#### As Introduced

# 134th General Assembly Regular Session 2021-2022

S. B. No. 23

#### **Senator Gavarone**

## A BILL

То	amend sections 4511.751 and 4511.76 and to enact	1
	sections 5.501, 4511.752, 4511.753, 4511.754,	2
	4511.755, 4511.756, and 4511.757 of the Revised	3
	Code to impose a civil penalty when a driver who	4
	illegally passes a school bus cannot be	5
	identified, to designate the month of August as	6
	"School Bus Safety Awareness Month," and to	7
	designate this act as the School Bus Safety Act.	8

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 4511.751 and 4511.76 be amended	9
and sections 5.501, 4511.752, 4511.753, 4511.754, 4511.755,	10
4511.756, and 4511.757 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as	11
follows:	12
Sec. 5.501. The month of August is designated as "School	13
Bus Safety Awareness Month" to increase public awareness of the	14
need to properly stop when a stopped school bus is loading and	15
unloading passengers.	16
Sec. 4511.751. (A) As used in this section, "license	17
plate" includes, but is not limited to, any temporary license	18
placard issued under section 4503.182 of the Revised Code or	19

similar law of another jurisdiction.	20
(B) When the operator of a school bus believes that a	21
motorist has violated division (A) of section 4511.75 of the	22
Revised Code, the operator shall report the license plate number	23
and a general description of the vehicle and of the operator of	24
the vehicle to the law enforcement agency exercising	25
jurisdiction over the area where the alleged violation occurred.	26
The information contained in the report relating to the license	27
plate number and to the general description of the vehicle and	28
the operator of the vehicle at the time of the alleged violation	29
may be supplied by any person with first-hand knowledge of the	30
information. Information of which the operator of the school bus	31
has first-hand knowledge also may be corroborated by any other	32
person, or an image, images, or video recorded by a school bus	33
camera installed pursuant to section 4511.76 of the Revised	34
Code.	35
(C) Upon receipt of the report of the alleged violation of	36
division (A) of section 4511.75 of the Revised Code, the law	37
enforcement agency shall conduct an investigation to attempt to	38
determine or confirm the <u>license plate of the vehicle or the</u>	39
identity of the operator of the vehicle at the time of the	40
alleged violation. The law enforcement agency may use a	41
sufficiently clear image, images, or video provided by a school	42
bus camera installed pursuant to section 4511.76 of the Revised	43
Code to determine the identity of the operator of the vehicle or	44
the vehicle's license plate at the time of the alleged	45
violation.	46
(D) If the identity of the operator at the time of the	47
alleged violation is established, the reporting of the license	48
plate number of the vehicle shall establish probable cause for	49

the law enforcement agency to issue a <u>criminal</u> citation for the	50
violation of division (A) of section 4511.75 of the Revised	51
Code. However, if	52
(E) If the identity of the operator of the vehicle at the	53
time of the alleged violation cannot be established, the law	54
enforcement agency shall <del>issue a warning </del> do one of the	55
following, as applicable:	56
(1) Issue a ticket for a civil penalty of three hundred	57
dollars to the registered owner of the vehicle at the time of	58
the alleged violation, except in the case of a leased or rented	59
vehicle when the warning shall be issued to the lessee at the	60
time of the alleged violation in accordance with sections	61
4511.752 to 4511.757 of the Revised Code. A law enforcement	62
agency shall not issue a ticket under this division unless both	63
of the following apply:	64
(a) The entity responsible for operation of the school bus	65
that is the subject of the alleged violation has installed a	66
camera pursuant to section 4511.76 of the Revised Code on all	67
school buses actively operated by the entity;	68
(b) The recorded image meets all requirements necessary to	69
issue a ticket under section 4511.753 of the Revised Code.	70
(2) If a ticket cannot be issued under division (E)(1) of	71
this section, issue a warning to the registered owner of the	72
vehicle at the time of the alleged violation. A law enforcement	73
agency shall issue a warning under this division when the	74
recorded image, images, or video are sufficiently clear to	75
identify the license plate of the vehicle that is the subject of	76
the alleged violation.	77
(F) A law enforcement agency shall not issue both a	78

criminal citation and a civil ticket for a single instance of a	79
violation of division (A) of section 4511.75 of the Revised	80
Code.	81
(G) The registrar of motor vehicles and deputy registrars	82
	83
shall, at the time of issuing license plates to any person,	
include with the license plate a summary of the requirements of	84
division (A) of section 4511.75 of the Revised Code and the	85
procedures of, and penalty in, division (F) of section 4511.75	86
of the Revised Code.	87
Sec. 4511.752. As used in sections 4511.751 to 4511.757	88
and section 4511.76 of the Revised Code:	89
(A) "Designated party" means the person whom the	90
registered owner of a vehicle, upon receipt of a ticket based	91
upon images recorded by a school bus camera that indicate a	92
traffic law violation, identifies as the person who was	93
operating the vehicle of the registered owner at the time of the	94
violation.	95
(B) "Law enforcement officer" means a sheriff, deputy	96
sheriff, marshal, deputy marshal, police officer of a police	97
department of any municipal corporation, police constable of any	98
township, or police officer of a township or joint police	99
district, who is employed on a permanent, full-time basis by a	100
law enforcement agency.	101
(C) "Motor vehicle leasing dealer" has the same meaning as	102
in section 4517.01 of the Revised Code.	103
(D) "Motor vehicle renting dealer" has the same meaning as	104
in section 4549.65 of the Revised Code.	105
(E) "Recorded images" means either of the following	106
images, recorded by a school bus camera, that are sufficiently	107

clear and show, on at least one image or on a portion of the	108
videotape, the rear of a vehicle and the letters and numerals on	109
the rear license plate of the vehicle:	110
(1) Two or more photographs, microphotographs, electronic	111
<pre>images, or digital images;</pre>	112
(2) Videotape.	113
(F) "Registered owner" means all of the following:	114
(1) Any person or entity identified by the bureau of motor	115
vehicles or any other state motor vehicle registration bureau,	116
department, or office as the owner of a vehicle;	117
(2) The lessee of a vehicle under a lease of six months or	118
<pre>longer;</pre>	119
(3) The renter of a vehicle pursuant to a written rental	120
agreement with a motor vehicle renting dealer.	121
(G) "School bus camera" means an electronic system located	122
on a school bus that consists of a photographic, video, or	123
electronic camera, and that can produce recorded images.	124
(H) "Entity responsible for operation of the school bus"	125
means the applicable board of education of a city, local or	126
exempted village school district, the governing board of an	127
educational service center, county boards of developmental	128
disabilities, or the governing authority of all non-public	129
schools, community schools, private contractors, and head start	130
programs that is responsible for the operation of the school bus	131
on which a school bus camera is installed.	132
(I) "Ticket" means any traffic ticket, citation, summons,	133
or other ticket issued in response to an alleged traffic law	134
violation detected by a school bus camera that represents a	135

civil violation.	136
(J) "Traffic law violation" means a violation of division	137
(A) of section 4511.75 of the Revised Code, or a substantially	138
equivalent municipal ordinance, when division (E) of section	139
4511.751 of the Revised Code applies.	140
Sec. 4511.753. (A) (1) Subject to division (E) (1) of	141
section 4511.751 of the Revised Code, when a law enforcement	142
agency receives a report under division (B) of that section, and	143
the identity of the operator of the vehicle at the time of the	144
alleged violation cannot be established, the law enforcement	145
agency may use any lawful means to identify the registered owner	146
for purposes of issuing a ticket under this section to that	147
owner if all of the following are shown on the image recorded by	148
a school bus camera:	149
(a) The traffic law violation;	150
(b) The date and time of the violation;	151
(c) The letter and numerals on the license plate of the	152
vehicle involved and the state that issued the license plate.	153
(2) The fact that a person or entity is the registered	154
owner of a vehicle is prima facie evidence that that person or	155
entity is the person who was operating the vehicle at the time	156
of the traffic law violation.	157
(B) (1) After the identification of the registered owner	158
under division (A) of this section and within thirty days of the	159
traffic law violation, the law enforcement agency may issue and	160
send by regular mail a ticket charging the registered owner with	161
the violation.	162
(2) A traffic law violation for which a ticket is issued	163

by a law enforcement agency based on evidence recorded by a	164
school bus camera is a civil violation. The ticket shall comply	165
with the requirements of section 4511.754 of the Revised Code,	166
and the fine for the ticket is three hundred dollars.	167
(C) A law enforcement agency that mails a ticket charging	168
the registered owner with the traffic law violation shall,	169
without unnecessary delay, file a certified copy of the ticket	170
with the municipal court or county court with jurisdiction over	171
the civil action.	172
(D) A certified copy of the ticket alleging a traffic law	173
violation, sworn to or affirmed by a law enforcement officer	174
employed by the law enforcement agency, including by electronic	175
means, and the recorded images produced by the school bus	176
camera, is prima facie evidence of the facts contained therein	177
and is admissible in a civil action or proceeding concerning the	178
ticket issued under this section.	179
Sec. 4511.754. A law enforcement agency shall ensure that	180
a ticket for a traffic law violation sent under section 4511.753	181
of the Revised Code contains all of the following:	182
(A) The name and address of the registered owner;	183
(B) The letters and numerals appearing on the license	184
<pre>plate issued to the vehicle;</pre>	185
(C) The traffic law violation charged;	186
(D) A statement that the violation was recorded by a	187
<pre>school bus camera;</pre>	188
(E) The date and time of the violation;	189
(F) A copy of the recorded images:	190

(G) The amount of the civil penalty imposed, the date by	191
which the civil penalty is required to be paid, and the address	192
of the municipal court or county court with jurisdiction over	193
the civil action to which the payment is to be sent;	194
(H) A statement signed by a law enforcement officer	195
indicating that, based on an inspection of the recorded images,	196
the vehicle was involved in a traffic law violation and the	197
recorded images are prima facie evidence of that traffic law	198
violation. The law enforcement officer may sign the statement	199
electronically.	200
(I) Information advising the person or entity alleged to	201
be liable of the options prescribed in section 4511.755 of the	202
Revised Code. The law enforcement agency shall include with the	203
information the time, place, and manner in which the person or	204
entity may appear in court to contest the violation and ticket	205
and the procedure for disclaiming liability by submitting an	206
affidavit to the municipal court or county court as prescribed	207
in section 4511.755 of the Revised Code.	208
(J) A warning that failure to exercise one of the options	209
prescribed in section 4511.755 of the Revised Code is deemed to	210
be an admission of liability and waiver of the opportunity to	211
contest the violation.	212
Sec. 4511.755. A person or entity who receives a ticket	213
for a civil violation sent under section 4511.753 of the Revised	214
Code shall elect to do one of the following:	215
(A) In accordance with instructions on the ticket, pay the	216
civil penalty, thereby admitting liability and waiving the	217
opportunity to contest the violation;	218
(B)(1) Within thirty days after receipt of the ticket.	210

provide the municipal court or county court with jurisdiction	220
over the civil action with either of the following affidavits:	221
(a) An affidavit executed by the registered owner and the	222
operator of the vehicle at the time of the violation identifying	223
that operator as the designated party who may be held liable for	224
the violation, and containing at a minimum the name and address	225
of that designated party;	226
(b) An affidavit executed by the registered owner stating	227
that at the time of the violation, the vehicle or the license	228
plates issued to the vehicle were stolen and therefore were in	229
the care, custody, or control of some person or entity to whom	230
the registered owner did not grant permission to use the	231
vehicle. To demonstrate that the vehicle or the license plates	232
were stolen prior to the traffic law violation and therefore	233
were not under the control or possession of the registered owner	234
at the time of the violation, the registered owner shall submit	235
proof that a report about the stolen vehicle or license plates	236
was filed with the appropriate law enforcement agency prior to	237
the violation or within forty-eight hours after the violation	238
occurred.	239
(2) A registered owner is not responsible for a traffic	240
law violation if, within thirty days after the date of mailing	241
of the ticket, the registered owner furnishes an affidavit	242
specified in division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section to the	243
court with jurisdiction in a form established by the court and	244
<pre>the following conditions are met:</pre>	245
(a) If the registered owner and the operator of the	246
vehicle at the time of the violation submit an affidavit as	247
specified in division (B)(1)(a) of this section, the operator as	248
the designated party either accepts liability for the violation	249

by paying the civil penalty or by failing to request a court	250
hearing within thirty days or is determined liable in a court	251
hearing.	252
(b) If the registered owner submits an affidavit as	253
specified in division (B)(1)(b) of this section, the affidavit	254
is supported by a stolen vehicle or stolen license plate report	255
as required in that division.	256
(C) If the registered owner is a motor vehicle leasing	257
dealer or a motor vehicle renting dealer, notify the court with	258
jurisdiction of the name and address of the lessee or renter of	259
the vehicle at the time of the traffic law violation. The court	260
shall establish the form of the notice. A motor vehicle leasing	261
dealer or motor vehicle renting dealer who receives a ticket for	262
an alleged traffic law violation detected by a school bus camera	263
is not liable for a ticket issued for a vehicle that was in the	264
care, custody, or control of a lessee or renter at the time of	265
the alleged violation. The dealer shall not pay such a ticket	266
and subsequently attempt to collect a fee or assess the lessee	267
or renter a charge for any payment of such a ticket made on	268
behalf of the lessee or renter.	269
(D) If the vehicle involved in the traffic law violation	270
is a commercial motor vehicle and the ticket is issued to a	271
corporate entity, provide to the court with jurisdiction an	272
affidavit in a form established by the court, sworn to or	273
affirmed by an agent of the corporate entity, that provides the	274
name and address of the employee who was operating the vehicle	275
at the time of the alleged violation and who is the designated	276
party;	277
(E) Contest the ticket by filing a written request for a	278
court hearing to review the ticket in a form established by the	279

court. The person shall file the written request not later than	280
thirty days after receipt of the ticket. The failure to request	281
a hearing within this time period constitutes a waiver of the	282
right to contest the violation and ticket, and is deemed to	283
constitute an admission of liability.	284
Sec. 4511.756. (A) (1) A court with jurisdiction that	285
receives an affidavit described in division (B)(1)(a) or (D) of	286
section 4511.755 of the Revised Code or a notification under	287
division (C) of that section from a registered owner may proceed	288
to notify the law enforcement agency to send a ticket that	289
conforms with this section and section 4511.754 of the Revised	290
Code to the designated party.	291
(2) The law enforcement agency shall send the conforming	292
ticket to the designated party by ordinary mail not later than	293
twenty-one days after receipt of the notification from the	294
court.	295
(B) (1) If the court finds by a preponderance of the	296
evidence that the alleged traffic law violation did in fact	297
occur and that the person named in the original or any	298
subsequent ticket is the person who was operating the vehicle at	299
the time of the violation, the court shall issue a written	300
decision imposing liability for the violation upon the	301
individual and submit it to the law enforcement agency and the	302
person named in the ticket.	303
(2) If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence	304
that the alleged traffic law violation did not occur or did in	305
fact occur but the person named in the original or any	306
subsequent ticket is not the person who was operating the	307
vehicle at the time of the violation, the court shall issue a	308
written decision finding that the individual is not liable for	309

the violation and submit it to the law enforcement agency and	310
the person named in the ticket.	311
(3) If the person who requested the court hearing fails to	312
appear, the court shall determine that the person is liable for	313
the violation. In such a case, the court shall issue a written	314
decision imposing liability for the violation upon the	315
individual and submit it to the law enforcement agency and the	316
person named in the ticket.	317
(4) The court shall render a decision on the day a hearing	318
takes place.	319
(C) The court shall charge the applicable court costs and	320
fees for the civil action to the party that does not prevail in	321
the action.	322
Sec. 4511.757. (A) The three-hundred-dollar civil penalty	323
charged under division (E) of section 4511.751 of the Revised	324
<pre>Code shall be distributed as follows:</pre>	325
(1) Twenty-five dollars to the political subdivision with	326
jurisdiction over the law enforcement officer who issued the	327
<pre>ticket;</pre>	328
(2) Twenty-five dollars to the school bus safety and	329
education fund created in division (B) of this section;	330
(3) Two hundred fifty dollars to the entity responsible	331
for operation of the school bus. Of that amount, if the entity	332
responsible for operation of the school bus is under contract	333
with a company to install and manage cameras on the entity's	334
school buses, the entity shall pay not more than one hundred	335
fifty dollars to the company.	336
Nothing in this division shall be construed to require an	337

entity responsible for operation of a school bus to enter into a	338
contract with a company to install and manage cameras on the	339
<pre>entity's school buses.</pre>	340
(B) There is hereby created in the state treasury the	341
school bus safety and education fund. The fund shall consist of	342
a portion of the money received from the issuance of civil	343
penalties for traffic law violations. The superintendent of	344
public instruction shall use money in the fund to enhance school	345
bus safety and raise public awareness of the laws governing	346
school bus safety. All investment earnings of the fund shall be	347
<pre>credited to the fund.</pre>	348
Sec. 4511.76. (A) The department of public safety, by and	349
with the advice of the superintendent of public instruction,	350
shall adopt and enforce rules relating to the construction,	351
design, and equipment of all school buses both publicly and	352
privately owned and operated in this state, including lighting	353
rules governing both of the following:	354
(1) Lighting equipment required by section 4511.771 of the	355
Revised Code, of all school buses both publicly and privately	356
owned and operated in this state;	357
(2) A school bus camera that provides an image, images, or	358
video solely for purposes of recording a violation of division	359
(A) of section 4511.75 of the Revised Code.	360
(B) The department of education, by and with the advice of	361
the director of public safety, shall adopt and enforce rules	362
relating to the operation of all vehicles used for pupil	363
transportation.	364
(C) No person shall operate a vehicle used for pupil	365
transportation within this state in violation of the rules of	366

S. B. No. 23 Page 14 As Introduced

the department of education or the department of public safety.	367
No person, being the owner thereof or having the supervisory	368
responsibility therefor, shall permit the operation of a vehicle	369
used for pupil transportation within this state in violation of	370
the rules of the department of education or the department of	371
public safety.	372
(D) The department of public safety shall adopt and	373
enforce rules relating to the issuance of a license under	374
section 4511.763 of the Revised Code. The rules may relate to	375
the moral character of the applicant; the condition of the	376
equipment to be operated; the liability and property damage	377
insurance carried by the applicant; the posting of satisfactory	378
and sufficient bond; and such other rules as the director of	379
public safety determines reasonably necessary for the safety of	380
the pupils to be transported.	381
(E) A chartered nonpublic school may own and operate, or	382
contract with a vendor that supplies, a vehicle originally	383
designed for not more than nine passengers, not including the	384
driver, to transport students to and from regularly scheduled	385
school sessions when one of the following applies:	386
(1) A student's school district of residence has declared	387
the transportation of the student impractical pursuant to	388
section 3327.02 of the Revised Code; or	389
(2) A student does not live within thirty minutes of the	390
chartered nonpublic school and the student's school district is	391
not required to transport the student under section 3327.01 of	392
the Revised Code.	393
(F) As used in this section, "vehicle used for pupil	394

transportation" means any vehicle that is identified as such by

395

S. B. No. 23 Page 15 As Introduced

the department of education by rule and that is subject to	396
Chapter 3301-83 of the Administrative Code.	397
(G) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	398
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If the	399
offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to	400
one or more violations of this section or section 4511.63,	401
4511.761, 4511.762, 4511.764, 4511.77, or 4511.79 of the Revised	402
Code or a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to	403
any of those sections, whoever violates this section is guilty	404
of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	405
Section 2. That existing sections 4511.751 and 4511.76 of	406
the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	407
Section 3. This act shall be known as the School Bus	408
Safety Act.	409