135th General Assembly Regular Session 2023-2024

Sub. S. B. No. 50

Senators Wilson, Smith

A BILL

То	amend sections 128.01, 128.02, 128.021, 128.022,	1
	128.03, 128.06, 128.07, 128.08, 128.12, 128.18,	2
	128.22, 128.32, 128.34, 128.40, 128.42, 128.44,	3
	128.45, 128.46, 128.461, 128.462, 128.47,	4
	128.52, 128.54, 128.55, 128.57, 128.60, 128.63,	5
	128.99, 149.43, 4776.20, 5703.052, 5733.55, and	6
	5751.01; to amend, for the purpose of adopting	7
	new section numbers as indicated in parentheses,	8
	sections 128.18 (128.33), 128.22 (128.35),	9
	128.32 (128.96), 128.34 (128.98), 128.40	10
	(128.20), 128.42 (128.40), and 128.45 (128.451);	11
	to enact new sections 128.22, 128.25, 128.26,	12
	128.27, 128.42, and 128.45 and sections 128.05,	13
	128.21, 128.211, 128.212, 128.221, 128.23,	14
	128.24, 128.241, 128.242, 128.243, 128.28,	15
	128.41, 128.411, 128.412, 128.413, 128.414,	16
	128.415, 128.416, 128.417, 128.418, 128.419,	17
	128.421, 128.422, and 128.43; and to repeal	18
	sections 128.04, 128.09, 128.15, 128.25, 128.26,	19
	128.27, 128.571, 4742.01, 4742.02, 4742.03,	20
	4742.04, 4742.05, 4742.06, and 4742.07 of the	21
	Revised Code to make changes to the law	22
	governing 9-1-1 service and to repeal program	23

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requirements for emergency-service-	24
telecommunicator training.	25
BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF O	HIO:
Section 1. That sections 128.01, 128.02, 128.021, 128.022,	26
128.03, 128.06, 128.07, 128.08, 128.12, 128.18, 128.22, 128.32,	27
128.34, 128.40, 128.42, 128.44, 128.45, 128.46, 128.461,	28
128.462, 128.47, 128.52, 128.54, 128.55, 128.57, 128.60, 128.63,	29

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128.99, 149.43, 4776.20, 5703.052, 5733.55, and 5751.01 be

amended; sections 128.18 (128.33), 128.22 (128.35), 128.32

128.45 (128.451) be amended for the purpose of adopting new

128.05, 128.21, 128.211, 128.212, 128.221, 128.23, 128.24,

Sec. 128.01. As used in this chapter:

system in to which all of the following apply:

read as follows:

access number 9-1-1.

128.241, 128.242, 128.243, 128.28, 128.41, 128.411, 128.412,

128.413, 128.414, 128.415, 128.416, 128.417, 128.418, 128.419,

128.421, 128.422, and 128.43 of the Revised Code be enacted to

(A) "9-1-1 system" means a system through which

individuals can request emergency service using the telephone-

(B) "Basic 9-1-1" means a 9-1-1 an emergency telephone

(1) The system automatically connects a caller provides

information on the nature of and the location of an emergency,

section numbers as indicated in parentheses; and new sections

128.22, 128.25, 128.26, 128.27, 128.42, and 128.45 and sections

(128.96), 128.34 (128.98), 128.40 (128.20), 128.42 (128.40), and

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and the personnel receiving the call must determine the	49
appropriate emergency service provider to respond at that	50
location to a designated public safety answering point.	51
(2) Call routing is determined by a central office only.	52
(3) Automatic number identification and automatic location	53
information may or may not be supported.	54
(C) "Enhanced 9-1-1" means a 9-1-1 an emergency telephone	55
system capable of providing both enhanced wireline 9-1-1 and	56
wireless enhanced 9-1-1that includes both of the following:	57
(1) Network switching;	58
(2) Database- and public-safety-answering-point premise	59
elements capable of providing automatic location identification	60
data, selective routing, selective transfer, fixed transfer, and	61
a call back number.	62
(D) "Enhanced wireline 9-1-1" means a 9-1-1 system in	63
which the wireline telephone network, in providing wireline 9-1-	64
1, does either of the following:	65
(1) Automatically routes the call to emergency service	66
providers that serve the location from which the call is made	67
and immediately provides to personnel answering the 9-1-1 call	68
information on the location and the telephone number from which	69
the call is being made;	70
(2) Receives, develops, collects, or processes requests	71
for emergency assistance and relays, transfers, operates,	72
maintains, or provides emergency notification services or system	73
capabilities.	74
(E) "Wireless enhanced 9-1-1" means a 9-1-1 system that,	75
in providing wireless 9-1-1, has the capabilities of phase I	76

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and, to the extent available, phase II enhanced 9-1-1 services	77	
as described in 47 C.F.R. 20.18 (d) to (h).	78	
(F)(1) "Wireless service" means federally licensed	79	
commercial mobile service as defined in 47 U.S.C. 332(d) and	80	
further defined as commercial mobile radio service in 47 C.F.R.	81	
20.3, and includes service provided by any wireless, two-way	82	
communications device, including a radio-telephone	83	
communications line used in cellular telephone service or	84	
personal communications service, a network radio access line, or	85	
any functional or competitive equivalent of such a radio-	86	
telephone communications or network radio access line.	87	
(2) Nothing in this chapter applies to paging or any	88	
service that cannot be used to call 9-1-1.	89	
(G) "Wireless service provider" means a facilities-based	90	
provider of any of the following that provides wireless service	91	
to one or more end users in this state:	92	
(1) A facilities-based provider;	93	
(2) A mobile virtual network operator;	94	
(3) A mobile other licensed operator.	95	
(H) "Wireless 9-1-1" means the emergency calling service	96	
provided by a 9-1-1 system pursuant to a call originating in the	97	
network of a wireless service provider.	98	
(I) "Wireline 9-1-1" means the emergency calling service	99	
provided by a 9-1-1 system pursuant to a call originating in the	100	
network of a wireline service provider.	101	
(J) "Wireline service provider" means a facilities-based	102	
provider of wireline service to one or more end users end users	103	
in this state.	104	

(P) "Public safety answering point" means a facility to

which an entity responsible for receiving requests for emergency

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services sent by dialing 9-1-1 system calls for within a	134
specific specified territory are initially routed for response	135
and where personnel respond to specific and processing those	136
requests for emergency service by services according to a	137
specific operational policy that includes directly dispatching	138
the appropriate emergency service provider, relaying a message	139
to the appropriate <u>emergency service</u> provider, or transferring	140
the call <u>request for emergency services</u> to the appropriate	141
emergency service provider. A public safety answering point may	142
<pre>be either of the following:</pre>	143
(1) Located in a specific facility;	144
(2) Virtual, if telecommunicators are geographically	145
dispersed and do not work from the same facility. The virtual	146
workplace may be a logical combination of physical facilities,	147
an alternate work environment such as a satellite facility, or a	148
combination of the two. Workers may be connected and	149
interoperate via internet-protocol connectivity.	150
(Q) "Customer premises equipment" means telecommunications	151
equipment, including telephone instruments, on the premises of a	152
public safety answering point that is used in answering and	153
responding to 9-1-1 system calls.	154
(R) "Municipal corporation in the county" includes any	155
municipal corporation that is wholly contained in the county and	156
each municipal corporation located in more than one county that	157
has a greater proportion of its territory in the county to which	158
the term refers than in any other county.	159
(S) "Board of county commissioners" includes the	160
legislative authority of a county established under Section 3 of	161
Article X, Ohio Constitution, or Chapter 302. of the Revised	162

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a wireless service provider that provides a prepaid wireless	192	
calling service.	193	
(Z) "Retail sale" has the same meaning as in section	194	
5739.01 of the Revised Code.	195	
(AA) "Seller" means a person that sells a prepaid wireless	196	
calling service to another person by retail sale.	197	
(BB) "Consumer" means the person end user for whom the	198	
prepaid wireless calling service is provided, to whom the	199	
transfer effected or license given by a sale is or is to be made	200	
or given, to whom the prepaid wireless calling service is	201	
charged, or to whom the admission is granted.	202	
(CC) "Reseller" means a nonfacilities-based provider of	203	
wireless service that provides wireless service under its own	204	
name to one or more end users in this state using the network of	205	
a wireless service provider.	206	
(DD) "Steering committee" means the statewide emergency	207	
services internet protocol network 9-1-1 steering committee	208	
established by division (A)(1) of section 128.02 of the Revised	209	
Code.	210	
(EE) "Communications service" includes wired or wireless	211	
telecommunications, voice over internet protocol service, and	212	
multiline telephone systems.	213	
(FF) "Next generation 9-1-1" means an internet-protocol-	214	
<pre>based system comprised of managed emergency services internet</pre>	215	
protocol networks, functional elements, and databases that	216	
replicate traditional enhanced 9-1-1 features and functions and	217	
provide additional capabilities.	218	
(GG) "Emergency services internet-protocol network" means_	219	

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a managed internet-protocol network that is used for emergency	220
services communications and provides the internet-protocol	221
transport infrastructure upon which independent application	222
platforms and core services can be deployed, including those	223
necessary for providing next generation 9-1-1 services. The term	224
designates the network and not the services that ride on the	225
<pre>network.</pre>	226
(HH) "9-1-1 system service provider" means a company or	227
entity engaged in the business of providing all or part of the	228
<pre>emergency services internet-protocol network, software</pre>	229
applications, hardware, databases, customer premises equipment	230
components and operations, and management procedures required to	231
support basic 9-1-1, enhanced 9-1-1, enhanced wireline 9-1-1,	232
wireless enhanced 9-1-1, or next generation 9-1-1 systems.	233
(II) "Voice over internet protocol" means technologies for	234
the delivery of voice communications and multimedia sessions	235
<pre>over internet-protocol networks, including private networks or</pre>	236
the internet.	237
(JJ) "Multiline telephone system" means a system to which	238
both of the following apply:	239
(1) The system consists of common control units, telephone	240
sets, control hardware and software, and adjunct systems,	241
including network and premises-based systems.	242
(2) The system is designed to aggregate more than one	243
incoming voice communication channel for use by more than one	244
telephone.	245
(KK) "Business service user" means a user of business	246
service that provides telecommunications service, including 9-1-	247
1 service, to end users through a publicly or privately owned or	248

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controlled telephone switch.	249
(LL) "Emergency response location" means an additional	250
location identification that provides a specific location. It	251
may include information regarding a specific location within a	252
building, structure, complex, or campus, including a building	253
name, floor number, wing name or number, unit name or number,	254
room name or number, or office or cubicle name or number.	255
(MM) "Operator of a multiline telephone system" means an	256
entity to which both of the following apply:	257
(1) The entity manages or operates a multiline telephone	258
system through which an end user may initiate communication	259
using the 9-1-1 system.	260
(2) The entity owns, leases, or rents a multiline	261
telephone system through which an end user may initiate	262
communication using the 9-1-1 system.	263
(NN) "Core services" means the base set of services needed	264
to process a 9-1-1 call on an emergency services internet-	265
<pre>protocol network. It includes all of the following:</pre>	266
(1) Emergency services routing proxy;	267
(2) Emergency call routing function;	268
(3) Location validation function;	269
(4) Border control function;	270
(5) Bridge, policy-store, and logging services;	271
(6) Typical internet-protocol services such as domain name	272
system and dynamic host configuration protocol.	273
The term includes the services and not the network on	274
which they operate.	275

steering committee and shall be a nonvoting member. All other 304 members shall be voting members. 305

- (2) A member of the steering committee appointed from the

 membership of the senate or the house of representatives shall

 serve during the member's term as a member of the general

 assembly and until a successor is appointed and qualified,

 notwithstanding adjournment of the general assembly or the

 expiration of the member's term as a member of the general

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 assembly.
- 313 (3) The initial terms of one of the representatives of the county commissioners' association of Ohio, one of the 314 315 representatives of the Ohio municipal league, and the representative of the Ohio township association shall all expire 316 on December 31, 2016. The initial terms of the other 317 representatives of the county commissioners' association of Ohio 318 and the Ohio municipal league shall expire on December 31, 2014. 319 Thereafter, terms of the members appointed by the governor shall 320 be for four years, with each term ending on the same day of the 321 same month as the term it succeeds. Each member appointed by the 322 323 governor shall hold office from the date of the member's appointment until the end of the term for which the member was 324 325 appointed, and may be reappointed. A member appointed by the governor shall continue in office after the expiration date of 326 the member's term until the member's successor takes office or 327 328 until a period of sixty days has elapsed, whichever occurs first. Members appointed by the governor shall serve without 329 compensation and shall not be reimbursed for expenses. 330
- (4) A vacancy in the position of any member of the331steering committee shall be filled for the unexpired term in the332same manner as the original appointment.333

(iii) The Ohio association of fire chiefs association;

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wireless	enhanced	9-1-1	pursuant	to	а	final	plan	${\tt adopted}$	under
this chap	oter.								

- (E) Except to the extent provided in a final plan that provides for funding of a 9-1-1 system in part through charges imposed under section 128.22 128.35 of the Revised Code, each subdivision served by a public safety answering point shall pay the subdivision or regional council of governments that operates the answering point the amount computed in accordance with the allocation formula set forth in the final plan.
- (F) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the purchase or other acquisition, installation, and maintenance of the telephone network for a 9-1-1 system and the purchase or other acquisition, installation, and maintenance of customer premises equipment at a public safety answering point made in compliance with a final plan—or an agreement under section—128.09 of the Revised Code, including customer premises equipment used to provide wireless enhanced 9-1-1, are not subject to any requirement of competitive bidding.
- (G) Each emergency service provider participating in a countywide 9-1-1 system shall maintain a telephone number in addition to 9-1-1.
- (H) Whenever a final plan provides for the implementation of basic 9-1-1, the planning committee shall so notify the steering committee, which shall determine whether the wireline service providers serving the territory covered by the plan are capable of reasonably meeting the technical and economic requirements of providing the wireline telephone network portion of an enhanced 9-1-1 system. The determination shall be made solely for purposes of division (C)(2) of section 128.18 of the Revised Code.

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(I)—If the public safety answering point personnel reasonably determine that a 9-1-1 call is not an emergency, the personnel shall provide the caller with the telephone number of an appropriate subdivision agency as applicable.

(J) (I) A final plan adopted under this chapter, or an agreement under section 128.09 of the Revised Code, may provide that, by further agreement included in the plan-or agreement, the state highway patrol or one or more public safety answering points of another 9-1-1 system is the public safety answering point or points for the provision of wireline or wireless 9-1-1 for all or part of the territory of the 9-1-1 system established under the plan-or agreement. In that event, the subdivision for which the wireline or wireless 9-1-1 is provided as named in the agreement shall be deemed the subdivision operating the public safety answering point or points for purposes of this chapter, except that, for the purpose of division (D)(2) of this section, that subdivision shall pay only so much of the costs of establishing, equipping, furnishing, operating, or maintaining any such public safety answering point as are specified in the agreement with the patrol or other system.

(K) A final plan for the provision of wireless 618 enhanced 9-1-1 shall provide that any wireless 9-1-1 calls 619 routed to a state highway patrol-operated public safety 620 answering point by default, due to a wireless service provider 621 so routing all such calls of its subscribers without prior 622 permission, are instead to be routed as provided under the plan. 623 Upon the implementation of countywide wireless enhanced 9-1-1 624 pursuant to a final plan, the state highway patrol shall cease 625 any functioning as a public safety answering point providing 626 wireless 9-1-1 within the territory covered by the countywide 9-627 1-1 system so established, unless the patrol functions as a 628

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public safety answering point providing wireless enhanced 9-1-1	629	
pursuant to an agreement included in the plan as authorized	630	
under division $\frac{(J)}{(I)}$ of this section.	631	
Sec. 128.05. Each county shall appoint a county 9-1-1	632	
coordinator to serve as the administrative coordinator for all	633	
public safety answering points participating in the countywide	634	
9-1-1 final plan described in section 128.03 of the Revised Code	635	
and shall also serve as a liaison with other county coordinators	636	
and the 9-1-1 program office.	637	
Sec. 128.06. (A) A board of Except as provided in	638	
divisions (B) and (C) of this section, every county	639	
commissioners or the legislative authority of any municipal	640	
corporation in the county that contains at least thirty per cent-	641	
of the county's population may adopt a resolution to convene	642	
<pre>shall maintain a county 9-1-1 planning program review committee,</pre>	643	
which shall serve without compensation and shall consist of	644	
three <u>six</u> voting members as follows:	645	
(1) The president or other presiding officer A member of	646	
the board of county commissioners, or a designee, who shall	647	
serve as chairperson of the committee;	648	
(2) The chief executive officer of the most populous	649	
municipal corporation in the county;	650	
(3) From the more populous of the following, either the	651	
chief executive officer of the second most populous municipal	652	
$\frac{\text{corporation in the county or a } \underline{\textbf{A}} \underline{\textbf{member of the board of township}}$	653	
trustees of the most populous township in the county as selected	654	
by majority vote of the board of trustees.	655	
In counties with a population of one hundred seventy-five	656	
thousand or more, the planning committee shall consist of two-	657	

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additional voting members as follows: a;	658		
(4) A member of a board of township trustees selected by	659		
the majority of boards of township trustees in the county	660		
pursuant to resolutions they adopt, and the chief executive	661		
officer;	662		
(5) A member of the legislative authority of a municipal	663		
corporation in the county selected by the majority of the	664		
legislative authorities of municipal corporations in the county	665		
pursuant to resolutions they adopt;	666		
(6) An elected official from within the county appointed	667		
by the board of county commissioners.	668		
When determining population under this division (A)(2) of	669		
this section, population residing outside the county shall be	670		
excluded.	671		
(B) In counties with fewer than five townships, a	672		
population in excess of seven hundred fifty thousand, and which	673		
contains more than one public safety answering point, the	674		
composition of the 9-1-1 program review committee shall consist	675		
of five members as follows:	676		
(1) A member of the board of county commissioners, or a	677		
designee, who shall serve as chairperson of the committee;	678		
(2) The chief executive officer of the most populous	679		
municipal corporation in the county. Population residing outside	680		
the county shall be excluded when making this determination.	681		
(3) A member from one of the following, whichever is more	682		
populous:	683		
(a) The chief executive officer of the second most	684		
populous municipal corporation in the county;	685		

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Code. 744 (C) The 9-1-1 planning committee shall appoint a 9-1-1-745 technical advisory committee to assist it in planning the 746 countywide 9-1-1 system. The advisory committee shall include at 747 least one fire chief and one police chief serving in the county, 748 the county sheriff, a representative of the state highway patrol 749 selected by the patrol, one representative of each telephone-750 company in each case selected by the telephone company 751 represented, the director/coordinator of emergency management 752 appointed under section 5502.26, 5502.27, or 5502.271 of the 753 Revised Code, as appropriate, and a member of a board of 754 township trustees of a township in the county selected by a 755 756 majority of boards of township trustees in the county pursuantto resolutions they adopt. 7.5.7 Sec. 128.07. (A) The 9-1-1 planning committee shall-758 prepare a proposal on the implementation of a countywide 9-1-1-759 system and shall hold a public meeting on the proposal to-760 explain the system to and receive comments from public-761 officials. At least thirty but not more than sixty days before 762 the meeting, the committee shall send a copy of the 763 implementation proposal and written notice of the meeting: 764 (1) To the board of county commissioners, the legislative 765 authority of each municipal corporation in the county, and to 766 the board of trustees of each township in the county, either by 767 certified mail or, if the committee has record of an internet 768 identifier of record associated with the board or legislative-769 authority, by ordinary mail and by that internet identifier of-770 771 record; and (2) To the board of trustees, directors, or park-772 commissioners of each subdivision that will be served by a 773

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not agree on whether the wireline service provider is capable of	832
providing the wireline telephone network as described under-	833
division (A) of section 128.03 of the Revised Code and the	834
planning committee refers that question to the steering-	835
committee, the steering committee may extend the nine-month-	836
deadline established by this division to twelve months.	837
Immediately on completion of the plan, the planning (B) (1) The	838
9-1-1 program review committee shall send a copy of the final	839
plan:	840
$\frac{(1)}{(a)}$ To the board of county commissioners of the	841
county, to the legislative authority of each municipal	842
corporation in the county, and to the board of township trustees	843
of each township in the county either by certified mail or, if	844
the committee has record of an internet identifier of record	845
associated with the board or legislative authority, by ordinary	846
mail and by that internet identifier of record; and	847
$\frac{(2)-(b)}{(b)}$ To the board of trustees, directors, or park	848
commissioners of each subdivision that will be served by a	849
public safety answering point under the plan.	850
(D) (2) The 9-1-1 program review committee shall file a	851
copy of its current final plan with the Ohio 9-1-1 program	852
office not later than six months after the effective date of	853
this amendment. Any revisions or amendments shall be filed not	854
later than ninety days after adoption.	855
(C) As used in this section, "internet identifier of	856
record" has the same meaning as in section 9.312 of the Revised	857
Code.	858
Sec. 128.08. (A) Within sixty days after receipt of the	859
final plan pursuant to division $\frac{(C)}{(B)}$ (B) (1) of section 128.07 of	860

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the Revised Code, the board of county commissioners of the	861
county and the legislative authority of each municipal	862
corporation in the county and of each township whose territory	863
is proposed to be included in a countywide 9-1-1 system shall	864
act by resolution to approve or disapprove the plan, except	865
that, with respect to a final plan that provides for funding of	866
the 9-1-1 system in part through charges imposed under section	867
128.22 128.35 of the Revised Code, the board of county	868
commissioners shall not act by resolution to approve or	869
disapprove the plan until after a resolution adopted under	870
section $\frac{128.22}{128.35}$ of the Revised Code has become effective	871
as provided in division (D) of that section. A municipal	872
corporation or township whose territory is proposed to be-	873
included in the system includes any municipal corporation or	874
township in which a part of its territory is excluded pursuant-	875
to division (A)(2) of section 128.03 of the Revised Code. Each	876
such authority immediately shall notify the board of county	877
commissioners in writing of its approval or disapproval of the	878
final plan. Failure by a board or legislative authority to	879
notify the board of county commissioners of approval or	880
disapproval within such sixty-day period shall be deemed	881
disapproval by the board or authority.	882
(B) As used in this division, "county's population"	883
excludes the population of any municipal corporation or township	884
that, under the plan, is completely excluded from 9-1-1 service	885
in the county's final plan. A countywide plan is effective if	886
all of the following entities approve the plan in accordance	887
with this section:	888

(1) The board of county commissioners;

(2) The legislative authority of a municipal corporation

(7) Adding, changing, or removing a telephone company 9-1-	919
1 system service provider as a participant in a the countywide	920
9-1-1 system—after the implementation of wireline 9-1-1 or	921
wireless enhanced 9-1-1;	922
(8) Providing that the state highway patrol or one or more	923
public safety answering points of another 9-1-1 system function	924
as a public safety answering point or points for the provision	925
of wireline or wireless 9-1-1 for all or part of the territory	926
of the system established under the final plan, as contemplated	927
under division $\frac{(J)}{(I)}$ of section 128.03 of the Revised Code;	928
(9) Making any other necessary adjustments to the plan.	929
(B)(1) To amend a final plan for the purpose described in	930
division (A)(7) of this section, an entity that wishes to be	931
added as a participant in a 9-1-1 system shall file a written	932
letter of that intent with the board of county commissioners of-	933
the county that approved the final plan. The final plan is-	934
deemed amended upon the filing of that letter. The entity that	935
files the letter shall send written notice of that filing to all	936
subdivisions, regional councils of governments, and telephone-	937
companies participating in the system.	938
(2) An amendment to a final plan for any other purpose set	939
forth in division (A) of this section may be made by an addendum	940
approved by a majority of the 9-1-1 planning program review	941
committee. The board of county commissioners shall call a	942
meeting of the 9-1-1 planning program review committee for the	943
purpose of considering an addendum pursuant to this division.	944
(3) (2) Adoption of any resolution under section 128.22	945
128.35 of the Revised Code pursuant to a final plan that both	946
has been adopted and provides for funding through charges	947

from the state or federal government shall present a letter of

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(b) The aggregate amount of costs and cost recovery	1034
associated with providing 9-1-1 service, including coverage	1035
under tariffs and bill and keep arrangements within this state;	1036
(c) Any other information requested by the steering	1037
committee and deemed necessary to support the transition to next	1038
generation 9-1-1.	1039
(2) Location information necessary for the reconciliation	1040
and synchronization of next generation 9-1-1 location	1041
information, including all of the following:	1042
(a) Address location information;	1043
(b) Master street address guide;	1044
(c) Service order inputs;	1045
(d) Geographic information system files;	1046
(e) Street center lines;	1047
(f) Response boundaries;	1048
(g) Administrative boundaries;	1049
(h) Address points.	1050
(D) Require, coordinate, oversee, and limit data	1051
collection and distribution to ensure that data collection and	1052
distribution meets legal privacy and confidentiality	1053
requirements;	1054
(E) With advice from the 9-1-1 steering committee, enter	1055
into interlocal contracts, interstate contracts, intrastate	1056
contracts, and federal contracts for the purpose of implementing	1057
statewide 9-1-1 services.	1058
Sec. 128.221. (A) The data described in section 128.22 of	1059

the Revised Code shall be protected in accordance with	1060
applicable provisions of the Revised Code. Charges, terms, and	1061
conditions for the disclosure or use of that data provided by	1062
public safety answering points, service providers, and emergency	1063
service providers for the purpose of 9-1-1 shall be subject to	1064
the jurisdiction of the steering committee.	1065
(B) Data and information that contribute to more effective	1066
9-1-1 services and emergency response may be accessed and shared	1067
among 9-1-1 and emergency response functions specifically for	1068
the purposes of effective emergency response, while ensuring the	1069
overall privacy and confidentiality of the data and information	1070
involved.	1071
Sec. 128.23. (A) Every telecommunication service provider	1072
able to generate 9-1-1 traffic within the state shall do all of	1073
the following:	1074
(1) Register with the 9-1-1 program office;	1075
(2) Provide a single point of contact to the 9-1-1 program	1076
office who has the authority to assist in location-data	1077
discrepancies, including 9-1-1 traffic misroutes and no-record-	1078
<pre>found errors;</pre>	1079
(3) Provide location data for all 9-1-1 traffic with the	1080
accuracy and validity necessary to ensure proper routing to the	1081
most appropriate public safety answering point or local next	1082
generation 9-1-1 system. Provision of this location data may	1083
include both of the following:	1084
(a) Preprovisioning of location data into a state-operated	1085
database utilizing industry standard protocols;	1086
(b) Providing a routable location with the 9-1-1 traffic	1087
at call time, utilizing approved standards for both legacy and	1088

next generation 9-1-1.	1089
(B) If a service provider subject to division (A) of this	1090
section is notified by the 9-1-1 program office of a discrepancy	1091
in location data, the service provider shall correct the	1092
discrepancy within seventy-two hours.	1093
(C) All data provided under this section is private and	1094
subject to applicable privacy laws and shall not be considered a	1095
"public record" for purposes of section 149.43 of the Revised	1096
Code.	1097
Sec. 128.24. (A) Except as provided in division (C) of	1098
<pre>this section:</pre>	1099
(1) Each operator of a multiline telephone system that was	1100
installed or substantially renovated on or after the effective	1101
date of this section, shall provide to the end user the same	1102
level of 9-1-1 service that is provided to other end users of 9-	1103
1-1 within the state. That service shall include the provision	1104
of either of the following, which shall satisfy the requirements	1105
of division (A)(3) of this section:	1106
(a) Legacy automatic number identification and automatic	1107
<pre>location identification;</pre>	1108
(b) Next generation 9-1-1 location data.	1109
(2) Each operator of a multiline telephone system that was	1110
installed or substantially renovated on or after the effective	1111
date of this section, shall provide an emergency-response-	1112
location identifier as part of the location transmission to the	1113
public safety answering point, using either legacy private-	1114
switch automatic location identification or next generation 9-1-	1115
1 methodologies.	1116

(3) Each operator of a multiline telephone system that was	1117
installed or substantially renovated on or after the effective	1118
date of this section, shall identify the specific location of	1119
the caller using an emergency response location that includes	1120
the public street address of the building from which the call	1121
originated, a suite or room number, the building floor, and a	1122
building identifier, if applicable.	1123
(B) All locations provided under this section shall be	1124
either master-street-address-guide or next-generation-9-1-1-	1125
location-validation-function valid.	1126
(C) The requirements of divisions (A)(1), (2), and (3) of	1127
this section do not apply to a multiline telephone system in a	1128
workspace of less than seven thousand square feet in a single	1129
building, on a single level of a structure, having a single	1130
<pre>public street address.</pre>	1131
Sec. 128.241. Beginning not later than one year after the	1132
effective date of this section and except as provided in	1133
sections 128.242 and 128.243 of the Revised Code, a business	1134
service user that provides residential or business facilities,	1135
owns or controls a multiline telephone system or voice over	1136
internet protocol system in those facilities, and provides	1137
outbound dialing capacity from those facilities shall ensure	1138
both of the following:	1139
(A) In the case of a multiline telephone system that is	1140
capable of initiating a 9-1-1 call, the system is connected to	1141
the public switched telephone network in such a way that when an	1142
individual using the system dials 9-1-1, the call connects to	1143
the public safety answering point without requiring the user to	1144
dial any additional digit or code.	1145

(G) The affidavit described in division (F) of this

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and Chapters 4901., 4903., 4905., and 4909. of the Revised Code, 1203 the public utilities commission shall determine the just, 1204 reasonable, and compensatory rates, tolls, classifications, 1205 charges, or rentals to be observed and charged for the wireline 1206 telephone network portion of a basic or enhanced 9-1-1 system, 1207 and each telephone company that is a wireline service provider 1208 participating in the system shall be subject to those chapters, 1209 to the extent they apply, as to the service provided by its 1210 portion of the wireline telephone network for the system as 1211 described in the final plan-or to be installed pursuant to-1212 agreements under section 128.09 of the Revised Code, and as to 1213 the rates, tolls, classifications, charges, or rentals to be 1214 observed and charged for that service. 1215

(B) Only the customers of a participating telephone 1216 company described in division (A) of this section that are 1217 served within the area covered by a 9-1-1 system shall pay the 1218 recurring rates for the maintenance and operation of the 1219 company's portion of the wireline telephone network of the 1220 system. Such rates shall be computed by dividing the total 1221 monthly recurring rates set forth in the company's schedule as 1222 filed in accordance with section 4905.30 of the Revised Code, by 1223 the total number of residential and business customer access 1224 lines, or their equivalent, within the area served. Each 1225 residential and business customer within the area served shall 1226 pay the recurring rates based on the number of its residential 1227 and business customer access lines or their equivalent. No 1228 company shall include such amount on any customer's bill until 1229 the company has completed its portion of the wireline telephone 1230 network in accordance with the terms, conditions, requirements, 1231 and specifications of the final plan-or an agreement made under 1232 section 128.09 of the Revised Code. 1233

(C)(1) Except as otherwise provided in division (C)(2) of	1234
this section, a participating telephone company described in	1235
division (A) of this section may receive through the credit	1236
authorized by section 5733.55 of the Revised Code the total	1237
nonrecurring charges for its portion of the wireline telephone	1238
network of the system and the total nonrecurring charges for any	1239
updating or modernization of that wireline telephone network in	1240
accordance with the terms, conditions, requirements, and	1241
specifications of the final plan or pursuant to agreements under	1242
section 128.09 of the Revised Code, as such charges are set	1243
forth in the schedule filed by the telephone company in	1244
accordance with section 4905.30 of the Revised Code. However,	1245
that portion, updating, or modernization shall not be for or	1246
include the provision of wireless 9-1-1. As applicable, the	1247
receipt of permissible charges shall occur only upon the	1248
completion of the installation of the network or the completion	1249
of the updating or modernization.	1250
(2) The credit shall not be allowed under division (C)(1)	1251
of this section for the upgrading of a system from basic to	1252
enhanced wireline 9-1-1 if both of the following apply:	1253
(a) The telephone company received the credit for the	1254
wireline telephone network portion of the basic 9-1-1 system now	1255
proposed to be upgraded.	1256
(b) At the time the final plan or agreement pursuant to	1257
section 128.09 of the Revised Code calling for the basic 9-1-1	1258
system was agreed to, the telephone company was capable of	1259
reasonably meeting the technical and economic requirements of	1260
providing the wireline telephone network portion of an enhanced	1261
9-1-1 system within the territory proposed to be upgraded, as-	1262

determined by the steering committee under division (A) or (H)

af a	ation	100 00	0.10	division	(C)	Λf	acation	120 00	Λ£	+ ho_
OT 2	eccion	120.05	OI	division	(C)	OI	SECCION	120.09	OI	CITE
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- (3) If the credit is not allowed under division (C)(2) of 1266 this section, the total nonrecurring charges for the wireline 1267 telephone network used in providing 9-1-1 service, as set forth 1268 in the schedule filed by a telephone company in accordance with 1269 section 4905.30 of the Revised Code, on completion of the 1270 installation of the network in accordance with the terms, 1271 conditions, requirements, and specifications of the final plan 1272 or pursuant to section 128.09 of the Revised Code, shall be paid 1273 by the municipal corporations and townships with any territory 1274 in the area in which such upgrade from basic to enhanced 9-1-1 1275 is made. 1276
- (D) If customer premises equipment for a public safety

 answering point is supplied by a telephone company that is

 required to file a schedule under section 4905.30 of the Revised

 1279

 Code pertaining to customer premises equipment, the recurring

 and nonrecurring rates and charges for the installation and

 maintenance of the equipment specified in the schedule shall

 apply.

 1283
- Sec. 128.22—128.35. (A) (1) For the purpose of paying the 1284 costs of establishing, equipping, and furnishing one or more 1285 public safety answering points as part of a countywide 9-1-1 1286 system effective under division (B) of section 128.08 of the 1287 Revised Code and paying the expense of administering and 1288 enforcing this section, the board of county commissioners of a 1289 county, in accordance with this section, may fix and impose, on 1290 each lot or parcel of real property in the county that is owned 1291 by a person, municipal corporation, township, or other political 1292 subdivision and is improved, or is in the process of being 1293

improved, reasonable charges to be paid by each such owner. The 1294 charges shall be sufficient to pay only the estimated allowed 1295 costs and shall be equal in amount for all such lots or parcels. 1296

- (2) For the purpose of paying the costs of operating and 1297 maintaining the answering points and paying the expense of 1298 administering and enforcing this section, the board, in 1299 accordance with this section, may fix and impose reasonable 1300 charges to be paid by each owner, as provided in division (A)(1) 1301 of this section, that shall be sufficient to pay only the 1302 estimated allowed costs and shall be equal in amount for all 1303 such lots or parcels. The board may fix and impose charges under 1304 this division pursuant to a resolution adopted for the purposes 1305 of both divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section or pursuant to 1306 a resolution adopted solely for the purpose of division (A)(2) 1307 of this section, and charges imposed under division (A)(2) of 1308 this section may be separately imposed or combined with charges 1309 imposed under division (A)(1) of this section. 1310
- (B) Any board adopting a resolution under this section 1311 pursuant to a final plan initiating the establishment of a 9-1-1 1312 system or pursuant to an amendment to a final plan shall adopt 1313 the resolution within sixty days after the board receives the 1314 final plan for the 9-1-1 system pursuant to division $\frac{(C)}{(C)}$ (B) (1) 1315 of section 128.07 of the Revised Code. The board by resolution 1316 may change any charge imposed under this section whenever the 1317 board considers it advisable. Any resolution adopted under this 1318 section shall declare whether securities will be issued under 1319 Chapter 133. of the Revised Code in anticipation of the 1320 collection of unpaid special assessments levied under this 1321 section. 1322
 - (C) The board shall adopt a resolution under this section

at a public meeting held in accordance with section 121.22 of 1324 the Revised Code. Additionally, the board, before adopting any 1325 such resolution, shall hold at least two public hearings on the 1326 proposed charges. Prior to the first hearing, the board shall 1327 publish notice of the hearings once a week for two consecutive 1328 weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or as 1329 provided in section 7.16 of the Revised Code. The notice shall 1330 include a listing of the charges proposed in the resolution and 1331 the date, time, and location of each of the hearings. The board 1332 shall hear any person who wishes to testify on the charges or 1333 the resolution. 1334

- (D) No resolution adopted under this section shall be 1335 effective sooner than thirty days following its adoption nor 1336 shall any such resolution be adopted as an emergency measure. 1337 The resolution is subject to a referendum in accordance with 1338 sections 305.31 to 305.41 of the Revised Code unless, in the 1339 resolution, the board of county commissioners directs the board 1340 of elections of the county to submit the question of imposing 1341 the charges to the electors of the county at the next primary or 1342 general election in the county occurring not less than ninety 1343 days after the resolution is certified to the board. No 1344 resolution shall go into effect unless approved by a majority of 1345 those voting upon it in any election allowed under this 1346 division. 1347
- (E) To collect charges imposed under division (A) of this
 section, the board of county commissioners shall certify them to
 1349
 the county auditor of the county who then shall place them upon
 1350
 the real property duplicate against the properties to be
 1351
 assessed, as provided in division (A) of this section. Each
 1352
 assessment shall bear interest at the same rate that securities
 1353
 issued in anticipation of the collection of the assessments

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of business for other purposes, including nontax purposes, the	1443
seller may elect to apply the charge only to that portion.	1444
(c) (3) If a minimal amount of a prepaid wireless calling	1445
service is sold with a prepaid wireless calling device for the	1446
single, nonitemized price, the seller may elect not to collect	1447
the charge. As used in this division, "minimal" means either ten	1448
minutes or less or five dollars or less.	1449
(C) (E) The wireless 9-1-1 charges authorized under this	1450
section shall not be imposed on a subscriber of wireless	1451
lifeline service or a provider of that service.	1452
(F) The wireless 9-1-1 charges shall be exempt from state	1453
or local taxation.	1454
Sec. 128.41. Except as provided in sections 128.413 and	1455
128.42 of the Revised Code:	1456
(A) For a two-year period after the expiration of the	1457
charge described in division (A)(1) of section 128.40 of the	1458
Revised Code, there is imposed a next generation 9-1-1 access	1459
fee of sixty-four cents per month on each communications service	1460
to which both of the following apply:	1461
(1) The communications service is registered to the	1462
subscriber's service address within this state or the	1463
subscriber's primary place of using the communications service	1464
is in this state.	1465
(2) The communications service is capable of initiating a	1466
direct connection to 9-1-1.	1467
(B) After the two-year period described in division (A) of	1468
this section, there is imposed a next generation 9-1-1 access	1469
fee on each communications service described in that division.	1470

The amount of the fee shall be sixty-four cents per month or, if	1471
the steering committee designates an alternate amount under	1472
section 128.411 of the Revised Code, that alternate amount.	1473
Sec. 128.411. (A) For purposes of division (B) of section	1474
128.41 of the Revised Code, the steering committee may, on the	1475
first day of January of each year and subject to division (B) of	1476
this section, designate an alternate amount for the monthly next	1477
generation 9-1-1 access fee. The alternative amount shall	1478
satisfy both of the following requirements:	1479
(1) It may not be more than two cents above the fee amount	1480
for the previous year.	1481
(2) It may not be higher than sixty-four cents.	1482
(B) The steering committee may designate a fee amount that	1483
is higher than the previous year's fee amount only if there are	1484
outstanding transitional costs associated with the next	1485
generation 9-1-1 system.	1486
(C) The steering committee shall report to the general	1487
assembly any action to increase the next generation 9-1-1 access	1488
fee. The report shall state the remaining amount of the	1489
counties' transitional costs of connecting to the statewide	1490
emergency services internet protocol network.	1491
Sec. 128.412. (A) Except as provided in divisions (B),	1492
(C), and (D) of this section and section 128.413 of the Revised	1493
Code, a subscriber who is billed for a communications service	1494
described in division (A) of section 128.41 of the Revised Code	1495
shall pay a separate next generation 9-1-1 access fee for each	1496
such communications service for which the subscriber is billed.	1497
(B) In the case of a multiline telephone system, the	1498
subscriber shall pay a separate fee for each line. The maximum	1499

shall collect the next generation 9-1-1 access fee imposed under

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this section, a subscriber who is not subject to the monthly	1540
wireless 9-1-1 charge under division (A)(1) of section 128.40 of	1541
the Revised Code shall not be subject to the monthly next	1542
generation 9-1-1 access fee described in section 128.41 of the	1543
Revised Code.	1544
(B) Division (A) of this section does not apply to a	1545
subscriber who purchases, subscribes to, or renews a contract	1546
for a communications service on or after January 1, 2024.	1547
Sec. 128.416. Not later than January 1, 2025, the	1548
steering committee shall submit a report to the general assembly	1549
on the effectiveness of the next generation 9-1-1 access fee at	1550
sixty-four cents per month.	1551
Sec. 128.417. After installation and operation for twelve	1552
months of the statewide next generation 9-1-1 system, the	1553
steering committee shall monitor the accounts where funds are	1554
generated from the next generation 9-1-1 access fee. The	1555
steering committee may reduce the next generation access fee if	1556

1558

it is determined the obligations of the funds can still be met_

to avoid over-collection of fees. If the fee is reduced, the

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Sec. 128.421. Except as provided in division (B)(3) of	1588
section 128.422 of the Revised Code, the seller of the prepaid	1589
calling service shall collect the next generation 9-1-1 access	1590
fee imposed under section 128.42 of the Revised Code in the same	1591
manner as described in section 128.414 of the Revised Code.	1592
Sec. 128.422. (A) When a prepaid calling service is sold	1593
with one or more other products or services for a single,	1594
nonitemized price, the next generation 9-1-1 access fee imposed	1595
under section 128.42 of the Revised Code shall apply to the	1596
entire nonitemized price, except as provided in divisions (B)(1)	1597
to (3) of this section.	1598
(B) (1) If the amount of the prepaid calling service is	1599
disclosed to the consumer as a dollar amount, the seller may	1600
elect to apply the fee only to that dollar amount.	1601
(2) If the seller can identify the portion of the	1602
nonitemized price that is attributable to the prepaid calling	1603
service, by reasonable and verifiable standards from the	1604
seller's books and records that are kept in the regular course	1605
of business for other purposes, including nontax purposes, the	1606
seller may elect to apply the fee only to that portion.	1607
(3) If a minimal amount of a prepaid calling service is	1608
sold with a prepaid wireless calling device for the single,	1609
nonitemized price, the seller may elect not to collect the fee.	1610
As used in this division, "minimal" means ten minutes or less.	1611
Sec. 128.43. The next generation 9-1-1 access fee imposed	1612
under sections 128.41 and 128.42 of the Revised Code shall be	1613
exempt from state or local taxation.	1614
Sec. 128.44. Beginning January 1, 2014, the The tax	1615
commissioner shall provide notice to all known wireless service	1616

providers, resellers, and sellers of prepaid wireless calling	1617
services of any increase or decrease in either of the wireless-	1618
next generation 9-1-1 charges access fee imposed under section	1619
sections 128.41 and 128.42 of the Revised Code. Each notice	1620
shall be provided not less than thirty days before the effective	1621
date of the increase or decrease.	1622
Sec. 128.45. (A) Each entity required to bill and collect	1623
a wireless 9-1-1 charge under section 128.40 of the Revised Code	1624
or the next generation 9-1-1 access fee under section 128.414 or	1625
128.421 of the Revised Code shall keep complete and accurate	1626
records of bills that include the charges and fees, together	1627
with a record of the charges and fees collected under those	1628
sections. The entities shall keep all related invoices and other	1629
pertinent documents.	1630
(B) Each seller shall keep complete and accurate records	1631
of retail sales of prepaid wireless calling services, together	1632
with a record of the charges and fees collected under sections	1633
128.40 and 128.421 of the Revised Code, and shall keep all	1634
related invoices and other pertinent documents.	1635
Sec. 128.45 128.451. Beginning January 1, 2014:	1636
(A) Each wireless service provider and reseller shall keep	1637
complete and accurate records of bills for wireless service,	1638
together with a record of the wireless 9-1-1 charges collected	1639
under section 128.42 of the Revised Code, and shall keep all	1640
related invoices and other pertinent documents. Each seller	1641
shall keep complete and accurate records of retail sales of	1642
prepaid wireless calling services, together with a record of the	1643
wireless 9-1-1 charges collected under section 128.42 of the-	1644
Revised Code, and shall keep all related invoices and other-	1645
pertinent documents.	1646

(B) Records, invoices, and documents required to be kept	1647
under this section 128.45 of the Revised Code shall be open	1648
during business hours to the inspection of the tax commissioner.	1649
They shall be preserved for a period of four years unless the	1650
tax commissioner, in writing, consents to their destruction	1651
within that period, or by order requires that they be kept	1652
longer.	1653
Sec. 128.46. (A) Prior to January 1, 2014:	1654
(1) A wireless service provider or reseller, not later	1655
than the last day of each month, shall remit the full amount of	1656
all wireless 9-1-1 charges it collected under division (A) of	1657
section 128.42 of the Revised Code for the second preceding	1658
calendar month to the administrator, with the exception of	1659
charges equivalent to the amount authorized as a billing and	1660
collection fee under division (A)(2) of this section. In doing	1661
so, the provider or reseller may remit the requisite amount in	1662
any reasonable manner consistent with its existing operating or	1663
technological capabilities, such as by customer address,	1664
location associated with the wireless telephone number, or	1665
another allocation method based on comparable, relevant data. If	1666
the wireless service provider or reseller receives a partial	1667
payment for a bill from a wireless service subscriber, the	1668
wireless service provider or reseller shall apply the payment-	1669
first against the amount the subscriber owes the wireless-	1670
service provider or reseller and shall remit to the	1671
administrator such lesser amount, if any, as results from that	1672
invoice.	1673
(2) A wireless service provider or reseller may retain as	1674
a billing and collection fee two per cent of the total wireless	1675
9-1-1 charges it collects in a month and shall account to the	1676

administrator for the amount retained.	1677
(3) The administrator shall return to, or credit against	1678
the next month's remittance of, a wireless service provider or	1679
reseller the amount of any remittances the administrator	1680
determines were erroneously submitted by the provider or	1681
reseller.	1682
(B) Beginning January 1, 2014:	1683
(1) Each seller of a prepaid wireless calling service,	1684
wireless service provider, and reseller An entity required to	1685
collect a wireless 9-1-1 charge under section 128.40 of the	1686
Revised Code or the next generation 9-1-1 access fee under	1687
section 128.414 or 128.421 of the Revised Code shall, on or	1688
before the twenty-third day of each month, except as provided in	1689
divisions $\frac{(B)(2)-(A)(2)}{(A)(2)}$ and (3) of this section, do both of the	1690
following:	1691
(a) Make and file a return for the preceding month, in the	1692
form prescribed by the tax commissioner, showing the amount of	1693
the wireless 9 1 1 charges <u>or fees</u> due under section 128.42 of	1694
the Revised Code for that month;	1695
(b) Remit the full amount due, as shown on the return,	1696
with the exception of charges and fees equivalent to the amount	1697
authorized as a collection fee under division $\frac{(B)(4)(B)}{(B)}$ of this	1698
section.	1699
(2) The commissioner may grant one or more thirty-day	1700
extensions for making and filing returns and remitting amounts	1701
due.	1702
(3) If a seller is required to collect prepaid wireless 9-	1703
1-1 charges <u>under section 128.40 of the Revised Code or next</u>	1704
generation 9-1-1 access fees under section 128.421 of the	1705

Revised Code in amounts that do not merit monthly returns, the	1706
commissioner may authorize the seller to make and file returns	1707
less frequently. The commissioner shall ascertain whether this	1708
authorization is warranted upon the basis of administrative	1709
costs to the state.	1710
(4) (5) 7 '	1 7 1 1
(4) (B) A wireless service provider, reseller, and seller	1711
may each retain as a collection fee three per cent of the total	1712
wireless 9-1-1 charges required to be collected under section	1713
<u>sections 128.40, 128.41, and 128.42</u> of the Revised Code, and	1714
shall account to the tax commissioner for the amount retained.	1715
$\frac{(5)-(C)}{(B)}$ The return required under division $\frac{(B)}{(B)}$	1716
(1)(a) of this section shall be filed electronically using the	1717
Ohio business gateway, as defined in section 718.01 of the	1718
Revised Code, the Ohio telefile system, or any other electronic	1719
means prescribed by the tax commissioner. Remittance of the	1720
amount due shall be made electronically in a manner approved by	1721
the commissioner. A wireless service provider, reseller, or	1722
seller An entity required to file the return may apply to the	1723
commissioner on a form prescribed by the commissioner to be	1724
excused from either electronic requirement of this division. For	1725
good cause shown, the commissioner may excuse the provider,	1726
reseller, or seller entity from either or both of the	1727
requirements and may permit the provider, reseller, or seller	1728
entity to file returns or make remittances by nonelectronic	1729
means.	1730
(C) (1) Prior to January 1, 2014, each subscriber on which	1731
a wireless 9-1-1 charge is imposed under division (A) of section	1732
128.42 of the Revised Code is liable to the state for the amount	1732
of the charge. If a wireless service provider or reseller fails	1734
-	
to collect the charge under that division from a subscriber of	1735

prepaid wireless service, or fails to bill any other subscriber	1736
for the charge, the wireless service provider or reseller is	1737
liable to the state for the amount not collected or billed. If a	1738
wireless service provider or reseller collects charges under-	1739
that division and fails to remit the money to the administrator,	1740
the wireless service provider or reseller is liable to the state-	1741
for any amount collected and not remitted.	1742
(2) Beginning January 1, 2014:	1743
(a) (D)(1) Each subscriber or consumer on which a wireless	1744
9-1-1 charge is imposed under section $\frac{128.42}{128.40}$ of the	1745
Revised Code or on which a next generation 9-1-1 access fee is	1746
imposed under section 128.41 or 128.42 of the Revised Code is	1747
liable to the state for the amount of the charge. If a wireless	1748
service provider or reseller fails	1749
(2) An entity required to bill or collect the wireless 9-	1750
$1-1$ charge, under section 128.40 of the Revised Code or $\frac{1}{2}$	1751
seller fails to collect the charge, the provider, reseller, or	1752
seller is liable to the state for the amount not billed or-	1753
collected. If a provider, reseller, or seller fails to remit-	1754
money to the tax commissioner as required under this section,	1755
the provider, reseller, or seller the next generation 9-1-1	1756
access fee under section 128.414 or 128.421 of the Revised Code	1757
is liable to the state for the any amount that was required to	1758
be collected but that was not remitted, regardless of whether	1759
the amount was collected.	1760
(b) (3) No provider of a prepaid wireless calling service	1761
shall be liable to the state for any wireless 9-1-1 charge	1762
imposed under division (B)(1) of section <u>128.40 of the Revised</u>	1763
Code or any next generation 9-1-1 access fee imposed under	1764
section 128.42 of the Revised Code that was not collected or	1765

remitted. 1766 (D) Prior to January 1, 2014: 1767 (1) If the steering committee has reason to believe that a 1768 1769 wireless service provider or reseller has failed to bill, collect, or remit the wireless 9-1-1 charge as required by 1770 divisions (A) (1) and (C) (1) of this section or has retained more-1771 than the amount authorized under division (A) (2) of this-1772 section, and after written notice to the provider or reseller, 1773 the steering committee may audit the provider or reseller for-1774 the sole purpose of making such a determination. The audit may 1775 include, but is not limited to, a sample of the provider's or 1776 reseller's billings, collections, remittances, or retentions for-1777 a representative period, and the steering committee shall make a 1778 good faith effort to reach agreement with the provider or 1779 reseller in selecting that sample. 1780 (2) Upon written notice to the wireless service provider 1781 or reseller, the steering committee, by order after completion-1782 1783 of the audit, may make an assessment against the provider or reseller if, pursuant to the audit, the steering committee-1784 determines that the provider or reseller has failed to bill, 1785 collect, or remit the wireless 9-1-1 charge as required by 1786 divisions (A) (1) and (C) (1) of this section or has retained more-1787 than the amount authorized under division (A) (2) of this 1788 section. The assessment shall be in the amount of any remittance 1789 that was due and unpaid on the date notice of the audit was sent-1790 by the steering committee to the provider or reseller or, as-1791 applicable, in the amount of the excess amount under division-1792 1793 (A) (2) of this section retained by the provider or reseller asof that date. 1794 1795 (3) The portion of any assessment not paid within sixty

days after the date of service by the steering committee of the	1796
assessment notice under division (D) (2) of this section shall	1797
bear interest from that date until paid at the rate per annum-	1798
prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code. That interest	1799
may be collected by making an assessment under division (D) (2)	1800
of this section. An assessment under this division and any	1801
interest due shall be remitted in the same manner as the	1802
wireless 9-1-1 charge imposed under division (A) of section-	1803
128.42 of the Revised Code.	1804
(4) Unless the provider, reseller, or seller assessed	1805
	1806
files with the steering committee within sixty days after	
service of the notice of assessment, either personally or by	1807
certified mail, a written petition for reassessment, signed by	1808
the party assessed or that party's authorized agent having	1809
knowledge of the facts, the assessment shall become final and	1810
the amount of the assessment shall be due and payable from the	1811
party assessed to the administrator. The petition shall indicate	1812
the objections of the party assessed, but additional objections-	1813
may be raised in writing if received by the administrator or the	1814
steering committee prior to the date shown on the final-	1815
determination.	1816
(5) After an assessment becomes final, if any portion of	1817
the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a	1818
certified copy of the final assessment may be filed in the	1819
office of the clerk of the court of common pleas in the county	1820
in which the place of business of the assessed party is located.	1821
If the party assessed maintains no place of business in this-	1822
state, the certified copy of the final assessment may be filed-	1823
in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas of	1824
Franklin county. Immediately upon the filing, the clerk shall	1825

enter a judgment for the state against the assessed party in the-

amount shown on the final assessment. The judgment may be filed	1827
by the clerk in a loose-leaf book entitled "special judgments-	1828
for wireless 9-1-1 charges" and shall have the same effect as	1829
other judgments. The judgment shall be executed upon the request	1830
of the steering committee.	1831
(6) An assessment under this division does not discharge a	1832
subscriber's liability to reimburse the provider or reseller for	1833
	1834
the wireless 9-1-1 charge imposed under division (A) of section	
128.42 of the Revised Code. If, after the date of service of the	1835
audit notice under division (D)(1) of this section, a subscriber	1836
pays a wireless 9-1-1 charge for the period covered by the	1837
assessment, the payment shall be credited against the	1838
assessment.	1839
(7) All money collected by the administrator under	1840
division (D) of this section shall be paid to the treasurer of	1841
state, for deposit to the credit of the wireless 9-1-1-	1842
government assistance fund.	1843
(E)—Beginning January 1, 2014:	1844
(1) If the tax commissioner has reason to believe that $\frac{1}{2}$	1845
wireless service provider, reseller, or seller an entity	1846
required to collect a wireless 9-1-1 charge under section 128.40	1847
of the Revised Code or the next generation 9-1-1 access fee	1848
under section 128.414 or 128.421 of the Revised Code has failed	1849
to bill, collect, or remit the wireless 9-1-1 charge <u>or fee</u> as	1850
required by this section and section 128.42 sections 128.40 to	1851
128.422 of the Revised Code or has retained more than the amount	1852
authorized under division $\frac{(B)}{(4)}\frac{(B)}{(B)}$ of this section, and after	1853
written notice to the provider, reseller, or seller entity, the	1854
tax commissioner may audit the provider, reseller, or seller	1855
entity for the sole purpose of making such a determination. The	1856
	-

audit may include, but is not limited to, a sample of the

provider's, reseller's, or seller's entity's billings,

collections, remittances, or retentions for a representative

period, and the tax commissioner shall make a good faith effort

to reach agreement with the provider, reseller, or seller entity

in selecting that sample.

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- (2) Upon written notice to the wireless service provider, 1863 reseller, or seller entity, the tax commissioner, after 1864 completion of the audit, may make an assessment against the 1865 provider, reseller, or seller entity if, pursuant to the audit, 1866 the tax commissioner determines that the provider, reseller, or 1867 seller entity has failed to bill, collect, or remit the wireless 1868 9-1-1 charge or fee as required by this section and section 1869 128.42 sections 128.40 to 128.422 of the Revised Code or has 1870 retained more than the amount authorized under division (B) (4)1871 (B) of this section. The assessment shall be in the amount of 1872 any remittance that was due and unpaid on the date notice of the 1873 audit was sent by the tax commissioner to the provider, 1874 reseller, or seller entity or, as applicable, in the amount of 1875 the excess amount under division $\frac{(B)(4)(B)}{(B)}$ of this section 1876 retained by the provider, reseller, or seller entity as of that 1877 date. 1878
- (3) The portion of any assessment consisting of wireless—
 9-1-1 charges or fees due and not paid within sixty days after
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 the date that the assessment was made under division (E)(2) of
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 this section shall bear interest from that date until paid at
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 the rate per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised
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 Code. That interest may be collected by making an assessment
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 under division (E)(2) of this section.
 - (4) Unless the provider, reseller, or seller <u>entity</u>

assessed files with the tax commissioner within sixty days after	1887
service of the notice of assessment, either personally or by	1888
certified mail, a written petition for reassessment, signed by	1889
the <u>party entity</u> assessed or that <u>party's entity's</u> authorized	1890
agent having knowledge of the facts, the assessment shall become	1891
final and the amount of the assessment shall be due and payable	1892
from the <pre>party entity assessed to the treasurer of state, for</pre>	1893
deposit to the next generation 9-1-1 fund, which is created	1894
under section 128.54 of the Revised Code. The petition shall	1895
indicate the objections of the party_entity_assessed , but	1896
additional objections may be raised in writing if received by	1897
the commissioner prior to the date shown on the final	1898
determination. If the petition has been properly filed, the	1899
commissioner shall proceed under section 5703.60 of the Revised	1900
Code.	1901

- (5) After an assessment becomes final, if any portion of 1902 the assessment remains unpaid, including accrued interest, a 1903 certified copy of the final assessment may be filed in the 1904 office of the clerk of the court of common pleas in the county 1905 in which the business of the assessed party entity is conducted. 1906 If the party entity assessed maintains no place of business in 1907 this state, the certified copy of the final assessment may be 1908 filed in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas of 1909 Franklin county. Immediately upon the filing, the clerk shall 1910 enter a judgment for the state against the assessed party entity 1911 in the amount shown on the final assessment. The judgment may be 1912 filed by the clerk in a loose-leaf book entitled "special 1913 judgments for wireless-9-1-1 charges and fees" and shall have 1914 the same effect as other judgments. The judgment shall be 1915 executed upon the request of the tax commissioner. 1916
 - (6) If the commissioner determines that the commissioner

assessment:	1948
(1) When the tax commissioner has substantial evidence of	1949
amounts of wireless 9-1-1 charges or fees collected by a	1950
provider, reseller, or seller an entity from subscribers or	1951
consumers, which were not returned to the state;	1952
(2) When the provider, reseller, or seller <u>entity</u> assessed	1953
failed to file a return as required by section 128.46 of the	1954
Revised Code;	1955
(3) When the provider, reseller, or seller entity and the	1956
commissioner waive in writing the time limitation.	1957
(B) No assessment shall be made or issued against $\frac{a}{a}$	1958
wireless service provider, reseller, or seller an entity for any	1959
wireless 9-1-1 charge imposed by or pursuant to section <u>128.40</u>	1960
of the Revised Code or next generation 9-1-1 access fee imposed	1961
by section 128.41 or 128.42 of the Revised Code for any period	1962
during which there was in full force and effect a rule of the	1963
tax commissioner under or by virtue of which the collection or	1964
payment of any such wireless 9 1 1 charge or fee was not	1965
required. This division does not bar an assessment when the tax	1966
commissioner has substantial evidence of amounts of $\frac{\text{wireless 9-}}{\text{mounts}}$	1967
1-1-charges or fees collected by a provider, reseller, or seller-	1968
an entity from subscribers or consumers, which were not returned	1969
to the state.	1970
Sec. 128.47. Beginning January 1, 2014:	1971
(A) A wireless service provider, reseller, seller,	1972
wireless service An entity required to collect a wireless 9-1-1	1973
<pre>charge under section 128.40 of the Revised Code or the next</pre>	1974
generation 9-1-1 access fee under section 128.414 or 128.421 of	1975
the Revised Code, a subscriber, or a consumer of a prepaid	1976

wireless calling service may apply to the tax commissioner for a	1977
refund of wireless 9-1-1-charges or fees described in division	1978
(B) of this section and of any penalties assessed with respect	1979
to such charges. The application shall be made on the form	1980
prescribed by the tax commissioner. The application shall be	1981
made not later than four years after the date of the illegal or	1982
erroneous payment of the charge or fee by the subscriber or	1983
consumer, unless the wireless service provider, reseller, or-	1984
seller entity waives the time limitation under division (A)(3)	1985
of section 128.462 of the Revised Code. If the time limitation	1986
is waived, the refund application period shall be extended for	1987
the same period as the waiver.	1988

- (B) (1) If a wireless service provider, reseller, or seller 1989 an entity refunds to a subscriber or consumer the full amount of 1990 wireless 9-1-1 charges or next generation 9-1-1 access fees that 1991 the subscriber or consumer paid illegally or erroneously, and if 1992 the provider, reseller, or seller entity remitted that amount 1993 under section 128.46 of the Revised Code, the tax commissioner 1994 shall refund that amount to the provider, reseller, or 1995 sellerentity. 1996
- (2) If a wireless service provider, reseller, or seller an 1997 entity has illegally or erroneously billed a subscriber or 1998 charged a consumer for a wireless 9-1-1 charge or a next 1999 generation 9-1-1 access fee, and if the provider, reseller, or 2000 seller entity has not collected the charge or fee but has 2001 remitted that amount under section 128.46 of the Revised Code, 2002 the tax commissioner shall refund that amount to the provider, 2003 2004 reseller, or sellerentity.
- (C) (1) The tax commissioner may refund to a subscriber or 2005 consumer wireless 9-1-1 charges or next generation 9-1-1 access 2006

amount is less than that claimed, the commissioner shall proceed 2030 in accordance with section 5703.70 of the Revised Code. 2031

(E) Refunds granted under this section shall include 2032 interest as provided by section 5739.132 of the Revised Code. 2033

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the treasurer of state for payment from the tax refund fund

created under section 5703.052 of the Revised Code. If the

Sec. 128.52. (A) Beginning on July 1, 2013, each Each

seller of a prepaid wireless calling service required to collect

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section 128.47 of the Revised Code. 2092 (D) The department of administrative services may move 2093 funds between the next generation 9-1-1 fund and the government 2094 assistance fund to ensure funding remains sustainable for both 2095 funds. 2096 Sec. 128.55. (A) (1) The tax commissioner, not later than 2097 the last day of each month, shall disburse moneys from the 2098 wireless-9-1-1 government assistance fund, plus any accrued 2099 interest on the fund, to each county treasurer in the same 2100 proportion distributed to that county by the tax commissioner in 2101 the corresponding calendar month of the previous year. Any 2102 shortfall in distributions resulting from the timing of funds 2103 received in a previous month shall be distributed in the 2104 following month. Disbursements shall occur not later than the 2105 tenth day of the month succeeding the month in which the 2106 wireless 9-1-1 charges imposed under section 128.40 of the 2107 Revised Code and the next generation 9-1-1 access fees imposed 2108 under sections 128.41 and 128.42 of the Revised Code are 2109 2110 remitted. (2) The tax commissioner shall disburse moneys from the 2111 next generation 9-1-1 fund in accordance with the guidelines 2112 established under section 128.022 of the Revised Code shall be 2113 administered by the department of administrative services and 2114 used exclusively to pay costs of installing, maintaining, and 2115 operating the call routing and core services statewide next 2116 generation 9-1-1 system. 2117 (B) Immediately upon receipt by a county treasurer of a 2118 disbursement under division (A) of this section, the county 2119 shall disburse, in accordance with the allocation formula set 2120 forth in the final plan, the amount the county so received to 2121

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any other subdivisions in the county and any regional councils	2122
of governments in the county that pay the costs of a public	2123
safety answering point providing wireless enhanced 9-1-1 under	2124
the plan.	2125
(C) Nothing in this chapter affects the authority of a	2126
subdivision operating or served by a public safety answering	2127
point of a 9-1-1 system or a regional council of governments	2128
operating a public safety answering point of a 9-1-1 system to	2129
use, as provided in the final plan for the system or in an	2130
agreement under section 128.09 of the Revised Code, any other	2131
authorized revenue of the subdivision or the regional council of	2132
governments for the purposes of providing basic or enhanced 9-1-	2133
1.	2134
Sec. 128.57. Except as otherwise provided in section	2135
128.571 of the Revised Code:	2136
(A) A countywide 9-1-1 system receiving a disbursement	2137
under section 128.55 of the Revised Code shall provide	2138
countywide wireless enhanced 9-1-1 in accordance with this	2139
chapter beginning as soon as reasonably possible after receipt	2140
of the first disbursement or, if that service is already	2141
implemented, shall continue to provide such service. Except as	2142
provided in divisions (B), (C), $\frac{\text{and}}{\text{(E)}}$, $\frac{\text{(E)}}{\text{(E)}}$ of this	2143
section, a disbursement shall be used solely for the purpose of	2144
paying either or both of the following:	2145
(1) Any costs of designing the following:	2146
(a) Designing, upgrading, purchasing, leasing,	2147
programming, installing, testing, or maintaining the necessary	2148
data, hardware, software, and trunking required for the public	2149
safety answering point or points of the 9-1-1 system to provide	2150

wireless, enhanced, or next generation 9-1-1, which costs are	2151
incurred before or on or after May 6, 2005, and consist of such-	2152
additional costs of the 9-1-1 system over and above any costs	2153
incurred to provide wireline 9-1-1 or to otherwise provide-	2154
wireless enhanced 9-1-1. Annually, up to twenty-five thousand	2155
dollars of the disbursements received on or after January 1,	2156
2009, may be applied to data, hardware, and software that	2157
automatically alerts personnel receiving a 9-1-1 call that a	2158
person at the subscriber's address or telephone number may have-	2159
a mental or physical disability, of which that personnel shall-	2160
inform the appropriate service;	2161
(b) Processing 9-1-1 emergency calls from the point of	2162
origin to include any expense for interoperable bidirectional	2163
computer aided dispatch data transfers with other public safety	2164
answering points or emergency services organizations and	2165
transferring and receiving law enforcement, fire, and emergency	2166
medical service provider. On or after the provision of technical	2167
and operational standards pursuant to section 128.021 of the	2168
Revised Code, a regional council of governments operating a	2169
public safety answering point or a subdivision shall consider	2170
the standards before incurring any costs described in this-	2171
division. data via wireless or internet connections from public	2172
safety answering points or emergency services organizations to	2173
all applicable emergency responders, exclusive of mobile radio	2174
service costs.	2175
(2) Any costs of training the staff of the public safety	2176
answering point or points to provide wireless enhanced 9-1-1-	2177
which costs are incurred before or on or after May 6, 2005.	2178
(B) A subdivision or a regional council of governments	2179
that certifies to the steering committee that it has paid the	2180

costs described in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of this section and	2181
is providing countywide wireless enhanced 9-1-1 may use	2182
disbursements received under section 128.55 of the Revised Code	2183
to pay any of its personnel costs of one or more public safety	2184
answering points providing countywide wireless enhanced 9-1-1.	2185
(C) After receiving its July 2013 disbursement under	2186
division (A) of section 128.55 of the Revised Code as that	2187
division existed prior to the amendments to that division by	2188
H.B. 64 of the 131st general assembly, a regional council of	2189
governments operating a public safety answering point or a	2190
subdivision may use any remaining balance of disbursements it	2191
received under that division, as it existed prior to the	2192
amendments to it by H.B. 64 of the 131st general assembly, to	2193
pay any of its costs of providing countywide wireless 9-1-1,	2194
including the personnel costs of one or more public safety	2195
answering points providing that service.	2196
(D) The costs described in divisions (A), (B), (C), and	2197
(E) of this section may include any such costs payable pursuant	2198
to an agreement under division $\frac{(J)}{(I)}$ of section 128.03 of the	2199
Revised Code.	2200
(E)(1) No disbursement to a countywide $9-1-1$ system for	2201
costs of a public safety answering point shall be made from the	2202
wireless-9-1-1 government assistance fund or the next generation	2203
9-1-1 fund unless the public safety answering point meets the	2204
standards set by rule of the steering committee under section	2205
128.021 of the Revised Code.	2206
(2) The steering committee shall monitor compliance with	2207
the standards and shall notify the tax commissioner to suspend	2208
disbursements to a countywide 9-1-1 system that fails to meet	2209
the standards. Upon receipt of this notification, the	2210

commissioner shall suspend disbursements until the commissioner

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2212 is notified of compliance with the standards. (F) The auditor of state may audit and review each 2213 county's expenditures of funds received from the wireless 9-1-1 2214 government assistance fund to verify that the funds were used in 2215

accordance with the requirements of this chapter. All funds 2216 generated from the next generation 9-1-1 access fee imposed 2217

under sections 128.41 and 128.42 of the Revised Code may be used only for 9-1-1 related expenses. 2219

Sec. 128.60. (A) (1) A telephone company, the state highway 2220 patrol as described in division (J)—(I) of section 128.03 of the 2221 Revised Code, and each subdivision or regional council of 2222 governments operating one or more public safety answering points 2223 for a countywide system providing wireless 9-1-1, shall provide 2224 the steering committee and the tax commissioner with such 2225 information as the steering committee and tax commissioner 2226 request for the purposes of carrying out their duties under this 2227 chapter, including, but not limited to, duties regarding the 2228 collection of the wireless 9-1-1 charges imposed under section 2229 2230 128.40 of the Revised Code and the next generation 9-1-1 access fee imposed under sections 128.41 and 128.42 of the Revised 2231 2232 Code.

(2) A wireless service provider shall provide an official, 2233 employee, agent, or representative of a subdivision or regional 2234 council of governments operating a public safety answering 2235 point, or of the state highway patrol as described in division 2236 $\frac{(J)}{(I)}$ of section 128.03 of the Revised Code, with such 2237 technical, service, and location information as the official, 2238 employee, agent, or representative requests for the purpose of 2239 providing wireless 9-1-1. 2240

- (3) A subdivision or regional council of governments

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 operating one or more public safety answering points of a 9-1-1
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 system, and a telephone company, shall provide to the steering
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 committee such information as the steering committee requires
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 for the purpose of carrying out its duties under Chapter 128. of
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 the Revised Code.
- (B) (1) Any information provided under division (A) of this 2247 section that consists of trade secrets as defined in section 2248 1333.61 of the Revised Code or of information regarding the 2249 customers, revenues, expenses, or network information of a 2250 telephone company shall be confidential and does not constitute 2251 a public record for the purpose of section 149.43 of the Revised 2252 Code. 2253
- (2) The steering committee, tax commissioner, and any 2254 official, employee, agent, or representative of the steering 2255 committee, of the tax commissioner, of the state highway patrol 2256 as described in division $\frac{(J)}{(I)}$ of section 128.03 of the 2257 Revised Code, or of a subdivision or regional council of 2258 governments operating a public safety answering point, while 2259 acting or claiming to act in the capacity of the steering 2260 committee or tax commissioner or such official, employee, agent, 2261 2262 or representative, shall not disclose any information provided under division (A) of this section regarding a telephone 2263 company's customers, revenues, expenses, or network information. 2264 Nothing in division (B)(2) of this section precludes any such 2265 information from being aggregated and included in any report of 2266 the steering committee, tax commissioner, or any official, 2267 employee, agent, or representative of the steering committee or 2268 tax commissioner, provided the aggregated information does not 2269 identify the number of any particular company's customers or the 2270 amount of its revenues or expenses or identify a particular 2271

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this section, an

individual who gives emergency instructions through a 9-1-1

system established under this chapter, and the principals for

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established under this chapter.

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whom the person acts, including both employers and independent	2301
contractors, public and private, and an individual who follows	2302
emergency instructions and the principals for whom that person	2303
acts, including both employers and independent contractors,	2304
public and private, are not liable in damages in a civil action	2305
for injuries, death, or loss to persons or property arising from	2306
the issuance or following of emergency instructions, except	2307
where the issuance or following of the instructions constitutes	2308
willful or wanton misconduct.	2309

- (C) Except for willful or wanton misconduct, a telephone company, and any other installer, maintainer, or provider, through the sale or otherwise, of customer premises equipment, or service used for or with a 9-1-1 system, and their respective officers, directors, employees, agents, suppliers, corporate parents, and affiliates are not liable in damages in a civil action for injuries, death, or loss to persons or property incurred by any person resulting from any of the following:
- (1) Such an entity's or its officers', directors',

 employees', agents', or suppliers' participation in or acts or

 omissions in connection with participating in or developing,

 maintaining, or operating a 9-1-1 system;

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- (2) Such an entity's or its officers', directors',

 employees', agents', or suppliers' provision of assistance to a

 public utility, municipal utility, or state or local government

 as authorized by divisions (G)(4) (H)(4) and (5) of this

 section.

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- (D) Except for willful or wanton misconduct, a provider of 2327 and a seller of a prepaid wireless calling service and their 2328 respective officers, directors, employees, agents, and suppliers 2329 are not liable in damages in a civil action for injuries, death, 2330

(4) In the circumstance of access to a data base being 2360 given by a telephone company that is a wireline service provider 2361 to a public utility or municipal utility in handling customer 2362 calls in times of public emergency or service outages. The 2363 charge, terms, and conditions for the disclosure or use of such 2364 information for the purpose of such access to a data base shall 2365 be subject to the jurisdiction of the steering committee. 2366 2367 (5) In the circumstance of access to a data base given by a telephone company that is a wireline service provider to a 2368 state and local government in warning of a public emergency, as 2369 determined by the steering committee. The charge, terms, and 2370 conditions for the disclosure or use of that information for the 2371 purpose of access to a data base is subject to the jurisdiction 2372 of the steering committee. 2373 Sec. 128.34 128.98. (A) The attorney general, upon request 2374 of the steering committee, or on the attorney general's own 2375 initiative, shall begin proceedings against a telephone company 2376 that is a wireline service provider to enforce compliance with 2377 this chapter or with the terms, conditions, requirements, or 2378 specifications of a final plan or of an agreement under section-2379 128.09 of the Revised Code as to wireline or wireless 9-1-1. 2380 (B) The attorney general, upon the attorney general's own 2381 initiative, or any prosecutor, upon the prosecutor's initiative, 2382 shall begin proceedings against a subdivision or a regional 2383 council of governments as to wireline or wireless 9-1-1 to 2384 enforce compliance with this chapter or with the terms, 2385 conditions, requirements, or specifications of a final plan or 2386 of an agreement under section 128.09 of the Revised Code as to 2387 wireline or wireless 9-1-1. 2388

Sec. 128.99. (A) Whoever violates division $\frac{(E)}{(F)}$ of

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section 128.32 128.96 of the Revised Code is guilty of a	2390
misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	2391
(B) Whoever violates division $\frac{(F)}{(F)} \frac{or}{(G)} \frac{(H)}{of} \frac{of}{(G)}$	2392
128.32 128.96 or division (B)(2) of section 128.60 of the	2393
Revised Code is guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree on	2394
a first offense and a felony of the fifth degree on each	2395
subsequent offense.	2396
(C) If a wireless service provider, reseller, or seller	2397
violates division $\frac{(B)(1)(a)}{(A)(1)(a)}$ of section 128.46 of the	2398
Revised Code, and does not comply with any extensions granted	2399
under division $\frac{(B)(2)}{(A)(2)}$ of that section, the tax	2400
commissioner may impose a late-filing penalty of not more than	2401
the greater of fifty dollars or five per cent of the amount	2402
required to be remitted as described in division (B)(1)(b) of	2403
that section.	2404
(D) If a wireless service provider, reseller, or seller	2405
fails to comply with division $\frac{(B)(1)(b)}{(A)(1)(b)}$ of section	2406
128.46 of the Revised Code, the tax commissioner may impose a	2407
late-payment penalty of not more than the greater of fifty	2408
dollars or five per cent of the wireless 9-1-1 charge required	2409
to be remitted for the reporting period minus any partial	2410
remittance made on or before the due date, including any	2411
extensions granted under division $\frac{(B)(2)}{(A)(2)}$ of section	2412
128.46 of the Revised Code.	2413
(E) The tax commissioner may impose an assessment penalty	2414
of not more than the greater of one hundred dollars or thirty-	2415
five per cent of the wireless 9-1-1 charges due after the tax	2416
commissioner notifies the person of an audit, an examination, a	2417
delinquency, assessment, or other notice that additional	
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(e) Information in a record contained in the putative

father registry established by section 3107.062 of the Revised

department of job and family services or, pursuant to section

3111.69 of the Revised Code, the office of child support in the

Code, regardless of whether the information is held by the

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department or a child support enforcement agency;	2477
(f) Records specified in division (A) of section 3107.52 of the Revised Code;	2478 2479
(g) Trial preparation records;	2480
(h) Confidential law enforcement investigatory records;	2481
(i) Records containing information that is confidential	2482
under section 2710.03 or 4112.05 of the Revised Code;	2483
(j) DNA records stored in the DNA database pursuant to	2484
section 109.573 of the Revised Code;	2485
(k) Inmate records released by the department of	2486
rehabilitation and correction to the department of youth	2487
services or a court of record pursuant to division (E) of	2488
section 5120.21 of the Revised Code;	2489
(1) Records maintained by the department of youth services	2490
pertaining to children in its custody released by the department	2491
of youth services to the department of rehabilitation and	2492
correction pursuant to section 5139.05 of the Revised Code;	2493
(m) Intellectual property records;	2494
(n) Donor profile records;	2495
(o) Records maintained by the department of job and family	2496
services pursuant to section 3121.894 of the Revised Code;	2497
(p) Designated public service worker residential and	2498
familial information;	2499
(q) In the case of a county hospital operated pursuant to	2500
Chapter 339. of the Revised Code or a municipal hospital	2501
operated pursuant to Chapter 749. of the Revised Code,	2502
information that constitutes a trade secret, as defined in	2503

section 1333.61 of the Revised Code;	2504
(r) Information pertaining to the recreational activities	2505
of a person under the age of eighteen;	2506
(s) In the case of a child fatality review board acting	2507
under sections 307.621 to 307.629 of the Revised Code or a	2508
review conducted pursuant to guidelines established by the	2509
director of health under section 3701.70 of the Revised Code,	2510
records provided to the board or director, statements made by	2511
board members during meetings of the board or by persons	2512
participating in the director's review, and all work products of	2513
the board or director, and in the case of a child fatality	2514
review board, child fatality review data submitted by the board	2515
to the department of health or a national child death review	2516
database, other than the report prepared pursuant to division	2517
(A) of section 307.626 of the Revised Code;	2518
(t) Records provided to and statements made by the	2519
executive director of a public children services agency or a	2520
prosecuting attorney acting pursuant to section 5153.171 of the	2521
Revised Code other than the information released under that	2522
section;	2523
(u) Test materials, examinations, or evaluation tools used	2524
in an examination for licensure as a nursing home administrator	2525
that the board of executives of long-term services and supports	2526
administers under section 4751.15 of the Revised Code or	2527
contracts under that section with a private or government entity	2528
to administer;	2529
(v) Records the release of which is prohibited by state or	2530
federal law;	2531
(w) Proprietary information of or relating to any person	2532

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that is submitted to or compiled by the Ohio venture capital	2533
authority created under section 150.01 of the Revised Code;	2534
(x) Financial statements and data any person submits for	2535
any purpose to the Ohio housing finance agency or the	2536
controlling board in connection with applying for, receiving, or	2537
accounting for financial assistance from the agency, and	2538
information that identifies any individual who benefits directly	2539
or indirectly from financial assistance from the agency;	2540
(y) Records listed in section 5101.29 of the Revised Code;	2541
(z) Discharges recorded with a county recorder under	2542
section 317.24 of the Revised Code, as specified in division (B)	2543
(2) of that section;	2544
(aa) Usage information including names and addresses of	2545
specific residential and commercial customers of a municipally	2546
owned or operated public utility;	2547
(bb) Records described in division (C) of section 187.04	2548
of the Revised Code that are not designated to be made available	2549
to the public as provided in that division;	2550
(cc) Information and records that are made confidential,	2551
privileged, and not subject to disclosure under divisions (B)	2552
and (C) of section 2949.221 of the Revised Code;	2553
(dd) Personal information, as defined in section 149.45 of	2554
the Revised Code;	2555
(ee) The confidential name, address, and other personally	2556
identifiable information of a program participant in the address	2557
confidentiality program established under sections 111.41 to	2558
111.47 of the Revised Code, including the contents of any	2559
application for absent voter's ballots, absent voter's ballot	2560

identification envelope statement of voter, or provisional	2561
ballot affirmation completed by a program participant who has a	2562
confidential voter registration record; records or portions of	2563
records pertaining to that program that identify the number of	2564
program participants that reside within a precinct, ward,	2565
township, municipal corporation, county, or any other geographic	2566
area smaller than the state; and any real property	2567
confidentiality notice filed under section 111.431 of the	2568
Revised Code and the information described in division (C) of	2569
that section. As used in this division, "confidential address"	2570
and "program participant" have the meaning defined in section	2571
111.41 of the Revised Code.	2572
(ff) Orders for active military service of an individual	2573
serving or with previous service in the armed forces of the	2574
United States, including a reserve component, or the Ohio	2575
organized militia, except that, such order becomes a public	2576
record on the day that is fifteen years after the published date	2577
or effective date of the call to order;	2578
(gg) The name, address, contact information, or other	2579
personal information of an individual who is less than eighteen	2580
years of age that is included in any record related to a traffic	2581
accident involving a school vehicle in which the individual was	2582
an occupant at the time of the accident;	2583
(hh) Protected health information, as defined in 45 C.F.R.	2584
160.103, that is in a claim for payment for a health care	2585
product, service, or procedure, as well as any other health	2586
claims data in another document that reveals the identity of an	2587
individual who is the subject of the data or could be used to	2588
reveal that individual's identity;	2589

(ii) Any depiction by photograph, film, videotape, or

of this section, telephone numbers for a victim, as defined in

section 307.656 of the Revised Code;

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section 2930.01 of the Revised Code or a witness to a crime that 2620 are listed on any law enforcement record or report. 2621 (nn) A preneed funeral contract, as defined in section 2622 4717.01 of the Revised Code, and contract terms and personally 2623 identifying information of a preneed funeral contract, that is 2624 contained in a report submitted by or for a funeral home to the 2625 board of embalmers and funeral directors under division (C) of 2626 section 4717.13, division (J) of section 4717.31, or section 2627 4717.41 of the Revised Code. 2628 (00) Telephone numbers for a party to a motor vehicle 2629 accident subject to the requirements of section 5502.11 of the 2630 Revised Code that are listed on any law enforcement record or 2631 report, except that the telephone numbers described in this 2632 division are not excluded from the definition of "public record" 2633 under this division on and after the thirtieth day after the 2634 occurrence of the motor vehicle accident. 2635 (pp) Records pertaining to individuals who complete 2636 training under section 5502.703 of the Revised Code to be 2637 permitted by a school district board of education or governing 2638 body of a community school established under Chapter 3314. of 2639 the Revised Code, a STEM school established under Chapter 3326. 2640 of the Revised Code, or a chartered nonpublic school to convey 2641 deadly weapons or dangerous ordnance into a school safety zone; 2642 (qq) Records, documents, reports, or other information 2643 presented to a domestic violence fatality review board 2644 established under section 307.651 of the Revised Code, 2645 statements made by board members during board meetings, all work 2646 products of the board, and data submitted by the board to the 2647 department of health, other than a report prepared pursuant to 2648

	(rr)	Records,	docume	nts,	and	informat	ion	the re	elease	of	2650
which	is p	rohibited	under	sect	ions	2930.04	and	2930.0	07 of	the	2651
Revis	ed Co	de;									2652

(ss) Records of an existing qualified nonprofit 2653 corporation that creates a special improvement district under 2654 Chapter 1710. of the Revised Code that do not pertain to a 2655 purpose for which the district is created. 2656

A record that is not a public record under division (A)(1) 2657 2658 of this section and that, under law, is permanently retained becomes a public record on the day that is seventy-five years 2659 after the day on which the record was created, except for any 2660 record protected by the attorney-client privilege, a trial 2661 preparation record as defined in this section, a statement 2662 prohibiting the release of identifying information signed under 2663 section 3107.083 of the Revised Code, a denial of release form 2664 filed pursuant to section 3107.46 of the Revised Code, or any 2665 record that is exempt from release or disclosure under section 2666 149.433 of the Revised Code. If the record is a birth 2667 certificate and a biological parent's name redaction request 2668 form has been accepted under section 3107.391 of the Revised 2669 Code, the name of that parent shall be redacted from the birth 2670 certificate before it is released under this paragraph. If any 2671 other section of the Revised Code establishes a time period for 2672 disclosure of a record that conflicts with the time period 2673 specified in this section, the time period in the other section 2674 prevails. 2675

(2) "Confidential law enforcement investigatory record" 2676 means any record that pertains to a law enforcement matter of a 2677 criminal, quasi-criminal, civil, or administrative nature, but 2678 only to the extent that the release of the record would create a 2679

high probability of disclosure of any of the following:	2680
(a) The identity of a suspect who has not been charged	2681
with the offense to which the record pertains, or of an	2682
information source or witness to whom confidentiality has been	2683
reasonably promised;	2684
(b) Information provided by an information source or	2685
witness to whom confidentiality has been reasonably promised,	2686
which information would reasonably tend to disclose the source's	2687
or witness's identity;	2688
	0.600
(c) Specific confidential investigatory techniques or	2689
procedures or specific investigatory work product;	2690
(d) Information that would endanger the life or physical	2691
safety of law enforcement personnel, a crime victim, a witness,	2692
or a confidential information source.	2693
(3) "Medical record" means any document or combination of	2694
documents, except births, deaths, and the fact of admission to	2695
or discharge from a hospital, that pertains to the medical	2696
history, diagnosis, prognosis, or medical condition of a patient	2697
and that is generated and maintained in the process of medical	2698
treatment.	2699
(4) "Trial preparation record" means any record that	2700
contains information that is specifically compiled in reasonable	2701
anticipation of, or in defense of, a civil or criminal action or	2702
proceeding, including the independent thought processes and	2703
personal trial preparation of an attorney.	2704
(5) "Intellectual property record" means a record, other	2705
than a financial or administrative record, that is produced or	2706
collected by or for faculty or staff of a state institution of	2707
higher learning in the conduct of or as a result of study or	2708

research on an educational, commercial, scientific, artistic,	2709
technical, or scholarly issue, regardless of whether the study	2710
or research was sponsored by the institution alone or in	2711
conjunction with a governmental body or private concern, and	2712
that has not been publicly released, published, or patented.	2713
(6) "Donor profile record" means all records about donors	2714
or potential donors to a public institution of higher education	2715
except the names and reported addresses of the actual donors and	2716
the date, amount, and conditions of the actual donation.	2717
(7) "Designated public service worker" means a peace	2718
officer, parole officer, probation officer, bailiff, prosecuting	2719
attorney, assistant prosecuting attorney, correctional employee,	2720
county or multicounty corrections officer, community-based	2721
correctional facility employee, designated Ohio national guard	2722
member, protective services worker, youth services employee,	2723
firefighter, EMT, medical director or member of a cooperating	2724
physician advisory board of an emergency medical service	2725
organization, state board of pharmacy employee, investigator of	2726
the bureau of criminal identification and investigation,	2727
emergency service telecommunicator, forensic mental health	2728
provider, mental health evaluation provider, regional	2729
psychiatric hospital employee, judge, magistrate, or federal law	2730
enforcement officer.	2731
(8) "Designated public service worker residential and	2732
familial information" means any information that discloses any	2733
of the following about a designated public service worker:	2734
(a) The address of the actual personal residence of a	2735
designated public service worker, except for the following	2736
information:	2737

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committed to the custody of the department of youth services.	2796
"Firefighter" means any regular, paid or volunteer, member	2797
of a lawfully constituted fire department of a municipal	2798
corporation, township, fire district, or village.	2799
"EMT" means EMTs-basic, EMTs-I, and paramedics that	2800
provide emergency medical services for a public emergency	2801
medical service organization. "Emergency medical service	2802
organization," "EMT-basic," "EMT-I," and "paramedic" have the	2803
meanings defined in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code.	2804
"Investigator of the bureau of criminal identification and	2805
investigation" has the meaning defined in section 2903.11 of the	2806
Revised Code.	2807
"Emergency service telecommunicator" has the meaning	2808
defined in section 4742.01 of the Revised Codemeans an	2809
individual employed by an emergency service provider as defined	2810
under section 128.01 of the Revised Code, whose primary	2811
responsibility is to be an operator for the receipt or	2812
processing of calls for emergency services made by telephone,	2813
radio, or other electronic means.	2814
"Forensic mental health provider" means any employee of a	2815
community mental health service provider or local alcohol, drug	2816
addiction, and mental health services board who, in the course	2817
of the employee's duties, has contact with persons committed to	2818
a local alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services	2819
board by a court order pursuant to section 2945.38, 2945.39,	2820
2945.40, or 2945.402 of the Revised Code.	2821
"Mental health evaluation provider" means an individual	2822
who, under Chapter 5122. of the Revised Code, examines a	2823
respondent who is alleged to be a mentally ill person subject to	2824

subject of the recording when the department of rehabilitation	2882
and correction, department of youth services, or the law	2883
enforcement agency knows or has reason to know the person is a	2884
child based on the department's or law enforcement agency's	2885
records or the content of the recording;	2886
(b) The death of a person or a deceased person's body,	2887
unless the death was caused by a correctional employee, youth	2888
services employee, or peace officer or, subject to division (H)	2889
(1) of this section, the consent of the decedent's executor or	2890
administrator has been obtained;	2891
(c) The death of a correctional employee, youth services	2892
employee, peace officer, firefighter, paramedic, or other first	2893
responder, occurring while the decedent was engaged in the	2894
performance of official duties, unless, subject to division (H)	2895
(1) of this section, the consent of the decedent's executor or	2896
administrator has been obtained;	2897
(d) Grievous bodily harm, unless the injury was effected	2898
by a correctional employee, youth services employee, or peace	2899
officer or, subject to division (H)(1) of this section, the	2900
consent of the injured person or the injured person's guardian	2901
has been obtained;	2902
(e) An act of severe violence against a person that	2903
results in serious physical harm to the person, unless the act	2904
and injury was effected by a correctional employee, youth	2905
services employee, or peace officer or, subject to division (H)	2906
(1) of this section, the consent of the injured person or the	2907
injured person's guardian has been obtained;	2908
(f) Grievous bodily harm to a correctional employee, youth	2909

services employee, peace officer, firefighter, paramedic, or

(k) Information, that does not constitute a confidential 2931 law enforcement investigatory record, that could identify a 2932 person who provides sensitive or confidential information to the 2933 department of rehabilitation and correction, the department of 2934 youth services, or a law enforcement agency when the disclosure 2935 of the person's identity or the information provided could 2936 reasonably be expected to threaten or endanger the safety or 2937 property of the person or another person; 2938

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(1) Personal information of a person who is not arrested,

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cited, charged, or issued a written warning by a peace officer;	2940
(m) Proprietary police contingency plans or tactics that	2941
are intended to prevent crime and maintain public order and	2942
safety;	2943
(n) A personal conversation unrelated to work between	2944
peace officers or between a peace officer and an employee of a	2945
law enforcement agency;	2946
(o) A conversation between a peace officer and a member of	2947
the public that does not concern law enforcement activities;	2948
(p) The interior of a residence, unless the interior of a	2949
residence is the location of an adversarial encounter with, or a	2950
use of force by, a peace officer;	2951
(q) Any portion of the interior of a private business that	2952
is not open to the public, unless an adversarial encounter with,	2953
or a use of force by, a peace officer occurs in that location.	2954
As used in division (A)(17) of this section:	2955
"Grievous bodily harm" has the same meaning as in section	2956
5924.120 of the Revised Code.	2957
"Health care facility" has the same meaning as in section	2958
1337.11 of the Revised Code.	2959
"Protected health information" has the same meaning as in	2960
45 C.F.R. 160.103.	2961
"Law enforcement agency" means a government entity that	2962
employs peace officers to perform law enforcement duties.	2963
"Personal information" means any government-issued	2964
identification number, date of birth, address, financial	2965

information, or criminal justice information from the law

enforcement automated data system or similar databases.	2967
"Sex offense" has the same meaning as in section 2907.10	2968
of the Revised Code.	2969
"Firefighter," "paramedic," and "first responder" have the	2970
same meanings as in section 4765.01 of the Revised Code.	2971
(B)(1) Upon request by any person and subject to division	2972
(B)(8) of this section, all public records responsive to the	2973
request shall be promptly prepared and made available for	2974
inspection to the requester at all reasonable times during	2975
regular business hours. Subject to division (B)(8) of this	2976
section, upon request by any person, a public office or person	2977
responsible for public records shall make copies of the	2978
requested public record available to the requester at cost and	2979
within a reasonable period of time. If a public record contains	2980
information that is exempt from the duty to permit public	2981
inspection or to copy the public record, the public office or	2982
the person responsible for the public record shall make	2983
available all of the information within the public record that	2984
is not exempt. When making that public record available for	2985
public inspection or copying that public record, the public	2986
office or the person responsible for the public record shall	2987
notify the requester of any redaction or make the redaction	2988
plainly visible. A redaction shall be deemed a denial of a	2989
request to inspect or copy the redacted information, except if	2990
federal or state law authorizes or requires a public office to	2991
make the redaction.	2992
(2) To facilitate broader access to public records, a	2993
public office or the person responsible for public records shall	2994
organize and maintain public records in a manner that they can	2995

be made available for inspection or copying in accordance with

- division (B) of this section. A public office also shall have 2997 available a copy of its current records retention schedule at a 2998 location readily available to the public. If a requester makes 2999 an ambiguous or overly broad request or has difficulty in making 3000 a request for copies or inspection of public records under this 3001 section such that the public office or the person responsible 3002 for the requested public record cannot reasonably identify what 3003 public records are being requested, the public office or the 3004 person responsible for the requested public record may deny the 3005 request but shall provide the requester with an opportunity to 3006 revise the request by informing the requester of the manner in 3007 which records are maintained by the public office and accessed 3008 in the ordinary course of the public office's or person's 3009 duties. 3010
- (3) If a request is ultimately denied, in part or in 3011 whole, the public office or the person responsible for the 3012 requested public record shall provide the requester with an 3013 explanation, including legal authority, setting forth why the 3014 request was denied. If the initial request was provided in 3015 writing, the explanation also shall be provided to the requester 3016 in writing. The explanation shall not preclude the public office 3017 or the person responsible for the requested public record from 3018 relying upon additional reasons or legal authority in defending 3019 an action commenced under division (C) of this section. 3020
- (4) Unless specifically required or authorized by state or
 federal law or in accordance with division (B) of this section,
 3022
 no public office or person responsible for public records may
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 limit or condition the availability of public records by
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 requiring disclosure of the requester's identity or the intended
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 use of the requested public record. Any requirement that the
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 requester disclose the requester's identity or the intended use
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of the requested public record constitutes a denial of the request.

- (5) A public office or person responsible for public 3030 records may ask a requester to make the request in writing, may 3031 ask for the requester's identity, and may inquire about the 3032 intended use of the information requested, but may do so only 3033 after disclosing to the requester that a written request is not 3034 mandatory, that the requester may decline to reveal the 3035 requester's identity or the intended use, and when a written 3036 request or disclosure of the identity or intended use would 3037 benefit the requester by enhancing the ability of the public 3038 office or person responsible for public records to identify, 3039 locate, or deliver the public records sought by the requester. 3040
- (6) If any person requests a copy of a public record in 3041 accordance with division (B) of this section, the public office 3042 or person responsible for the public record may require the 3043 requester to pay in advance the cost involved in providing the 3044 copy of the public record in accordance with the choice made by 3045 the requester under this division. The public office or the 3046 person responsible for the public record shall permit the 3047 requester to choose to have the public record duplicated upon 3048 3049 paper, upon the same medium upon which the public office or person responsible for the public record keeps it, or upon any 3050 other medium upon which the public office or person responsible 3051 for the public record determines that it reasonably can be 3052 duplicated as an integral part of the normal operations of the 3053 public office or person responsible for the public record. When 3054 the requester makes a choice under this division, the public 3055 office or person responsible for the public record shall provide 3056 a copy of it in accordance with the choice made by the 3057 requester. Nothing in this section requires a public office or 3058

person responsible for the public record to allow the requester	3059
of a copy of the public record to make the copies of the public	3060
record.	3061
(7)(a) Upon a request made in accordance with division (B)	3062

- of this section and subject to division (B)(6) of this section, 3063 a public office or person responsible for public records shall 3064 transmit a copy of a public record to any person by United 3065 States mail or by any other means of delivery or transmission 3066 within a reasonable period of time after receiving the request 3067 3068 for the copy. The public office or person responsible for the public record may require the person making the request to pay 3069 in advance the cost of postage if the copy is transmitted by 3070 United States mail or the cost of delivery if the copy is 3071 transmitted other than by United States mail, and to pay in 3072 advance the costs incurred for other supplies used in the 3073 mailing, delivery, or transmission. 3074
- (b) Any public office may adopt a policy and procedures 3075 that it will follow in transmitting, within a reasonable period 3076 of time after receiving a request, copies of public records by 3077 United States mail or by any other means of delivery or 3078 transmission pursuant to division (B)(7) of this section. A 3079 public office that adopts a policy and procedures under division 3080 (B) (7) of this section shall comply with them in performing its 3081 duties under that division. 3082
- (c) In any policy and procedures adopted under division 3083 (B) (7) of this section: 3084
- (i) A public office may limit the number of records 3085 requested by a person that the office will physically deliver by 3086 United States mail or by another delivery service to ten per 3087 month, unless the person certifies to the office in writing that 3088

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the person does not intend to use or forward the requested	3089
records, or the information contained in them, for commercial	3090
purposes;	3091

- (ii) A public office that chooses to provide some or all 3092 of its public records on a web site that is fully accessible to 3093 and searchable by members of the public at all times, other than 3094 during acts of God outside the public office's control or 3095 maintenance, and that charges no fee to search, access, 3096 download, or otherwise receive records provided on the web site, 3097 may limit to ten per month the number of records requested by a 3098 person that the office will deliver in a digital format, unless 3099 the requested records are not provided on the web site and 3100 unless the person certifies to the office in writing that the 3101 person does not intend to use or forward the requested records, 3102 or the information contained in them, for commercial purposes. 3103
- (iii) For purposes of division (B)(7) of this section,

 "commercial" shall be narrowly construed and does not include reporting or gathering news, reporting or gathering information to assist citizen oversight or understanding of the operation or activities of government, or nonprofit educational research.
- (8) A public office or person responsible for public 3109 records is not required to permit a person who is incarcerated 3110 pursuant to a criminal conviction or a juvenile adjudication to 3111 inspect or to obtain a copy of any public record concerning a 3112 criminal investigation or prosecution or concerning what would 3113 be a criminal investigation or prosecution if the subject of the 3114 investigation or prosecution were an adult, unless the request 3115 to inspect or to obtain a copy of the record is for the purpose 3116 of acquiring information that is subject to release as a public 3117 record under this section and the judge who imposed the sentence 3118

or made the adjudication with respect to the person, or the	3119
judge's successor in office, finds that the information sought	3120
in the public record is necessary to support what appears to be	3121
a justiciable claim of the person.	3122
(9)(a) Upon written request made and signed by a	3123
journalist, a public office, or person responsible for public	3124
records, having custody of the records of the agency employing a	3125
specified designated public service worker shall disclose to the	3126
journalist the address of the actual personal residence of the	3127
designated public service worker and, if the designated public	3128
service worker's spouse, former spouse, or child is employed by	3129
a public office, the name and address of the employer of the	3130
designated public service worker's spouse, former spouse, or	3131
child. The request shall include the journalist's name and title	3132
and the name and address of the journalist's employer and shall	3133
state that disclosure of the information sought would be in the	3134
public interest.	3135
(b) Division (B)(9)(a) of this section also applies to	3136
journalist requests for:	3137
(i) Customer information maintained by a municipally owned	3138
or operated public utility, other than social security numbers	3139
and any private financial information such as credit reports,	3140
payment methods, credit card numbers, and bank account	3141
information;	3142
(ii) Information about minors involved in a school vehicle	3143
accident as provided in division (A)(1)(gg) of this section,	3144
other than personal information as defined in section 149.45 of	3145
the Revised Code.	3146

(c) As used in division (B)(9) of this section,

"journalist" means a person engaged in, connected with, or	3148
employed by any news medium, including a newspaper, magazine,	3149
press association, news agency, or wire service, a radio or	3150
television station, or a similar medium, for the purpose of	3151
gathering, processing, transmitting, compiling, editing, or	3152
disseminating information for the general public.	3153

- (10) Upon a request made by a victim, victim's attorney,

 or victim's representative, as that term is used in section

 2930.02 of the Revised Code, a public office or person

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 responsible for public records shall transmit a copy of a

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 depiction of the victim as described in division (A)(1)(ii) of

 this section to the victim, victim's attorney, or victim's

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 representative.
- (C) (1) If a person allegedly is aggrieved by the failure 3161 of a public office or the person responsible for public records 3162 to promptly prepare a public record and to make it available to 3163 the person for inspection in accordance with division (B) of 3164 this section or by any other failure of a public office or the 3165 person responsible for public records to comply with an 3166 obligation in accordance with division (B) of this section, the 3167 person allegedly aggrieved may do only one of the following, and 3168 not both: 3169
- (a) File a complaint with the clerk of the court of claims 3170 or the clerk of the court of common pleas under section 2743.75 3171 of the Revised Code; 3172
- (b) Commence a mandamus action to obtain a judgment that

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 orders the public office or the person responsible for the

 public record to comply with division (B) of this section, that

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 awards court costs and reasonable attorney's fees to the person

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 that instituted the mandamus action, and, if applicable, that

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includes an order fixing statutory damages under division (C)(2)	3178
of this section. The mandamus action may be commenced in the	3179
court of common pleas of the county in which division (B) of	3180
this section allegedly was not complied with, in the supreme	3181
court pursuant to its original jurisdiction under Section 2 of	3182
Article IV, Ohio Constitution, or in the court of appeals for	3183
the appellate district in which division (B) of this section	3184
allegedly was not complied with pursuant to its original	3185
jurisdiction under Section 3 of Article IV, Ohio Constitution.	3186

(2) If a requester transmits a written request by hand 3187 delivery, electronic submission, or certified mail to inspect or 3188 receive copies of any public record in a manner that fairly 3189 describes the public record or class of public records to the 3190 public office or person responsible for the requested public 3191 records, except as otherwise provided in this section, the 3192 requester shall be entitled to recover the amount of statutory 3193 damages set forth in this division if a court determines that 3194 the public office or the person responsible for public records 3195 failed to comply with an obligation in accordance with division 3196 (B) of this section. 3197

The amount of statutory damages shall be fixed at one 3198 3199 hundred dollars for each business day during which the public office or person responsible for the requested public records 3200 failed to comply with an obligation in accordance with division 3201 (B) of this section, beginning with the day on which the 3202 requester files a mandamus action to recover statutory damages, 3203 up to a maximum of one thousand dollars. The award of statutory 3204 damages shall not be construed as a penalty, but as compensation 3205 for injury arising from lost use of the requested information. 3206 The existence of this injury shall be conclusively presumed. The 3207 award of statutory damages shall be in addition to all other 3208

remedies authorized by this section.	3209
The court may reduce an award of statutory damages or not	3210
award statutory damages if the court determines both of the	3211
following:	3212
(a) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory	3213
law and case law as it existed at the time of the conduct or	3214
threatened conduct of the public office or person responsible	3215
for the requested public records that allegedly constitutes a	3216
failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with division	3217
(B) of this section and that was the basis of the mandamus	3218
action, a well-informed public office or person responsible for	3219
the requested public records reasonably would believe that the	3220
conduct or threatened conduct of the public office or person	3221
responsible for the requested public records did not constitute	3222
a failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with	3223
division (B) of this section;	3224
(b) That a well-informed public office or person	3225
responsible for the requested public records reasonably would	3226
believe that the conduct or threatened conduct of the public	3227
office or person responsible for the requested public records	3228
would serve the public policy that underlies the authority that	3229
is asserted as permitting that conduct or threatened conduct.	3230
(3) In a mandamus action filed under division (C)(1) of	3231
this section, the following apply:	3232
(a) (i) If the court orders the public office or the person	3233
responsible for the public record to comply with division (B) of	3234
this section, the court shall determine and award to the relator	3235
all court costs, which shall be construed as remedial and not	3236
punitive.	3237

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- (ii) If the court makes a determination described in 3238 division (C)(3)(b)(iii) of this section, the court shall 3239 determine and award to the relator all court costs, which shall 3240 be construed as remedial and not punitive. 3241

 (b) If the court renders a judgment that orders the public 3242 office or the person responsible for the public record to comply 3243 with division (B) of this section or if the court determines any 3244
- (i) The public office or the person responsible for the 3247 public records failed to respond affirmatively or negatively to 3248 the public records request in accordance with the time allowed 3249 under division (B) of this section. 3250

of the following, the court may award reasonable attorney's fees

to the relator, subject to division (C)(4) of this section:

- (ii) The public office or the person responsible for the 3251 public records promised to permit the relator to inspect or 3252 receive copies of the public records requested within a 3253 specified period of time but failed to fulfill that promise 3254 within that specified period of time. 3255
- (iii) The public office or the person responsible for the 3256 3257 public records acted in bad faith when the office or person voluntarily made the public records available to the relator for 3258 the first time after the relator commenced the mandamus action, 3259 but before the court issued any order concluding whether or not 3260 the public office or person was required to comply with division 3261 (B) of this section. No discovery may be conducted on the issue 3262 of the alleged bad faith of the public office or person 3263 responsible for the public records. This division shall not be 3264 construed as creating a presumption that the public office or 3265 the person responsible for the public records acted in bad faith 3266 when the office or person voluntarily made the public records 3267

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available to the relator for the first time after the relator	3268
commenced the mandamus action, but before the court issued any	3269
order described in this division.	3270
(c) The court shall not award attorney's fees to the	3271
relator if the court determines both of the following:	3272
(i) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory	3273
law and case law as it existed at the time of the conduct or	3274
threatened conduct of the public office or person responsible	3275
for the requested public records that allegedly constitutes a	3276
failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with division	3277
(B) of this section and that was the basis of the mandamus	3278
action, a well-informed public office or person responsible for	3279
the requested public records reasonably would believe that the	3280
conduct or threatened conduct of the public office or person	3281
responsible for the requested public records did not constitute	3282
a failure to comply with an obligation in accordance with	3283
division (B) of this section;	3284
(ii) That a well-informed public office or person	3285
responsible for the requested public records reasonably would	3286
believe that the conduct or threatened conduct of the public	3287
office or person responsible for the requested public records	3288
would serve the public policy that underlies the authority that	3289
is asserted as permitting that conduct or threatened conduct.	3290
(4) All of the following apply to any award of reasonable	3291
attorney's fees awarded under division (C)(3)(b) of this	3292
section:	3293
(a) The fees shall be construed as remedial and not	3294
punitive.	3295
(b) The fees awarded shall not exceed the total of the	3296

reasonable attorney's fees incurred before the public record was	3297
made available to the relator and the fees described in division	3298
(C)(4)(c) of this section.	3299
(c) Reasonable attorney's fees shall include reasonable	3300
fees incurred to produce proof of the reasonableness and amount	3301
of the fees and to otherwise litigate entitlement to the fees.	3302
(d) The court may reduce the amount of fees awarded if the	3303
court determines that, given the factual circumstances involved	3304
with the specific public records request, an alternative means	3305
should have been pursued to more effectively and efficiently	3306
resolve the dispute that was subject to the mandamus action	3307
filed under division (C)(1) of this section.	3308
(5) If the court does not issue a writ of mandamus under	3309
division (C) of this section and the court determines at that	3310
time that the bringing of the mandamus action was frivolous	3311
conduct as defined in division (A) of section 2323.51 of the	3312
Revised Code, the court may award to the public office all court	3313
costs, expenses, and reasonable attorney's fees, as determined	3314
by the court.	3315
(D) Chapter 1347. of the Revised Code does not limit the	3316
provisions of this section.	3317
(E)(1) To ensure that all employees of public offices are	3318
appropriately educated about a public office's obligations under	3319
division (B) of this section, all elected officials or their	3320
appropriate designees shall attend training approved by the	3321
attorney general as provided in section 109.43 of the Revised	3322
Code. A future official may satisfy the requirements of this	3323
division by attending the training before taking office,	3324
provided that the future official may not send a designee in the	3325

future official's place.

(2) All public offices shall adopt a public records policy 3327 in compliance with this section for responding to public records 3328 requests. In adopting a public records policy under this 3329 division, a public office may obtain guidance from the model 3330 public records policy developed and provided to the public 3331 office by the attorney general under section 109.43 of the 3332 Revised Code. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the 3333 policy may not limit the number of public records that the 3334 public office will make available to a single person, may not 3335 limit the number of public records that it will make available 3336 during a fixed period of time, and may not establish a fixed 3337 period of time before it will respond to a request for 3338 inspection or copying of public records, unless that period is 3339 less than eight hours. 3340

The public office shall distribute the public records 3341 policy adopted by the public office under this division to the 3342 employee of the public office who is the records custodian or 3343 records manager or otherwise has custody of the records of that 3344 office. The public office shall require that employee to 3345 acknowledge receipt of the copy of the public records policy. 3346 The public office shall create a poster that describes its 3347 public records policy and shall post the poster in a conspicuous 3348 place in the public office and in all locations where the public 3349 office has branch offices. The public office may post its public 3350 records policy on the internet web site of the public office if 3351 the public office maintains an internet web site. A public 3352 office that has established a manual or handbook of its general 3353 policies and procedures for all employees of the public office 3354 shall include the public records policy of the public office in 3355 the manual or handbook. 3356

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- (F)(1) The bureau of motor vehicles may adopt rules 3357 pursuant to Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to reasonably limit 3358 the number of bulk commercial special extraction requests made 3359 by a person for the same records or for updated records during a 3360 calendar year. The rules may include provisions for charges to 3361 be made for bulk commercial special extraction requests for the 3362 actual cost of the bureau, plus special extraction costs, plus 3363 ten per cent. The bureau may charge for expenses for redacting 3364 information, the release of which is prohibited by law. 3365
 - (2) As used in division (F)(1) of this section:
- (a) "Actual cost" means the cost of depleted supplies,
 records storage media costs, actual mailing and alternative
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 delivery costs, or other transmitting costs, and any direct
 equipment operating and maintenance costs, including actual
 costs paid to private contractors for copying services.
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- (b) "Bulk commercial special extraction request" means a 3372 request for copies of a record for information in a format other 3373 than the format already available, or information that cannot be 3374 extracted without examination of all items in a records series, 3375 class of records, or database by a person who intends to use or 3376 forward the copies for surveys, marketing, solicitation, or 3377 resale for commercial purposes. "Bulk commercial special 3378 extraction request" does not include a request by a person who 3379 gives assurance to the bureau that the person making the request 3380 does not intend to use or forward the requested copies for 3381 surveys, marketing, solicitation, or resale for commercial 3382 purposes. 3383
- (c) "Commercial" means profit-seeking production, buying, or selling of any good, service, or other product.

- (d) "Special extraction costs" means the cost of the time 3386 spent by the lowest paid employee competent to perform the task, 3387 the actual amount paid to outside private contractors employed 3388 by the bureau, or the actual cost incurred to create computer 3389 programs to make the special extraction. "Special extraction 3390 costs" include any charges paid to a public agency for computer 3391 or records services.
- (3) For purposes of divisions (F) (1) and (2) of this

 section, "surveys, marketing, solicitation, or resale for

 commercial purposes" shall be narrowly construed and does not

 include reporting or gathering news, reporting or gathering

 information to assist citizen oversight or understanding of the

 operation or activities of government, or nonprofit educational

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 research.
- (G) A request by a defendant, counsel of a defendant, or 3400 any agent of a defendant in a criminal action that public 3401 records related to that action be made available under this 3402 section shall be considered a demand for discovery pursuant to 3403 the Criminal Rules, except to the extent that the Criminal Rules 3404 plainly indicate a contrary intent. The defendant, counsel of 3405 the defendant, or agent of the defendant making a request under 3406 3407 this division shall serve a copy of the request on the prosecuting attorney, director of law, or other chief legal 3408 officer responsible for prosecuting the action. 3409
- (H) (1) Any portion of a body-worn camera or dashboard

 camera recording described in divisions (A) (17) (b) to (h) of

 this section may be released by consent of the subject of the

 recording or a representative of that person, as specified in

 those divisions, only if either of the following applies:

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 - (a) The recording will not be used in connection with any 3415

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probable or pending c	riminal proceedings;	3416
(1-) ml	as been used in connection with a	2417

- (b) The recording has been used in connection with a 3417 criminal proceeding that was dismissed or for which a judgment 3418 has been entered pursuant to Rule 32 of the Rules of Criminal 3419 Procedure, and will not be used again in connection with any 3420 probable or pending criminal proceedings. 3421
- (2) If a public office denies a request to release a 3422 restricted portion of a body-worn camera or dashboard camera 3423 recording, as defined in division (A)(17) of this section, any 3424 person may file a mandamus action pursuant to this section or a 3425 complaint with the clerk of the court of claims pursuant to 3426 section 2743.75 of the Revised Code, requesting the court to 3427 order the release of all or portions of the recording. If the 3428 court considering the request determines that the filing 3429 articulates by clear and convincing evidence that the public 3430 interest in the recording substantially outweighs privacy 3431 interests and other interests asserted to deny release, the 3432 court shall order the public office to release the recording. 3433

Sec. 4776.20. (A) As used in this section:

- (1) "Licensing agency" means, in addition to each board 3435 identified in division (C) of section 4776.01 of the Revised 3436 Code, the board or other government entity authorized to issue a 3437 license under Chapters 4703., 4707., 4709., 4712., 4713., 4719., 3438 4723., 4727., 4728., 4733., 4735., 4736., 4737., 4738., 4740., 3439 4742., 4747., 4749., 4752., 4753., 4758., 4759., 4763., 4764., 3440 4765., 4766., 4771., 4773., and 4781. of the Revised Code. 3441 "Licensing agency" includes an administrative officer that has 3442 3443 authority to issue a license.
 - (2) "Licensee" means, in addition to a licensee as

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described in division (B) of section 4776.01 of the Revised	3445
Code, the person to whom a license is issued by the board or	3446
other government entity authorized to issue a license under	3447
Chapters 4703., 4707., 4709., 4712., 4713., 4719., 4723., 4727.,	3448
4728., 4733., 4735., 4736., 4737., 4738., 4740., 4742., 4747.,	3449
4749., 4751., 4752., 4753., 4758., 4759., 4763., 4764., 4765.,	3450
4766., 4771., 4773., and 4781. of the Revised Code.	3451

- (3) "Prosecutor" has the same meaning as in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code.
- (B) On a licensee's conviction of, plea of guilty to, 3454 judicial finding of quilt of, or judicial finding of quilt 3455 resulting from a plea of no contest to the offense of 3456 trafficking in persons in violation of section 2905.32 of the 3457 Revised Code, the prosecutor in the case shall promptly notify 3458 the licensing agency of the conviction, plea, or finding and 3459 provide the licensee's name and residential address. On receipt 3460 of this notification, the licensing agency shall immediately 3461 3462 suspend the licensee's license.
- (C) If there is a conviction of, plea of guilty to, 3463 judicial finding of guilt of, or judicial finding of guilt 3464 resulting from a plea of no contest to the offense of 3465 trafficking in persons in violation of section 2905.32 of the 3466 Revised Code and all or part of the violation occurred on the 3467 premises of a facility that is licensed by a licensing agency, 3468 the prosecutor in the case shall promptly notify the licensing 3469 agency of the conviction, plea, or finding and provide the 3470 facility's name and address and the offender's name and 3471 residential address. On receipt of this notification, the 3472 licensing agency shall immediately suspend the facility's 3473 license. 3474

(D) Notwithstanding any provision of the Revised Code to	3475
the contrary, the suspension of a license under division (B) or	3476
(C) of this section shall be implemented by a licensing agency	3477
without a prior hearing. After the suspension, the licensing	3478
agency shall give written notice to the subject of the	3479
suspension of the right to request a hearing under Chapter 119.	3480
of the Revised Code. After a hearing is held, the licensing	3481
agency shall either revoke or permanently revoke the license of	3482
the subject of the suspension, unless it determines that the	3483
license holder has not been convicted of, pleaded guilty to,	3484
been found guilty of, or been found guilty based on a plea of no	3485
contest to the offense of trafficking in persons in violation of	3486
section 2905.32 of the Revised Code.	3487

Sec. 5703.052. (A) There is hereby created in the state 3488 treasury the tax refund fund, from which refunds shall be paid 3489 for taxes illegally or erroneously assessed or collected, or for 3490 any other reason overpaid, that are levied by Chapter 4301., 3491 4305., 5726., 5728., 5729., 5731., 5733., 5735., 5736., 5739., 3492 5741., 5743., 5747., 5748., 5749., 5751., or 5753. and sections 3493 3737.71, 3905.35, 3905.36, 4303.33, 5707.03, 5725.18, 5727.28, 3494 5727.38, 5727.81, and 5727.811 of the Revised Code. Refunds for 3495 fees or levied under sections 3734.90 to 3734.9014 of the 3496 Revised Code, wireless 9-1-1 charges imposed under section 3497 128.40 of the Revised Code, or next generation 9-1-1 access fees 3498 imposed under sections 128.41 and 128.42 of the Revised Code 3499 illegally or erroneously assessed or collected, or for any other 3500 reason overpaid, that are levied by sections 128.42 or 3734.90 3501 to 3734.9014 of the Revised Code also shall be paid from the 3502 fund. Refunds for amounts illegally or erroneously assessed or 3503 collected by the tax commissioner, or for any other reason 3504 overpaid, that are due under section 1509.50 of the Revised Code 3505

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shall be paid from the fund. Refunds for amounts illegally or erroneously assessed or collected by the commissioner, or for any other reason overpaid to the commissioner, under sections 718.80 to 718.95 of the Revised Code shall be paid from the fund. However, refunds for taxes levied under section 5739.101 of the Revised Code shall not be paid from the tax refund fund, but shall be paid as provided in section 5739.104 of the Revised Code.

- (B) (1) Upon certification by the tax commissioner to the 3514 treasurer of state of a tax refund, a wireless 9-1-1 charge 3515 refund, a next generation 9-1-1 access fee refund, or another 3516 amount refunded, or by the superintendent of insurance of a 3517 domestic or foreign insurance tax refund, the treasurer of state 3518 shall place the amount certified to the credit of the fund. The 3519 certified amount transferred shall be derived from the receipts 3520 of the same tax, fee, wireless 9-1-1 charge, next generation 9-3521 1-1 access fee, or other amount from which the refund arose. 3522
- (2) When a refund is for a tax, fee, wireless 9-1-1 3523 charge, next generation 9-1-1 access fee, or other amount that 3524 is not levied by the state or that was illegally or erroneously 3525 distributed to a taxing jurisdiction, the tax commissioner shall 3526 recover the amount of that refund from the next distribution of 3527 that tax, fee, wireless 9-1-1 charge, next generation 9-1-1 3528 access fee, or other amount that otherwise would be made to the 3529 taxing jurisdiction. If the amount to be recovered would exceed 3530 twenty-five per cent of the next distribution of that tax, fee, 3531 wireless 9-1-1 charge, next generation 9-1-1 access fee, or 3532 other amount, the commissioner may spread the recovery over more 3533 than one future distribution, taking into account the amount to 3534 be recovered and the amount of the anticipated future 3535 distributions. In no event may the commissioner spread the 3536

recovery over a period to exceed thirty-six months.	3537
Sec. 5733.55. (A) As used in this section:	3538
(1) "9-1-1 system" has the same meaning as in section	3539
128.01 of the Revised Code.	3540
(2) "Nonrecurring 9-1-1 charges" means nonrecurring	3541
charges approved by the public utilities commission for the	3542
telephone network portion of a 9-1-1 system pursuant to section	3543
128.18 <u>128.33</u> of the Revised Code.	3544
(3) "Eligible nonrecurring 9-1-1 charges" means all	3545
nonrecurring 9-1-1 charges for a 9-1-1 system except both of the	3546
following:	3547
(a) Charges for a system that was not established pursuant	3548
to a plan adopted under section 128.08 of the Revised Code or an	3549
agreement under section 128.09 of the Revised Code;	3550
(b) Charges for that part of a system established pursuant	3551
to such a plan or agreement that are excluded from the credit by	3552
division (C)(2) of section $\frac{128.18}{128.33}$ of the Revised Code.	3553
(4) "Telephone company" has the same meaning as in section	3554
5727.01 of the Revised Code.	3555
(B) Beginning in tax year 2005, a telephone company shall	3556
be allowed a nonrefundable credit against the tax imposed by	3557
section 5733.06 of the Revised Code equal to the amount of its	3558
eligible nonrecurring 9-1-1 charges. The credit shall be claimed	3559
for the company's taxable year that covers the period in which	3560
the 9-1-1 service for which the credit is claimed becomes	3561
available for use. The credit shall be claimed in the order	3562
required by section 5733.98 of the Revised Code. If the credit	3563
exceeds the total taxes due under section 5733.06 of the Revised	3564

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Code for the tax year, the tax commissioner shall credit the 3565 excess against taxes due under that section for succeeding tax 3566 years until the full amount of the credit is granted. 3567

- (C) After the last day a return, with any extensions, may 3568 be filed by any telephone company that is eligible to claim a 3569 credit under this section, the commissioner shall determine 3570 whether the sum of the credits allowed for prior tax years 3571 commencing with tax year 2005 plus the sum of the credits 3572 claimed for the current tax year exceeds fifteen million 3573 dollars. If it does, the credits allowed under this section for 3574 the current tax year shall be reduced by a uniform percentage 3575 such that the sum of the credits allowed for the current tax 3576 year do not exceed fifteen million dollars claimed by all 3577 telephone companies for all tax years. Thereafter, no credit 3578 shall be granted under this section, except for the remaining 3579 portions of any credits allowed under division (B) of this 3580 section. 3581
- (D) A telephone company that is entitled to carry forward 3582 a credit against its public utility excise tax liability under 3583 section 5727.39 of the Revised Code is entitled to carry forward 3584 any amount of that credit remaining after its last public 3585 3586 utility excise tax payment for the period of July 1, 2003, through June 30, 2004, and claim that amount as a credit against 3587 its corporation franchise tax liability under this section. 3588 Nothing in this section authorizes a telephone company to claim 3589 a credit under this section for any eligible nonrecurring 9-1-1 3590 charges for which it has already claimed a credit under this 3591 section or section 5727.39 of the Revised Code. 3592

Sec. 5751.01. As used in this chapter:

(A) "Person" means, but is not limited to, individuals,

combinations of individuals of any form, receivers, assignees,	3595
trustees in bankruptcy, firms, companies, joint-stock companies,	3596
business trusts, estates, partnerships, limited liability	3597
partnerships, limited liability companies, associations, joint	3598
ventures, clubs, societies, for-profit corporations, S	3599
corporations, qualified subchapter S subsidiaries, qualified	3600
subchapter S trusts, trusts, entities that are disregarded for	3601
federal income tax purposes, and any other entities.	3602
(B) "Consolidated elected taxpayer" means a group of two	3603
or more persons treated as a single taxpayer for purposes of	3604
this chapter as the result of an election made under section	3605
5751.011 of the Revised Code.	3606
(C) "Combined taxpayer" means a group of two or more	3607
persons treated as a single taxpayer for purposes of this	3608
chapter under section 5751.012 of the Revised Code.	3609
(D) "Taxpayer" means any person, or any group of persons	3610
in the case of a consolidated elected taxpayer or combined	3611
taxpayer treated as one taxpayer, required to register or pay	3612
tax under this chapter. "Taxpayer" does not include excluded	3613
persons.	3614
(E) "Excluded person" means any of the following:	3615
(1) Any person with not more than one hundred fifty	3616
thousand dollars of taxable gross receipts during the calendar	3617
year. Division (E)(1) of this section does not apply to a person	3618
that is a member of a consolidated elected taxpayer.	3619
(2) A public utility that paid the excise tax imposed by	3620
section 5727.24 or 5727.30 of the Revised Code based on one or	3621
more measurement periods that include the entire tax period	3622
under this chapter, except that a public utility that is a	3623

combined company is a taxpayer with regard to the following	3624
gross receipts:	3625
(a) Taxable gross receipts directly attributed to a public	3626
utility activity, but not directly attributed to an activity	3627
that is subject to the excise tax imposed by section 5727.24 or	3628
5727.30 of the Revised Code;	3629
(b) Taxable gross receipts that cannot be directly	3630
attributed to any activity, multiplied by a fraction whose	3631
numerator is the taxable gross receipts described in division	3632
(E)(2)(a) of this section and whose denominator is the total	3633
taxable gross receipts that can be directly attributed to any	3634
activity;	3635
(c) Except for any differences resulting from the use of	3636
an accrual basis method of accounting for purposes of	3637
determining gross receipts under this chapter and the use of the	3638
cash basis method of accounting for purposes of determining	3639
gross receipts under section 5727.24 of the Revised Code, the	3640
gross receipts directly attributed to the activity of a natural	3641
gas company shall be determined in a manner consistent with	3642
division (D) of section 5727.03 of the Revised Code.	3643
As used in division (E)(2) of this section, "combined	3644
company" and "public utility" have the same meanings as in	3645
section 5727.01 of the Revised Code.	3646
(3) A financial institution, as defined in section 5726.01	3647
of the Revised Code, that paid the tax imposed by section	3648
5726.02 of the Revised Code based on one or more taxable years	3649
that include the entire tax period under this chapter;	3650
(4) A person directly or indirectly owned by one or more	3651
financial institutions, as defined in section 5726.01 of the	3652

section 3905.36 of the Revised Code based on one or more

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Revised Code, that paid the tax imposed by section 5726.02 of	3653
the Revised Code based on one or more taxable years that include	3654
the entire tax period under this chapter.	3655
For the purposes of division (E)(4) of this section, a	3656
person owns another person under the following circumstances:	3657
(a) In the case of corporations issuing capital stock, one	3658
corporation owns another corporation if it owns fifty per cent	3659
or more of the other corporation's capital stock with current	3660
voting rights;	3661
(b) In the case of a limited liability company, one person	3662
owns the company if that person's membership interest, as	3663
defined in section 1706.01 of the Revised Code, is fifty per	3664
cent or more of the combined membership interests of all persons	3665
owning such interests in the company;	3666
(c) In the case of a partnership, trust, or other	3667
unincorporated business organization other than a limited	3668
liability company, one person owns the organization if, under	3669
the articles of organization or other instrument governing the	3670
affairs of the organization, that person has a beneficial	3671
interest in the organization's profits, surpluses, losses, or	3672
distributions of fifty per cent or more of the combined	3673
beneficial interests of all persons having such an interest in	3674
the organization.	3675
(5) A domestic insurance company or foreign insurance	3676
company, as defined in section 5725.01 of the Revised Code, that	3677
paid the insurance company premiums tax imposed by section	3678
5725.18 or Chapter 5729. of the Revised Code, or an unauthorized	3679
insurance company whose gross premiums are subject to tax under	3680

3705

measurement periods that include the entire tax period under 3682 this chapter; 3683

- (6) A person that solely facilitates or services one or

 3684
 more securitizations of phase-in-recovery property pursuant to a
 3685
 final financing order as those terms are defined in section
 3686
 4928.23 of the Revised Code. For purposes of this division,
 "securitization" means transferring one or more assets to one or
 3688
 more persons and then issuing securities backed by the right to
 3689
 receive payment from the asset or assets so transferred.
 3690
- (7) Except as otherwise provided in this division, a pre-3691 income tax trust as defined in section 5747.01 of the Revised 3692 Code and any pass-through entity of which such pre-income tax 3693 trust owns or controls, directly, indirectly, or constructively 3694 through related interests, more than five per cent of the 3695 ownership or equity interests. If the pre-income tax trust has 3696 made a qualifying pre-income tax trust election under division 3697 (EE) of section 5747.01 of the Revised Code, then the trust and 3698 the pass-through entities of which it owns or controls, 3699 directly, indirectly, or constructively through related 3700 interests, more than five per cent of the ownership or equity 3701 interests, shall not be excluded persons for purposes of the tax 3702 imposed under section 5751.02 of the Revised Code. 3703
- (8) Nonprofit organizations or the state and its agencies, instrumentalities, or political subdivisions.
- (F) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (F)(2), (3), 3706 and (4) of this section, "gross receipts" means the total amount 3707 realized by a person, without deduction for the cost of goods 3708 sold or other expenses incurred, that contributes to the 3709 production of gross income of the person, including the fair 3710 market value of any property and any services received, and any 3711

debt transferred or forgiven as consideration.	3712
(1) The following are examples of gross receipts:	3713
(a) Amounts realized from the sale, exchange, or other	3714
disposition of the taxpayer's property to or with another;	3715
(b) Amounts realized from the taxpayer's performance of	3716
services for another;	3717
(c) Amounts realized from another's use or possession of	3718
the taxpayer's property or capital;	3719
(d) Any combination of the foregoing amounts.	3720
(2) "Gross receipts" excludes the following amounts:	3721
(a) Interest income except interest on credit sales;	3722
(b) Dividends and distributions from corporations, and	3723
distributive or proportionate shares of receipts and income from	3724
a pass-through entity as defined under section 5733.04 of the	3725
Revised Code;	3726
(c) Receipts from the sale, exchange, or other disposition	3727
of an asset described in section 1221 or 1231 of the Internal	3728
Revenue Code, without regard to the length of time the person	3729
held the asset. Notwithstanding section 1221 of the Internal	3730
Revenue Code, receipts from hedging transactions also are	3731
excluded to the extent the transactions are entered into	3732
primarily to protect a financial position, such as managing the	3733
risk of exposure to (i) foreign currency fluctuations that	3734
affect assets, liabilities, profits, losses, equity, or	3735
investments in foreign operations; (ii) interest rate	3736
fluctuations; or (iii) commodity price fluctuations. As used in	3737
division (F)(2)(c) of this section, "hedging transaction" has	3738
the same meaning as used in section 1221 of the Internal Revenue	3739

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Code and also includes transactions accorded hedge accounting	3740
treatment under statement of financial accounting standards	3741
number 133 of the financial accounting standards board. For the	3742
purposes of division (F)(2)(c) of this section, the actual	3743
transfer of title of real or tangible personal property to	3744
another entity is not a hedging transaction.	3745
(d) Proceeds received attributable to the repayment,	3746
maturity, or redemption of the principal of a loan, bond, mutual	3747
fund, certificate of deposit, or marketable instrument;	3748
(e) The principal amount received under a repurchase	3749
agreement or on account of any transaction properly	3750
characterized as a loan to the person;	3751
(f) Contributions received by a trust, plan, or other	3752
arrangement, any of which is described in section 501(a) of the	3753
Internal Revenue Code, or to which Title 26, Subtitle A, Chapter	3754
1, Subchapter (D) of the Internal Revenue Code applies;	3755
(g) Compensation, whether current or deferred, and whether	3756
in cash or in kind, received or to be received by an employee,	3757
former employee, or the employee's legal successor for services	3758
rendered to or for an employer, including reimbursements	3759
received by or for an individual for medical or education	3760
expenses, health insurance premiums, or employee expenses, or on	3761
account of a dependent care spending account, legal services	3762
plan, any cafeteria plan described in section 125 of the	3763
Internal Revenue Code, or any similar employee reimbursement;	3764
(h) Proceeds received from the issuance of the taxpayer's	3765
own stock, options, warrants, puts, or calls, or from the sale	3766
of the taxpayer's treasury stock;	3767
(i) Proceeds received on the account of payments from	3768

insurance policies, except those proceeds received for the loss	3769
of business revenue;	3770
(j) Gifts or charitable contributions received; membership	3771
dues received by trade, professional, homeowners', or	3772
condominium associations; and payments received for educational	3773
courses, meetings, meals, or similar payments to a trade,	3774
professional, or other similar association; and fundraising	3775
receipts received by any person when any excess receipts are	3776
donated or used exclusively for charitable purposes;	3777
(k) Damages received as the result of litigation in excess	3778
of amounts that, if received without litigation, would be gross	3779
receipts;	3780
(1) Property, money, and other amounts received or	3781
acquired by an agent on behalf of another in excess of the	3782
agent's commission, fee, or other remuneration;	3783
(m) Tax refunds, other tax benefit recoveries, and	3784
reimbursements for the tax imposed under this chapter made by	3785
entities that are part of the same combined taxpayer or	3786
consolidated elected taxpayer group, and reimbursements made by	3787
entities that are not members of a combined taxpayer or	3788
consolidated elected taxpayer group that are required to be made	3789
for economic parity among multiple owners of an entity whose tax	3790
obligation under this chapter is required to be reported and	3791
paid entirely by one owner, pursuant to the requirements of	3792
sections 5751.011 and 5751.012 of the Revised Code;	3793
(n) Pension reversions;	3794
(o) Contributions to capital;	3795
(p) Sales or use taxes collected as a vendor or an out-of-	3796
state seller on behalf of the taxing jurisdiction from a	3797

consumer or other taxes the taxpayer is required by law to	3798
collect directly from a purchaser and remit to a local, state,	3799
or federal tax authority;	3800
(q) In the case of receipts from the sale of cigarettes,	3801
tobacco products, or vapor products by a wholesale dealer,	3802
retail dealer, distributor, manufacturer, vapor distributor, or	3803
seller, all as defined in section 5743.01 of the Revised Code,	3804
an amount equal to the federal and state excise taxes paid by	3805
any person on or for such cigarettes, tobacco products, or vapor	3806
	3807
products under subtitle E of the Internal Revenue Code or	
Chapter 5743. of the Revised Code;	3808
(r) In the case of receipts from the sale, transfer,	3809
exchange, or other disposition of motor fuel as "motor fuel" is	3810
defined in section 5736.01 of the Revised Code, an amount equal	3811
to the value of the motor fuel, including federal and state	3812
motor fuel excise taxes and receipts from billing or invoicing	3813
the tax imposed under section 5736.02 of the Revised Code to	3814
another person;	3815
(a) In the case of massints from the calls of been on	3816
(s) In the case of receipts from the sale of beer or	
intoxicating liquor, as defined in section 4301.01 of the	3817
Revised Code, by a person holding a permit issued under Chapter	3818
4301. or 4303. of the Revised Code, an amount equal to federal	3819
and state excise taxes paid by any person on or for such beer or	3820
intoxicating liquor under subtitle E of the Internal Revenue	3821
Code or Chapter 4301. or 4305. of the Revised Code;	3822
(t) Receipts realized by a new motor vehicle dealer or	3823
used motor vehicle dealer, as defined in section 4517.01 of the	3824
Revised Code, from the sale or other transfer of a motor	3825
vehicle, as defined in that section, to another motor vehicle	3826
dealer for the purpose of resale by the transferee motor vehicle	3827

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as applicable, in excess of the administrative fee charged by	3858
the professional employer organization or the alternate employer	3859
organization to the client employer;	3860
(y) In the case of amounts retained as commissions by a	3861
permit holder under Chapter 3769. of the Revised Code, an amount	3862
equal to the amounts specified under that chapter that must be	3863
paid to or collected by the tax commissioner as a tax and the	3864
amounts specified under that chapter to be used as purse money;	3865
(z) Qualifying distribution center receipts as determined	3866
under section 5751.40 of the Revised Code-;	3867
(aa) Receipts of an employer from payroll deductions	3868
relating to the reimbursement of the employer for advancing	3869
moneys to an unrelated third party on an employee's behalf;	3870
(bb) Cash discounts allowed and taken;	3871
(DD) Cash discounts allowed and taken,	3071
(cc) Returns and allowances;	3872
(cc) Returns and allowances;	3872
<pre>(cc) Returns and allowances; (dd) Bad debts from receipts on the basis of which the tax</pre>	3872 3873
<pre>(cc) Returns and allowances; (dd) Bad debts from receipts on the basis of which the tax imposed by this chapter was paid in a prior quarterly tax</pre>	3872 3873 3874
<pre>(cc) Returns and allowances; (dd) Bad debts from receipts on the basis of which the tax imposed by this chapter was paid in a prior quarterly tax payment period. For the purpose of this division, "bad debts"</pre>	3872 3873 3874 3875
<pre>(cc) Returns and allowances; (dd) Bad debts from receipts on the basis of which the tax imposed by this chapter was paid in a prior quarterly tax payment period. For the purpose of this division, "bad debts" means any debts that have become worthless or uncollectible</pre>	3872 3873 3874 3875 3876
<pre>(cc) Returns and allowances; (dd) Bad debts from receipts on the basis of which the tax imposed by this chapter was paid in a prior quarterly tax payment period. For the purpose of this division, "bad debts" means any debts that have become worthless or uncollectible between the preceding and current quarterly tax payment periods,</pre>	3872 3873 3874 3875 3876 3877
<pre>(cc) Returns and allowances; (dd) Bad debts from receipts on the basis of which the tax imposed by this chapter was paid in a prior quarterly tax payment period. For the purpose of this division, "bad debts" means any debts that have become worthless or uncollectible between the preceding and current quarterly tax payment periods, have been uncollected for at least six months, and that may be</pre>	3872 3873 3874 3875 3876 3877 3878
(cc) Returns and allowances; (dd) Bad debts from receipts on the basis of which the tax imposed by this chapter was paid in a prior quarterly tax payment period. For the purpose of this division, "bad debts" means any debts that have become worthless or uncollectible between the preceding and current quarterly tax payment periods, have been uncollected for at least six months, and that may be claimed as a deduction under section 166 of the Internal Revenue	3872 3873 3874 3875 3876 3877 3878 3879
(cc) Returns and allowances; (dd) Bad debts from receipts on the basis of which the tax imposed by this chapter was paid in a prior quarterly tax payment period. For the purpose of this division, "bad debts" means any debts that have become worthless or uncollectible between the preceding and current quarterly tax payment periods, have been uncollected for at least six months, and that may be claimed as a deduction under section 166 of the Internal Revenue Code and the regulations adopted under that section, or that	3872 3873 3874 3875 3876 3877 3878 3879 3880
(cc) Returns and allowances; (dd) Bad debts from receipts on the basis of which the tax imposed by this chapter was paid in a prior quarterly tax payment period. For the purpose of this division, "bad debts" means any debts that have become worthless or uncollectible between the preceding and current quarterly tax payment periods, have been uncollected for at least six months, and that may be claimed as a deduction under section 166 of the Internal Revenue Code and the regulations adopted under that section, or that could be claimed as such if the taxpayer kept its accounts on	3872 3873 3874 3875 3876 3877 3878 3879 3880 3881
(cc) Returns and allowances; (dd) Bad debts from receipts on the basis of which the tax imposed by this chapter was paid in a prior quarterly tax payment period. For the purpose of this division, "bad debts" means any debts that have become worthless or uncollectible between the preceding and current quarterly tax payment periods, have been uncollected for at least six months, and that may be claimed as a deduction under section 166 of the Internal Revenue Code and the regulations adopted under that section, or that could be claimed as such if the taxpayer kept its accounts on the accrual basis. "Bad debts" does not include repossessed	3872 3873 3874 3875 3876 3877 3878 3879 3880 3881 3882
(cc) Returns and allowances; (dd) Bad debts from receipts on the basis of which the tax imposed by this chapter was paid in a prior quarterly tax payment period. For the purpose of this division, "bad debts" means any debts that have become worthless or uncollectible between the preceding and current quarterly tax payment periods, have been uncollected for at least six months, and that may be claimed as a deduction under section 166 of the Internal Revenue Code and the regulations adopted under that section, or that could be claimed as such if the taxpayer kept its accounts on the accrual basis. "Bad debts" does not include repossessed property, uncollectible amounts on property that remains in the	3872 3873 3874 3875 3876 3877 3878 3879 3880 3881 3882 3883

(ee) Any amount realized from the sale of an account	3887
receivable to the extent the receipts from the underlying	3888
transaction giving rise to the account receivable were included	3889
in the gross receipts of the taxpayer;	3890
(ff) Any receipts directly attributed to a transfer	3891
agreement or to the enterprise transferred under that agreement	3892
under section 4313.02 of the Revised Code-;	3893
(gg) Qualified uranium receipts as determined under	3894
section 5751.41 of the Revised Code-;	3895
(hh) In the case of amounts collected by a licensed casino	3896
operator from casino gaming, amounts in excess of the casino	3897
operator's gross casino revenue. In this division, "casino	3898
operator" and "casino gaming" have the meanings defined in	3899
section 3772.01 of the Revised Code, and "gross casino revenue"	3900
has the meaning defined in section 5753.01 of the Revised Code.	3901
(ii) Receipts realized from the sale of agricultural	3902
commodities by an agricultural commodity handler, both as	3903
defined in section 926.01 of the Revised Code, that is licensed	3904
by the director of agriculture to handle agricultural	3905
commodities in this state-;	3906
(jj) Qualifying integrated supply chain receipts as	3907
determined under section 5751.42 of the Revised Code \div ;	3908
(kk) In the case of a railroad company described in	3909
division (D)(9) of section 5727.01 of the Revised Code that	3910
purchases dyed diesel fuel directly from a supplier as defined	3911
by section 5736.01 of the Revised Code, an amount equal to the	3912
product of the number of gallons of dyed diesel fuel purchased	3913
directly from such a supplier multiplied by the average	3914
wholesale price for a gallon of diesel fuel as determined under	3915

section 5736.02 of the Revised Code for the period during which	3916
the fuel was purchased multiplied by a fraction, the numerator	3917
of which equals the rate of tax levied by section 5736.02 of the	3918
Revised Code less the rate of tax computed in section 5751.03 of	3919
the Revised Code, and the denominator of which equals the rate	3920
of tax computed in section 5751.03 of the Revised Code \pm ;	3921
(11) Receipts realized by an out-of-state disaster	3922
business from disaster work conducted in this state during a	3923
disaster response period pursuant to a qualifying solicitation	3924
received by the business. Terms used in division (F)(2)(11) of	3925
this section have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the	3926
Revised Code.	3927
(mm) In the case of receipts from the sale or transfer of	3928
a mortgage-backed security or a mortgage loan by a mortgage	3929
lender holding a valid certificate of registration issued under	3930
Chapter 1322. of the Revised Code or by a person that is a	3931
member of the mortgage lender's consolidated elected taxpayer	3932
group, an amount equal to the principal balance of the mortgage	3933
loan - ;	3934
(nn) Amounts of excess surplus of the state insurance fund	3935
received by the taxpayer from the Ohio bureau of workers'	3936
compensation pursuant to rules adopted under section 4123.321 of	3937
the Revised Code-;	3938
(00) Except as otherwise provided in division (B) of	3939
section 5751.091 of the Revised Code, receipts of a megaproject	3940
supplier from sales of tangible personal property directly to a	3941
megaproject operator in this state for use at the site of the	3942
megaproject operator's megaproject, provided that the sale	3943
occurs during the period that the megaproject operator has an	3944
agreement with the tax credit authority for the megaproject	3945

under division (D) of section 122.17 of the Revised Code that	3946
remains in effect and has not expired or been terminated, and	3947
provided the megaproject supplier holds a certificate for such	3948
megaproject issued under section 5751.052 of the Revised Code	3949
for the calendar year in which the sales are made and, if the	3950
megaproject supplier meets the requirements described in	3951
division (A)(13)(b) of section 122.17 of the Revised Code, the	3952
megaproject supplier holds a certificate for such megaproject	3953
issued under division (D)(11) of section 122.17 of the Revised	3954
Code on the first day of that calendar year;	3955
(pp) Receipts from the sale of each new piece of capital	3956
equipment that has a cost in excess of one hundred million	3957
dollars and that is used at the site of a megaproject that	3958
satisfies the criteria described in division (A)(11)(a)(ii) of	3959
section 122.17 of the Revised Code, provided that the sale	3960
occurs during the period that a megaproject operator has an	3961
agreement for that megaproject with the tax credit authority	3962
under division (D) of section 122.17 of the Revised Code that	3963
remains in effect and has not expired or been terminated;	3964
(qq) In the case of amounts collected by a sports gaming	3965
proprietor from sports gaming, amounts in excess of the	3966
proprietor's sports gaming receipts. As used in this division,	3967
"sports gaming proprietor" has the same meaning as in section	3968
3775.01 of the Revised Code and "sports gaming receipts" has the	3969
same meaning as in section 5753.01 of the Revised Code.	3970
(rr) Any receipts for which the tax imposed by this	3971
chapter is prohibited by the constitution or laws of the United	3972
States or the constitution of this state;	3973
(ss) Receipts from fees imposed under sections 128.41 and	3974

128.42 of the Revised Code.

4003

(3) In the case of a taxpayer when acting as a real e	state 3976
broker, "gross receipts" includes only the portion of any f	ee 3977
for the service of a real estate broker, or service of a re	al 3978
estate salesperson associated with that broker, that is ret	ained 3979
by the broker and not paid to an associated real estate	3980
salesperson or another real estate broker. For the purposes	of 3981
this division, "real estate broker" and "real estate	3982
salesperson" have the same meanings as in section 4735.01 o	f the 3983
Revised Code.	3984
(4) A taxpayer's method of accounting for gross recei	pts 3985
for a tax period shall be the same as the taxpayer's method	
accounting for federal income tax purposes for the taxpayer	
federal taxable year that includes the tax period. If a	3988
taxpayer's method of accounting for federal income tax purp changes, its method of accounting for gross receipts under	
chapter shall be changed accordingly.	3991
(G) "Taxable gross receipts" means gross receipts sit	used 3992
to this state under section 5751.033 of the Revised Code.	3993
(H) A person has "substantial nexus with this state"	if 3994
any of the following applies. The person:	3995
(1) Orma on uses a part on all of its comital in this	3996
(1) Owns or uses a part or all of its capital in this	
state;	3997
(2) Holds a certificate of compliance with the laws o	f 3998
this state authorizing the person to do business in this st	ate; 3999
(3) Has bright-line presence in this state;	4000
(4) Otherwise has nexus with this state to an extent	that 4001

the person can be required to remit the tax imposed under this

chapter under the Constitution of the United States.

(I) A person has "bright-line presence" in this state for	4004
a reporting period and for the remaining portion of the calendar	4005
year if any of the following applies. The person:	4006
(1) Has at any time during the calendar year property in	4007
this state with an aggregate value of at least fifty thousand	4008
dollars. For the purpose of division (I)(1) of this section,	4009
owned property is valued at original cost and rented property is	4010
valued at eight times the net annual rental charge.	4011
(2) Has during the calendar year payroll in this state of	4012
at least fifty thousand dollars. Payroll in this state includes	4013
all of the following:	4014
(a) Any amount subject to withholding by the person under	4015
section 5747.06 of the Revised Code;	4016
	4017
(b) Any other amount the person pays as compensation to an	4017
individual under the supervision or control of the person for	4018
work done in this state; and	4019
(c) Any amount the person pays for services performed in	4020
this state on its behalf by another.	4021
(3) Has during the calendar year taxable gross receipts of	4022
at least five hundred thousand dollars-:	4023
(4) Has at any time during the calendar year within this	4024
state at least twenty-five per cent of the person's total	4025
property, total payroll, or total gross receipts-:	4026
(5) Is domiciled in this state as an individual or for	4027
corporate, commercial, or other business purposes.	4028
(J) "Tangible personal property" has the same meaning as	4029
in section 5739.01 of the Revised Code.	4030

(K) "Internal Revenue Code" means the Internal Revenue	4031
Code of 1986, 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C. 1, as amended. Any term	4032
used in this chapter that is not otherwise defined has the same	4033
meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of the	4034
United States relating to federal income taxes unless a	4035
different meaning is clearly required. Any reference in this	4036
chapter to the Internal Revenue Code includes other laws of the	4037
United States relating to federal income taxes.	4038
(L) "Calendar quarter" means a three-month period ending	4039
on the thirty-first day of March, the thirtieth day of June, the	4040
thirtieth day of September, or the thirty-first day of December.	4041
(M) "Tax period" means the calendar quarter or calendar	4042
year on the basis of which a taxpayer is required to pay the tax	4043
imposed under this chapter.	4044
(N) "Calendar year taxpayer" means a taxpayer for which	4045
the tax period is a calendar year.	4046
(O) "Calendar quarter taxpayer" means a taxpayer for which	4047
the tax period is a calendar quarter.	4048
(P) "Agent" means a person authorized by another person to	4049
act on its behalf to undertake a transaction for the other,	4050
including any of the following:	4051
(1) A person receiving a fee to sell financial	4052
instruments;	4053
(2) A person retaining only a commission from a	4054
transaction with the other proceeds from the transaction being	4055
remitted to another person;	4056
(3) A person issuing licenses and permits under section	4057
1533.13 of the Revised Code;	4058

(4) A lottery sales agent holding a valid license issued	4059
under section 3770.05 of the Revised Code;	4060
(5) A person acting as an agent of the division of liquor	4061
control under section 4301.17 of the Revised Code.	4062
	1002
(Q) "Received" includes amounts accrued under the accrual	4063
method of accounting.	4064
(R) "Reporting person" means a person in a consolidated	4065
elected taxpayer or combined taxpayer group that is designated	4066
by that group to legally bind the group for all filings and tax	4067
liabilities and to receive all legal notices with respect to	4068
matters under this chapter, or, for the purposes of section	4069
5751.04 of the Revised Code, a separate taxpayer that is not a	4070
member of such a group.	4071
(S) "Megaproject," "megaproject operator," and	4072
"megaproject supplier" have the same meanings as in section	4073
122.17 of the Revised Code.	4074
Section 2. That existing sections 128.01, 128.02, 128.021,	4075
128.022, 128.03, 128.06, 128.07, 128.08, 128.12, 128.18, 128.22,	4076
128.32, 128.34, 128.40, 128.42, 128.44, 128.45, 128.46, 128.461,	4077
128.462, 128.47, 128.52, 128.54, 128.55, 128.57, 128.60, 128.63,	4078
128.99, 149.43, 4776.20, 5703.052, 5733.55, and 5751.01 of the	4079
Revised Code are hereby repealed.	4080
Section 3. That sections 128.04, 128.09, 128.15, 128.25,	4081
128.26, 128.27, 128.571, 4742.01, 4742.02, 4742.03, 4742.04,	4082
4742.05, 4742.06, and 4742.07 of the Revised Code are hereby	4083
repealed.	4084
Section 4. Not later than January 1, 2026, the 9-1-1	4085
steering committee, in consultation with the Tax Commissioner,	4086
shall deliver a report to the General Assembly detailing any	4087

Sub. S. B. No. 50 As Reported by the Senate Financial Institutions and Technology Committee	Page 141
legislative recommendations to address issues concerning the	4088
collection and use of the next generation 9-1-1 access fees,	4089
including auditing carriers and other companies subject to	4090
collect such fees.	4091
Section 5. Any monthly charge adopted and imposed on a	4092
county's residents pursuant to sections 128.25 or 128.26 of the	4093
Revised Code as those sections existed prior to the effective	4094
date of this section are hereby terminated.	4095
Section 6. Section 149.43 of the Revised Code is presented	4096
in this act as a composite of the section as amended by H.B. 45,	4097
H.B. 99, H.B. 254, H.B. 343, H.B. 558, and S.B. 288, all of the	4098
134th General Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the	4099
principle stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised	4100
Code that amendments are to be harmonized and reconciled if	4101
reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, finds that the	4102
composite is the resulting version of the section in effect	4103
prior to the effective date of the section as presented in this	4104
act.	4105