As Reported by the Senate General Government Committee

135th General Assembly

Regular Session 2023-2024

Am. S. B. No. 173

Senators DeMora, Gavarone

Cosponsors: Senators Craig, Ingram, Smith, Sykes, Antonio, Hicks-Hudson

A BILL

То	amend section 149.43 of the Revised Code to	1
	specify that certain election officials are	2
	designated public service workers for purposes	3
	of the public records law.	4

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 149.43 of the Revised Code be	5
amended to read as follows:	6
Sec. 149.43. (A) As used in this section:	7
(1) "Public record" means records kept by any public	8
office, including, but not limited to, state, county, city,	9
village, township, and school district units, and records	10
pertaining to the delivery of educational services by an	11
alternative school in this state kept by the nonprofit or for-	12
profit entity operating the alternative school pursuant to	13
section 3313.533 of the Revised Code. "Public record" does not	14
mean any of the following:	15
(a) Medical records;	16
(b) Records pertaining to probation and parole	17

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section 109.573 of the Revised Code;

(k) Inmate records released by the department of

rehabilitation and correction to the department of youth

services or a court of record pursuant to division (E) of

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acting under sections 3707.70 to 3707.77 of the Revised Code,	160
records, documents, reports, or other information presented to	161
the board or a person abstracting such materials on the board's	162
behalf, statements made by review board members during board	163
meetings, all work products of the board, and data submitted by	164
the board to the department of health or a national infant death	165
review database, other than the report prepared pursuant to	166
section 3707.77 of the Revised Code.	167
(11) Records, documents, reports, or other information	168
presented to the pregnancy-associated mortality review board	169
established under section 3738.01 of the Revised Code,	170
statements made by board members during board meetings, all work	171
products of the board, and data submitted by the board to the	172
department of health, other than the biennial reports prepared	173
under section 3738.08 of the Revised Code;	174
(mm) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(1)(00)	175
of this section, telephone numbers for a victim, as defined in	176
section 2930.01 of the Revised Code or a witness to a crime that	177
are listed on any law enforcement record or report.	178
(nn) A preneed funeral contract, as defined in section	179
4717.01 of the Revised Code, and contract terms and personally	180
identifying information of a preneed funeral contract, that is	181
contained in a report submitted by or for a funeral home to the	182
board of embalmers and funeral directors under division (C) of	183
section 4717.13, division (J) of section 4717.31, or section	184
4717.41 of the Revised Code.	185
(00) Telephone numbers for a party to a motor vehicle	186
accident subject to the requirements of section 5502.11 of the	187

Revised Code that are listed on any law enforcement record or

report, except that the telephone numbers described in this

division are not excluded from the definition of "public record"	190
under this division on and after the thirtieth day after the	191
occurrence of the motor vehicle accident.	192
(pp) Records pertaining to individuals who complete	193
training under section 5502.703 of the Revised Code to be	194
permitted by a school district board of education or governing	195
body of a community school established under Chapter 3314. of	196
the Revised Code, a STEM school established under Chapter 3326.	197
of the Revised Code, or a chartered nonpublic school to convey	198
deadly weapons or dangerous ordnance into a school safety zone;	199
(qq) Records, documents, reports, or other information	200
presented to a domestic violence fatality review board	201
established under section 307.651 of the Revised Code,	202
statements made by board members during board meetings, all work	203
products of the board, and data submitted by the board to the	204
department of health, other than a report prepared pursuant to	205
section 307.656 of the Revised Code;	206
(rr) Records, documents, and information the release of	207
which is prohibited under sections 2930.04 and 2930.07 of the	208
Revised Code;	209
(ss) Records of an existing qualified nonprofit	210
corporation that creates a special improvement district under	211
Chapter 1710. of the Revised Code that do not pertain to a	212
purpose for which the district is created.	213
A record that is not a public record under division (A)(1)	214
of this section and that, under law, is permanently retained	215
becomes a public record on the day that is seventy-five years	216
after the day on which the record was created, except for any	217
record protected by the attorney-client privilege, a trial	218

procedures or specific investigatory work product;

preparation record as defined in this section, a statement	219
prohibiting the release of identifying information signed under	220
section 3107.083 of the Revised Code, a denial of release form	221
filed pursuant to section 3107.46 of the Revised Code, or any	222
record that is exempt from release or disclosure under section	223
149.433 of the Revised Code. If the record is a birth	224
certificate and a biological parent's name redaction request	225
form has been accepted under section 3107.391 of the Revised	226
Code, the name of that parent shall be redacted from the birth	227
certificate before it is released under this paragraph. If any	228
other section of the Revised Code establishes a time period for	229
disclosure of a record that conflicts with the time period	230
specified in this section, the time period in the other section	231
prevails.	232
(2) "Confidential law enforcement investigatory record"	233
means any record that pertains to a law enforcement matter of a	234
criminal, quasi-criminal, civil, or administrative nature, but	235
only to the extent that the release of the record would create a	236
high probability of disclosure of any of the following:	237
(a) The identity of a suspect who has not been charged	238
with the offense to which the record pertains, or of an	239
information source or witness to whom confidentiality has been	240
reasonably promised;	241
(b) Information provided by an information source or	242
witness to whom confidentiality has been reasonably promised,	243
which information would reasonably tend to disclose the source's	244
or witness's identity;	245
(c) Specific confidential investigatory techniques or	246

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- (d) Information that would endanger the life or physical 248 safety of law enforcement personnel, a crime victim, a witness, 249 or a confidential information source. 250

 (3) "Medical record" means any document or combination of 251
- (3) "Medical record" means any document or combination of documents, except births, deaths, and the fact of admission to or discharge from a hospital, that pertains to the medical history, diagnosis, prognosis, or medical condition of a patient and that is generated and maintained in the process of medical treatment.
- (4) "Trial preparation record" means any record that 257 contains information that is specifically compiled in reasonable 258 anticipation of, or in defense of, a civil or criminal action or 259 proceeding, including the independent thought processes and 260 personal trial preparation of an attorney. 261
- (5) "Intellectual property record" means a record, other 262 than a financial or administrative record, that is produced or 263 collected by or for faculty or staff of a state institution of 264 higher learning in the conduct of or as a result of study or 265 research on an educational, commercial, scientific, artistic, 266 technical, or scholarly issue, regardless of whether the study 267 or research was sponsored by the institution alone or in 268 conjunction with a governmental body or private concern, and 269 that has not been publicly released, published, or patented. 270
- (6) "Donor profile record" means all records about donors or potential donors to a public institution of higher education except the names and reported addresses of the actual donors and the date, amount, and conditions of the actual donation.
- (7) "Designated public service worker" means a peace 275 officer, parole officer, probation officer, bailiff, prosecuting 276

attorney, assistant prosecuting attorney, correctional employee,	277
county or multicounty corrections officer, community-based	278
correctional facility employee, designated Ohio national guard	279
member, protective services worker, youth services employee,	280
firefighter, EMT, medical director or member of a cooperating	281
physician advisory board of an emergency medical service	282
organization, state board of pharmacy employee, investigator of	283
the bureau of criminal identification and investigation,	284
emergency service telecommunicator, forensic mental health	285
provider, mental health evaluation provider, regional	286
psychiatric hospital employee, judge, magistrate, or federal law	287
enforcement officer, or election official.	288
(8) "Designated public service worker residential and	289
familial information" means any information that discloses any	290
of the following about a designated public service worker:	291
(a) The address of the actual personal residence of a	292
designated public service worker, except for the following	293
information:	294
(i) The address of the actual personal residence of a	295
prosecuting attorney or judge; and	296
(ii) The state or political subdivision in which a	297
designated public service worker resides.	298
(b) Information compiled from referral to or participation	299
in an employee assistance program;	300
(c) The social security number, the residential telephone	301
number, any bank account, debit card, charge card, or credit	302
card number, or the emergency telephone number of, or any	303
medical information pertaining to, a designated public service	304
worker;	305

(d) The name of any beneficiary of employment benefits,	306
including, but not limited to, life insurance benefits, provided	307
to a designated public service worker by the designated public	308
service worker's employer;	309
(e) The identity and amount of any charitable or	310
employment benefit deduction made by the designated public	311
service worker's employer from the designated public service	312
worker's compensation, unless the amount of the deduction is	313
required by state or federal law;	314
(f) The name, the residential address, the name of the	315
employer, the address of the employer, the social security	316
number, the residential telephone number, any bank account,	317
debit card, charge card, or credit card number, or the emergency	318
telephone number of the spouse, a former spouse, or any child of	319
a designated public service worker;	320
(g) A photograph of a peace officer who holds a position	321
or has an assignment that may include undercover or plain	322
clothes positions or assignments as determined by the peace	323
officer's appointing authority.	324
(9) As used in divisions (A)(7) and (15) to (17) of this	325
section:	326
"Peace officer" has the meaning defined in section 109.71	327
of the Revised Code and also includes the superintendent and	328
troopers of the state highway patrol; it does not include the	329
sheriff of a county or a supervisory employee who, in the	330
absence of the sheriff, is authorized to stand in for, exercise	331
the authority of, and perform the duties of the sheriff.	332
"Correctional employee" means any employee of the	333
department of rehabilitation and correction who in the course of	33/

investigation" has the meaning defined in section 2903.11 of the

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Revised Code.	364
"Emergency service telecommunicator" means an individual	365
employed by an emergency service provider as defined under	366
section 128.01 of the Revised Code, whose primary responsibility	367
is to be an operator for the receipt or processing of calls for	368
emergency services made by telephone, radio, or other electronic	369
means.	370
"Forensic mental health provider" means any employee of a	371
community mental health service provider or local alcohol, drug	372
addiction, and mental health services board who, in the course	373
of the employee's duties, has contact with persons committed to	374
a local alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services	375
board by a court order pursuant to section 2945.38, 2945.39,	376
2945.40, or 2945.402 of the Revised Code.	377
"Mental health evaluation provider" means an individual	378
who, under Chapter 5122. of the Revised Code, examines a	379
respondent who is alleged to be a mentally ill person subject to	380
court order, as defined in section 5122.01 of the Revised Code,	381
and reports to the probate court the respondent's mental	382
condition.	383
"Regional psychiatric hospital employee" means any	384
employee of the department of mental health and addiction	385
services who, in the course of performing the employee's duties,	386
has contact with patients committed to the department of mental	387
health and addiction services by a court order pursuant to	388
section 2945.38, 2945.39, 2945.40, or 2945.402 of the Revised	389
Code.	390
"Federal law enforcement officer" has the meaning defined	391
in section 9.88 of the Revised Code.	392

"Election official" has the same meaning as in section	393
3501.01 of the Revised Code but does not include a precinct	394
election official or a temporary or part-time employee of a	395
board of elections.	396
(10) "Information pertaining to the recreational	397
activities of a person under the age of eighteen" means	398
information that is kept in the ordinary course of business by a	399
public office, that pertains to the recreational activities of a	400
person under the age of eighteen years, and that discloses any	401
of the following:	402
(a) The address or telephone number of a person under the	403
age of eighteen or the address or telephone number of that	404
person's parent, guardian, custodian, or emergency contact	405
person;	406
(b) The social security number, birth date, or	407
photographic image of a person under the age of eighteen;	408
(c) Any medical record, history, or information pertaining	409
to a person under the age of eighteen;	410
(d) Any additional information sought or required about a	411
person under the age of eighteen for the purpose of allowing	412
that person to participate in any recreational activity	413
conducted or sponsored by a public office or to use or obtain	414
admission privileges to any recreational facility owned or	415
operated by a public office.	416
(11) "Community control sanction" has the meaning defined	417
in section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	418
(12) "Post-release control sanction" has the meaning	419
defined in section 2967.01 of the Revised Code.	420

(13) "Redaction" means obscuring or deleting any	421
information that is exempt from the duty to permit public	422
inspection or copying from an item that otherwise meets the	423
definition of a "record" in section 149.011 of the Revised Code.	424
(14) "Designee," "elected official," and "future official"	425
have the meanings defined in section 109.43 of the Revised Code.	426
(15) "Body-worn camera" means a visual and audio recording	427
device worn on the person of a correctional employee, youth	428
services employee, or peace officer while the correctional	429
employee, youth services employee, or peace officer is engaged	430
in the performance of official duties.	431
(16) "Dashboard camera" means a visual and audio recording	432
device mounted on a peace officer's vehicle or vessel that is	433
used while the peace officer is engaged in the performance of	434
the peace officer's duties.	435
(17) "Restricted portions of a body-worn camera or	436
dashboard camera recording" means any visual or audio portion of	437
a body-worn camera or dashboard camera recording that shows,	438
communicates, or discloses any of the following:	439
(a) The image or identity of a child or information that	440
could lead to the identification of a child who is a primary	441
subject of the recording when the department of rehabilitation	442
and correction, department of youth services, or the law	443
enforcement agency knows or has reason to know the person is a	444
child based on the department's or law enforcement agency's	445
records or the content of the recording;	446
(b) The death of a person or a deceased person's body,	447
unless the death was caused by a correctional employee, youth	448
services employee, or peace officer or, subject to division (H)	449

(1) of this section, the consent of the decedent's executor or	450
administrator has been obtained;	451
(c) The death of a correctional employee, youth services	452
employee, peace officer, firefighter, paramedic, or other first	453
responder, occurring while the decedent was engaged in the	454
performance of official duties, unless, subject to division (H)	455
(1) of this section, the consent of the decedent's executor or	456
administrator has been obtained;	457
(d) Grievous bodily harm, unless the injury was effected	458
by a correctional employee, youth services employee, or peace	459
officer or, subject to division (H)(1) of this section, the	460
consent of the injured person or the injured person's guardian	461
has been obtained;	462
(e) An act of severe violence against a person that	463
results in serious physical harm to the person, unless the act	464
and injury was effected by a correctional employee, youth	465
services employee, or peace officer or, subject to division (H)	466
(1) of this section, the consent of the injured person or the	467
injured person's guardian has been obtained;	468
(f) Grievous bodily harm to a correctional employee, youth	469
services employee, peace officer, firefighter, paramedic, or	470
other first responder, occurring while the injured person was	471
engaged in the performance of official duties, unless, subject	472
to division (H)(1) of this section, the consent of the injured	473
person or the injured person's guardian has been obtained;	474
(g) An act of severe violence resulting in serious	475
physical harm against a correctional employee, youth services	476
employee, peace officer, firefighter, paramedic, or other first	477
responder, occurring while the injured person was engaged in the	478

performance of official duties, unless, subject to division (H)	479
(1) of this section, the consent of the injured person or the	480
injured person's guardian has been obtained;	481
(h) A person's nude body, unless, subject to division (H)	482
(1) of this section, the person's consent has been obtained;	483
(i) Protected health information, the identity of a person	484
in a health care facility who is not the subject of a	485
correctional, youth services, or law enforcement encounter, or	486
any other information in a health care facility that could	487
identify a person who is not the subject of a correctional,	488
youth services, or law enforcement encounter;	489
(j) Information that could identify the alleged victim of	490
a sex offense, menacing by stalking, or domestic violence;	491
(k) Information, that does not constitute a confidential	492
law enforcement investigatory record, that could identify a	493
person who provides sensitive or confidential information to the	494
department of rehabilitation and correction, the department of	495
youth services, or a law enforcement agency when the disclosure	496
of the person's identity or the information provided could	497
reasonably be expected to threaten or endanger the safety or	498
property of the person or another person;	499
(1) Personal information of a person who is not arrested,	500
cited, charged, or issued a written warning by a peace officer;	501
(m) Proprietary correctional, youth services, or police	502
contingency plans or tactics that are intended to prevent crime	503
and maintain public order and safety;	504
(n) A personal conversation unrelated to work between	505
correctional employees, youth services employees, or peace	506
officers or between a correctional employee, youth services	507

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use of force by, a correctional employee, youth services	516
employee, or peace officer;	517
(q) Any portion of the interior of a private business that	518
is not open to the public, unless an adversarial encounter with,	519
or a use of force by, a correctional employee, youth services	520
employee, or peace officer occurs in that location.	521
As used in division (A)(17) of this section:	522
"Grievous bodily harm" has the same meaning as in section	523
5924.120 of the Revised Code.	524
"Health care facility" has the same meaning as in section	525
1337.11 of the Revised Code.	526
"Protected health information" has the same meaning as in	527
45 C.F.R. 160.103.	528
"Law enforcement agency" means a government entity that	529
employs peace officers to perform law enforcement duties.	530
"Personal information" means any government-issued	531
identification number, date of birth, address, financial	532
information, or criminal justice information from the law	533
enforcement automated data system or similar databases.	534

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"Sex offense" has the same meaning as in section 2907.10	535
of the Revised Code.	536
"Firefighter," "paramedic," and "first responder" have the	537
same meanings as in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code.	538
(B)(1) Upon request by any person and subject to division	539
(B)(8) of this section, all public records responsive to the	540
request shall be promptly prepared and made available for	541
inspection to the requester at all reasonable times during	542
regular business hours. Subject to division (B)(8) of this	543
section, upon request by any person, a public office or person	544
responsible for public records shall make copies of the	545
requested public record available to the requester at cost and	546
within a reasonable period of time. If a public record contains	547
information that is exempt from the duty to permit public	548
inspection or to copy the public record, the public office or	549
the person responsible for the public record shall make	550
available all of the information within the public record that	551
is not exempt. When making that public record available for	552
public inspection or copying that public record, the public	553
office or the person responsible for the public record shall	554
notify the requester of any redaction or make the redaction	555
plainly visible. A redaction shall be deemed a denial of a	556
request to inspect or copy the redacted information, except if	557
federal or state law authorizes or requires a public office to	558
make the redaction. When the auditor of state receives a request	559
to inspect or to make a copy of a record that was provided to	560
the auditor of state for purposes of an audit, but the original	561
public office has asserted to the auditor of state that the	562

record is not a public record, the auditor of state may handle

office that provided the record to the auditor of state.

the requests by directing the requestor to the original public

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- (2) To facilitate broader access to public records, a 566 public office or the person responsible for public records shall 567 organize and maintain public records in a manner that they can 568 be made available for inspection or copying in accordance with 569 division (B) of this section. A public office also shall have 570 available a copy of its current records retention schedule at a 571 location readily available to the public. If a requester makes 572 an ambiguous or overly broad request or has difficulty in making 573 a request for copies or inspection of public records under this 574 section such that the public office or the person responsible 575 for the requested public record cannot reasonably identify what 576 public records are being requested, the public office or the 577 person responsible for the requested public record may deny the 578 request but shall provide the requester with an opportunity to 579 revise the request by informing the requester of the manner in 580 which records are maintained by the public office and accessed 581 in the ordinary course of the public office's or person's 582 duties. 583
- (3) If a request is ultimately denied, in part or in whole, the public office or the person responsible for the requested public record shall provide the requester with an explanation, including legal authority, setting forth why the request was denied. If the initial request was provided in writing, the explanation also shall be provided to the requester in writing. The explanation shall not preclude the public office or the person responsible for the requested public record from relying upon additional reasons or legal authority in defending an action commenced under division (C) of this section.
- (4) Unless specifically required or authorized by state or federal law or in accordance with division (B) of this section, no public office or person responsible for public records may

limit or condition the availability of public records by

requiring disclosure of the requester's identity or the intended

use of the requested public record. Any requirement that the

requester disclose the requester's identity or the intended use

of the requested public record constitutes a denial of the

request.

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- (5) A public office or person responsible for public 603 records may ask a requester to make the request in writing, may 604 ask for the requester's identity, and may inquire about the 605 606 intended use of the information requested, but may do so only after disclosing to the requester that a written request is not 607 mandatory, that the requester may decline to reveal the 608 requester's identity or the intended use, and when a written 609 request or disclosure of the identity or intended use would 610 benefit the requester by enhancing the ability of the public 611 office or person responsible for public records to identify, 612 locate, or deliver the public records sought by the requester. 613
- (6) If any person requests a copy of a public record in 614 accordance with division (B) of this section, the public office 615 or person responsible for the public record may require the 616 requester to pay in advance the cost involved in providing the 617 copy of the public record in accordance with the choice made by 618 the requester under this division. The public office or the 619 person responsible for the public record shall permit the 620 requester to choose to have the public record duplicated upon 621 paper, upon the same medium upon which the public office or 622 person responsible for the public record keeps it, or upon any 623 other medium upon which the public office or person responsible 624 for the public record determines that it reasonably can be 625 duplicated as an integral part of the normal operations of the 626 public office or person responsible for the public record. When 627

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the requester makes a choice under this division, the public	628
office or person responsible for the public record shall provide	629
a copy of it in accordance with the choice made by the	630
requester. Nothing in this section requires a public office or	631
person responsible for the public record to allow the requester	632
of a copy of the public record to make the copies of the public	633
record.	634
(7)(a) Upon a request made in accordance with division (B)	635
of this section and subject to division (B)(6) of this section,	636
a public office or person responsible for public records shall	637
transmit a copy of a public record to any person by United	638
States mail or by any other means of delivery or transmission	639
within a reasonable period of time after receiving the request	640
for the copy. The public office or person responsible for the	641
public record may require the person making the request to pay	642
in advance the cost of postage if the copy is transmitted by	643
United States mail or the cost of delivery if the copy is	644
transmitted other than by United States mail, and to pay in	645
advance the costs incurred for other supplies used in the	646
mailing, delivery, or transmission.	647
(b) Any public office may adopt a policy and procedures	648
that it will follow in transmitting, within a reasonable period	649
of time after receiving a request, copies of public records by	650
United States mail or by any other means of delivery or	651
transmission pursuant to division (B)(7) of this section. A	652
public office that adopts a policy and procedures under division	653
(B)(7) of this section shall comply with them in performing its	654
duties under that division.	655

(c) In any policy and procedures adopted under division

(B)(7) of this section:

- (i) A public office may limit the number of records 658 requested by a person that the office will physically deliver by 659 United States mail or by another delivery service to ten per 660 month, unless the person certifies to the office in writing that 661 the person does not intend to use or forward the requested 662 records, or the information contained in them, for commercial 663 664 purposes; (ii) A public office that chooses to provide some or all 665 of its public records on a web site that is fully accessible to 666 and searchable by members of the public at all times, other than 667 during acts of God outside the public office's control or 668 maintenance, and that charges no fee to search, access, 669 download, or otherwise receive records provided on the web site, 670 may limit to ten per month the number of records requested by a 671 person that the office will deliver in a digital format, unless 672 the requested records are not provided on the web site and 673 unless the person certifies to the office in writing that the 674 person does not intend to use or forward the requested records, 675 or the information contained in them, for commercial purposes. 676 (iii) For purposes of division (B)(7) of this section, 677 "commercial" shall be narrowly construed and does not include 678 reporting or gathering news, reporting or gathering information 679 to assist citizen oversight or understanding of the operation or 680 activities of government, or nonprofit educational research. 681
- (8) A public office or person responsible for public 682 records is not required to permit a person who is incarcerated 683 pursuant to a criminal conviction or a juvenile adjudication to 684 inspect or to obtain a copy of any public record concerning a 685 criminal investigation or prosecution or concerning what would 686 be a criminal investigation or prosecution if the subject of the 687

investigation or prosecution were an adult, unless the request	688
to inspect or to obtain a copy of the record is for the purpose	689
of acquiring information that is subject to release as a public	690
record under this section and the judge who imposed the sentence	691
or made the adjudication with respect to the person, or the	692
judge's successor in office, finds that the information sought	693
in the public record is necessary to support what appears to be	694
a justiciable claim of the person.	695

- (9) (a) Upon written request made and signed by a journalist, a public office, or person responsible for public records, having custody of the records of the agency employing a specified designated public service worker shall disclose to the journalist the address of the actual personal residence of the designated public service worker and, if the designated public service worker's spouse, former spouse, or child is employed by a public office, the name and address of the employer of the designated public service worker's spouse, former spouse, or child. The request shall include the journalist's name and title and the name and address of the journalist's employer and shall state that disclosure of the information sought would be in the public interest.
- (b) Division (B)(9)(a) of this section also applies to journalist requests for:
- (i) Customer information maintained by a municipally owned or operated public utility, other than social security numbers and any private financial information such as credit reports, payment methods, credit card numbers, and bank account information;
- (ii) Information about minors involved in a school vehicle 716 accident as provided in division (A)(1)(gg) of this section, 717

of the Revised Code;

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other than personal information as defined in section 149.45 of 718 the Revised Code. 719 (c) As used in division (B)(9) of this section, 720 "journalist" means a person engaged in, connected with, or 721 employed by any news medium, including a newspaper, magazine, 722 press association, news agency, or wire service, a radio or 723 television station, or a similar medium, for the purpose of 724 725 gathering, processing, transmitting, compiling, editing, or disseminating information for the general public. 726 727 (10) Upon a request made by a victim, victim's attorney, or victim's representative, as that term is used in section 728 2930.02 of the Revised Code, a public office or person 729 responsible for public records shall transmit a copy of a 730 depiction of the victim as described in division (A)(1)(ii) of 731 this section to the victim, victim's attorney, or victim's 732 representative. 733 (C)(1) If a person allegedly is aggrieved by the failure 734 of a public office or the person responsible for public records 735 736 to promptly prepare a public record and to make it available to the person for inspection in accordance with division (B) of 737 this section or by any other failure of a public office or the 738 person responsible for public records to comply with an 739 obligation in accordance with division (B) of this section, the 740 person allegedly aggrieved may do only one of the following, and 741 not both: 742 (a) File a complaint with the clerk of the court of claims 743 or the clerk of the court of common pleas under section 2743.75 744

(b) Commence a mandamus action to obtain a judgment that

orders the public office or the person responsible for the 747 public record to comply with division (B) of this section, that 748 awards court costs and reasonable attorney's fees to the person 749 that instituted the mandamus action, and, if applicable, that 750 includes an order fixing statutory damages under division (C)(2) 7.5.1 of this section. The mandamus action may be commenced in the 752 court of common pleas of the county in which division (B) of 753 this section allegedly was not complied with, in the supreme 754 court pursuant to its original jurisdiction under Section 2 of 755 Article IV, Ohio Constitution, or in the court of appeals for 756 the appellate district in which division (B) of this section 757 allegedly was not complied with pursuant to its original 758 jurisdiction under Section 3 of Article IV, Ohio Constitution. 759

(2) If a requester transmits a written request by hand 760 delivery, electronic submission, or certified mail to inspect or 761 receive copies of any public record in a manner that fairly 762 describes the public record or class of public records to the 763 public office or person responsible for the requested public 764 records, except as otherwise provided in this section, the 765 requester shall be entitled to recover the amount of statutory 766 damages set forth in this division if a court determines that 767 the public office or the person responsible for public records 768 failed to comply with an obligation in accordance with division 769 (B) of this section. 770

The amount of statutory damages shall be fixed at one 771 hundred dollars for each business day during which the public 772 office or person responsible for the requested public records 773 failed to comply with an obligation in accordance with division 774 (B) of this section, beginning with the day on which the 775 requester files a mandamus action to recover statutory damages, 776 up to a maximum of one thousand dollars. The award of statutory 777

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damages shall not be construed as a penalty, but as compensation

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for injury arising from lost use of the requested information.

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The existence of this injury shall be conclusively presumed. The

award of statutory damages shall be in addition to all other

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remedies authorized by this section.

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The court may reduce an award of statutory damages or not.

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The court may reduce an award of statutory damages or not award statutory damages if the court determines both of the following:

- (a) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory law and case law as it existed at the time of the conduct or threatened conduct of the public office or person responsible for the requested public records that allegedly constitutes a failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with division (B) of this section and that was the basis of the mandamus action, a well-informed public office or person responsible for the requested public records reasonably would believe that the conduct or threatened conduct of the public office or person responsible for the requested public records did not constitute a failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with division (B) of this section;
- (b) That a well-informed public office or person responsible for the requested public records reasonably would believe that the conduct or threatened conduct of the public office or person responsible for the requested public records would serve the public policy that underlies the authority that is asserted as permitting that conduct or threatened conduct.
- (3) In a mandamus action filed under division (C)(1) of this section, the following apply:
 - (a) (i) If the court orders the public office or the person

responsible for the public record to comply with division (B) of	807
this section, the court shall determine and award to the relator	808
all court costs, which shall be construed as remedial and not	809
punitive.	810
(ii) If the court makes a determination described in	811
division (C)(3)(b)(iii) of this section, the court shall	812
determine and award to the relator all court costs, which shall	813
be construed as remedial and not punitive.	814
(b) If the court renders a judgment that orders the public	815
office or the person responsible for the public record to comply	816
with division (B) of this section or if the court determines any	817
of the following, the court may award reasonable attorney's fees	818
to the relator, subject to division (C)(4) of this section:	819
(i) The public office or the person responsible for the	820
public records failed to respond affirmatively or negatively to	821
the public records request in accordance with the time allowed	822
under division (B) of this section.	823
(ii) The public office or the person responsible for the	824
public records promised to permit the relator to inspect or	825
receive copies of the public records requested within a	826
specified period of time but failed to fulfill that promise	827
within that specified period of time.	828
(iii) The public office or the person responsible for the	829
public records acted in bad faith when the office or person	830
voluntarily made the public records available to the relator for	831
the first time after the relator commenced the mandamus action,	832
but before the court issued any order concluding whether or not	833
the public office or person was required to comply with division	834
(B) of this section. No discovery may be conducted on the issue	835

of the alleged bad faith of the public office or person	836
responsible for the public records. This division shall not be	837
construed as creating a presumption that the public office or	838
the person responsible for the public records acted in bad faith	839
when the office or person voluntarily made the public records	840
available to the relator for the first time after the relator	841
commenced the mandamus action, but before the court issued any	842
order described in this division.	843

- (c) The court shall not award attorney's fees to the relator if the court determines both of the following: 845
- (i) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory 846 law and case law as it existed at the time of the conduct or 847 threatened conduct of the public office or person responsible 848 for the requested public records that allegedly constitutes a 849 failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with division 850 (B) of this section and that was the basis of the mandamus 851 action, a well-informed public office or person responsible for 852 the requested public records reasonably would believe that the 853 conduct or threatened conduct of the public office or person 854 responsible for the requested public records did not constitute 855 a failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with 856 division (B) of this section; 857
- (ii) That a well-informed public office or person 858 responsible for the requested public records reasonably would 859 believe that the conduct or threatened conduct of the public 860 office or person responsible for the requested public records 861 would serve the public policy that underlies the authority that 862 is asserted as permitting that conduct or threatened conduct. 863
- (4) All of the following apply to any award of reasonable 864 attorney's fees awarded under division (C)(3)(b) of this 865

section:	866
(a) The fees shall be construed as remedial and not	867
punitive.	868
(b) The fees awarded shall not exceed the total of the	869
reasonable attorney's fees incurred before the public record was	870
made available to the relator and the fees described in division	871
(C)(4)(c) of this section.	872
(c) Reasonable attorney's fees shall include reasonable	873
fees incurred to produce proof of the reasonableness and amount	874
of the fees and to otherwise litigate entitlement to the fees.	875
(d) The court may reduce the amount of fees awarded if the	876
court determines that, given the factual circumstances involved	877
with the specific public records request, an alternative means	878
should have been pursued to more effectively and efficiently	879
resolve the dispute that was subject to the mandamus action	880
filed under division (C)(1) of this section.	881
(5) If the court does not issue a writ of mandamus under	882
division (C) of this section and the court determines at that	883
time that the bringing of the mandamus action was frivolous	884
conduct as defined in division (A) of section 2323.51 of the	885
Revised Code, the court may award to the public office all court	886
costs, expenses, and reasonable attorney's fees, as determined	887
by the court.	888
(D) Chapter 1347. of the Revised Code does not limit the	889
provisions of this section.	890
(E)(1) To ensure that all employees of public offices are	891
appropriately educated about a public office's obligations under	892
division (B) of this section, all elected officials or their	893
appropriate designees shall attend training approved by the	894

attorney general as provided in section 109.43 of the Revised	895
Code. A future official may satisfy the requirements of this	896
division by attending the training before taking office,	897
provided that the future official may not send a designee in the	898
future official's place.	899

(2) All public offices shall adopt a public records policy 900 in compliance with this section for responding to public records 901 requests. In adopting a public records policy under this 902 903 division, a public office may obtain guidance from the model 904 public records policy developed and provided to the public office by the attorney general under section 109.43 of the 905 Revised Code. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the 906 policy may not limit the number of public records that the 907 public office will make available to a single person, may not 908 limit the number of public records that it will make available 909 during a fixed period of time, and may not establish a fixed 910 period of time before it will respond to a request for 911 inspection or copying of public records, unless that period is 912 less than eight hours. 913

The public office shall distribute the public records 914 policy adopted by the public office under this division to the 915 employee of the public office who is the records custodian or 916 records manager or otherwise has custody of the records of that 917 office. The public office shall require that employee to 918 acknowledge receipt of the copy of the public records policy. 919 The public office shall create a poster that describes its 920 public records policy and shall post the poster in a conspicuous 921 place in the public office and in all locations where the public 922 office has branch offices. The public office may post its public 923 records policy on the internet web site of the public office if 924 the public office maintains an internet web site. A public 925

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office that has established a manual or handbook of its general policies and procedures for all employees of the public office shall include the public records policy of the public office in the manual or handbook.

- (F) (1) The bureau of motor vehicles may adopt rules pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to reasonably limit the number of bulk commercial special extraction requests made by a person for the same records or for updated records during a calendar year. The rules may include provisions for charges to be made for bulk commercial special extraction requests for the actual cost of the bureau, plus special extraction costs, plus ten per cent. The bureau may charge for expenses for redacting information, the release of which is prohibited by law.
 - (2) As used in division (F)(1) of this section:
- (a) "Actual cost" means the cost of depleted supplies,

 records storage media costs, actual mailing and alternative

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 delivery costs, or other transmitting costs, and any direct

 equipment operating and maintenance costs, including actual

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 costs paid to private contractors for copying services.

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- (b) "Bulk commercial special extraction request" means a 945 request for copies of a record for information in a format other 946 than the format already available, or information that cannot be 947 extracted without examination of all items in a records series, 948 class of records, or database by a person who intends to use or 949 forward the copies for surveys, marketing, solicitation, or 950 resale for commercial purposes. "Bulk commercial special 951 extraction request" does not include a request by a person who 952 gives assurance to the bureau that the person making the request 953 does not intend to use or forward the requested copies for 954 surveys, marketing, solicitation, or resale for commercial 955

purposes.	956
(c) "Commercial" means profit-seeking production, buying,	957
or selling of any good, service, or other product.	958
(d) "Special extraction costs" means the cost of the time	959
spent by the lowest paid employee competent to perform the task,	960
the actual amount paid to outside private contractors employed	961
by the bureau, or the actual cost incurred to create computer	962
programs to make the special extraction. "Special extraction	963
costs" include any charges paid to a public agency for computer	964
or records services.	965
(3) For purposes of divisions (F)(1) and (2) of this	966
section, "surveys, marketing, solicitation, or resale for	967
commercial purposes" shall be narrowly construed and does not	968
include reporting or gathering news, reporting or gathering	969
information to assist citizen oversight or understanding of the	970
operation or activities of government, or nonprofit educational	971
research.	972
(G) A request by a defendant, counsel of a defendant, or	973
any agent of a defendant in a criminal action that public	974
records related to that action be made available under this	975
section shall be considered a demand for discovery pursuant to	976
the Criminal Rules, except to the extent that the Criminal Rules	977
plainly indicate a contrary intent. The defendant, counsel of	978
the defendant, or agent of the defendant making a request under	979
this division shall serve a copy of the request on the	980
prosecuting attorney, director of law, or other chief legal	981
officer responsible for prosecuting the action.	982
(H)(1) Any portion of a body-worn camera or dashboard	983
camera recording described in divisions (A)(17)(b) to (h) of	984

those divisions, only if either of the following applies: (a) The recording will not be used in connection with any probable or pending criminal proceedings; (b) The recording has been used in connection with a criminal proceeding that was dismissed or for which a judgment has been entered pursuant to Rule 32 of the Rules of Criminal	986 987 988 989 990
(a) The recording will not be used in connection with any probable or pending criminal proceedings; 9 (b) The recording has been used in connection with a criminal proceeding that was dismissed or for which a judgment has been entered pursuant to Rule 32 of the Rules of Criminal 9	988 989 990
probable or pending criminal proceedings; (b) The recording has been used in connection with a criminal proceeding that was dismissed or for which a judgment has been entered pursuant to Rule 32 of the Rules of Criminal	989 990 991
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criminal proceeding that was dismissed or for which a judgment has been entered pursuant to Rule 32 of the Rules of Criminal 9	91
has been entered pursuant to Rule 32 of the Rules of Criminal 9	
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Procedure, and will not be used again in connection with any	
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probable or pending criminal proceedings.	94
(2) If a public office denies a request to release a 9	95
restricted portion of a body-worn camera or dashboard camera	96
recording, as defined in division (A)(17) of this section, any	97
person may file a mandamus action pursuant to this section or a 9	98
complaint with the clerk of the court of claims pursuant to	99
section 2743.75 of the Revised Code, requesting the court to	000
order the release of all or portions of the recording. If the	001
court considering the request determines that the filing	002
articulates by clear and convincing evidence that the public 1	.003
interest in the recording substantially outweighs privacy 1	004
interests and other interests asserted to deny release, the	005
court shall order the public office to release the recording.	.006
Section 2. That existing section 149.43 of the Revised 1	.007
Code is hereby repealed.	.008