As Introduced

134th General Assembly Regular Session 2021-2022

S. B. No. 295

Senator Maharath

Cosponsors: Senators Fedor, Sykes, Yuko

A BILL

То	amend sections 4111.02, 4111.08, 4111.10,	1
	4111.13, 4111.14, 4111.99, 4112.01, 4112.02, and	2
	4112.052 and to enact sections 4111.021,	3
	4111.031, and 4112.025 of the Revised Code	4
	regarding wages, overtime, and other matters	5
	related to the employment of domestic workers.	6

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 4111.02, 4111.08, 4111.10,	7
4111.13, 4111.14, 4111.99, 4112.01, 4112.02, and 4112.052 be	8
amended and sections 4111.021, 4111.031, and 4112.025 of the	9
Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	10
Sec. 4111.02. Every Except as provided in section 4111.021	11
of the Revised Code, every employer, as defined in Section 34a	12
of Article II, Ohio Constitution, shall pay each of the	13
employer's employees at a wage rate of not less than the wage	14
rate specified in Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution.	15
The director of commerce annually shall adjust the wage	16
rate as specified in Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	17
Constitution.	18

No political subdivision shall establish a minimum wage	19
rate different from the wage rate required under this section.	20
As used in this section, "employee" has the same meaning	21
as in section 4111.14 of the Revised Code.	22
Sec. 4111.021. (A) As used in this section:	23
(1) "Domestic worker" has the same meaning as in section	24
4112.01 of the Revised Code.	25
(2) "Employer" means any person employing a domestic	26
worker.	27
(B) Every employer shall pay each of the employer's	28
domestic workers at a wage rate that is not less than the higher	20
of the following:	30
<u>or the following.</u>	50
(1) The highest wage rate calculated by the director of	31
commerce in accordance with Ohio Constitution, Article II,	32
Section 34a, and section 4111.02 of the Revised Code;	33
(2) The hourly basic minimum wage specified in section	34
206(a)(1) of the "Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938," 29 U.S.C.	35
<u>206(a)(1).</u>	36
Sec. 4111.031. (A) As used in this section:	37
(1) "Domestic worker" has the same meaning as in section	38
4112.01 of the Revised Code.	39
(2) "Employer" means any person employing a domestic	40
worker.	41
(B) No domestic worker shall be required to work more than	42
eight hours in a day for an employer. A domestic worker may work	43
for more than eight hours in a day if the domestic worker agrees	44
to work and is paid at an increased rate agreed on by the	45
of norm and to para at an instruction fact agreed on by the	10

in that day in excess of eight hours. 47 (C) No domestic worker shall be required to work more than 48 forty hours in any week, or forty-four hours in a week if the 49 domestic worker resides in the home of the domestic worker's 50 employer, unless the domestic worker's employer compensates the 51 domestic worker at a rate that is at least one and one-half 52 times the worker's normal wage rate for any additional hours of 53 work in excess of forty hours or forty-four hours, as 54 applicable. 55 (D) Every domestic worker shall be allowed at least 56 twenty-four consecutive hours of rest every calendar week. 57 During that period of rest the domestic worker shall not be 58 required to work for the employer. This rest period shall, 59 whenever possible, coincide with the traditional day reserved by 60 the domestic worker for religious worship. Except as provided in 61 division (E) of this section, a domestic worker's employer shall 62 not be required to pay the domestic worker for a period of rest 63 described in this section. 64 (E) In addition to the rest period required by division 65 (D) of this section, a domestic worker who has worked for the 66 domestic worker's employer for more than a year shall be 67 entitled to at least three days of rest in each calendar year 68 for which the domestic worker shall be compensated by the 69 employer at the domestic worker's normal wage rate. 70 (F) Nothing in division (D) of this section shall be 71 construed to prohibit a domestic worker from agreeing to work 72

employer and the domestic worker for any amount of time worked

during the domestic worker's rest period as described in that73division, provided that the worker receives compensation for the74work at a rate of at least one and one-half times the domestic75

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worker's normal wage rate.

Sec. 4111.08. Every employer subject to section 4111.03 of 77 the Revised Code with respect to employees, and every employer 78 subject to section 4111.031 of the Revised Code with respect to 79 domestic workers, or to any rule adopted thereunder under those 80 sections, shall make and keep for a period of not less than 81 three years a record of the name, address, and occupation of 82 each of the employer's employees or domestic workers, the rate 83 of pay and the amount paid each pay period to each employee or 84 domestic worker, the hours worked each day and each work week by 85 the employee or domestic worker, and other information as the 86 director of commerce prescribes by rule as necessary or 87 appropriate for the enforcement of section sections 4111.03 and 88 4111.031 of the Revised Code, or of the rules thereunder. 89 Records may be opened for inspection or copying by the director 90 at any reasonable time. 91

Sec. 4111.10. (A) Any employer who pays any employee less 92 than wages to which the employee is entitled under section 93 4111.03 of the Revised Code, and any employer who pays a 94 95 domestic worker less than wages to which the domestic worker is entitled under section 4111.031 of the Revised Code, is liable 96 to the employee or domestic worker affected for the full amount 97 of the overtime wage rate, less any amount actually paid to the 98 employee or domestic worker by the employer, and for costs and 99 reasonable attorney's fees as may be allowed by the court. Any 100 agreement between the employee or domestic worker and the an 101 employer to work for less than the overtime wage rate is no 102 defense to an action. 103

(B) At the written request of any employee <u>or domestic</u>
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 worker paid less than the wages to which the employee <u>or</u>
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domestic worker is entitled under section 4111.03 or 4111.031 of106the Revised Code, respectively, the director of commerce may107take an assignment of a wage claim in trust for the assigning108employee or domestic worker and may bring any legal action109necessary to collect the claim. The employer shall pay the costs110and reasonable attorney's fees allowed by the court.111

Sec. 4111.13. (A) No employer shall <u>hinder do any of the</u> <u>following:</u>

(1) <u>Hinder</u> or delay the director of commerce in the 114 performance of the director's duties in the enforcement of 115 sections 4111.01 to 4111.17 of the Revised Code, or refuse to 116 admit the director to any place of employment, or fail to make, 117 keep, and preserve any records as required under those sections, 118 or falsify any of those records, or refuse to make them 119 accessible to the director upon demand, or refuse to furnish 120 them or any other information required for the proper 121 enforcement of those sections to the director upon demand, or 122 fail to post a summary of those sections or a copy of any 123 applicable rules as required by section 4111.09 of the Revised 124 125 Code. Each day of violation constitutes a separate offense.

(B) No employer shall discharge (2) Discharge or in any 126 other manner discriminate against any employee or domestic 127 worker because the employee or domestic worker has made any 128 complaint to the employee's employer, or to the director, that 129 the employee or domestic worker has not been paid wages in 130 accordance with sections 4111.01 to 4111.17 of the Revised Code, 131 or because the employee or domestic worker has made any 132 complaint or is about to cause to be instituted any proceeding 133 under or related to those sections, or because the employee or 134 <u>domestic worker</u> has testified or is about to testify in any 135

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proceeding.	
(C) No employer shall pay <u>(</u>3) Pay or agree to pay wages at	137
a rate less than the rate applicable under sections 4111.01 to	138
4111.17 of the Revised Code. Each week or portion thereof for	139
which the employer pays any employee <u>or domestic worker</u> less	140
than the rate applicable under those sections constitutes a	141
separate offense as to each employer.	142
(D) No employer shall otherwise (4) Otherwise violate	143
sections 4111.01 to 4111.17 of the Revised Code, or any rule	144
adopted thereunder. Each day of violation constitutes a separate	145
offense.	146
(B) The culpability sufficient to commit a violation of	147
division (A) of this section is as follows:	148
(1) Negligence if the violation involves a domestic	149
worker;	150
(2) Reckless if the violation involves an employee.	151
Sec. 4111.14. (A) Pursuant to the general assembly's	152
authority to establish a minimum wage under Section 34 of	153
Article II, Ohio Constitution, this section is in implementation	154
of Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution. In implementing	155
Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution, the general	156
assembly hereby finds that the purpose of Section 34a of Article	157
II, Ohio Constitution, is to:	158
(1) Ensure that Ohio employees, as defined in division (B)	159
(1) of this section, are paid the wage rate required by Section	160
34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution;	161
(2) Ensure that covered Ohio employers maintain certain	162
records that are directly related to the enforcement of the wage	163

rate requirements in Section 34a of Article II, Ohio 164 Constitution; 165

(3) Ensure that Ohio employees who are paid the wage rate required by Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution, may 167 enforce their right to receive that wage rate in the manner set 168 forth in Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution; and

(4) Protect the privacy of Ohio employees' pay and 170 personal information specified in Section 34a of Article II, 171 Ohio Constitution, by restricting an employee's access, and 172 173 access by a person acting on behalf of that employee, to the employee's own pay and personal information. 174

(B) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio 175 Constitution, the terms "employer," "employee," "employ," 176 "person," and "independent contractor" have the same meanings as 177 in the "Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938," 52 Stat. 1060, 29 178 U.S.C. 203, as amended. In construing the meaning of these 179 terms, due consideration and great weight shall be given to the 180 United States department of labor's and federal courts' 181 interpretations of those terms under the Fair Labor Standards 182 Act and its regulations. As used in division (B) of this 183 section: 184

(1) "Employee" means individuals employed in Ohio, but 185 does not mean individuals who are excluded from the definition 186 of "employee" under 29 U.S.C. 203(e) or individuals who are 187 exempted from the minimum wage requirements in 29 U.S.C. 213 and 188 from the definition of "employee" in this chapter. 189

(2) "Employ" and "employee" do not include any person 190 acting as a volunteer. In construing who is a volunteer, 191 "volunteer" shall have the same meaning as in sections 553.101 192

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to 553.106 of Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as 193 amended, and due consideration and great weight shall be given 194 to the United States department of labor's and federal courts' 195 interpretations of the term "volunteer" under the Fair Labor 196 Standards Act and its regulations. 197

(3) "Employer" includes any person employing a domestic 198 worker as defined in section 4112.01 of the Revised Code. 199 "Employer" does not include a franchisor with respect to the 200 franchisor's relationship with a franchisee or an employee of a 201 202 franchisee, unless the franchisor agrees to assume that role in writing or a court of competent jurisdiction determines that the 203 franchisor exercises a type or degree of control over the 204 franchisee or the franchisee's employees that is not customarily 205 exercised by a franchisor for the purpose of protecting the 206 franchisor's trademark, brand, or both. For purposes of this 207 division, "franchisor" and "franchisee" have the same meanings 208 as in 16 C.F.R. 436.1. 209

(4) Subject to division (B) (5) of this section, "employee"
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does not include an individual who operates a vehicle or vessel
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in the performance of services for or on behalf of a motor
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carrier transporting property and to whom all of the following
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factors apply:

(a) The individual owns the vehicle or vessel that is used 215 in performing the services for or on behalf of the carrier, or 216 the individual leases the vehicle or vessel under a bona fide 217 lease agreement that is not a temporary replacement lease 218 agreement. For purposes of this division, a bona fide lease 219 agreement does not include an agreement between the individual 220 and the motor carrier transporting property for which, or on 221 whose behalf, the individual provides services. 222

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(b) The individual is responsible for supplying the
necessary personal services to operate the vehicle or vessel
used to provide the service.

(c) The compensation paid to the individual is based on
factors related to work performed, including on a mileage-based
rate or a percentage of any schedule of rates, and not solely on
the basis of the hours or time expended.

(d) The individual substantially controls the means and
manner of performing the services, in conformance with
regulatory requirements and specifications of the shipper.
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(e) The individual enters into a written contract with the
 carrier for whom the individual is performing the services that
 carries the relationship between the individual and the
 carrier to be that of an independent contractor and not that of
 an employee.

(f) The individual is responsible for substantially all of 238 the principal operating costs of the vehicle or vessel and 239 equipment used to provide the services, including maintenance, 240 fuel, repairs, supplies, vehicle or vessel insurance, and 241 personal expenses, except that the individual may be paid by the 242 carrier the carrier's fuel surcharge and incidental costs, 243 including tolls, permits, and lumper fees. 244

(g) The individual is responsible for any economic loss or 245economic gain from the arrangement with the carrier. 246

(5) A motor carrier may elect to consider an individual
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 described in division (B) (4) of this section as an employee for
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 purposes of this section.

(6) "Motor carrier" has the same meaning as in section4923.01 of the Revised Code.251

(C) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio 252 Constitution, the state may issue licenses to employers 253 authorizing payment of a wage below that required by Section 34a 254 of Article II, Ohio Constitution, to individuals with mental or 255 physical disabilities that may otherwise adversely affect their 256 opportunity for employment. In issuing such licenses, the state 257 shall abide by the rules adopted pursuant to section 4111.06 of 258 the Revised Code. 259

(D) (1) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution, individuals employed in or about the property of an employer or an individual's residence on a casual basis are not included within the coverage of Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution. As used in division (D) of this section:

(a) "Casual basis" means employment that is irregular or intermittent and that is not performed by an individual whose vocation is to be employed in or about the property of the employer or individual's residence. In construing who is employed on a "casual basis," due consideration and great weight shall be given to the United States department of labor's and federal courts' interpretations of the term "casual basis" under the Fair Labor Standards Act and its regulations.

(b) "An individual employed in or about the property of an employer or individual's residence" means an individual employed on a casual basis or an individual employed in or about a residence on a casual basis, respectively.

(2) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio
Constitution, employees of a solely family-owned and operated
business who are family members of an owner are not included
within the coverage of Section 34a of Article II, Ohio
Constitution. As used in division (D) (2) of this section,

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"family member" means a parent, spouse, child, stepchild, sibling, grandparent, grandchild, or other member of an owner's immediate family.

(E) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio
Constitution, an employer shall at the time of hire provide an
employee with the employer's name, address, telephone number,
and other contact information and update such information when
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it changes. As used in division (E) of this section:

(1) "Other contact information" may include, where 290 applicable, the address of the employer's internet site on the 291 world wide web, the employer's electronic mail address, fax 292 number, or the name, address, and telephone number of the 293 employer's statutory agent. "Other contact information" does not 294 include the name, address, telephone number, fax number, 295 internet site address, or electronic mail address of any 296 employee, shareholder, officer, director, supervisor, manager, 297 or other individual employed by or associated with an employer. 298

(2) "When it changes" means that the employer shall 299 provide its employees with the change in its name, address, 300 telephone number, or other contact information within sixty 301 business days after the change occurs. The employer shall 302 provide the changed information by using any of its usual 303 methods of communicating with its employees, including, but not 304 limited to, listing the change on the employer's internet site 305 on the world wide web, internal computer network, or a bulletin 306 board where it commonly posts employee communications or by 307 insertion or inclusion with employees' paychecks or pay stubs. 308

(F) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio
Constitution, an employer shall maintain a record of the name,
address, occupation, pay rate, hours worked for each day worked,
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and each amount paid an employee for a period of not less than three years following the last date the employee was employed by that employer. As used in division (F) of this section:

(1) "Address" means an employee's home address as
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maintained in the employer's personnel file or personnel
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database for that employee.
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(2) (a) With respect to employees who are not exempt from
the overtime pay requirements of the Fair Labor Standards Act or
this chapter, "pay rate" means an employee's base rate of pay.
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(b) With respect to employees who are exempt from the 321 322 overtime pay requirements of the Fair Labor Standards Act or this chapter, "pay rate" means an employee's annual base salary 323 or other rate of pay by which the particular employee qualifies 324 for that exemption under the Fair Labor Standards Act or this 325 chapter, but does not include bonuses, stock options, 326 incentives, deferred compensation, or any other similar form of 327 compensation. 328

(3) "Record" means the name, address, occupation, pay 329 rate, hours worked for each day worked, and each amount paid an 330 employee in one or more documents, databases, or other paper or 331 electronic forms of record-keeping maintained by an employer. No 332 one particular method or form of maintaining such a record or 333 records is required under this division. An employer is not 334 required to create or maintain a single record containing only 335 the employee's name, address, occupation, pay rate, hours worked 336 for each day worked, and each amount paid an employee. An 337 employer shall maintain a record or records from which the 338 employee or person acting on behalf of that employee could 339 reasonably review the information requested by the employee or 340 341 person.

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An employer is not required to maintain the records 342 specified in division (F)(3) of this section for any period 343 before January 1, 2007. On and after January 1, 2007, the 344 employer shall maintain the records required by division (F)(3) 345 of this section for three years from the date the hours were 346 worked by the employee and for three years after the date the 347 employee's employment ends. 348

(4) (a) Except for individuals specified in division (F) (4) 349 (b) of this section, "hours worked for each day worked" means 350 the total amount of time worked by an employee in whatever 351 352 increments the employer uses for its payroll purposes during a day worked by the employee. An employer is not required to keep 353 a record of the time of day an employee begins and ends work on 354 any given day. As used in division (F)(4) of this section, "day" 355 means a fixed period of twenty-four consecutive hours during 356 which an employee performs work for an employer. 357

(b) An employer is not required to keep records of "hours358worked for each day worked" for individuals for whom the359employer is not required to keep those records under the Fair360Labor Standards Act and its regulations or individuals who are361not subject to the overtime pay requirements specified in362section sections 4111.03 and 4111.031 of the Revised Code.363

(5) "Each amount paid an employee" means the total gross
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wages paid to an employee for each pay period. As used in
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division (F) (5) of this section, "pay period" means the period
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of time designated by an employer to pay an employee the
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employee's gross wages in accordance with the employer's payroll
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practices under section 4113.15 of the Revised Code.

(G) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio 370Constitution, an employer must provide such information without 371

charge to an employee or person acting on behalf of an employee 372 upon request. As used in division (G) of this section: 373 (1) "Such information" means the name, address, 374 occupation, pay rate, hours worked for each day worked, and each 375 amount paid for the specific employee who has requested that 376 specific employee's own information and does not include the 377 name, address, occupation, pay rate, hours worked for each day 378 worked, or each amount paid of any other employee of the 379 employer. "Such information" does not include hours worked for 380 each day worked by individuals for whom an employer is not 381 required to keep that information under the Fair Labor Standards 382 Act and its regulations or individuals who are not subject to 383 the overtime pay requirements specified in section sections 384 4111.03 and 4111.031 of the Revised Code. 385 (2) "Acting on behalf of an employee" means a person 386 acting on behalf of an employee as any of the following: 387 (a) The certified or legally recognized collective 388 bargaining representative for that employee under the applicable 389 federal law or Chapter 4117. of the Revised Code; 390 (b) The employee's attorney; 391 (c) The employee's parent, guardian, or legal custodian. 392 A person "acting on behalf of an employee" must be 393 specifically authorized by an employee in order to make a 394 request for that employee's own name, address, occupation, pay 395 rate, hours worked for each day worked, and each amount paid to 396 that employee. 397

(3) "Provide" means that an employer shall provide the
requested information within thirty business days after the date
the employer receives the request, unless either of the
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following occurs:	401
(a) The employer and the employee or person acting on	402
behalf of the employee agree to some alternative time period for	403
providing the information.	404
(b) The thirty-day period would cause a hardship on the	405
employer under the circumstances, in which case the employer	406
must provide the requested information as soon as practicable.	407
(4) A "request" made by an employee or a person acting on	408
behalf of an employee means a request by an employee or a person	409
acting on behalf of an employee for the employee's own	410
information. The employer may require that the employee provide	411
the employer with a written request that has been signed by the	412
employee and notarized and that reasonably specifies the	413
particular information being requested. The employer may require	414
that the person acting on behalf of an employee provide the	415
employer with a written request that has been signed by the	416
employee whose information is being requested and notarized and	417
that reasonably specifies the particular information being	418
requested.	419

(H) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio 420 Constitution, an employee, person acting on behalf of one or 421 422 more employees, and any other interested party may file a 423 complaint with the state for a violation of any provision of Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution, or any law or 424 regulation implementing its provisions. Such complaint shall be 425 promptly investigated and resolved by the state. The employee's 426 name shall be kept confidential unless disclosure is necessary 427 to resolution of a complaint and the employee consents to 428 disclosure. As used in division (H) of this section: 429

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(1) "Complaint" means a complaint of an alleged violation	430
pertaining to harm suffered by the employee filing the	431
complaint, by a person acting on behalf of one or more	432
employees, or by an interested party.	433
(2) "Acting on behalf of one or more employees" has the	434
same meaning as "acting on behalf of an employee" in division	435
(G)(2) of this section. Each employee must provide a separate	436
written and notarized authorization before the person acting on	437
that employee's or those employees' behalf may request the name,	438
address, occupation, pay rate, hours worked for each day worked,	439
and each amount paid for the particular employee.	440
(3) "Interested party" means a party who alleges to be	441
injured by the alleged violation and who has standing to file a	442
complaint under common law principles of standing.	443
(4) "Resolved by the state" means that the complaint has	444
been resolved to the satisfaction of the state.	445
(5) "Shall be kept confidential" means that the state	446
shall keep the name of the employee confidential as required by	447
division (H) of this section.	448
(I) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	449
Constitution, the state may on its own initiative investigate an	450
employer's compliance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio	451
Constitution, and any law or regulation implementing Section 34a	452
of Article II, Ohio Constitution. The employer shall make	453
available to the state any records related to such investigation	454
and other information required for enforcement of Section 34a of	455
Article II, Ohio Constitution or any law or regulation	456
implementing Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution. The	457
state shall investigate an employer's compliance with this	458

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section in accordance with the procedures described in section 459 4111.04 of the Revised Code. All records and information related 460 to investigations by the state are confidential and are not a 461 public record subject to section 149.43 of the Revised Code. 462 This division does not prevent the state from releasing to or 463 exchanging with other state and federal wage and hour regulatory 464 authorities information related to investigations. 465

(J) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio 466 Constitution, damages shall be calculated as an additional two 467 times the amount of the back wages and in the case of a 468 violation of an anti-retaliation provision an amount set by the 469 state or court sufficient to compensate the employee and deter 470 future violations, but not less than one hundred fifty dollars 471 for each day that the violation continued. The "not less than 472 one hundred fifty dollar" penalty specified in division (J) of 473 this section shall be imposed only for violations of the anti-474 retaliation provision in Section 34a of Article II, Ohio 475 Constitution. 476

(K) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio 477 Constitution, an action for equitable and monetary relief may be 478 brought against an employer by the attorney general and/or an 479 employee or person acting on behalf of an employee or all 480 similarly situated employees in any court of competent 481 jurisdiction, including the court of common pleas of an 482 employee's county of residence, for any violation of Section 34a 483 of Article II, Ohio Constitution, or any law or regulation 484 implementing its provisions within three years of the violation 485 or of when the violation ceased if it was of a continuing 486 nature, or within one year after notification to the employee of 487 final disposition by the state of a complaint for the same 488 violation, whichever is later. 489 (1) As used in division (K) of this section,
"notification" means the date on which the notice was sent to
the employee by the state.

(2) No employee shall join as a party plaintiff in any
(2) No employee shall join as a party plaintiff in any
(2) No employee shall join as a party plaintiff in any
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(3) A civil action regarding an alleged violation of this section shall be maintained only under division (K) of this section. This division does not preclude the joinder in a single civil action of an action under this division and an action under section 4111.10 of the Revised Code.

(4) Any agreement between an employee and employer to workfor less than the wage rate specified in Section 34a of ArticleII, Ohio Constitution, is no defense to an action under thissection.

(L) In accordance with Section 34a of Article II, Ohio 509 Constitution, there shall be no exhaustion requirement, no 510 procedural, pleading, or burden of proof requirements beyond 511 those that apply generally to civil suits in order to maintain 512 such action and no liability for costs or attorney's fees on an 513 employee except upon a finding that such action was frivolous in 514 accordance with the same standards that apply generally in civil 515 suits. Nothing in division (L) of this section affects the right 516 of an employer and employee to agree to submit a dispute under 517 this section to alternative dispute resolution, including, but 518 not limited to, arbitration, in lieu of maintaining the civil 519

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suit specified in division (K) of this section. Nothing in this520division limits the state's ability to investigate or enforce521this section.522

(M) An employer who provides such information specified in 523 Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution, shall be immune 524 from any civil liability for injury, death, or loss to person or 525 property that otherwise might be incurred or imposed as a result 526 of providing that information to an employee or person acting on 527 behalf of an employee in response to a request by the employee 528 529 or person, and the employer shall not be subject to the provisions of Chapters 1347. and 1349. of the Revised Code to 530 the extent that such provisions would otherwise apply. As used 531 in division (M) of this section, "such information," "acting on 532 behalf of an employee," and "request" have the same meanings as 533 in division (G) of this section. 534

(N) As used in this section, "the state" means the director of commerce.

Sec. 4111.99. (A) Whoever violates division (A) (1) or (D)537(4) of section 4111.13 of the Revised Code is guilty of a538misdemeanor of the fourth degree.539

(B) Whoever violates division (B) - (A)(2) or (C) - (3) of 540 section 4111.13 of the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor 541 of the third degree. 542

(C) Whoever violates section 4111.17 of the Revised Code 543is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. 544

Sec. 4112.01. (A) As used in this chapter:

(1) "Person" includes one or more individuals,
 partnerships, associations, organizations, corporations, legal
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 representatives, trustees, trustees in bankruptcy, receivers,
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and other organized groups of persons. "Person" also includes,549but is not limited to, any owner, lessor, assignor, builder,550manager, broker, salesperson, appraiser, agent, employee,551lending institution, and the state and all political552subdivisions, authorities, agencies, boards, and commissions of553the state.554

(2) "Employer" means the state, any political subdivision
(2) "Employer" means the state, any political subdivision
(2) "Employer" means the state, any person employing four or more persons
(2) of the state, any person employing a domestic worker, for
(2) of the Revised Code, and any agent
(2) of the state, political subdivision, or person.

(3) "Employee" means an individual employed by any employer but does not include, except for purposes of section <u>4112.025 of the Revised Code</u>, any individual employed in the domestic service of any person.

(4) "Labor organization" includes any organization that
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(4) bargaining or of dealing with employers concerning grievances,
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(4) terms or conditions of employment, or other mutual aid or
(4) terms or condition to employment.

(5) "Employment agency" includes any person regularly
undertaking, with or without compensation, to procure
opportunities to work or to procure, recruit, refer, or place
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(6) "Commission" means the Ohio civil rights commission573created by section 4112.03 of the Revised Code.574

(7) "Discriminate" includes segregate or separate. 575

(8) "Unlawful discriminatory practice" means any act
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 prohibited by section 4112.02, 4112.021, or 4112.022, or
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Page 20

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4112.025 of the Revised Code.

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Page 21

(9) "Place of public accommodation" means any inn,
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restaurant, eating house, barbershop, public conveyance by air,
1and, or water, theater, store, other place for the sale of
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merchandise, or any other place of public accommodation or
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amusement of which the accommodations, advantages, facilities,
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or privileges are available to the public.

(10) "Housing accommodations" includes any building or 585 structure, or portion of a building or structure, that is used 586 or occupied or is intended, arranged, or designed to be used or 587 occupied as the home residence, dwelling, dwelling unit, or 588 sleeping place of one or more individuals, groups, or families 589 whether or not living independently of each other; and any 590 vacant land offered for sale or lease. "Housing accommodations" 591 also includes any housing accommodations held or offered for 592 sale or rent by a real estate broker, salesperson, or agent, by 593 any other person pursuant to authorization of the owner, by the 594 owner, or by the owner's legal representative. 595

(11) "Restrictive covenant" means any specification 596 limiting the transfer, rental, lease, or other use of any 597 housing accommodations because of race, color, religion, sex, 598 military status, familial status, national origin, disability, 599 or ancestry, or any limitation based upon affiliation with or 600 approval by any person, directly or indirectly, employing race, 601 color, religion, sex, military status, familial status, national 602 origin, disability, or ancestry as a condition of affiliation or 603 approval. 604

(12) "Burial lot" means any lot for the burial of deceased
persons within any public burial ground or cemetery, including,
but not limited to, cemeteries owned and operated by municipal
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corporations, townships, or companies or associations	608
incorporated for cemetery purposes.	609
(13) "Disability" means a physical or mental impairment	610
that substantially limits one or more major life activities,	611
including the functions of caring for one's self, performing	612
manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing,	613
learning, and working; a record of a physical or mental	614
impairment; or being regarded as having a physical or mental	615
impairment.	616
(14) Except as otherwise provided in section 4112.021 of	617
the Revised Code, "age" means an individual aged forty years or	618
older.	619
(15) "Familial status" means either of the following:	620
(a) One or more individuals who are under eighteen years	621
of age and who are domiciled with a parent or guardian having	622
legal custody of the individual or domiciled, with the written	623
permission of the parent or guardian having legal custody, with	624
a designee of the parent or guardian;	625
(b) Any person who is pregnant or in the process of	626
securing legal custody of any individual who is under eighteen	627
years of age.	628
(16)(a) Except as provided in division (A)(16)(b) of this	629
section, "physical or mental impairment" includes any of the	630
following:	631
(i) Any physiological disorder or condition, cosmetic	632
disfigurement, or anatomical loss affecting one or more of the	633
following body systems: neurological; musculoskeletal; special	634
sense organs; respiratory, including speech organs;	635

and lymphatic; skin; and endocrine;

(ii) Any mental or psychological disorder, including, but 638 not limited to, intellectual disability, organic brain syndrome, 639 emotional or mental illness, and specific learning disabilities; 640

(iii) Diseases and conditions, including, but not limited 641 to, orthopedic, visual, speech, and hearing impairments, 642 cerebral palsy, autism, epilepsy, muscular dystrophy, multiple 643 sclerosis, cancer, heart disease, diabetes, human 644 645 immunodeficiency virus infection, intellectual disability, emotional illness, drug addiction, and alcoholism. 646

(b) "Physical or mental impairment" does not include any 647 of the following: 648

(i) Homosexuality and bisexuality;

(ii) Transvestism, transsexualism, pedophilia, 650 exhibitionism, voyeurism, gender identity disorders not 651 resulting from physical impairments, or other sexual behavior 652 disorders:

(iii) Compulsive gambling, kleptomania, or pyromania; 654

(iv) Psychoactive substance use disorders resulting from 655 the current illegal use of a controlled substance or the current 656 use of alcoholic beverages. 657

(17) "Dwelling unit" means a single unit of residence for 658 a family of one or more persons. 659

(18) "Common use areas" means rooms, spaces, or elements 660 inside or outside a building that are made available for the use 661 of residents of the building or their guests, and includes, but 662 is not limited to, hallways, lounges, lobbies, laundry rooms, 663 refuse rooms, mail rooms, recreational areas, and passageways 664

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among and between buildings.	665
(19) "Public use areas" means interior or exterior rooms	666
or spaces of a privately or publicly owned building that are	667
made available to the general public.	668
(20) "Controlled substance" has the same meaning as in	669
section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.	670
(21) "Disabled tenant" means a tenant or prospective	671
tenant who is a person with a disability.	672
(22) "Military status" means a person's status in "service	673
in the uniformed services" as defined in section 5923.05 of the	674
Revised Code.	675
(23) "Aggrieved person" includes both of the following:	676
(a) Any person who claims to have been injured by any	677
unlawful discriminatory practice described in division (H) of	678
section 4112.02 of the Revised Code;	679
(b) Any person who believes that the person will be	680
injured by any unlawful discriminatory practice described in	681
division (H) of section 4112.02 of the Revised Code that is	682
about to occur.	683
(24) "Unlawful discriminatory practice relating to	684
employment" means both of the following:	685
(a) An unlawful discriminatory practice that is prohibited	686
by division (A), (B), (C), (D), (E), or (F) of section 4112.02	687
or by section 4112.025 of the Revised Code;	688
(b) An unlawful discriminatory practice that is prohibited	689
by division (I) or (J) of section 4112.02 of the Revised Code	690
that is related to employment.	691

(25) "Notice of right to sue" means a notice sent by the
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commission to a person who files a charge under section 4112.051
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of the Revised Code that states that the person who filed the
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charge may bring a civil action related to the charge pursuant
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to section 4112.052 or 4112.14 of the Revised Code, in
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accordance with section 4112.052 of the Revised Code.

(26) "Domestic worker" means a person employed in a home	698
or residence for the purpose of caring for a child; serving as a	699
companion for a sick, convalescing, or elderly person; or	700
housekeeping; or for any other domestic service purpose.	701
"Domestic worker" does not include any of the following:	702

(a) An individual who is working on a casual basis, as703defined in section 4111.14 of the Revised Code;704

(b) An individual who is engaged in providing companionship services, as defined in 29 C.F.R. 552.6, and who is employed by an employer or agency other than the family or household for which the individual is providing services;

(c) An individual who is a relative through blood,709marriage, or adoption of either of the following:710

(i) The employer;

(ii) The person for whom the individual is providing712services under a program funded or administered by the federal713or state government or a local government.714

(B) For the purposes of divisions (A) to (F) of section
4112.02 of the Revised Code, the terms "because of sex" and "on
716 the basis of sex" include, but are not limited to, because of or
717 on the basis of pregnancy, any illness arising out of and
718 occurring during the course of a pregnancy, childbirth, or
719 related medical conditions. Women affected by pregnancy,
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childbirth, or related medical conditions shall be treated the 721 722 same for all employment-related purposes, including receipt of benefits under fringe benefit programs, as other persons not so 723 affected but similar in their ability or inability to work, and 724 nothing in division (B) of section 4111.17 of the Revised Code 725 shall be interpreted to permit otherwise. This division shall 726 not be construed to require an employer to pay for health 727 insurance benefits for abortion, except where the life of the 728 mother would be endangered if the fetus were carried to term or 729 except where medical complications have arisen from the 730 abortion, provided that nothing in this division precludes an 731 employer from providing abortion benefits or otherwise affects 732 bargaining agreements in regard to abortion. 733 Sec. 4112.02. It shall be an unlawful discriminatory 734 735 practice: (A) For any employer, because of the race, color, 736 religion, sex, military status, national origin, disability, 737 age, or ancestry of any person, to discharge without just cause, 738 to refuse to hire, or otherwise to discriminate against that 739 person with respect to hire, tenure, terms, conditions, or 740 privileges of employment, or any matter directly or indirectly 741 742 related to employment. (B) For an employment agency or personnel placement 743 service, because of race, color, religion, sex, military status, 744 national origin, disability, age, or ancestry, to do any of the 745 following: 746

(1) Refuse or fail to accept, register, classify properly,
 or refer for employment, or otherwise discriminate against any
 person;
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(2) Comply with a request from an employer for referral of
applicants for employment if the request directly or indirectly
indicates that the employer fails to comply with the provisions
of sections 4112.01 to 4112.07 of the Revised Code.

(C) For any labor organization to do any of the following: 754

(1) Limit or classify its membership on the basis of race,
color, religion, sex, military status, national origin,
disability, age, or ancestry;
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(2) Discriminate against, limit the employment
opportunities of, or otherwise adversely affect the employment
status, wages, hours, or employment conditions of any person as
an employee because of race, color, religion, sex, military
status, national origin, disability, age, or ancestry.

(D) For any employer, labor organization, or joint labor763
management committee controlling apprentice training programs to
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discriminate against any person because of race, color,
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religion, sex, military status, national origin, disability, or
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ancestry in admission to, or employment in, any program
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established to provide apprentice training.

(E) Except where based on a bona fide occupational
qualification certified in advance by the commission, for any
employer, employment agency, personnel placement service, or
labor organization, prior to employment or admission to
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membership, to do any of the following:

(1) Elicit or attempt to elicit any information concerning
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the race, color, religion, sex, military status, national
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origin, disability, age, or ancestry of an applicant for
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employment or membership;
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(2) Make or keep a record of the race, color, religion, 778

sex, military status, national origin, disability, age, or 779
ancestry of any applicant for employment or membership; 780

(3) Use any form of application for employment, or 781 personnel or membership blank, seeking to elicit information 782 regarding race, color, religion, sex, military status, national 783 origin, disability, age, or ancestry; but an employer holding a 784 contract containing a nondiscrimination clause with the 785 government of the United States, or any department or agency of 786 that government, may require an employee or applicant for 787 788 employment to furnish documentary proof of United States citizenship and may retain that proof in the employer's 789 personnel records and may use photographic or fingerprint 790 identification for security purposes; 791

(4) Print or publish or cause to be printed or published
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any notice or advertisement relating to employment or membership
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indicating any preference, limitation, specification, or
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discrimination, based upon race, color, religion, sex, military
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status, national origin, disability, age, or ancestry;
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(5) Announce or follow a policy of denying or limiting,
(5) Announce or follow a policy of denying or limiting,
(7) Through a quota system or otherwise, employment or membership
(7) Opportunities of any group because of the race, color, religion,
(7) Sex, military status, national origin, disability, age, or
(7) 800 ancestry of that group;

(6) Utilize in the recruitment or hiring of persons any
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employment agency, personnel placement service, training school
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or center, labor organization, or any other employee-referring
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source known to discriminate against persons because of their
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race, color, religion, sex, military status, national origin,
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disability, age, or ancestry.

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(F) For any person seeking employment to publish or cause
to be published any advertisement that specifies or in any
manner indicates that person's race, color, religion, sex,
military status, national origin, disability, age, or ancestry,
or expresses a limitation or preference as to the race, color,
religion, sex, military status, national origin, disability,
age, or ancestry of any prospective employer.

(G) For any proprietor or any employee, keeper, or manager
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of a place of public accommodation to deny to any person, except
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for reasons applicable alike to all persons regardless of race,
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color, religion, sex, military status, national origin,
disability, age, or ancestry, the full enjoyment of the
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accommodations, advantages, facilities, or privileges of the
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place of public accommodation.

(H) Subject to section 4112.024 of the Revised Code, for822any person to do any of the following:823

(1) Refuse to sell, transfer, assign, rent, lease, 824
sublease, or finance housing accommodations, refuse to negotiate 825
for the sale or rental of housing accommodations, or otherwise 826
deny or make unavailable housing accommodations because of race, 827
color, religion, sex, military status, familial status, 828
ancestry, disability, or national origin; 829

(2) Represent to any person that housing accommodations
are not available for inspection, sale, or rental, when in fact
they are available, because of race, color, religion, sex,
military status, familial status, ancestry, disability, or
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national origin;

(3) Discriminate against any person in the making or835purchasing of loans or the provision of other financial836

assistance for the acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, 837 repair, or maintenance of housing accommodations, or any person 838 in the making or purchasing of loans or the provision of other 839 financial assistance that is secured by residential real estate, 840 because of race, color, religion, sex, military status, familial 841 status, ancestry, disability, or national origin or because of 842 the racial composition of the neighborhood in which the housing 843 accommodations are located, provided that the person, whether an 844 845 individual, corporation, or association of any type, lends money as one of the principal aspects or incident to the person's 846 principal business and not only as a part of the purchase price 847 of an owner-occupied residence the person is selling nor merely 848 casually or occasionally to a relative or friend; 849

(4) Discriminate against any person in the terms or 850 conditions of selling, transferring, assigning, renting, 851 leasing, or subleasing any housing accommodations or in 8.52 furnishing facilities, services, or privileges in connection 853 with the ownership, occupancy, or use of any housing 854 accommodations, including the sale of fire, extended coverage, 855 or homeowners insurance, because of race, color, religion, sex, 856 military status, familial status, ancestry, disability, or 857 national origin or because of the racial composition of the 858 neighborhood in which the housing accommodations are located; 859

(5) Discriminate against any person in the terms or 860 conditions of any loan of money, whether or not secured by 861 mortgage or otherwise, for the acquisition, construction, 862 rehabilitation, repair, or maintenance of housing accommodations 863 because of race, color, religion, sex, military status, familial 864 status, ancestry, disability, or national origin or because of 865 the racial composition of the neighborhood in which the housing 866 accommodations are located; 867

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(6) Refuse to consider without prejudice the combined
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income of both husband and wife for the purpose of extending
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mortgage credit to a married couple or either member of a
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married couple;
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(7) Print, publish, or circulate any statement or 872 advertisement, or make or cause to be made any statement or 873 advertisement, relating to the sale, transfer, assignment, 874 rental, lease, sublease, or acquisition of any housing 875 accommodations, or relating to the loan of money, whether or not 876 secured by mortgage or otherwise, for the acquisition, 877 construction, rehabilitation, repair, or maintenance of housing 878 accommodations, that indicates any preference, limitation, 879 specification, or discrimination based upon race, color, 880 religion, sex, military status, familial status, ancestry, 881 disability, or national origin, or an intention to make any such 882 preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination; 883

(8) Except as otherwise provided in division (H)(8) or 884 (17) of this section, make any inquiry, elicit any information, 885 make or keep any record, or use any form of application 886 containing questions or entries concerning race, color, 887 religion, sex, military status, familial status, ancestry, 888 disability, or national origin in connection with the sale or 889 lease of any housing accommodations or the loan of any money, 890 whether or not secured by mortgage or otherwise, for the 891 acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, repair, or 892 maintenance of housing accommodations. Any person may make 893 inquiries, and make and keep records, concerning race, color, 894 religion, sex, military status, familial status, ancestry, 895 disability, or national origin for the purpose of monitoring 896 compliance with this chapter. 897

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(9) Include in any transfer, rental, or lease of housing
accommodations any restrictive covenant, or honor or exercise,
or attempt to honor or exercise, any restrictive covenant;
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(10) Induce or solicit, or attempt to induce or solicit, a 901 housing accommodations listing, sale, or transaction by 902 representing that a change has occurred or may occur with 903 respect to the racial, religious, sexual, military status, 904 familial status, or ethnic composition of the block, 905 neighborhood, or other area in which the housing accommodations 906 907 are located, or induce or solicit, or attempt to induce or solicit, a housing accommodations listing, sale, or transaction 908 by representing that the presence or anticipated presence of 909 persons of any race, color, religion, sex, military status, 910 familial status, ancestry, disability, or national origin, in 911 the block, neighborhood, or other area will or may have results 912 including, but not limited to, the following: 913

(a) The lowering of property values;

(b) A change in the racial, religious, sexual, military
status, familial status, or ethnic composition of the block,
neighborhood, or other area;
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(c) An increase in criminal or antisocial behavior in theblock, neighborhood, or other area;919

(d) A decline in the quality of the schools serving theblock, neighborhood, or other area.921

(11) Deny any person access to or membership or
participation in any multiple-listing service, real estate
brokers' organization, or other service, organization, or
facility relating to the business of selling or renting housing
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accommodations, or discriminate against any person in the terms
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or conditions of that access, membership, or participation, on 927 account of race, color, religion, sex, military status, familial 928 status, national origin, disability, or ancestry; 929

(12) Coerce, intimidate, threaten, or interfere with any
person in the exercise or enjoyment of, or on account of that
person's having exercised or enjoyed or having aided or
encouraged any other person in the exercise or enjoyment of, any
particular or protected by division (H) of this section;
particular or protected by division

(13) Discourage or attempt to discourage the purchase by a
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prospective purchaser of housing accommodations, by representing
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that any block, neighborhood, or other area has undergone or
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might undergo a change with respect to its religious, racial,
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sexual, military status, familial status, or ethnic composition;
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(14) Refuse to sell, transfer, assign, rent, lease, 940 sublease, or finance, or otherwise deny or withhold, a burial 941 lot from any person because of the race, color, sex, military 942 status, familial status, age, ancestry, disability, or national 943 origin of any prospective owner or user of the lot; 944

(15) Discriminate in the sale or rental of, or otherwise
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make unavailable or deny, housing accommodations to any buyer or
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renter because of a disability of any of the following:
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(a) The buyer or renter;

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(b) A person residing in or intending to reside in the
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housing accommodations after they are sold, rented, or made
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available;
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(c) Any individual associated with the person described in 952division (H)(15)(b) of this section. 953

(16) Discriminate in the terms, conditions, or privileges 954

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disability;

of the sale or rental of housing accommodations to any person or 955 in the provision of services or facilities to any person in 956 connection with the housing accommodations because of a 957 disability of any of the following: 958 (a) That person; 959 (b) A person residing in or intending to reside in the 960 housing accommodations after they are sold, rented, or made 961 available; 962 963 (c) Any individual associated with the person described in division (H)(16)(b) of this section. 964 (17) Except as otherwise provided in division (H)(17) of 965 this section, make an inquiry to determine whether an applicant 966 for the sale or rental of housing accommodations, a person 967 residing in or intending to reside in the housing accommodations 968 after they are sold, rented, or made available, or any 969 individual associated with that person has a disability, or make 970 an inquiry to determine the nature or severity of a disability 971 of the applicant or such a person or individual. The following 972 inquiries may be made of all applicants for the sale or rental 973 of housing accommodations, regardless of whether they have 974 disabilities: 975 (a) An inquiry into an applicant's ability to meet the 976 requirements of ownership or tenancy; 977 (b) An inquiry to determine whether an applicant is 978 qualified for housing accommodations available only to persons 979

(c) An inquiry to determine whether an applicant is982qualified for a priority available to persons with disabilities983

with disabilities or persons with a particular type of

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or persons with a particular type of disability; 984 (d) An inquiry to determine whether an applicant currently 985 uses a controlled substance in violation of section 2925.11 of 986 the Revised Code or a substantively comparable municipal 987 ordinance; 988 (e) An inquiry to determine whether an applicant at any 989 time has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any offense, an 990 element of which is the illegal sale, offer to sell, 991 cultivation, manufacture, other production, shipment, 992

transportation, delivery, or other distribution of a controlled 993 substance. 994

(18) (a) Refuse to permit, at the expense of a person with 995 a disability, reasonable modifications of existing housing 996 accommodations that are occupied or to be occupied by the person 997 with a disability, if the modifications may be necessary to 998 afford the person with a disability full enjoyment of the 999 housing accommodations. This division does not preclude a 1000 landlord of housing accommodations that are rented or to be 1001 rented to a disabled tenant from conditioning permission for a 1002 proposed modification upon the disabled tenant's doing one or 1003 more of the following: 1004

(i) Providing a reasonable description of the proposed
modification and reasonable assurances that the proposed
modification will be made in a workerlike manner and that any
required building permits will be obtained prior to the
commencement of the proposed modification;

(ii) Agreeing to restore at the end of the tenancy theinterior of the housing accommodations to the condition theywere in prior to the proposed modification, but subject to1012

reasonable wear and tear during the period of occupancy, if it 1013 is reasonable for the landlord to condition permission for the 1014 proposed modification upon the agreement; 1015

(iii) Paying into an interest-bearing escrow account that 1016 is in the landlord's name, over a reasonable period of time, a 1017 reasonable amount of money not to exceed the projected costs at 1018 the end of the tenancy of the restoration of the interior of the 1019 housing accommodations to the condition they were in prior to 1020 the proposed modification, but subject to reasonable wear and 1021 tear during the period of occupancy, if the landlord finds the 1022 account reasonably necessary to ensure the availability of funds 1023 for the restoration work. The interest earned in connection with 1024 an escrow account described in this division shall accrue to the 1025 benefit of the disabled tenant who makes payments into the 1026 account. 1027

(b) A landlord shall not condition permission for a
proposed modification upon a disabled tenant's payment of a
security deposit that exceeds the customarily required security
deposit of all tenants of the particular housing accommodations.
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(19) Refuse to make reasonable accommodations in rules,
policies, practices, or services when necessary to afford a
person with a disability equal opportunity to use and enjoy a
dwelling unit, including associated public and common use areas;
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(20) Fail to comply with the standards and rules adoptedunder division (A) of section 3781.111 of the Revised Code;1037

(21) Discriminate against any person in the selling,
brokering, or appraising of real property because of race,
color, religion, sex, military status, familial status,
ancestry, disability, or national origin;
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(22) Fail to design and construct covered multifamily dwellings for first occupancy on or after June 30, 1992, in 1043 accordance with the following conditions: 1044 (a) The dwellings shall have at least one building 1045 entrance on an accessible route, unless it is impractical to do 1046 so because of the terrain or unusual characteristics of the 1047 site. 1048 (b) With respect to dwellings that have a building 1049 entrance on an accessible route, all of the following apply: 1050

(i) The public use areas and common use areas of the 1051 dwellings shall be readily accessible to and usable by persons 1052 with a disability. 1053

(ii) All the doors designed to allow passage into and 1054 within all premises shall be sufficiently wide to allow passage 1055 by persons with a disability who are in wheelchairs. 1056

(iii) All premises within covered multifamily dwelling 1057 units shall contain an accessible route into and through the 1058 dwelling; all light switches, electrical outlets, thermostats, 1059 and other environmental controls within such units shall be in 1060 accessible locations; the bathroom walls within such units shall 1061 contain reinforcements to allow later installation of grab bars; 1062 and the kitchens and bathrooms within such units shall be 1063 designed and constructed in a manner that enables an individual 1064 in a wheelchair to maneuver about such rooms. 1065

For purposes of division (H) (22) of this section, "covered 1066 multifamily dwellings" means buildings consisting of four or 1067 more units if such buildings have one or more elevators and 1068 ground floor units in other buildings consisting of four or more 1069 units. 1070

(I) For any person to discriminate in any manner against
any other person because that person has opposed any unlawful
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discriminatory practice defined in this section <u>or section</u>
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<u>4112.025 of the Revised Code</u> or because that person has made a
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charge, testified, assisted, or participated in any manner in
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any investigation, proceeding, or hearing under sections 4112.01
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to 4112.07 of the Revised Code.

(J) For any person to aid, abet, incite, compel, or coerce 1078 the doing of any act declared by this section or section 1079 <u>4112.025 of the Revised Code</u> to be an unlawful discriminatory 1080 practice, to obstruct or prevent any person from complying with 1081 this chapter or any order issued under it, or to attempt 1082 directly or indirectly to commit any act declared by this 1083 section or section 4112.025 of the Revised Code to be an 1084 unlawful discriminatory practice. 1085

(K) Nothing in divisions (A) to (E) of this section shall 1086 be construed to require a person with a disability to be 1087 employed or trained under circumstances that would significantly 1088 increase the occupational hazards affecting either the person 1089 with a disability, other employees, the general public, or the 1090 facilities in which the work is to be performed, or to require 1091 the employment or training of a person with a disability in a 1092 job that requires the person with a disability routinely to 1093 undertake any task, the performance of which is substantially 1094 and inherently impaired by the person's disability. 1095

(L) With regard to age, it shall not be an unlawful
discriminatory practice and it shall not constitute a violation
of division (A) of section 4112.14 of the Revised Code for any
employer, employment agency, joint labor-management committee
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controlling apprenticeship training programs, or labor

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organization to do any of the following:

(1) Establish bona fide employment qualifications
reasonably related to the particular business or occupation that
may include standards for skill, aptitude, physical capability,
intelligence, education, maturation, and experience;
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(2) Observe the terms of a bona fide seniority system or 1106 any bona fide employee benefit plan, including, but not limited 1107 to, a retirement, pension, or insurance plan, that is not a 1108 subterfuge to evade the purposes of this section. However, no 1109 such employee benefit plan shall excuse the failure to hire any 1110 individual, and no such seniority system or employee benefit 1111 plan shall require or permit the involuntary retirement of any 1112 individual, because of the individual's age except as provided 1113 for in the "Age Discrimination in Employment Act Amendment of 1114 1978," 92 Stat. 189, 29 U.S.C.A. 623, as amended by the "Age 1115 Discrimination in Employment Act Amendments of 1986," 100 Stat. 1116 3342, 29 U.S.C.A. 623, as amended. 1117

(3) Retire an employee who has attained sixty-five years 1118 of age who, for the two-year period immediately before 1119 retirement, is employed in a bona fide executive or a high 1120 policymaking position, if the employee is entitled to an 1121 immediate nonforfeitable annual retirement benefit from a 1122 pension, profit-sharing, savings, or deferred compensation plan, 1123 or any combination of those plans, of the employer of the 1124 employee, which equals, in the aggregate, at least forty-four 1125 thousand dollars, in accordance with the conditions of the "Age 1126 Discrimination in Employment Act Amendment of 1978," 92 Stat. 1127 189, 29 U.S.C.A. 631, as amended by the "Age Discrimination in 1128 Employment Act Amendments of 1986," 100 Stat. 3342, 29 U.S.C.A. 1129 631, as amended; 1130

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(4) Observe the terms of any bona fide apprenticeship	1131
program if the program is registered with the Ohio	1132
apprenticeship council pursuant to sections 4139.01 to 4139.06	1133
of the Revised Code and is approved by the federal committee on	1134
apprenticeship of the United States department of labor.	1135
(M) Nothing in this chapter prohibiting age discrimination	1136
and nothing in division (A) of section 4112.14 of the Revised	1137
Code shall be construed to prohibit the following:	1138
(1) The designation of uniform age the attainment of which	1139
is necessary for public employees to receive pension or other	1140
retirement benefits pursuant to Chapter 145., 742., 3307.,	1141
3309., or 5505. of the Revised Code;	1142
(2) The mandatory retirement of uniformed patrol officers	1143
of the state highway patrol as provided in section 5505.16 of	1144
the Revised Code;	1145
(3) The maximum age requirements for appointment as a	1146
patrol officer in the state highway patrol established by	1147
section 5503.01 of the Revised Code;	1148
(4) The maximum age requirements established for original	1149
appointment to a police department or fire department in	1150
sections 124.41 and 124.42 of the Revised Code;	1151
(5) Any maximum age not in conflict with federal law that	1152
may be established by a municipal charter, municipal ordinance,	1153
or resolution of a board of township trustees for original	1154
appointment as a police officer or firefighter;	1155
(6) Any mandatory retirement provision not in conflict	1156
with federal law of a municipal charter, municipal ordinance, or	1157
resolution of a board of township trustees pertaining to police	1158
officers and firefighters;	1159

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(7) Until January 1, 1994, the mandatory retirement of any
employee who has attained seventy years of age and who is
serving under a contract of unlimited tenure, or similar
arrangement providing for unlimited tenure, at an institution of
higher education as defined in the "Education Amendments of
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1980," 94 Stat. 1503, 20 U.S.C.A. 1141(a).

(N) (1) (a) Except as provided in division (N) (1) (b) of this 1166 section, for purposes of divisions (A) to (E) of this section, a 1167 disability does not include any physiological disorder or 1168 condition, mental or psychological disorder, or disease or 1169 condition caused by an illegal use of any controlled substance 1170 by an employee, applicant, or other person, if an employer, 1171 employment agency, personnel placement service, labor 1172 organization, or joint labor-management committee acts on the 1173 basis of that illegal use. 1174

(b) Division (N) (1) (a) of this section does not apply to
an employee, applicant, or other person who satisfies any of the
following:

(i) The employee, applicant, or other person has
successfully completed a supervised drug rehabilitation program
and no longer is engaging in the illegal use of any controlled
substance, or the employee, applicant, or other person otherwise
successfully has been rehabilitated and no longer is engaging in
that illegal use.

(ii) The employee, applicant, or other person is
participating in a supervised drug rehabilitation program and no
longer is engaging in the illegal use of any controlled
substance.

(iii) The employee, applicant, or other person is 1188

erroneously regarded as engaging in the illegal use of any 1189 controlled substance, but the employee, applicant, or other 1190 person is not engaging in that illegal use. 1191

(2) Divisions (A) to (E) of this section do not prohibit
an employer, employment agency, personnel placement service,
labor organization, or joint labor-management committee from
doing any of the following:

(a) Adopting or administering reasonable policies or 1196
procedures, including, but not limited to, testing for the 1197
illegal use of any controlled substance, that are designed to 1198
ensure that an individual described in division (N) (1) (b) (i) or 1199
(ii) of this section no longer is engaging in the illegal use of 1200
any controlled substance; 1201

(b) Prohibiting the illegal use of controlled substancesand the use of alcohol at the workplace by all employees;1203

(c) Requiring that employees not be under the influence of 1204
alcohol or not be engaged in the illegal use of any controlled 1205
substance at the workplace; 1206

(d) Requiring that employees behave in conformance with
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the requirements established under "The Drug-Free Workplace Act
of 1988," 102 Stat. 4304, 41 U.S.C.A. 701, as amended;
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(e) Holding an employee who engages in the illegal use of 1210 any controlled substance or who is an alcoholic to the same 1211 qualification standards for employment or job performance, and 1212 the same behavior, to which the employer, employment agency, 1213 personnel placement service, labor organization, or joint labor-1214 management committee holds other employees, even if any 1215 unsatisfactory performance or behavior is related to an 1216 employee's illegal use of a controlled substance or alcoholism; 1217 (f) Exercising other authority recognized in the
"Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990," 104 Stat. 327, 42
U.S.C.A. 12101, as amended, including, but not limited to,
requiring employees to comply with any applicable federal
standards.

(3) For purposes of this chapter, a test to determine the
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 illegal use of any controlled substance does not include a
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 medical examination.
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(4) Division (N) of this section does not encourage, 1226
prohibit, or authorize, and shall not be construed as 1227
encouraging, prohibiting, or authorizing, the conduct of testing 1228
for the illegal use of any controlled substance by employees, 1229
applicants, or other persons, or the making of employment 1230
decisions based on the results of that type of testing. 1231

(0) This section does not apply to a religious
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corporation, association, educational institution, or society
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with respect to the employment of an individual of a particular
religion to perform work connected with the carrying on by that
religious corporation, association, educational institution, or
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society of its activities.

The unlawful discriminatory practices defined in this 1238 section do not make it unlawful for a person or an appointing 1239 authority administering an examination under section 124.23 of 1240 the Revised Code to obtain information about an applicant's 1241 military status for the purpose of determining if the applicant 1242 is eligible for the additional credit that is available under 1243 that section. 1244

<u>Sec. 4112.025</u>	. It shall be an unlawful discriminatory	1245
practice for an em	ployer to do any of the following:	1246

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(A) Make unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual	1247
favors, or engage in other verbal or physical conduct of a	1248
sexual nature toward a domestic worker when any of the following	1249
apply:	1250
(1) The domestic worker's submission to the conduct is	1251
made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of the	1252
domestic worker's employment.	1253
(2) The domestic worker's submission to or rejection of	1254
the conduct is used as the basis for employment decisions	1255
affecting the domestic worker.	1256
(3) The conduct is intended to unreasonably interfere, or	1257
has the effect of unreasonably interfering, with the domestic	1258
worker's work performance by creating an intimidating, hostile,	1259
or offensive work environment.	1260
(B) Subject a domestic worker to unwelcome harassment	1261
based on race, religion, sex, or national origin if the	1262
harassment is intended to unreasonably interfere, or has the	1263
effect of unreasonably interfering, with the domestic worker's	1264
work performance by creating an intimidating, hostile, or	1265
offensive working environment.	1266
Sec. 4112.052. (A) Subject to division (B) of this	1267
section, and except as provided in division (D)(2) of section	1268
4112.14 of the Revised Code, a person alleging an unlawful	1269
discriminatory practice relating to employment in violation of	1270
section 4112.02 of the Revised Code may bring a civil action in	1271
a court of competent jurisdiction.	1272
(B)(1) Except as otherwise provided in division (B)(2) of	1273
this section, a person may file a civil action under this	1274
section alleging an unlawful discriminatory practice relating to	1275

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section.

Revised Code.

employment or a violation of division (A) of section 4112.14 of 1276 the Revised Code only if the person satisfies both of the 1277 following conditions: 1278 (a) The person has first filed a charge with the Ohio 1279 civil rights commission under section 4112.051 of the Revised 1280 Code with respect to the practice complained of in the complaint 1281 for the civil action within the time period required under that 1282 1283 1284 (b) One of the following occurs: (i) The person receives a notice of right to sue from the 1285 Ohio civil rights commission pursuant to section 4112.051 of the 1286 1287 (ii) The person has requested a notice of right to sue 1288 from the Ohio civil rights commission, and the commission fails 1289 to issue the notice of right to sue within forty-five days after 1290 the date the commission is permitted to grant the request under 1291

(iii) The Ohio civil rights commission, after a 1293 preliminary investigation conducted pursuant to a charge filed 1294 under section 4112.051 of the Revised Code, determines that it 1295 is probable that an unlawful discriminatory practice relating to 1296 employment has occurred or is occurring and the complainant, 1297 after being informed by the commission of the right to file a 1298 civil action under this chapter, elects to file a civil action 1299 and notifies the commission of that fact. 1300

division (N) of section 4112.051 of the Revised Code.

(2) A person may file a civil action under this section 1301 alleging an unlawful discriminatory practice relating to 1302 employment or a violation of division (A) of section 4112.14 of 1303 the Revised Code without satisfying the conditions of division 1304

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successor organization.

(B) (1) of this section if either of the following apply: 1305 (a) The person seeks only injunctive relief. 1306 (b) All of the following occur: 1307 (i) The person has filed a charge with the Ohio civil 1308 rights commission under section 4112.051 of the Revised Code 1309 with respect to the practice complained of in the complaint for 1310 the civil action within the time period required under that 1311 section. 1312 (ii) The person has filed a charge with the equal 1313 employment opportunity commission or its successor organization 1314 with respect to the practice complained of in the complaint for 1315 the civil action within the time period required under federal 1316 law. 1317 (iii) The person has received a notice from the equal 1318 employment opportunity commission or its successor organization 1319 that states that the person may bring a civil action against the 1320 employer and the notice was sent in connection with the charge 1321 filed with the equal employment opportunity commission or its 1322

(3) With respect to an action described in division (B) (2)
(a) of this section, the person may amend the complaint to
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include damages, but the amendment will relate back to the
original filing date of the complaint in the action only after
one of the following occurs:

(a) The person receives a notice of right to sue from theOhio civil rights commission pursuant to section 4112.051 of theRevised Code.

(b) The person has requested a notice of right to sue from 1332

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the Ohio civil rights commission, and the commission fails to1333issue the notice of right to sue within forty-five days after1334the date the commission is permitted to grant the request under1335division (N) of section 4112.051 of the Revised Code.1336

(c) The Ohio civil rights commission, after a preliminary 1337 investigation conducted pursuant to a charge filed under section 1338 4112.051 of the Revised Code, determines that it is probable 1339 that an unlawful discriminatory practice relating to employment 1340 has occurred or is occurring and the complainant, after being 1341 informed by the commission of the right to file a civil action 1342 under this chapter, elects to file a civil action and notifies 1343 the commission of that fact. 1344

(4) With respect to an unlawful discriminatory practice
relating to employment described in division (A) (24) (b) of
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section 4112.01 of the Revised Code, a charge filed with the
Ohio civil rights commission or the equal employment opportunity
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commission satisfies division (B) (1) (a) or divisions (B) (2) (b)
(i) and (ii) of this section if both of the following apply:

(a) The charge is related to the conduct alleged in the complaint for the civil action;

(b) The charge is filed against the person who committed
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the unlawful discriminatory practice, the employer of the person
who committed the unlawful discriminatory practice, or both the
person who committed the unlawful discriminatory practice and
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the person's employer.

(C) (1) Except as provided in division (C) (2) of this
section, a civil action brought under this section shall be
filed within two years after the alleged unlawful discriminatory
practice was committed.

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(2) The time period to file a civil action shall be tolledfor one of the following periods, as applicable:1363

(a) If a charge that is based, in whole or in part, on the
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same allegations and practices was filed under section 4112.051
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of the Revised Code less than sixty days before the time period
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specified under that section expires, the time period to file a
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civil action is tolled for the period beginning on the date the
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charge was filed and ending on the date that is sixty days after
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the charge is no longer pending with the commission.

(b) If a charge that is based, in whole or in part, on the 1371 same allegations and practices was filed under section 4112.051 1372 of the Revised Code sixty or more days before the time period 1373 specified under that section expires, the time period to file a 1374 civil action is tolled for the period beginning on the date the 1375 charge was filed and ending on the date the charge is no longer 1376 pending with the commission. 1377

(D) A civil action based on 42 U.S.C. 1981a, 42 U.S.C. 1378
1983, and 42 U.S.C. 1985 shall be brought within two years after 1379
the cause of action accrues. The period of limitations set forth 1380
in this division does not apply to causes of action based on 42 1381
U.S.C. 1981 as amended by the "Civil Rights Act of 1991," Pub. 1382
L. No. 102-166. 1383

(E) The Ohio civil rights commission may intervene in acivil action if the commission determines that the case is ofpublic importance.

Section 2. That existing sections 4111.02, 4111.08,13874111.10, 4111.13, 4111.14, 4111.99, 4112.01, 4112.02, and13884112.052 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.1389

Section 3. The Director of Commerce shall prepare a report 1390

on the feasibility and practicality of allowing domestic workers	1391
to organize for purposes of collective bargaining. In preparing	1392
the report, the Director shall consult with representatives of	1393
domestic workers and individuals and agencies that employ	1394
domestic workers, and with relevant state agencies including the	1395
State Employment Relations Board. On completion of the report,	1396
and before December 31, 2022, the Director shall submit the	1397
report to the Governor, the Speaker of the House of	1398
Representatives, and the President of the Senate.	1399