As Introduced

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Regular Session

2023-2024

H. B. No. 337

Representatives Sweeney, Manning

Cosponsors: Representatives Brennan, Denson, Lightbody, Miller, A., Miller, J., Weinstein, Carruthers, Hillyer, Klopfenstein, Ray, White

A BILL

To amend sections 5123.01 and 5126.01 of the	1
Revised Code to recognize Prader-Willi syndrome	2
as a developmental disability.	3

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 5123.01 and 5126.01 of the	4
Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	5
Sec. 5123.01. As used in this chapter:	6
(A) "Chief medical officer" means the licensed physician	7
appointed by the managing officer of an institution for persons	8
with intellectual disabilities with the approval of the director	9
of developmental disabilities to provide medical treatment for	10
residents of the institution.	11
(B) "Chief program director" means a person with special	12
training and experience in the diagnosis and management of	13
persons with developmental disabilities, certified according to	14
division (C) of this section in at least one of the designated	15
fields, and appointed by the managing officer of an institution	16
for persons with intellectual disabilities with the approval of	17

the director to provide habilitation and care for residents of 18 the institution. 19

(C) "Comprehensive evaluation" means a study, including a 20 sequence of observations and examinations, of a person leading 21 to conclusions and recommendations formulated jointly, with 22 dissenting opinions if any, by a group of persons with special 23 training and experience in the diagnosis and management of 24 persons with developmental disabilities, which group shall 25 include individuals who are professionally qualified in the 26 fields of medicine, psychology, and social work, together with 27 such other specialists as the individual case may require. 28

(D) "Education" means the process of formal training and29instruction to facilitate the intellectual and emotional30development of residents.31

(E) "Habilitation" means the process by which the staff of 32 the institution assists the resident in acquiring and 33 maintaining those life skills that enable the resident to cope 34 more effectively with the demands of the resident's own person 35 and of the resident's environment and in raising the level of 36 the resident's physical, mental, social, and vocational 37 efficiency. Habilitation includes but is not limited to programs 38 of formal, structured education and training. 39

(F) "Health officer" means any public health physician,
public health nurse, or other person authorized or designated by
a city or general health district.
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(G) "Home and community-based services" means medicaidfunded home and community-based services specified in division
(A) (1) of section 5166.20 of the Revised Code provided under the
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medicaid waiver components the department of developmental
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disabilities administers pursuant to section 5166.21 of the 47 Revised Code. Except as provided in section 5123.0412 of the 48 Revised Code, home and community-based services provided under 49 the medicaid waiver component known as the transitions 50 developmental disabilities waiver are to be considered to be 51 home and community-based services for the purposes of this 52 chapter, and Chapters 5124. and 5126. of the Revised Code, only 53 to the extent, if any, provided by the contract required by 54 section 5166.21 of the Revised Code regarding the waiver. 55

(H) "ICF/IID" and "ICF/IID services" have the samemeanings as in section 5124.01 of the Revised Code.57

(I) "Indigent person" means a person who is unable,
without substantial financial hardship, to provide for the
payment of an attorney and for other necessary expenses of legal
for representation, including expert testimony.

(J) "Institution" means a public or private facility, or a part of a public or private facility, that is licensed by the appropriate state department and is equipped to provide residential habilitation, care, and treatment for persons with intellectual disabilities.

(K) "Licensed physician" means a person who holds a valid
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license issued under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code
authorizing the person to practice medicine and surgery or
osteopathic medicine and surgery, or a medical officer of the
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government of the United States while in the performance of the
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officer's official duties.

(L) "Managing officer" means a person who is appointed by
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 the director of developmental disabilities to be in executive
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 control of an institution under the jurisdiction of the
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76 department of developmental disabilities. (M) "Medicaid case management services" means case 77 management services provided to an individual with a 78 developmental disability that the state medicaid plan requires. 79 (N) "Intellectual disability" means a disability 80 characterized by having significantly subaverage general 81 intellectual functioning existing concurrently with deficiencies 82 in adaptive behavior, manifested during the developmental 83 period. 84 (O) "Person with an intellectual disability subject to 85 institutionalization by court order" means a person eighteen 86 years of age or older with at least a moderate level of 87 intellectual disability and in relation to whom, because of the 88 person's disability, either of the following conditions exists: 89 (1) The person represents a very substantial risk of 90 physical impairment or injury to self as manifested by evidence 91 that the person is unable to provide for and is not providing 92 for the person's most basic physical needs and that provision 93 for those needs is not available in the community; 94 (2) The person needs and is susceptible to significant 95 habilitation in an institution. 96 (P) "Moderate level of intellectual disability" means the 97 condition in which a person, following a comprehensive 98 evaluation, is found to have at least moderate deficits in 99 overall intellectual functioning, as indicated by a full-scale 100 intelligence quotient test score of fifty-five or below, and at 101 least moderate deficits in adaptive behavior, as determined in 102 accordance with the criteria established in the fifth edition of 103

the diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders

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published by the American psychiatric association.

(Q) "Developmental disability" means a severe, chronic 106 disability that is characterized by all of the following: 107 (1) It is attributable to a mental or physical impairment 108 or a combination of mental and physical impairments, including 109 Prader-Willi syndrome, other than a mental or physical 110 impairment solely caused by mental illness, as defined in 111 division (A) of section 5122.01 of the Revised Code. 112 (2) It is manifested before age twenty-two. 113 (3) It is likely to continue indefinitely. 114 (4) It results in one of the following: 115 (a) In the case of a person under three years of age, at 116 least one developmental delay, as defined in rules adopted under 117 section 5123.011 of the Revised Code, or a diagnosed physical or 118 mental condition that has a high probability of resulting in a 119 developmental delay, as defined in those rules; 120 (b) In the case of a person at least three years of age 121 but under six years of age, at least two developmental delays, 122 as defined in rules adopted under section 5123.011 of the 123 Revised Code; 124 (c) In the case of a person six years of age or older, a 125

substantial functional limitation in at least three of the 126 following areas of major life activity, as appropriate for the 127 person's age: self-care, receptive and expressive language, 128 learning, mobility, self-direction, capacity for independent 129 living, and, if the person is at least sixteen years of age, 130 capacity for economic self-sufficiency. 131

(5) It causes the person to need a combination and 132

sequence of special, interdisciplinary, or other type of care, 133
treatment, or provision of services for an extended period of 134
time that is individually planned and coordinated for the 135
person. 136

"Developmental disability" includes intellectual 137 disability. 138

(R) "State institution" means an institution that is tax139
supported and under the jurisdiction of the department of
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developmental disabilities.
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(S) "Residence" and "legal residence" have the same 142 meaning as "legal settlement," which is acquired by residing in 143 Ohio for a period of one year without receiving general 144 assistance prior to July 17, 1995, under former Chapter 5113. of 145 the Revised Code, without receiving financial assistance prior 146 to December 31, 2017, under former Chapter 5115. of the Revised 147 Code, or assistance from a private agency that maintains records 148 of assistance given. A person having a legal settlement in the 149 state shall be considered as having legal settlement in the 150 assistance area in which the person resides. No adult person 151 coming into this state and having a spouse or minor children 152 residing in another state shall obtain a legal settlement in 153 this state as long as the spouse or minor children are receiving 154 public assistance, care, or support at the expense of the other 155 state or its subdivisions. For the purpose of determining the 156 legal settlement of a person who is living in a public or 157 private institution or in a home subject to licensing by the 158 department of job and family services, the department of mental 159 health and addiction services, or the department of 160 developmental disabilities, the residence of the person shall be 161 considered as though the person were residing in the county in 162

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which the person was living prior to the person's entrance into 163 the institution or home. Settlement once acquired shall continue 164 until a person has been continuously absent from Ohio for a 165 period of one year or has acquired a legal residence in another 166 state. A woman who marries a man with legal settlement in any 167 county immediately acquires the settlement of her husband. The 168 legal settlement of a minor is that of the parents, surviving 169 parent, sole parent, parent who is designated the residential 170 parent and legal custodian by a court, other adult having 171 permanent custody awarded by a court, or guardian of the person 172 of the minor, provided that: 173 (1) A minor female who marries shall be considered to have 174 the legal settlement of her husband and, in the case of death of 175 her husband or divorce, she shall not thereby lose her legal 176 settlement obtained by the marriage. 177 (2) A minor male who marries, establishes a home, and who 178 has resided in this state for one year without receiving general 179 assistance prior to July 17, 1995, under former Chapter 5113. of 180 the Revised Code or assistance from a private agency that 181 maintains records of assistance given shall be considered to 182 have obtained a legal settlement in this state. 183 (3) The legal settlement of a child under eighteen years 184 of age who is in the care or custody of a public or private 185 child caring agency shall not change if the legal settlement of 186 the parent changes until after the child has been in the home of 187 the parent for a period of one year. 188

No person, adult or minor, may establish a legal189settlement in this state for the purpose of gaining admission to190any state institution.191

(T)(1) "Resident" means, subject to division (T)(2) of 192 this section, a person who is admitted either voluntarily or 193 involuntarily to an institution or other facility pursuant to 194 section 2945.39, 2945.40, 2945.401, or 2945.402 of the Revised 195 Code subsequent to a finding of not guilty by reason of insanity 196 or incompetence to stand trial or under this chapter who is 197 under observation or receiving habilitation and care in an 198 institution. 199

(2) "Resident" does not include a person admitted to an
200 institution or other facility under section 2945.39, 2945.40,
2945.401, or 2945.402 of the Revised Code to the extent that the
202 reference in this chapter to resident, or the context in which
203 the reference occurs, is in conflict with any provision of
204 sections 2945.37 to 2945.402 of the Revised Code.

(U) "Respondent" means the person whose detention,commitment, or continued commitment is being sought in anyproceeding under this chapter.

(V) "Working day" and "court day" mean Monday, Tuesday,Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, except when such day is a legalholiday.

(W) "Prosecutor" means the prosecuting attorney, village 212 solicitor, city director of law, or similar chief legal officer 213 who prosecuted a criminal case in which a person was found not 214 guilty by reason of insanity, who would have had the authority 215 to prosecute a criminal case against a person if the person had 216 not been found incompetent to stand trial, or who prosecuted a 217 case in which a person was found guilty. 218

(X) "Court" means the probate division of the court of219common pleas.

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(Y) "Supported living" and "residential services" have the	221
same meanings as in section 5126.01 of the Revised Code.	222
(Z) "Prader-Willi syndrome" means a genetic disorder,	223
confirmed through methylation analysis or other blood test, that	224
is characterized by hypotonia, abnormally small hands and feet,	225
hypogonadism, dysphasia, sleep disturbances, and difficulty with	226
thermoregulation.	227
Sec. 5126.01. As used in this chapter:	228
(A) As used in this division, "adult" means an individual	229
who is eighteen years of age or over and not enrolled in a	230
program or service under Chapter 3323. of the Revised Code and	231
an individual sixteen or seventeen years of age who is eligible	232
for adult services under rules adopted by the director of	233
developmental disabilities pursuant to Chapter 119. of the	234
Revised Code.	235
(1) "Adult services" means services provided to an adult	236
outside the home, except when they are provided within the home	237
according to an individual's assessed needs and identified in an	238
individual service plan, that support learning and assistance in	239
the area of self-care, sensory and motor development,	240
socialization, daily living skills, communication, community	241
living, social skills, or vocational skills.	242
(2) "Adult services" includes all of the following:	243
(a) Adult day habilitation services;	244
(b) Employment services;	245
(c) Educational experiences and training obtained through	246
entities and activities that are not expressly intended for	247
individuals with developmental disabilities, including trade	248

schools, vocational or technical schools, adult education, job 249 exploration and sampling, unpaid work experience in the 250 community, volunteer activities, and spectator sports. 251 (B)(1) "Adult day habilitation services" means adult 252 services that do the following: 253 (a) Provide access to and participation in typical 2.54 activities and functions of community life that are desired and 255 chosen by the general population, including such activities and 256 functions as opportunities to experience and participate in 257 community exploration, companionship with friends and peers, 258 leisure activities, hobbies, maintaining family contacts, 259 community events, and activities where individuals without 260 disabilities are involved; 261 (b) Provide supports or a combination of training and 2.62 supports that afford an individual a wide variety of 263 opportunities to facilitate and build relationships and social 264 supports in the community. 265 (2) "Adult day habilitation services" includes all of the 266 following: 267 (a) Personal care services needed to ensure an 268 individual's ability to experience and participate in vocational 269 services, educational services, community activities, and any 270 other adult day habilitation services; 271 (b) Skilled services provided while receiving adult day 272

habilitation services, including such skilled services as273behavior management intervention, occupational therapy, speech274and language therapy, physical therapy, and nursing services;275

(c) Training and education in self-determination designed276to help the individual do one or more of the following: develop277

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self-advocacy skills, exercise the individual's civil rights, 278 acquire skills that enable the individual to exercise control 279 and responsibility over the services received, and acquire 280 skills that enable the individual to become more independent, 281 integrated, or productive in the community; 2.82 (d) Recreational and leisure activities identified in the 283 individual's service plan as therapeutic in nature or assistive 284 285 in developing or maintaining social supports; 286 (e) Transportation necessary to access adult day habilitation services; 287 (f) Habilitation management, as described in section 288 5126.14 of the Revised Code. 289 (3) "Adult day habilitation services" does not include 290 activities that are components of the provision of residential 291 services, family support services, or supported living services. 292 (C) "Appointing authority" means the following: 293 (1) In the case of a member of a county board of 294 developmental disabilities appointed by, or to be appointed by, 295 a board of county commissioners, the board of county 296 commissioners; 297 (2) In the case of a member of a county board appointed 298 by, or to be appointed by, a senior probate judge, the senior 299 probate judge. 300 (D) "Community employment," "competitive employment," and 301 "integrated setting" have the same meanings as in section 302 5123.022 of the Revised Code. 303 (E) "Supported employment services" means vocational 304 assessment, job training and coaching, job development and 305

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placement, worksite accessibility, and other services related to 306 employment outside a sheltered workshop. "Supported employment 307 services" includes both of the following: 308 (1) Job training resulting in the attainment of community 309 employment, supported work in a typical work environment, or 310 self-employment; 311 (2) Support for ongoing community employment, supported 312 work at community-based sites, or self-employment. 313 (F) "Developmental disability" means a severe, chronic 314 disability that is characterized by all of the following: 315 (1) It is attributable to a mental or physical impairment 316 or a combination of mental and physical impairments, including 317 Prader-Willi syndrome, other than a mental or physical 318 impairment solely caused by mental illness as defined in 319 division (A) of section 5122.01 of the Revised Code; 320 (2) It is manifested before age twenty-two; 321 (3) It is likely to continue indefinitely; 322 (4) It results in one of the following: 323 (a) In the case of a person under age three, at least one 324 developmental delay, as defined in rules adopted under section 325 5123.011 of the Revised Code, or a diagnosed physical or mental 326 condition that has a high probability of resulting in a 327

(b) In the case of a person at least age three but under
age six, at least two developmental delays, as defined in rules
adopted under section 5123.011 of the Revised Code;
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developmental delay, as defined in those rules;

(c) In the case of a person age six or older, a 332

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substantial functional limitation in at least three of the333following areas of major life activity, as appropriate for the334person's age: self-care, receptive and expressive language,335learning, mobility, self-direction, capacity for independent336living, and, if the person is at least age sixteen, capacity for337economic self-sufficiency.338

(5) It causes the person to need a combination and
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sequence of special, interdisciplinary, or other type of care,
treatment, or provision of services for an extended period of
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time that is individually planned and coordinated for the
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person.

"Developmental disability" includes intellectual 344 disability. 345

(G) "Early childhood services" means a planned program of
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habilitation designed to meet the needs of individuals with
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developmental disabilities who have not attained compulsory
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school age.

(H) "Employment services" means prevocational services or supported employment services.

(I) (1) "Environmental modifications" means the physical
adaptations to an individual's home, specified in the
individual's service plan, that are necessary to ensure the
individual's health, safety, and welfare or that enable the
individual to function with greater independence in the home,
and without which the individual would require
institutionalization.

(2) "Environmental modifications" includes such
 adaptations as installation of ramps and grab-bars, widening of
 doorways, modification of bathroom facilities, and installation
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of specialized electric and plumbing systems necessary to 362 accommodate the individual's medical equipment and supplies. 363

(3) "Environmental modifications" does not include
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physical adaptations or improvements to the home that are of
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general utility or not of direct medical or remedial benefit to
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the individual, including such adaptations or improvements as
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carpeting, roof repair, and central air conditioning.

(J) "Family support services" means the services provided
 under a family support services program operated under section
 5126.11 of the Revised Code.
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(K) "Habilitation" means the process by which the staff of 372 the facility or agency assists an individual with a 373 developmental disability in acquiring and maintaining those life 374 skills that enable the individual to cope more effectively with 375 the demands of the individual's own person and environment, and 376 in raising the level of the individual's personal, physical, 377 mental, social, and vocational efficiency. Habilitation 378 includes, but is not limited to, programs of formal, structured 379 education and training. 380

(L) "Home and community-based services" has the same381meaning as in section 5123.01 of the Revised Code.382

(M) "ICF/IID" and "ICF/IID services" have the same383meanings as in section 5124.01 of the Revised Code.384

(N) "Immediate family" means parents, grandparents, 385
brothers, sisters, spouses, sons, daughters, aunts, uncles, 386
mothers-in-law, fathers-in-law, brothers-in-law, sisters-in-law, 387
sons-in-law, and daughters-in-law. 388

(O) "Intellectual disability" means a mental impairment389manifested during the developmental period characterized by390

significantly subaverage general intellectual functioning 391 existing concurrently with deficiencies in the effectiveness or 392 degree with which an individual meets the standards of personal 393 independence and social responsibility expected of the 394 individual's age and cultural group. 395

(P) "Medicaid case management services" means case
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 management services provided to an individual with a
 developmental disability that the state medicaid plan requires.
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(Q) <u>"Prader-Willi syndrome" has the same meaning as in</u> 399 section 5123.01 of the Revised Code. 400

(R)"Prevocational services" means services that provide401learning and work experiences, including volunteer work402experiences, from which an individual can develop general403strengths and skills that are not specific to a particular task404or job but contribute to employability in community employment,405supported work at community-based sites, or self-employment.406

(R) (S) "Residential services" means services to407individuals with developmental disabilities to provide housing,408food, clothing, habilitation, staff support, and related support409services necessary for the health, safety, and welfare of the410individuals and the advancement of their quality of life.411"Residential services" includes program management, as described412in section 5126.14 of the Revised Code.413

(S) (T)"Resources" means available capital and other414assets, including moneys received from the federal, state, and415local governments, private grants, and donations; appropriately416qualified personnel; and appropriate capital facilities and417equipment.418

(T) (U) "Senior probate judge" means the current probate 419

judge of a county who has served as probate judge of that county420longer than any of the other current probate judges of that421county. If a county has only one probate judge, "senior probate422judge" means that probate judge.423

 $\frac{(U)-(V)}{(V)}$ "Service and support administration" means the duties performed by a service and support administrator pursuant to section 5126.15 of the Revised Code.

(V) (1) - (W) (1) "Specialized medical, adaptive, and427assistive equipment, supplies, and supports" means equipment,428supplies, and supports that enable an individual to increase the429ability to perform activities of daily living or to perceive,430control, or communicate within the environment.431

(2) "Specialized medical, adaptive, and assistiveequipment, supplies, and supports" includes the following:433

(a) Eating utensils, adaptive feeding dishes, plate 434 guards, mylatex straps, hand splints, reaches, feeder seats, 435 adjustable pointer sticks, interpreter services, 436 telecommunication devices for the deaf, computerized 437 communications boards, other communication devices, support 438 439 animals, veterinary care for support animals, adaptive beds, supine boards, prone boards, wedges, sand bags, sidelayers, 440 bolsters, adaptive electrical switches, hand-held shower heads, 441 air conditioners, humidifiers, emergency response systems, 442 folding shopping carts, vehicle lifts, vehicle hand controls, 443 other adaptations of vehicles for accessibility, and repair of 444 the equipment received. 445

(b) Nondisposable items not covered by medicaid that are
intended to assist an individual in activities of daily living
or instrumental activities of daily living.

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(W) (X) "Supportive home services" means a range of 449 services to families of individuals with developmental 450 disabilities to develop and maintain increased acceptance and 451 understanding of such persons, increased ability of family 452 members to teach the person, better coordination between school 4.5.3 and home, skills in performing specific therapeutic and 454 management techniques, and ability to cope with specific 455 situations. 456

(X) (1) (Y) (1) "Supported living" means services provided457for as long as twenty-four hours a day to an individual with a458developmental disability through any public or private459resources, including moneys from the individual, that enhance460the individual's reputation in community life and advance the461individual's quality of life by doing the following:462

(a) Providing the support necessary to enable an
individual to live in a residence of the individual's choice,
with any number of individuals who are not disabled, or with not
with any three individuals with developmental disabilities
unless the individuals are related by blood or marriage;

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(b) Encouraging the individual's participation in the468community;469
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(c) Promoting the individual's rights and autonomy;

(d) Assisting the individual in acquiring, retaining, and
(d) Assisting the individual in acquiring the individual in

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(2) "Supported living" includes the provision of all of 474the following: 475
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(a) Housing, food, clothing, habilitation, staff support, 476professional services, and any related support services 477

necessary to ensure the health, safety, and welfare of the 478 individual receiving the services; 479 (b) A combination of lifelong or extended-duration 480 supervision, training, and other services essential to daily 481 living, including assessment and evaluation and assistance with 482 the cost of training materials, transportation, fees, and 483 supplies; 484 (c) Personal care services and homemaker services; 485 (d) Household maintenance that does not include 486 modifications to the physical structure of the residence; 487 (e) Respite care services; 488 (f) Program management, as described in section 5126.14 of 489 the Revised Code. 490 Section 2. That existing sections 5123.01 and 5126.01 of 491 the Revised Code are hereby repealed. 492