As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee

135th General Assembly

Regular Session

Sub. H. B. No. 480

2023-2024

Representatives Young, T., Demetriou

Cosponsors: Representatives Bird, Claggett, Click, Dean, Fowler Arthur, Gross, Hillyer, Holmes, John, Johnson, King, Klopfenstein, Lear, Lipps, Mathews, Patton, Plummer, Ray, Robb Blasdel, Santucci, Schmidt, Wiggam, Williams, Dobos, Abrams

A BILL

То	amend section 2909.07 and to enact sections]
	1923.16 and 2913.53 of the Revised Code to	2
	provide for the expedited removal of	3
	unauthorized occupants of residential property,	4
	to prohibit the use and sale of fraudulent	5
	deeds, and to declare an emergency.	6

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 2909.07 be amended and sections	7
1923.16 and 2913.53 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as	8
follows:	9
Sec. 1923.16. (A) Notwithstanding any contrary provision	10
of this chapter, a record owner of real property in this state	11
or the record owner's authorized agent may request the county	12
sheriff to immediately remove a person who unlawfully occupies a	13
residential premises on that real property, if all of the	14
following apply:	15
(1) The requesting person is the record owner of the real	16

property or the authorized agent of the record owner.	17
(2) The real property includes a residential premises, and	18
the record owner has the right to occupy that residential	19
premises to the exclusion of others.	20
(3) The unauthorized occupant unlawfully entered the	21
residential premises and is residing or otherwise remains in the	22
residential premises.	23
(4) The residential premises was not open to members of	24
the public at the time the unauthorized occupant entered.	25
(5) At least three days before submitting the request, the	26
record owner directed the unauthorized occupant to leave the	27
residential premises by sending written notice by certified	28
mail, return receipt requested, by handing a written copy of the	29
notice to the unauthorized occupant, or by leaving a written	30
copy of the notice at the unauthorized occupant's usual place of	31
abode or at the residential premises from which the record owner	32
seeks to remove the unauthorized occupant. The notice shall	33
contain the following language printed or written in a	34
conspicuous manner: "You are being asked to leave the premises.	35
If you do not leave, you may be removed by the county sheriff.	36
If you are in doubt regarding your legal rights and obligations	37
as an occupant of this premises, it is recommended that you seek	38
<pre>legal assistance."</pre>	39
(6) The unauthorized occupant is not currently, and was	40
not at any time during the year preceding the date the request	41
is submitted, a tenant of the residential premises pursuant to a	42
written or oral rental agreement authorized by the record owner.	43
(7) The unauthorized occupant is not a current or former	44
owner of any interest in the real property or the residential	45

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14. A copy of the deed to the residential premises is

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attached.	101
I HAVE READ EVERY STATEMENT MADE IN THIS COMPLAINT AND	102
EACH STATEMENT IS TRUE AND CORRECT. I UNDERSTAND THAT THE	103
STATEMENTS MADE IN THIS COMPLAINT ARE MADE UNDER PENALTY OF	104
PERJURY, PUNISHABLE AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 2921.11 OF THE	105
REVISED CODE.	106
(Signature of record owner or record_	107
owner's agent)"	108
(C)(1) Upon receipt of a complaint that substantially	109
conforms to the requirements of this section, and that includes	110
both a copy of the deed to the residential premises and a sworn	111
affirmation that the information in the complaint is true and	112
correct, the sheriff shall, without delay, service a notice to	113
immediately vacate on all unauthorized occupants and shall put	114
the record owner in possession of the real property.	115
(2) Service may be accomplished by hand delivery of the	116
notice to an occupant or by posting the notice on the front door	117
or entrance of the residential premises. The sheriff shall	118
attempt to verify the identities of all persons occupying the	119
residential premises and note the identities on the return of	120
service. If appropriate, the sheriff may arrest any person found	121
in the residential premises for trespass, outstanding warrants,	122
or any other legal cause.	123
(D) The sheriff is entitled to the same fee for service of	124
the notice to immediately vacate as if the sheriff were serving	125
a writ of possession under section 311.17 of the Revised Code.	126
(E) (1) After the sheriff serves the notice to immediately	127
vacate, the record owner or authorized agent may request that	128
the sheriff stand by to keep the peace while the record owner or	129

(H) This section does not limit the rights of a property

owner or limit the authority of a law enforcement officer to

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station, monument, or marker;	187
(4) Without privilege to do so, knowingly move, deface,	188
damage, destroy, or otherwise improperly tamper with any safety	189
device, the property of another, or the property of the offender	190
when required or placed for the safety of others, so as to	191
destroy or diminish its effectiveness or availability for its	192
<pre>intended purpose;</pre>	193
(5) With purpose to interfere with the use or enjoyment of	194
the property of another, set a fire on the land of another or	195
place personal property that has been set on fire on the land of	196
another, which fire or personal property is outside and apart	197
from any building, other structure, or personal property that is	198
on that land;	199
(6) Without privilege to do so, and with intent to impair	200
the functioning of any computer, computer system, computer	201
network, computer software, or computer program, knowingly do	202
any of the following:	203
(a) In any manner or by any means, including, but not	204
limited to, computer hacking, alter, damage, destroy, or modify	205
a computer, computer system, computer network, computer	206
software, or computer program or data contained in a computer,	207
computer system, computer network, computer software, or	208
computer program;	209
(b) Introduce a computer contaminant into a computer,	210
computer system, computer network, computer software, or	211
computer program.	212
(7) Without privilege to do so, knowingly destroy or	213
improperly tamper with a critical infrastructure facility:	214
(8) Without privilege to do so, unlawfully detain, occupy,	215

or trespass upon a residential dwelling and intentionally cause	216
at least one thousand dollars in damages to the dwelling.	217
(B) As used in this section:	218
(1) "Safety device" means any fire extinguisher, fire	219
hose, or fire axe, or any fire escape, emergency exit, or	220
emergency escape equipment, or any life line, life-saving ring,	221
life preserver, or life boat or raft, or any alarm, light,	222
flare, signal, sign, or notice intended to warn of danger or	223
emergency, or intended for other safety purposes, or any guard	224
railing or safety barricade, or any traffic sign or signal, or	225
any railroad grade crossing sign, signal, or gate, or any first	226
aid or survival equipment, or any other device, apparatus, or	227
equipment intended for protecting or preserving the safety of	228
persons or property.	229
(2) "Critical infrastructure facility" has the same	230
meaning as in section 2911.21 of the Revised Code.	231
(3) "Improperly tamper" means to change the physical	232
location or the physical condition of the property.	233
(C)(1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of criminal	234
mischief, and shall be punished as provided in division (C)(2),	235
(3), or (4) of this section.	236
(2) Except as otherwise provided in this division,	237
criminal mischief committed in violation of division (A)(1),	238
(2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section is a misdemeanor of the	239
third degree. Except as otherwise provided in this division, if	240
the violation of division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this	241
section creates a risk of physical harm to any person, criminal	242
mischief committed in violation of division (A)(1), (2), (3),	243
(4), or (5) of this section is a misdemeanor of the first	244

degree. If the property involved in the violation of division	245
(A) (1) , (2) , (3) , (4) , or (5) of this section is an aircraft, an	246
aircraft engine, propeller, appliance, spare part, fuel,	247
lubricant, hydraulic fluid, any other equipment, implement, or	248
material used or intended to be used in the operation of an	249
aircraft, or any cargo carried or intended to be carried in an	250
aircraft, criminal mischief committed in violation of division	251
(A) (1) , (2) , (3) , (4) , or (5) of this section is one of the	252
following:	253

- (a) If the violation creates a risk of physical harm to 254 any person, except as otherwise provided in division (C)(2)(b) 255 of this section, criminal mischief committed in violation of 256 division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section is a 257 felony of the fifth degree. 258
- (b) If the violation creates a substantial risk of 259 physical harm to any person or if the property involved in a 260 violation of this section is an occupied aircraft, criminal 261 mischief committed in violation of division (A)(1), (2), (3), 262 (4), or (5) of this section is a felony of the fourth degree. 263
- (3) Except as otherwise provided in this division, criminal mischief committed in violation of division (A)(6) of this section is a misdemeanor of the first degree. Except as otherwise provided in this division, if the value of the computer, computer system, computer network, computer software, computer program, or data involved in the violation of division (A)(6) of this section or the loss to the victim resulting from the violation is one thousand dollars or more and less than ten thousand dollars, or if the computer, computer system, computer network, computer software, computer program, or data involved in the violation of division (A)(6) of this section is used or

rights.

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intended to be used in the operation of an aircraft and the	275
violation creates a risk of physical harm to any person,	276
criminal mischief committed in violation of division (A)(6) of	277
this section is a felony of the fifth degree. If the value of	278
the computer, computer system, computer network, computer	279
software, computer program, or data involved in the violation of	280
division (A)(6) of this section or the loss to the victim	281
resulting from the violation is ten thousand dollars or more, or	282
if the computer, computer system, computer network, computer	283
software, computer program, or data involved in the violation of	284
division (A)(6) of this section is used or intended to be used	285
in the operation of an aircraft and the violation creates a	286
substantial risk of physical harm to any person or the aircraft	287
in question is an occupied aircraft, criminal mischief committed	288
in violation of division (A)(6) of this section is a felony of	289
the fourth degree.	290
(4) Criminal mischief committed in violation of division	291
(A)(7) of this section is a felony of the third degree.	292
(5) Except as otherwise provided in this division,	293
criminal mischief committed in violation of division (A)(8) of	294
this section is a felony of the fifth degree. If the offender	295
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to criminal	296
mischief committed in violation of division (A)(8) of this	297
section, a subsequent violation is a felony of the fourth	298
<u>degree.</u>	299
Sec. 2913.53. (A) No person, with the purpose to detain or	300
remain upon real property, shall knowingly present to another	301
person a false document purporting to be a valid lease	302
agreement, deed, or other instrument conveying real property	303

(B) No person shall knowingly do any of the following:	305
(1) List or advertise residential real property that the	306
purported seller has no legal title or authority to sell;	307
(2) Rent or lease residential real property that the	308
purported owner has no lawful ownership in to another person;	309
(3) Sell or otherwise encumber residential real property	310
that the purported seller has no legal title or authority to	311
sell or encumber.	312
(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of title	313
fraud. A violation of division (A) of this section is a felony	314
of the fifth degree. A violation of division (B) of this section	315
is a felony of the fourth degree.	316
Section 2. That existing section 2909.07 of the Revised	317
Code is hereby repealed.	318
Section 3. This act is hereby declared to be an emergency	319
measure necessary for the immediate preservation of the public	320
peace, health, and safety. The reason for such necessity is that	321
due to the impact of loss of ownership of property, the bill is	322
needed to protect property owners. Therefore, this act shall go	323
into immediate effect	324