As Passed by the House

135th General Assembly

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Sub. H. B. No. 503

Representatives Peterson, Jones

Cosponsors: Representatives Miller, J., Abrams, Brennan, Carruthers, Claggett, Cutrona, Dobos, Fowler Arthur, Gross, Hall, Isaacsohn, Jarrells, King, Klopfenstein, LaRe, Lorenz, Mathews, Miller, K., Mohamed, Patton, Richardson, Robb Blasdel, Santucci, Seitz, Stewart, Swearingen, Thomas, C., Willis

A BILL

ľO	amend sections 901.43, 942.01, 942.02, 943.23,	Τ
	943.26, 1531.01, 1533.01, 1533.731, 1533.99, and	2
	4745.01; to amend, for the purpose of adopting a	3
	new section number as indicated in parentheses,	4
	section 942.13 (942.05); to enact new sections	5
	942.03 and 942.04 and sections 1533.75 and	6
	1533.751; and to repeal sections 942.03, 942.04,	7
	942.05, 942.06, 942.07, 942.10, 942.11, 942.12,	8
	and 942.99 of the Revised Code to prohibit	9
	certain activities regarding garbage-fed swine,	10
	feral swine, and wild boar.	11

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 901.43, 942.01, 942.02, 943.23,	12
943.26, 1531.01, 1533.01, 1533.731, 1533.99, and 4745.01 be	13
amended; section 942.13 (942.05) be amended for the purpose of	14
adopting a new section number as indicated in parentheses; and	15
new sections 942.03 and 942.04 and sections 1533.75 and 1533.751	16
of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	17

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Sec. 901.43. (A) The director of agriculture may authorize	18
any department of agriculture laboratory to perform a laboratory	19
service for any person, organization, political subdivision,	20
state agency, federal agency, or other entity, whether public or	21
private. The director shall adopt and enforce rules to provide	22
for the rendering of a laboratory service.	23
(B) The director may charge a reasonable fee for the	24
performance of a laboratory service, except when the service is	25
performed on an official sample taken by the director acting	26
pursuant to Title IX, Chapter 3715., or Chapter 3717. of the	27
Revised Code; by a board of health acting as the licensor of	28

The director shall publish a list of laboratory services offered, together with the fee for each service.

retail food establishments or food service operations under

Chapter 3717. of the Revised Code; or by the director of health

acting as the licensor of food service operations under Chapter

3717. of the Revised Code. The director of agriculture shall

adopt rules specifying what constitutes an official sample.

(C) The director may enter into a contract with any person, organization, political subdivision, state agency, federal agency, or other entity for the provision of a laboratory service.

- (D)(1) The director may adopt rules establishing standards for accreditation of laboratories and laboratory services and in doing so may adopt by reference existing or recognized standards or practices.
- (2) The director may inspect and accredit laboratories and laboratory services, and may charge a reasonable fee for the inspections and accreditation.

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(E)(1) There is hereby created in the state treasury the	47
animal and consumer protection laboratory fund. Moneys from the	48
following sources shall be deposited into the state treasury to	49
the credit of the fund: all moneys collected by the director	50
under this section that are from fees generated by a laboratory	51
service performed by the department and related to the diseases	52
of animals, all moneys so collected that are from fees generated	53
for the inspection and accreditation of laboratories and	54
laboratory services related to the diseases of animals, all	55
moneys collected by the director under this section that are	56
from fees generated by a laboratory service performed by the	57
consumer protection laboratory, all moneys so collected that are	58
from fees generated for the inspection and accreditation of	59
laboratories and laboratory services not related to weights and	60
measures, money received by the director under sections 947.01	61
to 947.06 of the Revised Code, and all moneys collected under	62
Chapters $942.$, 943., and 953. of the Revised Code. The director	63
may use the moneys held in the fund to pay the expenses	64
necessary to operate the animal industry laboratory and the	65
consumer protection laboratory, including the purchase of	66
supplies and equipment.	67

(2) All moneys collected by the director under this section that are from fees generated by a laboratory service performed by the weights and measures laboratory, and all moneys so collected that are from fees generated for the inspection and accreditation of laboratories and laboratory services related to weights and measures, shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the weights and measures laboratory fund, which is hereby created in the state treasury. The moneys held in the fund may be used to pay the expenses necessary to operate the division of weights and measures, including the purchase of

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has been fed garbage or treated garbage.	106
(C) A license shall be renewed before the thirty-first day	107
of December of each year, and an application for renewal shall	108
be filed before the thirtieth day of November of each year.	109
(D) The fee for the license shall be one hundred dollars	110
per annum. A late fee of fifty dollars shall be paid for each-	111
application that is received after the thirtieth day of November	112
each year.	113
(E) All money collected under this section shall be	114
credited to the animal and consumer protection laboratory fund-	115
created in section 901.43 of the Revised Code.	116
Sec. 942.03. (A) Upon receipt of a complaint or on the	117
director of agriculture's own initiative, the director may	118
investigate violations of section 942.02 of the Revised Code and	119
make inquiries into any alleged violations as are necessary to	120
secure compliance with this chapter and orders issued under it.	121
(B) With the consent of the owner of a premises, lessee of	122
a premises, or the owner, keeper, or harborer of a swine that is	123
kept or harbored on a premises, the director or the director's	124
authorized representative may enter at all reasonable times on	125
any premises where swine are kept or harbored for the purpose of	126
determining compliance with section 942.02 of the Revised Code.	127
If the director or the director's authorized representative is	128
denied access to the premises and suspects that section 942.02	129
of the Revised Code is not being complied with, the director may	130
apply for a search warrant authorizing access from a court of	131
competent jurisdiction. The court shall issue the search warrant	132
if there is probable cause. Probable cause may be based on	133
hearsay provided that there is substantial basis for helieving	13/

the source is credible and there is factual basis for the	135
information.	136
(C) Upon entering a premises in accordance with division	137
(B) of this section, the director or the director's authorized	138
representative shall observe biosecurity measures in order to	139
prevent spreading disease and infecting livestock.	140
Sec. 942.04. (A) The director of agriculture may assess a	141
civil penalty against a person that violates section 942.02 of	142
the Revised Code. The director may assess a civil penalty only	143
if the director affords the person an opportunity for an	144
adjudication hearing under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code. The	145
person may waive the right to an adjudication hearing.	146
(B) If the opportunity for an adjudication hearing is	147
waived or if, after an adjudication hearing, the director	148
determines that a violation has occurred or is occurring, the	149
director may issue an order requiring compliance with section	150
942.02 of the Revised Code and assess the civil penalty. The	151
order and assessment of the civil penalty may be appealed in	152
accordance with section 119.12 of the Revised Code.	153
(C) The director may assess a civil penalty for a	154
violation of section 942.02 of the Revised Code in the following	155
<pre>amounts:</pre>	156
(1) For a first violation, not more than five hundred	157
dollars;	158
(2) For each subsequent violation, not more than one	159
thousand dollars.	160
(D) Money collected under division (C) of this section	161
shall be credited to the animal and consumer protection fund	162
created in section 943.26 of the Revised Code.	163

Sec. 942.13 942.05 . This chapter does not apply to either	164
of the following:	165
(A) An individual who feeds garbage from the individual's	166
household to the individual's own animals or an individual who	167
only feeds bakery waste, candy waste, eggs, vegetables, or dairy	168
products to swine;	169
(B) Rendered products. As used in this division, "rendered	170
product" means raw rendering material that has been ground and	171
heated to a minimum temperature of two hundred thirty degrees	172
Fahrenheit to make products such as animal, poultry, or fish	173
protein, grease, or tallow.	174
Sec. 943.23. (A) A captive whitetail deer licensee shall	175
comply with the requirements established in sections 943.20 to	176
943.26 of the Revised Code and in rules. The director of	177
agriculture may suspend or revoke a license issued under section	178
943.03 or 943.031 of the Revised Code regarding monitored	179
captive deer, captive deer with status, or captive deer with	180
certified chronic wasting disease status if the licensee fails	181
to comply with those requirements.	182
(B)(1) The director, after providing an opportunity for an	183
adjudication hearing under Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, may	184
assess a civil penalty against a person who has violated or is	185
in violation of section 943.20 of the Revised Code. If the	186
director assesses a civil penalty, the director shall do so as	187
follows:	188
(a) If, within five years of the violation, the director	189
has not previously assessed a civil penalty against the person	190
under this section, in an amount not exceeding five hundred	191
dollars:	192

(b) If, within five years of the violation, the director	193
has previously assessed one civil penalty against the person	194
under this section, in an amount not exceeding two thousand five	195
hundred dollars;	196
(c) If, within five years of the violation, the director	197
has previously assessed two or more civil penalties against the	198
person under this section, in an amount not exceeding ten	199
thousand dollars.	200
(2) Money collected under division (B)(1) of this section	201
shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the	202
captive deer animal and consumer protection fund created in	203
section 943.26 of the Revised Code.	204
Sec. 943.26. Notwithstanding section 943.04 of the Revised	205
Code, all money collected through the issuance of licenses to	206
captive whitetail deer licensees under this chapter <u>and all</u>	207
money collected under section 942.04 of the Revised Code shall	208
be credited to the captive deer animal and consumer protection	209
fund, which is hereby created in the state treasury. The	210
director of agriculture shall use money in the fund to	211
administer Chapter 942. and sections 943.20 to 943.26 of the	212
Revised Code and rules.	213
Sec. 1531.01. As used in this chapter and Chapter 1533. of	214
the Revised Code:	215
(A) "Person" means a person as defined in section 1.59 of	216
the Revised Code or a company; an employee, agent, or officer of	217
such a person or company; a combination of individuals; the	218
state; a political subdivision of the state; an interstate body	219
created by a compact; or the federal government or a department,	220
agency, or instrumentality of it	221

(B) "Resident" means either of the following:	222
(1) An individual who has resided in this state for not	223
less than six months preceding the date of making application	224
for a license or permit;	225
(2) An individual who is a full-time student enrolled in	226
an accredited Ohio public or private college or university and	227
who resides in this state at the time the individual makes	228
application for a license or permit and who attests to the	229
individual's full-time student status in a manner determined by	230
the chief of the division of wildlife.	231
(C) "Nonresident" means any individual who does not	232
qualify as a resident.	233
(D) "Division rule" or "rule" means any rule adopted by	234
the chief of the division of wildlife under section 1531.10 of	235
the Revised Code unless the context indicates otherwise.	236
(E) "Closed season" means that period of time during which	237
the taking of wild animals protected by this chapter and Chapter	238
1533. of the Revised Code is prohibited.	239
(F) "Open season" means that period of time during which	240
the taking of wild animals protected by this chapter and Chapter	241
1533. of the Revised Code is permitted.	242
(G) "Take or taking" includes pursuing, shooting, hunting,	243
killing, trapping, angling, fishing with a trotline, or netting	244
any clam, mussel, crayfish, aquatic insect, fish, frog, turtle,	245
wild bird, or wild quadruped, and any lesser act, such as	246
wounding, or placing, setting, drawing, or using any other	247
device for killing or capturing any wild animal, whether it	248
results in killing or capturing the animal or not. "Take or	249
taking" includes every attempt to kill or capture and every act	250

of assistance to any other person in killing or capturing or	251
attempting to kill or capture a wild animal.	252
(H) "Possession" means both actual and constructive	253
possession and any control of things referred to.	254
(I) "Bag limit" means the number, measurement, or weight	255
of any kind of crayfish, aquatic insects, fish, frogs, turtles,	256
wild birds, and wild quadrupeds permitted to be taken.	257
(J) "Transport and transportation" means carrying or	258
moving or causing to be carried or moved.	259
(K) "Sell and sale" means barter, exchange, or offer or	260
expose for sale.	261
(L) "Whole to include part" means that every provision	262
relating to any wild animal protected by this chapter and	263
Chapter 1533. of the Revised Code applies to any part of the	264
wild animal with the same effect as it applies to the whole.	265
(M) "Angling" means fishing with not more than two hand	266
lines, not more than two units of rod and line, or a combination	267
of not more than one hand line and one rod and line, either in	268
hand or under control at any time while fishing. The hand line	269
or rod and line shall have attached to it not more than three	270
baited hooks, not more than three artificial fly rod lures, or	271
one artificial bait casting lure equipped with not more than	272
three sets of three hooks each.	273
(N) "Trotline" means a device for catching fish that	274
consists of a line having suspended from it, at frequent	275
intervals, vertical lines with hooks attached.	276
(O) "Fish" means a cold-blooded vertebrate having fins.	277
(P) "Measurement of fish" means length from the end of the	278

nose to the longest tip or end of the tail.	279
(Q) "Wild birds" includes game birds and nongame birds.	280
(R) "Game" includes game birds, game quadrupeds, and fur-	281
bearing animals.	282
(S) "Game birds" includes mourning doves, ringneck	283
pheasants, bobwhite quail, ruffed grouse, sharp-tailed grouse,	284
pinnated grouse, wild turkey, Hungarian partridge, Chukar	285
partridge, woodcocks, black-breasted plover, golden plover,	286
Wilson's snipe or jacksnipe, greater and lesser yellowlegs,	287
rail, coots, gallinules, duck, geese, brant, and crows.	288
(T) "Nongame birds" includes all other wild birds not	289
included and defined as game birds or migratory game birds.	290
(U) "Wild quadrupeds" includes game quadrupeds-and, fur-	291
bearing animals, and wild boar or feral swine.	292
(V) "Game quadrupeds" includes cottontail rabbits, gray	293
squirrels, black squirrels, fox squirrels, red squirrels, flying	294
squirrels, chipmunks, groundhogs or woodchucks, white-tailed	295
deer, wild boar, elk, and black bears.	296
(W) "Fur-bearing animals" includes minks, weasels,	297
raccoons, skunks, opossums, muskrats, fox, beavers, badgers,	298
otters, coyotes, and bobcats.	299
(X) "Wild animals" includes mollusks, crustaceans, aquatic	300
insects, fish, reptiles, amphibians, wild birds, wild	301
quadrupeds, and all other wild mammals, but does not include	302
domestic deer.	303
(Y) "Hunting" means pursuing, shooting, killing, following	304
after or on the trail of, lying in wait for, shooting at, or	305
wounding wild birds or wild quadrupeds while employing any	306

device commonly used to kill or wound wild birds or wild	307
quadrupeds whether or not the acts result in killing or	308
wounding. "Hunting" includes every attempt to kill or wound and	309
every act of assistance to any other person in killing or	310
wounding or attempting to kill or wound wild birds or wild	311
quadrupeds.	312
(Z) "Trapping" means securing or attempting to secure	313
possession of a wild bird or wild quadruped by means of setting,	314
placing, drawing, or using any device that is designed to close	315
upon, hold fast, confine, or otherwise capture a wild bird or	316
wild quadruped whether or not the means results in capture.	317
"Trapping" includes every act of assistance to any other person	318
in capturing wild birds or wild quadrupeds by means of the	319
device whether or not the means results in capture.	320
(AA) "Muskrat spear" means any device used in spearing	321
muskrats.	322
(BB) "Channels and passages" means those narrow bodies of	323
water lying between islands or between an island and the	324
mainland in Lake Erie.	325
(CC) "Island" means a rock or land elevation above the	326
waters of Lake Erie having an area of five or more acres above	327
water.	328
(DD) "Reef" means an elevation of rock, either broken or	329
in place, or gravel shown by the latest United States chart to	330
be above the common level of the surrounding bottom of the lake,	331
other than the rock bottom, or in place forming the base or	332
foundation rock of an island or mainland and sloping from the	333
shore of it. "Reef" also means all elevations shown by that	334

chart to be above the common level of the sloping base or

foundation rock of an island or mainland, whether running from	336
the shore of an island or parallel with the contour of the shore	337
of an island or in any other way and whether formed by rock,	338
broken or in place, or from gravel.	339
(EE) "Fur farm" means any area used exclusively for	340
raising fur-bearing animals or in addition thereto used for	341
hunting game, the boundaries of which are plainly marked as	342
such.	343
(FF) "Waters" includes any lake, pond, reservoir, stream,	344
channel, lagoon, or other body of water, or any part thereof,	345
whether natural or artificial.	346
(GG) "Crib" or "car" refers to that particular compartment	347
of the net from which the fish are taken when the net is lifted.	348
(HH) "Commercial fish" means those species of fish	349
permitted to be taken, possessed, bought, or sold unless	350
otherwise restricted by the Revised Code or division rule and	351
are alewife (Alosa pseudoharengus), American eel (Anguilla	352
rostrata), bowfin (Amia calva), burbot (Lota lota), carp	353
(Cyprinus carpio), smallmouth buffalo (Ictiobus bubalus),	354
bigmouth buffalo (Ictiobus cyprinellus), black bullhead	355
(Ictalurus melas), yellow bullhead (Ictalurus natalis), brown	356
bullhead (Ictalurus nebulosus), channel catfish (Ictalurus	357
punctatus), flathead catfish (Pylodictis olivaris), whitefish	358
(Coregonus sp.), cisco (Coregonus sp.), freshwater drum or	359
sheepshead (Aplodinotus grunniens), gar (Lepisosteus sp.),	360
gizzard shad (Dorosoma cepedianum), goldfish (Carassius	361
auratus), lake trout (Salvelinus namaycush), mooneye (Hiodon	362
tergisus), quillback (Carpiodes cyprinus), smelt (Allosmerus	363
elongatus, Hypomesus sp., Osmerus sp., Spirinchus sp.), sturgeon	364

(Acipenser sp., Scaphirhynchus sp.), sucker other than buffalo

and quillback (Carpiodes sp., Catostomus sp., Hypentelium sp.,	366
Minytrema sp., Moxostoma sp.), white bass (Morone chrysops),	367
white perch (Roccus americanus), and yellow perch (Perca	368
flavescens). When the common name of a fish is used in this	369
chapter or Chapter 1533. of the Revised Code, it refers to the	370
fish designated by the scientific name in this definition.	371
(II) "Fishing" means taking or attempting to take fish by	372
any method, and all other acts such as placing, setting,	373
drawing, or using any device commonly used to take fish whether	374
resulting in a taking or not.	375
(JJ) "Fillet" means the pieces of flesh taken or cut from	376
both sides of a fish, joined to form one piece of flesh.	377
(KK) "Part fillet" means a piece of flesh taken or cut	378
from one side of a fish.	379
(LL) "Round" when used in describing fish means with head	380
and tail intact.	381
(MM) "Migrate" means the transit or movement of fish to or	382
from one place to another as a result of natural forces or	383
instinct and includes, but is not limited to, movement of fish	384
induced or caused by changes in the water flow.	385
(NN) "Spreader bar" means a brail or rigid bar placed	386
across the entire width of the back, at the top and bottom of	387
the cars in all trap, crib, and fyke nets for the purpose of	388
keeping the meshes hanging squarely while the nets are fishing.	389
(00) "Fishing guide" means any person who, for	390
consideration or hire, operates a boat, rents, leases, or	391
otherwise furnishes angling devices, ice fishing shanties or	392
shelters of any kind, or other fishing equipment, and	393
accompanies, guides, directs, or assists any other person in	394

order for the other person to engage in fishing.	395
(PP) "Net" means fishing devices with meshes composed of	396
twine or synthetic material and includes, but is not limited to,	397
trap nets, fyke nets, crib nets, carp aprons, dip nets, and	398
seines, except minnow seines and minnow dip nets.	399
(QQ) "Commercial fishing gear" means seines, trap nets,	400
fyke nets, dip nets, carp aprons, trotlines, other similar gear,	401
and any boat used in conjunction with that gear, but does not	402
include gill nets.	403
(RR) "Native wildlife" means any species of the animal	404
kingdom indigenous to this state.	405
(CC) Weill matty manner or simple continues of falcois and	400
(SS) "Gill net" means a single section of fabric or	406
netting seamed to a float line at the top and a lead line at the	407
bottom, which is designed to entangle fish in the net openings as they swim into it.	408 409
as they swim into it.	409
(TT) "Tag fishing tournament" means a contest in which a	410
participant pays a fee, or gives other valuable consideration,	411
for a chance to win a prize by virtue of catching a tagged or	412
otherwise specifically marked fish within a limited period of	413
time.	414
(UU) "Tenant" means an individual who resides on land for	415
which the individual pays rent and whose annual income is	416
primarily derived from agricultural production conducted on that	417
land, as "agricultural production" is defined in section 929.01	418
of the Revised Code.	419
(VV) "Nonnative wildlife" means any wild animal not	420
indigenous to this state, but does not include domestic deer.	421
(WW) "Reptiles" includes common musk turtle (sternotherus	422

odoratus), common snapping turtle (Chelydra serpentina	423
serpentina), spotted turtle (Clemmys guttata), eastern box	424
turtle (Terrapene carolina carolina), Blanding's turtle	425
(Emydoidea blandingii), common map turtle (Graptemys	426
geographica), ouachita map turtle (Graptemys pseudogeographica	427
ouachitensis), midland painted turtle (Chrysemys picta	428
marginata), red-eared slider (Trachemys scripta elegans),	429
eastern spiny softshell turtle (Apalone spinifera spinifera),	430
midland smooth softshell turtle (Apalone mutica mutica),	431
northern fence lizard (Sceloporus undulatus hyacinthinus),	432
ground skink (Scincella lateralis), five-lined skink (Eumeces	433
fasciatus), broadhead skink (Eumeces laticeps), northern coal	434
skink (Eumeces anthracinus anthracinus), European wall lizard	435
(Podarcis muralis), queen snake (Regina septemvittata),	436
Kirtland's snake (Clonophis kirtlandii), northern water snake	437
(Nerodia sipedon sipedon), Lake Erie watersnake (Nerodia sipedon	438
insularum), copperbelly water snake (Nerodia erythrogaster	439
neglecta), northern brown snake (Storeria dekayi dekayi),	440
midland brown snake (Storeria dekayi wrightorum), northern	441
redbelly snake (Storeria occipitomaculata occipitomaculata),	442
eastern garter snake (Thamnophis sirtalis sirtalis), eastern	443
plains garter snake (Thamnophis radix radix), Butler's garter	444
snake (Thamnophis butleri), shorthead garter snake (Thamnophis	445
brachystoma), eastern ribbon snake (Thamnophis sauritus	446
sauritus), northern ribbon snake (Thamnophis sauritus	447
septentrionalis), eastern hognose snake (Heterodon platirhinos),	448
eastern smooth earth snake (Virginia valeriae valeriae),	449
northern ringneck snake (Diadophis punctatus edwardsii), midwest	450
worm snake (Carphophis amoenus helenae), eastern worm snake	451
(Carphophis amoenus amoenus), black racer (Coluber constrictor	452
constrictor), blue racer (Coluber constrictor foxii), rough	453
green snake (opheodrys aestivus), smooth green snake (opheodrys	454

vernalis vernalis), black rat snake (Elaphe obsoleta obsoleta),	455
eastern fox snake (Elaphe vulpina gloydi), black kingsnake	456
(Lampropeltis getula nigra), eastern milk snake (Lampropeltis	457
triangulum triangulum), northern copperhead (Agkistrodon	458
contortrix mokasen), eastern massasauga (Sistrurus catenatus	459
catenatus), and timber rattlesnake (Crotalus horridus horridus).	460
(XX) "Amphibians" includes eastern hellbender	461
(Crytpobranchus alleganiensis alleganiensis), mudpuppy (Necturus	462
maculosus maculosus), red-spotted newt (Notophthalmus	463
viridescens viridescens), Jefferson salamander (Ambystoma	464
jeffersonianum), spotted salamander (Ambystoma maculatum), blue-	465
spotted salamander (Ambystoma laterale), smallmouth salamander	466
(Ambystoma texanum), streamside salamander (Ambystoma barbouri),	467
marbled salamander (Ambystoma opacum), eastern tiger salamander	468
(Ambystoma tigrinum tigrinum), northern dusky salamander	469
(Desmognathus fuscus fuscus), mountain dusky salamander	470
(Desmognathus ochrophaeus), redback salamander (Plethodon	471
cinereus), ravine salamander (Plethodon richmondi), northern	472
slimy salamander (Plethodon glutinosus), Wehrle's salamander	473
(Plethodon wehrlei), four-toed salamander (Hemidactylium	474
scutatum), Kentucky spring salamander (Gyrinophilus	475
porphyriticus duryi), northern spring salamander (Gyrinophilus	476
porphyriticus porphyriticus), mud salamander (Pseudotriton	477
montanus), northern red salamander (Pseudotriton ruber ruber),	478
green salamander (Aneides aeneus), northern two-lined salamander	479
(Eurycea bislineata), longtail salamander (Eurycea longicauda	480
longicauda), cave salamander (Eurycea lucifuga), southern two-	481
lined salamander (Eurycea cirrigera), Fowler's toad (Bufo	482
woodhousii fowleri), American toad (Bufo americanus), eastern	483
spadefoot (Scaphiopus holbrookii), Blanchard's cricket frog	484
(Acris crepitans blanchardi), northern spring peeper (Pseudacris	485

crucifer crucifer), gray treefrog (Hyla versicolor), Cope's gray	486
treefrog (Hyla chrysoscelis), western chorus frog (Pseudacris	487
triseriata triseriata), mountain chorus frog (Pseudacris	488
brachyphona), bullfrog (Rana catesbeiana), green frog (Rana	489
clamitans melanota), northern leopard frog (Rana pipiens),	490
pickerel frog (Rana palustris), southern leopard frog (Rana	491
utricularia), and wood frog (Rana sylvatica).	492
(YY) "Deer" means white-tailed deer (Oddocoileus	493
virginianus).	494
(ZZ) "Domestic deer" means nonnative deer that have been	495
legally acquired or their offspring and that are held in private	496
ownership for primarily agricultural purposes.	497
(AAA) "Migratory game bird" includes waterfowl (Anatidae);	498
doves (Columbidae); cranes (Gruidae); cormorants	499
(Phalacrocoracidea); rails, coots, and gallinules (Rallidae);	500
and woodcock and snipe (Scolopacidae).	501
(BBB) "Accompany" means to go along with another person	502
while staying within a distance from the person that enables	503
uninterrupted, unaided visual and auditory communication.	504
(CCC) "All-purpose vehicle" means any vehicle that is	505
designed primarily for cross-country travel on land, water, or	506
land and water and that is steered by wheels, caterpillar	507
treads, or a combination of wheels and caterpillar treads and	508
includes vehicles that operate on a cushion of air, vehicles	509
commonly known as all-terrain vehicles, all-season vehicles,	510
mini-bikes, and trail bikes.	511
(DDD) "Wholly enclosed preserve" means an area of land	512
that is surrounded by a fence that is at least six feet in	513
height, unless otherwise specified in division rule, and is	514

constructed of a woven wire mesh, of another enclosure that the	515
division of wildlife may approve, where game birds, game	516
quadrupeds, reptiles, amphibians, or fur-bearing animals are	517
raised and may be sold under the authority of a commercial	518
propagating license or captive white-tailed deer propagation	519
license obtained under section 1533.71 of the Revised Code.	520
(EEE) "Commercial bird shooting preserve" means an area of	521
land where game birds are released and hunted by shooting as	522
authorized by a commercial bird shooting preserve license	523
obtained under section 1533.72 of the Revised Code.	524
(FFF) "Wild animal hunting preserve" means an area of land	525
where game, captive white-tailed deer, and nonnative wildlife,	526
other than game birds, are released and hunted as authorized by	527
a wild animal hunting preserve license obtained under section	528
1533.721 of the Revised Code.	529
(GGG) "Captive white-tailed deer" means legally acquired	530
deer that are held in private ownership at a facility licensed	531
under section 943.03 or 943.031 of the Revised Code and under	532
section 1533.71 or 1533.721 of the Revised Code.	533
(HHH) "Wild boar" or "feral swine" means either of the	534
<pre>following:</pre>	535
(1) Members of the family suidae, including both of the	536
<pre>following:</pre>	537
(a) Wild pig, wild hog, feral hog, and feral pig;	538
(b) Old world swine, razorbacks, European wild boar, and	539
Russian wild boar, and any hybrids or crossbreeds thereof;	540
(2) Members of the family tayassuidae, including collared	541
peccary and javelina, and any hybrids or crossbreeds of members	542

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of the family tayassuidea.

of the Revised Code.

Sec. 1533.01. As used in this chapter, "person," 544 "resident," "nonresident," "division rule," "rule," "closed 545 season," "open season," "take or taking," "possession," "bag 546 limit," "transport and transportation," "sell and sale," "whole 547 to include part, " "angling, " "trotline, " "fish, " "measurement of 548 549 fish," "wild birds," "game," "game birds," "nongame birds," "wild quadrupeds," "game quadrupeds," "fur-bearing animals," 550 "wild animals," "hunting," "trapping," "muskrat spear," 551 "channels and passages," "island," "reef," "fur farm," "waters," 552 "crib," "car," "commercial fish," "fishing," "fillet," "part 553 fillet, " "round, " "migrate, " "spreader bar, " "fishing quide, " 554 "net," "commercial fishing gear," "native wildlife," "gill net," 555 "tag fishing tournament," "tenant," "nonnative wildlife," 556 "reptiles," "amphibians," "deer," "domestic deer," "migratory 557 game bird, " "accompany, " "all-purpose vehicle, " "wholly enclosed 558 preserve," "commercial bird shooting preserve," "wild animal 559 hunting preserve," "wild boar," "feral swine," and "captive 560 white-tailed deer" have the same meanings as in section 1531.01 561

Sec. 1533.731. (A) No wild animal hunting preserve shall

be less than eighty acres in area. Each such preserve shall be

in one continuous block of land, except that the block of land

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may be intersected by highways or roads. No wild animal hunting

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preserve shall be located within one thousand five hundred feet

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of another such preserve.

The boundaries of each wild animal hunting preserve shall

be clearly defined by posting, at intervals of not more than

four hundred feet, with signs prescribed by the division of

wildlife. Each wild animal hunting preserve shall be surrounded

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by a fence at least eight feet in height, with a minimal 573 deviation not to exceed four per cent, that is constructed of a 574 woven wire mesh, or such other enclosure approved by the chief 575 of the division of wildlife. 576

- (B) (1) Except as provided in divisions (B) (2) $\frac{\text{and}}{\text{c}}$ (3), 577 and (4) of this section, game and nonnative wildlife that have 578 been approved by the chief for such use and that have been 579 legally acquired or propagated under the authority of a 580 propagating license issued under section 1533.71 of the Revised 581 Code or propagated within the confines of a licensed wild animal 582 hunting preserve may be released and hunted within the confines 583 of the licensed wild animal hunting preserve between one-half 584 hour before sunrise and one-half hour after sunset, without 585 regard to sex, bag limit, or open season, by hunters authorized 586 by the holder of the wild animal hunting preserve license to 587 hunt on those lands. The chief shall establish, by rule, the 588 allowable methods of taking game and nonnative wildlife in a 589 wild animal hunting preserve. 590
- (2) No game or nonnative wildlife on the federal 591 endangered species list established in accordance with the 592 "Endangered Species Act of 1973," 87 Stat. 884, 16 U.S.C.A. 593 1531, as amended, or the state endangered species list 594 established in rules adopted under section 1531.25 of the 595 Revised Code, no bears native to North America, and no large 596 carnivores of the family Felidae shall be released for hunting 597 or hunted in any wild animal hunting preserve in this state. 598
- (3) No person shall release for hunting or hunt within a wild animal hunting preserve any game or nonnative wildlife not listed in the application for a license for that preserve.
 - (4) No person shall release for hunting or hunt wild boar

or feral swine in any wild animal hunting preserve in this	603
state. A violation of division (B)(4) of this section is a	604
strict liability offense and section 2901.20 of the Revised Code	605
does not apply.	606
(C) Unless otherwise specified by division rule, all game	607
and nonnative wildlife released on a wild animal hunting	608
preserve shall be identified with a tag that shall bear upon it	609
a symbol identifying the preserve.	610
(D) No person shall remove living game or nonnative	611
wildlife from a wild animal hunting preserve unless the game or	612
nonnative wildlife are being transferred to another wild animal	613
hunting preserve in accordance with rules adopted by the	614
director of agriculture under section 943.24 of the Revised	615
Code.	616
(E) The holder of a wild animal hunting preserve license	617
shall keep a record of all animals that have been released into	618
the preserve. The record shall include all of the following:	619
(1) The date on which each animal was released into the	620
preserve;	621
(2) The number of each species of animals;	622
(3) The number of males and females of each species of	623
animals;	624
(4) The name and address of each person from whom each	625
animal was obtained.	626
The licensee shall record in a manner specified by the	627
division the name and address of each person that takes any game	628
or nonnative wildlife from the preserve. The licensee shall	629
maintain those records for a period of two years and make them	630

available for inspection by the division at all reasonable times	631
in conjunction with an active criminal investigation.	632
(F) In addition to complying with the requirements	633
established by division (E) of this section, the holder of a	634
wild animal hunting preserve license who has captive white-	635
tailed deer in the preserve shall keep a record of all known	636
escapes of those deer, deaths of those deer that were not a	637
result of hunting, and laboratory results for testing for	638
chronic wasting disease of those deer that is required by	639
section 943.21 of the Revised Code and rules adopted under	640
section 943.24 of the Revised Code.	641
(G) For the purposes of division (B) of section 1533.02 of	642
the Revised Code, the owner or operator of a wild animal hunting	643
preserve shall furnish each person who takes any game or	644
nonnative wildlife from the preserve a certificate bearing a	645
description of the animal, the date the animal was taken, and	646
the name of the preserve.	647
(H) The holder of a wild animal hunting preserve license	648
prominently shall display the license at the place of business	649
that is specified in the license.	650
(I) The chief shall adopt rules under section 1531.10 of	651
the Revised Code that provide for the safety of the public and	652
for the protection of the game and nonnative wildlife to be	653
hunted in a wild animal hunting preserve prior to their release	654
in the preserve.	655
(J) No holder of a wild animal hunting preserve license	656
shall violate this chapter or Chapter 1531. of the Revised Code	657
or any division rule.	658

(K) This section does not authorize the hunting of game

birds in a licensed wild animal hunting preserve unless the	660
licensee also possesses a valid commercial bird shooting	661
preserve license issued under section 1533.72 of the Revised	662
Code for the same land for which the wild animal hunting	663
preserve license was issued.	664
(L) A person may hunt game and nonnative wildlife in a	665
licensed wild animal hunting preserve without obtaining a	666
hunting license otherwise required by section 1533.10 of the	667
Revised Code or a deer permit otherwise required by section	668
1533.11 of the Revised Code.	669
Sec. 1533.75. (A) No person shall do any of the following:	670
(1) Import, transport, or possess live wild boar or feral	671
<pre>swine;</pre>	672
(2) Release wild boar or feral swine into the wild or	673
expand the range of a wild boar or feral swine by introducing	674
the wild boar or feral swine to a new location;	675
(3) Allow a swine that is under the ownership or	676
possession of the person to live in a feral state;	677
(4) Except as otherwise provided in section 1533.751 of	678
the Revised Code, hunt, trap, or kill a wild boar or feral swine	679
or assist in the hunting, trapping, or killing of a wild boar or	680
<pre>feral swine;</pre>	681
(5) Profit from the releasing, hunting, trapping, or	682
killing of wild boar or feral swine;	683
(6) Fail to notify the division of wildlife in accordance	684
with division (B) of section 1533.751 of the Revised Code.	685
(B) No person shall purposely feed a wild boar or feral	686
swine.	687

(C) A violation of division (A) of this section is a	688
strict liability offense and section 2901.20 of the Revised Code	689
does not apply.	690
Sec. 1533.751. (A) Except as provided in division rules, a	691
person, including a property owner, tenant, or person	692
responsible for a property's management, who knows or has reason	693
to believe a wild boar or feral swine is present on private or	694
public property shall notify the division of wildlife within	695
twenty-four hours of the person so knowing or having reason to	696
believe of the wild boar's or feral swine's presence.	697
(B) Except as provided in division rules, a person or a	698
person's agent who encounters wild boar or feral swine on	699
property owned or leased by that person may immediately	700
eradicate the wild boar or feral swine without a hunting license	701
required under section 1533.10 of the Revised Code if the person	702
or agent does both of the following:	703
(1) Notifies the division as soon as practicable, but not	704
later than twenty-four hours after the eradication or attempted	705
eradication of the wild boar or feral swine;	706
(2) Follows the instructions provided by the division	707
including the handling, preservation for testing, and disposal	708
of any wild boar or feral swine carcass.	709
Sec. 1533.99. (A) Whoever violates section 1533.17 of the	710
Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree on a	711
first offense and a misdemeanor of the second degree on each	712
subsequent offense. In addition to any other sanction imposed	713
under this division, on a second or subsequent offense occurring	714
within a period of three consecutive years after the date of	715
conviction of the immediately preceding violation of that	716

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section any firearms or other hunting implements in the	717
possession or under the control of the offender at the time of	718
the violation are subject to seizure in accordance with section	719
1531.20 of the Revised Code. If the offender persists in the	720
offense after reasonable warning or request to desist, the	721
offender is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree.	722
(B) Whoever violates section 1533.161, 1533.23, 1533.24,	723
1533.301, 1533.40, 1533.41, 1533.45, 1533.48, 1533.511, 1533.55,	724
1533.56, 1533.58, 1533.62, 1533.631, 1533.66, 1533.71, 1533.72,	725
1533.73, 1533.74, 1533.76, 1533.77, or 1533.79, division (J) of	726
section 1533.731, or division (B) or (C) of section 1533.97 of	727
the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	728
(C) Whoever violates division (B) of section 1533.03,	729
section 1533.07, 1533.171, 1533.34, 1533.341, 1533.342, 1533.35,	730
1533.42, 1533.51, 1533.63, 1533.64, 1533.67, 1533.68, 1533.721,	731
1533.881, or 1533.882, division (B)(2) or ,(3), or (4) of	732
section 1533.731, or division (A) of section 1533.97 of the	733
Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree.	734
(D) Whoever violates division (D) of section 1533.97 of	735
the Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth	736
degree. The court shall require any person who is convicted of	737
or pleads guilty to the offense to refund to all participants in	738
the fishing tournament operated by the person any entry fees	739
paid by the participants.	740
(E) Whoever violates division (C) or (D) of section	741
1533.632 of the Revised Code is guilty of a felony of the fifth	742
degree.	743

(F) Whoever violates any section of this chapter for which

no penalty is otherwise provided is guilty of a misdemeanor of

the fourth degree. This division does not apply to division (A)	746
of section 1533.751 of the Revised Code.	747
(G) A court that imposes sentence for a violation of any	748
section of this chapter governing the holding, taking, or	749
possession of wild animals may require the person who is	750
convicted of or pleads guilty to the offense, in addition to any	751
fine, term of imprisonment, seizure, and forfeiture imposed, to	752
make restitution for the minimum value of the wild animal or	753
animals illegally held, taken, or possessed as established under	754
section 1531.201 of the Revised Code. An officer who collects	755
moneys paid as restitution under this section shall pay those	756
moneys to the treasurer of state who shall deposit them in the	757
state treasury to the credit of the wildlife fund established	758
under section 1531.17 of the Revised Code.	759
(H) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	760
violates section 1533.75 of the Revised Code is guilty of a	761
misdemeanor of the first degree. Whoever violates that section	762
when the violation involves the importing or releasing of a wild	763
boar or feral swine is guilty of a felony of the fifth degree.	764
In addition to any other penalty, the court shall require any	765
person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to a violation of	766
that section to pay the costs incurred by any state or federal	767
agency for the investigation, control, and eradication of wild	768
boar or feral swine that resulted from the violation. Money paid	769
to the division of wildlife shall be credited to the wildlife	770
fund established under section 1531.17 of the Revised Code.	771
Sec. 4745.01. (A) "Standard renewal procedure," as used in	772
Chapters 905., 907., 909., 911., 913., 915., 918., 921., 923.,	773
927., 942., 943., 953., 1321., 3710., 3713., 3719., 3742.,	774
3748., 3769., 3783., 3921., 3951., 4104., 4105., 4169., 4561.,	775

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4703., 4707., 4709., 4713., 4715., 4717., 4723., 4725., 4727.,	776
4728., 4729., 4731., 4733., 4734., 4739., 4741., 4747., 4749.,	777
4752., 4753., 4755., 4757., 4758., 4759., 4761., 4766., 4773.,	778
and 4775. of the Revised Code, means the license renewal	779
procedures specified in this chapter.	780

- (B) "Licensing agency," as used in this chapter, means any

 department, division, board, section of a board, or other state

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 governmental unit subject to the standard renewal procedure, as

 defined in this section, and authorized by the Revised Code to

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 issue a license to engage in a specific profession, occupation,

 or occupational activity, or to have charge of and operate

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 certain specified equipment, machinery, or premises.
- (C) "License," as used in this chapter, means a license, certificate, permit, card, or other authority issued or conferred by a licensing agency by authority of which the licensee has or claims the privilege to engage in the profession, occupation, or occupational activity, or to have control of and operate certain specific equipment, machinery, or premises, over which the licensing agency has jurisdiction.
- (D) "Licensee," as used in this chapter, means either the person to whom the license is issued or renewed by a licensing agency, or the person, partnership, or corporation at whose request the license is issued or renewed.
- (E) "Renewal" and "renewed," as used in this chapter and 799 in the chapters of the Revised Code specified in division (A) of 800 this section, includes the continuing licensing procedure 801 provided in Chapter 3748. of the Revised Code and rules adopted 802 under it and in sections 1321.05 and 3921.33 of the Revised 803 Code, and as applied to those continuing licenses any reference 804 in this chapter to the date of expiration of any license shall 805

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be construed to mean the due date of the annual or other fee for	806
the continuing license.	807
Section 2. That existing sections 901.43, 942.01, 942.02,	808
942.13, 943.23, 943.26, 1531.01, 1533.01, 1533.731, 1533.99, and	809
4745.01 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	810
Section 3. That sections 942.03, 942.04, 942.05, 942.06,	811
942.07, 942.10, 942.11, 942.12, and 942.99 of the Revised Code	812
are hereby repealed.	813
Section 4. Any license to feed treated garbage to swine	814
issued by the director of agriculture pursuant to section 942.02	815
of the Revised Code prior to the effective date of this act	816
expires on that date.	817