As Reported by the Senate Judiciary Committee

134th General Assembly

Regular Session 2021-2022

S. B. No. 4

Senator Roegner

Cosponsor: Senator Manning

A BILL

То	amend sections 149.43 and 5913.01 of the Revised	1
	Code to include emergency service	2
	telecommunicators and certain Ohio National	3
	Guard members as individuals whose residential	4
	and familial information is exempt from	5
	disclosure under the Public Records Law.	6

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 149.43 and 5913.01 of the Revised	7
Code be amended to read as follows:	8
Sec. 149.43. (A) As used in this section:	9
(1) "Public record" means records kept by any public	10
office, including, but not limited to, state, county, city,	11
village, township, and school district units, and records	12
pertaining to the delivery of educational services by an	13
alternative school in this state kept by the nonprofit or for-	14
profit entity operating the alternative school pursuant to	15
section 3313.533 of the Revised Code. "Public record" does not	16
mean any of the following:	17
(a) Medical records;	18

(b) Records pertaining to probation and parole	19
proceedings, to proceedings related to the imposition of	20
community control sanctions and post-release control sanctions,	21
or to proceedings related to determinations under section	22
2967.271 of the Revised Code regarding the release or maintained	23
incarceration of an offender to whom that section applies;	24
(c) Records pertaining to actions under section 2151.85	25
and division (C) of section 2919.121 of the Revised Code and to	26
appeals of actions arising under those sections;	27
(d) Records pertaining to adoption proceedings, including	28
the contents of an adoption file maintained by the department of	29
health under sections 3705.12 to 3705.124 of the Revised Code;	30
(e) Information in a record contained in the putative	31
father registry established by section 3107.062 of the Revised	32
Code, regardless of whether the information is held by the	33
department of job and family services or, pursuant to section	34
3111.69 of the Revised Code, the office of child support in the	35
department or a child support enforcement agency;	36
(f) Records specified in division (A) of section 3107.52	37
of the Revised Code;	38
(g) Trial preparation records;	39
(h) Confidential law enforcement investigatory records;	40
(i) Records containing information that is confidential	41
under section 2710.03 or 4112.05 of the Revised Code;	42
(j) DNA records stored in the DNA database pursuant to	43
section 109.573 of the Revised Code;	44
(k) Inmate records released by the department of	45
rehabilitation and correction to the department of youth	46

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(aa) Usage information including names and addresses of	104
specific residential and commercial customers of a municipally	105
owned or operated public utility;	106
(bb) Records described in division (C) of section 187.04	107
of the Revised Code that are not designated to be made available	108
to the public as provided in that division;	109
(cc) Information and records that are made confidential,	110
privileged, and not subject to disclosure under divisions (B)	111
and (C) of section 2949.221 of the Revised Code;	112
(dd) Personal information, as defined in section 149.45 of	113
the Revised Code;	114
(ee) The confidential name, address, and other personally	115
identifiable information of a program participant in the address	116
confidentiality program established under sections 111.41 to	117
111.47 of the Revised Code, including the contents of any	118
application for absent voter's ballots, absent voter's ballot	119
identification envelope statement of voter, or provisional	120
ballot affirmation completed by a program participant who has a	121
confidential voter registration record, and records or portions	122
of records pertaining to that program that identify the number	123
of program participants that reside within a precinct, ward,	124
township, municipal corporation, county, or any other geographic	125
area smaller than the state. As used in this division,	126
"confidential address" and "program participant" have the	127
meaning defined in section 111.41 of the Revised Code.	128
(ff) Orders for active military service of an individual	129
serving or with previous service in the armed forces of the	130
United States, including a reserve component, or the Ohio	131
organized militia, except that, such order becomes a public	132

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behalf, statements made by review board members during board	162
meetings, all work products of the board, and data submitted by	163
the board to the department of health or a national infant death	164
review database, other than the report prepared pursuant to	165
section 3707.77 of the Revised Code.	166

(11) Records, documents, reports, or other information 167
presented to the pregnancy-associated mortality review board 168
established under section 3738.01 of the Revised Code, 169
statements made by board members during board meetings, all work 170
products of the board, and data submitted by the board to the 171
department of health, other than the biennial reports prepared 172
under section 3738.08 of the Revised Code; 173

(mm) Telephone numbers for a victim, as defined in section 2930.01 of the Revised Code, a witness to a crime, or a party to a motor vehicle accident subject to the requirements of section 5502.11 of the Revised Code that are listed on any law enforcement record or report.

A record that is not a public record under division (A)(1) 179 of this section and that, under law, is permanently retained 180 becomes a public record on the day that is seventy-five years 181 after the day on which the record was created, except for any 182 record protected by the attorney-client privilege, a trial 183 preparation record as defined in this section, a statement 184 prohibiting the release of identifying information signed under 185 section 3107.083 of the Revised Code, a denial of release form 186 filed pursuant to section 3107.46 of the Revised Code, or any 187 record that is exempt from release or disclosure under section 188 149.433 of the Revised Code. If the record is a birth 189 certificate and a biological parent's name redaction request 190 form has been accepted under section 3107.391 of the Revised 191

Code, the name of that parent shall be redacted from the birth	192
certificate before it is released under this paragraph. If any	193
other section of the Revised Code establishes a time period for	194
disclosure of a record that conflicts with the time period	195
specified in this section, the time period in the other section	196
prevails.	197
(2) "Confidential law enforcement investigatory record"	198
means any record that pertains to a law enforcement matter of a	199
criminal, quasi-criminal, civil, or administrative nature, but	200
only to the extent that the release of the record would create a	201
high probability of disclosure of any of the following:	202
(a) The identity of a suspect who has not been charged	203
with the offense to which the record pertains, or of an	204
information source or witness to whom confidentiality has been	205
reasonably promised;	206
(b) Information provided by an information source or	207
witness to whom confidentiality has been reasonably promised,	208
which information would reasonably tend to disclose the source's	209
or witness's identity;	210
(c) Specific confidential investigatory techniques or	211
procedures or specific investigatory work product;	212
(d) Information that would endanger the life or physical	213
safety of law enforcement personnel, a crime victim, a witness,	214
or a confidential information source.	215
(3) "Medical record" means any document or combination of	216
documents, except births, deaths, and the fact of admission to	217
or discharge from a hospital, that pertains to the medical	218
history, diagnosis, prognosis, or medical condition of a patient	219

and that is generated and maintained in the process of medical

treatment.	221
(4) "Trial preparation record" means any record that	222
contains information that is specifically compiled in reasonable	223
anticipation of, or in defense of, a civil or criminal action or	224
proceeding, including the independent thought processes and	225
personal trial preparation of an attorney.	226
(5) "Intellectual property record" means a record, other	227
than a financial or administrative record, that is produced or	228
collected by or for faculty or staff of a state institution of	229
higher learning in the conduct of or as a result of study or	230
research on an educational, commercial, scientific, artistic,	231
technical, or scholarly issue, regardless of whether the study	232
or research was sponsored by the institution alone or in	233
conjunction with a governmental body or private concern, and	234
that has not been publicly released, published, or patented.	235
(6) "Donor profile record" means all records about donors	236
or potential donors to a public institution of higher education	237
except the names and reported addresses of the actual donors and	238
the date, amount, and conditions of the actual donation.	239
(7) "Designated public service worker" means a peace	240
officer, parole officer, probation officer, bailiff, prosecuting	241
attorney, assistant prosecuting attorney, correctional employee,	242
county or multicounty corrections officer, community-based	243
correctional facility employee, designated Ohio national guard	244
<pre>member, youth services employee, firefighter, EMT, medical</pre>	245
director or member of a cooperating physician advisory board of	246
an emergency medical service organization, state board of	247
pharmacy employee, investigator of the bureau of criminal	248
identification and investigation, emergency service	249

telecommunicator, judge, magistrate, or federal law enforcement

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officer.	251
(8) "Designated public service worker residential and	252
familial information" means any information that discloses any	253
of the following about a designated public service worker:	254
(a) The address of the actual personal residence of a	255
designated public service worker, except for the following	256
information:	257
(i) The address of the actual personal residence of a	258
prosecuting attorney or judge; and	259
(ii) The state or political subdivision in which a	260
designated public service worker resides.	261
(b) Information compiled from referral to or participation	262
in an employee assistance program;	263
(c) The social security number, the residential telephone	264
number, any bank account, debit card, charge card, or credit	265
card number, or the emergency telephone number of, or any	266
medical information pertaining to, a designated public service	267
worker;	268
(d) The name of any beneficiary of employment benefits,	269
including, but not limited to, life insurance benefits, provided	270
to a designated public service worker by the designated public	271
service worker's employer;	272
(e) The identity and amount of any charitable or	273
employment benefit deduction made by the designated public	274
service worker's employer from the designated public service	275
worker's compensation, unless the amount of the deduction is	276
required by state or federal law;	277
(f) The name, the residential address, the name of the	278

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employer, the address of the employer, the social security	279
number, the residential telephone number, any bank account,	280
debit card, charge card, or credit card number, or the emergency	281
telephone number of the spouse, a former spouse, or any child of	282
a designated public service worker;	283
(g) A photograph of a peace officer who holds a position	284
or has an assignment that may include undercover or plain	285
clothes positions or assignments as determined by the peace	286
officer's appointing authority.	287
(9) As used in divisions (A)(7) and (15) to (17) of this	288
section:	289
"Peace officer" has the meaning defined in section 109.71	290
of the Revised Code and also includes the superintendent and	291
troopers of the state highway patrol; it does not include the	292
sheriff of a county or a supervisory employee who, in the	293
absence of the sheriff, is authorized to stand in for, exercise	294
the authority of, and perform the duties of the sheriff.	295
"Correctional employee" means any employee of the	296
department of rehabilitation and correction who in the course of	297
performing the employee's job duties has or has had contact with	298
inmates and persons under supervision.	299
"County or multicounty corrections officer" means any	300
corrections officer employed by any county or multicounty	301
correctional facility.	302
"Designated Ohio national guard member" means a member of	303
the Ohio national guard who is participating in duties related	304
to remotely piloted aircraft, including, but not limited to,	305
pilots, sensor operators, and mission intelligence personnel,	306
duties related to special forces operations, or duties related	307

to cybersecurity, and is designated by the adjutant general as a	308
designated public service worker for those purposes.	309
"Youth services employee" means any employee of the	310
department of youth services who in the course of performing the	311
employee's job duties has or has had contact with children	312
committed to the custody of the department of youth services.	313
"Firefighter" means any regular, paid or volunteer, member	314
of a lawfully constituted fire department of a municipal	315
corporation, township, fire district, or village.	316
"EMT" means EMTs-basic, EMTs-I, and paramedics that	317
provide emergency medical services for a public emergency	318
medical service organization. "Emergency medical service	319
organization," "EMT-basic," "EMT-I," and "paramedic" have the	320
meanings defined in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code.	321
"Investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and	322
investigation" has the meaning defined in section 2903.11 of the	323
Revised Code.	324
"Emergency service telecommunicator" has the meaning	325
defined in section 4742.01 of the Revised Code.	326
"Federal law enforcement officer" has the meaning defined	327
in section 9.88 of the Revised Code.	328
(10) "Information pertaining to the recreational	329
activities of a person under the age of eighteen" means	330
information that is kept in the ordinary course of business by a	331
public office, that pertains to the recreational activities of a	332
person under the age of eighteen years, and that discloses any	333
of the following:	334
(a) The address or telephone number of a person under the	335

(16) "Dashboard camera" means a visual and audio recording

device mounted on a peace officer's vehicle or vessel that is	364
used while the peace officer is engaged in the performance of	365
the peace officer's duties.	366
(17) "Restricted portions of a body-worn camera or	367
dashboard camera recording" means any visual or audio portion of	368
a body-worn camera or dashboard camera recording that shows,	369
communicates, or discloses any of the following:	370
(a) The image or identity of a child or information that	371
could lead to the identification of a child who is a primary	372
subject of the recording when the law enforcement agency knows	373
or has reason to know the person is a child based on the law	374
enforcement agency's records or the content of the recording;	375
(b) The death of a person or a deceased person's body,	376
unless the death was caused by a peace officer or, subject to	377
division (H)(1) of this section, the consent of the decedent's	378
executor or administrator has been obtained;	379
(c) The death of a peace officer, firefighter, paramedic,	380
or other first responder, occurring while the decedent was	381
engaged in the performance of official duties, unless, subject	382
to division (H)(1) of this section, the consent of the	383
decedent's executor or administrator has been obtained;	384
(d) Grievous bodily harm, unless the injury was effected	385
by a peace officer or, subject to division (H)(1) of this	386
section, the consent of the injured person or the injured	387
person's guardian has been obtained;	388
(e) An act of severe violence against a person that	389
results in serious physical harm to the person, unless the act	390
and injury was effected by a peace officer or, subject to	391
division (H)(1) of this section, the consent of the injured	392

person or the injured person's guardian has been obtained;	393
(f) Grievous bodily harm to a peace officer, firefighter,	394
paramedic, or other first responder, occurring while the injured	395
person was engaged in the performance of official duties,	396
unless, subject to division (H)(1) of this section, the consent	397
of the injured person or the injured person's guardian has been	398
obtained;	399
(g) An act of severe violence resulting in serious	400
physical harm against a peace officer, firefighter, paramedic,	401
or other first responder, occurring while the injured person was	402
engaged in the performance of official duties, unless, subject	403
to division (H)(1) of this section, the consent of the injured	404
person or the injured person's guardian has been obtained;	405
(h) A person's nude body, unless, subject to division (H)	406
(1) of this section, the person's consent has been obtained;	407
	10,
(i) Protected health information, the identity of a person	408
in a health care facility who is not the subject of a law	409
enforcement encounter, or any other information in a health care	410
facility that could identify a person who is not the subject of	411
a law enforcement encounter;	412
(j) Information that could identify the alleged victim of	413
a sex offense, menacing by stalking, or domestic violence;	414
(k) Information, that does not constitute a confidential	415
law enforcement investigatory record, that could identify a	416
person who provides sensitive or confidential information to a	417
law enforcement agency when the disclosure of the person's	418
identity or the information provided could reasonably be	419
expected to threaten or endanger the safety or property of the	420
person or another person;	421
posson of another posson,	1-1

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(1) Personal information of a person who is not arrested,	422
cited, charged, or issued a written warning by a peace officer;	423
(m) Proprietary police contingency plans or tactics that	424
are intended to prevent crime and maintain public order and	425
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safety;	420
(n) A personal conversation unrelated to work between	427
peace officers or between a peace officer and an employee of a	428
law enforcement agency;	429
(o) A conversation between a peace officer and a member of	430
the public that does not concern law enforcement activities;	431
(p) The interior of a residence, unless the interior of a	432
residence is the location of an adversarial encounter with, or a	433
use of force by, a peace officer;	434
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(q) Any portion of the interior of a private business that	435
is not open to the public, unless an adversarial encounter with,	436
or a use of force by, a peace officer occurs in that location.	437
As used in division (A)(17) of this section:	438
"Grievous bodily harm" has the same meaning as in section	439
5924.120 of the Revised Code.	440
"Health care facility" has the same meaning as in section	441
1337.11 of the Revised Code.	442
"Protected health information" has the same meaning as in	443
45 C.F.R. 160.103.	444
"Law enforcement agency" has the same meaning as in	445
section 2925.61 of the Revised Code.	446
Section 2923.01 Of the Neviseu Code.	440
"Personal information" means any government-issued	447
identification number, date of birth, address, financial	448

information, or criminal justice information from the law	449
enforcement automated data system or similar databases.	450
"Sex offense" has the same meaning as in section 2907.10	451
of the Revised Code.	452
of the nevibed tode.	102
"Firefighter," "paramedic," and "first responder" have the	453
same meanings as in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code.	454
(B)(1) Upon request by any person and subject to division	455
(B)(8) of this section, all public records responsive to the	456
request shall be promptly prepared and made available for	457
inspection to any person the requester at all reasonable times	458
during regular business hours. Subject to division (B)(8) of	459
this section, upon request by any person, a public office or	460
person responsible for public records shall make copies of the	461
requested public record available to the requester at cost and	462
within a reasonable period of time. If a public record contains	463
information that is exempt from the duty to permit public	464
inspection or to copy the public record, the public office or	465
the person responsible for the public record shall make	466
available all of the information within the public record that	467
is not exempt. When making that public record available for	468
public inspection or copying that public record, the public	469
office or the person responsible for the public record shall	470
notify the requester of any redaction or make the redaction	471
plainly visible. A redaction shall be deemed a denial of a	472
request to inspect or copy the redacted information, except if	473
federal or state law authorizes or requires a public office to	474
make the redaction.	475
(2) To facilitate broader access to public records, a	476
public office or the person responsible for public records shall	477
organize and maintain public records in a manner that they can	478

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be made available for inspection or copying in accordance with 479 division (B) of this section. A public office also shall have 480 available a copy of its current records retention schedule at a 481 location readily available to the public. If a requester makes 482 an ambiguous or overly broad request or has difficulty in making 483 a request for copies or inspection of public records under this 484 485 section such that the public office or the person responsible for the requested public record cannot reasonably identify what 486 public records are being requested, the public office or the 487 person responsible for the requested public record may deny the 488 request but shall provide the requester with an opportunity to 489 revise the request by informing the requester of the manner in 490 which records are maintained by the public office and accessed 491 in the ordinary course of the public office's or person's 492 duties. 493

- (3) If a request is ultimately denied, in part or in 494 whole, the public office or the person responsible for the 495 requested public record shall provide the requester with an 496 explanation, including legal authority, setting forth why the 497 request was denied. If the initial request was provided in 498 writing, the explanation also shall be provided to the requester 499 in writing. The explanation shall not preclude the public office 500 or the person responsible for the requested public record from 501 relying upon additional reasons or legal authority in defending 502 an action commenced under division (C) of this section. 503
- (4) Unless specifically required or authorized by state or federal law or in accordance with division (B) of this section, no public office or person responsible for public records may limit or condition the availability of public records by requiring disclosure of the requester's identity or the intended use of the requested public record. Any requirement that the

requester disclose the requester's identity or the intended use 510 of the requested public record constitutes a denial of the 511 request.

- (5) A public office or person responsible for public 513 records may ask a requester to make the request in writing, may 514 ask for the requester's identity, and may inquire about the 515 intended use of the information requested, but may do so only 516 after disclosing to the requester that a written request is not 517 mandatory, that the requester may decline to reveal the 518 519 requester's identity or the intended use, and when a written request or disclosure of the identity or intended use would 520 benefit the requester by enhancing the ability of the public 521 office or person responsible for public records to identify, 522 locate, or deliver the public records sought by the requester. 523
- (6) If any person requests a copy of a public record in 524 accordance with division (B) of this section, the public office 525 or person responsible for the public record may require that 526 person the requester to pay in advance the cost involved in 527 providing the copy of the public record in accordance with the 528 529 choice made by the person requesting the copy requester under this division. The public office or the person responsible for 530 the public record shall permit that person—the requester to 531 choose to have the public record duplicated upon paper, upon the 532 same medium upon which the public office or person responsible 533 for the public record keeps it, or upon any other medium upon 534 which the public office or person responsible for the public 535 record determines that it reasonably can be duplicated as an 536 integral part of the normal operations of the public office or 537 person responsible for the public record. When the person 538 requesting the copy requester makes a choice under this 539 division, the public office or person responsible for the public 540

record shall provide a copy of it in accordance with the choice	541
made by that person the requester. Nothing in this section	542
requires a public office or person responsible for the public	543
record to allow the person requesting requester of a copy of the	544
public record to make the copies of the public record.	545
(7)(a) Upon a request made in accordance with division (B)	546

- of this section and subject to division (B)(6) of this section, a public office or person responsible for public records shall transmit a copy of a public record to any person by United States mail or by any other means of delivery or transmission within a reasonable period of time after receiving the request for the copy. The public office or person responsible for the public record may require the person making the request to pay in advance the cost of postage if the copy is transmitted by United States mail or the cost of delivery if the copy is transmitted other than by United States mail, and to pay in advance the costs incurred for other supplies used in the mailing, delivery, or transmission.
- (b) Any public office may adopt a policy and procedures that it will follow in transmitting, within a reasonable period of time after receiving a request, copies of public records by United States mail or by any other means of delivery or transmission pursuant to division (B)(7) of this section. A public office that adopts a policy and procedures under division (B)(7) of this section shall comply with them in performing its duties under that division.
- (c) In any policy and procedures adopted under division(B) (7) of this section:
- (i) A public office may limit the number of records 569 requested by a person that the office will physically deliver by 570

United States mail or by another delivery service to ten per	571
month, unless the person certifies to the office in writing that	572
the person does not intend to use or forward the requested	573
records, or the information contained in them, for commercial	574
purposes;	575

- (ii) A public office that chooses to provide some or all of its public records on a web site that is fully accessible to and searchable by members of the public at all times, other than during acts of God outside the public office's control or maintenance, and that charges no fee to search, access, download, or otherwise receive records provided on the web site, may limit to ten per month the number of records requested by a person that the office will deliver in a digital format, unless the requested records are not provided on the web site and unless the person certifies to the office in writing that the person does not intend to use or forward the requested records, or the information contained in them, for commercial purposes.
- (iii) For purposes of division (B)(7) of this section,
 "commercial" shall be narrowly construed and does not include
 reporting or gathering news, reporting or gathering information
 to assist citizen oversight or understanding of the operation or
 activities of government, or nonprofit educational research.
- (8) A public office or person responsible for public records is not required to permit a person who is incarcerated pursuant to a criminal conviction or a juvenile adjudication to inspect or to obtain a copy of any public record concerning a criminal investigation or prosecution or concerning what would be a criminal investigation or prosecution if the subject of the investigation or prosecution were an adult, unless the request to inspect or to obtain a copy of the record is for the purpose

of acquiring information that is subject to release as a public	601
record under this section and the judge who imposed the sentence	602
or made the adjudication with respect to the person, or the	603
judge's successor in office, finds that the information sought	604
in the public record is necessary to support what appears to be	605
a justiciable claim of the person.	606
(9)(a) Upon written request made and signed by a	607

- journalist, a public office, or person responsible for public records, having custody of the records of the agency employing a specified designated public service worker shall disclose to the journalist the address of the actual personal residence of the designated public service worker and, if the designated public service worker's spouse, former spouse, or child is employed by a public office, the name and address of the employer of the designated public service worker's spouse, former spouse, or child. The request shall include the journalist's name and title and the name and address of the journalist's employer and shall state that disclosure of the information sought would be in the public interest.
- (b) Division (B)(9)(a) of this section also applies to journalist requests for:
- (i) Customer information maintained by a municipally owned 622 or operated public utility, other than social security numbers 623 and any private financial information such as credit reports, 624 payment methods, credit card numbers, and bank account 625 information; 626
- (ii) Information about minors involved in a school vehicle 627 accident as provided in division (A)(1)(gg) of this section, 628 other than personal information as defined in section 149.45 of 629 the Revised Code.

(c) As used in division (B)(9) of this section,	631
"journalist" means a person engaged in, connected with, or	632
employed by any news medium, including a newspaper, magazine,	633
press association, news agency, or wire service, a radio or	634
television station, or a similar medium, for the purpose of	635
gathering, processing, transmitting, compiling, editing, or	636
disseminating information for the general public.	637
(10) Upon a request made by a victim, victim's attorney,	638
or victim's representative, as that term is used in section	639
2930.02 of the Revised Code, a public office or person	640
responsible for public records shall transmit a copy of a	641
depiction of the victim as described in division (A)(1) $\frac{(gg)}{(ii)}$	642
of this section to the victim, victim's attorney, or victim's	643
representative.	644
(C)(1) If a person allegedly is aggrieved by the failure	645
of a public office or the person responsible for public records	646
to promptly prepare a public record and to make it available to	647
the person for inspection in accordance with division (B) of	648
this section or by any other failure of a public office or the	649
person responsible for public records to comply with an	650
obligation in accordance with division (B) of this section, the	651
person allegedly aggrieved may do only one of the following, and	652
not both:	653
(a) File a complaint with the clerk of the court of claims	654
or the clerk of the court of common pleas under section 2743.75	655
of the Revised Code;	656
(b) Commence a mandamus action to obtain a judgment that	657
orders the public office or the person responsible for the	658
public record to comply with division (B) of this section, that	659

awards court costs and reasonable attorney's fees to the person

that instituted the mandamus action, and, if applicable, that 661 includes an order fixing statutory damages under division (C)(2) 662 of this section. The mandamus action may be commenced in the 663 court of common pleas of the county in which division (B) of 664 this section allegedly was not complied with, in the supreme 665 court pursuant to its original jurisdiction under Section 2 of 666 Article IV, Ohio Constitution, or in the court of appeals for 667 the appellate district in which division (B) of this section 668 allegedly was not complied with pursuant to its original 669 jurisdiction under Section 3 of Article IV, Ohio Constitution. 670

(2) If a requester transmits a written request by hand 671 delivery, electronic submission, or certified mail to inspect or 672 673 receive copies of any public record in a manner that fairly describes the public record or class of public records to the 674 public office or person responsible for the requested public 675 records, except as otherwise provided in this section, the 676 requester shall be entitled to recover the amount of statutory 677 damages set forth in this division if a court determines that 678 the public office or the person responsible for public records 679 failed to comply with an obligation in accordance with division 680 (B) of this section. 681

682 The amount of statutory damages shall be fixed at one hundred dollars for each business day during which the public 683 office or person responsible for the requested public records 684 failed to comply with an obligation in accordance with division 685 (B) of this section, beginning with the day on which the 686 requester files a mandamus action to recover statutory damages, 687 up to a maximum of one thousand dollars. The award of statutory 688 damages shall not be construed as a penalty, but as compensation 689 for injury arising from lost use of the requested information. 690 The existence of this injury shall be conclusively presumed. The 691

award of statutory damages shall be in addition to all other	692
remedies authorized by this section.	693
The court may reduce an award of statutory damages or not	694
award statutory damages if the court determines both of the	695
following:	696
(a) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory	697
law and case law as it existed at the time of the conduct or	698
threatened conduct of the public office or person responsible	699
for the requested public records that allegedly constitutes a	700
failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with division	701
(B) of this section and that was the basis of the mandamus	702
action, a well-informed public office or person responsible for	703
the requested public records reasonably would believe that the	704
conduct or threatened conduct of the public office or person	705
responsible for the requested public records did not constitute	706
a failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with	707
division (B) of this section;	708
(b) That a well-informed public office or person	709
responsible for the requested public records reasonably would	710
believe that the conduct or threatened conduct of the public	711
office or person responsible for the requested public records	712
would serve the public policy that underlies the authority that	713
is asserted as permitting that conduct or threatened conduct.	714
(3) In a mandamus action filed under division (C)(1) of	715
this section, the following apply:	716
(a)(i) If the court orders the public office or the person	717
responsible for the public record to comply with division (B) of	718
this section, the court shall determine and award to the relator	719

all court costs, which shall be construed as remedial and not

punitive.	721
(ii) If the court makes a determination described in	722
division (C)(3)(b)(iii) of this section, the court shall	723
determine and award to the relator all court costs, which shall	724
be construed as remedial and not punitive.	725
(b) If the court renders a judgment that orders the public	726
office or the person responsible for the public record to comply	727
with division (B) of this section or if the court determines any	728
of the following, the court may award reasonable attorney's fees	729
to the relator, subject to division (C)(4) of this section:	730
(i) The public office or the person responsible for the	731
public records failed to respond affirmatively or negatively to	732
the public records request in accordance with the time allowed	733
under division (B) of this section.	734
(ii) The public office or the person responsible for the	735
public records promised to permit the relator to inspect or	736
receive copies of the public records requested within a	737
specified period of time but failed to fulfill that promise	738
within that specified period of time.	739
(iii) The public office or the person responsible for the	740
public records acted in bad faith when the office or person	741
voluntarily made the public records available to the relator for	742
the first time after the relator commenced the mandamus action,	743
but before the court issued any order concluding whether or not	744
the public office or person was required to comply with division	745
(B) of this section. No discovery may be conducted on the issue	746
of the alleged bad faith of the public office or person	747
responsible for the public records. This division shall not be	748
construed as creating a presumption that the public office or	749

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the person responsible for the public records acted in bad faith 750 when the office or person voluntarily made the public records 751 available to the relator for the first time after the relator 752 commenced the mandamus action, but before the court issued any 753 order described in this division. 754 (c) The court shall not award attorney's fees to the 755 relator if the court determines both of the following: 756 (i) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory 757 law and case law as it existed at the time of the conduct or 758 threatened conduct of the public office or person responsible 759 for the requested public records that allegedly constitutes a 760 failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with division 761 (B) of this section and that was the basis of the mandamus 762 action, a well-informed public office or person responsible for 763 the requested public records reasonably would believe that the 764 conduct or threatened conduct of the public office or person 765 responsible for the requested public records did not constitute 766 a failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with 767 division (B) of this section; 768 769 (ii) That a well-informed public office or person responsible for the requested public records reasonably would 770 771 believe that the conduct or threatened conduct of the public

is asserted as permitting that conduct or threatened conduct.

(4) All of the following apply to any award of reasonable attorney's fees awarded under division (C)(3)(b) of this section:

office or person responsible for the requested public records

would serve the public policy that underlies the authority that

(a) The fees shall be construed as remedial and not

punitive.	779
(b) The fees awarded shall not exceed the total of the	780
reasonable attorney's fees incurred before the public record was	781
made available to the relator and the fees described in division	782
(C)(4)(c) of this section.	783
(c) Reasonable attorney's fees shall include reasonable	784
fees incurred to produce proof of the reasonableness and amount	785
of the fees and to otherwise litigate entitlement to the fees.	786
(d) The court may reduce the amount of fees awarded if the	787
court determines that, given the factual circumstances involved	788
with the specific public records request, an alternative means	789
should have been pursued to more effectively and efficiently	790
resolve the dispute that was subject to the mandamus action	791
filed under division (C)(1) of this section.	792
(5) If the court does not issue a writ of mandamus under	793
division (C) of this section and the court determines at that	794
time that the bringing of the mandamus action was frivolous	795
conduct as defined in division (A) of section 2323.51 of the	796
Revised Code, the court may award to the public office all court	797
costs, expenses, and reasonable attorney's fees, as determined	798
by the court.	799
(D) Chapter 1347. of the Revised Code does not limit the	800
provisions of this section.	801
(E)(1) To ensure that all employees of public offices are	802
appropriately educated about a public office's obligations under	803
division (B) of this section, all elected officials or their	804
appropriate designees shall attend training approved by the	805
attorney general as provided in section 109.43 of the Revised	806
Code. A future official may satisfy the requirements of this	807

division by attending the training before taking office, 808 provided that the future official may not send a designee in the 809 future official's place. 810

(2) All public offices shall adopt a public records policy 811 in compliance with this section for responding to public records 812 requests. In adopting a public records policy under this 813 division, a public office may obtain guidance from the model 814 public records policy developed and provided to the public 815 office by the attorney general under section 109.43 of the 816 Revised Code. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the 817 policy may not limit the number of public records that the 818 public office will make available to a single person, may not 819 limit the number of public records that it will make available 820 during a fixed period of time, and may not establish a fixed 821 period of time before it will respond to a request for 822 inspection or copying of public records, unless that period is 823 less than eight hours. 824

The public office shall distribute the public records 825 policy adopted by the public office under this division to the 826 employee of the public office who is the records custodian or 827 records manager or otherwise has custody of the records of that 828 office. The public office shall require that employee to 829 acknowledge receipt of the copy of the public records policy. 830 The public office shall create a poster that describes its 831 public records policy and shall post the poster in a conspicuous 832 place in the public office and in all locations where the public 833 office has branch offices. The public office may post its public 834 records policy on the internet web site of the public office if 835 the public office maintains an internet web site. A public 836 office that has established a manual or handbook of its general 837 policies and procedures for all employees of the public office 838

shall include the public records policy of the public office in 839 the manual or handbook.

- (F) (1) The bureau of motor vehicles may adopt rules 841 pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to reasonably limit 842 the number of bulk commercial special extraction requests made 843 by a person for the same records or for updated records during a 844 calendar year. The rules may include provisions for charges to 845 be made for bulk commercial special extraction requests for the 846 actual cost of the bureau, plus special extraction costs, plus 847 ten per cent. The bureau may charge for expenses for redacting 848 information, the release of which is prohibited by law. 849
 - (2) As used in division (F)(1) of this section:
- (a) "Actual cost" means the cost of depleted supplies,

 records storage media costs, actual mailing and alternative

 delivery costs, or other transmitting costs, and any direct

 equipment operating and maintenance costs, including actual

 costs paid to private contractors for copying services.

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- (b) "Bulk commercial special extraction request" means a 856 request for copies of a record for information in a format other 857 than the format already available, or information that cannot be 858 extracted without examination of all items in a records series, 859 class of records, or database by a person who intends to use or 860 forward the copies for surveys, marketing, solicitation, or 861 resale for commercial purposes. "Bulk commercial special 862 extraction request" does not include a request by a person who 863 gives assurance to the bureau that the person making the request 864 does not intend to use or forward the requested copies for 865 surveys, marketing, solicitation, or resale for commercial 866 purposes. 867

- (c) "Commercial" means profit-seeking production, buying, 868 or selling of any good, service, or other product. 869
- (d) "Special extraction costs" means the cost of the time 870 spent by the lowest paid employee competent to perform the task, 871 the actual amount paid to outside private contractors employed 872 by the bureau, or the actual cost incurred to create computer 873 programs to make the special extraction. "Special extraction 874 costs" include any charges paid to a public agency for computer 875 or records services.
- (3) For purposes of divisions (F)(1) and (2) of this 877 section, "surveys, marketing, solicitation, or resale for 878 commercial purposes" shall be narrowly construed and does not 879 include reporting or gathering news, reporting or gathering 880 information to assist citizen oversight or understanding of the 881 operation or activities of government, or nonprofit educational 882 research.
- (G) A request by a defendant, counsel of a defendant, or 884 any agent of a defendant in a criminal action that public 885 records related to that action be made available under this 886 section shall be considered a demand for discovery pursuant to 887 the Criminal Rules, except to the extent that the Criminal Rules 888 plainly indicate a contrary intent. The defendant, counsel of 889 the defendant, or agent of the defendant making a request under 890 this division shall serve a copy of the request on the 891 prosecuting attorney, director of law, or other chief legal 892 officer responsible for prosecuting the action. 893
- (H) (1) Any portion of a body-worn camera or dashboard 894 camera recording described in divisions (A) (17) (b) to (h) of 895 this section may be released by consent of the subject of the 896 recording or a representative of that person, as specified in 897

those divisions, only if either of the following applies: 898 (a) The recording will not be used in connection with any 899 probable or pending criminal proceedings; 900 (b) The recording has been used in connection with a 901 criminal proceeding that was dismissed or for which a judgment 902 has been entered pursuant to Rule 32 of the Rules of Criminal 903 Procedure, and will not be used again in connection with any 904 probable or pending criminal proceedings. 905 (2) If a public office denies a request to release a 906 restricted portion of a body-worn camera or dashboard camera 907 recording, as defined in division (A)(17) of this section, any 908 person may file a mandamus action pursuant to this section or a 909 complaint with the clerk of the court of claims pursuant to 910 section 2743.75 of the Revised Code, requesting the court to 911 order the release of all or portions of the recording. If the 912 court considering the request determines that the filing 913 articulates by clear and convincing evidence that the public 914 interest in the recording substantially outweighs privacy 915 interests and other interests asserted to deny release, the 916 court shall order the public office to release the recording. 917 918 Sec. 5913.01. (A) The adjutant general is the commander and administrative head of the Ohio organized militia. The 919 adjutant general shall: 920 (1) Be provided offices and shall keep them open during 921 usual business hours; 922 (2) Have and maintain custody of all military records, 923 correspondence, and other documents of the Ohio organized 924 militia: 925 (3) Superintend the preparation of all returns and reports 926

required by the United States from the state on military	927
matters;	928
(4) Keep a roster of all officers of the Ohio organized	929
militia, including retired officers;	930
(5) Whenever necessary, cause the military provisions of	931
the Revised Code and the orders, regulations, pamphlets,	932
circulars, and memorandums of the adjutant general's department	933
to be printed and distributed to the organizations of the Ohio	934
organized militia;	935
(6) Prepare and issue all necessary Ohio organized militia	936
forms and attest to all commissions issued to officers of the	937
Ohio organized militia;	938
(7) Have a seal, and all copies of orders, records, and	939
papers in the adjutant general's office certified and	940
authenticated with that seal shall be competent evidence in like	941
manner as if the originals were produced. All orders issued from	942
the adjutant general's office shall bear a duplicate of the	943
seal.	944
(8) Keep and preserve the arms, ordnance, equipment, and	945
all other military property belonging to the state or issued to	946
the state by the federal government and issue any regulations	947
necessary to keep, preserve, and repair the property as	948
conditions demand;	949
(9) Issue adjutant general's property to the units of the	950
Ohio organized militia as the necessity of the service or	951
organizational or allowance tables requires;	952
(10) Submit an annual report to the governor at such time	953
as the governor requires of the transaction of the adjutant	954
general's department, setting forth the strength and condition	955

of the Ohio organized militia and other matters that the	956
adjutant general chooses;	957
(11) Designate members of the Ohio national guard, who are	958
participating in duties related to remotely piloted aircraft,	959
including, but not limited to, pilots, sensor operators, and	960
mission intelligence personnel, duties related to special forces	961
operations, or duties related to cybersecurity, as designated	962
public service workers under section 149.43 of the Revised Code;	963
(12) Command the joint force headquarters of the Ohio	964
national guard.	965
(B) The adjutant general shall issue and distribute all	966
orders issued in the name of the governor as the commander in	967
chief of the Ohio organized militia and perform the duties that	968
the governor directs and other duties prescribed by law.	969
(C) The adjutant general may enter into cooperative	970
agreements, contractual arrangements, or agreements for the	971
acceptance of grants with the United States or any agency or	972
department of the United States, other states, any department or	973
political subdivision of this state, or any person or body	974
politic, to accomplish the purposes of the adjutant general's	975
department. The adjutant general shall cooperate with, and not	976
infringe upon, the rights of other state departments, divisions,	977
boards, commissions, and agencies, political subdivisions, and	978
other public officials and public and private agencies when the	979
interests of the adjutant general's department and those other	980
entities overlap.	981
The funds made available by the United States for the	982
exclusive use of the department shall be expended only by the	983
department and only for the purposes for which the federal funds	984

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were appropriated. In accepting federal funds, the department	985
agrees to abide by the terms and conditions of the grant or	986
cooperative agreement and further agrees to expend the federal	987
funds in accordance with the laws and regulations of the United	988
States.	989
Section 2. That existing sections 149.43 and 5913.01 of	990
the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	991