As Introduced

135th General Assembly Regular Session

2023-2024

H. B. No. 429

Representatives Click, Johnson Cosponsors: Representatives Cross, Rogers, Troy

A BILL

То	amend sections 4508.02, 4511.03, 4511.12,	1
	4511.132, 4511.202, 4511.204, 4511.205, 4511.21,	2
	4511.211, 4511.213, 4511.22, 4511.23, 4511.25,	3
	4511.251, 4511.26, 4511.27, 4511.28, 4511.29,	4
	4511.30, 4511.31, 4511.32, 4511.33, 4511.34,	5
	4511.35, 4511.36, 4511.37, 4511.38, 4511.39,	6
	4511.41, 4511.42, 4511.43, 4511.431, 4511.44,	7
	4511.441, 4511.451, 4511.46, 4511.47, 4511.54,	8
	4511.57, 4511.58, 4511.59, 4511.60, 4511.61,	9
	4511.64, 4511.71, 4511.711, 4511.712, 4511.72,	10
	4511.73, 5501.27, and 5517.07; to enact section	11
	4511.993; and to repeal section 4511.98 of the	12
	Revised Code regarding traffic offenses in	13
	construction zones.	14

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 4508.02, 4511.03, 4511.12,	15
4511.132, 4511.202, 4511.204, 4511.205, 4511.21, 4511.211,	16
4511.213, 4511.22, 4511.23, 4511.25, 4511.251, 4511.26, 4511.27,	17
4511.28, 4511.29, 4511.30, 4511.31, 4511.32, 4511.33, 4511.34,	18
4511 35. 4511 36. 4511 37. 4511 38. 4511 39. 4511 41. 4511 42.	1 0

4511.43, 4511.431, 4511.44, 4511.441, 4511.451, 4511.46,	20
4511.47, 4511.54, 4511.57, 4511.58, 4511.59, 4511.60, 4511.61,	21
4511.64, 4511.71, 4511.711, 4511.712, 4511.72, 4511.73, 5501.27,	22
and 5517.07 be amended and section 4511.993 of the Revised Code	23
be enacted to read as follows:	24
Sec. 4508.02. (A) (1) The director of public safety,	25
subject to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, shall adopt and	26
prescribe such rules concerning the administration and	27
enforcement of this chapter as are necessary to protect the	28
public. The rules shall require an assessment of the holder of a	29
probationary instructor license. The director shall inspect the	30
school facilities and equipment of applicants and licensees and	31
examine applicants for instructor's licenses.	32
(2) The director shall adopt rules governing online driver	33
education courses that may be completed via the internet to	34
satisfy the classroom instruction under division (C) of this	35
section. The rules shall do all of the following:	36
(a) Establish standards that an online driver training	37
enterprise must satisfy to be licensed to offer an online driver	38
education course via the internet, including, at a minimum,	39
proven expertise in providing driver education and an acceptable	40
infrastructure capable of providing secure online driver	41
education in accord with advances in internet technology. The	42
rules shall allow an online driver training enterprise to be	43
affiliated with a licensed driver training school offering in-	44
person classroom instruction, but shall not require such an	45
affiliation.	46
(b) Establish content requirements that an online driver	47
education course must satisfy to be approved as equivalent to	48

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twenty-four hours of in-person classroom instruction;

(c) Establish attendance standards, including a maximum	50
number of course hours that may be completed in a twenty-four-	51
hour period;	52
(d) Allow an enrolled applicant to begin the required	53
eight hours of actual behind-the-wheel instruction upon	54
completing all twenty-four hours of course instruction;	55
(e) Establish any other requirements necessary to regulate	56
online driver education.	
online driver education.	57
(B) The director shall administer and enforce this	58
chapter.	59
(C) The rules shall require twenty-four hours of completed	60
in-person classroom instruction or the completion of an	61
approved, equivalent online driver education course offered via	62
the internet by a licensed online driver training enterprise,	63
followed by eight hours of actual behind-the-wheel instruction	64
conducted on public streets and highways of this state for all	65
beginning drivers of noncommercial motor vehicles who are under	66
age eighteen. The rules also shall require the classroom	67
instruction or online driver education course for such drivers	68
to include instruction on both_all_of the following:	69
(1) The dangers of driving a motor vehicle while	70
distracted, including while using an electronic wireless	71
communications device, or engaging in any other activity that	72
distracts a driver from the safe and effective operation of a	73
motor vehicle;	74
(2) The dangers of driving a motor vehicle while under the	75
influence of a controlled substance, prescription medication, or	76
alcohol- <u>;</u>	77
(3) The dangers of and requirements related to driving a	78

motor vehicle in a construction zone.	79
(D) The rules shall state the minimum hours for classroom	80
and behind-the-wheel instruction required for beginning drivers	81
of commercial trucks, commercial cars, buses, and commercial	82
tractors, trailers, and semitrailers.	83
(E)(1) The department of public safety may charge a fee to	84
each online driver training enterprise in an amount sufficient	85
to pay the actual expenses the department incurs in the	86
regulation of online driver education courses.	87
(2) The department shall supply to each licensed online	88
driver training enterprise certificates to be used for	89
certifying an applicant's enrollment in an approved online	90
driver education course and a separate certificate to be issued	91
upon successful completion of an approved online driver	92
education course. The certificates shall be numbered serially.	93
The department may charge a fee to each online driver training	94
enterprise per certificate supplied to pay the actual expenses	95
the department incurs in supplying the certificates.	96
(F) The director shall adopt rules in accordance with	97
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code governing an abbreviated driver	98
training course for adults.	99
Sec. 4511.03. (A) The driver of any emergency vehicle or	100
public safety vehicle, when responding to an emergency call,	101
upon approaching a red or stop signal or any stop sign shall	102
slow down as necessary for safety to traffic, but may proceed	103
cautiously past such red or stop sign or signal with due regard	104
for the safety of all persons using the street or highway.	105
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	106
violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If.	107

within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	108
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	109
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	110
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	111
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	112
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	113
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	114
degree.	115
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	116
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	117
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	118
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	119
Revised Code.	120
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	121
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	122
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	123
the additional penalties established under that section.	124
Sec. 4511.12. (A) No pedestrian, driver of a vehicle, or	125
operator of a streetcar or trackless trolley shall disobey the	126
instructions of any traffic control device placed in accordance	127
with this chapter, unless at the time otherwise directed by a	128
police officer.	129
No provision of this chapter for which signs are required	130
shall be enforced against an alleged violator if at the time and	131
place of the alleged violation an official sign is not in proper	132
position and sufficiently legible to be seen by an ordinarily	133
observant person. Whenever a particular section of this chapter	134
does not state that signs are required, that section shall be	135
effective even though no signs are erected or in place.	136

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	137
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	138
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	139
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	140
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	141
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	142
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	143
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	144
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	145
degree.	146
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	147
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	148
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	149
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	150
Revised Code.	151
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	152
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	153
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	154
the additional penalties established under that section.	155
Sec. 4511.132. (A) The driver of a vehicle, streetcar, or	156
trackless trolley who approaches an intersection where traffic	157
is controlled by traffic control signals shall do all of the	158
following if the signal facing the driver exhibits no colored	159
lights or colored lighted arrows, exhibits a combination of such	160
lights or arrows that fails to clearly indicate the assignment	161
lights or arrows that fails to clearly indicate the assignment of right-of-way, or, if the vehicle is a bicycle or an electric	161 162
of right-of-way, or, if the vehicle is a bicycle or an electric	162
of right-of-way, or, if the vehicle is a bicycle or an electric bicycle, the signals are otherwise malfunctioning due to the	162 163

before entering the crosswalk on the near side of the	167
intersection, or, if none, stop before entering the	168
<pre>intersection;</pre>	169
(2) Yield the right-of-way to all vehicles, streetcars, or	170
trackless trolleys in the intersection or approaching on an	171
intersecting road, if the vehicles, streetcars, or trackless	172
trolleys will constitute an immediate hazard during the time the	173
driver is moving across or within the intersection or junction	174
of roadways;	175
(3) Exercise ordinary care while proceeding through the	176
intersection.	177
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	178
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	179
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	180
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	181
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	182
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	183
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	184
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	185
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	186
degree.	187
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	188
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	189
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	190
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	191
Revised Code.	192
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	193
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	194
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	195

the additional penalties established under that section.	196
Sec. 4511.202. (A) No person shall operate a motor	197
vehicle, trackless trolley, streetcar, agricultural tractor, or	198
agricultural tractor that is towing, pulling, or otherwise	199
drawing a unit of farm machinery on any street, highway, or	200
property open to the public for vehicular traffic without being	201
in reasonable control of the vehicle, trolley, streetcar,	202
agricultural tractor, or unit of farm machinery.	203
(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of operating a	204
motor vehicle or agricultural tractor without being in control	205
of it, a minor misdemeanor.	206
(C) If the offender commits the offense while operating a	207
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	208
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	209
the additional penalties established under that section.	210
Sec. 4511.204. (A) No person shall operate a motor	211
vehicle, trackless trolley, or streetcar on any street, highway,	212
or property open to the public for vehicular traffic while	213
using, holding, or physically supporting with any part of the	214
person's body an electronic wireless communications device.	215
(B) Division (A) of this section does not apply to any of	216
the following:	217
(1) A person using an electronic wireless communications	218
device to make contact, for emergency purposes, with a law	219
enforcement agency, hospital or health care provider, fire	220
department, or other similar emergency agency or entity;	221
(2) A person driving a public safety vehicle while using	222
an electronic wireless communications device in the course of	223
the person's duties;	224

(3) A person using an electronic wireless communications	225
device when the person's motor vehicle is in a stationary	226
position and is outside a lane of travel, at a traffic control	227
signal that is currently directing traffic to stop, or parked on	228
a road or highway due to an emergency or road closure;	229
(4) A person using and holding an electronic wireless	230
communications device directly near the person's ear for the	231
purpose of making, receiving, or conducting a telephone call,	232
provided that the person does not manually enter letters,	233
numbers, or symbols into the device;	234
(5) A person receiving wireless messages on an electronic	235
wireless communications device regarding the operation or	236
navigation of a motor vehicle; safety-related information,	237
including emergency, traffic, or weather alerts; or data used	238
primarily by the motor vehicle, provided that the person does	239
not hold or support the device with any part of the person's	240
body;	241
(6) A person using the speaker phone function of the	242
electronic wireless communications device, provided that the	243
person does not hold or support the device with any part of the	244
person's body;	245
(7) A person using an electronic wireless communications	246
device for navigation purposes, provided that the person does	247
not do either of the following during the use:	248
(a) Manually enter letters, numbers, or symbols into the	249
device;	250
(b) Hold or support the device with any part of the	251
person's body.	252
(8) A person using a feature or function of the electronic	253

wireless communications device with a single touch or single	254
swipe, provided that the person does not do either of the	255
following during the use:	256
(a) Manually enter letters, numbers, or symbols into the	257
device;	258
(b) Hold or support the device with any part of the	259
person's body.	260
(9) A person operating a commercial truck while using a	261
mobile data terminal that transmits and receives data;	262
(10) A person operating a utility service vehicle or a	263
vehicle for or on behalf of a utility, if the person is acting	264
in response to an emergency, power outage, or circumstance that	265
affects the health or safety of individuals;	266
(11) A person using an electronic wireless communications	267
device in conjunction with a voice-operated or hands-free	268
feature or function of the vehicle or of the device without the	269
use of either hand except to activate, deactivate, or initiate	270
the feature or function with a single touch or swipe, provided	271
the person does not hold or support the device with any part of	272
the person's body;	273
(12) A person using technology that physically or	274
electronically integrates the device into the motor vehicle,	275
provided that the person does not do either of the following	276
during the use:	277
(a) Manually enter letters, numbers, or symbols into the	278
device;	279
(b) Hold or support the device with any part of the	280
person's body.	281

(13) A person storing an electronic wireless	282
communications device in a holster, harness, or article of	283
clothing on the person's body.	284
(C)(1) On January 31 of each year, the department of	285
public safety shall issue a report to the general assembly that	286
specifies the number of citations issued for violations of this	287
section during the previous calendar year.	288
(2) If a law enforcement officer issues an offender a	289
ticket, citation, or summons for a violation of division (A) of	290
this section, the officer shall do both of the following:	291
(a) Report the issuance of the ticket, citation, or	292
summons to the officer's law enforcement agency;	293
(b) Ensure that such report indicates the offender's race.	294
(D) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is	295
guilty of operating a motor vehicle while using an electronic	296
wireless communication device, an unclassified misdemeanor, and	297
shall be punished as provided in divisions (D)(1) to (5) of this	298
section.	299
(1) The offender shall be fined, and is subject to a	300
suspension of the offender's driver's license, commercial	301
driver's license, temporary instruction permit, probationary	302
license, or nonresident operating privilege, as follows:	303
(a) Except as provided in divisions (D)(1)(b), (c), (d),	304
and (2) of this section, the court shall impose upon the	305
offender a fine of not more than one hundred fifty dollars.	306
(b) If, within two years of the violation, the offender	307
has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one prior violation	308
of this section or a substantially equivalent municipal	309

ordinance, the court shall impose upon the offender a fine of	310
not more than two hundred fifty dollars.	311
(c) If, within two years of the violation, the offender	312
	313
has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to two or more prior	
violations of this section or a substantially equivalent	314
municipal ordinance, the court shall impose upon the offender a	315
fine of not more than five hundred dollars. The court also may	316
impose a suspension of the offender's driver's license,	317
commercial driver's license, temporary instruction permit,	318
probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege for	319
ninety days.	320
(d) Notwithstanding divisions (D)(1)(a) to (c) of this	321
section, if the offender was operating the motor vehicle at the	322
time of the violation in a construction zone where a sign was	323
posted in accordance with section 4511.98 of the Revised Code,	324
the court, in addition to all other penalties provided by law,	325
shall impose upon the offender a fine of two times the amount	326
imposed for the violation under division (D)(1)(a), (b), or (c)	327
of this section, as applicable.	328
(2) If the offender is in the category of offenders to	329
whom division (D)(1)(a) of this section applies, in lieu of	330
payment of the fine of one hundred fifty dollars under division	331
(D)(1)(a) of this section and the assessment of points under	332
division (D)(4) of this section, the offender instead may elect	333
to attend the distracted driving safety course, as described in	334
section 4511.991 of the Revised Code. If the offender attends	335
and successfully completes the course, the offender shall be	336
issued written evidence that the offender successfully completed	337
the course. The offender shall not be required to pay the fine	338

and shall not have the points assessed against that offender's

driver's license if the offender submits the written evidence to	340
the court within 90 days of the violation of division (A) of	341
this section. However, successful completion of the course does	342
not result in a dismissal of the charges for the violation, and	343
the violation is a prior offense under divisions (D)(1)(b) and	344
(c) of this section if the offender commits a subsequent	345
violation or violations of division (A) of this section within	346
two years of the offense for which the course was completed.	347
This division does not apply with respect to any offender in the	348
category of offenders to whom division (D)(1)(b), (c), or $\frac{\text{(d)}(6)}{\text{(6)}}$	349
of this section applies.	350
(3) The court may impose any other penalty authorized	351
under sections 2929.21 to 2929.28 of the Revised Code. However,	352
the court shall not impose a fine or a suspension not otherwise	353
specified in division (D)(1) of this section. The court also	354
shall not impose a jail term or community residential sanction.	355
(4) Except as provided in division (D)(2) of this section,	356
points shall be assessed for a violation of division (A) of this	357
section in accordance with section 4510.036 of the Revised Code.	358
(5) The offense established under this section is a strict	359
liability offense and section 2901.20 of the Revised Code does	360
not apply. The designation of this offense as a strict liability	361
offense shall not be construed to imply that any other offense,	362
for which there is no specified degree of culpability, is not a	363
strict liability offense.	364
(6) If the offender commits an offense established under	365
this section while operating a motor vehicle in a construction	366
zone and division (C) of section 4511.993 of the Revised Code	367
applies, the offender is subject to the additional penalties	368
established under that section.	369

(E) This section shall not be construed as invalidating,	370
preempting, or superseding a substantially equivalent municipal	371
ordinance that prescribes penalties for violations of that	372
ordinance that are greater than the penalties prescribed in this	373
section for violations of this section.	374
(F) A prosecution for an offense in violation of this	375
section does not preclude a prosecution for an offense in	376
violation of a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance	377
based on the same conduct. However, the two offenses are allied	378
offenses of similar import under section 2941.25 of the Revised	379
Code.	380
(G)(1) A law enforcement officer does not have probable	381
cause and shall not stop the operator of a motor vehicle for	382
purposes of enforcing this section unless the officer visually	383
observes the operator using, holding, or physically supporting	384
with any part of the person's body the electronic wireless	385
communications device.	386
(2) A law enforcement officer who stops the operator of a	387
motor vehicle, trackless trolley, or streetcar for a violation	388
of division (A) of this section shall inform the operator that	389
the operator may decline a search of the operator's electronic	390
wireless communications device. The officer shall not do any of	391
the following:	392
(a) Access the device without a warrant, unless the	393
operator voluntarily and unequivocally gives consent for the	394
officer to access the device;	395
(b) Confiscate the device while awaiting the issuance of a	396
warrant to access the device;	397

(c) Obtain consent from the operator to access the device

through coercion or any other improper means. Any consent by the	399
operator to access the device shall be voluntary and unequivocal	400
before the officer may access the device without a warrant.	401
(H) As used in this section:	402
(1) "Electronic wireless communications device" includes	403
any of the following:	404
(a) A wireless telephone;	405
(b) A text-messaging device;	406
(c) A personal digital assistant;	407
(d) A computer, including a laptop computer and a computer	408
tablet;	409
(e) Any device capable of displaying a video, movie,	410
broadcast television image, or visual image;	411
(f) Any other substantially similar wireless device that	412
is designed or used to communicate text, initiate or receive	413
communication, or exchange information or data.	414
An "electronic wireless communications device" does not	415
include a two-way radio transmitter or receiver used by a person	416
who is licensed by the federal communications commission to	417
participate in the amateur radio service.	418
(2) "Voice-operated or hands-free feature or function"	419
means a feature or function that allows a person to use an	420
electronic wireless communications device without the use of	421
either hand, except to activate, deactivate, or initiate the	422
feature or function with a single touch or single swipe.	423
(3) "Utility" means an entity specified in division (A),	424
(C) (D) (E) or (G) of section 4905 03 of the Revised Code	425

(4) "Utility service vehicle" means a vehicle owned or	426
operated by a utility.	427
Sec. 4511.205. (A) No holder of a temporary instruction	428
permit who has not attained the age of eighteen years and no	429
holder of a probationary driver's license shall drive a motor	430
vehicle on any street, highway, or property used by the public	431
for purposes of vehicular traffic or parking while using in any	432
manner an electronic wireless communications device.	433
(B) Division (A) of this section does not apply to either	434
of the following:	435
(1) A person using an electronic wireless communications	436
device for emergency purposes, including an emergency contact	437
with a law enforcement agency, hospital or health care provider,	438
fire department, or other similar emergency agency or entity;	439
(2) A person using an electronic wireless communications	440
device whose motor vehicle is in a stationary position and the	441
motor vehicle is outside a lane of travel;	442
(3) A person using a navigation device in a voice-operated	443
or hands-free manner who does not manipulate the device while	444
driving.	445
(C)(1) Except as provided in division (C)(2) of this	446
section, whoever violates division (A) of this section shall be	447
fined one hundred fifty dollars. In addition, the court shall	448
impose a class seven suspension of the offender's driver's	449
license or permit for a definite period of sixty days.	450
(2) If the person previously has been adjudicated a	451
delinquent child or a juvenile traffic offender for a violation	452
of this section, whoever violates this section shall be fined	453
three hundred dollars. In addition, the court shall impose a	454

class seven suspension of the person's driver's license or	455
permit for a definite period of one year.	456
(3) If the offender commits the offense while operating a	457
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	458
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	459
the additional penalties established under that section.	460
(D) The filing of a sworn complaint against a person for a	461
violation of this section does not preclude the filing of a	462
sworn complaint for a violation of a substantially equivalent	463
municipal ordinance for the same conduct. However, if a person	464
is adjudicated a delinquent child or a juvenile traffic offender	465
for a violation of this section and is also adjudicated a	466
delinquent child or a juvenile traffic offender for a violation	467
of a substantially equivalent municipal ordinance for the same	468
conduct, the two offenses are allied offenses of similar import	469
under section 2941.25 of the Revised Code.	470
(E) As used in this section, "electronic wireless	471
communications device" includes any of the following:	472
(1) A wireless telephone;	473
(2) A personal digital assistant;	474
(3) A computer, including a laptop computer and a computer	475
tablet;	476
(4) A text-messaging device;	477
(5) Any other substantially similar electronic wireless	478
device that is designed or used to communicate via voice, image,	479
or written word.	480
Sec. 4511.21. (A) No person shall operate a motor vehicle,	481
trackless trolley, or streetcar at a speed greater or less than	482

is reasonable or proper, having due regard to the traffic,	483
surface, and width of the street or highway and any other	484
conditions, and no person shall drive any motor vehicle,	485
trackless trolley, or streetcar in and upon any street or	486
highway at a greater speed than will permit the person to bring	487
it to a stop within the assured clear distance ahead.	488
(B) It is prima-facie lawful, in the absence of a lower	489
limit declared or established pursuant to this section by the	490
director of transportation or local authorities, for the	491
operator of a motor vehicle, trackless trolley, or streetcar to	492
operate the same at a speed not exceeding the following:	493
(1)(a) Twenty miles per hour in school zones during school	494
recess and while children are going to or leaving school during	495
the opening or closing hours, and when twenty miles per hour	496
school speed limit signs are erected; except that, on	497
controlled-access highways and expressways, if the right-of-way	498
line fence has been erected without pedestrian opening, the	499
speed shall be governed by division (B)(4) of this section and	500
on freeways, if the right-of-way line fence has been erected	501
without pedestrian opening, the speed shall be governed by	502
divisions (B)(10) and (11) of this section. The end of every	503
school zone may be marked by a sign indicating the end of the	504
zone. Nothing in this section or in the manual and	505
specifications for a uniform system of traffic control devices	506
shall be construed to require school zones to be indicated by	507
signs equipped with flashing or other lights, or giving other	508
special notice of the hours in which the school zone speed limit	509
is in effect.	510
(b) As used in this section and in section 4511.212 of the	511

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Revised Code, "school" means all of the following:

(i) Any school chartered under section 3301.16 of the	513
Revised Code;	514
(ii) Any nonchartered school that during the preceding	515
year filed with the department of education and workforce in	516
compliance with rule 3301-35-08 of the Ohio Administrative Code,	517
a copy of the school's report for the parents of the school's	518
pupils certifying that the school meets Ohio minimum standards	519
for nonchartered, nontax-supported schools and presents evidence	520
of this filing to the jurisdiction from which it is requesting	521
the establishment of a school zone;	522
(iii) Any special elementary school that in writing	523
requests the county engineer of the county in which the special	524
elementary school is located to create a school zone at the	525
location of that school. Upon receipt of such a written request,	526
the county engineer shall create a school zone at that location	527
by erecting the appropriate signs.	528
(iv) Any preschool education program operated by an	529
educational service center that is located on a street or	530
highway with a speed limit of forty-five miles per hour or more,	531
when the educational service center in writing requests that the	532
county engineer of the county in which the program is located	533
create a school zone at the location of that program. Upon	534
receipt of such a written request, the county engineer shall	535
create a school zone at that location by erecting the	536
appropriate signs.	537
(c) As used in this section, "school zone" means that	538
portion of a street or highway passing a school fronting upon	539
the street or highway that is encompassed by projecting the	540
school property lines to the fronting street or highway, and	541
also includes that portion of a state highway. Upon request from	542

local authorities for streets and highways under their	543
jurisdiction and that portion of a state highway under the	544
jurisdiction of the director of transportation or a request from	545
a county engineer in the case of a school zone for a special	546
elementary school, the director may extend the traditional	547
school zone boundaries. The distances in divisions (B)(1)(c)(i),	548
(ii), and (iii) of this section shall not exceed three hundred	549
feet per approach per direction and are bounded by whichever of	550
the following distances or combinations thereof the director	551
approves as most appropriate:	552
(i) The distance encompassed by projecting the school	553
building lines normal to the fronting highway and extending a	554
distance of three hundred feet on each approach direction;	555
(ii) The distance encompassed by projecting the school	556
property lines intersecting the fronting highway and extending a	557
distance of three hundred feet on each approach direction;	558
(iii) The distance encompassed by the special marking of	559
the pavement for a principal school pupil crosswalk plus a	560
distance of three hundred feet on each approach direction of the	561
highway.	562
Nothing in this section shall be construed to invalidate	563
the director's initial action on August 9, 1976, establishing	564
all school zones at the traditional school zone boundaries	565
defined by projecting school property lines, except when those	566
boundaries are extended as provided in divisions (B)(1)(a) and	567
(c) of this section.	568
(d) As used in this division, "crosswalk" has the meaning	569
given that term in division (LL)(2) of section 4511.01 of the	570

571

Revised Code.

The director may, upon request by resolution of the	572
legislative authority of a municipal corporation, the board of	573
trustees of a township, or a county board of developmental	574
disabilities created pursuant to Chapter 5126. of the Revised	575
Code, and upon submission by the municipal corporation,	576
township, or county board of such engineering, traffic, and	577
other information as the director considers necessary, designate	578
a school zone on any portion of a state route lying within the	579
municipal corporation, lying within the unincorporated territory	580
of the township, or lying adjacent to the property of a school	581
that is operated by such county board, that includes a crosswalk	582
customarily used by children going to or leaving a school during	583
recess and opening and closing hours, whenever the distance, as	584
measured in a straight line, from the school property line	585
nearest the crosswalk to the nearest point of the crosswalk is	586
no more than one thousand three hundred twenty feet. Such a	587
school zone shall include the distance encompassed by the	588
crosswalk and extending three hundred feet on each approach	589
direction of the state route.	590
(e) As used in this section, "special elementary school"	591
means a school that meets all of the following criteria:	592
means a sensor that meets are or the rorrowing criteria.	332
(i) It is not chartered and does not receive tax revenue	593
from any source.	594
(ii) It does not educate children beyond the eighth grade.	595
(iii) It is located outside the limits of a municipal	596
corporation.	597
(iv) A majority of the total number of students enrolled	598
at the school are not related by blood.	599

(v) The principal or other person in charge of the special

erementary school annually sends a report to the superintendent	001
of the school district in which the special elementary school is	602
located indicating the total number of students enrolled at the	603
school, but otherwise the principal or other person in charge	604
does not report any other information or data to the	605
superintendent.	606
(2) Twenty-five miles per hour in all other portions of a	607
municipal corporation, except on state routes outside business	608
districts, through highways outside business districts, and	609
alleys;	610
(3) Thirty-five miles per hour on all state routes or	611
through highways within municipal corporations outside business	612
districts, except as provided in divisions (B)(4) and (6) of	613
this section;	614
(4) Fifty miles per hour on controlled-access highways and	615
expressways within municipal corporations, except as provided in	616
divisions (B)(12), (13), (14), (15), and (16) of this section;	617
(5) Fifty-five miles per hour on highways outside	618
municipal corporations, other than highways within island	619
jurisdictions as provided in division (B)(8) of this section,	620
highways as provided in divisions (B)(9) and (10) of this	621
section, and highways, expressways, and freeways as provided in	622
divisions (B)(12), (13), (14), and (16) of this section;	623
(6) Fifty miles per hour on state routes within municipal	624
corporations outside urban districts unless a lower prima-facie	625
speed is established as further provided in this section;	626
(7) Fifteen miles per hour on all alleys within the	627
municipal corporation;	628
(8) Thirty-five miles per hour on highways outside	629

municipal corporations that are within an island jurisdiction;	630
(9) Thirty-five miles per hour on through highways, except	631
state routes, that are outside municipal corporations and that	632
are within a national park with boundaries extending through two	633
or more counties;	634
(10) Sixty miles per hour on two-lane state routes outside	635
municipal corporations as established by the director under	636
division (H)(2) of this section;	637
(11) Fifty-five miles per hour on freeways with paved	638
shoulders inside municipal corporations, other than freeways as	639
provided in divisions (B)(14) and (16) of this section;	640
(12) Sixty miles per hour on rural expressways with	641
traffic control signals and on all portions of rural divided	642
highways, except as provided in divisions (B)(13) and (14) of	643
this section;	644
(13) Sixty-five miles per hour on all rural expressways	645
without traffic control signals;	646
(14) Seventy miles per hour on all rural freeways;	647
(15) Fifty-five miles per hour on all portions of freeways	648
or expressways in congested areas as determined by the director	649
and that are located within a municipal corporation or within an	650
interstate freeway outerbelt, except as provided in division (B)	651
(16) of this section;	652
(16) Sixty-five miles per hour on all portions of freeways	653
or expressways without traffic control signals in urbanized	654
areas.	655
(C) It is prima-facie unlawful for any person to exceed	656
any of the speed limitations in divisions (B)(1)(a), (2), (3),	657

(4), (6) , (7) , (8) , and (9) of this section, or any declared or	658
established pursuant to this section by the director or local	659
authorities and it is unlawful for any person to exceed any of	660
the speed limitations in division (D) of this section. No person	661
shall be convicted of more than one violation of this section	662
for the same conduct, although violations of more than one	663
provision of this section may be charged in the alternative in a	664
single affidavit.	665
(D) No person shall operate a motor vehicle, trackless	666
trolley, or streetcar upon a street or highway as follows:	667
(1) At a speed exceeding fifty-five miles per hour, except	668
upon a two-lane state route as provided in division (B)(10) of	669
this section and upon a highway, expressway, or freeway as	670
provided in divisions (B) (12) , (13) , (14) , and (16) of this	671
section;	672
(2) At a speed exceeding sixty miles per hour upon a two-	673
lane state route as provided in division (B)(10) of this section	674
and upon a highway as provided in division (B)(12) of this	675
section;	676
(3) At a speed exceeding sixty-five miles per hour upon an	677
expressway as provided in division (B)(13) or upon a freeway as	678
provided in division (B)(16) of this section, except upon a	679
freeway as provided in division (B) (14) of this section;	680
(4) At a speed exceeding seventy miles per hour upon a	681
freeway as provided in division (B)(14) of this section;	682
(5) At a speed exceeding the posted speed limit upon a	683
highway, expressway, or freeway for which the director has	684
determined and declared a speed limit pursuant to division (I)	685
(2) or (L)(2) of this section.	686

(E) In every charge of violation of this section the	687
affidavit and warrant shall specify the time, place, and speed	688
at which the defendant is alleged to have driven, and in charges	689
made in reliance upon division (C) of this section also the	690
speed which division (B)(1)(a), (2), (3), (4), (6), (7), (8), or	691
(9) of, or a limit declared or established pursuant to, this	692
section declares is prima-facie lawful at the time and place of	693
such alleged violation, except that in affidavits where a person	694
is alleged to have driven at a greater speed than will permit	695
the person to bring the vehicle to a stop within the assured	696
clear distance ahead the affidavit and warrant need not specify	697
the speed at which the defendant is alleged to have driven.	698

- (F) When a speed in excess of both a prima-facie 699 limitation and a limitation in division (D) of this section is 700 alleged, the defendant shall be charged in a single affidavit, 701 alleging a single act, with a violation indicated of both 702 division (B)(1)(a), (2), (3), (4), (6), (7), (8), or (9) of this 703 section, or of a limit declared or established pursuant to this 704 section by the director or local authorities, and of the 705 limitation in division (D) of this section. If the court finds a 706 violation of division (B)(1)(a), (2), (3), (4), (6), (7), (8), 707 or (9) of, or a limit declared or established pursuant to, this 708 section has occurred, it shall enter a judgment of conviction 709 under such division and dismiss the charge under division (D) of 710 this section. If it finds no violation of division (B)(1)(a), 711 (2), (3), (4), (6), (7), (8), or (9) of, or a limit declared or 712 established pursuant to, this section, it shall then consider 713 whether the evidence supports a conviction under division (D) of 714 this section. 715
- (G) Points shall be assessed for violation of a limitation 716 under division (D) of this section in accordance with section 717

718

4510.036 of the Revised Code.

(H) (1) Whenever the director determines upon the basis of 719 criteria established by an engineering study, as defined by the 720 director, that any speed limit set forth in divisions (B)(1)(a) 721 to (D) of this section is greater or less than is reasonable or 722 safe under the conditions found to exist at any portion of a 723 street or highway under the jurisdiction of the director, the 724 director shall determine and declare a reasonable and safe 725 prima-facie speed limit, which shall be effective when 726 727 appropriate signs giving notice of it are erected at the location. 728

- 729 (2) Whenever the director determines upon the basis of criteria established by an engineering study, as defined by the 730 director, that the speed limit of fifty-five miles per hour on a 731 two-lane state route outside a municipal corporation is less 732 than is reasonable or safe under the conditions found to exist 733 at that portion of the state route, the director may determine 734 and declare a speed limit of sixty miles per hour for that 735 portion of the state route, which shall be effective when 736 appropriate signs giving notice of it are erected at the 737 location. 738
- (3) (a) For purposes of the safe and orderly movement of 739 traffic upon any portion of a street or highway under the 740 jurisdiction of the director, the director may establish a 741 variable speed limit that is different than the speed limit 742 established by or under this section on all or portions of 743 interstate six hundred seventy, interstate two hundred seventy-744 five, and interstate ninety commencing at the intersection of 745 that interstate with interstate seventy-one and continuing to 746 the border of the state of Ohio with the state of Pennsylvania. 747

The director shall establish criteria for determining the	748
appropriate use of variable speed limits and shall establish	749
variable speed limits in accordance with the criteria. The	750
director may establish variable speed limits based upon the time	751
of day, weather conditions, traffic incidents, or other factors	752
that affect the safe speed on a street or highway. The director	753
shall not establish a variable speed limit that is based on a	754
particular type or class of vehicle. A variable speed limit	755
established by the director under this section is effective when	756
appropriate signs giving notice of the speed limit are displayed	757
at the location.	758

- (b) Except for variable speed limits established under 759 division (H)(3)(a) of this section, the director shall establish 760 a variable speed limit under the authority granted to the 761 director by this section on not more than two additional 762 highways and only pursuant to criteria established in rules 763 adopted in accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. The 764 rules shall be based on the criteria described in division (H) 765 (3)(a) of this section. The rules also shall establish the 766 parameters of any engineering study necessary for determining 767 when variable speed limits are appropriate. 768
- (4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit 769 the authority of the director to establish speed limits within a 770 construction zone as authorized under section 4511.98 4511.993 771 of the Revised Code. 772
- (I) (1) Except as provided in divisions (I) (2), (J), (K),

 and (N) of this section, whenever local authorities determine

 774

 upon the basis of criteria established by an engineering study,

 775

 as defined by the director, that the speed permitted by

 divisions (B) (1) (a) to (D) of this section, on any part of a

 777

highway under their jurisdiction, is greater than is reasonable	778
and safe under the conditions found to exist at such location,	779
the local authorities may by resolution request the director to	780
determine and declare a reasonable and safe prima-facie speed	781
limit. Upon receipt of such request the director may determine	782
and declare a reasonable and safe prima-facie speed limit at	783
such location, and if the director does so, then such declared	784
speed limit shall become effective only when appropriate signs	785
giving notice thereof are erected at such location by the local	786
authorities. The director may withdraw the declaration of a	787
prima-facie speed limit whenever in the director's opinion the	788
altered prima-facie speed limit becomes unreasonable. Upon such	789
withdrawal, the declared prima-facie speed limit shall become	790
ineffective and the signs relating thereto shall be immediately	791
removed by the local authorities.	792

- (2) A local authority may determine on the basis of 793 criteria established by an engineering study, as defined by the 794 director, that the speed limit of sixty-five or seventy miles 795 per hour on a portion of a freeway under its jurisdiction is 796 greater than is reasonable or safe under the conditions found to 797 exist at that portion of the freeway. If the local authority 798 makes such a determination, the local authority by resolution 799 may request the director to determine and declare a reasonable 800 and safe speed limit of not less than fifty-five miles per hour 801 for that portion of the freeway. If the director takes such 802 action, the declared speed limit becomes effective only when 803 appropriate signs giving notice of it are erected at such 804 location by the local authority. 805
- (J) Local authorities in their respective jurisdictions 806 may authorize by ordinance higher prima-facie speeds than those 807 stated in this section upon through highways, or upon highways 808

or portions thereof where there are no intersections, or between	809
widely spaced intersections, provided signs are erected giving	810
notice of the authorized speed, but local authorities shall not	811
modify or alter the basic rule set forth in division (A) of this	812
section or in any event authorize by ordinance a speed in excess	813
of the maximum speed permitted by division (D) of this section	814
for the specified type of highway.	815
Alteration of prima-facie limits on state routes by local	816
authorities shall not be effective until the alteration has been	817
approved by the director. The director may withdraw approval of	818
any altered prima-facie speed limits whenever in the director's	819
opinion any altered prima-facie speed becomes unreasonable, and	820
upon such withdrawal, the altered prima-facie speed shall become	821
ineffective and the signs relating thereto shall be immediately	822
removed by the local authorities.	823
(K) (1) As used in divisions (K) (1), (2), (3), and (4) of	824
this section, "unimproved highway" means a highway consisting of	825
any of the following:	826
(a) Unimproved earth;	827
(b) Unimproved graded and drained earth;	828
(c) Gravel.	829
(2) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (K)(4) and	830
(5) of this section, whenever a board of township trustees	831
determines upon the basis of criteria established by an	832
engineering study, as defined by the director, that the speed	833
permitted by division (B)(5) of this section on any part of an	834
unimproved highway under its jurisdiction and in the	835
unincorporated territory of the township is greater than is	836
reasonable or safe under the conditions found to exist at the	837

location, the board may by resolution declare a reasonable and safe prima-facie speed limit of fifty-five but not less than twenty-five miles per hour. An altered speed limit adopted by a board of township trustees under this division becomes effective when appropriate traffic control devices, as prescribed in section 4511.11 of the Revised Code, giving notice thereof are erected at the location, which shall be no sooner than sixty days after adoption of the resolution. (3) (a) Whenever, in the opinion of a board of township		
twenty-five miles per hour. An altered speed limit adopted by a 840 board of township trustees under this division becomes effective 841 when appropriate traffic control devices, as prescribed in 842 section 4511.11 of the Revised Code, giving notice thereof are 843 erected at the location, which shall be no sooner than sixty 844 days after adoption of the resolution.	location, the board may by resolution declare a reasonable and	838
board of township trustees under this division becomes effective when appropriate traffic control devices, as prescribed in section 4511.11 of the Revised Code, giving notice thereof are erected at the location, which shall be no sooner than sixty days after adoption of the resolution. 845	safe prima-facie speed limit of fifty-five but not less than	839
when appropriate traffic control devices, as prescribed in 842 section 4511.11 of the Revised Code, giving notice thereof are 843 erected at the location, which shall be no sooner than sixty 844 days after adoption of the resolution. 845	twenty-five miles per hour. An altered speed limit adopted by a	840
section 4511.11 of the Revised Code, giving notice thereof are erected at the location, which shall be no sooner than sixty days after adoption of the resolution. 845	board of township trustees under this division becomes effective	841
erected at the location, which shall be no sooner than sixty days after adoption of the resolution. 845	when appropriate traffic control devices, as prescribed in	842
days after adoption of the resolution. 845	section 4511.11 of the Revised Code, giving notice thereof are	843
	erected at the location, which shall be no sooner than sixty	844
(3) (a) Whenever, in the opinion of a board of township 846	days after adoption of the resolution.	845
	(3)(a) Whenever, in the opinion of a board of township	846

- (3) (a) Whenever, in the opinion of a board of township

 846
 trustees, any altered prima-facie speed limit established by the

 847
 board under this division becomes unreasonable, the board may

 848
 adopt a resolution withdrawing the altered prima-facie speed

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 limit. Upon the adoption of such a resolution, the altered

 850
 prima-facie speed limit becomes ineffective and the traffic

 851
 control devices relating thereto shall be immediately removed.
- (b) Whenever a highway ceases to be an unimproved highway 853 and the board has adopted an altered prima-facie speed limit 854 pursuant to division (K)(2) of this section, the board shall, by 855 resolution, withdraw the altered prima-facie speed limit as soon 856 as the highway ceases to be unimproved. Upon the adoption of 8.5.7 such a resolution, the altered prima-facie speed limit becomes 858 ineffective and the traffic control devices relating thereto 859 shall be immediately removed. 860
- (4) (a) If the boundary of two townships rests on the

 centerline of an unimproved highway in unincorporated territory

 and both townships have jurisdiction over the highway, neither

 of the boards of township trustees of such townships may declare

 an altered prima-facie speed limit pursuant to division (K)(2)

 of this section on the part of the highway under their joint

 jurisdiction unless the boards of township trustees of both of

 861

the townships determine, upon the basis of criteria established	868
by an engineering study, as defined by the director, that the	869
speed permitted by division (B)(5) of this section is greater	870
than is reasonable or safe under the conditions found to exist	871
at the location and both boards agree upon a reasonable and safe	872
prima-facie speed limit of less than fifty-five but not less	873
than twenty-five miles per hour for that location. If both	874
boards so agree, each shall follow the procedure specified in	875
division (K)(2) of this section for altering the prima-facie	876
speed limit on the highway. Except as otherwise provided in	877
division (K)(4)(b) of this section, no speed limit altered	878
pursuant to division (K)(4)(a) of this section may be withdrawn	879
unless the boards of township trustees of both townships	880
determine that the altered prima-facie speed limit previously	881
adopted becomes unreasonable and each board adopts a resolution	882
withdrawing the altered prima-facie speed limit pursuant to the	883
procedure specified in division (K)(3)(a) of this section.	884

- (b) Whenever a highway described in division (K) (4) (a) of 885 this section ceases to be an unimproved highway and two boards 886 of township trustees have adopted an altered prima-facie speed 887 limit pursuant to division (K)(4)(a) of this section, both 888 boards shall, by resolution, withdraw the altered prima-facie 889 speed limit as soon as the highway ceases to be unimproved. Upon 890 the adoption of the resolution, the altered prima-facie speed 891 limit becomes ineffective and the traffic control devices 892 relating thereto shall be immediately removed. 893
 - (5) As used in division (K)(5) of this section:
- (a) "Commercial subdivision" means any platted territory 895 outside the limits of a municipal corporation and fronting a 896 highway where, for a distance of three hundred feet or more, the 897

frontage is improved with buildings in use for commercial 898 purposes, or where the entire length of the highway is less than 899 three hundred feet long and the frontage is improved with 900 buildings in use for commercial purposes. 901

(b) "Residential subdivision" means any platted territory 902 outside the limits of a municipal corporation and fronting a 903 highway, where, for a distance of three hundred feet or more, 904 the frontage is improved with residences or residences and 905 buildings in use for business, or where the entire length of the 906 highway is less than three hundred feet long and the frontage is 907 improved with residences or residences and buildings in use for 908 business. 909

Whenever a board of township trustees finds upon the basis 910 of criteria established by an engineering study, as defined by 911 the director, that the prima-facie speed permitted by division 912 (B)(5) of this section on any part of a highway under its 913 jurisdiction that is located in a commercial or residential 914 subdivision, except on highways or portions thereof at the 915 entrances to which vehicular traffic from the majority of 916 917 intersecting highways is required to yield the right-of-way to vehicles on such highways in obedience to stop or yield signs or 918 traffic control signals, is greater than is reasonable and safe 919 under the conditions found to exist at the location, the board 920 may by resolution declare a reasonable and safe prima-facie 921 922 speed limit of less than fifty-five but not less than twentyfive miles per hour at the location. An altered speed limit 923 adopted by a board of township trustees under this division 924 shall become effective when appropriate signs giving notice 925 thereof are erected at the location by the township. Whenever, 926 in the opinion of a board of township trustees, any altered 927 prima-facie speed limit established by it under this division 928

becomes unreasonable, it may adopt a resolution withdrawing the	929
altered prima-facie speed, and upon such withdrawal, the altered	930
prima-facie speed shall become ineffective, and the signs	931
relating thereto shall be immediately removed by the township.	932
(L)(1) The director of transportation, based upon an	933
engineering study, as defined by the director, of a highway,	934
expressway, or freeway described in division (B)(12), (13),	935
(14), (15) , or (16) of this section, in consultation with the	936
director of public safety and, if applicable, the local	937
authority having jurisdiction over the studied highway,	938
expressway, or freeway, may determine and declare that the speed	939
limit established on such highway, expressway, or freeway under	940
division (B)(12), (13), (14), (15), or (16) of this section	941
either is reasonable and safe or is more or less than that which	942
is reasonable and safe.	943
(2) If the established speed limit for a highway,	944
expressway, or freeway studied pursuant to division (L)(1) of	945
this section is determined to be more or less than that which is	946
reasonable and safe, the director of transportation, in	947
consultation with the director of public safety and, if	948
applicable, the local authority having jurisdiction over the	949
studied highway, expressway, or freeway, shall determine and	950
declare a reasonable and safe speed limit for that highway,	951
expressway, or freeway.	952
(M)(1)(a) If the boundary of two local authorities rests	953
on the centerline of a highway and both authorities have	953 954
on the centerline of a highway and both authorities have	954
on the centerline of a highway and both authorities have jurisdiction over the highway, the speed limit for the part of	954 955

(i) Either prima-facie speed limit permitted by division

(B) of this section;	959
(ii) An altered speed limit determined and posted in	960
accordance with this section.	961
(b) If the local authorities are unable to reach an	962
agreement, the speed limit shall remain as established and	963
posted under this section.	964
(2) Neither local authority may declare an altered prima-	965
facie speed limit pursuant to this section on the part of the	966
highway under their joint jurisdiction unless both of the local	967
authorities determine, upon the basis of criteria established by	968
an engineering study, as defined by the director, that the speed	969
permitted by this section is greater than is reasonable or safe	970
under the conditions found to exist at the location and both	971
authorities agree upon a uniform reasonable and safe prima-facie	972
speed limit of less than fifty-five but not less than twenty-	973
five miles per hour for that location. If both authorities so	974
agree, each shall follow the procedure specified in this section	975
for altering the prima-facie speed limit on the highway, and the	976
speed limit for the part of the highway within their joint	977
jurisdiction shall be uniformly altered. No altered speed limit	978
may be withdrawn unless both local authorities determine that	979
the altered prima-facie speed limit previously adopted becomes	980
unreasonable and each adopts a resolution withdrawing the	981
altered prima-facie speed limit pursuant to the procedure	982
specified in this section.	983
(N) The legislative authority of a municipal corporation	984
or township in which a boarding school is located, by resolution	985
or ordinance, may establish a boarding school zone. The	986
legislative authority may alter the speed limit on any street or	987

highway within the boarding school zone and shall specify the

hours during which the altered speed limit is in effect. For	989
purposes of determining the boundaries of the boarding school	990
zone, the altered speed limit within the boarding school zone,	991
and the hours the altered speed limit is in effect, the	992
legislative authority shall consult with the administration of	993
the boarding school and with the county engineer or other	994
appropriate engineer, as applicable. A boarding school zone	995
speed limit becomes effective only when appropriate signs giving	996
notice thereof are erected at the appropriate locations.	997
(O) As used in this section:	998
(1) "Interstate system" has the same meaning as in 23	999
U.S.C. 101.	1000
(2) "Commercial bus" means a motor vehicle designed for	1001
carrying more than nine passengers and used for the	1002
transportation of persons for compensation.	1003
(3) "Noncommercial bus" includes but is not limited to a	1004
school bus or a motor vehicle operated solely for the	1005
transportation of persons associated with a charitable or	1006
nonprofit organization.	1007
(4) "Outerbelt" means a portion of a freeway that is part	1008
of the interstate system and is located in the outer vicinity of	1009
a major municipal corporation or group of municipal	1010
corporations, as designated by the director.	1011
(5) "Rural" means an area outside urbanized areas and	1012
outside of a business or urban district, and areas that extend	1013
within urbanized areas where the roadway characteristics remain	1014
mostly unchanged from those outside the urbanized areas.	1015
(6) "Urbanized area" has the same meaning as in 23 U.S.C.	1016
101.	1017

(7) "Divided" means a roadway having two or more travel	1018
lanes for vehicles moving in opposite directions and that is	1019
separated by a median of more than four feet, excluding turn	1020
lanes.	1021
(P)(1) A violation of any provision of this section is one	1022
of the following:	1023
(a) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (P)(1)(b),	1024
(1) (c), and (2), and (3) of this section, a minor misdemeanor;	1025
(b) If, within one year of the offense, the offender	1026
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to two	1027
violations of any provision of this section or of any provision	1028
of a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to any	1029
provision of this section, a misdemeanor of the fourth degree;	1030
(c) If, within one year of the offense, the offender	1031
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or	1032
more violations of any provision of this section or of any	1033
provision of a municipal ordinance that is substantially similar	1034
to any provision of this section, a misdemeanor of the third	1035
degree.	1036
(2) If the offender operated a motor vehicle faster than	1037
thirty-five miles an hour in a business district of a municipal	1038
corporation, faster than fifty miles an hour in other portions	1039
of a municipal corporation, or faster than thirty-five miles an	1040
hour in a school zone during recess or while children are going	1041
to or leaving school during the school's opening or closing	1042
hours, a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. Division (P)(2) of	1043
this section does not apply if penalties may be imposed under	1044
division (P)(1)(b) or (c) of this section.	1045
(3) Notwithstanding division (P)(1) of this section, if	1046

the offender operated a motor vehicle in a construction zone	1047
where a sign was then posted in accordance with section 4511.98-	1048
of the Revised Code, the court, in addition to all other-	1049
penalties provided by law, shall impose upon the offender a fine-	1050
of two times the usual amount imposed for the violation. No-	1051
court shall impose a fine of two times the usual amount imposed-	1052
for the violation upon an offender if the offender alleges, in-	1053
an affidavit filed with the court prior to the offender's	1054
sentencing, that the offender is indigent and is unable to pay	1055
the fine imposed pursuant to this division and if the court	1056
determines that the offender is an indigent person and unable to	1057
pay the fine If the offender commits an offense established under	1058
this section while operating a motor vehicle in a construction	1059
zone and division (C) of section 4511.993 of the Revised Code	1060
applies, the offender is subject to the additional penalties	1061
established under that section.	1062

- (4) If the offender commits the offense while distracted 1063 and the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the 1064 commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the 1065 additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the 1066 Revised Code.
- Sec. 4511.211. (A) The owner of a private road or driveway 1068 located in a private residential area containing twenty or more 1069 dwelling units may establish a speed limit on the road or 1070 driveway by complying with all of the following requirements: 1071
- (1) The speed limit is not less than twenty-five miles per
 hour and is indicated by a sign that is in a proper position, is
 sufficiently legible to be seen by an ordinarily observant
 1074
 person, and meets the specifications for the basic speed limit
 1075
 sign included in the manual adopted by the department of
 1076

transportation pursuant to section 4511.09 of the Revised Code;	1077
(2) The owner has posted a sign at the entrance of the	1078
private road or driveway that is in plain view and clearly	1079
informs persons entering the road or driveway that they are	1080
entering private property, a speed limit has been established	1081
for the road or driveway, and the speed limit is enforceable by	1082
law enforcement officers under state law.	1083
(B) No person shall operate a vehicle upon a private road	1084
or driveway as provided in division (A) of this section at a	1085
speed exceeding any speed limit established and posted pursuant	1086
to that division.	1087
(C) When a speed limit is established and posted in	1088
accordance with division (A) of this section, any law	1089
enforcement officer may apprehend a person violating the speed	1090
limit of the residential area by utilizing any of the means	1091
described in section 4511.091 of the Revised Code or by any	1092
other accepted method of determining the speed of a motor	1093
vehicle and may stop and charge the person with exceeding the	1094
speed limit.	1095
(D) Points shall be assessed for violation of a speed	1096
limit established and posted in accordance with division (A) of	1097
this section in accordance with section 4510.036 of the Revised	1098
Code.	1099
(E) As used in this section:	1100
(1) "Owner" includes but is not limited to a person who	1101
holds title to the real property in fee simple, a condominium	1102
owners' association, a property owner's association, the board	1103
of directors or trustees of a private community, and a nonprofit	1104
corporation governing a private community.	1105

(2) "Private residential area containing twenty or more	1106
dwelling units" does not include a Chautauqua assembly as	1107
defined in section 4511.90 of the Revised Code.	1108
(F)(1) A violation of division (B) of this section is one	1109
of the following:	1110
(a) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (F)(1)(b)	1111
and (c) of this section, a minor misdemeanor;	1112
(b) If, within one year of the offense, the offender	1113
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to two	1114
violations of division (B) of this section or of any municipal	1115
ordinance that is substantially similar to division (B) of this	1116
section, a misdemeanor of the fourth degree;	1117
(c) If, within one year of the offense, the offender	1118
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to three or	1119
more violations of division (B) of this section or of any	1120
municipal ordinance that is substantially similar to division	1121
(B) of this section, a misdemeanor of the third degree.	1122
(2) If the offender commits the offense while distracted	1123
and the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	1124
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	1125
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	1126
Revised Code.	1127
(3) If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1128
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1129
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1130
the additional penalties established under that section.	1131
Sec. 4511.213. (A) The driver of a motor vehicle, upon	1132
approaching a stationary public safety vehicle, emergency	1133
vehicle, road service vehicle, waste collection vehicle, vehicle	1134

used by the public utilities commission to conduct motor vehicle	1135
inspections in accordance with sections 4923.04 and 4923.06 of	1136
the Revised Code, or a highway maintenance vehicle that is	1137
displaying the appropriate visual signals by means of flashing,	1138
oscillating, or rotating lights, as prescribed in section	1139
4513.17 of the Revised Code, shall do either of the following:	1140
(1) If the driver of the motor vehicle is traveling on a	1141
highway that consists of at least two lanes that carry traffic	1142
in the same direction of travel as that of the driver's motor	1143
vehicle, the driver shall proceed with due caution and, if	1144
possible and with due regard to the road, weather, and traffic	1145
conditions, shall change lanes into a lane that is not adjacent	1146
to that of the stationary public safety vehicle, emergency	1147
vehicle, road service vehicle, waste collection vehicle, vehicle	1148
used by the public utilities commission to conduct motor vehicle	1149
inspections in accordance with sections 4923.04 and 4923.06 of	1150
the Revised Code, or a highway maintenance vehicle.	1151
(2) If the driver is not traveling on a highway of a type	1152
described in division (A)(1) of this section, or if the driver	1153
is traveling on a highway of that type but it is not possible to	1154
change lanes or if to do so would be unsafe, the driver shall	1155
proceed with due caution, reduce the speed of the motor vehicle,	1156
and maintain a safe speed for the road, weather, and traffic	1157
conditions.	1158
(B) This section does not relieve the driver of a public	1159
safety vehicle, emergency vehicle, road service vehicle, waste	1160
collection vehicle, vehicle used by the public utilities	1161
commission to conduct motor vehicle inspections in accordance	1162
with sections 4923.04 and 4923.06 of the Revised Code, or a	1163

highway maintenance vehicle from the duty to drive with due

regard for the safety of all persons and property upon the	1165
highway.	1166
(C) No person shall fail to drive a motor vehicle in	1167
compliance with division (A)(1) or (2) of this section when so	1168
required by division (A) of this section.	1169
(D)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this division,	1170
whoever violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	1171
If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has	1172
been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor	1173
vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates this section is	1174
guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one	1175
year of the offense, the offender previously has been convicted	1176
of two or more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses,	1177
whoever violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the	1178
third degree.	1179
(2) Notwithstanding section 2929.28 of the Revised Code,	1180
upon a finding that a person operated a motor vehicle in	1181
violation of division (C) of this section, the court, in	1182
addition to all other penalties provided by law, shall impose a	1183
fine of two times the usual amount imposed for the violation.	1184
(3) If the offender commits the offense while distracted	1185
and the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	1186
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	1187
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	1188
Revised Code.	1189
(4) If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1190
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1191
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1192
the additional penalties established under that section.	1193

(E) The offense established under this section is a strict	1194
liability offense and section 2901.20 of the Revised Code does	1195
not apply. The designation of this offense as a strict liability	1196
offense shall not be construed to imply that any other offense,	1197
for which there is no specified degree of culpability, is not a	1198
strict liability offense.	1199
Sec. 4511.22. (A) No person shall stop or operate a	1200
vehicle, trackless trolley, or street car at such an	1201
unreasonably slow speed as to impede or block the normal and	1202
reasonable movement of traffic, except when stopping or reduced	1203
speed is necessary for safe operation or to comply with law.	1204
(B) Whenever the director of transportation or local	1205
authorities determine on the basis of an engineering and traffic	1206
investigation that slow speeds on any part of a controlled-	1207
access highway, expressway, or freeway consistently impede the	1208
normal and reasonable movement of traffic, the director or such	1209
local authority may declare a minimum speed limit below which no	1210
person shall operate a motor vehicle, trackless trolley, or	1211
street car except when necessary for safe operation or in	1212
compliance with law. No minimum speed limit established	1213
hereunder shall be less than thirty miles per hour, greater than	1214
fifty miles per hour, nor effective until the provisions of	1215
section 4511.21 of the Revised Code, relating to appropriate	1216
signs, have been fulfilled and local authorities have obtained	1217
the approval of the director.	1218
(C) In a case involving a violation of this section, the	1219
trier of fact, in determining whether the vehicle was being	1220
operated at an unreasonably slow speed, shall consider the	1221
capabilities of the vehicle and its operator.	1222

(D) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever

violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	1224
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	1225
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	1226
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1227
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	1228
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	1229
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	1230
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	1231
degree.	1232
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	1233
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	1234
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	1235
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	1236
Revised Code.	1237
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1238
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1239
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1240
the additional penalties established under that section.	1241
Sec. 4511.23. (A) No person shall operate a vehicle,	1242
trackless trolley, or streetcar over any bridge or other	1243
elevated structure constituting a part of a highway at a speed	1244
which is greater than the maximum speed that can be maintained	1245
with safety to such bridge or structure, when such structure is	1246
posted with signs as provided in this section.	1247
The department of transportation upon request from any	1248
local authority shall, or upon its own initiative may, conduct	1249
an investigation of any bridge or other elevated structure	1250
constituting a part of a highway, and if it finds that such	1251
structure cannot with safety withstand traffic traveling at the	1252
speed otherwise permissible under sections 4511.01 to 4511.85	1253

and 4511.98—4511.993 of the Revised Code, the department shall	1254
determine and declare the maximum speed of traffic which such	1255
structure can withstand, and shall cause or permit suitable	1256
signs stating such maximum speed to be erected and maintained at	1257
a distance of at least one hundred feet before each end of such	1258
structure.	1259
Upon the trial of any person charged with a violation of	1260
this section, proof of said determination of the maximum speed	1261
by the department and the existence of said signs shall	1262
constitute prima-facie evidence of the maximum speed which can	1263
be maintained with safety to such bridge or structure.	1264
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1265
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	1266
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	1267
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	1268
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1269
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	1270
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	1271
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	1272
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	1273
degree.	1274
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	1275
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	1276
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	1277
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	1278
Revised Code.	1279
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1280
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1281
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1282
the additional penalties established under that section.	1283

Sec. 4511.25. (A) Upon all roadways of sufficient width, a	1284
vehicle or trackless trolley shall be driven upon the right half	1285
of the roadway, except as follows:	1286
(1) When overtaking and passing another vehicle proceeding	1287
in the same direction, or when making a left turn under the	1288
rules governing such movements;	1289
(2) When an obstruction exists making it necessary to	1290
drive to the left of the center of the highway; provided, any	1291
person so doing shall yield the right of way to all vehicles	1292
traveling in the proper direction upon the unobstructed portion	1293
of the highway within such distance as to constitute an	1294
<pre>immediate hazard;</pre>	1295
(3) When driving upon a roadway divided into three or more	1296
marked lanes for traffic under the rules applicable thereon;	1297
(4) When driving upon a roadway designated and posted with	1298
signs for one-way traffic;	1299
(5) When otherwise directed by a police officer or traffic	1300
control device.	1301
(B)(1) Upon all roadways any vehicle or trackless trolley	1302
proceeding at less than the prevailing and lawful speed of	1303
traffic at the time and place and under the conditions then	1304
existing shall be driven in the right-hand lane then available	1305
for traffic, and far enough to the right to allow passing by	1306
faster vehicles if such passing is safe and reasonable, except	1307
under any of the following circumstances:	1308
(a) When overtaking and passing another vehicle or	1309
trackless trolley proceeding in the same direction;	1310
(b) When preparing for a left turn:	1311

(c) When the driver must necessarily drive in a lane other	1312
than the right-hand lane to continue on the driver's intended	1313
route.	1314
(2) Nothing in division (B)(1) of this section requires a	1315
driver of a slower vehicle to compromise the driver's safety to	1316
allow overtaking by a faster vehicle.	1317
(C) Upon any roadway having four or more lanes for moving	1318
traffic and providing for two-way movement of traffic, no	1319
vehicle or trackless trolley shall be driven to the left of the	1320
center line of the roadway, except when authorized by official	1321
traffic control devices designating certain lanes to the left of	1322
the center of the roadway for use by traffic not otherwise	1323
permitted to use the lanes, or except as permitted under	1324
division (A)(2) of this section.	1325
This division shall not be construed as prohibiting the	1326
crossing of the center line in making a left turn into or from	1327
an alley, private road, or driveway.	1328
(D) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1329
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	1330
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	1331
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	1332
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1333
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	1334
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	1335
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	1336
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	1337
degree.	1338
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	1339
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	1340

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commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	1341
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	1342
Revised Code.	1343
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1344
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1345
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1346
the additional penalties established under that section.	1347
Sec. 4511.251. (A) As used in this section and section	1348
4510.036 of the Revised Code, "street racing" means the	1349
operation of two or more vehicles from a point side by side at	1350
accelerating speeds in a competitive attempt to out-distance	1351
each other or the operation of one or more vehicles over a	1352
common selected course, from the same point to the same point,	1353
wherein timing is made of the participating vehicles involving	1354
competitive accelerations or speeds. Persons rendering	1355
assistance in any manner to such competitive use of vehicles	1356
shall be equally charged as the participants. The operation of	1357
two or more vehicles side by side either at speeds in excess of	1358
prima-facie lawful speeds established by divisions (B)(1)(a) to	1359
(B)(9) of section 4511.21 of the Revised Code or rapidly	1360
accelerating from a common starting point to a speed in excess	1361
of such prima-facie lawful speeds shall be prima-facie evidence	1362
of street racing.	1363
(B) No person shall participate in street racing upon any	1364
public road, street, or highway in this state.	1365
(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of street	1366
racing, a misdemeanor of the first degree. In addition to any	1367
other sanctions, the court shall suspend the offender's driver's	1368
license, commercial driver's license, temporary instruction	1369
permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege	1370

for not less than thirty days or more than three years. No judge	1371
shall suspend the first thirty days of any suspension of an	1372
offender's license, permit, or privilege imposed under this	1373
division.	1374
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1375
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1376
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1377
the additional penalties established under that section.	1378
Sec. 4511.26. (A) Operators of vehicles and trackless	1379
trolleys proceeding in opposite directions shall pass each other	1380
to the right, and upon roadways having width for not more than	1381
one line of traffic in each direction, each operator shall give	1382
to the other one-half of the main traveled portion of the	1383
roadway or as nearly one-half as is reasonable possible.	1384
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1385
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	1386
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	1387
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	1388
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1389
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	1390
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	1391
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	1392
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	1393
degree.	1394
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	1395
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	1396
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	1397
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	1398
Revised Code.	1399

If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1400
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1401
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1402
the additional penalties established under that section.	1403
Sec. 4511.27. (A) The following rules govern the	1404
overtaking and passing of vehicles or trackless trolleys	1405
proceeding in the same direction:	1406
(1) The operator of a vehicle or trackless trolley	1407
overtaking another vehicle or trackless trolley proceeding in	1408
the same direction shall, except as provided in division (A)(3)	1409
of this section, signal to the vehicle or trackless trolley to	1410
be overtaken, shall pass to the left thereof at a safe distance,	1411
and shall not again drive to the right side of the roadway until	1412
safely clear of the overtaken vehicle or trackless trolley. When	1413
a motor vehicle or trackless trolley overtakes and passes a	1414
bicycle or electric bicycle, three feet or greater is considered	1415
a safe passing distance.	1416
(2) Except when overtaking and passing on the right is	1417
permitted, the operator of an overtaken vehicle shall give way	1418
to the right in favor of the overtaking vehicle at the latter's	1419
audible signal, and the operator shall not increase the speed of	1420
the operator's vehicle until completely passed by the overtaking	1421
vehicle.	1422
(3) The operator of a vehicle or trackless trolley	1423
overtaking and passing another vehicle or trackless trolley	1424
proceeding in the same direction on a divided highway as defined	1425
in section 4511.35 of the Revised Code, a limited access highway	1426
as defined in section 5511.02 of the Revised Code, or a highway	1427
with four or more traffic lanes, is not required to signal	1428
audibly to the vehicle or trackless trolley being overtaken and	1429

passed.	1430
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1431
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	1432
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	1433
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	1434
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1435
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	1436
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	1437
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	1438
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	1439
degree.	1440
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	1441
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	1442
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	1443
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	1444
Revised Code.	1445
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1446
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1447
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1448
the additional penalties established under that section.	1449
Sec. 4511.28. (A) The driver of a vehicle or trackless	1450
trolley may overtake and pass upon the right of another vehicle	1451
or trackless trolley only under the following conditions:	1452
(1) When the vehicle or trackless trolley overtaken is	1453
making or about to make a left turn;	1454
(2) Upon a roadway with unobstructed pavement of	1455
sufficient width for two or more lines of vehicles moving	1456
lawfully in the direction being traveled by the overtaking	1457
vehicle.	1458

(B) The driver of a vehicle or trackless trolley may	1459
overtake and pass another vehicle or trackless trolley only	1460
under conditions permitting such movement in safety. The	1461
movement shall not be made by driving off the roadway.	1462
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1463
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	1464
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	1465
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	1466
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1467
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	1468
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	1469
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	1470
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	1471
degree.	1472
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	1473
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	1474
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	1475
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	1476
Revised Code.	1477
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1478
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1479
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1480
the additional penalties established under that section.	1481
Sec. 4511.29. (A) No vehicle or trackless trolley shall be	1482
driven to the left of the center of the roadway in overtaking	1483
and passing traffic proceeding in the same direction, unless	1484
such left side is clearly visible and is free of oncoming	1485
traffic for a sufficient distance ahead to permit such	1486
overtaking and passing to be completely made, without	1487
interfering with the safe operation of any traffic approaching	1488

from the opposite direction or any traffic overtaken. In every	1489
event the overtaking vehicle or trackless trolley must return to	1490
an authorized lane of travel as soon as practicable and in the	1491
event the passing movement involves the use of a lane authorized	1492
for traffic approaching from the opposite direction, before	1493
coming within two hundred feet of any approaching vehicle.	1494
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1495
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	1496
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	1497
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	1498
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1499
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	1500
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	1501
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	1502
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	1503
degree.	1504
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	1505
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	1506
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	1507
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	1508
Revised Code.	1509
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1510
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1511
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1512
the additional penalties established under that section.	1513
Sec. 4511.30. (A) No vehicle or trackless trolley shall be	1514
driven upon the left side of the roadway under the following	1515
conditions:	1516

(1) When approaching the crest of a grade or upon a curve

in the highway, where the operator's view is obstructed within	1518
such a distance as to create a hazard in the event traffic might	1519
approach from the opposite direction;	1520
(2) When the view is obstructed upon approaching within	1521
one hundred feet of any bridge, viaduct, or tunnel;	1522
(3) When approaching within one hundred feet of or	1523
traversing any intersection or railroad grade crossing.	1524
(B) This section does not apply to vehicles or trackless	1525
trolleys upon a one-way roadway, upon a roadway where traffic is	1526
lawfully directed to be driven to the left side, or under the	1527
conditions described in division (A)(2) of section 4511.25 of	1528
the Revised Code.	1529
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1530
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	1531
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	1532
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	1533
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1534
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	1535
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	1536
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	1537
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	1538
degree.	1539
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	1540
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	1541
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	1542
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	1543
Revised Code.	1544
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1545
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1546

4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1547
the additional penalties established under that section.	1548
Sec. 4511.31. (A) The department of transportation may	1549
determine those portions of any state highway where overtaking	1550
and passing other traffic or driving to the left of the center	1551
or center line of the roadway would be especially hazardous and	1552
may, by appropriate signs or markings on the highway, indicate	1553
the beginning and end of such zones. When such signs or markings	1554
are in place and clearly visible, every operator of a vehicle or	1555
trackless trolley shall obey the directions of the signs or	1556
markings, notwithstanding the distances set out in section	1557
4511.30 of the Revised Code.	1558
(B) Division (A) of this section does not apply when all	1559
of the following apply:	1560
(1) The slower vehicle is proceeding at less than half the	1561
speed of the speed limit applicable to that location.	1562
(2) The faster vehicle is capable of overtaking and	1563
passing the slower vehicle without exceeding the speed limit.	1564
(3) There is sufficient clear sight distance to the left	1565
of the center or center line of the roadway to meet the	1566
overtaking and passing provisions of section 4511.29 of the	1567
Revised Code, considering the speed of the slower vehicle.	1568
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1569
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	1570
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	1571
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	1572
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1573
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	1574
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	1575

more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	1576
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	1577
degree.	1578
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	1579
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	1580
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	1581
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	1582
Revised Code.	1583
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1584
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1585
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1586
the additional penalties established under that section.	1587
Sec. 4511.32. (A) The department of transportation may	1588
designate any highway or any separate roadway under its	1589
jurisdiction for one-way traffic and shall erect appropriate	1590
signs giving notice thereof.	1591
Upon a roadway designated and posted with signs for one-	1592
way traffic a vehicle shall be driven only in the direction	1593
designated.	1594
A vehicle passing around a rotary traffic island shall be	1595
driven only to the right of the rotary traffic island.	1596
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1597
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	1598
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	1599
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	1600
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1601
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	1602
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	1603
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	1604

violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	1605
degree.	1606
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	1607
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	1608
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	1609
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	1610
Revised Code.	1611
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1612
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1613
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1614
the additional penalties established under that section.	1615
Sec. 4511.33. (A) Whenever any roadway has been divided	1616
into two or more clearly marked lanes for traffic, or wherever	1617
within municipal corporations traffic is lawfully moving in two	1618
or more substantially continuous lines in the same direction,	1619
the following rules apply:	1620
(1) A vehicle or trackless trolley shall be driven, as	1621
nearly as is practicable, entirely within a single lane or line	1622
of traffic and shall not be moved from such lane or line until	1623
the driver has first ascertained that such movement can be made	1624
with safety.	1625
(2) Upon a roadway which is divided into three lanes and	1626
provides for two-way movement of traffic, a vehicle or trackless	1627
trolley shall not be driven in the center lane except when	1628
overtaking and passing another vehicle or trackless trolley	1629
where the roadway is clearly visible and such center lane is	1630
clear of traffic within a safe distance, or when preparing for a	1631
left turn, or where such center lane is at the time allocated	1632
exclusively to traffic moving in the direction the vehicle or	1633

trackless trolley is proceeding and is posted with signs to give	1634
notice of such allocation.	1635
(3) Official signs may be erected directing specified	1636
traffic to use a designated lane or designating those lanes to	1637
be used by traffic moving in a particular direction regardless	1638
of the center of the roadway, or restricting the use of a	1639
particular lane to only buses during certain hours or during all	1640
hours, and drivers of vehicles and trackless trolleys shall obey	1641
the directions of such signs.	1642
(4) Official traffic control devices may be installed	1643
prohibiting the changing of lanes on sections of roadway and	1644
drivers of vehicles shall obey the directions of every such	1645
device.	1646
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1647
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	1648
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	1649
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	1650
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1651
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	1652
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	1653
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	1654
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	1655
degree.	1656
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	1657
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	1658
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	1659
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	1660
Revised Code.	1661
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1662

motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1663
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1664
the additional penalties established under that section.	1665
Sec. 4511.34. (A) The operator of a motor vehicle,	1666
streetcar, or trackless trolley shall not follow another	1667
vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley more closely than is	1668
reasonable and prudent, having due regard for the speed of such	1669
vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley, and the traffic upon	1670
and the condition of the highway.	1671
and the condition of the highway.	10/1
The driver of any truck, or motor vehicle drawing another	1672
vehicle, when traveling upon a roadway outside a business or	1673
residence district shall maintain a sufficient space, whenever	1674
conditions permit, between such vehicle and another vehicle	1675
ahead so an overtaking motor vehicle may enter and occupy such	1676
space without danger. This paragraph does not prevent overtaking	1677
and passing nor does it apply to any lane specially designated	1678
for use by trucks.	1679
Outside a municipal corporation, the driver of any truck,	1680
or motor vehicle when drawing another vehicle, while ascending	1681
to the crest of a grade beyond which the driver's view of a	1682
roadway is obstructed, shall not follow within three hundred	1683
feet of another truck, or motor vehicle drawing another vehicle.	1684
This paragraph shall not apply to any lane specially designated	1685
for use by trucks.	1686
Motor vehicles being driven upon any roadway outside of a	1687
business or residence district in a caravan or motorcade, shall	1688
maintain a sufficient space between such vehicles so an	1689
overtaking vehicle may enter and occupy such space without	1690
danger. This paragraph shall not apply to funeral processions.	1691

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1692
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	1693
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	1694
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	1695
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1696
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	1697
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	1698
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	1699
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	1700
degree.	1701
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	1702
II the diffider committee the offense while distracted and	1702
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	1703

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and 1702 the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the 1703 commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the 1704 additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the 1705 Revised Code.

If the offender commits the offense while operating a 1707

motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section 1708

4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to 1709

the additional penalties established under that section. 1710

Sec. 4511.35. (A) Whenever any highway has been divided 1711 into two roadways by an intervening space, or by a physical 1712 barrier, or clearly indicated dividing section so constructed as 1713 to impede vehicular traffic, every vehicle shall be driven only 1714 upon the right-hand roadway, and no vehicle shall be driven 1715 over, across, or within any such dividing space, barrier, or 1716 section, except through an opening, crossover, or intersection 1717 established by public authority. This section does not prohibit 1718 the occupancy of such dividing space, barrier, or section for 1719 the purpose of an emergency stop or in compliance with an order 1720 of a police officer. 1721

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1722
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	1723
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	1724
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	1725
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1726
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	1727
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	1728
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	1729
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	1730
degree.	1731
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	1732
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	1733
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	1734
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	1735
Revised Code.	1736
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1737
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1738
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1739
the additional penalties established under that section.	1740
Sec. 4511.36. (A) The driver of a vehicle intending to	1741
turn at an intersection shall be governed by the following	1742
rules:	1743
(1) Approach for a right turn and a right turn shall be	1744
made as close as practicable to the right-hand curb or edge of	1745
the roadway.	1746
(2) At any intersection where traffic is permitted to move	1747
in both directions on each roadway entering the intersection, an	1748
approach for a left turn shall be made in that portion of the	1749
right half of the roadway nearest the center line thereof and by	1750

passing to the right of such center line where it enters the	1751
intersection and after entering the intersection the left turn	1752
shall be made so as to leave the intersection to the right of	1753
the center line of the roadway being entered. Whenever	1754
practicable the left turn shall be made in that portion of the	1755
intersection to the left of the center of the intersection.	1756
(3) At any intersection where traffic is restricted to one	1757
direction on one or more of the roadways, the driver of a	1758
vehicle intending to turn left at any such intersection shall	1759
approach the intersection in the extreme left-hand lane lawfully	1760
available to traffic moving in the direction of travel of such	1761
vehicle, and after entering the intersection the left turn shall	1762
be made so as to leave the intersection, as nearly as	1763
practicable, in the left-hand lane of the roadway being entered	1764
lawfully available to traffic moving in that lane.	1765
(B) The operator of a trackless trolley shall comply with	1766
divisions (A)(1), (2), and (3) of this section wherever	1767
practicable.	1768
(C) The department of transportation and local authorities	1769
in their respective jurisdictions may cause markers, buttons, or	1770
signs to be placed within or adjacent to intersections and	1771
thereby require and direct that a different course from that	1772
specified in this section be traveled by vehicles, streetcars,	1773
or trackless trolleys, turning at an intersection, and when	1774
markers, buttons, or signs are so placed, no operator of a	1775
vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley shall turn such	1776
vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley at an intersection	1777
other than as directed and required by such markers, buttons, or	1778
signs.	1779

(D) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever

violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	1781
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	1782
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	1783
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1784
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	1785
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	1786
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	1787
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	1788
degree.	1789
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	1790
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	1791
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	1792
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	1793
Revised Code.	1794
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1795
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1796
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1797
the additional penalties established under that section.	1798
Sec. 4511.37. (A) Except as provided in section 4511.13 of	1799
the Revised Code and division (B) of this section, no vehicle	1800
shall be turned so as to proceed in the opposite direction upon	1801
any curve, or upon the approach to or near the crest of a grade,	1802
if the vehicle cannot be seen within five hundred feet by the	1803
driver of any other vehicle approaching from either direction.	1804
(B) The driver of an emergency vehicle or public safety	1805
vehicle, when responding to an emergency call, may turn the	1806
vehicle so as to proceed in the opposite direction. This	1807
division applies only when the emergency vehicle or public	1808
safety vehicle is responding to an emergency call, is equipped	1809

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with and displaying at least one flashing, rotating, or

streetcar, or trackless trolley which is stopped, standing, or	1838
Sec. 4511.38. (A) No person shall start a vehicle,	1837
the additional penalties established under that section.	1836
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1835
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1834
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1833
Revised Code.	1832
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	1831
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1830
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	1829
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	1828
degree.	1827
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	1826
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	1825
	1824
	1823
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a	1822
	1821
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	1820
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	1819
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1818
all persons and property upon the highway.	1817
vehicle from the duty to drive with due regard for the safety of	1816
not relieve the driver of an emergency vehicle or public safety	1815
signal by siren, exhaust whistle, or bell. This division does	1814
vehicle, and when the driver of the vehicle is giving an audible	1813
from a distance of five hundred feet to the front of the	1812
oscillating light visible under normal atmospheric conditions	1811

parked until such movement can be made with reasonable safety.

Before backing, operators of vehicle, streetcars, or	1840
trackless trolleys shall give ample warning, and while backing	1841
they shall exercise vigilance not to injure person or property	1842
on the street or highway.	1843
No person shall back a motor vehicle on a freeway, except:	1844
in a rest area; in the performance of public works or official	1845
duties; as a result of an emergency caused by an accident or	1846
breakdown of a motor vehicle.	1847
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1848
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	1849
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	1850
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	1851
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1852
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	1853
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	1854
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	1855
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	1856
degree.	1857
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	1858
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	1859
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	1860
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	1861
Revised Code.	1862
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1863
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1864
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1865
the additional penalties established under that section.	1866
Sec. 4511.39. (A) No person shall turn a vehicle or	1867
trackless trolley or move right or left upon a highway unless	1868

and until such person has exercised due care to ascertain that	1869
the movement can be made with reasonable safety nor without	1870
giving an appropriate signal in the manner hereinafter provided.	1871

When required, a signal of intention to turn or move right 1872 or left shall be given continuously during not less than the 1873 last one hundred feet traveled by the vehicle or trackless 1874 trolley before turning, except that in the case of a person 1875 operating a bicycle or electric bicycle, the signal shall be 1876 made not less than one time but is not required to be 1877 continuous. A bicycle or electric bicycle operator is not 1878 required to make a signal if the bicycle or electric bicycle is 1879 in a designated turn lane, and a signal shall not be given when 1880 the operator's hands are needed for the safe operation of the 1881 bicycle or electric bicycle. 1882

No person shall stop or suddenly decrease the speed of a 1883 vehicle or trackless trolley without first giving an appropriate 1884 signal in the manner provided herein to the driver of any 1885 vehicle or trackless trolley immediately to the rear when there 1886 is opportunity to give a signal.

Any stop or turn signal required by this section shall be 1888 given either by means of the hand and arm, or by signal lights 1889 that clearly indicate to both approaching and following traffic 1890 intention to turn or move right or left, except that any motor 1891 vehicle in use on a highway shall be equipped with, and the 1892 required signal shall be given by, signal lights when the 1893 distance from the center of the top of the steering post to the 1894 left outside limit of the body, cab, or load of such motor 1895 vehicle exceeds twenty-four inches, or when the distance from 1896 the center of the top of the steering post to the rear limit of 1897 the body or load thereof exceeds fourteen feet, whether a single 1898

vehicle or a combination of vehicles.	1899
The signal lights required by this section shall not be	1900
flashed on one side only on a disabled vehicle or trackless	1901
trolley, flashed as a courtesy or "do pass" signal to operators	1902
of other vehicles or trackless trolleys approaching from the	1903
rear, nor be flashed on one side only of a parked vehicle or	1904
trackless trolley except as may be necessary for compliance with	1905
this section.	1906
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1907
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	1908
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	1909
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	1910
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1911
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	1912
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	1913
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	1914
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	1915
degree.	1916
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	1917
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	1918
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	1919
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	1920
Revised Code.	1921
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1922
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1923
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1924
the additional penalties established under that section.	1925
Sec. 4511.41. (A) When two vehicles, including any	1926
trackless trolley or streetcar, approach or enter an	1927

intersection from different streets or highways at approximately	1928
the same time, the driver of the vehicle on the left shall yield	1929
the right-of-way to the vehicle on the right.	1930
(B) The right-of-way rule declared in division (A) of this	1931
section is modified at through highways and otherwise as stated	1932
in Chapter 4511. of the Revised Code.	1933
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1934
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	1935
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	1936
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	1937
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1938
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	1939
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	1940
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	1941
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	1942
degree.	1943
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	1944
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	1944 1945
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	1945
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	1945 1946
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	1945 1946 1947
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the Revised Code.	1945 1946 1947 1948
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the Revised Code. If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1945 1946 1947 1948
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the Revised Code. If the offender commits the offense while operating a motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1945 1946 1947 1948 1949
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the Revised Code. If the offender commits the offense while operating a motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section 4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the Revised Code. If the offender commits the offense while operating a motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section 4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to the additional penalties established under that section.	1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the Revised Code. If the offender commits the offense while operating a motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section 4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to the additional penalties established under that section. Sec. 4511.42. (A) The operator of a vehicle, streetcar, or	1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952

trolley approaching from the opposite direction, whenever the	1957
approaching vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley is within	1958
the intersection or so close to the intersection, alley, private	1959
road, or driveway as to constitute an immediate hazard.	1960
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	1961
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	1962
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	1963
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	1964
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	1965
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	1966
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	1967
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	1968
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	1969
degree.	1970
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	1971
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	1972
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	1973
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	1974
Revised Code.	1975
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	1976
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	1977
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	1978
the additional penalties established under that section.	1979
Sec. 4511.43. (A) Except when directed to proceed by a law	1980
enforcement officer, every driver of a vehicle or trackless	1981
trolley approaching a stop sign shall stop at a clearly marked	1982
stop line, but if none, before entering the crosswalk on the	1983
near side of the intersection, or, if none, then at the point	1984
nearest the intersecting roadway where the driver has a view of	1985
approaching traffic on the intersecting roadway before entering	1986

it. After having stopped, the driver shall yield the right-ofway to any vehicle in the intersection or approaching on another
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roadway so closely as to constitute an immediate hazard during
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the time the driver is moving across or within the intersection
1990
or junction of roadways.

- (B) The driver of a vehicle or trackless trolley 1992 approaching a yield sign shall slow down to a speed reasonable 1993 for the existing conditions and, if required for safety to stop, 1994 shall stop at a clearly marked stop line, but if none, before 1995 entering the crosswalk on the near side of the intersection, or, 1996 if none, then at the point nearest the intersecting roadway 1997 where the driver has a view of approaching traffic on the 1998 intersecting roadway before entering it. After slowing or 1999 stopping, the driver shall yield the right-of-way to any vehicle 2000 or trackless trolley in the intersection or approaching on 2001 another roadway so closely as to constitute an immediate hazard 2002 during the time the driver is moving across or within the 2003 intersection or junction of roadways. Whenever a driver is 2004 involved in a collision with a vehicle or trackless trolley in 2005 the intersection or junction of roadways, after driving past a 2006 yield sign without stopping, the collision shall be prima-facie 2007 evidence of the driver's failure to yield the right-of-way. 2008
- (C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever 2009 violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 2010 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 2011 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 2012 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is quilty of a 2013 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 2014 offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or 2015 more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever 2016 violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third 2017

degree.	2018
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	2019
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	2020
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	2021
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	2022
Revised Code.	2023
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	2024
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	2025
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	2026
the additional penalties established under that section.	2027
Sec. 4511.431. (A) The driver of a vehicle or trackless	2028
trolley emerging from an alley, building, private road, or	2029
driveway within a business or residence district shall stop the	2030
vehicle or trackless trolley immediately prior to driving onto a	2031
sidewalk or onto the sidewalk area extending across the alley,	2032
building entrance, road, or driveway, or in the event there is	2033
no sidewalk area, shall stop at the point nearest the street to	2034
be entered where the driver has a view of approaching traffic	2035
thereon.	2036
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	2037
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	2038
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	2039
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	2040
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	2041
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	2042
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	2043
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	2044
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	2045
degree.	2046

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	2047
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	2048
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	2049
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	2050
Revised Code.	2051
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	2052
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	2053
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	2054
the additional penalties established under that section.	2055
Sec. 4511.44. (A) The operator of a vehicle, streetcar, or	2056
trackless trolley about to enter or cross a highway from any	2057
place other than another roadway shall yield the right of way to	2058
all traffic approaching on the roadway to be entered or crossed.	2059
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	2060
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	2061
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	2062
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	2063
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	2064
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	2065
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	2066
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	2067
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	2068
degree.	2069
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	2070
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	2071
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	2072
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	2073
Revised Code.	2074

If the offender commits the offense while operating a

motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	2076
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	2077
the additional penalties established under that section.	2078
Sec. 4511.441. (A) The driver of a vehicle shall yield the	2079
right-of-way to any pedestrian on a sidewalk.	2080
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	2081
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	2082
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	2083
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	2084
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	2085
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	2086
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	2087
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	2088
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	2089
degree.	2090
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	2091
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	2092
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	2093
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	2094
Revised Code.	2095
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	2096
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	2097
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	2098
the additional penalties established under that section.	2099
Sec. 4511.451. (A) As used in this section, "funeral	2100
procession" means two or more vehicles accompanying the cremated	2101
remains or the body of a deceased person in the daytime when	2102
each of the vehicles has its headlights lighted and is	2103
displaying a purple and white or an orange and white pennant	2104

attached to each vehicle in such a manner as to be clearly 2105 visible to traffic approaching from any direction. 2106 (B) Excepting public safety vehicles proceeding in 2107 accordance with section 4511.45 of the Revised Code or when 2108 directed otherwise by a police officer, pedestrians and the 2109 operators of all vehicles, street cars, and trackless trolleys 2110 shall yield the right of way to each vehicle that is a part of a 2111 funeral procession. Whenever the lead vehicle in a funeral 2112 procession lawfully enters an intersection, the remainder of the 2113 vehicles in the procession may continue to follow the lead 2114 2115 vehicle through the intersection notwithstanding any traffic control devices or right of way provisions of the Revised Code, 2116 provided that the operator of each vehicle exercises due care to 2117 avoid colliding with any other vehicle or pedestrian. 2118 (C) No person shall operate any vehicle as a part of a 2119 funeral procession without having the headlights of the vehicle 2120 lighted and without displaying a purple and white or an orange 2121 and white pennant in such a manner as to be clearly visible to 2122 traffic approaching from any direction. 2123 2124 (D) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever violates this section is quilty of a minor misdemeanor. If, 2125 within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been 2126 convicted of or pleaded quilty to one predicate motor vehicle or 2127 traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a 2128 misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the 2129

If the offender commits the offense while distracted and 2134

2130

2131

21322133

offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or

violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third

more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever

degree.

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the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	2135
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	2136
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	2137
Revised Code.	2138
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	2139
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	2140
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	2141
the additional penalties established under that section.	2142
Sec. 4511.46. (A) When traffic control signals are not in	2143
place, not in operation, or are not clearly assigning the right-	2144
of-way, the driver of a vehicle, trackless trolley, or streetcar	2145
shall yield the right of way, slowing down or stopping if need	2146
be to so yield or if required by section 4511.132 of the Revised	2147
Code, to a pedestrian crossing the roadway within a crosswalk	2148
when the pedestrian is upon the half of the roadway upon which	2149
the vehicle is traveling, or when the pedestrian is approaching	2150
so closely from the opposite half of the roadway as to be in	2151
danger.	2152
(B) No pedestrian shall suddenly leave a curb or other	2153
place of safety and walk or run into the path of a vehicle,	2154
trackless trolley, or streetcar which is so close as to	2155
constitute an immediate hazard.	2156
(C) Division (A) of this section does not apply under the	2157
conditions stated in division (B) of section 4511.48 of the	2158
Revised Code.	2159
(D) Whenever any vehicle, trackless trolley, or streetcar	2160
is stopped at a marked crosswalk or at any unmarked crosswalk at	2161
an intersection to permit a pedestrian to cross the roadway, the	2162
driver of any other vehicle, trackless trolley, or streetcar	2163

approaching from the rear shall not overtake and pass the	2164
stopped vehicle.	2165
(E) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	2166
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	2167
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	2168
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	2169
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	2170
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	2171
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	2172
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	2173
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	2174
degree.	2175
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	2176
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	2177
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	2178
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	2179
Revised Code.	2180
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	2181
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	2182
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	2183
the additional penalties established under that section.	2184
Sec. 4511.47. (A) As used in this section "blind person"	2185
or "blind pedestrian" means a person having not more than 20/200	2186
visual acuity in the better eye with correcting lenses or visual	2187
acuity greater than 20/200 but with a limitation in the fields	2188
of vision such that the widest diameter of the visual field	2189
subtends an angle no greater than twenty degrees.	2190
The driver of every vehicle shall yield the right of way	2191
to every blind pedestrian guided by a guide dog, or carrying a	2192

cane which is predominantly white or metallic in color, with or	2193
without a red tip.	2194
(B) No person, other than a blind person, while on any	2195
public highway, street, alley, or other public thoroughfare	2196
shall carry a white or metallic cane with or without a red tip.	2197
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	2198
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	2199
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	2200
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	2201
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	2202
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	2203
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	2204
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	2205
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	2206
degree.	2207
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	2208
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	2209
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	2210
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	2211
Revised Code.	2212
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	2213
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	2214
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	2215
the additional penalties established under that section.	2216
Sec. 4511.54. (A) No person riding upon any bicycle,	2217
electric bicycle, coaster, roller skates, sled, skateboard, or	2218
toy vehicle shall attach the same or self to any streetcar,	2219
trackless trolley, or vehicle upon a roadway.	2220
No operator shall knowingly permit any person riding upon	2221

any bicycle, electric bicycle, coaster, roller skates, sled,	2222
skateboard, or toy vehicle to attach the same or self to any	2223
streetcar, trackless trolley, or vehicle while it is moving upon	2224
a roadway.	2225
This section does not apply to the towing of a disabled	2226
vehicle.	2227
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	2228
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	2229
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	2230
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	2231
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	2232
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	2233
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	2234
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	2235
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	2236
degree.	2237
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	2238
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	2239
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	2240
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	2241
Revised Code.	2242
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	2243
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	2244
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	2245
the additional penalties established under that section.	2246
Sec. 4511.57. (A) The driver of a vehicle shall not	2247
overtake and pass upon the left nor drive upon the left side of	2248
any streetcar proceeding in the same direction, whether such	2249
streetcar is in motion or at rest, except:	2250

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(1) When so directed by a police officer or traffic	2251
control device;	2252
(2) When upon a one-way street;	2253
(2) When apon a one way believe,	2200
(3) When upon a street where the tracks are so located as	2254
to prevent compliance with this section;	2255
(4) When authorized by local authorities.	2256
(B) The driver of any vehicle when permitted to overtake	2257
and pass upon the left of a streetcar which has stopped for the	2258
purpose of receiving or discharging any passenger shall accord	2259
pedestrians the right of way.	2260
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	2261
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	2262
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	2263
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	2264
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	2265
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	2266
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	2267
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	2268
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	2269
degree.	2270
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	2271
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	2272
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	2273
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	2274
Revised Code.	2275
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	2276
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	2277
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	2278
the additional penalties established under that section.	2279

Sec. 4511.58. (A) The driver of a vehicle overtaking upon	2280
the right any streetcar stopped for the purpose of receiving or	2281
discharging any passenger shall stop such vehicle at least five	2282
feet to the rear of the nearest running board or door of such	2283
streetcar and remain standing until all passengers have boarded	2284
such streetcar, or upon alighting therefrom have reached a place	2285
of safety, except that where a safety zone has been established,	2286
a vehicle need not be brought to a stop before passing any such	2287
streetcar or any trackless trolley, but may proceed past such	2288
streetcar or trackless trolley at a speed not greater than is	2289
reasonable and proper considering the safety of pedestrians.	2290
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	2291
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	2292
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	2293
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	2294
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	2295
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	2296
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	2297
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	2298
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	2299
degree.	2300
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	2301
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	2302
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	2303
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	2304
Revised Code.	2305
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	2306
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	2307
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	2308

2309

the additional penalties established under that section.

Sec. 4511.59. (A) The driver of any vehicle proceeding	2310
upon any streetcar tracks in front of a streetcar shall remove	2311
such vehicle from the track as soon as practicable after signal	2312
from the operator of said streetcar.	2313
The driver of a vehicle upon overtaking and passing a	2314
streetcar shall not turn in front of such streetcar unless such	2315
movement can be made in safety.	2316
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	2317
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	2318
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	2319
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	2320
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	2321
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	2322
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	2323
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	2324
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	2325
degree.	2326
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	2327
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	2328
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	2329
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	2330
Revised Code.	2331
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	2332
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	2333
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	2334
the additional penalties established under that section.	2335
Sec. 4511.60. (A) No vehicle shall at any time be driven	2336
through or within a safety zone.	2337
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	2338

violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	2339
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	2340
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	2341
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	2342
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	2343
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	2344
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	2345
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	2346
degree.	2347
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	2348
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	2349
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	2350
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	2351
Revised Code.	2352
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	2353
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	2354
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	2355
the additional penalties established under that section.	2356
Sec. 4511.61. (A) As used in this section, "active grade	2357
crossing warning device" means signs, signals, gates, or other	2358
protective devices erected or installed at a public highway-	2359
railway crossing at common grade and activated by an electrical	2360
circuit.	2361
(B) The department of transportation and local authorities	2362
in their respective jurisdictions, with the approval of the	2363
department, may designate dangerous highway crossings over	2364
railroad tracks whether on state, county, or township highways	2365
or on streets or ways within municipal corporations, and erect	2366
stop signs thereat.	2367

(C)(1) The department and local authorities shall erect	2368
stop signs at a railroad highway grade crossing in either of the	2369
following circumstances:	2370
(a) New warning devices that are not active grade crossing	2371
warning devices are being installed at the grade crossing, and	2372
railroad crossbucks were the only warning devices at the grade	2373
crossing prior to the installation of the new warning devices.	2374
(b) The grade crossing is constructed after July 1, 2013,	2375
and only warning devices that are not active grade crossing	2376
warning devices are installed at the grade crossing.	2377
(2) Division (C)(1) of this section does not apply to a	2378
railroad highway grade crossing that the director of	2379
transportation has exempted from that division because of	2380
traffic flow or other considerations or factors.	2381
(D) When stop signs are erected pursuant to division (B)	2382
or (C) of this section, the operator of any vehicle, streetcar,	2383
or trackless trolley shall stop within fifty, but not less than	2384
fifteen, feet from the nearest rail of the railroad tracks and	2385
shall exercise due care before proceeding across such grade	2386
crossing.	2387
(E) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	2388
violates division (D) of this section is guilty of a minor	2389
misdemeanor. If, within one year of the offense, the offender	2390
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to one	2391
predicate motor vehicle or traffic offense, whoever violates	2392
this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	2393
If, within one year of the offense, the offender previously has	2394
been convicted of two or more predicate motor vehicle or traffic	2395
offenses, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	2396

misdemeanor of the third degree.	2397
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	2398
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	2399
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	2400
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	2401
Revised Code.	2402
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	2403
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	2404
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	2405
the additional penalties established under that section.	2406
Sec. 4511.64. (A) No person shall operate or move any	2407
crawler-type tractor, steam shovel, derrick, roller, or any	2408
equipment or structure having a normal operating speed of six or	2409
less miles per hour or a vertical body or load clearance of less	2410
than nine inches above the level surface of a roadway, upon or	2411
across any tracks at a railroad grade crossing without first	2412
complying with divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section.	2413
(1) Before making any such crossing, the person operating	2414
or moving any such vehicle or equipment shall first stop the	2415
same, and while stopped the person shall listen and look in both	2416
directions along such track for any approaching train and for	2417
signals indicating the approach of a train, and shall proceed	2418
only upon exercising due care.	2419
(2) No such crossing shall be made when warning is given	2420
by automatic signal or crossing gates or a flagperson or	2421
otherwise of the immediate approach of a railroad train or car.	2422
(B) If the normal sustained speed of such vehicle,	2423
equipment, or structure is not more than three miles per hour,	2424
the person owning, operating, or moving the same shall also give	2425

notice of such intended crossing to a station agent or	2426
superintendent of the railroad, and a reasonable time shall be	2427
given to such railroad to provide proper protection for such	2428
crossing. Where such vehicles or equipment are being used in	2429
constructing or repairing a section of highway lying on both	2430
sides of a railroad grade crossing, and in such construction or	2431
repair it is necessary to repeatedly move such vehicles or	2432
equipment over such crossing, one daily notice specifying when	2433
such work will start and stating the hours during which it will	2434
be prosecuted is sufficient.	2435
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	2436
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	2437
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	2438
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	2439
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	2440
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	2441
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	2442
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	2443
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	2444
degree.	2445
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	2446
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	2447
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	2448
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	2449
Revised Code.	2450
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	2451
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	2452
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	2453
the additional penalties established under that section.	2454
Sec. 4511.71. (A) No person shall drive upon, along, or	2455

across a street or highway, or any part of a street or highway	2456
that has been closed in the process of its construction,	2457
reconstruction, or repair, and posted with appropriate signs by	2458
the authority having jurisdiction to close such highway.	2459
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	2460
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	2461
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	2462
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	2463
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	2464
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	2465
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	2466
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	2467
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	2468
degree.	2469
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	2470
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	2471
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	2472
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	2473
Revised Code.	2474
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	2475
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	2476
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	2477
the additional penalties established under that section.	2478
Sec. 4511.711. (A) No person shall drive any vehicle,	2479
other than a bicycle or an electric bicycle if the motor is not	2480
engaged, upon a sidewalk or sidewalk area except upon a	2481
permanent or duly authorized temporary driveway.	2482
This prohibition does not apply to a law enforcement	2483
officer, or other person sworn to enforce the criminal and	2484

traffic laws of the state, using an electric bicycle with the	2485
motor engaged while in the performance of the officer's duties.	2486
Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting	2487
local authorities from regulating the operation of bicycles or	2488
electric bicycles within their respective jurisdictions, except	2489
that no local authority may require that bicycles or electric	2490
bicycles be operated on sidewalks.	2491
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	2492
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	2493
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	2494
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	2495
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	2496
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	2497
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	2498
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	2499
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	2500
degree.	2501
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	2502
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	2503
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	2504
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	2505
Revised Code.	2506
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	2507
motor vehicle in a construction zone, the offender is subject to	2508
the additional penalties established under section 4511.993 of	2509
the Revised Code.	2510
Sec. 4511.712. (A) No driver shall enter an intersection	2511
or marked crosswalk or drive onto any railroad grade crossing	2512
unless there is sufficient space on the other side of the	2513

intersection, crosswalk, or grade crossing to accommodate the	2514
vehicle, streetcar, or trackless trolley the driver is operating	2515
without obstructing the passage of other vehicles, streetcars,	2516
trackless trolleys, pedestrians, or railroad trains,	2517
notwithstanding any traffic control signal indication to	2518
proceed.	2519
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	2520
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	2521
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	2522
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	2523
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	2524
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	2525
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	2526
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	2527
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	2528
degree.	2529
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	2530
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	2531
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	2532
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	2533
Revised Code.	2534
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	2535
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	2536
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	2537
the additional penalties established under that section.	2538
Sec. 4511.72. (A) The driver of any vehicle, other than an	2539
emergency vehicle or public safety vehicle on official business,	2540
shall not follow any emergency vehicle or public safety vehicle	2541
traveling in response to an alarm closer than five hundred feet,	2542
or drive into or park such vehicle within the block where fire	2543

apparatus has stopped in answer to a fire alarm, unless directed	2544
to do so by a police officer or a firefighter.	2545
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	2546
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	2547
within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	2548
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	2549
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	2550
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	2551
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	2552
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	2553
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	2554
degree.	2555
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	2556
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	2557
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	2558
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	2559
Revised Code.	2560
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	2561
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	2562
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	2563
the additional penalties established under that section.	2564
Sec. 4511.73. (A) No streetcar, trackless trolley, or	2565
vehicle shall, without the consent of the fire department	2566
official in command, be driven over any unprotected hose of a	2567
fire department that is laid down on any street, private	2568
driveway, or streetcar track to be used at any fire or alarm of	2569
fire.	2570
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	2571
violates this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor. If,	2572

within one year of the offense, the offender previously has been	2573
convicted of or pleaded guilty to one predicate motor vehicle or	2574
traffic offense, whoever violates this section is guilty of a	2575
misdemeanor of the fourth degree. If, within one year of the	2576
offense, the offender previously has been convicted of two or	2577
more predicate motor vehicle or traffic offenses, whoever	2578
violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third	2579
degree.	2580
If the offender commits the offense while distracted and	2581
the distracting activity is a contributing factor to the	2582
commission of the offense, the offender is subject to the	2583
additional fine established under section 4511.991 of the	2584
Revised Code.	2585
If the offender commits the offense while operating a	2586
motor vehicle in a construction zone and division (C) of section	2587
4511.993 of the Revised Code applies, the offender is subject to	2588
the additional penalties established under that section.	2589
Sec. 4511.993. (A) As used in this section, "construction	2590
zone" means that lane or portion of street or highway open to	2591
vehicular traffic and adjacent to a lane, berm, or shoulder of a	2592
street or highway within which lane, berm, or shoulder	2593
construction, reconstruction, resurfacing, or any other work of	2594
a repair or maintenance nature, including public utility work,	2595
is being conducted, commencing with the point where the first	2596
worker or piece of equipment is located and ending where the	2597
last worker or piece of equipment is located.	2598
(B) Subject to division (C) of this section, if an	2599
operator of a motor vehicle violates section 4511.03, 4511.12,	2600
4511.132, 4511.202, 4511.204, 4511.205, 4511.21, 4511.211,	2601
4511.213, 4511.22, 4511.23, 4511.25, 4511.251, 4511.26, 4511.27,	2602

4511.28, 4511.29, 4511.30, 4511.31, 4511.32, 4511.33, 4511.34,	2603
4511.35, 4511.36, 4511.37, 4511.38, 4511.39, 4511.41, 4511.42,	2604
4511.43, 4511.431, 4511.44, 4511.441, 4511.451, 4511.46,	2605
4511.47, 4511.54, 4511.57, 4511.58, 4511.59, 4511.60, 4511.61,	2606
4511.64, 4511.71, 4511.711, 4511.712, 4511.72, or 4511.73 of the	2607
Revised Code while driving in a construction zone, the operator	2608
is subject to the applicable penalty for the violation and,	2609
notwithstanding section 2929.28 of the Revised Code, the	2610
<pre>following:</pre>	2611
(1) Except as provided in division (B)(2) or (3) of this	2612
section, an additional fine of four hundred dollars, which shall	2613
be in addition to any fine imposed for the underlying offense,	2614
and mandatory completion of a safe driving course approved by	2615
the director of public safety;	2616
(2) Except as provided in division (B)(3) of this section,	2617
if the operator has previously been penalized under this	2618
section, a fine of eight hundred dollars and a driver's license	2619
suspension of ninety days, which shall be in addition to any	2620
fine and driver's license suspension imposed for the underlying	2621
offense, and mandatory completion of a safe driving course	2622
approved by the director of public safety;	2623
(3) If an offender has previously been penalized two or	2624
more times under this section, a fine of one thousand two	2625
hundred dollars and a driver's license suspension of one year,	2626
which shall be in addition to any fine and driver's license	2627
suspension imposed for the underlying offense, and mandatory	2628
completion of a safe driving course approved by the director of	2629
<pre>public safety.</pre>	2630
(C) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the	2631
contrary, the court shall only impose enhanced penalties as	2632

specified under division (B) of this section when all of the	2633
<pre>following apply:</pre>	2634
(1) The offense occurs within a construction zone in which	2635
a sign is posted in accordance with division (E) of this	2636
section.	2637
(2) The underlying violation occurs when a construction	2638
worker is present in the construction zone.	2639
(3) The offense is corroborated by either the following:	2640
(a) Not less than two witnesses;	2641
(b) A video recorded by a body camera, dash camera, or	2642
roadside camera.	2643
(D) The director of public safety shall approve safe	2644
driving courses for purposes of this section and shall list	2645
approved courses on the web site of the department of public	2646
safety.	2647
(E) In accordance with the guidelines and design	2648
specifications established by the director of transportation	2649
under section 5501.27 of the Revised Code, the director of	2650
transportation, board of county commissioners, or board of	2651
township trustees shall cause signs to be erected advising	2652
motorists that increased penalties apply for certain traffic	2653
violations occurring on streets or highways in a construction	2654
zone.	2655
(F) The director of transportation may establish speed	2656
limits within construction zones that vary based on the type of	2657
work being conducted, the time of day, or any other criteria the	2658
director may consider appropriate.	2659
Sec 5501 27 (A) The director of transportation shall	2660

adopt rules that do the following: 2661

(1) Rules governing the posting of signs advising 2662 motorists that increased penalties apply for certain traffic 2663 violations occurring on streets or highways in a construction 2664 zone; 2665

- (2) Rules governing the posting of signs to be used 2666 pursuant to section 2903.081 of the Revised Code giving notice 2667 to motorists of the prohibitions set forth in sections 2903.06 2668 and 2903.08 of the Revised Code regarding the death of or injury 2669 to any person in a construction zone as a proximate result of a 2670 reckless operation offense or speeding offense. 2671
- (B) The rules required under divisions (A)(1) and (2) of 2672 this section shall include guidelines to determine which areas 2673 are appropriate to the posting of such signs. The guidelines may 2674 include consideration of the following: the duration of the work 2675 on the street or highway, the proximity of workers to moving 2676 traffic, the existence of any unusual or hazardous conditions, 2677 the volume of traffic on the street or highway, and any other 2678 appropriate factors. The director shall formulate design 2679 specifications for the signs described in division (A)(1) of 2680 this section advising motorists of the increased penalties and 2681 the signs described in division (A)(2) of this section notifying 2682 motorists of the prohibitions set forth in sections 2903.06 and 2683 2903.08 of the Revised Code regarding the death of or injury to 2684 any person in a construction zone as a proximate result of a 2685 reckless operation offense or speeding offense as described in 2686 that division. For purposes of traffic violation penalties, 2687 nothing in this section is intended to conflict with any 2688 standard set forth in the federal manual of uniform traffic 2689 control devices for streets and highways. 2690

(C) As used in this section—and in section 4511.98 of the—	2691
Revised Code, "construction zone" means that lane or portion of	2692
street or highway open to vehicular traffic and adjacent to a	2693
lane, berm, or shoulder of a street or highway within which	2694
lane, berm, or shoulder construction, reconstruction,	2695
resurfacing, or any other work of a repair or maintenance	2696
nature, including public utility work, is being conducted,	2697
commencing with the point where the first worker or piece of	2698
equipment is located and ending where the last worker or piece	2699
of equipment is located.	2700
Sec. 5517.07. $\frac{(A)}{(A)}(1)$ If not already present, the	2701
department of transportation shall install signs and other	2702
traffic control devices designed to slow down the flow of	2703
traffic in construction and similar work zones. The signs and	2704
devices may include arrow boards, channelizing devices,	2705
temporary raise pavement markers, portable changeable message	2706
signs, temporary traffic barriers, screens, rumble strips, and	2707
any other signs or devices the director of transportation	2708
determines are appropriate for the highway and local conditions.	2709
(2) A private contractor performing construction work in a	2710
construction zone, after consulting with the department or local	2711
jurisdiction, as applicable, may install speed monitoring	2712
devices in the construction zone that display the speed of	2713
passing traffic and that include flashing lights.	2714
(B) The department shall ensure that the placement and	2715
specifications for the signs and devices <u>under this section</u>	2716
conform to the department's manual of uniform traffic control	2717
devices as adopted under section 4511.09 of the Revised Code.	2718
Section 2. That existing sections 4508.02, 4511.03,	2719
4511.12, 4511.132, 4511.202, 4511.204, 4511.205, 4511.21,	2720

4511.211, 4511.213, 4511.22, 4511.23, 4511.25, 4511.251,	2721
4511.26, 4511.27, 4511.28, 4511.29, 4511.30, 4511.31, 4511.32,	2722
4511.33, 4511.34, 4511.35, 4511.36, 4511.37, 4511.38, 4511.39,	2723
4511.41, 4511.42, 4511.43, 4511.431, 4511.44, 4511.441,	2724
4511.451, 4511.46, 4511.47, 4511.54, 4511.57, 4511.58, 4511.59,	2725
4511.60, 4511.61, 4511.64, 4511.71, 4511.711, 4511.712, 4511.72,	2726
4511.73, 5501.27, and 5517.07 of the Revised Code are hereby	2727
repealed.	2728
Section 3. That section 4511.98 of the Revised Code is	2729
hereby repealed.	2730
	0701
Section 4. The General Assembly, applying the principle	2731
stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that	2732
amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of	2733
simultaneous operation, finds that the following sections,	2734
presented in this act as composites of the sections as amended	2735
by the acts indicated, are the resulting versions of the	2736
sections in effect prior to the effective date of the sections	2737
as presented in this act:	2738
Section 4511.132 of the Revised Code as amended by H.B. 9,	2739
H.B. 26, H.B. 95, and H.B. 250, all of the 132nd General	2740
Assembly.	2741
Section 4511.213 of the Revised Code as amended by both	2742
H.B. 95 and S.B. 127 of the 132nd General Assembly.	2743
Section 4511.27 of the Revised Code as amended by both	2744
H.B. 95 and H.B. 250 of the 132nd General Assembly.	2745
Section 4511.39 of the Revised Code as amended by both	2746
H.B. 95 and H.B. 250 of the 132nd General Assembly.	2747
Section 4511.61 of the Revised Code as amended by both	2748
H.B. 26 and H.B. 95 of the 132nd General Assembly.	2749