### As Reported by the House Civil Justice Committee

# 134th General Assembly

Regular Session 2021-2022

Sub. S. B. No. 4

## **Senator Roegner**

Cosponsors: Senators Manning, Antonio, Blessing, Brenner, Cirino, Craig, Dolan, Fedor, Gavarone, Hackett, Hoagland, Huffman, S., Johnson, Kunze, Maharath, O'Brien, Peterson, Reineke, Schaffer, Schuring, Sykes, Thomas, Williams, Wilson, Yuko Representative Galonski

#### A BILL

То	amend sections 149.43 and 5913.01 of the Revised	1
	Code to include emergency service	2
	telecommunicators, protective services workers,	3
	certain Ohio National Guard members, and certain	4
	mental health care providers as individuals	5
	whose residential and familial information is	6
	exempt from disclosure under the Public Records	7
	Law.	8

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 149.43 and 5913.01 of the Revised	9
Code be amended to read as follows:	10
Sec. 149.43. (A) As used in this section:	11
(1) "Public record" means records kept by any public	12
office, including, but not limited to, state, county, city,	13
village, township, and school district units, and records	14
pertaining to the delivery of educational services by an	15
alternative school in this state kept by the nonprofit or for-	16

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director of health under section 3701.70 of the Revised Code,

records provided to the board or director, statements made by

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board members during meetings of the board or by persons	73
participating in the director's review, and all work products of	74
the board or director, and in the case of a child fatality	75
review board, child fatality review data submitted by the board	76
to the department of health or a national child death review	77
database, other than the report prepared pursuant to division	78
(A) of section 307.626 of the Revised Code;	79
(t) Records provided to and statements made by the	80
executive director of a public children services agency or a	81
prosecuting attorney acting pursuant to section 5153.171 of the	82
Revised Code other than the information released under that	83
section;	84
(u) Test materials, examinations, or evaluation tools used	85
in an examination for licensure as a nursing home administrator	86
that the board of executives of long-term services and supports	87
administers under section 4751.15 of the Revised Code or	88
contracts under that section with a private or government entity	89
to administer;	90
(v) Records the release of which is prohibited by state or	91
<pre>federal law;</pre>	92
(w) Proprietary information of or relating to any person	93
that is submitted to or compiled by the Ohio venture capital	94
authority created under section 150.01 of the Revised Code;	95
(x) Financial statements and data any person submits for	96
any purpose to the Ohio housing finance agency or the	97
controlling board in connection with applying for, receiving, or	98
accounting for financial assistance from the agency, and	99
information that identifies any individual who benefits directly	100
or indirectly from financial assistance from the agency;	101

(y) Records listed in section 5101.29 of the Revised Code;	102
(z) Discharges recorded with a county recorder under	103
section 317.24 of the Revised Code, as specified in division (B)	104
(2) of that section;	105
(aa) Usage information including names and addresses of	106
specific residential and commercial customers of a municipally	107
owned or operated public utility;	108
(bb) Records described in division (C) of section 187.04	109
of the Revised Code that are not designated to be made available	110
to the public as provided in that division;	111
(cc) Information and records that are made confidential,	112
privileged, and not subject to disclosure under divisions (B)	113
and (C) of section 2949.221 of the Revised Code;	114
(dd) Personal information, as defined in section 149.45 of	115
the Revised Code;	116
(ee) The confidential name, address, and other personally	117
identifiable information of a program participant in the address	118
confidentiality program established under sections 111.41 to	119
111.47 of the Revised Code, including the contents of any	120
application for absent voter's ballots, absent voter's ballot	121
identification envelope statement of voter, or provisional	122
ballot affirmation completed by a program participant who has a	123
confidential voter registration record, and records or portions	124
of records pertaining to that program that identify the number	125
of program participants that reside within a precinct, ward,	126
township, municipal corporation, county, or any other geographic	127
area smaller than the state. As used in this division,	128
"confidential address" and "program participant" have the	129
meaning defined in section 111.41 of the Revised Code.	130

(ff) Orders for active military service of an individual	131
serving or with previous service in the armed forces of the	132
United States, including a reserve component, or the Ohio	133
organized militia, except that, such order becomes a public	134
record on the day that is fifteen years after the published date	135
or effective date of the call to order;	136
(gg) The name, address, contact information, or other	137
personal information of an individual who is less than eighteen	138
years of age that is included in any record related to a traffic	139
accident involving a school vehicle in which the individual was	140
an occupant at the time of the accident;	141
(hh) Protected health information, as defined in 45 C.F.R.	142
160.103, that is in a claim for payment for a health care	143
product, service, or procedure, as well as any other health	144
claims data in another document that reveals the identity of an	145
individual who is the subject of the data or could be used to	146
reveal that individual's identity;	147
(ii) Any depiction by photograph, film, videotape, or	148
printed or digital image under either of the following	149
circumstances:	150
(i) The depiction is that of a victim of an offense the	151
release of which would be, to a reasonable person of ordinary	152
sensibilities, an offensive and objectionable intrusion into the	153
victim's expectation of bodily privacy and integrity.	154
(ii) The depiction captures or depicts the victim of a	155
sexually oriented offense, as defined in section 2950.01 of the	156
Revised Code, at the actual occurrence of that offense.	157
(jj) Restricted portions of a body-worn camera or	158
dashboard camera recording;	159

(kk) In the case of a fetal-infant mortality review board	160
acting under sections 3707.70 to 3707.77 of the Revised Code,	161
records, documents, reports, or other information presented to	162
the board or a person abstracting such materials on the board's	163
behalf, statements made by review board members during board	164
meetings, all work products of the board, and data submitted by	165
the board to the department of health or a national infant death	166
review database, other than the report prepared pursuant to	167
section 3707.77 of the Revised Code.	168

(11) Records, documents, reports, or other information

169
presented to the pregnancy-associated mortality review board

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established under section 3738.01 of the Revised Code,

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statements made by board members during board meetings, all work

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products of the board, and data submitted by the board to the

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department of health, other than the biennial reports prepared

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under section 3738.08 of the Revised Code;

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(mm) Telephone numbers for a victim, as defined in section 176
2930.01 of the Revised Code, a witness to a crime, or a party to 177
a motor vehicle accident subject to the requirements of section 178
5502.11 of the Revised Code that are listed on any law 179
enforcement record or report. 180

A record that is not a public record under division (A)(1) 181 of this section and that, under law, is permanently retained 182 becomes a public record on the day that is seventy-five years 183 after the day on which the record was created, except for any 184 record protected by the attorney-client privilege, a trial 185 preparation record as defined in this section, a statement 186 prohibiting the release of identifying information signed under 187 section 3107.083 of the Revised Code, a denial of release form 188 filed pursuant to section 3107.46 of the Revised Code, or any 189

record that is exempt from release or disclosure under section	190
149.433 of the Revised Code. If the record is a birth	191
certificate and a biological parent's name redaction request	192
form has been accepted under section 3107.391 of the Revised	193
Code, the name of that parent shall be redacted from the birth	194
certificate before it is released under this paragraph. If any	195
other section of the Revised Code establishes a time period for	196
disclosure of a record that conflicts with the time period	197
specified in this section, the time period in the other section	198
prevails.	199
(2) "Confidential law enforcement investigatory record"	200
means any record that pertains to a law enforcement matter of a	201
criminal, quasi-criminal, civil, or administrative nature, but	202
only to the extent that the release of the record would create a	203
high probability of disclosure of any of the following:	204
(a) The identity of a suspect who has not been charged	205
with the offense to which the record pertains, or of an	206
information source or witness to whom confidentiality has been	207
reasonably promised;	208
(b) Information provided by an information source or	209
witness to whom confidentiality has been reasonably promised,	210
which information would reasonably tend to disclose the source's	211
or witness's identity;	212
(c) Specific confidential investigatory techniques or	213
procedures or specific investigatory work product;	214
(d) Information that would endanger the life or physical	215
safety of law enforcement personnel, a crime victim, a witness,	216
or a confidential information source.	217

(3) "Medical record" means any document or combination of

documents, except births, deaths, and the fact of admission to
or discharge from a hospital, that pertains to the medical
history, diagnosis, prognosis, or medical condition of a patient
and that is generated and maintained in the process of medical
treatment.

- (4) "Trial preparation record" means any record that contains information that is specifically compiled in reasonable anticipation of, or in defense of, a civil or criminal action or proceeding, including the independent thought processes and personal trial preparation of an attorney.
- (5) "Intellectual property record" means a record, other than a financial or administrative record, that is produced or collected by or for faculty or staff of a state institution of higher learning in the conduct of or as a result of study or research on an educational, commercial, scientific, artistic, technical, or scholarly issue, regardless of whether the study or research was sponsored by the institution alone or in conjunction with a governmental body or private concern, and that has not been publicly released, published, or patented.
- (6) "Donor profile record" means all records about donors or potential donors to a public institution of higher education except the names and reported addresses of the actual donors and the date, amount, and conditions of the actual donation.
- (7) "Designated public service worker" means a peace officer, parole officer, probation officer, bailiff, prosecuting attorney, assistant prosecuting attorney, correctional employee, county or multicounty corrections officer, community-based correctional facility employee, designated Ohio national guard member, protective services worker, youth services employee, firefighter, EMT, medical director or member of a cooperating

physician advisory board of an emergency medical service	249
organization, state board of pharmacy employee, investigator of	250
the bureau of criminal identification and investigation,	251
<pre>emergency service telecommunicator, forensic mental health</pre>	252
provider, mental health evaluation provider, regional	253
<pre>psychiatric hospital employee, judge, magistrate, or federal law</pre>	254
enforcement officer.	255
(8) "Designated public service worker residential and	256
familial information" means any information that discloses any	257
of the following about a designated public service worker:	258
(a) The address of the actual personal residence of a	259
designated public service worker, except for the following	260
information:	261
(i) The address of the actual personal residence of a	262
prosecuting attorney or judge; and	263
(ii) The state or political subdivision in which a	264
designated public service worker resides.	265
(b) Information compiled from referral to or participation	266
in an employee assistance program;	267
(c) The social security number, the residential telephone	268
number, any bank account, debit card, charge card, or credit	269
card number, or the emergency telephone number of, or any	270
medical information pertaining to, a designated public service	271
worker;	272
(d) The name of any beneficiary of employment benefits,	273
including, but not limited to, life insurance benefits, provided	274
to a designated public service worker by the designated public	275
service worker's employer;	276

(e) The identity and amount of any charitable or	277
employment benefit deduction made by the designated public	278
service worker's employer from the designated public service	279
worker's compensation, unless the amount of the deduction is	280
required by state or federal law;	281
(f) The name, the residential address, the name of the	282
employer, the address of the employer, the social security	283
number, the residential telephone number, any bank account,	284
debit card, charge card, or credit card number, or the emergency	285
telephone number of the spouse, a former spouse, or any child of	286
a designated public service worker;	287
(g) A photograph of a peace officer who holds a position	288
or has an assignment that may include undercover or plain	289
clothes positions or assignments as determined by the peace	290
officer's appointing authority.	291
(9) As used in divisions (A)(7) and (15) to (17) of this	292
section:	293
"Peace officer" has the meaning defined in section 109.71	294
of the Revised Code and also includes the superintendent and	295
troopers of the state highway patrol; it does not include the	296
sheriff of a county or a supervisory employee who, in the	297
absence of the sheriff, is authorized to stand in for, exercise	298
the authority of, and perform the duties of the sheriff.	299
"Correctional employee" means any employee of the	300
department of rehabilitation and correction who in the course of	301
performing the employee's job duties has or has had contact with	302
inmates and persons under supervision.	303
"County or multicounty corrections officer" means any	304
corrections officer employed by any county or multicounty	305

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correctional facility.	306
"Designated Ohio national guard member" means a member of	307
the Ohio national guard who is participating in duties related	308
to remotely piloted aircraft, including, but not limited to,	309
pilots, sensor operators, and mission intelligence personnel,	310
duties related to special forces operations, or duties related	311
to cybersecurity, and is designated by the adjutant general as a	312
designated public service worker for those purposes.	313
"Protective services worker" means any employee of a	314
county agency who is responsible for child protective services,	315
child support services, or adult protective services.	316
"Youth services employee" means any employee of the	317
department of youth services who in the course of performing the	318
employee's job duties has or has had contact with children	319
committed to the custody of the department of youth services.	320
"Firefighter" means any regular, paid or volunteer, member	321
of a lawfully constituted fire department of a municipal	322
corporation, township, fire district, or village.	323
"EMT" means EMTs-basic, EMTs-I, and paramedics that	324
provide emergency medical services for a public emergency	325
medical service organization. "Emergency medical service	326
organization," "EMT-basic," "EMT-I," and "paramedic" have the	327
meanings defined in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code.	328
"Investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and	329
investigation" has the meaning defined in section 2903.11 of the	330
Revised Code.	331
"Emergency service telecommunicator" has the meaning	332
defined in section 4742.01 of the Revised Code.	333

"Forensic mental health provider" means any employee of a	334
community mental health service provider or local alcohol, drug	335
addiction, and mental health services board who, in the course	336
of the employee's duties, has contact with persons committed to	337
a local alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services	338
board by a court order pursuant to section 2945.38, 2945.39,	339
2945.40, or 2945.402 of the Revised Code.	340
"Mental health evaluation provider" means an individual	341
who, under Chapter 5122. of the Revised Code, examines a	342
respondent who is alleged to be a mentally ill person subject to	343
court order, as defined in section 5122.01 of the Revised Code,	344
and reports to the probate court the respondent's mental	345
condition.	346
"Regional psychiatric hospital employee" means any	347
employee of the department of mental health and addiction	348
services who, in the course of performing the employee's duties,	349
has contact with patients committed to the department of mental	350
health and addiction services by a court order pursuant to	351
section 2945.38, 2945.39, 2945.40, or 2945.402 of the Revised	352
Code.	353
"Federal law enforcement officer" has the meaning defined	354
in section 9.88 of the Revised Code.	355
(10) "Information pertaining to the recreational	356
activities of a person under the age of eighteen" means	357
information that is kept in the ordinary course of business by a	358
public office, that pertains to the recreational activities of a	359
person under the age of eighteen years, and that discloses any	360
of the following:	361
(a) The address or telephone number of a person under the	362

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device mounted on a peace officer's vehicle or vessel that is	391
used while the peace officer is engaged in the performance of	392
the peace officer's duties.	393
(17) "Restricted portions of a body-worn camera or	394
dashboard camera recording" means any visual or audio portion of	395
a body-worn camera or dashboard camera recording that shows,	396
communicates, or discloses any of the following:	397
(a) The image or identity of a child or information that	398
could lead to the identification of a child who is a primary	399
subject of the recording when the law enforcement agency knows	400
or has reason to know the person is a child based on the law	401
enforcement agency's records or the content of the recording;	402
(b) The death of a person or a deceased person's body,	403
unless the death was caused by a peace officer or, subject to	404
division (H)(1) of this section, the consent of the decedent's	405
executor or administrator has been obtained;	406
(c) The death of a peace officer, firefighter, paramedic,	407
or other first responder, occurring while the decedent was	408
engaged in the performance of official duties, unless, subject	409
to division (H)(1) of this section, the consent of the	410
decedent's executor or administrator has been obtained;	411
(d) Grievous bodily harm, unless the injury was effected	412
by a peace officer or, subject to division (H)(1) of this	413
section, the consent of the injured person or the injured	414
person's guardian has been obtained;	415
(e) An act of severe violence against a person that	416
results in serious physical harm to the person, unless the act	417
and injury was effected by a peace officer or, subject to	418
division (H)(1) of this section, the consent of the injured	419

person or the injured person's guardian has been obtained;	420
(f) Grievous bodily harm to a peace officer, firefighter,	421
paramedic, or other first responder, occurring while the injured	422
person was engaged in the performance of official duties,	423
unless, subject to division (H)(1) of this section, the consent	424
of the injured person or the injured person's guardian has been	425
obtained;	426
(g) An act of severe violence resulting in serious	427
physical harm against a peace officer, firefighter, paramedic,	428
or other first responder, occurring while the injured person was	429
engaged in the performance of official duties, unless, subject	430
to division (H)(1) of this section, the consent of the injured	431
person or the injured person's guardian has been obtained;	432
(h) A paragrafa nuda hadu unlaga gubigat ta division (II)	433
(h) A person's nude body, unless, subject to division (H)	
(1) of this section, the person's consent has been obtained;	434
(i) Protected health information, the identity of a person	435
in a health care facility who is not the subject of a law	436
enforcement encounter, or any other information in a health care	437
facility that could identify a person who is not the subject of	438
a law enforcement encounter;	439
(j) Information that could identify the alleged victim of	440
a sex offense, menacing by stalking, or domestic violence;	441
	4.40
(k) Information, that does not constitute a confidential	442
law enforcement investigatory record, that could identify a	443
person who provides sensitive or confidential information to a	444
law enforcement agency when the disclosure of the person's	445
identity or the information provided could reasonably be	446
expected to threaten or endanger the safety or property of the	447
person or another person;	448

(1) Personal information of a person who is not arrested,	449
cited, charged, or issued a written warning by a peace officer;	450
(m) Proprietary police contingency plans or tactics that	451
are intended to prevent crime and maintain public order and	452
safety;	453
(n) A personal conversation unrelated to work between	454
peace officers or between a peace officer and an employee of a	455
law enforcement agency;	456
(o) A conversation between a peace officer and a member of	457
the public that does not concern law enforcement activities;	458
(p) The interior of a residence, unless the interior of a	459
residence is the location of an adversarial encounter with, or a	460
use of force by, a peace officer;	461
(q) Any portion of the interior of a private business that	462
is not open to the public, unless an adversarial encounter with,	463
or a use of force by, a peace officer occurs in that location.	464
As used in division (A)(17) of this section:	465
"Grievous bodily harm" has the same meaning as in section	466
5924.120 of the Revised Code.	467
"Health care facility" has the same meaning as in section	468
1337.11 of the Revised Code.	469
"Protected health information" has the same meaning as in	470
45 C.F.R. 160.103.	471
"Law enforcement agency" has the same meaning as in	472
section 2925.61 of the Revised Code.	473
"Personal information" means any government-issued	474
identification number, date of birth, address, financial	475

information, or criminal justice information from the law	476
enforcement automated data system or similar databases.	477
"Sex offense" has the same meaning as in section 2907.10	478
of the Revised Code.	479
"Firefighter," "paramedic," and "first responder" have the	480
same meanings as in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code.	481
(B)(1) Upon request by any person and subject to division	482
(B)(8) of this section, all public records responsive to the	483
request shall be promptly prepared and made available for	484
inspection to any person the requester at all reasonable times	485
during regular business hours. Subject to division (B)(8) of	486
this section, upon request by any person, a public office or	487
person responsible for public records shall make copies of the	488
requested public record available to the requester at cost and	489
within a reasonable period of time. If a public record contains	490
information that is exempt from the duty to permit public	491
inspection or to copy the public record, the public office or	492
the person responsible for the public record shall make	493
available all of the information within the public record that	494
is not exempt. When making that public record available for	495
public inspection or copying that public record, the public	496
office or the person responsible for the public record shall	497
notify the requester of any redaction or make the redaction	498
plainly visible. A redaction shall be deemed a denial of a	499
request to inspect or copy the redacted information, except if	500
federal or state law authorizes or requires a public office to	501
make the redaction.	502
(2) To facilitate broader access to public records, a	503
public office or the person responsible for public records shall	504
organize and maintain public records in a manner that they can	505

be made available for inspection or copying in accordance with	506
division (B) of this section. A public office also shall have	507
available a copy of its current records retention schedule at a	508
location readily available to the public. If a requester makes	509
an ambiguous or overly broad request or has difficulty in making	510
a request for copies or inspection of public records under this	511
section such that the public office or the person responsible	512
for the requested public record cannot reasonably identify what	513
public records are being requested, the public office or the	514
person responsible for the requested public record may deny the	515
request but shall provide the requester with an opportunity to	516
revise the request by informing the requester of the manner in	517
which records are maintained by the public office and accessed	518
in the ordinary course of the public office's or person's	519
duties.	520

- (3) If a request is ultimately denied, in part or in whole, the public office or the person responsible for the requested public record shall provide the requester with an explanation, including legal authority, setting forth why the request was denied. If the initial request was provided in writing, the explanation also shall be provided to the requester in writing. The explanation shall not preclude the public office or the person responsible for the requested public record from relying upon additional reasons or legal authority in defending an action commenced under division (C) of this section.
- (4) Unless specifically required or authorized by state or federal law or in accordance with division (B) of this section, no public office or person responsible for public records may limit or condition the availability of public records by requiring disclosure of the requester's identity or the intended use of the requested public record. Any requirement that the

requester disclose the requester's identity or the intended use 537 of the requested public record constitutes a denial of the 538 request. 539

- (5) A public office or person responsible for public 540 records may ask a requester to make the request in writing, may 541 ask for the requester's identity, and may inquire about the 542 intended use of the information requested, but may do so only 543 after disclosing to the requester that a written request is not 544 mandatory, that the requester may decline to reveal the 545 546 requester's identity or the intended use, and when a written request or disclosure of the identity or intended use would 547 benefit the requester by enhancing the ability of the public 548 office or person responsible for public records to identify, 549 locate, or deliver the public records sought by the requester. 550
- (6) If any person requests a copy of a public record in 551 accordance with division (B) of this section, the public office 552 or person responsible for the public record may require that 553 person the requester to pay in advance the cost involved in 554 providing the copy of the public record in accordance with the 555 choice made by the person requesting the copy requester under 556 this division. The public office or the person responsible for 557 the public record shall permit that person—the requester to 558 choose to have the public record duplicated upon paper, upon the 559 same medium upon which the public office or person responsible 560 for the public record keeps it, or upon any other medium upon 561 which the public office or person responsible for the public 562 record determines that it reasonably can be duplicated as an 563 integral part of the normal operations of the public office or 564 person responsible for the public record. When the person 565 requesting the copy requester makes a choice under this 566 division, the public office or person responsible for the public 567

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record shall provide a copy of it in accordance with the choice	568
made by that personthe requester. Nothing in this section	569
requires a public office or person responsible for the public	570
record to allow the person requesting requester of a copy of the	571
public record to make the copies of the public record.	572
(7)(a) Upon a request made in accordance with division (B)	573
of this section and subject to division (B)(6) of this section,	574
a public office or person responsible for public records shall	575
transmit a copy of a public record to any person by United	576
States mail or by any other means of delivery or transmission	577
within a reasonable period of time after receiving the request	578
for the copy. The public office or person responsible for the	579
public record may require the person making the request to pay	580
in advance the cost of postage if the copy is transmitted by	581
United States mail or the cost of delivery if the copy is	582
transmitted other than by United States mail, and to pay in	583
advance the costs incurred for other supplies used in the	584
mailing, delivery, or transmission.	585
(b) Any public office may adopt a policy and procedures	586
that it will follow in transmitting, within a reasonable period	587
of time after receiving a request, copies of public records by	588
United States mail or by any other means of delivery or	589
transmission pursuant to division (B)(7) of this section. A	590
public office that adopts a policy and procedures under division	591
(B)(7) of this section shall comply with them in performing its	592
duties under that division.	593

(c) In any policy and procedures adopted under division

(i) A public office may limit the number of records

requested by a person that the office will physically deliver by

(B)(7) of this section:

United States mail or by another delivery service to ten per	598
month, unless the person certifies to the office in writing that	599
the person does not intend to use or forward the requested	600
records, or the information contained in them, for commercial	601
purposes;	602
(ii) A public office that chooses to provide some or all	603

- of its public records on a web site that is fully accessible to and searchable by members of the public at all times, other than during acts of God outside the public office's control or maintenance, and that charges no fee to search, access, download, or otherwise receive records provided on the web site, may limit to ten per month the number of records requested by a person that the office will deliver in a digital format, unless the requested records are not provided on the web site and unless the person certifies to the office in writing that the person does not intend to use or forward the requested records, or the information contained in them, for commercial purposes.
- (iii) For purposes of division (B)(7) of this section,
  "commercial" shall be narrowly construed and does not include
  reporting or gathering news, reporting or gathering information
  to assist citizen oversight or understanding of the operation or
  activities of government, or nonprofit educational research.
- (8) A public office or person responsible for public records is not required to permit a person who is incarcerated pursuant to a criminal conviction or a juvenile adjudication to inspect or to obtain a copy of any public record concerning a criminal investigation or prosecution or concerning what would be a criminal investigation or prosecution if the subject of the investigation or prosecution were an adult, unless the request to inspect or to obtain a copy of the record is for the purpose

the Revised Code.

of acquiring information that is subject to release as a public	628
record under this section and the judge who imposed the sentence	629
or made the adjudication with respect to the person, or the	630
judge's successor in office, finds that the information sought	631
in the public record is necessary to support what appears to be	632
a justiciable claim of the person.	633
(9)(a) Upon written request made and signed by a	634
journalist, a public office, or person responsible for public	635
records, having custody of the records of the agency employing a	636
specified designated public service worker shall disclose to the	637
journalist the address of the actual personal residence of the	638
designated public service worker and, if the designated public	639
service worker's spouse, former spouse, or child is employed by	640
a public office, the name and address of the employer of the	641
designated public service worker's spouse, former spouse, or	642
child. The request shall include the journalist's name and title	643
and the name and address of the journalist's employer and shall	644
state that disclosure of the information sought would be in the	645
public interest.	646
(b) Division (B)(9)(a) of this section also applies to	647
journalist requests for:	648
(i) Customer information maintained by a municipally owned	649
or operated public utility, other than social security numbers	650
and any private financial information such as credit reports,	651
payment methods, credit card numbers, and bank account	652
information;	653
(ii) Information about minors involved in a school vehicle	654
accident as provided in division (A)(1)(gg) of this section,	655
other than personal information as defined in section 149.45 of	656

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(c) As used in division (B)(9) of this section,	658
"journalist" means a person engaged in, connected with, or	659
employed by any news medium, including a newspaper, magazine,	660
press association, news agency, or wire service, a radio or	661
television station, or a similar medium, for the purpose of	662
gathering, processing, transmitting, compiling, editing, or	663
disseminating information for the general public.	664
(10) Upon a request made by a victim, victim's attorney,	665
or victim's representative, as that term is used in section	666
2930.02 of the Revised Code, a public office or person	667
responsible for public records shall transmit a copy of a	668
depiction of the victim as described in division (A)(1) $\frac{(gg)}{(ii)}$	669
of this section to the victim, victim's attorney, or victim's	670
representative.	671
(C)(1) If a person allegedly is aggrieved by the failure	672
of a public office or the person responsible for public records	673
to promptly prepare a public record and to make it available to	674
the person for inspection in accordance with division (B) of	675
this section or by any other failure of a public office or the	676
person responsible for public records to comply with an	677
obligation in accordance with division (B) of this section, the	678
person allegedly aggrieved may do only one of the following, and	679
not both:	680
(a) File a complaint with the clerk of the court of claims	681
or the clerk of the court of common pleas under section 2743.75	682
of the Revised Code;	683
(b) Commence a mandamus action to obtain a judgment that	684
orders the public office or the person responsible for the	685

public record to comply with division (B) of this section, that

awards court costs and reasonable attorney's fees to the person

that instituted the mandamus action, and, if applicable, that	688
includes an order fixing statutory damages under division (C)(2)	689
of this section. The mandamus action may be commenced in the	690
court of common pleas of the county in which division (B) of	691
this section allegedly was not complied with, in the supreme	692
court pursuant to its original jurisdiction under Section 2 of	693
Article IV, Ohio Constitution, or in the court of appeals for	694
the appellate district in which division (B) of this section	695
allegedly was not complied with pursuant to its original	696
jurisdiction under Section 3 of Article IV, Ohio Constitution.	697

(2) If a requester transmits a written request by hand 698 delivery, electronic submission, or certified mail to inspect or 699 receive copies of any public record in a manner that fairly 700 describes the public record or class of public records to the 701 public office or person responsible for the requested public 702 records, except as otherwise provided in this section, the 703 requester shall be entitled to recover the amount of statutory 704 damages set forth in this division if a court determines that 705 the public office or the person responsible for public records 706 failed to comply with an obligation in accordance with division 707 (B) of this section. 708

709 The amount of statutory damages shall be fixed at one hundred dollars for each business day during which the public 710 office or person responsible for the requested public records 711 failed to comply with an obligation in accordance with division 712 (B) of this section, beginning with the day on which the 713 requester files a mandamus action to recover statutory damages, 714 up to a maximum of one thousand dollars. The award of statutory 715 damages shall not be construed as a penalty, but as compensation 716 for injury arising from lost use of the requested information. 717 The existence of this injury shall be conclusively presumed. The 718

award of statutory damages shall be in addition to all other	719
remedies authorized by this section.	720
The court may reduce an award of statutory damages or not	721
award statutory damages if the court determines both of the	722
following:	723
(a) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory	724
law and case law as it existed at the time of the conduct or	725
threatened conduct of the public office or person responsible	726
for the requested public records that allegedly constitutes a	727
failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with division	728
(B) of this section and that was the basis of the mandamus	729
action, a well-informed public office or person responsible for	730
the requested public records reasonably would believe that the	731
conduct or threatened conduct of the public office or person	732
responsible for the requested public records did not constitute	733
a failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with	734
division (B) of this section;	735
(b) That a well-informed public office or person	736
responsible for the requested public records reasonably would	737
believe that the conduct or threatened conduct of the public	738
office or person responsible for the requested public records	739
would serve the public policy that underlies the authority that	740
is asserted as permitting that conduct or threatened conduct.	741
(3) In a mandamus action filed under division (C)(1) of	742
this section, the following apply:	743
(a) (i) If the court orders the public office or the person	744
responsible for the public record to comply with division (B) of	745
this section, the court shall determine and award to the relator	746
all court costs, which shall be construed as remedial and not	747

punitive.	748
(ii) If the court makes a determination described in	749
division (C)(3)(b)(iii) of this section, the court shall	750
determine and award to the relator all court costs, which shall	751
be construed as remedial and not punitive.	752
(b) If the court renders a judgment that orders the public	753
office or the person responsible for the public record to comply	754
with division (B) of this section or if the court determines any	755
of the following, the court may award reasonable attorney's fees	756
to the relator, subject to division (C)(4) of this section:	757
(i) The public office or the person responsible for the	758
public records failed to respond affirmatively or negatively to	759
the public records request in accordance with the time allowed	760
under division (B) of this section.	761
(ii) The public office or the person responsible for the	762
public records promised to permit the relator to inspect or	763
receive copies of the public records requested within a	764
specified period of time but failed to fulfill that promise	765
within that specified period of time.	766
(iii) The public office or the person responsible for the	767
public records acted in bad faith when the office or person	768
voluntarily made the public records available to the relator for	769
the first time after the relator commenced the mandamus action,	770
but before the court issued any order concluding whether or not	771
the public office or person was required to comply with division	772
(B) of this section. No discovery may be conducted on the issue	773
of the alleged bad faith of the public office or person	774
responsible for the public records. This division shall not be	775
construed as creating a presumption that the public office or	776

the person responsible for the public records acted in bad faith	777
when the office or person voluntarily made the public records	778
available to the relator for the first time after the relator	779
commenced the mandamus action, but before the court issued any	780
order described in this division.	781
(c) The court shall not award attorney's fees to the	782
relator if the court determines both of the following:	783
(i) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory	784
law and case law as it existed at the time of the conduct or	785
threatened conduct of the public office or person responsible	786
for the requested public records that allegedly constitutes a	787
failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with division	788
(B) of this section and that was the basis of the mandamus	789
action, a well-informed public office or person responsible for	790
the requested public records reasonably would believe that the	791
conduct or threatened conduct of the public office or person	792
responsible for the requested public records did not constitute	793
a failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with	794
division (B) of this section;	795
(ii) That a well-informed public office or person	796
responsible for the requested public records reasonably would	797
believe that the conduct or threatened conduct of the public	798
office or person responsible for the requested public records	799
would serve the public policy that underlies the authority that	800
is asserted as permitting that conduct or threatened conduct.	801
(4) All of the following apply to any award of reasonable	802
attorney's fees awarded under division (C)(3)(b) of this	803
section:	804

(a) The fees shall be construed as remedial and not

punitive.	
(b) The fees awarded shall not exceed the total of the	807
reasonable attorney's fees incurred before the public record was	808
made available to the relator and the fees described in division	809
(C)(4)(c) of this section.	810
(c) Reasonable attorney's fees shall include reasonable	811
fees incurred to produce proof of the reasonableness and amount	812
of the fees and to otherwise litigate entitlement to the fees.	813
(d) The court may reduce the amount of fees awarded if the	814
court determines that, given the factual circumstances involved	815
with the specific public records request, an alternative means	816
should have been pursued to more effectively and efficiently	817
resolve the dispute that was subject to the mandamus action	818
filed under division (C)(1) of this section.	819
(5) If the court does not issue a writ of mandamus under	820
division (C) of this section and the court determines at that	821
time that the bringing of the mandamus action was frivolous	822
conduct as defined in division (A) of section 2323.51 of the	823
Revised Code, the court may award to the public office all court	824
costs, expenses, and reasonable attorney's fees, as determined	825
by the court.	826
(D) Chapter 1347. of the Revised Code does not limit the	827
provisions of this section.	828
(E)(1) To ensure that all employees of public offices are	829
appropriately educated about a public office's obligations under	830
division (B) of this section, all elected officials or their	831
appropriate designees shall attend training approved by the	832
attorney general as provided in section 109.43 of the Revised	833
Code. A future official may satisfy the requirements of this	834

division by attending the training before taking office, 835 provided that the future official may not send a designee in the 836 future official's place. 837

(2) All public offices shall adopt a public records policy 838 in compliance with this section for responding to public records 839 requests. In adopting a public records policy under this 840 division, a public office may obtain guidance from the model 841 public records policy developed and provided to the public 842 office by the attorney general under section 109.43 of the 843 844 Revised Code. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the policy may not limit the number of public records that the 845 public office will make available to a single person, may not 846 limit the number of public records that it will make available 847 during a fixed period of time, and may not establish a fixed 848 period of time before it will respond to a request for 849 inspection or copying of public records, unless that period is 8.50 less than eight hours. 851

The public office shall distribute the public records 852 policy adopted by the public office under this division to the 853 employee of the public office who is the records custodian or 854 records manager or otherwise has custody of the records of that 855 office. The public office shall require that employee to 856 acknowledge receipt of the copy of the public records policy. 857 The public office shall create a poster that describes its 858 public records policy and shall post the poster in a conspicuous 859 place in the public office and in all locations where the public 860 office has branch offices. The public office may post its public 861 records policy on the internet web site of the public office if 862 the public office maintains an internet web site. A public 863 office that has established a manual or handbook of its general 864 policies and procedures for all employees of the public office 865

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shall include the public records policy of the public office in the manual or handbook.

- (F)(1) The bureau of motor vehicles may adopt rules 868 pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to reasonably limit 869 the number of bulk commercial special extraction requests made 870 by a person for the same records or for updated records during a 871 calendar year. The rules may include provisions for charges to 872 be made for bulk commercial special extraction requests for the 873 actual cost of the bureau, plus special extraction costs, plus 874 875 ten per cent. The bureau may charge for expenses for redacting information, the release of which is prohibited by law. 876
  - (2) As used in division (F)(1) of this section:
- (a) "Actual cost" means the cost of depleted supplies,
  records storage media costs, actual mailing and alternative
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  delivery costs, or other transmitting costs, and any direct
  equipment operating and maintenance costs, including actual
  costs paid to private contractors for copying services.
  882
- (b) "Bulk commercial special extraction request" means a 883 request for copies of a record for information in a format other 884 885 than the format already available, or information that cannot be extracted without examination of all items in a records series, 886 class of records, or database by a person who intends to use or 887 forward the copies for surveys, marketing, solicitation, or 888 resale for commercial purposes. "Bulk commercial special 889 extraction request" does not include a request by a person who 890 gives assurance to the bureau that the person making the request 891 does not intend to use or forward the requested copies for 892 893 surveys, marketing, solicitation, or resale for commercial purposes. 894

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- (c) "Commercial" means profit-seeking production, buying, 895 or selling of any good, service, or other product. 896 (d) "Special extraction costs" means the cost of the time 897 spent by the lowest paid employee competent to perform the task, 898 the actual amount paid to outside private contractors employed 899 by the bureau, or the actual cost incurred to create computer 900 programs to make the special extraction. "Special extraction 901 902 costs" include any charges paid to a public agency for computer or records services. 903 (3) For purposes of divisions (F)(1) and (2) of this 904 905
- section, "surveys, marketing, solicitation, or resale for commercial purposes" shall be narrowly construed and does not include reporting or gathering news, reporting or gathering information to assist citizen oversight or understanding of the operation or activities of government, or nonprofit educational research.
- (G) A request by a defendant, counsel of a defendant, or 911 any agent of a defendant in a criminal action that public 912 records related to that action be made available under this 913 section shall be considered a demand for discovery pursuant to 914 the Criminal Rules, except to the extent that the Criminal Rules 915 plainly indicate a contrary intent. The defendant, counsel of 916 the defendant, or agent of the defendant making a request under 917 this division shall serve a copy of the request on the 918 prosecuting attorney, director of law, or other chief legal 919 officer responsible for prosecuting the action. 920
- (H) (1) Any portion of a body-worn camera or dashboard 921 camera recording described in divisions (A) (17) (b) to (h) of 922 this section may be released by consent of the subject of the 923 recording or a representative of that person, as specified in 924

those divisions, only if either of the following applies:	925
(a) The recording will not be used in connection with any	926
probable or pending criminal proceedings;	927
(b) The recording has been used in connection with a	928
criminal proceeding that was dismissed or for which a judgment	929
has been entered pursuant to Rule 32 of the Rules of Criminal	930
Procedure, and will not be used again in connection with any	931
probable or pending criminal proceedings.	932
(2) If a public office denies a request to release a	933
restricted portion of a body-worn camera or dashboard camera	934
recording, as defined in division (A)(17) of this section, any	935
person may file a mandamus action pursuant to this section or a	936
complaint with the clerk of the court of claims pursuant to	937
section 2743.75 of the Revised Code, requesting the court to	938
order the release of all or portions of the recording. If the	939
court considering the request determines that the filing	940
articulates by clear and convincing evidence that the public	941
interest in the recording substantially outweighs privacy	942
interests and other interests asserted to deny release, the	943
court shall order the public office to release the recording.	944
Sec. 5913.01. (A) The adjutant general is the commander	945
and administrative head of the Ohio organized militia. The	946
adjutant general shall:	947
(1) Be provided offices and shall keep them open during	948
usual business hours;	949
(2) Have and maintain custody of all military records,	950
correspondence, and other documents of the Ohio organized	951
militia;	952
(3) Superintend the preparation of all returns and reports	953

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required by the United States from the state on military matters;	954 955
(4) Keep a roster of all officers of the Ohio organized militia, including retired officers;	956 957
(5) Whenever necessary, cause the military provisions of	958 959
the Revised Code and the orders, regulations, pamphlets, circulars, and memorandums of the adjutant general's department	960
to be printed and distributed to the organizations of the Ohio	961
organized militia;	962
(6) Prepare and issue all necessary Ohio organized militia	963
forms and attest to all commissions issued to officers of the	964
Ohio organized militia;	965
(7) Have a seal, and all copies of orders, records, and	966
papers in the adjutant general's office certified and	967
authenticated with that seal shall be competent evidence in like	968
manner as if the originals were produced. All orders issued from	969
the adjutant general's office shall bear a duplicate of the	970
seal.	971
(8) Keep and preserve the arms, ordnance, equipment, and	972
all other military property belonging to the state or issued to	973
the state by the federal government and issue any regulations	974
necessary to keep, preserve, and repair the property as	975
conditions demand;	976
(9) Issue adjutant general's property to the units of the	977
Ohio organized militia as the necessity of the service or	978
organizational or allowance tables requires;	979
(10) Submit an annual report to the governor at such time	980
as the governor requires of the transaction of the adjutant	981
general's department, setting forth the strength and condition	982

of the Ohio organized militia and other matters that the	
adjutant general chooses;	984
(11) Designate members of the Ohio national guard, who are	985
participating in duties related to remotely piloted aircraft,	986
including, but not limited to, pilots, sensor operators, and	987
mission intelligence personnel, duties related to special forces	988
operations, or duties related to cybersecurity, as designated	989
public service workers under section 149.43 of the Revised Code;	990
(12) Command the joint force headquarters of the Ohio	991
national guard.	992
(B) The adjutant general shall issue and distribute all	993
orders issued in the name of the governor as the commander in	994
chief of the Ohio organized militia and perform the duties that	995
the governor directs and other duties prescribed by law.	996
(C) The adjutant general may enter into cooperative	997
agreements, contractual arrangements, or agreements for the	998
acceptance of grants with the United States or any agency or	999
department of the United States, other states, any department or	1000
political subdivision of this state, or any person or body	1001
politic, to accomplish the purposes of the adjutant general's	1002
department. The adjutant general shall cooperate with, and not	1003
infringe upon, the rights of other state departments, divisions,	1004
boards, commissions, and agencies, political subdivisions, and	1005
other public officials and public and private agencies when the	1006
interests of the adjutant general's department and those other	1007
entities overlap.	1008
The funds made available by the United States for the	1009
exclusive use of the department shall be expended only by the	1010

department and only for the purposes for which the federal funds

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were appropriated. In accepting federal funds, the department	1012
agrees to abide by the terms and conditions of the grant or	1013
cooperative agreement and further agrees to expend the federal	1014
funds in accordance with the laws and regulations of the United	1015
States.	1016
Section 2. That existing sections 149.43 and 5913.01 of	1017
the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	1018