As Introduced

135th General Assembly Regular Session 2023-2024

H. B. No. 15

Representatives Gross, Lear

A BILL

То	amend sections 2305.15, 2317.56, 2919.11,	1
	3726.14, and 4731.22; to enact sections 117.56,	2
	2305.119, 3701.793, and 3701.794; and to repeal	3
	section 2317.561 of the Revised Code to revise	4
	the informed consent law regarding abortions.	5

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2305.15, 2317.56, 2919.11,	6
3726.14, and 4731.22 be amended and sections 117.56, 2305.119,	7
3701.793, and 3701.794 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as	8
follows:	9
Sec. 117.56. Not later than one hundred eighty days after	10
the effective date of this section, the auditor of state shall	11
adopt rules under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to establish	12
all of the following:	13
(A) Procedures for auditing the department of health's	14
audit records under section 3701.793 of the Revised Code;	15
(B) Penalties to be assessed against entities or providers	16
for noncompliance with section 2317.56 of the Revised Code, as	17
determined by the audits performed under division (A) of this	18
section;	19

(C) Procedures for enforcing penalties established under	20
division (B) of this section.	21
Sec. 2305.119. (A) If a person commencing a civil action_	22
under division (H) of section 2317.56 or division (E) of section	23
2919.12 of the Revised Code, in the exercise of reasonable care	24
and diligence, could not have discovered that the person has	25
suffered injury, death, or loss to person or property resulting	26
from the violation constituting the alleged basis of the action	27
within the one-year period pursuant to division (B) of section	28
2305.11 of the Revised Code, the person may commence the action	29
not later than one year after the person, with reasonable care	30
and diligence, should have discovered the injury, death, or loss	31
to person or property.	32
(B) A person against whom a civil action is commenced	33
under the circumstances described in division (A) of this	34
section may use any affirmative defense available under the	35
Revised Code or common law, including the affirmative defense of	36
the action being brought past the statute of limitations. The	37
person has the burden of proving any defense that the person	38
invokes by a preponderance of evidence.	39
Sec. 2305.15. (A) When a cause of action accrues against a	40
person, if the person is out of the state, has absconded, or	41
conceals self, the period of limitation for the commencement of	42
the action as provided in sections 2305.04 to 2305.14, 1302.98,	43
and 1304.35 of the Revised Code does not begin to run until the	44
person comes into the state or while the person is so absconded	45
or concealed. After the cause of action accrues if the person	46
departs from the state, absconds, or conceals self, the time of	47
the person's absence or concealment shall not be computed as any	48
part of a period within which the action must be brought.	49

(B) When a person is imprisoned for the commission of any	50
offense, the time of the person's imprisonment shall not be	51
computed as any part of any period of limitation, as provided in	52
section 2305.09, 2305.10, 2305.11, 2305.113, <u>2305.119</u> , or	53
2305.14 of the Revised Code, within which any person must bring	54
any action against the imprisoned person.	55
Sec. 2317.56. (A) As used in this section:	56
(1) "Auscultate" means to examine by listening for sounds	57
made by internal organs of the fetus, specifically for a fetal	58
heartbeat, utilizing an ultrasound transducer or a fetal heart	59
<pre>rate monitor;</pre>	60
(2) "Medical emergency" has the same meaning as in section	61
2919.16 of the Revised Code.	62
(2) (3) "Medical necessity" means a medical condition of a	63
pregnant woman that, in the reasonable judgment of the physician	64
who is attending the woman, so complicates the pregnancy that it	65
necessitates the immediate performance or inducement of an	66
abortion.	67
$\frac{(3)}{(4)}$ "Probable gestational age of the zygote,	68
blastocyte, embryo, or fetus" means the gestational age that, in	69
the judgment of a physician, is, with reasonable probability,	70
the gestational age of the zygote, blastocyte, embryo, or fetus	71
at the time that the physician informs a pregnant woman pursuant	72
to division $\frac{(B)(1)(b)}{(B)(2)(b)}$ of this section.	73
(5) "Qualified technician" means a medical imaging	74
technologist who is certified in obstetrics and gynecology by	75
the American registry for diagnostic medical sonography or a	76
certified nurse-midwife or certified nurse practitioner in	77
obstetrics with certification in obstetrical ultrasonography;	78

(6) "Ultrasound" means the use of ultrasonic waves for	79
diagnostic or therapeutic purposes, specifically to monitor a	80
developing fetus.	81
(B) Except when there is a medical emergency or medical	82
necessity, an abortion shall be performed or induced only if all	83
of the following conditions are satisfied:	84
(1) Prior to a pregnant woman giving informed consent	85
under division (B)(5) of this section, the physician who is to	86
perform or induce the abortion or a qualified technician to whom	87
the responsibility has been delegated by the physician shall do	88
all of the following:	89
(a) Set up ultrasound equipment in a manner so that	90
ultrasound images are within reasonable viewing distance and	91
heartbeat sounds are within reasonable hearing range from the	92
woman;	93
(b) Explain to the pregnant woman that the ultrasound	94
images and fetal heartbeat sounds, if the heartbeat is audible,	95
will be provided to the pregnant woman during the examination,	96
and that the pregnant woman has the option to avert her eyes	97
from ultrasound images or request the volume of the heartbeat to	98
be reduced or turned off, if the heartbeat is audible;	99
(c) Provide a simultaneous explanation of what the	100
ultrasound is depicting, which shall include the presence and	101
location of the embryo or fetus within the uterus, the number of	102
embryos or fetuses depicted, and, if the ultrasound image	103
indicates that fetal death has occurred, inform the woman of	104
that fact;	105
(d) Display the ultrasound images so that the pregnant	106
woman may view the images;	107

(e) Auscultate the fetal heartbeat of the embryo or fetus	108
so that the pregnant woman may hear the heartbeat, if it is	109
<pre>audible;</pre>	110
(f) Provide a medical description of ultrasound images,	111
which shall include the dimensions of the embryo or fetus and	112
the presence of external members and internal organs, if present	113
and viewable;	114
(g) Offer to provide the pregnant woman a physical picture	115
of the ultrasound image of the embryo or fetus;	116
(h) Obtain the woman's signature on a certification that	117
she has been presented with the information required to be	118
provided under divisions (B)(1)(c) to (f) of this division and	119
has viewed the ultrasound images and listened to the heartbeat,	120
if the heartbeat is audible, or declined to do so;	121
(i) Retain in the pregnant woman's medical record the	122
signed certification under division (B)(1)(h) of this section.	123
The requirement to provide an ultrasound so that the	124
pregnant woman may view the active ultrasound images of the	125
embryo or fetus shall be performed at no additional charge to	126
her.	127
(2) At least twenty-four hours prior to the performance or	128
inducement of the abortion, a physician meets with the pregnant	129
woman in person in an individual, private setting and gives her	130
an adequate opportunity to ask questions about the abortion that	131
will be performed or induced. At this meeting, the physician	132
shall inform the pregnant woman, verbally or, if she is hearing	133
impaired, by other means of communication, of all of the	134
following:	135
(a) The nature and purpose of the particular abortion	136

procedure to be used and the medical risks associated with that	137
procedure;	138
(b) The probable gestational age of the zygote,	139
blastocyte, embryo, or fetus;	140
blastocyte, emblyo, of fetus,	140
(c) The medical risks associated with the pregnant woman	141
carrying the pregnancy to term:	142
(d) The possible increased risk of breast cancer that is	143
associated with women who have undergone an abortion;	144
(e) The short-term and long-term risk of psychological or	145
emotional harm, including depression, suicidal ideation, post-	146
traumatic stress disorder, and quilt, that the woman may endure	147
from undergoing an abortion.	148
Tiom undergoing an abortion.	140
The meeting need not occur at the facility where the	149
abortion is to be performed or induced, and the physician	150
involved in the meeting need not be affiliated with that	151
facility or with the physician who is scheduled to perform or	152
induce the abortion. Any physician who provides information	153
under divisions (B)(2)(d) and (e) of this section shall possess	154
adequate training and education in the categories of risk	155
described in those two divisions, as well as any other risks	156
associated with abortion. Evidence of adequate training includes	157
successful completion of continuing education and professional	158
development courses or programs in the relevant subject areas.	159
(2) (3) At least twenty-four hours prior to the	160
performance or inducement of the abortion, the physician who is	161
to perform or induce the abortion or the physician's agent does	162
each of the following in person, by telephone, by certified	163
mail, return receipt requested, or by regular mail evidenced by	164
a certificate of mailing:	165

(a) Inform the pregnant woman of the name of the physician	166
who is scheduled to perform or induce the abortion;	167
(b) Give the pregnant woman copies of the published	168
materials described in division (C) of this section;	169
(c) Inform the pregnant woman that the materials given	170
pursuant to division $\frac{(B)(2)(b)}{(B)(3)(b)}$ of this section are	171
published by the state and that they describe the zygote,	172
blastocyte, embryo, or fetus and list agencies that offer	173
alternatives to abortion. The pregnant woman may choose to	174
examine or not to examine the materials. A physician or an agent	175
of a physician may choose to be disassociated from the materials	176
and may choose to comment or not comment on the materials.	177
$\frac{(3)}{(4)}$ If it has been determined that the unborn human	178
individual the pregnant woman is carrying has a detectable fetal	179
heartbeat, the physician who is to perform or induce the	180
abortion shall comply with the informed consent requirements in	181
section 2919.194 of the Revised Code in addition to complying	182
with the informed consent requirements in divisions $\frac{(B)}{(1)}$, $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$,	183
(4), and (B)(2), (3), (5), and (6) of this section.	184
$\frac{(4)}{(5)}$ Prior to the performance or inducement of the	185
abortion, the pregnant woman signs a form consenting to the	186
abortion and certifies all of the following on that form:	187
(a) She has received the information and materials	188
described in divisions $\frac{(B)(1)-(B)(2)}{(B)(2)}$ and $\frac{(2)-(3)}{(3)}$ of this	189
section, and her questions about the abortion that will be	190
performed or induced have been answered in a satisfactory	191
manner.	192
(b) She consents to the particular abortion voluntarily,	193
knowingly, intelligently, and without coercion by any person.	194

and she is not under the influence of any drug of abuse or	195
alcohol.	196
(c) If the abortion will be performed or induced	197
surgically, she has been provided with the notification form	198
described in division (A) of section 3726.14 of the Revised	199
Code.	200
(d) If the abortion will be performed or induced	201
surgically and she desires to exercise the rights under division	202
(A) of section 3726.03 of the Revised Code, she has completed	203
the disposition determination under section 3726.04 or 3726.041	204
of the Revised Code.	205
A form shall be completed for each zygote, blastocyte,	206
embryo, or fetus to be aborted. If a pregnant woman is carrying	207
more than one zygote, blastocyte, embryo, or fetus, she shall	208
sign a form for each zygote, blastocyte, embryo, or fetus to be	209
aborted.	210
The form shall contain the name and contact information of	211
the physician who provided to the pregnant woman the information	212
described in division $\frac{(B)(1)-(B)(2)}{(B)(2)}$ of this section.	213
$\frac{(5)}{(6)}$ Prior to the performance or inducement of the	214
abortion, the physician who is scheduled to perform or induce	215
the abortion or the physician's agent receives a copy of the	216
pregnant woman's signed form on which she consents to the	217
abortion and that includes the certification required by	218
division $\frac{(B)(4)-(B)(5)}{(B)(5)}$ of this section.	219
(C) The (C) (1) Subject to the requirements in division (C)	220
(2) of this section, the department of health shall publish in	221
English and in Spanish, in a typeface large enough to be clearly	222
logible and in an eagily comprehensible format the following	223

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materials on the department's web site:

$\frac{(1)}{(1)}$ (a) Materials that inform the pregnant woman about	225
family planning information, of publicly funded agencies that	226
are available to assist in family planning, and of public and	227
private agencies and services that are available to assist her	228
through the pregnancy, upon childbirth, and while the child is	229
dependent, including, but not limited to, adoption agencies. The	230
materials shall be geographically indexed; include a	231
comprehensive list of the available agencies, a description of	232
the services offered by the agencies, and the telephone numbers	233
and addresses of the agencies; and inform the pregnant woman	234
about available medical assistance benefits for prenatal care,	235
childbirth, and neonatal care and about the support obligations	236
of the father of a child who is born alive. The department shall	237
ensure that the materials described in division $\frac{(C)}{(1)}\frac{(C)}{(1)}$	238
of this section are comprehensive and do not directly or	239
indirectly promote, exclude, or discourage the use of any agency	240
or service described in this division.	241

(2) (b) Materials that inform the pregnant woman of the 242 probable anatomical and physiological characteristics of the 243 zygote, blastocyte, embryo, or fetus at two-week gestational 244 increments for the first sixteen weeks of pregnancy and at four-245 week gestational increments from the seventeenth week of 246 pregnancy to full term, including any relevant information 247 regarding the time at which the fetus possibly would be viable. 248 The department shall cause these materials to be published after 249 it consults with independent health care experts relative to the 250 probable anatomical and physiological characteristics of a 251 zygote, blastocyte, embryo, or fetus at the various gestational 252 increments. The materials shall use language that is 253 understandable by the average person who is not medically 254

trained, shall be objective and nonjudgmental, and shall include	255
only accurate scientific information about the zygote,	256
blastocyte, embryo, or fetus at the various gestational	257
increments. If the materials use a pictorial, photographic, or	258
other depiction to provide information regarding the zygote,	259
blastocyte, embryo, or fetus, the materials shall include, in a	260
conspicuous manner, a scale or other explanation that is	261
understandable by the average person and that can be used to	262
determine the actual size of the zygote, blastocyte, embryo, or	263
fetus at a particular gestational increment as contrasted with	264
the depicted size of the zygote, blastocyte, embryo, or fetus at	265
that gestational increment.	266
(c) Materials that inform the pregnant woman about the	267
possible increased risk of breast cancer that is associated with	268
women who have undergone an abortion;	269
(d) Materials that inform the pregnant woman about the	270
short-term and long-term risk of psychological or emotional	271
harm, including depression, suicidal ideation, post-traumatic	272
stress disorder, and quilt, that the woman may endure from	273
undergoing an abortion.	274
(2) The department shall publish the materials described	275
in division (C)(1) of this section in accordance with all of the	276
following:	277
(a) The materials shall be in English and in Spanish.	278
(b) The materials shall be in a typeface large enough to	279
be clearly legible.	280
(c) The materials shall be in an easily comprehensible	281
format.	282
(d) The materials shall either be prominently featured on	283

the main page of the department's web site or directly	284
accessible through easily identified hyperlinks on the main page	285
of the department's web site.	286
(D) Upon the submission of a request to the department of	287
health by any person, hospital, physician, or medical facility	288
for one copy of the materials published in accordance with	289
division (C) of this section, the department shall make the	290
requested copy of the materials available to the person,	291
hospital, physician, or medical facility that requested the	292
copy.	293
(E) If a medical emergency or medical necessity compels	294
the performance or inducement of an abortion, the physician who	295
will perform or induce the abortion, prior to its performance or	296
inducement if possible, shall inform the pregnant woman of the	297
medical indications supporting the physician's judgment that an	298
immediate abortion is necessary. Any physician who performs or	299
induces an abortion without the prior satisfaction of the	300
conditions specified in division (B) of this section because of	301
a medical emergency or medical necessity shall enter the reasons	302
for the conclusion that a medical emergency or medical necessity	303
exists in the medical record of the pregnant woman.	304
(F) If the conditions specified in division (B) of this	305
section are satisfied, consent to an abortion shall be presumed	306
to be valid and effective.	307
(G) The performance or inducement of an abortion without	308
the prior satisfaction of the conditions specified in division	309
(B) of this section does not constitute, and shall not be	310
construed as constituting, a violation of division (A) of	311
section 2919.12 of the Revised Code. The failure of a physician	312
to satisfy the conditions of division (B) of this section prior	313

to performing or inducing an abortion upon a pregnant woman may	314
be the basis of both of the following:	315
(1) A civil action for compensatory and exemplary damages	316
as described in division (H) of this section;	317
(2) Disciplinary action under section 4731.22 of the	318
Revised Code.	319
(H)(1) Subject to divisions (H)(2) and (3) of this	320
section, any physician who performs or induces an abortion with	321
actual knowledge that the conditions specified in division (B)	322
of this section have not been satisfied or with a heedless	323
indifference as to whether those conditions have been satisfied	324
is liable in compensatory and exemplary damages in a civil	325
action to any person, or the representative of the estate of any	326
person, who sustains injury, death, or loss to person or	327
property as a result of the failure to satisfy those conditions.	328
In the civil action, the court additionally may enter any	329
injunctive or other equitable relief that it considers	330
appropriate.	331
(2) The following shall be affirmative defenses in a civil	332
action authorized by division (H)(1) of this section:	333
(a) The physician performed or induced the abortion under	334
the circumstances described in division (E) of this section.	335
(b) The physician made a good faith effort to satisfy the	336
conditions specified in division (B) of this section.	337
(3) An employer or other principal is not liable in	338
damages in a civil action authorized by division (H)(1) of this	339
section on the basis of the doctrine of respondeat superior	340
unless either of the following applies:	341

(a) The employer or other principal had actual knowledge	342
or, by the exercise of reasonable diligence, should have known	343
that an employee or agent performed or induced an abortion with	344
actual knowledge that the conditions specified in division (B)	345
of this section had not been satisfied or with a heedless	346
indifference as to whether those conditions had been satisfied.	347
(b) The employer or other principal negligently failed to	348
secure the compliance of an employee or agent with division (B)	349
of this section.	350
(4) Notwithstanding division (E) of section 2919.12 of the	351
Revised Code, the civil action authorized by division (H)(1) of	352
this section shall be the exclusive civil remedy for persons, or	353
the representatives of estates of persons, who allegedly sustain	354
injury, death, or loss to person or property as a result of a	355
failure to satisfy the conditions specified in division (B) of	356
this section.	357
(I) The department of job and family services shall	358
prepare and conduct a public information program to inform women	359
of all available governmental programs and agencies that provide	360
services or assistance for family planning, prenatal care, child	361
care, or alternatives to abortion.	362
Sec. 2919.11. As used in the Revised Code, "abortion"	363
means the purposeful termination of a human pregnancy by any	364
person, including the pregnant woman-herself_personally, with an	365
intention other than to produce a live birth or to remove a dead	366
fetus or embryo. Abortion is the practice of medicine or surgery	367
for the purposes of section 4731.41 of the Revised Code.	368
"Abortion" includes the purposeful termination of a	369
pregnancy by use of an abortion-inducing drug, as defined in	370

section 2919.124 of the Revised Code, unless the context clearly	371
requires otherwise.	372
Sec. 3701.793. The department of health shall annually	373
audit all provider records to determine compliance with all of	374
the informed consent and education and training requirements	375
under section 2317.56 of the Revised Code.	376
Sec. 3701.794. The department of health shall prescribe a	377
certification form to be used under division (B)(1)(h) of	378
section 2317.56 of the Revised Code.	379
Sec. 3726.14. Not later than ninety days after the	380
effective date of this section April 6, 2021, the director of	381
health, in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code,	382
shall adopt rules necessary to carry out sections 3726.01 to	383
3726.13 of the Revised Code, including rules that prescribe the	384
following:	385
(A) The notification form informing pregnant women who	386
seek surgical abortions of the following:	387
(1) The right to determine final disposition of fetal	388
remains under division (A) of section 3726.03 of the Revised	389
Code;	390
(2) The available options for locations and methods for	391
the disposition of fetal remains.	392
(B) The consent form for purposes of section 3726.04 or	393
3726.041 of the Revised Code;	394
(C)(1) A detachable supplemental form to the form	395
described in division $\frac{(B)(4)-(B)(5)}{(B)(5)}$ of section 2317.56 of the	396
Revised Code that meets the following requirements:	397
(a) Indicates whether the pregnant woman has indicated a	398

preference as to the method of disposition of the fetal remains	399
and the preferred method selected;	400
(b) Indicates whether the pregnant woman has indicated a	401
preference as to the location of disposition of the fetal	402
remains;	403
(c) Provides for the signature of the physician who is to	404
perform or induce the abortion;	405
(d) Provides for a medical identification number for the	406
pregnant woman but does not provide for the pregnant woman's	407
printed name or signature.	408
(2) If a medical emergency or medical necessity prevents	409
the pregnant woman from completing the detachable supplemental	410
form, procedures to complete that form a reasonable time after	411
the medical emergency or medical necessity has ended.	412
Sec. 4731.22. (A) The state medical board, by an	413
affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, may	414
limit, revoke, or suspend a license or certificate to practice	415
or certificate to recommend, refuse to grant a license or	416
certificate, refuse to renew a license or certificate, refuse to	417
reinstate a license or certificate, or reprimand or place on	418
probation the holder of a license or certificate if the	419
individual applying for or holding the license or certificate is	420
found by the board to have committed fraud during the	421
administration of the examination for a license or certificate	422
to practice or to have committed fraud, misrepresentation, or	423
deception in applying for, renewing, or securing any license or	424
certificate to practice or certificate to recommend issued by	425
the beard	
the board.	426

the board, by an affirmative vote of not fewer than six members,	428
shall, to the extent permitted by law, limit, revoke, or suspend	429
a license or certificate to practice or certificate to	430
recommend, refuse to issue a license or certificate, refuse to	431
renew a license or certificate, refuse to reinstate a license or	432
certificate, or reprimand or place on probation the holder of a	433
license or certificate for one or more of the following reasons:	434
(1) Permitting one's name or one's license or certificate	435
to practice to be used by a person, group, or corporation when	436
the individual concerned is not actually directing the treatment	437
given;	438
(2) Failure to maintain minimal standards applicable to	439
the selection or administration of drugs, or failure to employ	440
acceptable scientific methods in the selection of drugs or other	441
modalities for treatment of disease;	442
(3) Except as provided in section 4731.97 of the Revised	443
Code, selling, giving away, personally furnishing, prescribing,	444
or administering drugs for other than legal and legitimate	445
therapeutic purposes or a plea of guilty to, a judicial finding	446
of guilt of, or a judicial finding of eligibility for	447
intervention in lieu of conviction of, a violation of any	448
federal or state law regulating the possession, distribution, or	449
use of any drug;	450
(4) Willfully betraying a professional confidence.	451
For purposes of this division, "willfully betraying a	452
professional confidence" does not include providing any	453
information, documents, or reports under sections 307.621 to	454
307.629 of the Revised Code to a child fatality review board;	455
does not include providing any information, documents, or	456

reports under sections 307.631 to 307.6410 of the Revised Code	457
to a drug overdose fatality review committee, a suicide fatality	458
review committee, or hybrid drug overdose fatality and suicide	459
fatality review committee; does not include providing any	460
information, documents, or reports to the director of health	461
pursuant to guidelines established under section 3701.70 of the	462
Revised Code; does not include written notice to a mental health	463
professional under section 4731.62 of the Revised Code; and does	464
not include the making of a report of an employee's use of a	465
drug of abuse, or a report of a condition of an employee other	466
than one involving the use of a drug of abuse, to the employer	467
of the employee as described in division (B) of section 2305.33	468
of the Revised Code. Nothing in this division affects the	469
immunity from civil liability conferred by section 2305.33 or	470
4731.62 of the Revised Code upon a physician who makes a report	471
in accordance with section 2305.33 or notifies a mental health	472
professional in accordance with section 4731.62 of the Revised	473
Code. As used in this division, "employee," "employer," and	474
"physician" have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the	475
Revised Code.	476

(5) Making a false, fraudulent, deceptive, or misleading 477 statement in the solicitation of or advertising for patients; in 478 relation to the practice of medicine and surgery, osteopathic 479 medicine and surgery, podiatric medicine and surgery, or a 480 limited branch of medicine; or in securing or attempting to 481 secure any license or certificate to practice issued by the 482 board.

As used in this division, "false, fraudulent, deceptive,

or misleading statement" means a statement that includes a

misrepresentation of fact, is likely to mislead or deceive

because of a failure to disclose material facts, is intended or

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is likely to create false or unjustified expectations of	488
favorable results, or includes representations or implications	489
that in reasonable probability will cause an ordinarily prudent	490
person to misunderstand or be deceived.	491
person to mibanderstand of se deterved.	191
(6) A departure from, or the failure to conform to,	492
minimal standards of care of similar practitioners under the	493
same or similar circumstances, whether or not actual injury to a	494
patient is established;	495
(7) Representing, with the purpose of obtaining	496
compensation or other advantage as personal gain or for any	497
other person, that an incurable disease or injury, or other	498
incurable condition, can be permanently cured;	499
(8) The obtaining of, or attempting to obtain, money or	500
anything of value by fraudulent misrepresentations in the course	501
of practice;	502
(9) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	503
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	504
conviction for, a felony;	505
conviction for, a releng,	
(10) Commission of an act that constitutes a felony in	506
this state, regardless of the jurisdiction in which the act was	507
committed;	508
(11) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	509
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	510
conviction for, a misdemeanor committed in the course of	511
practice;	512
(12) Commission of an act in the course of practice that	513
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	514
iurisdiction in which the act was committed:	515

(13) A plea of guilty to, a judicial finding of guilt of,	516
or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in lieu of	517
conviction for, a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;	518
(14) Commission of an act involving moral turpitude that	519
constitutes a misdemeanor in this state, regardless of the	520
jurisdiction in which the act was committed;	521
(15) Violation of the conditions of limitation placed by	522
the board upon a license or certificate to practice;	523
(16) Failure to pay license renewal fees specified in this	524
chapter;	525
(17) Except as authorized in section 4731.31 of the	526
Revised Code, engaging in the division of fees for referral of	527
patients, or the receiving of a thing of value in return for a	528
specific referral of a patient to utilize a particular service	529
or business;	530
(18) Subject to section 4731.226 of the Revised Code,	531
violation of any provision of a code of ethics of the American	532
medical association, the American osteopathic association, the	533
American podiatric medical association, or any other national	534
professional organizations that the board specifies by rule. The	535
state medical board shall obtain and keep on file current copies	536
of the codes of ethics of the various national professional	537
organizations. The individual whose license or certificate is	538
being suspended or revoked shall not be found to have violated	539
any provision of a code of ethics of an organization not	540
appropriate to the individual's profession.	541
For purposes of this division, a "provision of a code of	542
ethics of a national professional organization" does not include	543
any provision that would preclude the making of a report by a	544

physician of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or of a	545
condition of an employee other than one involving the use of a	546
drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as described in	547
division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. Nothing in	548
this division affects the immunity from civil liability	549
conferred by that section upon a physician who makes either type	550
of report in accordance with division (B) of that section. As	551
used in this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician"	552
have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised	553
Code.	554

(19) Inability to practice according to acceptable and

prevailing standards of care by reason of mental illness or

physical illness, including, but not limited to, physical

deterioration that adversely affects cognitive, motor, or

perceptive skills.

555

In enforcing this division, the board, upon a showing of a 560 possible violation, may compel any individual authorized to 561 practice by this chapter or who has submitted an application 562 pursuant to this chapter to submit to a mental examination, 563 physical examination, including an HIV test, or both a mental 564 and a physical examination. The expense of the examination is 565 the responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined. 566 Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination or consent 567 to an HIV test ordered by the board constitutes an admission of 568 the allegations against the individual unless the failure is due 569 to circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default 570 and final order may be entered without the taking of testimony 571 or presentation of evidence. If the board finds an individual 572 unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this 573 division, the board shall require the individual to submit to 574 care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or 575

designated by the board, as a condition for initial, continued,	576
reinstated, or renewed authority to practice. An individual	577
affected under this division shall be afforded an opportunity to	578
demonstrate to the board the ability to resume practice in	579
compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the	580
provisions of the individual's license or certificate. For the	581
purpose of this division, any individual who applies for or	582
receives a license or certificate to practice under this chapter	583
accepts the privilege of practicing in this state and, by so	584
doing, shall be deemed to have given consent to submit to a	585
mental or physical examination when directed to do so in writing	586
by the board, and to have waived all objections to the	587
admissibility of testimony or examination reports that	588
constitute a privileged communication.	589

(20) Except as provided in division (F)(1)(b) of section 590 4731.282 of the Revised Code or when civil penalties are imposed 591 under section 4731.225 of the Revised Code, and subject to 592 section 4731.226 of the Revised Code, violating or attempting to 593 violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the 594 violation of, or conspiring to violate, any provisions of this 595 chapter or any rule promulgated by the board. 596

This division does not apply to a violation or attempted 597 violation of, assisting in or abetting the violation of, or a 598 conspiracy to violate, any provision of this chapter or any rule 599 adopted by the board that would preclude the making of a report 600 by a physician of an employee's use of a drug of abuse, or of a 601 condition of an employee other than one involving the use of a 602 drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee as described in 603 division (B) of section 2305.33 of the Revised Code. Nothing in 604 this division affects the immunity from civil liability 605 conferred by that section upon a physician who makes either type 606

of report in accordance with division (B) of that section. As	607
used in this division, "employee," "employer," and "physician"	608
have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the Revised	609
Code.	610
(21) The violation of section 3701.79 of the Revised Code	611
or of any abortion rule adopted by the director of health	612
pursuant to section 3701.341 of the Revised Code;	613
(22) Any of the following actions taken by an agency	614
responsible for authorizing, certifying, or regulating an	615
individual to practice a health care occupation or provide	616
health care services in this state or another jurisdiction, for	617
any reason other than the nonpayment of fees: the limitation,	618
revocation, or suspension of an individual's license to	619
practice; acceptance of an individual's license surrender;	620
denial of a license; refusal to renew or reinstate a license;	621
imposition of probation; or issuance of an order of censure or	622
other reprimand;	623
(23) The violation of section 2919.12 of the Revised Code	624
or the performance or inducement of an abortion upon a pregnant	625
woman with actual knowledge that the conditions specified in	626
division (B) of section 2317.56 of the Revised Code have not	627
been satisfied or with a heedless indifference as to whether	628
those conditions have been satisfied, unless an affirmative	629
defense as specified in division (H)(2) of that section would	630
apply in a civil action authorized by division (H)(1) of that	631
section;	632
(24) The revocation, suspension, restriction, reduction,	633
or termination of clinical privileges by the United States	634
department of defense or department of veterans affairs or the	635
termination or suspension of a certificate of registration to	636

prescribe drugs by the drug enforcement administration of the	637
United States department of justice;	638
(25) Termination or suspension from participation in the	639
medicare or medicaid programs by the department of health and	640
human services or other responsible agency;	641
(26) Impairment of ability to practice according to	642
acceptable and prevailing standards of care because of habitual	643
or excessive use or abuse of drugs, alcohol, or other substances	644
that impair ability to practice.	645
For the purposes of this division, any individual	646
authorized to practice by this chapter accepts the privilege of	647
practicing in this state subject to supervision by the board. By	648
filing an application for or holding a license or certificate to	649
practice under this chapter, an individual shall be deemed to	650
have given consent to submit to a mental or physical examination	651
when ordered to do so by the board in writing, and to have	652
waived all objections to the admissibility of testimony or	653
examination reports that constitute privileged communications.	654
If it has reason to believe that any individual authorized	655
to practice by this chapter or any applicant for licensure or	656
certification to practice suffers such impairment, the board may	657
compel the individual to submit to a mental or physical	658
examination, or both. The expense of the examination is the	659
responsibility of the individual compelled to be examined. Any	660
mental or physical examination required under this division	661
shall be undertaken by a treatment provider or physician who is	662
qualified to conduct the examination and who is chosen by the	663
board.	664
Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination	665

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ordered by the board constitutes an admission of the allegations	666
against the individual unless the failure is due to	667
circumstances beyond the individual's control, and a default and	668
final order may be entered without the taking of testimony or	669
presentation of evidence. If the board determines that the	670
individual's ability to practice is impaired, the board shall	671
suspend the individual's license or certificate or deny the	672
individual's application and shall require the individual, as a	673
condition for initial, continued, reinstated, or renewed	674
licensure or certification to practice, to submit to treatment.	675
Before being eligible to apply for reinstatement of a	676
license or certificate suspended under this division, the	677
impaired practitioner shall demonstrate to the board the ability	678
to resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing	679
standards of care under the provisions of the practitioner's	680
license or certificate. The demonstration shall include, but	681
shall not be limited to, the following:	682
(a) Certification from a treatment provider approved under	683
section 4731.25 of the Revised Code that the individual has	684
successfully completed any required inpatient treatment;	685
(b) Evidence of continuing full compliance with an	686
aftercare contract or consent agreement;	687
(c) Two written reports indicating that the individual's	688
ability to practice has been assessed and that the individual	689
has been found capable of practicing according to acceptable and	690
prevailing standards of care. The reports shall be made by	691
individuals or providers approved by the board for making the	692
assessments and shall describe the basis for their	693
determination.	694

The board may reinstate a license or certificate suspended	695
under this division after that demonstration and after the	696
individual has entered into a written consent agreement.	697
When the impaired practitioner resumes practice, the board	698
shall require continued monitoring of the individual. The	699
monitoring shall include, but not be limited to, compliance with	700
the written consent agreement entered into before reinstatement	701
or with conditions imposed by board order after a hearing, and,	702
upon termination of the consent agreement, submission to the	703
board for at least two years of annual written progress reports	704
made under penalty of perjury stating whether the individual has	705
maintained sobriety.	706
(27) A second or subsequent violation of section 4731.66	707
or 4731.69 of the Revised Code;	708
(28) Except as provided in division (N) of this section:	709
(a) Waiving the payment of all or any part of a deductible	710
or copayment that a patient, pursuant to a health insurance or	711
health care policy, contract, or plan that covers the	712
individual's services, otherwise would be required to pay if the	713
waiver is used as an enticement to a patient or group of	714
patients to receive health care services from that individual;	715
(b) Advertising that the individual will waive the payment	716
of all or any part of a deductible or copayment that a patient,	717
pursuant to a health insurance or health care policy, contract,	718
or plan that covers the individual's services, otherwise would	719
be required to pay.	720
(29) Failure to use universal blood and body fluid	721
precautions established by rules adopted under section 4731.051	722
of the Revised Code;	723

(30) Failure to provide notice to, and receive	724
acknowledgment of the notice from, a patient when required by	725
section 4731.143 of the Revised Code prior to providing	726
nonemergency professional services, or failure to maintain that	727
notice in the patient's medical record;	728
(31) Failure of a physician supervising a physician	729
assistant to maintain supervision in accordance with the	730
requirements of Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code and the rules	731
adopted under that chapter;	732
(32) Failure of a physician or podiatrist to enter into a	733
standard care arrangement with a clinical nurse specialist,	734
certified nurse-midwife, or certified nurse practitioner with	735
whom the physician or podiatrist is in collaboration pursuant to	736
section 4731.27 of the Revised Code or failure to fulfill the	737
responsibilities of collaboration after entering into a standard	738
<pre>care arrangement;</pre>	739
(33) Failure to comply with the terms of a consult	740
agreement entered into with a pharmacist pursuant to section	741
4729.39 of the Revised Code;	742
(34) Failure to cooperate in an investigation conducted by	743
the board under division (F) of this section, including failure	744
to comply with a subpoena or order issued by the board or	745
failure to answer truthfully a question presented by the board	746
in an investigative interview, an investigative office	747
conference, at a deposition, or in written interrogatories,	748
except that failure to cooperate with an investigation shall not	749
constitute grounds for discipline under this section if a court	750
of competent jurisdiction has issued an order that either	751
quashes a subpoena or permits the individual to withhold the	752
testimony or evidence in issue;	753

(35) Failure to supervise an acupuncturist in accordance	754
with Chapter 4762. of the Revised Code and the board's rules for	755
providing that supervision;	756
(36) Failure to supervise an anesthesiologist assistant in	757
accordance with Chapter 4760. of the Revised Code and the	758
board's rules for supervision of an anesthesiologist assistant;	759
(37) Assisting suicide, as defined in section 3795.01 of	760
the Revised Code;	761
(38) Failure to comply with the requirements of provide	762
the pregnant woman the opportunity to view ultrasound images, at	763
no cost to the woman, or offer to provide the pregnant woman	764
with a physical picture of the ultrasound image, in accordance	765
with division (B) of section 2317.561 2317.56 of the Revised	766
Code;	767
(39) Failure to supervise a radiologist assistant in	768
accordance with Chapter 4774. of the Revised Code and the	769
board's rules for supervision of radiologist assistants;	770
(40) Performing or inducing an abortion at an office or	771
facility with knowledge that the office or facility fails to	772
post the notice required under section 3701.791 of the Revised	773
Code;	774
(41) Failure to comply with the standards and procedures	775
established in rules under section 4731.054 of the Revised Code	776
for the operation of or the provision of care at a pain	777
management clinic;	778
(42) Failure to comply with the standards and procedures	779
established in rules under section 4731.054 of the Revised Code	780
for providing supervision, direction, and control of individuals	781
at a pain management clinic;	782

(43) Failure to comply with the requirements of section	783
4729.79 or 4731.055 of the Revised Code, unless the state board	784
of pharmacy no longer maintains a drug database pursuant to	785
section 4729.75 of the Revised Code;	786
(44) Failure to comply with the requirements of section	787
2919.171, 2919.202, or 2919.203 of the Revised Code or failure	788
to submit to the department of health in accordance with a court	789
order a complete report as described in section 2919.171 or	790
2919.202 of the Revised Code;	791
(45) Practicing at a facility that is subject to licensure	792
as a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with a	793
pain management clinic classification unless the person	794
operating the facility has obtained and maintains the license	795
with the classification;	796
(46) Owning a facility that is subject to licensure as a	797
category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with a pain	798
management clinic classification unless the facility is licensed	799
with the classification;	800
(47) Failure to comply with any of the requirements	801
regarding making or maintaining medical records or documents	802
described in division (A) of section 2919.192, division (C) of	803
section 2919.193, division (B) of section 2919.195, or division	804
(A) of section 2919.196 of the Revised Code;	805
(48) Failure to comply with the requirements in section	806
3719.061 of the Revised Code before issuing for a minor a	807
prescription for an opioid analgesic, as defined in section	808
3719.01 of the Revised Code;	809
(49) Failure to comply with the requirements of section	810
4731.30 of the Revised Code or rules adopted under section	811

4731.301 of the Revised Code when recommending treatment with	812
medical marijuana;	813
(50) Practicing at a facility, clinic, or other location	814
that is subject to licensure as a category III terminal	815
distributor of dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid	816
treatment classification unless the person operating that place	817
has obtained and maintains the license with the classification;	818
(51) Owning a facility, clinic, or other location that is	819
subject to licensure as a category III terminal distributor of	820
dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid treatment	821
classification unless that place is licensed with the	822
classification;	823
(52) A pattern of continuous or repeated violations of	824
division (E)(2) or (3) of section 3963.02 of the Revised Code;	825
(53) Failure to fulfill the responsibilities of a	826
collaboration agreement entered into with an athletic trainer as	827
described in section 4755.621 of the Revised Code;	828
(54) Failure to take the steps specified in section	829
4731.911 of the Revised Code following an abortion or attempted	830
abortion in an ambulatory surgical facility or other location	831
that is not a hospital when a child is born alive.	832
(C) Disciplinary actions taken by the board under	833
divisions (A) and (B) of this section shall be taken pursuant to	834
an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, except	835
that in lieu of an adjudication, the board may enter into a	836
consent agreement with an individual to resolve an allegation of	837
a violation of this chapter or any rule adopted under it. A	838
consent agreement, when ratified by an affirmative vote of not	839
fewer than six members of the board, shall constitute the	840

findings and order of the board with respect to the matter addressed in the agreement. If the board refuses to ratify a consent agreement, the admissions and findings contained in the consent agreement shall be of no force or effect.	841
	842
	843
	844

A telephone conference call may be utilized for
ratification of a consent agreement that revokes or suspends an
846
individual's license or certificate to practice or certificate
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to recommend. The telephone conference call shall be considered
848
a special meeting under division (F) of section 121.22 of the
849
Revised Code.

If the board takes disciplinary action against an 851 individual under division (B) of this section for a second or 852 subsequent plea of quilty to, or judicial finding of quilt of, a 853 violation of section 2919.123 or 2919.124 of the Revised Code, 854 the disciplinary action shall consist of a suspension of the 855 individual's license or certificate to practice for a period of 856 at least one year or, if determined appropriate by the board, a 857 more serious sanction involving the individual's license or 8.58 859 certificate to practice. Any consent agreement entered into under this division with an individual that pertains to a second 860 or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of guilt 861 862 of, a violation of that section shall provide for a suspension of the individual's license or certificate to practice for a 863 period of at least one year or, if determined appropriate by the 864 board, a more serious sanction involving the individual's 865 license or certificate to practice. 866

(D) For purposes of divisions (B)(10), (12), and (14) of 867 this section, the commission of the act may be established by a 868 finding by the board, pursuant to an adjudication under Chapter 869 119. of the Revised Code, that the individual committed the act. 870

The board does not have jurisdiction under those divisions if
the trial court renders a final judgment in the individual's
favor and that judgment is based upon an adjudication on the
merits. The board has jurisdiction under those divisions if the
trial court issues an order of dismissal upon technical or
procedural grounds.

876

- (E) The sealing of conviction records by any court shall 877 have no effect upon a prior board order entered under this 878 section or upon the board's jurisdiction to take action under 879 this section if, based upon a plea of guilty, a judicial finding 880 of guilt, or a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention 881 in lieu of conviction, the board issued a notice of opportunity 882 for a hearing prior to the court's order to seal the records. 883 The board shall not be required to seal, destroy, redact, or 884 otherwise modify its records to reflect the court's sealing of 885 conviction records. 886
- (F)(1) The board shall investigate evidence that appears 887 to show that a person has violated any provision of this chapter 888 or any rule adopted under it. Any person may report to the board 889 in a signed writing any information that the person may have 890 that appears to show a violation of any provision of this 891 chapter or any rule adopted under it. In the absence of bad 892 faith, any person who reports information of that nature or who 893 testifies before the board in any adjudication conducted under 894 Chapter 119. of the Revised Code shall not be liable in damages 895 in a civil action as a result of the report or testimony. Each 896 complaint or allegation of a violation received by the board 897 shall be assigned a case number and shall be recorded by the 898 board. 899
 - (2) Investigations of alleged violations of this chapter

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or any rule adopted under it shall be supervised by the	901
supervising member elected by the board in accordance with	902
section 4731.02 of the Revised Code and by the secretary as	903
provided in section 4731.39 of the Revised Code. The president	904
may designate another member of the board to supervise the	905
investigation in place of the supervising member. No member of	906
the board who supervises the investigation of a case shall	907
participate in further adjudication of the case.	908

- (3) In investigating a possible violation of this chapter 909 or any rule adopted under this chapter, or in conducting an 910 inspection under division (E) of section 4731.054 of the Revised 911 Code, the board may question witnesses, conduct interviews, 912 administer oaths, order the taking of depositions, inspect and 913 copy any books, accounts, papers, records, or documents, issue 914 subpoenas, and compel the attendance of witnesses and production 915 of books, accounts, papers, records, documents, and testimony, 916 except that a subpoena for patient record information shall not 917 be issued without consultation with the attorney general's 918 office and approval of the secretary and supervising member of 919 the board. 920
- (a) Before issuance of a subpoena for patient record 921 922 information, the secretary and supervising member shall determine whether there is probable cause to believe that the 923 complaint filed alleges a violation of this chapter or any rule 924 adopted under it and that the records sought are relevant to the 925 alleged violation and material to the investigation. The 926 subpoena may apply only to records that cover a reasonable 927 period of time surrounding the alleged violation. 928
- (b) On failure to comply with any subpoena issued by the 929 board and after reasonable notice to the person being 930

subpoenaed, the board may move for an order compelling the 931 production of persons or records pursuant to the Rules of Civil 932 Procedure. 933

- sheriff, the sheriff's deputy, or a board employee or agent designated by the board. Service of a subpoena issued by the board may be made by delivering a copy of the subpoena to the person named therein, reading it to the person, or leaving it at the person's usual place of residence, usual place of business, or address on file with the board. When serving a subpoena to an applicant for or the holder of a license or certificate issued under this chapter, service of the subpoena may be made by certified mail, return receipt requested, and the subpoena shall be deemed served on the date delivery is made or the date the person refuses to accept delivery. If the person being served refuses to accept the subpoena or is not located, service may be made to an attorney who notifies the board that the attorney is representing the person.
- (d) A sheriff's deputy who serves a subpoena shall receive the same fees as a sheriff. Each witness who appears before the board in obedience to a subpoena shall receive the fees and mileage provided for under section 119.094 of the Revised Code.
- (4) All hearings, investigations, and inspections of the board shall be considered civil actions for the purposes of section 2305.252 of the Revised Code.
- (5) A report required to be submitted to the board under
 this chapter, a complaint, or information received by the board
 957
 pursuant to an investigation or pursuant to an inspection under
 division (E) of section 4731.054 of the Revised Code is
 959
 confidential and not subject to discovery in any civil action.
 960

The board shall conduct all investigations or inspections 961 and proceedings in a manner that protects the confidentiality of 962 patients and persons who file complaints with the board. The 963 board shall not make public the names or any other identifying 964 information about patients or complainants unless proper consent 965 is given or, in the case of a patient, a waiver of the patient 966 privilege exists under division (B) of section 2317.02 of the 967 Revised Code, except that consent or a waiver of that nature is 968 not required if the board possesses reliable and substantial 969 evidence that no bona fide physician-patient relationship 970 exists. 971

The board may share any information it receives pursuant 972 to an investigation or inspection, including patient records and 973 patient record information, with law enforcement agencies, other 974 licensing boards, and other governmental agencies that are 975 prosecuting, adjudicating, or investigating alleged violations 976 of statutes or administrative rules. An agency or board that 977 receives the information shall comply with the same requirements 978 regarding confidentiality as those with which the state medical 979 board must comply, notwithstanding any conflicting provision of 980 the Revised Code or procedure of the agency or board that 981 applies when it is dealing with other information in its 982 possession. In a judicial proceeding, the information may be 983 admitted into evidence only in accordance with the Rules of 984 Evidence, but the court shall require that appropriate measures 985 are taken to ensure that confidentiality is maintained with 986 respect to any part of the information that contains names or 987 other identifying information about patients or complainants 988 whose confidentiality was protected by the state medical board 989 when the information was in the board's possession. Measures to 990 ensure confidentiality that may be taken by the court include 991

sealing its records or deleting specific information from its	992
records.	993
(6) On a quarterly basis, the board shall prepare a report	994
that documents the disposition of all cases during the preceding	995
three months. The report shall contain the following information	996
for each case with which the board has completed its activities:	997
(a) The case number assigned to the complaint or alleged	998
violation;	999
(b) The type of license or certificate to practice, if	1000
any, held by the individual against whom the complaint is	1001
directed;	1002
(c) A description of the allegations contained in the	1003
complaint;	1004
(d) The disposition of the case.	1005
The report shall state how many cases are still pending	1006
and shall be prepared in a manner that protects the identity of	1007
each person involved in each case. The report shall be a public	1008
record under section 149.43 of the Revised Code.	1009
(G) If the secretary and supervising member determine both	1010
of the following, they may recommend that the board suspend an	1011
individual's license or certificate to practice or certificate	1012
to recommend without a prior hearing:	1013
(1) That there is clear and convincing evidence that an	1014
individual has violated division (B) of this section;	1015
(2) That the individual's continued practice presents a	1016
danger of immediate and serious harm to the public.	1017
Written allegations shall be prepared for consideration by	1018

the board. The board, upon review of those allegations and by an	1019
affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, excluding	1020
the secretary and supervising member, may suspend a license or	1021
certificate without a prior hearing. A telephone conference call	1022
may be utilized for reviewing the allegations and taking the	1023
vote on the summary suspension.	1024

The board shall issue a written order of suspension by 1025 certified mail or in person in accordance with section 119.07 of 1026 the Revised Code. The order shall not be subject to suspension 1027 by the court during pendency of any appeal filed under section 1028 119.12 of the Revised Code. If the individual subject to the 1029 summary suspension requests an adjudicatory hearing by the 1030 board, the date set for the hearing shall be within fifteen 1031 days, but not earlier than seven days, after the individual 1032 requests the hearing, unless otherwise agreed to by both the 1033 board and the individual. 1034

Any summary suspension imposed under this division shall 1035 remain in effect, unless reversed on appeal, until a final 1036 adjudicative order issued by the board pursuant to this section 1037 and Chapter 119. of the Revised Code becomes effective. The 1038 board shall issue its final adjudicative order within seventy-1039 five days after completion of its hearing. A failure to issue 1040 the order within seventy-five days shall result in dissolution 1041 of the summary suspension order but shall not invalidate any 1042 subsequent, final adjudicative order. 1043

(H) If the board takes action under division (B)(9), (11), 1044 or (13) of this section and the judicial finding of guilt, 1045 guilty plea, or judicial finding of eligibility for intervention 1046 in lieu of conviction is overturned on appeal, upon exhaustion 1047 of the criminal appeal, a petition for reconsideration of the 1048

order may be filed with the board along with appropriate court	1049
documents. Upon receipt of a petition of that nature and	1050
supporting court documents, the board shall reinstate the	1051
individual's license or certificate to practice. The board may	1052
then hold an adjudication under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code	1053
to determine whether the individual committed the act in	1054
question. Notice of an opportunity for a hearing shall be given	1055
in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. If the	1056
board finds, pursuant to an adjudication held under this	1057
division, that the individual committed the act or if no hearing	1058
is requested, the board may order any of the sanctions	1059
identified under division (B) of this section.	1060

(I) The license or certificate to practice issued to an 1061 individual under this chapter and the individual's practice in 1062 this state are automatically suspended as of the date of the 1063 individual's second or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial 1064 finding of guilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 or 2919.124 1065 of the Revised Code. In addition, the license or certificate to 1066 practice or certificate to recommend issued to an individual 1067 under this chapter and the individual's practice in this state 1068 are automatically suspended as of the date the individual pleads 1069 quilty to, is found by a judge or jury to be quilty of, or is 1070 subject to a judicial finding of eligibility for intervention in 1071 lieu of conviction in this state or treatment or intervention in 1072 lieu of conviction in another jurisdiction for any of the 1073 following criminal offenses in this state or a substantially 1074 equivalent criminal offense in another jurisdiction: aggravated 1075 murder, murder, voluntary manslaughter, felonious assault, 1076 kidnapping, rape, sexual battery, gross sexual imposition, 1077 aggravated arson, aggravated robbery, or aggravated burglary. 1078 Continued practice after suspension shall be considered 1079

practicing without a license or certificate.

The board shall notify the individual subject to the

suspension by certified mail or in person in accordance with

section 119.07 of the Revised Code. If an individual whose

license or certificate is automatically suspended under this

division fails to make a timely request for an adjudication

under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, the board shall do

whichever of the following is applicable:

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- (1) If the automatic suspension under this division is for 1088 a second or subsequent plea of guilty to, or judicial finding of 1089 quilt of, a violation of section 2919.123 or 2919.124 of the 1090 Revised Code, the board shall enter an order suspending the 1091 individual's license or certificate to practice for a period of 1092 at least one year or, if determined appropriate by the board, 1093 imposing a more serious sanction involving the individual's 1094 license or certificate to practice. 1095
- (2) In all circumstances in which division (I)(1) of this 1096 section does not apply, enter a final order permanently revoking 1097 the individual's license or certificate to practice. 1098
- (J) If the board is required by Chapter 119. of the 1099 Revised Code to give notice of an opportunity for a hearing and 1100 if the individual subject to the notice does not timely request 1101 a hearing in accordance with section 119.07 of the Revised Code, 1102 the board is not required to hold a hearing, but may adopt, by 1103 an affirmative vote of not fewer than six of its members, a 1104 final order that contains the board's findings. In that final 1105 order, the board may order any of the sanctions identified under 1106 division (A) or (B) of this section. 1107
 - (K) Any action taken by the board under division (B) of 1108

this section resulting in a suspension from practice shall be	1109
accompanied by a written statement of the conditions under which	1110
the individual's license or certificate to practice may be	1111
reinstated. The board shall adopt rules governing conditions to	1112
be imposed for reinstatement. Reinstatement of a license or	1113
certificate suspended pursuant to division (B) of this section	1114
requires an affirmative vote of not fewer than six members of	1115
the board.	1116
(L) When the board refuses to grant or issue a license or	1117
certificate to practice to an applicant, revokes an individual's	1118
license or certificate to practice, refuses to renew an	1119
individual's license or certificate to practice, or refuses to	1120
reinstate an individual's license or certificate to practice,	1121
the board may specify that its action is permanent. An	1122
individual subject to a permanent action taken by the board is	1123
forever thereafter ineligible to hold a license or certificate	1124
to practice and the board shall not accept an application for	1125
reinstatement of the license or certificate or for issuance of a	1126
new license or certificate.	1127
(M) Notwithstanding any other provision of the Revised	1128
Code, all of the following apply:	1129
(1) The surrender of a license or certificate issued under	1130
this chapter shall not be effective unless or until accepted by	1131
the board. A telephone conference call may be utilized for	1132
acceptance of the surrender of an individual's license or	1133
certificate to practice. The telephone conference call shall be	1134
considered a special meeting under division (F) of section	1135
121.22 of the Revised Code. Reinstatement of a license or	1136
certificate surrendered to the hoard requires an affirmative	1137

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vote of not fewer than six members of the board.

(2) An application for a license or certificate made under	1139
the provisions of this chapter may not be withdrawn without	1140
approval of the board.	1141
(3) Failure by an individual to renew a license or	1142
certificate to practice in accordance with this chapter or a	1143
certificate to recommend in accordance with rules adopted under	1144
section 4731.301 of the Revised Code shall not remove or limit	1145
the board's jurisdiction to take any disciplinary action under	1146
this section against the individual.	1147
(4) At the request of the board, a license or certificate	1148
holder shall immediately surrender to the board a license or	1149
certificate that the board has suspended, revoked, or	1150
permanently revoked.	1151
(N) Sanctions shall not be imposed under division (B) (28)	1152
of this section against any person who waives deductibles and	1153
copayments as follows:	1154
(1) In compliance with the health benefit plan that	1155
expressly allows such a practice. Waiver of the deductibles or	1156
copayments shall be made only with the full knowledge and	1157
consent of the plan purchaser, payer, and third-party	1158
administrator. Documentation of the consent shall be made	1159
available to the board upon request.	1160
(2) For professional services rendered to any other person	1161
authorized to practice pursuant to this chapter, to the extent	1162
allowed by this chapter and rules adopted by the board.	1163
(0) Under the board's investigative duties described in	1164
this section and subject to division (F) of this section, the	1165
board shall develop and implement a quality intervention program	1166
designed to improve through remedial education the clinical and	1167

communication skills of individuals authorized under this	1168
chapter to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine	1169
and surgery, and podiatric medicine and surgery. In developing	1170
and implementing the quality intervention program, the board may	1171
do all of the following:	1172
(1) Offer in appropriate cases as determined by the board	1173
an educational and assessment program pursuant to an	1174
investigation the board conducts under this section;	1175
(2) Select providers of educational and assessment	1176
services, including a quality intervention program panel of case	1177
reviewers;	1178
(3) Make referrals to educational and assessment service	1179
providers and approve individual educational programs	1180
recommended by those providers. The board shall monitor the	1181
progress of each individual undertaking a recommended individual	1182
educational program.	1183
(4) Determine what constitutes successful completion of an	1184
individual educational program and require further monitoring of	1185
the individual who completed the program or other action that	1186
the board determines to be appropriate;	1187
(5) Adopt rules in accordance with Chapter 119. of the	1188
Revised Code to further implement the quality intervention	1189
program.	1190
An individual who participates in an individual	1191
educational program pursuant to this division shall pay the	1192
financial obligations arising from that educational program.	1193
(P) The board shall not refuse to issue a license to an	1194
applicant because of a conviction, plea of guilty, judicial	1195
finding of guilt, judicial finding of eligibility for	1196

H. B. No. 15 Page 42 As Introduced intervention in lieu of conviction, or the commission of an act 1197 that constitutes a criminal offense, unless the refusal is in 1198 accordance with section 9.79 of the Revised Code. 1199 Section 2. That existing sections 2305.15, 2317.56, 1200 2919.11, 3726.14, and 4731.22 of the Revised Code are hereby 1201 1202 repealed. Section 3. That section 2317.561 of the Revised Code is 1203

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hereby repealed.