the use of a carbon monoxide gas chamber, carbon dioxide gas	24
chamber, or any other nonanesthetic inhalant.	25
(2) An animal shelter may destroy a domestic animal by the	26
use of a carbon monoxide gas chamber, carbon dioxide gas	27
chamber, or any other nonanesthetic inhalant if the state	28
veterinary medical licensing board, in consultation with the	29
state board of pharmacy, declares that there is a shortage of	30
approved lethal injection substances.	31
(D) This section does not apply to or prohibit <u>the</u>	32
destruction of an animal under Chapter 941. of the Revised Code,	33
the slaughtering of livestock under Chapter 945. of the Revised	34
Code, or the taking of any wild animal, as defined in section	35
1531.01 of the Revised Code, when taken in accordance with	36
Chapter 1533. of the Revised Code.	37
chapter 1555. Of the Nevised code.	57
(E) This section does not apply to either of the	38
following:	39
(1) The lawful practice of veterinary medicine by a person	40
who has been issued a license, temporary permit, or registration	41
certificate under Chapter 4741. of the Revised Code;	42
(2) An animal used in scientific research conducted by a	43
research facility in accordance with the federal animal welfare	44
act and related regulations. As used in division (E)(2) of this	45
section, "federal animal welfare act" has the same meaning as in	46

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section 959.131 of the Revised Code.
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(F) The offenses established under this section are strict48liability offenses and section 2901.20 of the Revised Code does49not apply. The designation of these offenses as strict liability50offenses shall not be construed to imply that any other offense,51for which there is no specified degree of culpability, is not a52strict liability offense.53

Sec. 959.131. (A) As used in this section:

(1) "Companion animal" means any animal that is kept inside a residential dwelling and any dog or cat regardless of where it is kept, including a pet store as defined in section 956.01 of the Revised Code. "Companion animal" does not include livestock or any wild animal.

(2) "Cruelty," "torment," and "torture" have the samemeanings as in section 1717.01 of the Revised Code.61

(3) "Residential dwelling" means a structure or shelter or
the portion of a structure or shelter that is used by one or
more humans for the purpose of a habitation.

(4) "Practice of veterinary medicine" has the same meaning as in section 4741.01 of the Revised Code.

(5) "Wild animal" has the same meaning as in section 1531.01 of the Revised Code.

(6) "Federal animal welfare act" means the "Laboratory
Animal Act of 1966," Pub. L. No. 89-544, 80 Stat. 350 (1966), 7
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U.S.C.A. 2131 et seq., as amended by the "Animal Welfare Act of
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1970," Pub. L. No. 91-579, 84 Stat. 1560 (1970), the "Animal
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Welfare Act Amendments of 1976," Pub. L. No. 94-279, 90 Stat.
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417 (1976), and the "Food Security Act of 1985," Pub. L. No. 99-

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198, 99 Stat. 1354 (1985), and as it may be subsequently 75 amended. 76
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(7) "Dog kennel" means an animal rescue for dogs that is registered under section 956.06 of the Revised Code, a boarding kennel, or a training kennel.

(8) "Boarding kennel" has and "animal rescue for dogs"
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have the same meaning meanings as in section 956.01 of the
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Revised Code.
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(9) "Training kennel" means an establishment operating for
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profit that keeps, houses, and maintains dogs for the purpose of
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training the dogs in return for a fee or other consideration.
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(10) "Livestock" means horses, mules, and other equidae; cattle, sheep, goats, and other bovidae; swine and other suidae; poultry; alpacas; llamas; captive white-tailed deer; and any other animal that is raised or maintained domestically for food or fiber.

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(11) "Captive white-tailed deer" has the same meaning as91in section 1531.01 of the Revised Code.92
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(12) "Serious physical harm" means any of the following: 93

(a) Physical harm that carries an unnecessary or94unjustifiable substantial risk of death;95

(b) Physical harm that involves either partial or total9697

(c) Physical harm that involves acute pain of a duration
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that results in substantial suffering or that involves any
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degree of prolonged or intractable pain+
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(d) Physical harm that results from a person who confines 101

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or who is the custodian or caretaker of a companion animal-	102
depriving the companion animal of good, wholesome food and water-	
that proximately causes the death of the companion animal.	
(B) No person shall knowingly torture, torment, needlessly	105
mutilate or maim, cruelly beat, poison, needlessly kill, or	106
commit an act of cruelty against a companion animal.	107
commute an act of clucity againet a companion animal.	107
(C) No person shall knowingly cause serious physical harm	108
to a companion animal.	109
(D) No person who confines or who is the custodian or	110
caretaker of a companion animal shall negligently do any of the	111
following:	112
(1) Torture, torment, or commit an act of cruelty against	113
the companion animal;	114
(2) Deprive the companion animal of necessary sustenance	115
or confine the companion animal without supplying it during the	116
confinement with sufficient quantities of good, wholesome food	117
and water if it can reasonably be expected that the companion	118
animal would become sick or suffer in any other way as a result	119
of or due to the deprivation or confinement;	120
(3) Impound or confine the companion animal without	121
affording it, during the impoundment or confinement, with access	122
to shelter from heat, cold, wind, rain, snow, or excessive	123
direct sunlight if it can reasonably be expected that the	124
companion animal would become sick or suffer in any other way as	125
a result of or due to the lack of adequate shelter.	126
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(E) <u>No person who confines or who is the custodian or</u>	127
caretaker of a companion animal shall recklessly deprive the	128
companion animal of necessary sustenance or confine the	129
companion animal without supplying it during the confinement	130

with sufficient quantities of good, wholesome food and water. 131 (F) No owner, manager, or employee of a dog kennel who 132 confines or is the custodian or caretaker of a companion animal 133 shall knowingly do any of the following: 134 (1) Torture, torment, needlessly mutilate or maim, cruelly 135 beat, poison, needlessly kill, or commit an act of cruelty 136 against the companion animal; 137 (2) Deprive the companion animal of necessary sustenance 138 or confine the companion animal without supplying it during the confinement with sufficient quantities of good, wholesome food 140 and water if it is reasonably expected that the companion animal 141 would die or experience unnecessary or unjustifiable pain or 142 suffering as a result of the deprivation or confinement; 143

(3) Impound or confine the companion animal without 144 affording it, during the impoundment or confinement, with access 145 to shelter from heat, cold, wind, rain, snow, or excessive 146 direct sunlight if it is reasonably expected that the companion 147 animal would die or experience unnecessary or unjustifiable pain 148 or suffering as a result of or due to the lack of adequate 149 shelter. 150

(F) (G) No owner, manager, or employee of a dog kennel who 151 confines or is the custodian or caretaker of a companion animal 152 shall negligently do any of the following: 153

(1) Torture, torment, or commit an act of cruelty against 154 the companion animal; 155

(2) Deprive the companion animal of necessary sustenance 156 or confine the companion animal without supplying it during the 157 confinement with sufficient quantities of good, wholesome food 158 and water if it can reasonably be expected that the companion 159

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animal would become sick or suffer in any other way as a result	160
of or due to the deprivation or confinement;	161
(3) Impound or confine the companion animal without	162
affording it, during the impoundment or confinement, with access	163
to shelter from heat, cold, wind, rain, snow, or excessive	164
direct sunlight if it can reasonably be expected that the	165
companion animal would become sick or suffer in any other way as	166
a result of or due to the lack of adequate shelter.	167
(G) (H) Divisions (B), (C), (D), (E), and (F), and (G) of	168
this section do not apply to any of the following:	169
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(1) A companion animal used in scientific research	170
conducted by an institution in accordance with the federal	171
animal welfare act and related regulations;	172
(2) The lawful practice of veterinary medicine by a person	173
who has been issued a license, temporary permit, or registration	174
certificate to do so under Chapter 4741. of the Revised Code;	175
(3) Dogs being used or intended for use for hunting or	176
field trial purposes, provided that the dogs are being treated	177
in accordance with usual and commonly accepted practices for the	178
care of hunting dogs;	179
(4) The use of common training devices, if the companion	180
animal is being treated in accordance with usual and commonly	181
accepted practices for the training of animals;	182
(5) The administering of medicine to a companion animal	183
that was properly prescribed by a person who has been issued a	184
license, temporary permit, or registration certificate under	185
Chapter 4741. of the Revised Code.	185
Shapter 1/11. Of the nevidea code.	TOO
(H) <u>(</u>I) Notwithstanding any section of the Revised Code	187

that otherwise provides for the distribution of fine moneys, the 188 clerk of court shall forward all fines the clerk collects that 189 are so imposed for any violation of this section to the 190 treasurer of the political subdivision or the state, whose 191 county humane society or law enforcement agency is to be paid 192 the fine money as determined under this division. The treasurer 193 to whom the fines are forwarded shall pay the fine moneys to the 194 county humane society or the county, township, municipal 195 corporation, or state law enforcement agency in this state that 196 primarily was responsible for or involved in the investigation 197 and prosecution of the violation. If a county humane society 198 receives any fine moneys under this division, the county humane 199 society shall use the fine moneys either to provide the training 200 that is required for humane society agents under section 201 1717.061 of the Revised Code or to provide additional training 202 for humane society agents. 203

Sec. 959.99. (A) Whoever violates section 959.18 or 959.19 204 of the Revised Code is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. 205

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever
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violates section 959.02 of the Revised Code is guilty of a
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misdemeanor of the second degree. If the value of the animal
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killed or the injury done amounts to three hundred dollars or
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more, whoever violates section 959.02 of the Revised Code is
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guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.

(C) Whoever violates section 959.03, 959.06, division (C)
of section 959.09, 959.12, or 959.17 or division (A) of section
959.15 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the
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fourth degree.

(D) Whoever violates division (A) of section 959.13 or216section 959.21 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of217

the second degree. In addition, the court may order the offender 218 to forfeit the animal or livestock and may provide for its 219 disposition, including, but not limited to, the sale of the 220 animal or livestock. If an animal or livestock is forfeited and 221 sold pursuant to this division, the proceeds from the sale first 222 shall be applied to pay the expenses incurred with regard to the 223 224 care of the animal from the time it was taken from the custody of the former owner. The balance of the proceeds from the sale, 225 226 if any, shall be paid to the former owner of the animal.

(E) (1) Whoever violates division (B) or (E) of section
959.131 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the
first degree on a first offense and a felony of the fifth degree
on each subsequent offense.

(2) Whoever violates division (C) of section 959.131 of the Revised Code is guilty of a felony of the fifth degree.

(3) Whoever violates section 959.01 of the Revised Code or division (D) of section 959.131 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree on a first offense and a misdemeanor of the first degree on each subsequent offense.

(4) Whoever violates division $\frac{(E)}{(F)}$ of section 959.131 237 of the Revised Code is guilty of a felony of the fifth degree. 238

(5) Whoever violates division (F) (G) of section 959.131
cf the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first
degree.

(6) (a) A court may order a person who is convicted of or 242 pleads guilty to a violation of section 959.131 of the Revised 243 Code to forfeit to an impounding agency, as defined in section 244 959.132 of the Revised Code, any or all of the companion animals 245 in that person's ownership or care. The court also may prohibit 246

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or place limitations on the person's ability to own or care for 247 any companion animals for a specified or indefinite period of 248 time. 249 (b) A court may order a person who is convicted of or 250 pleads quilty to a violation of division (A) of section 959.13 251 or section 959.131 of the Revised Code to reimburse an 252 impounding agency for the reasonable and necessary costs 253 incurred by the agency for the care of an animal or livestock 254 that the agency impounded as a result of the investigation or 255 256 prosecution of the violation, provided that the costs were not otherwise paid under section 959.132 of the Revised Code. 257

(7) If a court has reason to believe that a person who is 258 convicted of or pleads quilty to a violation of section 959.131 259 or 959.21 of the Revised Code suffers from a mental or emotional 260 disorder that contributed to the violation, the court may impose 261 as a community control sanction or as a condition of probation a 262 requirement that the offender undergo psychological evaluation 263 or counseling. The court shall order the offender to pay the 264 costs of the evaluation or counseling. 265

(F) Whoever violates section 959.14 of the Revised Code is
guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree on a first offense
and a misdemeanor of the first degree on each subsequent
offense.

(G) Whoever violates section 959.05 or 959.20 of the 270Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. 271

(H) Whoever violates section 959.16 of the Revised Code is 272
guilty of a felony of the fourth degree for a first offense and 273
a felony of the third degree on each subsequent offense. 274

(I) Whoever violates division (B) or (C) of section 959.15 275

of the Revised Code is guilty of a felony and shall be fined not	276
more than ten thousand dollars.	277
Sec. 2901.01. (A) As used in the Revised Code:	278
(1) "Force" means any violence, compulsion, or constraint	279
physically exerted by any means upon or against a person or	280
thing.	281
(2) "Deadly force" means any force that carries a	282
substantial risk that it will proximately result in the death of	283
any person.	284
(3) "Physical harm to persons" means any injury, illness,	285
or other physiological impairment, regardless of its gravity or	286
duration.	287
(4) "Physical harm to property" means any tangible or	288
intangible damage to property that, in any degree, results in	289
loss to its value or interferes with its use or enjoyment.	290
"Physical harm to property" does not include wear and tear	291
occasioned by normal use.	292
(5) "Serious physical harm to persons" means any of the	293
following:	294
(a) Any mental illness or condition of such gravity as	295
would normally require hospitalization or prolonged psychiatric	296
<pre>treatment;</pre>	297
(b) Any physical harm that carries a substantial risk of	298
death;	299
(c) Any physical harm that involves some permanent	300
incapacity, whether partial or total, or that involves some	301
temporary, substantial incapacity;	302

disfigurement or that involves some temporary, serious

(d) Any physical harm that involves some permanent

disfigurement; 305 (e) Any physical harm that involves acute pain of such 306 duration as to result in substantial suffering or that involves 307 any degree of prolonged or intractable pain. 308 (6) "Serious physical harm to property" means any physical 309 harm to property that does either of the following: 310 (a) Results in substantial loss to the value of the 311 property or requires a substantial amount of time, effort, or 312 313 money to repair or replace; (b) Temporarily prevents the use or enjoyment of the 314 property or substantially interferes with its use or enjoyment 315 for an extended period of time. 316 (7) "Risk" means a significant possibility, as contrasted 317 with a remote possibility, that a certain result may occur or 318 that certain circumstances may exist. 319 (8) "Substantial risk" means a strong possibility, as 320 contrasted with a remote or significant possibility, that a 321 322 certain result may occur or that certain circumstances may exist. 323 (9) "Offense of violence" means any of the following: 324 (a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 325 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.15, 2903.21, 2903.211, 326

2903.22, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.11, 2905.32, 2907.02, 2907.03,3272907.05, 2909.02, 2909.03, 2909.24, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11,3282917.01, 2917.02, 2917.03, 2917.31, 2919.25, 2921.03, 2921.04,3292921.34, or 2923.161, of division (A) (1) of section 2903.34, of330

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division (A)(1), (2), or (3) of section 2911.12, or of division331(B)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of section 2919.22 of the Revised Code332or felonious sexual penetration in violation of former section3332907.12 of the Revised Code;334

(b) A violation of an existing or former municipal
ordinance or law of this or any other state or the United
States, substantially equivalent to any section, division, or
offense listed in division (A) (9) (a) of this section;
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(c) An offense, other than a traffic offense, under an
existing or former municipal ordinance or law of this or any
other state or the United States, committed purposely or
knowingly, and involving physical harm to persons or a risk of
serious physical harm to persons;

(d) A conspiracy or attempt to commit, or complicity incommitting, any offense under division (A) (9) (a), (b), or (c) ofthis section;

<u>(e) A violation of division (C) of section 959.131 of the</u>

(10) (a) "Property" means any property, real or personal, 349 tangible or intangible, and any interest or license in that 350 property. "Property" includes, but is not limited to, cable 351 television service, other telecommunications service, 352 telecommunications devices, information service, computers, 353 data, computer software, financial instruments associated with 354 computers, other documents associated with computers, or copies 355 of the documents, whether in machine or human readable form, 356 trade secrets, trademarks, copyrights, patents, and property 357 protected by a trademark, copyright, or patent. "Financial 358 359 instruments associated with computers" include, but are not

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limited to, checks, drafts, warrants, money orders, notes of 360 indebtedness, certificates of deposit, letters of credit, bills 361 of credit or debit cards, financial transaction authorization 362 mechanisms, marketable securities, or any computer system 363 representations of any of them. 364

(b) As used in division (A) (10) of this section, "trade 365
secret" has the same meaning as in section 1333.61 of the 366
Revised Code, and "telecommunications service" and "information 367
service" have the same meanings as in section 2913.01 of the 368
Revised Code. 369

(c) As used in divisions (A) (10) and (13) of this section,
"cable television service," "computer," "computer software,"
"computer system," "computer network," "data," and
"telecommunications device" have the same meanings as in section
2913.01 of the Revised Code.

(11) "Law enforcement officer" means any of the following: 375

(a) A sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, police officer
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of a township or joint police district, marshal, deputy marshal,
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municipal police officer, member of a police force employed by a
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metropolitan housing authority under division (D) of section
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3735.31 of the Revised Code, or state highway patrol trooper;
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(b) An officer, agent, or employee of the state or any of
its agencies, instrumentalities, or political subdivisions, upon
whom, by statute, a duty to conserve the peace or to enforce all
or certain laws is imposed and the authority to arrest violators
is conferred, within the limits of that statutory duty and
authority;

(c) A mayor, in the mayor's capacity as chief conservator387of the peace within the mayor's municipal corporation;388

(d) A member of an auxiliary police force organized by 389 county, township, or municipal law enforcement authorities, 390 within the scope of the member's appointment or commission; 391

(e) A person lawfully called pursuant to section 311.07 of 392 the Revised Code to aid a sheriff in keeping the peace, for the 393 purposes and during the time when the person is called; 394

(f) A person appointed by a mayor pursuant to section 395 737.01 737.10 of the Revised Code as a special patrolling 396 officer during riot or emergency, for the purposes and during 397 the time when the person is appointed; 398

399 (q) A member of the organized militia of this state or the armed forces of the United States, lawfully called to duty to 400 aid civil authorities in keeping the peace or protect against 401 domestic violence; 402

(h) A prosecuting attorney, assistant prosecuting 403 attorney, secret service officer, or municipal prosecutor; 404

(i) A veterans' home police officer appointed under 405 section 5907.02 of the Revised Code; 406

(j) A member of a police force employed by a regional 407 transit authority under division (Y) of section 306.35 of the 408 Revised Code; 409

(k) A special police officer employed by a port authority 410 under section 4582.04 or 4582.28 of the Revised Code; 411

(1) The house of representatives sergeant at arms if the 412 house of representatives sergeant at arms has arrest authority 413 pursuant to division (E)(1) of section 101.311 of the Revised 414 Code and an assistant house of representatives sergeant at arms; 415

(m) The senate sergeant at arms and an assistant senate

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sergeant at arms;

(n) A special police officer employed by a municipal 418 corporation at a municipal airport, or other municipal air 419 navigation facility, that has scheduled operations, as defined 420 in section 119.3 of Title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations, 421 14 C.F.R. 119.3, as amended, and that is required to be under a 422 security program and is governed by aviation security rules of 423 the transportation security administration of the United States 424 department of transportation as provided in Parts 1542. and 425 426 1544. of Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended. 427

(12) "Privilege" means an immunity, license, or right conferred by law, bestowed by express or implied grant, arising out of status, position, office, or relationship, or growing out of necessity.

(13) "Contraband" means any property that is illegal for a 432 person to acquire or possess under a statute, ordinance, or 433 rule, or that a trier of fact lawfully determines to be illegal 434 to possess by reason of the property's involvement in an 435 offense. "Contraband" includes, but is not limited to, all of 436 the following: 437

(a) Any controlled substance, as defined in section3719.01 of the Revised Code, or any device or paraphernalia;439

(b) Any unlawful gambling device or paraphernalia; 440

(c) Any dangerous ordnance or obscene material.

(14) A person is "not guilty by reason of insanity"
relative to a charge of an offense only if the person proves, in
the manner specified in section 2901.05 of the Revised Code,
that at the time of the commission of the offense, the person
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did not know, as a result of a severe mental disease or defect, the wrongfulness of the person's acts.

(B) (1) (a) Subject to division (B) (2) of this section, as
used in any section contained in Title XXIX of the Revised Code
that sets forth a criminal offense, "person" includes all of the
following:

(i) An individual, corporation, business trust, estate,trust, partnership, and association;453

(ii) An unborn human who is viable.

(b) As used in any section contained in Title XXIX of the
Revised Code that does not set forth a criminal offense,
"person" includes an individual, corporation, business trust,
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estate, trust, partnership, and association.

(c) As used in division (B)(1)(a) of this section:

(i) "Unborn human" means an individual organism of thespecies Homo sapiens from fertilization until live birth.461

(ii) "Viable" means the stage of development of a human
fetus at which there is a realistic possibility of maintaining
and nourishing of a life outside the womb with or without
temporary artificial life-sustaining support.

(2) Notwithstanding division (B)(1)(a) of this section, in
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no case shall the portion of the definition of the term "person"
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that is set forth in division (B)(1)(a)(ii) of this section be
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applied or construed in any section contained in Title XXIX of
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the Revised Code that sets forth a criminal offense in any of
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the following manners:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (B)(2)(a) of472this section, in a manner so that the offense prohibits or is473

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construed as prohibiting any pregnant woman or her physician 474 from performing an abortion with the consent of the pregnant 475 woman, with the consent of the pregnant woman implied by law in 476 a medical emergency, or with the approval of one otherwise 477 authorized by law to consent to medical treatment on behalf of 478 the pregnant woman. An abortion that violates the conditions 479 described in the immediately preceding sentence may be punished 480 as a violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 481 2903.05, 2903.06, 2903.08, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.14, 482 2903.21, or 2903.22 of the Revised Code, as applicable. An 483 abortion that does not violate the conditions described in the 484 second immediately preceding sentence, but that does violate 485 section 2919.12, division (B) of section 2919.13, or section 486 2919.15, 2919.151, 2919.17, or 2919.18 of the Revised Code, may 487 be punished as a violation of section 2919.12, division (B) of 488 section 2919.13, or section 2919.15, 2919.151, 2919.17, or 489 2919.18 of the Revised Code, as applicable. Consent is 490 sufficient under this division if it is of the type otherwise 491 adequate to permit medical treatment to the pregnant woman, even 492 if it does not comply with section 2919.12 of the Revised Code. 493

(b) In a manner so that the offense is applied or is
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construed as applying to a woman based on an act or omission of
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the woman that occurs while she is or was pregnant and that
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results in any of the following:
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(i) Her delivery of a stillborn baby;

(ii) Her causing, in any other manner, the death in uteroof a viable, unborn human that she is carrying;500

(iii) Her causing the death of her child who is born alive
but who dies from one or more injuries that are sustained while
the child is a viable, unborn human;

(iv) Her causing her child who is born alive to sustain 504 one or more injuries while the child is a viable, unborn human; 505 (v) Her causing, threatening to cause, or attempting to 506 cause, in any other manner, an injury, illness, or other 507 physiological impairment, regardless of its duration or gravity, 508 or a mental illness or condition, regardless of its duration or 509 gravity, to a viable, unborn human that she is carrying. 510 (C) As used in Title XXIX of the Revised Code: 511 (1) "School safety zone" consists of a school, school 512 building, school premises, school activity, and school bus. 513

(2) "School," "school building," and "school premises"
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have the same meanings as in section 2925.01 of the Revised
Code.
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(3) "School activity" means any activity held under the 517 auspices of a board of education of a city, local, exempted 518 village, joint vocational, or cooperative education school 519 district; a governing authority of a community school 520 established under Chapter 3314. of the Revised Code; a governing 521 board of an educational service center, or the governing body of 522 a school for which the state board of education prescribes 523 minimum standards under section 3301.07 of the Revised Code. 524

(4) "School bus" has the same meaning as in section4511.01 of the Revised Code.526

Section 2. That existing sections 959.06, 959.131, 959.99,527and 2901.01 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.528

Section 3. Section 959.99 of the Revised Code is presented529in this act as a composite of the section as amended by both530H.B. 24 and H.B. 33 of the 133rd General Assembly. The General531

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Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B) of	532
section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be	533
harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation,	534
finds that the composite is the resulting version of the section	535
in effect prior to the effective date of the section as	536
presented in this act.	537