## As Reported by the House Ways and Means Committee

# 135th General Assembly

Regular Session 2023-2024

Sub. H. B. No. 187

## Representatives Hall, Bird

Cosponsors: Representatives Roemer, White, Creech, Schmidt, Dean, Plummer, Lear, Young, T., Demetriou, Jones, Carruthers, Kick, Fowler Arthur, Lorenz

### A BILL

То	amend sections 5713.01, 5713.03, 5715.01,	1
	5715.012, 5715.24, 5715.25, 5715.251, and	2
	5715.26 of the Revised Code to modify the	3
	procedures used to value real property for tax	4
	purposes and to abate property taxes on certain	5
	municipal and community improvement corporation	6
	property.	7

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 5713.01, 5713.03, 5715.01,	8
5715.012, 5715.24, 5715.25, 5715.251, and 5715.26 of the Revised	9
Code be amended to read as follows:	10
Sec. 5713.01. (A) Each county shall be the unit for	11
assessing real estate for taxation purposes. The county auditor	12
shall be the assessor of all the real estate in the auditor's	13
county for purposes of taxation, but this section does not	14
affect the power conferred by Chapter 5727. of the Revised Code	15
upon the tax commissioner regarding the valuation and assessment	16
of real property used in railroad operations.	17

(B) The auditor shall assess all the real estate situated	18
in the county at its taxable value in accordance with sections	19
5713.03, 5713.31, and 5715.01 of the Revised Code and with the	20
rules and methods applicable to the auditor's county adopted,	21
prescribed, and promulgated by the tax commissioner. The auditor	22
shall view and appraise or cause to be viewed and appraised at	23
its true value in money, each lot or parcel of real estate,	24
including land devoted exclusively to agricultural use, and the	25
improvements located thereon at least once in each six-year	26
period and the taxable values required to be derived therefrom	27
shall be placed on the auditor's tax list and the county	28
treasurer's duplicate for the tax year ordered by the	29
commissioner pursuant to section 5715.34 of the Revised Code.	30
The commissioner may grant an extension of one year or less if	31
the commissioner finds that good cause exists for the extension.	32
When the auditor so views and appraises, the auditor may enter	33
each structure located thereon to determine by actual view what	34
improvements have been made therein or additions made thereto	35
since the next preceding valuation. The auditor shall revalue	36
and assess at any time all or any part of the real estate in	37
such county, including land devoted exclusively to agricultural	38
use, where the auditor finds that the true or taxable values	39
thereof have changed, and when a conservation easement is	40
created under sections 5301.67 to 5301.70 of the Revised Code.	41
The auditor may increase or decrease the true or taxable value	42
of any lot or parcel of real estate in any township, municipal	43
corporation, or other taxing district by an amount which will	44
cause all real property on the tax list to be valued as required	45
by law, or the auditor may increase or decrease the aggregate	46
value of all real property, or any class of real property, in	47
the county, township, municipal corporation, or other taxing	48
district, or in any ward or other division of a municipal	49

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- (C) When the auditor determines to reappraise all the real 55 estate in the county or any class thereof, when the tax-56 commissioner orders an or to increase in the aggregate true or 57 taxable value of the real estate in any taxing subdivision, or 58 59 when the taxable value of real estate is increased by the 60 application of a uniform taxable value per cent of true value pursuant to the order of the commissioner, the auditor shall 61 advertise the completion of the reappraisal or equalization 62 action in a newspaper of general circulation in the county once 63 a week for the three consecutive weeks next preceding the 64 issuance of the tax bills, or as provided in section 7.16 of the 6.5 Revised Code for the two consecutive weeks next preceding the 66 issuance of the tax bills. When the auditor changes the true or 67 taxable value of any individual parcels of real estate, the 68 auditor shall notify the owner of the real estate, or the person 69 in whose name the same stands charged on the duplicate, by mail 70 or in person, of the changes the auditor has made in the 71 assessments of such property. Such notice shall be given at 72 least thirty days prior to the issuance of the tax bills. 73 Failure to receive notice shall not invalidate any proceeding 74 under this section. 75
- (D) The auditor shall make the necessary abstracts from books of the auditor's office containing descriptions of real estate in such county, together with such platbooks and lists of transfers of title to land as the auditor deems necessary in the performance of the auditor's duties in valuing such property for

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taxation. Such abstracts, platbooks, and lists shall be in such form and detail as the tax commissioner prescribes.

- (E) The auditor, with the approval of the tax 83 commissioner, may appoint and employ such experts, deputies, 84 clerks, or other employees as the auditor deems necessary to the 8.5 performance of the auditor's duties as assessor, or, with the 86 approval of the tax commissioner, the auditor may enter into a 87 contract with an individual, partnership, firm, company, or 88 corporation to do all or any part of the work; the amount to be 89 expended in the payment of the compensation of such employees 90 shall be fixed by the board of county commissioners. If, in the 91 opinion of the auditor, the board of county commissioners fails 92 to provide a sufficient amount for the compensation of such 93 employees, the auditor may apply to the tax commissioner for an 94 additional allowance, and the additional amount of compensation 95 allowed by the commissioner shall be certified to the board of 96 county commissioners, and the same shall be final. The salaries 97 and compensation of such experts, deputies, clerks, and 98 99 employees shall be paid upon the warrant of the auditor out of the general fund or the real estate assessment fund of the 100 county, or both. If the salaries and compensation are in whole 101 or in part fixed by the commissioner, they shall constitute a 102 charge against the county regardless of the amount of money in 103 the county treasury levied or appropriated for such purposes. 104
- (F) Any contract for goods or services related to the auditor's duties as assessor, including contracts for mapping, computers, and reproduction on any medium of any documents, records, photographs, microfiche, or magnetic tapes, but not including contracts for the professional services of an appraiser, shall be awarded pursuant to the competitive bidding procedures set forth in sections 307.86 to 307.92 of the Revised

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Code and shall be paid for, upon the warrant of the auditor, from the real estate assessment fund.

(G) Experts, deputies, clerks, and other employees, in 114 addition to their other duties, shall perform such services as 115 the auditor directs in ascertaining such facts, description, 116 location, character, dimensions of buildings and improvements, 117 and other circumstances reflecting upon the value of real estate 118 as will aid the auditor in fixing its true and taxable value 119 and, in the case of land valued in accordance with section 120 5713.31 of the Revised Code, its current agricultural use value. 121 The auditor may also summon and examine any person under oath in 122 respect to any matter pertaining to the value of any real 123 124 property within the county.

Sec. 5713.03. The county auditor, from the best sources of 125 information available, shall determine, as nearly as 126 practicable, the true value of the fee simple estate, as if 127 unencumbered but subject to any effects from the exercise of 128 police powers or from other governmental actions, of each 129 separate tract, lot, or parcel of real property and of 130 buildings, structures, and improvements located thereon and the 131 current agricultural use value of land valued for tax purposes 132 in accordance with section 5713.31 of the Revised Code, in every 133 district, according to the rules prescribed by this chapter and 134 section 5715.01 of the Revised Code, and in accordance with the 135 uniform rules and methods of valuing and assessing real property 136 as adopted, prescribed, and promulgated by the tax commissioner. 137 The auditor shall determine the taxable value of all real 138 property by reducing its true or current agricultural use value 139 by the percentage ordered by the commissioner. In determining 140 the true value of any tract, lot, or parcel of real estate under 141 this section, if such tract, lot, or parcel has been the subject 142

of an arm's length sale between a willing seller and a willing	143
buyer within a reasonable length of time, either before or after	144
the tax lien date, the auditor may consider the sale price of	145
such tract, lot, or parcel to be the true value for taxation	146
purposes. However, the sale price in an arm's length transaction	147
between a willing seller and a willing buyer shall not be	148
considered the true value of the property sold if subsequent to	149
the sale:	150

- (A) The tract, lot, or parcel of real estate loses value 151 due to some casualty; 152
  - (B) An improvement is added to the property.

Nothing in this section or section 5713.01 of the Revised

Code and no rule adopted under section 5715.01 of the Revised

Code shall require the county auditor to change the true value

in money of any property in any year except a year in to which

the tax commissioner is required to determine under section

5715.24 of the Revised Code whether the property has been

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assessed as required by lawapplies.

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The county auditor shall adopt and use a real property 161 record approved by the commissioner for each tract, lot, or 162 parcel of real property, setting forth the true and taxable 163 value of land and, in the case of land valued in accordance with 164 section 5713.31 of the Revised Code, its current agricultural 165 use value, the number of acres of arable land, permanent pasture 166 land, woodland, and wasteland in each tract, lot, or parcel. The 167 auditor shall record pertinent information and the true and 168 taxable value of each building, structure, or improvement to 169 land, which value shall be included as a separate part of the 170 total value of each tract, lot, or parcel of real property. 171

- Sec. 5715.01. (A) The tax commissioner shall direct and 172 supervise the assessment for taxation of all real property. The 173 commissioner shall adopt, prescribe, and promulgate rules for 174 the determination of true value and taxable value of real 175 property by uniform rule for such values and for the 176 determination of the current agricultural use value of land 177 devoted exclusively to agricultural use. 178
- (1) The uniform rules shall prescribe methods of 179 determining the true value and taxable value of real property. 180 The rules shall provide that in determining the true value of 181 lands or improvements thereon for tax purposes, all facts and 182 circumstances relating to the value of the property, its 183 availability for the purposes for which it is constructed or 184 being used, its obsolete character, if any, the income capacity 185 of the property, if any, and any other factor that tends to 186 prove its true value shall be used. In determining the true 187 value of minerals or rights to minerals for the purpose of real 188 property taxation, the tax commissioner shall not include in the 189 value of the minerals or rights to minerals the value of any 190 tangible personal property used in the recovery of those 191 minerals. 192
- (2) The uniform rules shall prescribe the method for 193 determining the current agricultural use value of land devoted 194 exclusively to agricultural use, which method shall reflect 195 standard and modern appraisal techniques that take into 196 consideration the productivity of the soil under normal 197 management practices, typical cropping and land use patterns, 198 the average price patterns of the crops and products produced 199 and the typical production costs to determine the net income 200 potential to be capitalized, and other pertinent factors. 201

In determining the agricultural land capitalization rate 202 to be applied to the net income potential from agricultural use, 203 the commissioner shall use standard and modern appraisal 204 techniques. In calculating the capitalization rate for any year, 205 the commissioner shall comply with both of the following 206 requirements:

- (a) The commissioner shall use an equity yield rate equal to the greater of (i) the average of the total rates of return on farm equity for the twenty-five most recent years for which those rates have been calculated and published by the United States department of agriculture economic research service or another published source or (ii) the loan interest rate the commissioner uses for that year to calculate the capitalization rate;
- (b) The commissioner shall assume that the holding period for agricultural land is twenty-five years for the purpose of computing buildup of equity or appreciation with respect to that land.

The commissioner shall add to the overall capitalization rate a tax additur. The sum of the overall capitalization rate and the tax additur shall represent as nearly as possible the rate of return a prudent investor would expect from an average or typical farm in this state considering only agricultural factors.

The commissioner shall annually determine and announce the overall capitalization rate, tax additur, agricultural land capitalization rate, and the individual components used in computing such amounts in a determination, finding, computation, or order of the commissioner published simultaneously with the commissioner's annual publication of the per-acre agricultural

243 244 245 246 247 248 249 250 251 252 253 254 use value of the land for the 2022 tax year, as determined for 255 counties undergoing a reappraisal or triennial update in the 256 2022 tax year; 257 (iii) The current agricultural use value of the land for 258 the 2021 tax year, as determined for counties undergoing a 259 reappraisal or triennial update in the 2021 tax year. 260

(b) In counties that undergo a reappraisal or triennial	261
update in $\frac{2018}{2024}$ , the current agricultural use value of the	262
land for each of the <del>2018, 2019, and 2020 </del> 2024, 2025, and 2026	263
tax years shall equal the <u>sum-average</u> of the following amounts	264
determined under this section and section 5713.31 of the Revised	265
Code, and rules adopted pursuant to those sections:	266
(i) The current agricultural use value of the land for	267
that tax year, as determined under this section and section	268
5713.31 of the Revised Code, and rules adopted pursuant those	269
sections, without regard to the adjustment under division (A) (3)	270
(b) (ii) of this section;	271
(ii) One-half of the amount, if any, by which the value of	272
the land for the 2017 tax year, as determined under this-	273
section, section 5713.31 of the Revised Code, and the rules	274
adopted pursuant those sections and issued by the tax	275
commissioner for counties undergoing a reappraisal or triennial	276
update in the 2017 tax year, exceeds the value determined under	277
division (A)(3)(b)(i) of this section The current agricultural	278
use value of the land for the 2023 tax year, as determined for	279
counties undergoing a reappraisal or triennial update in the	280
2023 tax year;	281
(iii) The current agricultural use value of the land for	282
the 2022 tax year, as determined for counties undergoing a	283
reappraisal or triennial update in the 2022 tax year.	284
(c) In counties that undergo a reappraisal or triennial	285
update in $\frac{2019}{2025}$ , the current agricultural use value of the	286
land for each of the <del>2019, 2020, and 2021</del> 2025, 2026, and 2027	287
tax years shall equal the <pre>sum-average</pre> of the following amounts	288
determined under this section and section 5713.31 of the Revised	289
Code, and rules adopted pursuant to those sections:	290

(i) The current agricultural use value of the land for	291
that tax year, as determined under this section and section	292
5713.31 of the Revised Code, and rules adopted pursuant those	293
sections, without regard to the adjustment under division (A)(3)	294
(c) (ii) of this section;	295
(ii) One-half of the amount, if any, by which the value of	296
the land for the 2018 tax year, as determined under this-	297
section, section 5713.31 of the Revised Code, and the rules	298
adopted pursuant those sections and issued by the tax	299
commissioner for counties undergoing a reappraisal or triennial	300
update in the 2018 tax year, exceeds the value determined under	301
division (A)(3)(c)(i) of this section The current agricultural	302
use value of the land for the 2024 tax year, as determined for	303
counties undergoing a reappraisal or triennial update in the	304
2024 tax year;	305
(iii) The current agricultural use value of the land for	306
the 2023 tax year, as determined for counties undergoing a	307
reappraisal or triennial update in the 2023 tax year.	308
(4) The uniform rules shall prescribe the method for	309
determining the value of federally subsidized residential rental	310
property through the use of a formula that accounts for the	311
following factors:	312
(a) Up to three years of operating income of the property,	313
which includes gross potential rent, and any income derived from	314
other sources as reported by the property owner to the county	315
auditor under section 5713.031 of the Revised Code. Operating	316
income shall include an allowance for vacancy losses, which	317
shall be presumed to be four per cent of gross potential rent,	318
and unpaid rent losses, which shall be presumed to be three per	319
cent of gross potential rent. These presumptive amounts may be	320

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exceeded with evidence demonstrating the actual income of the 321 property. 322

- (b) Operating expenses of the property, which shall be 323 presumed to be forty-eight per cent of operating income plus 324 utility expenses as reported by the property owner to the county 325 auditor under section 5713.031 of the Revised Code. Operating 326 expenses shall also include replacement reserve fund or account 327 contributions which shall be presumed to be five per cent of 328 gross potential rent. These presumptive amounts may be exceeded 329 330 with evidence demonstrating the actual expenses of the property. Real property taxes, depreciation, and amortization expenses and 331 replacement of short-term capitalized assets shall be excluded 332 333 from operating expenses.
- (c) A market-appropriate, uniform capitalization rate plus

  a tax additur accounting for the real property tax rate of the

  property's location. For federally subsidized residential rental

  property described in division (A)(1) of section 5713.031 of the

  Revised Code, one percentage point shall be subtracted from the

  uniform capitalization rate.

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The uniform rules shall also prescribe a minimum total value for federally subsidized residential rental property of five thousand dollars multiplied by the number of dwelling units comprising the property or one hundred fifty per cent of the property's unimproved land value, whichever is greater. The formula and other rules adopted by the commissioner pursuant to this division shall comply with Ohio Constitution, Article XII, Section 2.

As used in division (A)(4) of this section, "federally 348 subsidized residential rental property" has the same meaning as 349 in section 5713.031 of the Revised Code and "dwelling unit" has 350

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the same meaning as in section 5321.01 of the Revised Code.

(B) The taxable value shall be that per cent of true value 352 in money, or current agricultural use value in the case of land 353 valued in accordance with section 5713.31 of the Revised Code, 354 the commissioner by rule establishes, but it shall not exceed 355 thirty-five per cent. The uniform rules shall also prescribe 356 methods of making the appraisals set forth in section 5713.03 of 357 the Revised Code. The taxable value of each tract, lot, or 358 parcel of real property and improvements thereon, determined in 359 360 accordance with the uniform rules and methods prescribed thereby, shall be the taxable value of the tract, lot, or parcel 361 for all purposes of sections 5713.01 to 5713.26, 5715.01 to 362 5715.51, and 5717.01 to 5717.06 of the Revised Code. County 363 auditors shall, under the direction and supervision of the 364 commissioner, be the chief assessing officers of their 365 respective counties, and shall list and value the real property 366 within their respective counties for taxation in accordance with 367 this section and sections 5713.03 and 5713.31 of the Revised 368 Code and with such rules of the commissioner. There shall also 369 be a board in each county, known as the county board of 370 revision, which shall hear complaints and revise assessments of 371 real property for taxation. 372

(C) The commissioner shall neither adopt nor enforce any rule that requires true value for any tax year to be any value other than the true value in money on the tax lien date of such tax year or that requires taxable value to be obtained in any way other than by reducing the true value, or in the case of land valued in accordance with section 5713.31 of the Revised Code, its current agricultural use value, by a specified, uniform percentage.

Sec. 5715.012. The tax commissioner shall make sales-

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assessment ratio studies of sales and assessments of real 382 property for the purpose of determining the common level of 383 assessment of real property within the counties pursuant to 384 section 5715.19 of the Revised Code and for the purpose of 385 making equalization determinations, for tax years before 2024, 386 or recommendations, for tax year 2024 and thereafter, pursuant 387 to section 5715.24 of the Revised Code. Such 388 (A) Division (A) of this section shall apply to all tax 389 years other than tax years 2023, 2024, and 2025. Sales-390 assessment ratio studies shall be based on a representative 391 sampling during the three years prior to the tax year to which 392 the sample is applied of open market arms' length sales by a 393 willing seller to a willing buyer for a current like use within 394 the class or classes of real property sampled by the board. 395 Where there are not sufficient arms' length sales to constitute 396 a representative sampling for such studies within a class, the 397 commissioner may also conduct appraisals of real property in 398 that class, which shall be a part of such studies. Such studies 399 and other information of the commissioner may be used by the 400 commissioner as quidelines, where applicable, in the making 401 equalization of recommendations with respect to a class or 402 classes of real property. Such The commissioner shall not use 403 such studies or other information of the commissioner shall not 404 be applied by the commissioner in making equalization 405 recommendations on a taxing district, countywide, or statewide 406 basis for the purpose of equalization unless the commissioner 407 first finds there are sufficient arms' length sales for a like 408 use included in the sample in a class, or arms' length sales and 409 appraisals conducted by the commissioner for a like use included 410 in the sample in a class, to provide an indication that said 411

sales or sales and appraisals in the class are representative of	412
all parcels in the class.	413
In addition, the commissioner shall make other studies of	414
the value of real property within the counties which may be used	415
as guidelines, where applicable, in the equalization of a class	416
or classes of real property.	417
(B) Division (B) of this section shall apply to tax years	418
2023, 2024, and 2025. Sales-assessment ratio studies shall be	419
based on all open market arms' length sales during the three	420
calendar years prior to the tax year to which the study is	421
applied between a willing seller and a willing buyer for a	422
current like use within the class or classes of real property	423
studied. In conducting such studies, the commissioner shall not	424
give more weight to sales occurring in any particular year	425
during that three-year period. The commissioner shall confirm	426
the sales data with data collected by county auditors. If the	427
number of arms' length sales for a like use within a class of	428
property in a county during that three-year period does not	429
equal at least five per cent of the total number of properties	430
in the county within that class, the commissioner may also	431
require that the county auditor conduct appraisals of real	432
property in that class, which shall be a part of such studies.	433
The commissioner shall use such studies and other information,	434
including current economic conditions, in making equalization	435
determinations, for tax year 2023, or recommendations, for tax	436
years 2024 and 2025, with respect to a class or classes of real	437
property. The commissioner shall not use such studies or other	438
information of the commissioner or a county auditor in making	439
equalization determination or recommendations, as applicable, on	440
a taxing district, countywide, or statewide basis unless the	441
commissioner first finds there are sufficient arms' length sales	442

for a like use included in the sample in a class, or arms'	443
length sales and appraisals conducted by an auditor for a like	444
use included in the sample in a class, to provide an indication	445
that said sales or sales and appraisals in the class are	446
representative of all parcels in the class.	447
In addition, the commissioner shall collaborate with	448
county auditors to collect data and make other studies of the	449
value of real property within the counties, which may be used as	450
guidelines, where applicable, in the equalization of a class or	451
classes of real property.	452
Sec. 5715.24. (A) The tax commissioner, annually, shall	453
determine analyze whether the real property and the various	454
classes thereof in the several counties, municipal corporations,	455
and taxing districts which have completed a sexennial	456
reappraisal in the current year and which will have the new	457
taxable values placed on the tax list and duplicate have been	458
assessed as required by law, and whether the values set forth in	459
the agricultural land tax list in such taxing districts	460
correctly reflect the true and agricultural use values of the	461
lands contained therein. The <del>determination shall be made</del>	462
commissioner shall complete this analysis prior to the first	463
Monday in August unless the commissioner, for good cause,	464
extends the date. If, in the <del>commissioner finds that</del>	465
commissioner's opinion, the real property or any class thereof	466
in any such county, municipal corporation, or taxing district,	467
as reported to it by the several county auditors of the counties	468
that have completed such reappraisal, is not listed for taxation	469
or recorded on the agricultural land tax list in accordance	470
therewith, the commissioner shall <u>recommend an</u> increase or	471
decrease <u>in</u> the appropriate aggregate value of the real property	472

or any class thereof in any such county, township, municipal

corporation, taxing district, or ward or division of a municipal	474
corporation, by a per cent or amount that, in the commissioner's	475
opinion, will cause such property to be correctly valued on the	476
agricultural land tax list and to be correctly assessed on the	477
tax list at its taxable value so that every class of real	478
property shall be listed and valued for taxation and valued for	479
purposes of sections 5713.33 to 5713.35 of the Revised Code as	480
required by law. In determining analyzing whether a class of	481
real property has been assessed at its correct taxable value and	482
in determining recommending any per cent or amount by which the	483
aggregate value of the class from a prior year <u>shall</u> should_be	484
increased or decreased to be correctly assessed, the	485
commissioner shall consider only the aggregate values of	486
property that existed in the prior year and that is to be taxed	487
in the current year. In addition to any other adjustments the	488
commissioner considers recommends as necessary to comply with	489
this requirement, the value of new construction shall not be	490
regarded as an increase in such aggregate value from the prior	491
year, and the value of property destroyed or demolished since	492
the prior year shall be deducted from the aggregate value of	493
that class for the prior year.	494

In implementing A county auditor may implement all or a 495 portion of any increase or decrease in valuation of real 496 property <u>ordered recommended</u> by the commissioner pursuant to 497 this section, the county. When implementing any such increase 498 or decrease, the auditor shall, when practicable, increase or 499 decrease the taxable valuation of parcels in accordance with 500 actual changes in valuation of real property which occur in 501 different subdivisions, neighborhoods, or among classes of real 502 503 property in the county.

(B) Division (A) of this section also applies to a county

in the third calendar year following the year in which a 505 sexennial reappraisal is completed. 506

**Sec. 5715.25.** If the tax commissioner <del>increases</del> recommends 507 an increase or decreases—decrease in the aggregate value of the 508 real property or any class thereof on the tax list or 509 agricultural land tax list in any taxing district or subdivision 510 of the state under section 5715.24 of the Revised Code, he the 511 commissioner shall transmit to each county auditor a statement 512 which specifies the amount or per cent to that the commissioner 513 recommends be added to or deducted from the valuation of such 514 property or class thereof in each taxing district or subdivision 515 in his the county auditor's county. 516

Sec. 5715.251. The county auditor tax commissioner may 517 appeal to the board of tax appeals any determination of change 518 county auditor's adjustment, or lack of adjustment, in the 519 abstract of real property of a taxing district in the auditor's 520 county that is made by does not conform with the recommendations 521 made by the tax commissioner under section 5715.24 of the 522 Revised Code. The appeal commissioner shall be taken file the 523 524 notice of appeal with the board and the auditor within thirty days after receipt of the statement by the county auditor of the 525 commissioner's determination by the filing by the county auditor 526 of a notice of appeal with the board and the commissioneran 527 adjusted abstract or notice declining to make adjustments under 528 division (A) of section 5715.26 of the Revised Code. Such notice 529 of appeal shall set forth the determination-recommendations of 530 the commissioner, as well as the auditor's abstract or adjusted 531 abstract appealed from and the errors therein complained of. 532 Proof of the filing of such notice with the <del>commissioner</del> <u>auditor</u> 533 shall be filed with the board. The board shall have exclusive 534 jurisdiction of the appeal. 535

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The commissionerauditor, upon written demand filed by the county auditorcommissioner, shall within thirty days after the filing of such demand file with the board a certified transcript of the record of the commissioner's proceedings pertaining any records or evidence that the auditor used to compile the determination abstract or adjusted abstract complained of and, <u>including</u> the evidence the <del>commissioner</del> <u>auditor</u> considered in making such determination declining to make the commissioner's recommended changes. 

If upon hearing and consideration of such record and evidence the board decides that the determination—abstract or adjusted abstract appealed from is reasonable and lawful, it shall affirm the same, but if the board decides that such determination—abstract is unreasonable or unlawful, the board shall reverse and vacate the determination or order the auditor to modify it and shall enter final order in accordance with such modification.

The secretary of the board shall send the order of the board to the county auditor and to the commissioner, and they shall take such action in connection therewith as is required to give effect to the order of the board. At the request of the county auditor, the board of tax appeal's order shall be sent by certified mail at the county auditor's expense.

Sec. 5715.26. (A) (1) Upon receiving the statement required 564 by section 5715.25 of the Revised Code, the county auditor shall 565

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forthwith may add to or deduct from each tract, lot, or parcel of real property or class of real property all or a portion of the required recommended percentage or amount of the valuation thereof, adding or deducting any sum less than five dollars so that the value of any separate tract, lot, or parcel of real property shall be ten dollars or some multiple thereof.

(2) After making the any additions or deductions required 572 by under this section, the auditor shall transmit to the tax 573 commissioner the appropriate adjusted abstract of the real 574 property of each taxing district in the auditor's county in 575 which an adjustment was required made. If the auditor does not 576 make any adjustments to the abstract of real property of any 577 taxing district, the auditor shall so notify the tax 578 commissioner. 579

(3) If the commissioner increases or decreases the 580 581 aggregate value of the real property or any class thereof in any county or taxing district thereof and does not receive within 582 ninety days thereafter an adjusted abstract conforming to its-583 584 statement for such county or taxing district therein, the commissioner shall withhold from such county or taxing district 585 therein fifty per cent of its share in the distribution of state-586 revenues to local governments pursuant to sections 5747.50 to 587 5747.55 of the Revised Code and shall direct the department of 588 education and workforce to withhold therefrom fifty per cent of 589 state revenues to school districts pursuant to Chapter 3317. of 590 the Revised Code. The commissioner shall withhold the 591 distribution of such funds until such county auditor has 592 complied with this division, and the department shall withhold 593 the distribution of such funds until the commissioner has-594 notified the department that such county auditor has complied 595 with this division. 596

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(B) (1) If the commissioner's determination is appealed	597
commissioner files an appeal under section 5715.251 of the	598
Revised Code, the county auditor, treasurer, and all other	599
officers shall forthwith proceed with the levy and collection of	600
the current year's taxes in the manner prescribed by law. The	601
taxes shall be determined and collected as if the commissioner	602
had determined under section 5715.24 of the Revised Code that	603
the real property and the various classes thereof in the county-	604
as—shown in the auditor's abstract—were assessed for taxation—	605
and the true and agricultural use values were recorded on the	606
agricultural land tax list as required by law, as adjusted under	607
division (A) of this section.	608

(2) If as a result of the appeal to the board it is 609 finally determined either that all real property and the various 610 classes thereof have not been assessed as required by law or 611 that the values set forth in the agricultural land tax list do 612 not correctly reflect the true and agricultural use values of 613 the lands contained therein, the county auditor shall forthwith 614 add to or deduct from each tract, lot, or parcel of real 615 property or class of real property the required percentage or 616 amount of the valuation in accordance with the order of the 617 board or judgment of the court to which the board's order was 618 appealed, and the taxes on each tract, lot, or parcel and the 619 percentages required by section 319.301 of the Revised Code 620 shall be recomputed using the valuation as finally determined. 621 The order or judgment making the final determination shall 622 prescribe the time and manner for collecting, crediting, or 623 refunding the resultant increases or decreases in taxes. 624

Section 2. That existing sections 5713.01, 5713.03, 5715.01, 5715.012, 5715.24, 5715.25, 5715.251, and 5715.26 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.

Section 3. (A) As used in this section:	628
(1) "Community improvement corporation" means a community	629
improvement corporation created under Chapter 1724. of the	630
Revised Code.	631
(2) "Qualified property" means property that satisfies the	632
qualifications for tax exemption under section 5709.08 of the	633
Revised Code or any other section of the Revised Code that	634
provides a tax exemption for property owned or used by a	635
municipal corporation or community improvement corporation and	636
that meets either of the following requirements:	637
(a) The property is owned by a municipal corporation or a	638
community improvement corporation and was acquired by a	639
municipal corporation which recorded the deed for the property	640
between the following dates:	641
(i) April 15, 2013, and April 30, 2013;	642
(ii) January 1, 2008, and January 31, 2008;	643
(iii) January 1, 2006, and January 15, 2006;	644
(iv) February 1, 2000, and February 15, 2000.	645
(b) The property is a parcel of real property that is	646
owned by a municipal corporation or community improvement	647
corporation and to which one of the following applies:	648
(i) The parcel was created pursuant to the subdivision,	649
between August 1, 2004, and August 15, 2004, of an existing	650
parcel that had been previously acquired by a municipal	651
corporation and where the deed for the previously existing	652
parcel was recorded by a municipal corporation between December	653
15, 1999, and December 31, 1999;	654

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(ii) The parcel was created pursuant to the subdivision, 655 between January 1, 2008, and January 31, 2008, of an existing 656 parcel that had been previously acquired by a municipal 657 corporation and where the deed for the previously existing 658 parcel was recorded by a municipal corporation between February 659 15, 2002, and March 1, 2002; 660 (iii) The parcel was created pursuant to the subdivision, 661 between January 1, 2008, and January 15, 2008, of an existing 662 parcel that had been previously acquired by a municipal 663 corporation and where the deed for the previously existing 664 parcel was recorded by a municipal corporation between December 665 20, 2007, and January 10, 2008. 666 (B) Notwithstanding sections 5713.08, 5713.081, and 667 5715.27 of the Revised Code, and without regard to any time or 668 payment limitations under any section of the Revised Code, the 669 owner of qualified property at any time within twelve months 670 after the effective date of this section may file an application 671 with the Tax Commissioner requesting that the qualified property 672 be placed on the exempt list and that all unpaid taxes, 673 penalties, and interest on the property be abated, including 674 taxes, penalties, and interest that have become a lien prior to 675 the date of acquisition of title to the property by the 676 qualified property's owner. 677 (C) The application shall be made on the form prescribed 678 by the Tax Commissioner under section 5715.27 of the Revised 679 Code and shall list the name of the county in which the property 680 is located; the property's legal description, taxable value, and 681

the amount, in dollars, of the unpaid taxes, penalties, and

use of the property during any time that the unpaid taxes

interest; the date of acquisition of title to the property; the

accrued; and any other information required by the Commissioner.	685
The county auditor shall supply the required information upon	686
request of the applicant.	687

- (D) Upon request of the applicant, the county treasurer 688 shall determine if all taxes, penalties, and interest that 689 became a lien on the qualified property before it was first used 690 by the property's owner or a prior owner for an exempt purpose 691 have been paid in full. If so, the county treasurer shall issue 692 a certificate to the applicant stating that all such taxes, 693 penalties, and interest have been paid in full. The applicant 694 shall attach the county treasurer's certificate to the 695 application filed with the Tax Commissioner under this section. 696
- (E) Upon receipt of an application, the Tax Commissioner 697 shall determine if the qualified property meets the 698 qualifications set forth in this section and if so shall issue 699 an order directing that the property be placed on the exempt 700 list of the county in which it is located and that all unpaid 701 taxes, penalties, and interest for each year that the property 702 met the qualifications for exemption described in section 703 5709.08 or another section of the Revised Code be abated. If the 704 Commissioner finds that the property is or previously was being 705 used for a purpose that would disqualify it for such exemption, 706 the Tax Commissioner shall issue an order denying the 707 application with respect to such tax years where the 708 Commissioner finds that disqualifying use. 709
- (F) If the Tax Commissioner finds that the property is not 710 entitled to the tax exemption and abatement of unpaid taxes, 711 penalties, and interest for any of the years for which the 712 applicant claims an exemption or abatement, the Commissioner 713 shall order the county treasurer of the county in which the 714

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property is located to collect all taxes, penalties, and	715
interest on the property for those years as required by law.	716
Section 4. (A) Notwithstanding any provision of the	717
Revised Code to the contrary, the Tax Commissioner shall modify	718
the determinations made under section 5715.24 of the Revised	719
Code in tax year 2023 to comply with the amendment by this act	720
of section 5715.012 of the Revised Code and, within fifteen days	721
after the effective date of this section, shall transmit to each	722
applicable county auditor a statement reflecting that updated	723
determination in the same manner as required in section 5715.25	724
of the Revised Code. A county auditor may appeal the updated	725
determination by filing an appeal within thirty days after the	726
receipt of such statement in the same manner as authorized in	727
section 5715.251 of the Revised Code. In any county that	728
receives an updated determination under this section, the time	729
for delivery of the tax duplicate of the county treasurer by the	730
county auditor as provided in section 319.28 of the Revised Code	731
shall be extended to the first Monday in December and may be	732
extended further in accordance with section 323.17 of the	733
Revised Code. The times for payment of taxes shall similarly be	734
extended in the same manner as other delays in the delivery of	735
the tax list under that section.	736
(B) The amendment by this act of sections 5713.01,	737
5713.03, 5715.24, 5715.25, 5715.251, and 5715.26 of the Revised	738
Code applies to tax year 2024 and every tax year thereafter.	739
Section 5. Notwithstanding any provision of the Revised	740
Code to the contrary, if necessary, the Tax Commissioner shall	741
issue updated 2023 current agricultural use value tables to	742

reflect the amendment by this act of section 5715.01 of the

Revised Code. The updated values shall be issued within fifteen

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days after the effective date of this section.

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