As Introduced

135th General Assembly Regular Session

H. B. No. 654

2023-2024

Representative Click

Cosponsors: Representatives Dean, Gross, King, Klopfenstein, Lear, Wiggam, Williams

A BILL

То	amend sections 5747.01 and 5747.025 of the	1
	Revised Code to authorize a personal income tax	2
	exemption and credit for conceived children and	3
	to name this act the Strategic Tax Opportunities	4
	for Raising Kids (STORK) Act.	5

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 5747.01 and 5747.025 of the	6
Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	7
Sec. 5747.01. Except as otherwise expressly provided or	8
clearly appearing from the context, any term used in this	9
chapter that is not otherwise defined in this section has the	10
same meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of	11
the United States relating to federal income taxes or if not	12
used in a comparable context in those laws, has the same meaning	13
as in section 5733.40 of the Revised Code. Any reference in this	14
chapter to the Internal Revenue Code includes other laws of the	15
United States relating to federal income taxes.	16
As used in this chapter:	17

(2) #21: 1 1	1.0
(A) "Adjusted gross income" or "Ohio adjusted gross	18
income" means federal adjusted gross income, as defined and used	19
in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as provided in this	20
section:	21
(1) Add interest or dividends on obligations or securities	22
of any state or of any political subdivision or authority of any	23
state, other than this state and its subdivisions and	24
authorities.	25
(2) Add interest or dividends on obligations of any	26
authority, commission, instrumentality, territory, or possession	27
of the United States to the extent that the interest or	28
dividends are exempt from federal income taxes but not from	29
state income taxes.	30
(3) Deduct interest or dividends on obligations of the	31
United States and its territories and possessions or of any	32
authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States	33
to the extent that the interest or dividends are included in	34
federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state income taxes	35
under the laws of the United States.	36
(4) Deduct disability and survivor's benefits to the	37
extent included in federal adjusted gross income.	38
(5) Deduct the following, to the extent not otherwise	39
deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross	4 C
income:	41
(a) Benefits under Title II of the Social Security Act and	42
tier 1 railroad retirement;	43
(b) Railroad retirement benefits, other than tier 1	4 4
railroad retirement benefits, to the extent such amounts are	45
exempt from state taxation under federal law.	46

(6) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not	47
otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been	48
allowable as a deduction in computing federal adjusted gross	49
income for the taxable year, had the work opportunity tax credit	50
allowed and determined under sections 38, 51, and 52 of the	51
Internal Revenue Code not been in effect.	52
(7) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent on public	53
obligations and purchase obligations to the extent that the	54
interest or interest equivalent is included in federal adjusted	55
gross income.	56
(8) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from the	57
sale, exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to	58
the extent that the loss has been deducted or the gain has been	59
included in computing federal adjusted gross income.	60
(9) Deduct or add amounts, as provided under section	61
5747.70 of the Revised Code, related to contributions made to or	62
tuition units purchased under a qualified tuition program	63
established pursuant to section 529 of the Internal Revenue	64
Code.	65
(10)(a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a	66
deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted	67
gross income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid	68
during the taxable year for medical care insurance and qualified	69
long-term care insurance for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's	70
spouse, and dependents. No deduction for medical care insurance	71
under division (A)(10)(a) of this section shall be allowed	72
either to any taxpayer who is eligible to participate in any	73
subsidized health plan maintained by any employer of the	74
taxpayer or of the taxpayer's spouse, or to any taxpayer who is	75
entitled to, or on application would be entitled to, benefits	76

under part A of Title XVIII of the "Social Security Act," 49	77
Stat. 620 (1935), 42 U.S.C. 301, as amended. For the purposes of	78
division (A)(10)(a) of this section, "subsidized health plan"	79
means a health plan for which the employer pays any portion of	80
the plan's cost. The deduction allowed under division (A)(10)(a)	81
of this section shall be the net of any related premium refunds,	82
related premium reimbursements, or related insurance premium	83
dividends received during the taxable year.	84
(b) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	85
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income	86
during the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid during the	87
taxable year, not compensated for by any insurance or otherwise,	88
for medical care of the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and	89
dependents, to the extent the expenses exceed seven and one-half	90
per cent of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.	91
(c) For purposes of division (A)(10) of this section,	92
"medical care" has the meaning given in section 213 of the	93
Internal Revenue Code, subject to the special rules,	94
limitations, and exclusions set forth therein, and "qualified	95
long-term care" has the same meaning given in section 7702B(c)	96
of the Internal Revenue Code. Solely for purposes of division	97
(A)(10)(a) of this section, "dependent" includes a person who	98
otherwise would be a "qualifying relative" and thus a	99
"dependent" under section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code but	100
for the fact that the person fails to meet the income and	101
support limitations under section 152(d)(1)(B) and (C) of the	102
Internal Revenue Code.	103
(11)(a) Deduct any amount included in federal adjusted	104
gross income solely because the amount represents a	105

reimbursement or refund of expenses that in any year the

taxpayer had deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to	107
section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code and applicable United	108
States department of the treasury regulations. The deduction	109
otherwise allowed under division (A)(11)(a) of this section	110
shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is attributable	111
to an amount the taxpayer deducted under this section in any	112
taxable year.	113
(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted	114
gross income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount	115
is attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any	116
amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio	117
adjusted gross income in any taxable year.	118
(12) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in	119
section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying	120
previously reported income received under a claim of right, that	121
meets both of the following requirements:	122
(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was	123
included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for a prior	124
taxable year and did not qualify for a credit under division (A)	125
or (B) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year;	126
(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's adjusted	127
gross income for the current or any other taxable year.	128
(13) Deduct an amount equal to the deposits made to, and	129
net investment earnings of, a medical savings account during the	130
taxable year, in accordance with section 3924.66 of the Revised	131
Code. The deduction allowed by division (A)(13) of this section	132
does not apply to medical savings account deposits and earnings	133
otherwise deducted or excluded for the current or any other	134
taxable year from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.	135

(14)(a) Add an amount equal to the funds withdrawn from a	136
medical savings account during the taxable year, and the net	137
investment earnings on those funds, when the funds withdrawn	138
were used for any purpose other than to reimburse an account	139
holder for, or to pay, eligible medical expenses, in accordance	140
with section 3924.66 of the Revised Code;	141
(b) Add the amounts distributed from a medical savings	142
account under division (A)(2) of section 3924.68 of the Revised	143
Code during the taxable year.	144
(15) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section	145
5747.059 of the Revised Code to the extent that such amount	146
satisfies either of the following:	147
(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the	148
computation of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income as	149
required to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under	150
the Internal Revenue Code;	151
(b) The amount resulted in a reduction of the taxpayer's	152
federal adjusted gross income as required to be reported for any	153
of the taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code.	154
(16) Deduct the amount contributed by the taxpayer to an	155
individual development account program established by a county	156
department of job and family services pursuant to sections	157
329.11 to 329.14 of the Revised Code for the purpose of matching	158
funds deposited by program participants. On request of the tax	159
commissioner, the taxpayer shall provide any information that,	160
in the tax commissioner's opinion, is necessary to establish the	161
amount deducted under division (A)(16) of this section.	162
(17)(a)(i) Subject to divisions (A)(17)(a)(iii), (iv), and	163
(v) of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of	164

depreciation expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of	165
the Internal Revenue Code, including the taxpayer's	166
proportionate or distributive share of the amount of	167
depreciation expense allowed by that subsection to a pass-	168
through entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect	169
ownership interest.	170
(ii) Subject to divisions (A)(17)(a)(iii), (iv), and (v)	171
of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of qualifying	172
section 179 depreciation expense, including the taxpayer's	173
proportionate or distributive share of the amount of qualifying	174
section 179 depreciation expense allowed to any pass-through	175
entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect ownership	176
interest.	177
(iii) Subject to division (A)(17)(a)(v) of this section,	178
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, if the	179
increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer is equal to or	180
greater than ten per cent of income taxes withheld by the	181
taxpayer during the taxpayer's immediately preceding taxable	182
year, "two-thirds" shall be substituted for "five-sixths" for	183
the purpose of divisions (A)(17)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section.	184
(iv) Subject to division (A)(17)(a)(v) of this section,	185
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, a taxpayer is	186
not required to add an amount under division (A)(17) of this	187
section if the increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer	188
and by any pass-through entity in which the taxpayer has a	189
direct or indirect ownership interest is equal to or greater	190
than the sum of (I) the amount of qualifying section 179	191
depreciation expense and (II) the amount of depreciation expense	192
allowed to the taxpayer by subsection (k) of section 168 of the	193
Internal Revenue Code, and including the taxpayer's	194

proportionate or distributive shares of such amounts allowed to	195
any such pass-through entities.	196
(v) If a taxpayer directly or indirectly incurs a net	197
operating loss for the taxable year for federal income tax	198
purposes, to the extent such loss resulted from depreciation	199
expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal	200
Revenue Code and by qualifying section 179 depreciation expense,	201
"the entire" shall be substituted for "five-sixths of the" for	202
the purpose of divisions (A)(17)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section.	203
The tax commissioner, under procedures established by the	204
commissioner, may waive the add-backs related to a pass-through	205
entity if the taxpayer owns, directly or indirectly, less than	206
five per cent of the pass-through entity.	207
(b) Nothing in division (A)(17) of this section shall be	208
construed to adjust or modify the adjusted basis of any asset.	209
(c) To the extent the add-back required under division (A)	210
(17)(a) of this section is attributable to property generating	211
nonbusiness income or loss allocated under section 5747.20 of	212
the Revised Code, the add-back shall be sitused to the same	213
location as the nonbusiness income or loss generated by the	214
property for the purpose of determining the credit under	215
division (A) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code. Otherwise,	216
the add-back shall be apportioned, subject to one or more of the	217
four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in section	218
5747.21 of the Revised Code.	219
(d) For the purposes of division (A)(17)(a)(v) of this	220
section, net operating loss carryback and carryforward shall not	221
include the allowance of any net operating loss deduction	222
carryback or carryforward to the taxable year to the extent such	223

loss resulted from depreciation allowed by section 168(k) of the	224
Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying section 179	225
depreciation expense amount.	226
(e) For the purposes of divisions (A)(17) and (18) of this	227
section:	228
(i) "Income taxes withheld" means the total amount	229
withheld and remitted under sections 5747.06 and 5747.07 of the	230
Revised Code by an employer during the employer's taxable year.	231
(ii) "Increase in income taxes withheld" means the amount	232
by which the amount of income taxes withheld by an employer	233
during the employer's current taxable year exceeds the amount of	234
income taxes withheld by that employer during the employer's	235
immediately preceding taxable year.	236
(iii) "Qualifying section 179 depreciation expense" means	237
the difference between (I) the amount of depreciation expense	238
directly or indirectly allowed to a taxpayer under section 179	239
of the Internal Revised Code, and (II) the amount of	240
depreciation expense directly or indirectly allowed to the	241
taxpayer under section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code as that	242
section existed on December 31, 2002.	243
(18)(a) If the taxpayer was required to add an amount	244
under division (A)(17)(a) of this section for a taxable year,	245
deduct one of the following:	246
(i) One-fifth of the amount so added for each of the five	247
succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was five-sixths	248
of qualifying section 179 depreciation expense or depreciation	249
expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal	250
	250
Revenue Code;	231
(ii) One-half of the amount so added for each of the two	252

succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was two-thirds	253
of such depreciation expense;	254
(iii) One-sixth of the amount so added for each of the six	255
succeeding taxable years if the entire amount of such	256
depreciation expense was so added.	257
(b) If the amount deducted under division (A)(18)(a) of	258
this section is attributable to an add-back allocated under	259
division (A)(17)(c) of this section, the amount deducted shall	260
be sitused to the same location. Otherwise, the add-back shall	261
be apportioned using the apportionment factors for the taxable	262
year in which the deduction is taken, subject to one or more of	263
the four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in	264
section 5747.21 of the Revised Code.	265
(c) No deduction is available under division (A)(18)(a) of	266
this section with regard to any depreciation allowed by section	267
168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code and by the qualifying	268
section 179 depreciation expense amount to the extent that such	269
depreciation results in or increases a federal net operating	270
loss carryback or carryforward. If no such deduction is	271
available for a taxable year, the taxpayer may carry forward the	272
amount not deducted in such taxable year to the next taxable	273
year and add that amount to any deduction otherwise available	274
under division (A)(18)(a) of this section for that next taxable	275
year. The carryforward of amounts not so deducted shall continue	276
until the entire addition required by division (A)(17)(a) of	277
this section has been deducted.	278
(19) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	279
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	280
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the	281
taxable year as reimbursement for life insurance premiums under	282

section 5919.31 of the Revised Code.	283
(20) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	284
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	285
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the	286
taxable year as a death benefit paid by the adjutant general	287
under section 5919.33 of the Revised Code.	288
(21) Deduct, to the extent included in federal adjusted	289
gross income and not otherwise allowable as a deduction or	290
exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	291
the taxable year, military pay and allowances received by the	292
taxpayer during the taxable year for active duty service in the	293
United States army, air force, navy, marine corps, or coast	294
guard or reserve components thereof or the national guard. The	295
deduction may not be claimed for military pay and allowances	296
received by the taxpayer while the taxpayer is stationed in this	297
state.	298
(22) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a	299
deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted	300
gross income for the taxable year and not otherwise compensated	301
for by any other source, the amount of qualified organ donation	302
expenses incurred by the taxpayer during the taxable year, not	303
to exceed ten thousand dollars. A taxpayer may deduct qualified	304
organ donation expenses only once for all taxable years	305
beginning with taxable years beginning in 2007.	306
For the purposes of division (A)(22) of this section:	307
(a) "Human organ" means all or any portion of a human	308
liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, or lung, and any portion of	309
human bone marrow.	310

(b) "Qualified organ donation expenses" means travel

expenses, lodging expenses, and wages and salary forgone by a	312
taxpayer in connection with the taxpayer's donation, while	313
living, of one or more of the taxpayer's human organs to another	314
human being.	315
(23) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	316
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	317
the taxable year, amounts received by the taxpayer as retired	318
personnel pay for service in the uniformed services or reserve	319
components thereof, or the national guard, or received by the	320
surviving spouse or former spouse of such a taxpayer under the	321
survivor benefit plan on account of such a taxpayer's death. If	322
the taxpayer receives income on account of retirement paid under	323
the federal civil service retirement system or federal employees	324
retirement system, or under any successor retirement program	325
enacted by the congress of the United States that is established	326
and maintained for retired employees of the United States	327
government, and such retirement income is based, in whole or in	328
part, on credit for the taxpayer's uniformed service, the	329
deduction allowed under this division shall include only that	330
portion of such retirement income that is attributable to the	331
taxpayer's uniformed service, to the extent that portion of such	332
retirement income is otherwise included in federal adjusted	333
gross income and is not otherwise deducted under this section.	334
Any amount deducted under division (A)(23) of this section is	335
not included in a taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the	336
purposes of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code. No amount may	337
be deducted under division (A)(23) of this section on the basis	338

(24) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for
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of which a credit was claimed under section 5747.055 of the

Revised Code.

the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the	343
taxable year from the military injury relief fund created in	344
section 5902.05 of the Revised Code.	345
(25) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	346
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	347
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received as a veterans	348
bonus during the taxable year from the Ohio department of	349
veterans services as authorized by Section 2r of Article VIII,	350
Ohio Constitution.	351
(26) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	352
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	353
the taxable year, any income derived from a transfer agreement	354
or from the enterprise transferred under that agreement under	355
section 4313.02 of the Revised Code.	356
(27) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	357
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	358
the taxable year, Ohio college opportunity or federal Pell grant	359
amounts received by the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse or	360
dependent pursuant to section 3333.122 of the Revised Code or 20	361
U.S.C. 1070a, et seq., and used to pay room or board furnished	362
by the educational institution for which the grant was awarded	363
at the institution's facilities, including meal plans	364
administered by the institution. For the purposes of this	365
division, receipt of a grant includes the distribution of a	366
grant directly to an educational institution and the crediting	367
of the grant to the enrollee's account with the institution.	368
(28) Deduct from the portion of an individual's federal	369
adjusted gross income that is business income, to the extent not	370
otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal adjusted	371

gross income for the taxable year, one hundred twenty-five

thousand dollars for each spouse if spouses file separate	373
returns under section 5747.08 of the Revised Code or two hundred	374
fifty thousand dollars for all other individuals.	375
(29) Deduct, as provided under section 5747.78 of the	376
Revised Code, contributions to ABLE savings accounts made in	377
accordance with sections 113.50 to 113.56 of the Revised Code.	378
(30)(a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	379
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income	380
during the taxable year, all of the following:	381
(i) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described	382
in division (A)(14)(a) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to	383
the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in	384
this state during a disaster response period pursuant to a	385
qualifying solicitation received by the employee's employer;	386
(ii) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described	387
in division (A)(14)(b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to	388
the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in	389
this state by the employee during the disaster response period	390
on critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's	391
employer;	392
(iii) Income received by an out-of-state disaster business	393
for disaster work conducted in this state during a disaster	394
response period, or, if the out-of-state disaster business is a	395
pass-through entity, a taxpayer's distributive share of the	396
pass-through entity's income from the business conducting	397
disaster work in this state during a disaster response period,	398
if, in either case, the disaster work is conducted pursuant to a	399
qualifying solicitation received by the business.	400
(b) All terms used in division (A)(30) of this section	401

have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised	402
Code.	403
(31) For a taxpayer who is a qualifying Ohio educator,	404
deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in	405
computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable	406
year, the lesser of two hundred fifty dollars or the amount of	407
expenses described in subsections (a)(2)(D)(i) and (ii) of	408
section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred by the	409
taxpayer during the taxpayer's taxable year in excess of the	410
amount the taxpayer is authorized to deduct for that taxable	411
year under subsection (a)(2)(D) of that section.	412
(32) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	413
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	414
the taxable year, amounts received by the taxpayer as a	415
disability severance payment, computed under 10 U.S.C. 1212,	416
following discharge or release under honorable conditions from	417
the armed forces, as defined by 10 U.S.C. 101.	418
(33) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	419
excluded in computing federal adjusted gross income or Ohio	420
adjusted gross income, amounts not subject to tax due to an	421
agreement entered into under division (A)(2) of section 5747.05	422
of the Revised Code.	423
(34) Deduct amounts as provided under section 5747.79 of	424
the Revised Code related to the taxpayer's qualifying capital	425
gains and deductible payroll.	426
To the extent a qualifying capital gain described under	427
division (A)(34) of this section is business income, the	428
taxpayer shall deduct those gains under this division before	429
deducting any such gains under division (A) (28) of this section.	430

(35)(a) For taxable years beginning in or after 2026,	431
deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in	432
computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable	433
year:	434
(i) One hundred per cent of the capital gain received by	435
the taxpayer in the taxable year from a qualifying interest in	436
an Ohio venture capital operating company attributable to the	437
company's investments in Ohio businesses during the period for	438
which the company was an Ohio venture operating company; and	439
(ii) Fifty per cent of the capital gain received by the	440
taxpayer in the taxable year from a qualifying interest in an	441
Ohio venture capital operating company attributable to the	442
company's investments in all other businesses during the period	443
for which the company was an Ohio venture operating company.	444
(b) Add amounts previously deducted by the taxpayer under	445
division (A)(35)(a) of this section if the director of	446
development certifies to the tax commissioner that the	447
requirements for the deduction were not met.	448
(c) All terms used in division (A)(35) of this section	449
have the same meanings as in section 122.851 of the Revised	450
Code.	451
(d) To the extent a capital gain described in division (A)	452
(35)(a) of this section is business income, the taxpayer shall	453
apply that division before applying division (A)(28) of this	454
section.	455
(36) Add, to the extent not otherwise included in	456
computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for any taxable	457
year, the taxpayer's proportionate share of the amount of the	458
tax levied under section 5747.38 of the Revised Code and paid by	459

an electing pass-through entity for the taxable year.	460
Notwithstanding any provision of the Revised Code to the	461
contrary, the portion of the addition required by division (A)	462
(36) of this section related to the apportioned business income	463
of the pass-through entity shall be considered business income	464
under division (B) of this section. Such addition is eligible	465
for the deduction in division (A)(28) of this section, subject	466
to the applicable dollar limitations, and the tax rate	467
prescribed by division (A)(4)(a) of section 5747.02 of the	468
Revised Code. The taxpayer shall provide, upon request of the	469
tax commissioner, any documentation necessary to verify the	470
portion of the addition that is business income under this	471
division.	472
(37) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	473
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	474
the taxable year, amounts delivered to a qualifying institution	475
pursuant to section 3333.128 of the Revised Code for the benefit	476
of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse or dependent.	477
(38) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	478
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	479
the taxable year, amounts received under the Ohio adoption grant	480
program pursuant to section 5101.191 of the Revised Code.	481
(39) Deduct, to the extent included in federal adjusted	482
gross income, income attributable to amounts provided to a	483
taxpayer for any of the purposes for which an exclusion would	484
have been authorized under section 139 of the Internal Revenue	485
Code if the train derailment near the city of East Palestine on	486
February 3, 2023, had been a qualified disaster pursuant to that	487

section, or to compensate for lost business resulting from that

derailment, if such amounts are provided by any of the

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following:	490
(a) A federal, state, or local government agency;	491
(b) A railroad company, as that term is defined in section	492
5727.01 of the Revised Code;	493
(c) Any subsidiary, insurer, or agent of a railroad	494
company or any related person.	495
Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, the	496
derailment is not required to meet the definition of a	497
"qualified disaster" pursuant to section 139 of the Internal	498
Revenue Code to qualify for the deduction under this section.	499
(40) Deduct, to the extent included in federal adjusted	500
gross income, income attributable to loan repayments on behalf	501
of the taxpayer under the rural practice incentive program under	502
section 3333.135 of the Revised Code.	503
(41) Add any income taxes deducted in computing federal or	504
Ohio adjusted gross income to the extent the income taxes were	505
derived from income subject to a tax levied in another state or	506
the District of Columbia when such tax was enacted for purposes	507
of complying with internal revenue service notice 2020-75.	508
Notwithstanding any provision of the Revised Code to the	509
contrary, the portion of the addition required by division (A)	510
(41) of this section related to the apportioned business income	511
of the pass-through entity shall be considered business income	512
under division (B) of this section. Such addition is eligible	513
for the deduction in division (A)(28) of this section, subject	514
to the applicable dollar limitations, and the tax rate	515
prescribed by division (A)(4)(a) of section 5747.02 of the	516
Revised Code. The taxpayer shall provide, upon request of the	517
tax commissioner, any documentation necessary to verify the	518

portion of the addition that is business income under this	519
division.	520
(42) Deduct amounts contributed to a homeownership savings	521
account and calculated pursuant to divisions (B) and (C) of	522
section 5747.85 of the Revised Code.	523
(43) If the taxpayer is the account owner, add the amount	524
of funds withdrawn from a homeownership savings account not used	525
for eligible expenses, regardless of who deposited those funds.	526
As used in division (A)(43) of this section, "homeownership	527
savings account," "account owner," and "eligible expenses" have	528
the same meanings as in section 5747.85 of the Revised Code.	529
(B) "Business income" means income, including gain or	530
loss, arising from transactions, activities, and sources in the	531
regular course of a trade or business and includes income, gain,	532
or loss from real property, tangible property, and intangible	533
property if the acquisition, rental, management, and disposition	534
of the property constitute integral parts of the regular course	535
of a trade or business operation. "Business income" includes	536
income, including gain or loss, from a partial or complete	537
liquidation of a business, including, but not limited to, gain	538
or loss from the sale or other disposition of goodwill or the	539
sale of an equity or ownership interest in a business.	540
As used in this division, the "sale of an equity or	541
ownership interest in a business" means sales to which either or	542
both of the following apply:	543
(1) The sale is treated for federal income tax purposes as	544
the sale of assets.	545
(2) The seller materially participated, as described in 26	546
C.F.R. 1.469-5T, in the activities of the business during the	547

taxable year in which the sale occurs or during any of the five	548
preceding taxable years.	549
(C) "Nonbusiness income" means all income other than	550
business income and may include, but is not limited to,	551
compensation, rents and royalties from real or tangible personal	552
property, capital gains, interest, dividends and distributions,	553
patent or copyright royalties, or lottery winnings, prizes, and	554
awards.	555
(D) "Compensation" means any form of remuneration paid to	556
an employee for personal services.	557
(E) "Fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor,	558
administrator, receiver, conservator, or any other person acting	559
in any fiduciary capacity for any individual, trust, or estate.	560
(F) "Fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve	561
months ending on the last day of any month other than December.	562
(G) "Individual" means any natural person.	563
(H) "Internal Revenue Code" means the "Internal Revenue	564
Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended.	565
(I) "Resident" means any of the following:	566
(1) An individual who is domiciled in this state, subject	567
to section 5747.24 of the Revised Code;	568
(2) The estate of a decedent who at the time of death was	569
domiciled in this state. The domicile tests of section 5747.24	570
of the Revised Code are not controlling for purposes of division	571
(I)(2) of this section.	572
(3) A trust that, in whole or part, resides in this state.	573
If only part of a trust resides in this state, the trust is a	574

resident only with respect to that part.	575
For the purposes of division (I)(3) of this section:	576
(a) A trust resides in this state for the trust's current	577
taxable year to the extent, as described in division (I)(3)(d)	578
of this section, that the trust consists directly or indirectly,	579
in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related liabilities,	580
that were transferred, or caused to be transferred, directly or	581
indirectly, to the trust by any of the following:	582
(i) A person, a court, or a governmental entity or	583
instrumentality on account of the death of a decedent, but only	584
if the trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) or (ii) of	585
this section;	586
(ii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the	587
purposes of this chapter when the person directly or indirectly	588
transferred assets to an irrevocable trust, but only if at least	589
one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this	590
state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some	591
portion of the trust's current taxable year;	592
(iii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the	593
purposes of this chapter when the trust document or instrument	594
or part of the trust document or instrument became irrevocable,	595
but only if at least one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries	596
is a resident domiciled in this state for the purposes of this	597
chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current	598
taxable year. If a trust document or instrument became	599
irrevocable upon the death of a person who at the time of death	600
was domiciled in this state for purposes of this chapter, that	601
person is a person described in division (I)(3)(a)(iii) of this	602
section.	603

(b) A trust is irrevocable to the extent that the	604
transferor is not considered to be the owner of the net assets	605
of the trust under sections 671 to 678 of the Internal Revenue	606
Code.	607
(c) With respect to a trust other than a charitable lead	608
trust, "qualifying beneficiary" has the same meaning as	609
"potential current beneficiary" as defined in section 1361(e)(2)	610
of the Internal Revenue Code, and with respect to a charitable	611
lead trust "qualifying beneficiary" is any current, future, or	612
contingent beneficiary, but with respect to any trust	613
"qualifying beneficiary" excludes a person or a governmental	614
entity or instrumentality to any of which a contribution would	615
qualify for the charitable deduction under section 170 of the	616
Internal Revenue Code.	617
(d) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a) of this	618
section, the extent to which a trust consists directly or	619
indirectly, in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related	620
liabilities, that were transferred directly or indirectly, in	621
whole or part, to the trust by any of the sources enumerated in	622
that division shall be ascertained by multiplying the fair	623
market value of the trust's assets, net of related liabilities,	624
by the qualifying ratio, which shall be computed as follows:	625
(i) The first time the trust receives assets, the	626
numerator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of	627
those assets at that time, net of any related liabilities, from	628
sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section. The	629
denominator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of	630
all the trust's assets at that time, net of any related	631
liabilities.	632

(ii) Each subsequent time the trust receives assets, a

revised qualifying ratio shall be computed. The numerator of the	634
revised qualifying ratio is the sum of (1) the fair market value	635
of the trust's assets immediately prior to the subsequent	636
transfer, net of any related liabilities, multiplied by the	637
qualifying ratio last computed without regard to the subsequent	638
transfer, and (2) the fair market value of the subsequently	639
transferred assets at the time transferred, net of any related	640
liabilities, from sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of	641
this section. The denominator of the revised qualifying ratio is	642
the fair market value of all the trust's assets immediately	643
after the subsequent transfer, net of any related liabilities.	644
(iii) Whether a transfer to the trust is by or from any of	645
the sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section	646
shall be ascertained without regard to the domicile of the	647
trust's beneficiaries.	648
(e) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a)(i) of this	649
section:	650
(i) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) of this	651
section if the trust is a testamentary trust and the testator of	652
that testamentary trust was domiciled in this state at the time	653
of the testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under	654
Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code.	655
(ii) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of	656
this section if the transfer is a qualifying transfer described	657
in any of divisions (I)(3)(f)(i) to (vi) of this section, the	658
trust is an irrevocable inter vivos trust, and at least one of	659
the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this state	660
for purposes of this chapter during all or some portion of the	661
trust's current taxable year.	662

(f) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of this	663
section, a "qualifying transfer" is a transfer of assets, net of	664
any related liabilities, directly or indirectly to a trust, if	665
the transfer is described in any of the following:	666
(i) The transfer is made to a trust, created by the	667
decedent before the decedent's death and while the decedent was	668
domiciled in this state for the purposes of this chapter, and,	669
prior to the death of the decedent, the trust became irrevocable	670
while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes	671
of this chapter.	672
(ii) The transfer is made to a trust to which the	673
decedent, prior to the decedent's death, had directly or	674
indirectly transferred assets, net of any related liabilities,	675
while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes	676
of this chapter, and prior to the death of the decedent the	677
trust became irrevocable while the decedent was domiciled in	678
this state for the purposes of this chapter.	679
(iii) The transfer is made on account of a contractual	680
relationship existing directly or indirectly between the	681
transferor and either the decedent or the estate of the decedent	682
at any time prior to the date of the decedent's death, and the	683
decedent was domiciled in this state at the time of death for	684
purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter 5731. of the Revised	685
Code.	686
(iv) The transfer is made to a trust on account of a	687
contractual relationship existing directly or indirectly between	688
the transferor and another person who at the time of the	689
decedent's death was domiciled in this state for purposes of	690
this chapter.	691

(v) The transfer is made to a trust on account of the will	692
of a testator who was domiciled in this state at the time of the	693
testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter	694
5731. of the Revised Code.	695
(vi) The transfer is made to a trust created by or caused	696
to be created by a court, and the trust was directly or	697
indirectly created in connection with or as a result of the	698
death of an individual who, for purposes of the taxes levied	699
under Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code, was domiciled in this	700
state at the time of the individual's death.	701
(g) The tax commissioner may adopt rules to ascertain the	702
part of a trust residing in this state.	703
(J) "Nonresident" means an individual or estate that is	704
not a resident. An individual who is a resident for only part of	705
a taxable year is a nonresident for the remainder of that	706
taxable year.	707
(K) "Pass-through entity" has the same meaning as in	708
section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.	709
(L) "Return" means the notifications and reports required	710
to be filed pursuant to this chapter for the purpose of	711
reporting the tax due and includes declarations of estimated tax	712
when so required.	713
(M) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the	714
taxpayer's fiscal year ending during the calendar year, or	715
fractional part thereof, upon which the adjusted gross income is	716
calculated pursuant to this chapter.	717
(N) "Taxpayer" means any person subject to the tax imposed	718
by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code or any pass-through	719
entity that makes the election under division (D) of section	720

5747.08 of the Revised Code.	721
(O) "Dependents" means one of the following:	722
(1) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,	723
2018, and before January 1, 2026, dependents as defined in the	724
<pre>Internal Revenue Code;</pre>	725
(2) For all other taxable years, dependents as defined in	726
the Internal Revenue Code and as claimed in the taxpayer's	727
federal income tax return for the taxable year or which the	728
taxpayer would have been permitted to claim had the taxpayer	729
filed a federal income tax return.	730
For all taxable years ending on or after January 1, 2025,	731
"dependents" shall include each child conceived by the taxpayer	732
or the taxpayer's spouse during the taxable year, so long as the	733
child is not also a qualifying child, as that term is defined in	734
section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code, for the same taxable	735
<pre>year.</pre>	736
(P) "Principal county of employment" means, in the case of	737
a nonresident, the county within the state in which a taxpayer	738
performs services for an employer or, if those services are	739
performed in more than one county, the county in which the major	740
portion of the services are performed.	741
(Q) As used in sections 5747.50 to 5747.55 of the Revised	742
Code:	743
(1) "Subdivision" means any county, municipal corporation,	744
park district, or township.	745
(2) "Essential local government purposes" includes all	746
functions that any subdivision is required by general law to	747
exercise, including like functions that are exercised under a	748

charter adopted pursuant to the Ohio Constitution.	749
(R) "Overpayment" means any amount already paid that	750
exceeds the figure determined to be the correct amount of the	751
tax.	752
(S) "Taxable income" or "Ohio taxable income" applies only	753
to estates and trusts, and means federal taxable income, as	754
defined and used in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as	755
follows:	756
(1) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary,	757
and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal	758
taxable income, on obligations or securities of any state or of	759
any political subdivision or authority of any state, other than	760
this state and its subdivisions and authorities, but only to the	761
extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible in Ohio	762
taxable income and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or	763
(b) of this section:	764
(a) The net amount is not attributable to the S portion of	765
an electing small business trust and has not been distributed to	766
beneficiaries for the taxable year;	767
(b) The net amount is attributable to the S portion of an	768
electing small business trust for the taxable year.	769
(2) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary,	770
and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal	771
taxable income, on obligations of any authority, commission,	772
instrumentality, territory, or possession of the United States	773
to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from	774
federal income taxes but not from state income taxes, but only	775
to the extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible	776
in Ohio taxable income and is described in either division (S)	777

(1)(a) or (b) of this section;	778
(3) Add the amount of personal exemption allowed to the	779
estate pursuant to section 642(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;	780
(4) Deduct interest or dividends, net of related expenses	781
deducted in computing federal taxable income, on obligations of	782
the United States and its territories and possessions or of any	783
authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States	784
to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from	785
state taxes under the laws of the United States, but only to the	786
extent that such amount is included in federal taxable income	787
and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or (b) of this	788
section;	789
(5) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not	790
otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been	791
allowable as a deduction in computing federal taxable income for	792
the taxable year, had the work opportunity tax credit allowed	793
under sections 38, 51, and 52 of the Internal Revenue Code not	794
been in effect, but only to the extent such amount relates	795
either to income included in federal taxable income for the	796
taxable year or to income of the S portion of an electing small	797
business trust for the taxable year;	798
(6) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent, net of	799
related expenses deducted in computing federal taxable income,	800
on public obligations and purchase obligations, but only to the	801
extent that such net amount relates either to income included in	802
federal taxable income for the taxable year or to income of the	803
S portion of an electing small business trust for the taxable	804
year;	805
(7) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from sale,	806

exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to the	807
extent that such loss has been deducted or such gain has been	808
included in computing either federal taxable income or income of	809
the S portion of an electing small business trust for the	810
taxable year;	811
(8) Except in the case of the final return of an estate,	812
add any amount deducted by the taxpayer on both its Ohio estate	813
tax return pursuant to section 5731.14 of the Revised Code, and	814
on its federal income tax return in determining federal taxable	815
income;	816
(9)(a) Deduct any amount included in federal taxable	817
income solely because the amount represents a reimbursement or	818
refund of expenses that in a previous year the decedent had	819
deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to section 63 of the	820
Internal Revenue Code and applicable treasury regulations. The	821
deduction otherwise allowed under division (S)(9)(a) of this	822
section shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is	823
attributable to an amount the taxpayer or decedent deducted	824
under this section in any taxable year.	825
(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio taxable	826
income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount is	827
attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any	828
amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio taxable	829
income in any taxable year, but only to the extent such amount	830
has not been distributed to beneficiaries for the taxable year.	831
(10) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in	832
section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying	833
previously reported income received under a claim of right, that	834
meets both of the following requirements:	835

(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was	836
included in the taxpayer's taxable income or the decedent's	837
adjusted gross income for a prior taxable year and did not	838
qualify for a credit under division (A) or (B) of section	839
5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year.	840
(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's taxable	841
income or the decedent's adjusted gross income for the current	842
or any other taxable year.	843
(11) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section	844
5747.059 of the Revised Code to the extent that the amount	845
satisfies either of the following:	846
(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the	847
computation of the taxpayer's federal taxable income as required	848
to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under the	849
Internal Revenue Code;	850
(b) The amount resulted in a reduction in the taxpayer's	851
federal taxable income as required to be reported for any of the	852
taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code.	853
(12) Deduct any amount, net of related expenses deducted	854
in computing federal taxable income, that a trust is required to	855
report as farm income on its federal income tax return, but only	856
if the assets of the trust include at least ten acres of land	857
satisfying the definition of "land devoted exclusively to	858
agricultural use" under section 5713.30 of the Revised Code,	859
regardless of whether the land is valued for tax purposes as	860
such land under sections 5713.30 to 5713.38 of the Revised Code.	861
If the trust is a pass-through entity investor, section 5747.231	862
of the Revised Code applies in ascertaining if the trust is	863
eligible to claim the deduction provided by division (S)(12) of	864

this section in connection with the pass-through entity's farm	865
income.	866
Except for farm income attributable to the S portion of an	867
electing small business trust, the deduction provided by	868
division (S)(12) of this section is allowed only to the extent	869
that the trust has not distributed such farm income.	870
(13) Add the net amount of income described in section	871
641(c) of the Internal Revenue Code to the extent that amount is	872
not included in federal taxable income.	873
(14) Deduct the amount the taxpayer would be required to	874
deduct under division (A)(18) of this section if the taxpayer's	875
Ohio taxable income <pre>were was computed in the same manner as an</pre>	876
individual's Ohio adjusted gross income is computed under this	877
section.	878
(15) Add, to the extent not otherwise included in	879
computing taxable income or Ohio taxable income for any taxable	880
year, the taxpayer's proportionate share of the amount of the	881
tax levied under section 5747.38 of the Revised Code and paid by	882
an electing pass-through entity for the taxable year.	883
(16) Add any income taxes deducted in computing federal	884
taxable income or Ohio taxable income to the extent the income	885
taxes were derived from income subject to a tax levied in	886
another state or the District of Columbia when such tax was	887
enacted for purposes of complying with internal revenue service	888
notice 2020-75.	889
(T) "School district income" and "school district income	890
tax" have the same meanings as in section 5748.01 of the Revised	891
Code.	892
(U) As used in divisions (A)(7), (A)(8), (S)(6), and (S)	893

(7) of this section, "public obligations," "purchase	894
obligations," and "interest or interest equivalent" have the	895
same meanings as in section 5709.76 of the Revised Code.	896
(V) "Limited liability company" means any limited	897
liability company formed under former Chapter 1705. of the	898
Revised Code as that chapter existed prior to February 11, 2022,	899
Chapter 1706. of the Revised Code, or the laws of any other	900
state.	901
(W) "Pass-through entity investor" means any person who,	902
during any portion of a taxable year of a pass-through entity,	903
is a partner, member, shareholder, or equity investor in that	904
pass-through entity.	905
(X) "Banking day" has the same meaning as in section	906
1304.01 of the Revised Code.	907
(Y) "Month" means a calendar month.	908
(Z) "Quarter" means the first three months, the second	909
three months, the third three months, or the last three months	910
of the taxpayer's taxable year.	911
(AA)(1) "Modified business income" means the business	912
income included in a trust's Ohio taxable income after such	913
taxable income is first reduced by the qualifying trust amount,	914
if any.	915
(2) "Qualifying trust amount" of a trust means capital	916
gains and losses from the sale, exchange, or other disposition	917
of equity or ownership interests in, or debt obligations of, a	918
qualifying investee to the extent included in the trust's Ohio	919
taxable income, but only if the following requirements are	920
satisfied:	921

(a) The book value of the qualifying investee's physical	922
assets in this state and everywhere, as of the last day of the	923
qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately	924
prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or	925
loss, is available to the trust.	926
(b) The requirements of section 5747.011 of the Revised	927
Code are satisfied for the trust's taxable year in which the	928
trust recognizes the gain or loss.	929
Any gain or loss that is not a qualifying trust amount is	930
modified business income, qualifying investment income, or	931
modified nonbusiness income, as the case may be.	932
(3) "Modified nonbusiness income" means a trust's Ohio	933
taxable income other than modified business income, other than	934
the qualifying trust amount, and other than qualifying	935
investment income, as defined in section 5747.012 of the Revised	936
Code, to the extent such qualifying investment income is not	937
otherwise part of modified business income.	938
(4) "Modified Ohio taxable income" applies only to trusts,	939
and means the sum of the amounts described in divisions (AA)(4)	940
(a) to (c) of this section:	941
(a) The fraction, calculated under section 5747.013, and	942
applying section 5747.231 of the Revised Code, multiplied by the	943
sum of the following amounts:	944
(i) The trust's modified business income;	945
(ii) The trust's qualifying investment income, as defined	946
in section 5747.012 of the Revised Code, but only to the extent	947
the qualifying investment income does not otherwise constitute	948
modified business income and does not otherwise constitute a	949
qualifying trust amount.	950

(b) The qualifying trust amount multiplied by a fraction,	951
the numerator of which is the sum of the book value of the	952
qualifying investee's physical assets in this state on the last	953
day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending	954
immediately prior to the day on which the trust recognizes the	955
qualifying trust amount, and the denominator of which is the sum	956
of the book value of the qualifying investee's total physical	957
assets everywhere on the last day of the qualifying investee's	958
fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the day on	959
which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount. If, for	960
a taxable year, the trust recognizes a qualifying trust amount	961
with respect to more than one qualifying investee, the amount	962
described in division (AA)(4)(b) of this section shall equal the	963
sum of the products so computed for each such qualifying	964
investee.	965

(c) (i) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I) (3)(d) of this section, its modified nonbusiness income.

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(ii) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is 969 not a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3) 970 (d) of this section, the amount of its modified nonbusiness 971 income satisfying the descriptions in divisions (B)(2) to (5) of 972 section 5747.20 of the Revised Code, except as otherwise 973 provided in division (AA)(4)(c)(ii) of this section. With 974 respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is not a resident 975 as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)(d) of this 976 section, the trust's portion of modified nonbusiness income 977 recognized from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a 978 debt interest in or equity interest in a section 5747.212 979 entity, as defined in section 5747.212 of the Revised Code, 980 without regard to division (A) of that section, shall not be 981

allocated to this state in accordance with section 5747.20 of	982
the Revised Code but shall be apportioned to this state in	983
accordance with division (B) of section 5747.212 of the Revised	984
Code without regard to division (A) of that section.	985

If the allocation and apportionment of a trust's income under divisions (AA)(4)(a) and (c) of this section do not fairly represent the modified Ohio taxable income of the trust in this state, the alternative methods described in division (C) of section 5747.21 of the Revised Code may be applied in the manner and to the same extent provided in that section.

- (5) (a) Except as set forth in division (AA) (5) (b) of this section, "qualifying investee" means a person in which a trust has an equity or ownership interest, or a person or unit of government the debt obligations of either of which are owned by a trust. For the purposes of division (AA) (2) (a) of this section and for the purpose of computing the fraction described in division (AA) (4) (b) of this section, all of the following apply:
- (i) If the qualifying investee is a member of a qualifying controlled group on the last day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or loss, then "qualifying investee" includes all persons in the qualifying controlled group on such last day.
- (ii) If the qualifying investee, or if the qualifying 1005 investee and any members of the qualifying controlled group of 1006 which the qualifying investee is a member on the last day of the 1007 qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately 1008 prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or 1009 loss, separately or cumulatively own, directly or indirectly, on 1010 the last day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar 1011

year ending immediately prior to the date on which the trust	1012
recognizes the qualifying trust amount, more than fifty per cent	1013
of the equity of a pass-through entity, then the qualifying	1014
investee and the other members are deemed to own the	1015
proportionate share of the pass-through entity's physical assets	1016
which the pass-through entity directly or indirectly owns on the	1017
last day of the pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year	1018
ending within or with the last day of the qualifying investee's	1019
fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on	1020
which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount.	1021

(iii) For the purposes of division (AA) (5) (a) (iii) of this

section, "upper level pass-through entity" means a pass-through

entity directly or indirectly owning any equity of another pass
through entity, and "lower level pass-through entity" means that

1025

other pass-through entity.

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An upper level pass-through entity, whether or not it is 1027 also a qualifying investee, is deemed to own, on the last day of 1028 the upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year, 1029 the proportionate share of the lower level pass-through entity's 1030 physical assets that the lower level pass-through entity 1031 directly or indirectly owns on the last day of the lower level 1032 pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year ending within or 1033 with the last day of the upper level pass-through entity's 1034 fiscal or calendar year. If the upper level pass-through entity 1035 directly and indirectly owns less than fifty per cent of the 1036 equity of the lower level pass-through entity on each day of the 1037 upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in 1038 which or with which ends the calendar or fiscal year of the 1039 lower level pass-through entity and if, based upon clear and 1040 convincing evidence, complete information about the location and 1041 cost of the physical assets of the lower pass-through entity is 1042

not available to the upper level pass-through entity, then	1043
solely for purposes of ascertaining if a gain or loss	1044
constitutes a qualifying trust amount, the upper level pass-	1045
through entity shall be deemed as owning no equity of the lower	1046
level pass-through entity for each day during the upper level	1047
pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in which or with	1048
which ends the lower level pass-through entity's calendar or	1049
fiscal year. Nothing in division (AA)(5)(a)(iii) of this section	1050
shall be construed to provide for any deduction or exclusion in	1051
computing any trust's Ohio taxable income.	1052
(b) With respect to a trust that is not a resident for the	1053
taxable year and with respect to a part of a trust that is not a	1054
resident for the taxable year, "qualifying investee" for that	1055
taxable year does not include a C corporation if both of the	1056
following apply:	1057
(i) During the taxable year the trust or part of the trust	1058
recognizes a gain or loss from the sale, exchange, or other	1059
disposition of equity or ownership interests in, or debt	1060
obligations of, the C corporation.	1061
(ii) Such gain or loss constitutes nonbusiness income.	1062
(6) "Available" means information is such that a person is	1063
able to learn of the information by the due date plus	1064
extensions, if any, for filing the return for the taxable year	1065
in which the trust recognizes the gain or loss.	1066
(BB) "Qualifying controlled group" has the same meaning as	1067
in section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.	1068
(CC) "Related member" has the same meaning as in section	1069
5733.042 of the Revised Code.	1070

(DD)(1) For the purposes of division (DD) of this section: 1071

(a) "Qualifying person" means any person other than a	1072
qualifying corporation.	1073
(b) "Qualifying corporation" means any person classified	1074
for federal income tax purposes as an association taxable as a	1075
corporation, except either of the following:	1076
(i) A corporation that has made an election under	1077
subchapter S, chapter one, subtitle A, of the Internal Revenue	1078
Code for its taxable year ending within, or on the last day of,	1079
the investor's taxable year;	1080
(ii) A subsidiary that is wholly owned by any corporation	1081
that has made an election under subchapter S, chapter one,	1082
subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year	1083
ending within, or on the last day of, the investor's taxable	1084
year.	1085
(2) For the purposes of this chapter, unless expressly	1086
stated otherwise, no qualifying person indirectly owns any asset	1087
directly or indirectly owned by any qualifying corporation.	1088
(EE) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 5751. of the	1089
Revised Code:	1090
(1) "Trust" does not include a qualified pre-income tax	1091
trust.	1092
(2) A "qualified pre-income tax trust" is any pre-income	1093
tax trust that makes a qualifying pre-income tax trust election	1094
as described in division (EE)(3) of this section.	1095
(3) A "qualifying pre-income tax trust election" is an	1096
election by a pre-income tax trust to subject to the tax imposed	1097
by section 5751.02 of the Revised Code the pre-income tax trust	1098
and all pass-through entities of which the trust owns or	1099

controls, directly, indirectly, or constructively through	1100
related interests, five per cent or more of the ownership or	1101
equity interests. The trustee shall notify the tax commissioner	1102
in writing of the election on or before April 15, 2006. The	1103
election, if timely made, shall be effective on and after	1104
January 1, 2006, and shall apply for all tax periods and tax	1105
years until revoked by the trustee of the trust.	1106
(4) A "pre-income tax trust" is a trust that satisfies all	1107
of the following requirements:	1108
(a) The document or instrument creating the trust was	1109
executed by the grantor before January 1, 1972;	1110
(b) The trust became irrevocable upon the creation of the	1111
trust; and	1112
(c) The grantor was domiciled in this state at the time	1113
the trust was created.	1114
(FF) "Uniformed services" has the same meaning as in 10	1115
U.S.C. 101.	1116
(GG) "Taxable business income" means the amount by which	1117
an individual's business income that is included in federal	1118
adjusted gross income exceeds the amount of business income the	1119
individual is authorized to deduct under division (A)(28) of	1120
this section for the taxable year.	1121
(HH) "Employer" does not include a franchisor with respect	1122
to the franchisor's relationship with a franchisee or an	1123
employee of a franchisee, unless the franchisor agrees to assume	1124
that role in writing or a court of competent jurisdiction	1125
determines that the franchisor exercises a type or degree of	1126
control over the franchisee or the franchisee's employees that	1127
is not customarily exercised by a franchisor for the purpose of	1128

protecting the franchisor's trademark, brand, or both. For	1129
purposes of this division, "franchisor" and "franchisee" have	1130
the same meanings as in 16 C.F.R. 436.1.	1131
(II) "Modified adjusted gross income" means Ohio adjusted	1132
gross income plus any amount deducted under divisions (A) (28)	1133
and (34) of this section for the taxable year.	1134
(JJ) "Qualifying Ohio educator" means an individual who,	1135
for a taxable year, qualifies as an eligible educator, as that	1136
term is defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code, and	1137
who holds a certificate, license, or permit described in Chapter	1138
3319. or section 3301.071 of the Revised Code.	1139
Sec. 5747.025. (A) The personal exemption for the	1140
taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and each dependent shall be one	1141
of the following amounts:	1142
(1) Two thousand three hundred fifty dollars if the	1143
taxpayer's modified adjusted gross income for the taxable year	1144
as shown on an individual or joint annual return is less than or	1145
equal to forty thousand dollars;	1146
(2) Two thousand one hundred dollars if the taxpayer's	1147
modified adjusted gross income for the taxable year as shown on	1148
an individual or joint annual return is greater than forty	1149
thousand dollars but less than or equal to eighty thousand	1150
dollars;	1151
(3) One thousand eight hundred fifty dollars if the	1152
taxpayer's modified adjusted gross income for the taxable year	1153
as shown on an individual or joint annual return is greater than	1154
eighty thousand dollars.	1155
(B) For taxable years beginning in 2020 and thereafter,	1156
the personal exemption amounts prescribed in division (A) of	1157

this section shall be adjusted each year in the manner	1158
prescribed in division (C) of this section. In the case of an	1159
individual with respect to whom an exemption under section	1160
5747.02 of the Revised Code is allowable to another taxpayer for	1161
a taxable year beginning in the calendar year in which the	1162
individual's taxable year begins, the exemption amount	1163
applicable to such individual for such individual's taxable year	1164
shall be zero.	1165
(C) Except as otherwise provided in this division, in	1166
August of each year, the tax commissioner shall determine the	1167
percentage increase in the gross domestic product deflator	1168
determined by the bureau of economic analysis of the United	1169
States department of commerce from the first day of January of	1170
the preceding calendar year to the last day of December of the	1171
preceding year, and make a new adjustment to the personal	1172
exemption amount for taxable years beginning in the current	1173
calendar year by multiplying that amount by the percentage	1174
increase in the gross domestic product deflator for that period;	1175
adding the resulting product to the personal exemption amount	1176
for taxable years beginning in the preceding calendar year; and	1177
rounding the resulting sum upward to the nearest multiple of	1178
fifty dollars. The adjusted amount applies to taxable years	1179
beginning in the calendar year in which the adjustment is made	1180
and to taxable years beginning in each ensuing calendar year	1181
until a calendar year in which a new adjustment is made pursuant	1182
to this division. The commissioner shall not make a new	1183
adjustment in any calendar year in which the amount resulting	1184
from the adjustment would be less than the amount resulting from	1185
the adjustment in the preceding calendar year.	1186
(D) If the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse file	1187
separate returns, the exemption authorized under division (A) of	1188

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this section for a conceived child may only be claimed by the	1189
<pre>expecting mother.</pre>	1190
Section 2. That existing sections 5747.01 and 5747.025 of	1191
the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	1192
Section 3. This act shall be known as the Strategic Tax	1193
Opportunities for Raising Kids (STORK) Act.	1194