As Reported by the Senate Ways and Means Committee

135th General Assembly Regular Session 2023-2024

Sub. S. B. No. 74

Senator Gavarone

A BILL

То	amend sections 113.05, 113.11, 113.12, 113.40,	1
	113.41, 113.60, 125.30, 125.901, 126.06, 127.14,	2
	129.06, 129.09, 131.01, 135.01, 135.02, 135.04,	3
	135.05, 135.06, 135.08, 135.10, 135.12, 135.14,	4
	135.142, 135.143, 135.15, 135.182, 135.31,	5
	135.35, 135.45, 135.46, 135.47, 718.01, 1111.04,	6
	1112.12, 1315.54, 1345.01, 1501.10, 1503.05,	7
	1509.07, 1509.225, 1514.04, 1514.05, 1521.061,	8
	1548.06, 1733.04, 1733.24, 1735.03, 2109.37,	9
	2109.372, 2109.44, 3314.50, 3366.05, 3737.945,	10
	3903.73, 3905.32, 3916.01, 3925.26, 4141.241,	11
	4505.06, 4509.101, 4509.45, 4509.62, 4509.63,	12
	4509.65, 4509.67, 4710.03, 4749.01, 4763.13,	13
	5725.17, 5725.22, 5727.25, 5727.31, 5727.311,	14
	5727.42, 5727.47, 5727.53, 5727.81, 5727.811,	15
	5727.82, 5727.83, 5733.022, 5735.03, 5735.062,	16
	5739.031, 5739.032, 5739.07, 5743.05, 5743.051,	17
	5743.15, 5745.03, 5745.04, 5745.041, 5747.059,	18
	5747.07, 5747.072, 5747.42, 5747.44, 5747.451,	19
	5815.26, and 5815.37; to amend, for the purpose	20
	of adopting a new section number as indicated in	21
	parentheses, section 113.41 (125.903); to enact	22
	new sections 135.61, 135.62, 135.63, 135.64,	23
	135.65, and 135.66 and sections 113.22, 135.621,	24

135.622, 135.623, 135.624, 135.625, 169.053, and	25
1501.04; and to repeal sections 113.061, 113.07,	26
129.02, 129.03, 129.08, 129.10, 129.11, 129.12,	27
129.13, 129.14, 129.15, 129.16, 129.18, 129.19,	28
129.20, 129.72, 129.73, 129.74, 129.75, 129.76,	29
135.101, 135.102, 135.103, 135.104, 135.105,	30
135.106, 135.61, 135.62, 135.63, 135.64, 135.65,	31
135.66, 135.67, 135.68, 135.69, 135.70, 135.71,	32
135.72, 135.73, 135.74, 135.75, 135.76, 135.77,	33
135.771, 135.772, 135.773, 135.774, 135.78,	34
135.79, 135.791, 135.792, 135.793, 135.794,	35
135.795, 135.796, 135.81, 135.82, 135.83,	36
135.84, 135.85, 135.86, 135.87, 135.91, 135.92,	37
135.93, 135.94, 135.95, 135.96, 135.97, 144.01,	38
144.02, 144.03, 144.04, 144.05, 144.06, and	39
144.07 of the Revised Code regarding the	40
Treasurer of State and the electronic payment of	41
taxes.	42

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 113.05, 113.11, 113.12, 113.40,	43
113.41, 113.60, 125.30, 125.901, 126.06, 127.14, 129.06, 129.09,	44
131.01, 135.01, 135.02, 135.04, 135.05, 135.06, 135.08, 135.10,	45
135.12, 135.14, 135.142, 135.143, 135.15, 135.182, 135.31,	46
135.35, 135.45, 135.46, 135.47, 718.01, 1111.04, 1112.12,	47
1315.54, 1345.01, 1501.10, 1503.05, 1509.07, 1509.225, 1514.04,	48
1514.05, 1521.061, 1548.06, 1733.04, 1733.24, 1735.03, 2109.37,	49
2109.372, 2109.44, 3314.50, 3366.05, 3737.945, 3903.73, 3905.32,	50
3916.01, 3925.26, 4141.241, 4505.06, 4509.101, 4509.45, 4509.62,	51

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(B) The account created under section 3366.05 of the

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financial transaction devices; to make recommendations about	197
those proposals to the state elected officials; and to assist	198
state offices in implementing the state's financial transaction	199
device acceptance and processing program.	200
(C) The administrative agent shall follow the procedures	201

provided in this division whenever it plans to contract with 202 financial institutions, issuers of financial transaction 203 devices, or processors of financial transaction devices for the 204 purposes of this section. The administrative agent shall request 205 proposals from at least three financial institutions, issuers of 206 financial transaction devices, or processors of financial 207 transaction devices, as appropriate in accordance with the 208 resolution adopted under division (B) of this section. Prior to 209 sending any financial institution, issuer, or processor a copy 210 of any such request, the administrative agent shall advertise 211 its intent to request proposals in a newspaper of general-212 circulation in the state once a week for two consecutive weeks 213 by electronic publication on a state agency web site made 214 available to the general public. The notice shall state that the 215 administrative agent intends to request proposals; specify the 216 purpose of the request; indicate the date, which shall be at 217 least ten days after the second publication, on which the 218 request for proposals will be <u>electronically</u> mailed to financial 219 institutions, issuers, or processors; and require that any 220 financial institution, issuer, or processor, whichever is 221 appropriate, interested in receiving the request for proposals 222 submit written notice of this interest to the administrative 223 agent not later than noon of the day on which the request for 224 proposals will be <u>electronically</u> mailed. 225

Upon receiving the proposals, the administrative agent 226 shall review them and make a recommendation to the board of 227

deposit regarding which proposals to accept. The board of	228
deposit shall consider the agent's recommendation and review all	229
proposals submitted, and then may choose to contract with any or	230
all of the entities submitting proposals, as appropriate. The	231
board of deposit shall provide any financial institution,	232
issuer, or processor that submitted a proposal, but with which	233
the board does not enter into a contract, notice that its	234
proposal is rejected.	235

(D) The board of deposit shall send a copy of the 236 237 resolution adopted under division (B) of this section to each state elected official and state entity authorized to accept 238 payments for state expenses by financial transaction device. 239 After receiving the resolution and before accepting such 240 payments by financial transaction device, such a state elected 241 official or state entity shall provide written notification to 242 the administrative agent of the official's or entity's intent to 243 implement the resolution within the official's or entity's 244 office. Each state office or entity subject to the board's 245 resolution adopted under division (B) of this section shall use 246 only the financial institutions, issuers of financial 247 transaction devices, and processors of financial transaction 248 devices with which the board of deposit contracts, and each such 249 office or entity is subject to the terms of those contracts. 250

If a state entity under the authority of a state elected 251 official is directly responsible for collecting one or more 252 state expenses and the state elected official determines not to 253 accept payments by financial transaction device for one or more 254 of those expenses, the office is not required to accept payments 255 by financial transaction device for those expenses, 256 notwithstanding the adoption of a resolution by the board of 257 deposit under division (B) of this section. 258

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financial transaction devices may continue to accept such	260
devices until June 30, 2000, without being subject to any	261
resolution adopted by the board of deposit under division (B) of	262
this section, or any other oversight by the board of the	263
entity's financial transaction device program. Any such entity	264
may use surcharges or convenience fees in any manner the state	265
elected official or other official in charge of the entity	266
determines to be appropriate, and, if the administrative agent	267
consents, may appoint the administrative agent to be the	268
entity's administrative agent for purposes of accepting	269
financial transaction devices. In order to be exempt from the	270
resolution of the board of deposit under division (B) of this	271
section, a state entity shall notify the board in writing within	272
thirty days after March 18, 1999, that it accepted financial	273
transaction devices prior to March 18, 1999. Each such	274
notification shall explain how processing costs associated with	275
financial transaction devices are being paid and shall indicate	276
whether surcharge or convenience fees are being passed on to	277
consumers.	278
(E) The board of deposit may establish a surcharge or	279
convenience fee that may be imposed upon a person making payment	280
by a financial transaction device. The surcharge or convenience	281
fee shall not be imposed unless authorized or otherwise	282
permitted by the rules prescribed under a contract, between the	283
financial institution, issuer, or processor and the	284

Any state entity that prior to March 18, 1999, accepted

The establishment of a surcharge or convenience fee shall 287 follow the guidelines of the financial institution, issuer of 288 financial transaction devices, or processor of financial 289

administrative agent, governing the use and acceptance of the

financial transaction device.

transaction devices with which the board of deposit contracts. 290 If a surcharge or convenience fee is imposed, every state 291 entity accepting payment by a financial transaction device, 292 regardless of whether that entity is subject to a resolution 293 adopted by the board of deposit, shall clearly post a notice in 294 the entity's office, and shall notify each person making a 295 payment by such a device, about the surcharge or fee. Notice to 296 each person making a payment shall be provided regardless of the 297 medium used to make the payment and in a manner appropriate to 298 that medium. Each notice shall include all of the following: 299 (1) A statement that there is a surcharge or convenience 300 301 fee for using a financial transaction device; 302 (2) The total amount of the charge or fee expressed in dollars and cents for each transaction, or the rate of the 303 charge or fee expressed as a percentage of the total amount of 304 305 the transaction, whichever is applicable; (3) A clear statement that the surcharge or convenience 306 307 fee is nonrefundable. (F) If a person elects to make a payment by a financial 308 transaction device and a surcharge or convenience fee is 309 imposed, the payment of the surcharge or convenience fee is not 310 refundable. 311 312 (G) If a person makes payment by a financial transaction device and the payment is returned or dishonored for any reason, 313 the person is liable to the state for the state expense and any 314 reimbursable costs for collection, including banking charges, 315 legal fees, or other expenses incurred by the state in 316 collecting the returned or dishonored payment. The remedies and 317 procedures provided in this section are in addition to any other 318

available civil or criminal remedies provided by law.	319
(H) No person making any payment by a financial	320
transaction device to a state office shall be relieved from	321
liability for the underlying obligation, except to the extent	322
that the state realizes final payment of the underlying	323
obligation in cash or its equivalent. If final payment is not	324
made by the financial transaction device issuer or other	325
guarantor of payment in the transaction, the underlying	326
obligation survives and the state shall retain all remedies for	327
enforcement that would have applied if the transaction had not	328
occurred.	329
(I) A state entity or employee who accepts a financial	330
transaction device payment in accordance with this section and	331
any applicable state or local policies or rules is immune from	332
personal liability for the final collection of such payments as	333
specified in section 9.87 of the Revised Code.	334
(J) <u>If the board of deposit determines that it is</u>	335
necessary and in the state's best interest to contract with an	336
additional entity subsequent to the contract award made under	337
division (C) of this section, the board may meet and choose to	338
contract with one or more additional entities for the remainder	339
of the period previously established by a contract award made	340
under division (C) of this section.	341
(K) The administrative agent, in cooperation with the	342
office of budget and management, may adopt, amend, and rescind	343
rules in accordance with section 111.15 of the Revised Code to	344
implement <u>and administer</u> this section.	345
Sec. 113.60. (A) As used in this section and sections	346
113.61 and 113.62 of the Revised Code:	347

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(1) "Service intermediary" means a person or entity that	348
enters into a pay for success contract under this section and	349
sections 113.61 and 113.62 of the Revised Code. The service	350
intermediary may act as the service provider that delivers the	351
services specified in the contract or may contract with a	352
separate service provider to deliver those services.	353
(2) "State agency" and "political subdivision" have the	354
same meanings as in section 9.23 of the Revised Code.	355
(B) The treasurer of state shall administer the pay for	356
success contracting program, shall develop procedures for	357
awarding pay for success contracts, and may take any action	358
necessary to implement and administer the program. Under the	359
program, the treasurer of state may enter into a pay for success	360
contract with a service intermediary for the delivery of	361
specified services that benefit the state, a political	362
subdivision, or a group of political subdivisions, such as	363
programs addressing education, public health, criminal justice,	364
or natural resource management. In the case of a contract for	365
the delivery of services that benefit the state, the treasurer	366
of state shall enter into the contract jointly with the director	367
of administrative services. The treasurer of state and, as	368
applicable, the director of administrative services, may enter	369
into a pay for success contract under either of the following	370
circumstances:	371
(1) Upon receiving an appropriation from the general	372
assembly for the purpose of entering into a pay for success	373
contract;	374
(2)(a) At the request of a state agency, a political	375

subdivision, or a group of state agencies or political

subdivisions that the treasurer of state and, as applicable, the

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director of administrative services, enter into a pay for	378
success contract on behalf of the requesting state agency,	379
political subdivision, or group. The requesting state agency,	380
political subdivision, or group shall deposit the cost of the	381
contract with the treasurer of state in the appropriate fund	382
established in section 113.62 of the Revised Code.	383
(b) A political subdivision or group of political	384
subdivisions that requests the treasurer of state to enter into	385
a pay for success contract on behalf of the political	386
subdivision or group shall not use state funds to pay the cost	387
of the contract.	388
(c) The treasurer of state may apply for federal grant	389
moneys on behalf of a requesting state agency, political	390
subdivision, or group to pay the cost of all or part of the	391
contract. The treasurer of state shall not apply for federal	392
grant moneys for the purpose of entering into a pay for success	393
contract without first entering into an agreement with a	394
requesting state agency, political subdivision, or group for the	395
treasurer of state to apply for those moneys.	396
(C) The treasurer of state may adopt rules in accordance	397
with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to administer the pay for	398
success contracting program, including rules concerning both any	399
of the following:	400
or one retroiting.	100
(1) The procedure for a state agency, political	401
subdivision, or group of state agencies or political	402
subdivisions to request the treasurer of state and, as	403

applicable, the director of administrative services to enter

contract with the treasurer of state;

into a pay for success contract and to deposit the cost of the

(2) The types of services that are appropriate for a	407
service provider to provide under a pay for success contract;	408
(3) Any other rules necessary for the implementation and	409
administration of sections 113.60 to 113.62 of the Revised Code.	410
(D) The rules of the treasurer of state shall include both	411
of the following:	412
(1) A requirement that for not less than seventy-five per-	413
cent of the pay for success contracts entered into under this-	414
section, the performance targets specified in the contract	415
require that, based on available regional or national data, the	416
improvement in the status of this state or the relevant area of	417
this state with respect to the issue the contract is meant to	418
address be greater than the average improvement in status with	419
respect to that issue in other geographical areas during the	420
period of the contract;	421
(2) A process to ensure that any regional or national data	422
used to determine whether a service provider has met its-	423
performance targets under a pay for success contract are	424
scientifically valid.	425
Sec. 125.30. (A)—The department of administrative services	426
shall do both of the following:	427
(1) Create a business reply form that is capable of	428
containing information that a private business is required to-	429
provide to state agencies on a regular basis. The director of	430
administrative services shall adopt rules in accordance with-	431
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code specifying the information that	432
the form shall contain. Subject to division (E) of this section,	433
state agencies shall use the business reply form to obtain	434
information from private businesses.	435

(2) Create create and administer an on line online	436
computer network system to allow private businesses — <u>that allows</u>	437
<pre>persons to electronically file the business reply form and,</pre>	438
as authorized in the Revised Code, tax information with state	439
agencies or political subdivisions.	440
In creating the business reply form described in division-	441
(A) (1) of this section, the director may consider the	442
recommendations of interested parties from the small business	443
community who have direct knowledge of and familiarity with the-	444
current state reporting requirements that apply to and the-	445
associated forms that are filed by small businesses.	446
(B) The director shall establish procedures by which state-	447
agencies may share the information that is collected through the	448
form established under division (A) of this section. These-	449
procedures shall provide that information that has been-	450
designated as confidential by any state agency shall not be made-	451
available to the other state agencies having access to the	452
business reply form.	453
(C) Not later than September 30, 1999, the director may	454
report to the director of budget and management and to the	455
committees that handle finance and the committees that handle	456
state government affairs in the house of representatives and the	457
senate on the progress of state agencies in complying with-	458
division (A) (1) of this section. The director may recommend a	459
five per cent reduction in the future appropriations of any	460
state agency that has failed to comply with that division	461
without good cause.	462
(D) As used in this section:	463
(1) "State agency" means the secretary of state, the	464

department of job and family services regarding duties it	465
performs pursuant to Title XLI of the Revised Code, the bureau-	466
of workers' compensation, the department of administrative-	467
services, and any other state agency that elects to participate-	468
in the pilot program as provided in division (E) of this-	469
section.	470
(2) "Form" has the same meaning as in division (B) of	471
section 125.91 of the Revised Code.	472
(E) The provisions of this section pertaining to the	473
business reply form constitute a two-year pilot program. Not	474
later than one year after January 21, 1998, the department of	475
administrative services shall complete the planning and	476
preparation that is necessary to implement the pilot program.	477
The director of administrative services may request other state-	478
agencies, as defined in division (A) of section 125.91 of the	479
Revised Code, to participate in the pilot program. If the	480
director so requests, the state agency may participate in the	481
program. The provisions of this section shall cease to have-	482
effect three years after January 21, 1998. Within ninety days	483
after the completion of the pilot program, the director of-	484
administrative services shall report to the director of budget-	485
and management and the committees described in division (C) of-	486
this section on the effectiveness of the pilot program.	487
Sec. 125.901. (A) There is hereby established the Ohio	488
geographically referenced information program council within the	489
department of administrative services to coordinate the property	490
owned by the state. The department of administrative services	491
shall provide administrative support for the council.	492
(B) The council shall consist of the following fifteen	493
<pre>fourteen members:</pre>	494

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$\frac{(14)-(13)}{(13)}$ The executive director of the Ohio municipal	522
league or the executive director's designee;	523
(15) (14) The executive director of the Ohio townships	524
association or the executive director's designee.	525
(C) Members of the council shall serve without	526
compensation.	527
Sec. 113.41 125.903. (A) The treasurer of state department	528
of administrative services shall develop and maintain a	529
comprehensive and descriptive database of all real property	530
under the custody and control of the state, except when	531
otherwise required for reasons of homeland security. The	532
database shall adequately describe, when known, the location,	533
boundary, and acreage of the property, the use and name of the	534
property, and the contact information and name of the state	535
agency managing the property. The information in the database	536
shall be available to the public free of charge through a	537
searchable internet web site. The treasurer of state shall allow	538
for public comment on property owned by the state.	539
(B) For purposes of the database, the Ohio geographically	540
referenced information program council established in section	541
125.901 of the Revised Code shall provide to the treasurer of	542
state, and the treasurer of state shall collect, information, in	543
a format prescribed by the treasurer of state, that adequately	544
describes Each land-holding state agency shall collect and	545
maintain a geographic information systems database of its	546
respective land holdings, when known, the location, acreage, and	547
use of state-owned property. The and shall provide the database	548
to the Ohio geographically referenced information program	549
council <u>established in section 125.901 of the Revised Codeshall</u>	550
make its best efforts to obtain the required information on the	551

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state owned property and shall submit updated information to the	552
treasurer of state as it becomes available.	553
(C) The wood in this costion "state comed property" door	554
(C) As used in this section, "state-owned property" does	
not include state property owned or under the control of the	555
general assembly or any legislative agency, any court or	556
judicial agency, the secretary of state, auditor of state,	557
treasurer of state, or attorney general and their respective	558
offices.	559
Sec. 126.06. The total operating fund consists of all	560
funds in the state treasury except the auto registration	561
distribution fund, local motor vehicle license tax fund,	562
development bond retirement fund, facilities establishment fund,	563
gasoline excise tax fund, higher education improvement fund,	564
highway improvement bond retirement fund, highway capital	565
improvement fund, improvements bond retirement fund, mental	566
health facilities improvement fund, parks and recreation	567
improvement fund, public improvements bond retirement fund,	568
school district income tax fund, state agency facilities	569
improvement fund, public safety - highway purposes fund, Vietnam	570
conflict compensation fund, any other fund determined by the	571
director of budget and management to be a bond fund or bond	572
retirement fund, and such portion of the highway operating fund	573
as is determined by the director of budget and management and	574
the director of transportation to be restricted by Section 5a of	575
Article XII, Ohio Constitution.	576
When determining the availability of money in the total	577
operating fund to pay claims chargeable to a fund contained	578

within the total operating fund, the director of budget and

director employs in determining the availability of money in a

management shall use the same procedures and criteria the

fund contained within the total operating fund. The director may	582
establish limits on the negative cash balance of the general	583
revenue fund within the total operating fund, but in no case	584
shall the negative cash balance of the general revenue fund	585
exceed ten per cent of the total revenue of the general revenue	586
fund in the preceding fiscal year.	587
Sec. 127.14. The controlling board may, at the request of	588
any state agency or the director of budget and management,	589
authorize, with respect to the provisions of any appropriation	590
act:	591
(A) Transfers of all or part of an appropriation within	592
but not between state agencies, except such transfers as the	593
director of budget and management is authorized by law to make,	594
provided that no transfer shall be made by the director for the	595
purpose of effecting new or changed levels of program service	596
not authorized by the general assembly;	597
(B) Transfers of all or part of an appropriation from one	598
fiscal year to another;	599
(C) Transfers of all or part of an appropriation within or	600
between state agencies made necessary by administrative	601
reorganization or by the abolition of an agency or part of an	602
agency;	603
(D) Transfers of all or part of cash balances in excess of	604
needs from any fund of the state to the general revenue fund or	605
to such other fund of the state to which the money would have	606
been credited in the absence of the fund from which the	607
transfers are authorized to be made, except that the controlling	608
board may not authorize such transfers from the accrued leave	609
liability fund, auto registration distribution fund, local motor	610

vehicle license tax fund, budget stabilization fund, building	611
improvement fund, development bond retirement fund, facilities	612
establishment fund, gasoline excise tax fund, general revenue	613
fund, higher education improvement fund, highway improvement	614
bond retirement fund, highway capital improvement fund, highway	615
operating fund, horse racing tax fund, improvements bond	616
retirement fund, public library fund, liquor control fund, local	617
government fund, local transportation improvement program fund,	618
medicaid reserve fund, mental health facilities improvement	619
fund, Ohio fairs fund, parks and recreation improvement fund,	620
public improvements bond retirement fund, school district income	621
tax fund, state agency facilities improvement fund, public	622
safety - highway purposes fund, state lottery fund, undivided	623
liquor permit fund, Vietnam conflict compensation bond	624
retirement fund, volunteer fire fighters' dependents fund,	625
waterways safety fund, wildlife fund, workers' compensation	626
fund, or any fund not specified in this division that the	627
director of budget and management determines to be a bond fund	628
or bond retirement fund;	629
(E) Transfers of all or part of those appropriations	630
included in the emergency purposes account of the controlling	631
board;	632
(F) Temporary transfers of all or part of an appropriation	633
or other moneys into and between existing funds, or new funds,	634
as may be established by law when needed for capital outlays for	635
which notes or bonds will be issued;	636
(G) Transfer or release of all or part of an appropriation	637
to a state agency requiring controlling board approval of such	638
transfer or release as provided by law;	639

(H) Temporary transfer of funds included in the emergency

purposes appropriation of the controlling board. Such temporary	641
transfers may be made subject to conditions specified by the	642
controlling board at the time temporary transfers are	643
authorized. No transfers shall be made under this division for	644
the purpose of effecting new or changed levels of program	645
service not authorized by the general assembly.	646

As used in this section, "request" means an application by
a state agency or the director of budget and management seeking
some action by the controlling board.
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When authorizing the transfer of all or part of an 650 appropriation under this section, the controlling board may 651 authorize the transfer to an existing appropriation item and the 652 creation of and transfer to a new appropriation item. 653

Whenever there is a transfer of all or part of funds 654 included in the emergency purposes appropriation by the 655 controlling board, pursuant to division (E) of this section, the 656 state agency or the director of budget and management receiving 657 such transfer shall keep a detailed record of the use of the 658 transferred funds. At the earliest scheduled meeting of the 659 controlling board following the accomplishment of the purposes 660 specified in the request originally seeking the transfer, or 661 following the total expenditure of the transferred funds for the 662 specified purposes, the state agency or the director of budget 663 and management shall submit a report on the expenditure of such 664 funds to the board. The portion of any appropriation so 665 transferred which is not required to accomplish the purposes 666 designated in the original request to the controlling board 667 shall be returned to the proper appropriation of the controlling 668 board at this time. 669

Notwithstanding any provisions of law providing for the

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deposit of revenues received by a state agency to the credit of	671
a particular fund in the state treasury, whenever there is a	672
temporary transfer of funds included in the emergency purposes	673
appropriation of the controlling board pursuant to division (H)	674
of this section, revenues received by any state agency receiving	675
such a temporary transfer of funds shall, as directed by the	676
controlling board, be transferred back to the emergency purposes	677
appropriation.	678

The board may delegate to the director of budget and management authority to approve transfers among items of appropriation under division (A) of this section.

Sec. 129.06. Funds belonging to the sinking fund shall be 682 applied to the payment of the principal and interest of the 683 bonded debt of the state, and to the expenses of such payment. 684 When paid, bonds or certificates of the bonded debt of the state 685 shall be canceled, and "paid" written on the face thereof with-686 the date of payment, which inscription shall be signed by the 687 board of commissioners of the sinking fund. Bonds or-688 certificates so paid shall be taken from the proper accounts-689 690 upon the individual and general stock ledgers and entered in the account of bonded debt paid, specifying the particular loan, the 691 number and date of the certificate and bonds so paid, the 692 amount, rate of interest, time at which it was redeemable, and 693 in whose name it was standing when paid. All certificates or 694 bonds so paid and canceled shall be filed in the office of the 695 board. 696

Sec. 129.09. Interest on the bonded debt of the state 697 shall be paid to the owner of bonds or certificates evidencing 698 such debt, or to such owner's agent, attorney, or legal 699 representative. Written proof of the authority of such agent, 700

attorney, or legal representative must be presented to and filed-701 702 with the board of commissioners of the sinking fund. Sec. 131.01. As used in Chapters 113., 117., 123., 124., 703 125., 126., 127., and 131. of the Revised Code, and any statute 704 that uses the terms in connection with state accounting or 705 budgeting: 706 (A) "Account" means any record, element, or summary in 707 which financial transactions are identified and recorded as 708 debit or credit transactions in order to summarize items of a 709 710 similar nature or classification. (B) "Accounting procedure" means the arrangement of all 711 processes which discover, record, and summarize financial 712 information to produce financial statements and reports and to 713 provide internal control. 714 (C) "Accounting system" means the total structure of 715 records and procedures which discover, record, classify, and 716 report information on the financial position and operations of a 717 governmental unit or any of its funds and organizational 718 components. 719 (D) "Allocation" means a portion of an appropriation which 720 is designated for expenditure by specific organizational units 721 722 or for special purposes, activities, or objects that do not relate to a period of time. 723 (E) "Allotment" means all or part of an appropriation 724 which may be encumbered or expended within a specific period of 725 time. 726 (F) "Appropriation" means an authorization granted by the 727 general assembly to make expenditures and to incur obligations 728 729 for specific purposes.

(G) "Assets" means resources owned, controlled, or	730
otherwise used or held by the state which have monetary value.	731
(H) "Budget" means the plan of financial operation	732
embodying an estimate of proposed expenditures and obligations	733
for a given period and the proposed means of financing them.	734
(I) "Direct deposit" is a form of electronic funds	735
transfer in which money is electronically deposited into the	736
account of a person or entity at a financial institution.	737
(J) "Disbursement" means a payment made for any purpose.	738
(K) "Electronic benefit transfer" means the electronic	739
delivery of benefits through automated teller machines, point of	740
sale terminals, or other electronic media pursuant to section	741
5101.33 of the Revised Code.	742
(L) "Electronic funds transfer" means the electronic	743
movement of funds via automated clearing house or wire transfer.	744
(M) "Encumbrancing document" means a document reserving	745
all or part of an appropriation.	746
(N) "Expenditure" means a reduction of the balance of an	747
appropriation after legal requirements have been met.	748
(O) "Fund" means an independent fiscal and accounting	749
entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash or	750
other resources, together with all related liabilities,	751
obligations, reserves, and fund balances which are segregated	752
for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining	753
certain objectives in accordance with special rules,	754
restrictions, or limitations.	755
(P) "Lapse" means the automatic termination of an	756
appropriation at the end of the fiscal period for which it was	757

appropriated.	758
(Q) "Reappropriation" means an appropriation of a previous	759
appropriation that is continued in force in a succeeding	760
appropriation period. "Reappropriation" shall be equated with	761
and incorporated in the term "appropriation."	762
(R) "Stored value card" means a payment card that may have	763
money loaded and stored on the card and accessed through	764
automated teller machines, point of sale terminals, or other	765
electronic media. "Stored value card" does not include any	766
payment card linked to, and that can access money in, an	767
external account maintained by a financial institution.	768
(S) "Voucher" means the document used to transmit a claim	769
for payment and evidentiary matter related to the claim.	770
$\frac{(S)-(T)}{T}$ "Warrant" means an order drawn upon the treasurer	771
of state by the director of budget and management, or an	772
authorized person at a state entity that has a custodial account	773
in the custody of the treasurer of state, directing the	774
treasurer of state to pay a specified amount to one or more	775
specified payees. A variety of payment instruments may be used,	776
including an order to make a lump-sum payment to a financial-	777
institution for the transfer of funds by but not limited to	778
paper warrants, stored value cards, direct deposit to the	779
payee's bank account, or the drawdown of funds by electronic	780
benefit transfer, and the resulting electronic transfer to or by	781
the ultimate payees.	782
The terms defined in this section shall be used, on all	783
accounting forms, reports, formal rules, and budget requests	784
produced by a state agency, only as defined in this section.	785
Sec. 135.01. Except as otherwise provided in sections	786

135.14, 135.143, 135.181, and 135.182 of the Revised Code, as	787
used in sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised Code:	788
(A) "Active deposit" means a public deposit necessary to	789
meet current demands on the treasury, and that is deposited in	790
any of the following:	791
(1) A commercial account that is payable or withdrawable,	792
in whole or in part, on demand;	793
(2) A negotiable order of withdrawal account as authorized	794
in the "Consumer Checking Account Equity Act of 1980," 94 Stat.	795
146, 12 U.S.C.A. 1832(a);	796
(3) A money market deposit account as authorized in the	797
"Garn-St. Germain Depository Institutions Act of 1982," 96 Stat.	798
1501, 12 U.S.C. 3503.	799
(B) "Auditor" includes the auditor of state and the	800
auditor, or officer exercising the functions of an auditor, of	801
any subdivision.	802
(C) "Capital funds" means the sum of the following: the	803
par value of the outstanding common capital stock, the par value	804
of the outstanding preferred capital stock, the aggregate par	805
value of all outstanding capital notes and debentures, and the	806
surplus. In the case of an institution having offices in more	807
than one county, the capital funds of such institution, for the	808
purposes of sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised Code,	809
relative to the deposit of the public moneys of the subdivisions	810
in one such county, shall be considered to be that proportion of	811
the capital funds of the institution that is represented by the	812
ratio that the deposit liabilities of such institution	813
originating at the office located in the county bears to the	814
total deposit liabilities of the institution.	815

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(D) "Governing board" means, in the case of the state, the	816
state board of deposit; in the case of all school districts and	817
educational service centers except as otherwise provided in this	818
section, the board of education or governing board of a service	819
center, and when the case so requires, the board of	820
commissioners of the sinking fund; in the case of a municipal	821
corporation, the legislative authority, and when the case so	822
requires, the board of trustees of the sinking fund; in the case	823
of a township, the board of township trustees; in the case of a	824
union or joint institution or enterprise of two or more	825
subdivisions not having a treasurer, the board of directors or	826
trustees thereof; and in the case of any other subdivision	827
electing or appointing a treasurer, the directors, trustees, or	828
other similar officers of such subdivision. The governing board	829
of a subdivision electing or appointing a treasurer shall be the	830
governing board of all other subdivisions for which such	831
treasurer is authorized by law to act. In the case of a county	832
school financing district that levies a tax pursuant to section	833
5705.215 of the Revised Code, the county board of education that	834
serves as its taxing authority shall operate as a governing	835
board. Any other county board of education shall operate as a	836
governing board unless it adopts a resolution designating the	837
board of county commissioners as the governing board for the	838
county school district.	839

- (E) "Inactive deposit" means a public deposit other than an interim deposit or an active deposit.
- (F) "Interim deposit" means a deposit of interim moneys.

 "Interim moneys" means public moneys in the treasury of the

 state or any subdivision after the award of inactive deposits

 has been made in accordance with section 135.07 of the Revised

 Code, which moneys are in excess of the aggregate amount of the

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inactive deposits as estimated by the governing board prior to	847
the period of designation and which the treasurer or governing	848
board finds should not be deposited as active or inactive	849
deposits for the reason that such moneys will not be needed for	850
immediate use but will be needed before the end of the period of	851
designation. In the case of the state treasury, "interim moneys"	852
means public moneys that are not active deposits and may be	853
invested in accordance with section 135.143 of the Revised Code.	854
(G) "Permissible rate of interest" means a rate of	855
interest that all eligible institutions mentioned in section	856
135.03 of the Revised Code are permitted to pay by law or valid	857
regulations.	858
(H) "Warrant clearance account" means an account	859
established by the treasurer of state for the either of the	860
<pre>following purposes:</pre>	861
(a) The deposit of active state moneys outside the city of	862
Columbus, such account being for the exclusive purpose purposes	863
of clearing state paper warrants through the banking system—to—	864
the treasurer, funding electronic benefit transfer cards,	865
issuing stored value cards, or otherwise facilitating the	866
settlement of state obligations;	867
(b) The deposit of custodial moneys from an account held	868
in the custody of the treasurer of state to facilitate	869
settlement of obligations of the custodial fund.	870
(I) "Public deposit" means public moneys deposited in a	871
public depository pursuant to sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the	872
Revised Code.	873
(J) "Public depository" means an institution which	874
receives or holds any public deposits.	875

- (K) "Public moneys" means all moneys in the treasury of 876 the state or any subdivision of the state, or moneys coming 877 lawfully into the possession or custody of the treasurer of 878 state or of the treasurer of any subdivision. "Public moneys of 879 the state" includes all such moneys coming lawfully into the 880 possession of the treasurer of state; and "public moneys of a 881 882 subdivision" includes all such moneys coming lawfully into the possession of the treasurer of the subdivision. 883
- (L) "Subdivision" means any municipal corporation, except 884 885 one which has adopted a charter under Article XVIII, Ohio Constitution, and the charter or ordinances of the chartered 886 municipal corporation set forth special provisions respecting 887 the deposit or investment of its public moneys, or any school 888 district or educational service center, a county school 889 financing district, township, municipal or school district 890 sinking fund, special taxing or assessment district, or other 891 district or local authority electing or appointing a treasurer, 892 except a county. In the case of a school district or educational 893 service center, special taxing or assessment district, or other 894 local authority for which a treasurer, elected or appointed 895 primarily as the treasurer of a subdivision, is authorized or 896 required by law to act as ex officio treasurer, the subdivision 897 for which such a treasurer has been primarily elected or 898 appointed shall be considered to be the "subdivision." The term 899 also includes a union or joint institution or enterprise of two 900 or more subdivisions, that is not authorized to elect or appoint 901 a treasurer, and for which no ex officio treasurer is provided 902 by law. 903
- (M) "Treasurer" means, in the case of the state, the 904
 treasurer of state and in the case of any subdivision, the 905
 treasurer, or officer exercising the functions of a treasurer, 906

of such subdivision. In the case of a board of trustees of the	907
sinking fund of a municipal corporation, the board of	908
commissioners of the sinking fund of a school district, or a	909
board of directors or trustees of any union or joint institution	910
or enterprise of two or more subdivisions not having a	911
treasurer, such term means such board of trustees of the sinking	912
fund, board of commissioners of the sinking fund, or board of	913
directors or trustees.	914
(N) "Treasury investment board" of a municipal corporation	915
means the mayor or other chief executive officer, the village	916
solicitor or city director of law, and the auditor or other	917
chief fiscal officer.	918
(O) "No-load money market mutual fund" means a no-load	919
money market mutual fund to which all of the following apply:	920
(1) The fund is registered as an investment company under	921
the "Investment Company Act of 1940," 54 Stat. 789, 15 U.S.C.A.	922
80a-1 to 80a-64;	923
(2) The fund has the highest letter or numerical rating	924
provided by at least one nationally recognized standard-	925
<pre>statistical rating serviceorganization;</pre>	926
(3) The fund does not include any investment in a	927
derivative. As used in division (0)(3) of this section,	928
"derivative" means a financial instrument or contract or	929
obligation whose value or return is based upon or linked to	930
another asset or index, or both, separate from the financial	931
instrument, contract, or obligation itself. Any security,	932
obligation, trust account, or other instrument that is created	933
from an issue of the United States treasury or is created from	934
an obligation of a federal agency or instrumentality or is	935

created from both is considered a derivative instrument. An	936
eligible investment described in section 135.14 or 135.35 of the	937
Revised Code with a variable interest rate payment, based upon a	938
single interest payment or single index comprised of other	939
investments provided for in division (B)(1) or (2) of section	940
135.14 of the Revised Code, is not a derivative, provided that	941
such variable rate investment has a maximum maturity of two	942
years.	943

- (P) "Public depositor" means the state or a subdivision,

 as applicable, that deposits public moneys in a public

 depository pursuant to sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised

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 Code.

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- (Q) "Uninsured public deposit" means the portion of a 948 public deposit that is not insured by the federal deposit 949 insurance corporation or by any other agency or instrumentality 950 of the federal government.

Sec. 135.02. There shall be a state board of deposit 952 consisting of the treasurer of state or an employee of the 953 treasurer of state's department designated by the treasurer of 954 state, the auditor of state or an employee of the auditor of 955 state's department designated by the auditor of state, and the 956 attorney general or an employee of the attorney general's 957 department designated by the attorney general. The board shall 958 meet on the call of the chairperson at least annually to perform 959 the duties prescribed in sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the 960 Revised Code. At any time, two members of the board may request 961 that the chairperson call a meeting of the board, and the 962 chairperson shall call the meeting within thirty days after 963 receiving such requests. The treasurer of state or the treasurer 964 of state's designated representative shall be chairperson of the 965

995

board. The treasurer of state shall designate an employee of the	966
treasurer of state's department to serve as the secretary of the	967
board and keep its records. A certified copy of such records	968
shall be prima-facie evidence of the matter appearing therein in	969
any court of record.	970
The chairperson shall provide a monthly report	971
notification to the board of deposit consisting of the	972
notifications that the reports required under division (B) of	973
section 135.143 of the Revised Code and shall post that report	974
monthly-have been posted to a web site maintained by the	975
treasurer of state.	976
The necessary expenses of the board shall be paid from the	977
state treasury from appropriations for that purpose upon the	978
order of the board certified by the chairperson and the	979
secretary.	980
Sec. 135.04. (A) Any institution mentioned in section	981
135.03 of the Revised Code is eligible to become a public	982
depository of the active deposits, inactive deposits, and	983
interim deposits of public moneys of the state subject to the	984
requirements of sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised Code.	985
(B) To facilitate the clearance of state warrants to	986
settlement of obligations of the state treasury and custodial	987
funds in the custody of the treasurer of state, the state board	988
of deposit may delegate the authority to the treasurer of state	989
to establish warrant clearance accounts in any institution	990
mentioned in section 135.03 of the Revised Code-located in areas-	991
where the volume of warrant clearances justifies the	992
establishment of an account as determined by the treasurer of	993

state. The balances maintained in such warrant clearance

accounts shall be at sufficient levels to cover the activity

generated by such accounts on an individual basis. Any financial 996 institution in the state that has a warrant clearance account 997 established by the treasurer of state shall, not more than ten-998 fifteen days after the close of each quartermonth, prepare and 999 transmit to the treasurer of state an analysis statement of such 1000 account for the quarter month then ended. Such statement shall 1001 1002 contain such information as determined by the state board of deposit, and this information shall be used in whole or in part-1003 by the treasurer of state in determining the level of balances 1004 to be maintained in such accounts. 1005

- (C) Each governing board shall award the active deposits 1006 of public moneys subject to its control to the eligible 1007 institutions in accordance with this section, except that no 1008 such public depository shall thereby be required to take or 1009 permitted to receive and have at any one time a greater amount 1010 of active deposits of such public moneys than that specified in 1011 the application of such depository. When, by reason of such 1012 limitation or otherwise, the amount of active public moneys 1013 deposited or to be deposited in a public depository, pursuant to 1014 an award made under this section, is reduced or withdrawn, as 1015 the case requires, the amount of such reduction or the sum so 1016 withdrawn shall be deposited in another eligible institution 1017 applying therefor, or if there is no such eliqible institution, 1018 then the amount so withheld or withdrawn shall be awarded or 1019 deposited for the remainder of the period of designation in 1020 accordance with sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised Code. 1021
- (D) Any institution mentioned in section 135.03 of the 1022
 Revised Code is eligible to become a public depository of the 1023
 inactive and interim deposits of public moneys of a subdivision. 1024
 In case the aggregate amount of inactive or interim deposits 1025
 applied for by such eligible institutions is less than the 1026

aggregate maximum amount of such inactive or interim deposits as	1027
estimated to be deposited pursuant to sections 135.01 to 135.21	1028
of the Revised Code, the governing board of the subdivision may	1029
designate as a public depository of the inactive or interim	1030
deposits of the public moneys thereof, one or more institutions	1031
of a kind mentioned in section 135.03 of the Revised Code,	1032
subject to the requirements of sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the	1033
Revised Code.	1034

- (E) Any institution mentioned in section 135.03 of the 1035 Revised Code is eligible to become a public depository of the 1036 active deposits of public moneys of a subdivision. In case the 1037 aggregate amount of active deposits of the public moneys of the 1038 subdivision applied for by such eliqible institutions is less 1039 than the aggregate maximum amount to be deposited as such, as 1040 estimated by the governing board, said board may designate as a 1041 public depository of the active deposits of the public moneys of 1042 the subdivision, one or more institutions of the kind mentioned 1043 in section 135.03 of the Revised Code, subject to the 1044 requirements of sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised Code. 1045
- (F)(1) The governing board of the state or of a 1046 subdivision may designate one or more minority banks as public 1047 depositories of its inactive, interim, or active deposits of 1048 public moneys designated as federal funds. Except for section 1049 135.18, 135.181, or 135.182 of the Revised Code, Chapter 135. of 1050 the Revised Code does not apply to the application for, or the 1051 award of, such deposits. As used in this division, "minority 1052 bank" means a bank that is owned or controlled by one or more 1053 socially or economically disadvantaged persons. Such 1054 disadvantage may arise from cultural, ethnic, or racial 1055 background, chronic economic circumstances, or other similar 1056 cause. Such persons include, but are not limited to, Afro-1057

Americans, Puerto Ricans, Spanish-speaking Americans, and	1058
American Indians.	1059
(2) In enacting this division, the general assembly finds	1060
that:	1061
(a) Certain commercial banks are owned or controlled by	1062
minority Americans;	1063
(b) Minority banks are an important source of banking	1064
services in their communities;	1065
(c) Minority banks have been unsuccessful in competing	1066
under Chapter 135. of the Revised Code for the award of federal	1067
funds;	1068
(d) This division contains safeguards for the protection	1069
of the general public and the banking industry, since it	1070
provides the governing board of the state or political	1071
subdivision with permissive authority in the award of deposits;	1072
limits the authority of the governing board to the award of	1073
federal funds; and subjects minority banks to certain	1074
limitations of Chapter 135. of the Revised Code, including the	1075
requirement that, as in the case of every financial institution	1076
subject to Chapter 135. of the Revised Code, a minority bank	1077
pledge certain securities for repayment of the deposits.	1078
(3) The purpose of this division is to recognize that the	1079
state has a substantial and compelling interest in encouraging	1080
the establishment, development, and stability of minority banks	1081
by facilitating their access to the award of federal funds,	1082
while ensuring the protection of the general public and the	1083
banking industry.	1084
(G) The governing board of a subdivision shall award the	1085
first twenty-five thousand dollars of the active deposits of	1086

public moneys subject to its control to the eligible institution	1087
or institutions applying or qualifying therefor on the basis of	1088
the operating needs of the subdivision and shall award the	1089
active deposits of public moneys subject to its control in	1090
excess of twenty-five thousand dollars to the eligible	1091
institution or institutions applying or qualifying therefor.	1092
Sec. 135.05. Each governing board of a subdivision shall,	1093

at least three weeks prior to the date when it is required by 1094 section 135.12 of the Revised Code to designate public 1095 depositories, by resolution, estimate the aggregate maximum 1096 amount of public moneys subject to its control to be awarded and 1097 be on deposit as inactive deposits. The state board of deposit 1098 shall cause a copy of such resolution, together with a notice of 1099 the date on which the meeting of the board for the designation 1100 of such depositories will be held and the period for which such 1101 inactive deposits will be awarded, to be published once a week 1102 for two consecutive weeks in two newspapers of general-1103 circulation in each of the three most populous counties. The 1104 governing board of each subdivision shall cause a copy of such 1105 resolution, together with a notice of the date on which the 1106 meeting of the board for the designation of such depositories 1107 will be held and the period for which such inactive deposits 1108 will be awarded, to be published once a week for two consecutive 1109 weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or as 1110 provided in section 7.16 of the Revised Code. If a subdivision 1111 is located in more than one county, such publication shall be 1112 made in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in 1113 which the major part of such subdivision is located, and of 1114 general circulation in the subdivision. A written notice stating 1115 the aggregate maximum amount to be awarded as inactive deposits 1116 of the subdivision shall be given to each eligible depository by 1117

the	governing	board	at	the	time	the	first	publication	is	made	in	1118
the	newspaper.											1119

All deposits of the public moneys of the state or any

subdivision made during the period covered by the designation in

excess of the aggregate amount so estimated shall be active

deposits or interim deposits. Inactive, interim, and active

deposits shall be separately awarded, made, and administered as

provided by sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 135.06. Each eligible institution desiring to be a 1126 public depository of the inactive deposits of the public moneys 1127 of the state or of the inactive deposits of the public moneys of 1128 the subdivision shall, not more than thirty days prior to the 1129 date fixed by section 135.12 of the Revised Code for the 1130 designation of such public depositories, make application 1131 therefor in writing to the proper governing board. Such 1132 application shall specify the maximum amount of such public 1133 moneys which the applicant desires to receive and have on 1134 deposit as an inactive deposit at any one time during the period 1135 covered by the designation, provided that it shall not apply for 1136 more than thirty per cent of its total assets as revealed by its 1137 latest report to the superintendent of financial institutions, 1138 1139 the comptroller of the currency, the office of thrift supervision, the federal deposit insurance corporation, or the 1140 board of governors of the federal reserve system, and the rate 1141 of interest which the applicant will pay thereon, subject to the 1142 limitations of sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised Code. 1143 Each application shall be accompanied by a financial statement 1144 of the applicant, under oath of its cashier, treasurer, or other 1145 officer, in such detail as to show the capital funds of the 1146 applicant, as of the date of its latest report to the 1147 superintendent of financial institutions, the comptroller of the 1148

currency, the office of thrift supervision, the federal deposit	1149
insurance corporation, or the board of governors of the federal	1150
reserve system, and adjusted to show any changes therein made	1151
prior to the date of the application. Such application may be	1152
combined with an application for designation as a public	1153
depository of active deposits, interim deposits, or both.	1154

Sec. 135.08. Each eligible institution desiring to be a 1155 public depository of interim deposits of the public moneys of 1156 the state or of the interim deposits of the public moneys of the 1157 subdivision shall, not more than thirty one hundred twenty days 1158 prior to the date fixed by section 135.12 of the Revised Code 1159 for the designation of public depositories, make application 1160 therefor in writing to the proper governing board. Such 1161 application shall specify the maximum amount of such public 1162 moneys which the applicant desires to receive and have on 1163 deposit as interim deposits at any one time during the period 1164 covered by the designation, provided that it shall not apply for 1165 more than thirty per cent of its total assets as revealed by its 1166 latest report to the superintendent of financial institutions, 1167 the comptroller of the currency, the office of thrift-1168 supervision, the federal deposit insurance corporation, or the 1169 board of governors of the federal reserve system, and the rate 1170 of interest which the applicant will pay thereon, subject to the 1171 limitations of sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised Code. 1172

Each application shall be accompanied by a financial

statement of the applicant, under oath of its cashier,

treasurer, or other officer, in such detail as to show the

capital funds of the applicant, as of the date of its latest

report to the superintendent of financial institutions, the

comptroller of the currency, the office of thrift supervision,

the federal deposit insurance corporation, or the board of

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governors of the federal reserve system, and adjusted to show	1180
any changes therein made prior to the date of the application.	1181
Such application may be combined with an application for	1182
designation as a public depository of inactive deposits, active	1183
deposits, or both.	1184

Sec. 135.10. Each eligible institution desiring to be a 1185 public depository of the active deposits of the public moneys of 1186 the state or of a subdivision shall, not more than thirty one 1187 hundred twenty days prior to the date fixed by section 135.12 of 1188 the Revised Code for the designation of such public 1189 depositories, make application therefor in writing to the proper 1190 governing board. If desired, such application may specify the 1191 maximum amount of such public moneys which the applicant desires 1192 to receive and have on deposit at any one time during the period 1193 covered by the designation. Each application shall be 1194 accompanied by a financial statement of the applicant, under 1195 oath of its cashier, treasurer, or other officer, in such detail 1196 as to show the capital funds of the applicant, as of the date of 1197 its latest report to the superintendent of banks-financial 1198 institutions or comptroller of the currency, and adjusted to 1199 show any changes therein prior to the date of the application. 1200 Such application may be combined with an application for 1201 designation as a public depository of inactive deposits, interim 1202 deposits, or both. 1203

Sec. 135.12. (A) Beginning in 20042025 and every four

years thereafter, the state board of deposit shall meet on the

third Monday of March in the even-numbered years for the purpose

of designating the public depositories of the public moneys of

the state, and at such meeting or any adjourned session thereof

shall designate such public depositories and award the public

moneys of the state to and among the public depositories so

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designated for the period of two four years commencing on the

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first Monday of July next following. 1212 (B) Each governing board other than the state board of 1213 deposit shall meet every five years on the third Monday or such 1214 regularly scheduled meeting date of the month next preceding the 1215 date of the expiration of its designation of depositories for 1216 the purpose of designating the public depositories of the public 1217 moneys of the subdivision, and at such meeting or any adjourned 1218 session thereof, shall designate such public depositories and 1219 1220 award the public moneys of the subdivision to and among the 1221 public depositories so designated for the period of five years commencing on the date of the expiration of the next preceding 1222 designation. The designation and award shall be made in 1223 duplicate; one copy shall be retained by the governing board of 1224 the subdivision and one copy shall be certified to the 1225 1226 treasurer. (C) If a governing board determines, during a designation 1227 period, that a public depository designated under this section 1228 is insolvent or operating in an unsound or unsafe manner, the 1229 governing board may meet and designate a different public 1230 depository of the public moneys of the state or of the 1231 subdivision for the remainder of the designation period. 1232

(D) If a governing board determines during a designation

period that it is necessary and in the state's or subdivision's

board may meet and designate one or more additional public

depositories of the public moneys of the state or of the

subdivision for the remainder of the designation period.

best interests to appoint additional depositories, the governing

(E) Whenever, by amendment or enactment of any state or

federal law or the amendment or adoption of any valid regulation

thereunder, the terms of a designation or award, lawful at the	1241
beginning of any designation period, cease to be lawful during	1242
such period, and if the change of law or regulation requires,	1243
the designation period shall be limited so as not to extend	1244
beyond the date when that change becomes effective. In such	1245
case, the proper governing board shall meet and designate the	1246
public depositories of the public moneys of the state or of the	1247
subdivision for the remainder of the designation period.	1248
(F) During a designation period, whenever a statute	1249
authorizes a new custodial fund to be created, the state board	1250
of deposit shall meet to award the public moneys associated with	1251
the new custodial fund to a designated public depository.	1252
(G) During a designation period, whenever a state agency,	1253
as defined in section 1.60 of the Revised Code, requests to	1254
change its public depository, the state board of deposit shall	1255
meet to consider the request.	1256
Sec. 135.14. (A) As used in this section:	1257
(1) "Treasurer" does not include the treasurer of state,	1258
and "governing board" does not include the state board of	1259
deposit.	1260
(2) "Other obligations" includes notes whether or not	1261
issued in anticipation of the issuance of bonds.	1262
(B) The treasurer or governing board may invest or deposit	1263
any part or all of the interim moneys. The following	1264
classifications of obligations shall be eligible for such	1265
investment or deposit:	1266
(1) United States treasury bills, notes, bonds, or any	1267
other obligation or security issued by the United States	1268

interest by the United States.

Nothing in the classification of eligible obligations set 1271 forth in division (B)(1) of this section or in the 1272 classifications of eligible obligations set forth in divisions 1273 (B)(2) to (7) of this section shall be construed to authorize 1274 any investment in stripped principal or interest obligations of 1275 such eligible obligations. 1276

- (2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or 1277 securities issued by any federal government agency or 1278 instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal 1279 national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal 1280 farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, and 1281 government national mortgage association. All federal agency 1282 securities shall be direct issuances of federal government 1283 agencies or instrumentalities. 1284
- (3) Interim deposits in the eligible institutions applying 1285 for interim moneys as provided in section 135.08 of the Revised 1286 Code. The award of interim deposits shall be made in accordance 1287 with section 135.09 of the Revised Code and the treasurer or the 1288 governing board shall determine the periods for which such 1289 interim deposits are to be made and shall award such interim 1290 deposits for such periods, provided that any eligible 1291 institution receiving an interim deposit award may, upon 1292 notification that the award has been made, decline to accept the 1293 interim deposit in which event the award shall be made as though 1294 the institution had not applied for such interim deposit. 1295
- (4) Bonds and other obligations of this state, or the 1296 political subdivisions of this state, provided that, with 1297 respect to bonds or other obligations of political subdivisions, 1298 all of the following apply: 1299

(a) The bonds or other obligations are payable from	1300
general revenues of the political subdivision and backed by the	1301
full faith and credit of the political subdivision.	1302
(b) The bonds or other obligations are rated at the time	1303
of purchase in the three highest classifications established by	1304
at least one nationally recognized standard statistical rating	1305
service organization and purchased through a registered	1306
securities broker or dealer.	1307
(c) The aggregate value of the bonds or other obligations	1308
does not exceed twenty per cent of interim moneys available for	1309
investment at the time of purchase.	1310
(d) The treasurer or governing board is not the sole	1311
purchaser of the bonds or other obligations at original	1312
issuance.	1313
(e) The bonds or other obligations mature within ten years	1314
from the date of settlement.	1315
No investment shall be made under division (B)(4) of this	1316
section unless the treasurer or governing board has completed	1317
additional training for making the investments authorized by	1318
division (B)(4) of this section. The type and amount of	1319
additional training shall be approved by the treasurer of state	1320
and may be conducted by or provided under the supervision of the	1321
treasurer of state.	1322
(5) No-load money market mutual funds consisting	1323
exclusively of obligations described in division (B)(1) or (2)	1324
of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such	1325
obligations, provided that investments in securities described	1326
in this division are made only through eligible institutions	1327
mentioned in section 135.03 of the Revised Code;	1328

(6) The Ohio subdivision's fund as provided in section	1329
135.45 of the Revised Code;	1330
(7) Up to forty per cent of interim moneys available for	1331
investment in either of the following:	1332
5. The state of th	
(a) Commercial paper notes issued by an entity that is	1333
defined in division (D) of section 1705.01 or division (E) (K)	1334
of section 1706.01 of the Revised Code and that has assets	1335
exceeding five hundred million dollars, to which notes all of	1336
the following apply:	1337
(i) The notes are rated at the time of purchase in the	1338
highest classification established by at least two nationally	1339
recognized standard statistical rating services organizations.	1340
(ii) The aggregate value of the notes does not exceed ten	1341
per cent of the aggregate value of the outstanding commercial	1342
paper of the issuing corporation.	1343
(iii) The notes mature not later than two hundred seventy	1344
days after purchase.	1345
(iv) The investment in commercial paper notes of a single	1346
issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate five per cent of	1347
interim moneys available for investment at the time of purchase.	1348
interial moneys available for investment at the time of purchase.	1340
(b) Bankers acceptances of banks that are insured by the	1349
federal deposit insurance corporation and that mature not later	1350
than one hundred eighty days after purchase.	1351
No investment shall be made pursuant to division (B)(7) of	1352
this section unless the treasurer or governing board has	1353
completed additional training for making the investments	1354
authorized by division (B)(7) of this section. The type and	1355
amount of additional training shall be approved by the treasurer	1356
	-

of state and may be conducted by or provided under the 1357 supervision of the treasurer of state. 1358

- (C) Nothing in the classifications of eligible obligations 1359 set forth in divisions (B)(1) to (7) of this section shall be 1360 construed to authorize any investment in a derivative, and no 1361 treasurer or governing board shall invest in a derivative. For 1362 purposes of this division, "derivative" means a financial 1363 instrument or contract or obligation whose value or return is 1364 based upon or linked to another asset or index, or both, 1365 separate from the financial instrument, contract, or obligation 1366 itself. Any security, obligation, trust account, or other 1367 instrument that is created from an issue of the United States 1368 treasury or is created from an obligation of a federal agency or 1369 instrumentality or is created from both is considered a 1370 derivative instrument. An eligible investment described in this 1371 section with a variable interest rate payment, based upon a 1372 single interest payment or single index comprised of other 1373 eligible investments provided for in division (B)(1) or (2) of 1374 this section, is not a derivative, provided that such variable 1375 rate investment has a maximum maturity of two years. 1376
- (D) Except as provided in division (B)(4) or (E) of this

 1377
 section, any investment made pursuant to this section must

 1378
 mature within five years from the date of settlement, unless the

 1379
 investment is matched to a specific obligation or debt of the

 1380
 subdivision.
- (E) The treasurer or governing board may also enter into a 1382 written repurchase agreement with any eligible institution 1383 mentioned in section 135.03 of the Revised Code or any eligible 1384 dealer pursuant to division (M) of this section, under the terms 1385 of which agreement the treasurer or governing board purchases, 1386

and such institution or dealer agrees unconditionally to	1387
repurchase any of the securities listed in divisions (D)(1) to	1388
(5), except letters of credit described in division (D)(2), of	1389
section 135.18 of the Revised Code. The market value of	1390
securities subject to an overnight written repurchase agreement	1391
must exceed the principal value of the overnight written	1392
repurchase agreement by at least two per cent. A written	1393
repurchase agreement shall not exceed thirty days and the market	1394
value of securities subject to a written repurchase agreement	1395
must exceed the principal value of the written repurchase	1396
agreement by at least two per cent and be marked to market	1397
daily. All securities purchased pursuant to this division shall	1398
be delivered into the custody of the treasurer or governing	1399
board or an agent designated by the treasurer or governing	1400
board. A written repurchase agreement with an eligible	1401
securities dealer shall be transacted on a delivery versus	1402
payment basis. The agreement shall contain the requirement that	1403
for each transaction pursuant to the agreement the participating	1404
institution or dealer shall provide all of the following	1405
information:	1406
(1) The par value of the securities;	1407
(2) The type, rate, and maturity date of the securities;	1408
(3) A numerical identifier generally accepted in the	1409
securities industry that designates the securities.	1410

No treasurer or governing board shall enter into a written 1411 repurchase agreement under the terms of which the treasurer or 1412 governing board agrees to sell securities owned by the 1413 subdivision to a purchaser and agrees with that purchaser to 1414 unconditionally repurchase those securities. 1415

(F) No treasurer or governing board shall make an	1416
investment under this section, unless the treasurer or governing	1417
board, at the time of making the investment, reasonably expects	1418
that the investment can be held until its maturity.	1419
(G) No treasurer or governing board shall pay interim	1420
moneys into a fund established by another subdivision,	1421
treasurer, governing board, or investing authority, if that fund	1422
was established for the purpose of investing the public moneys	1423
of other subdivisions. This division does not apply to the	1424
payment of public moneys into either of the following:	1425
(1) The Ohio subdivision's fund pursuant to division (B)	1426
(6) of this section;	1427
(2) A fund created solely for the purpose of acquiring,	1428
constructing, owning, leasing, or operating municipal utilities	1429
pursuant to the authority provided under section 715.02 of the	1430
Revised Code or Section 4 of Article XVIII, Ohio Constitution.	1431
For purposes of division (G) of this section,	1432
"subdivision" includes a county.	1433
(H) The use of leverage, in which the treasurer or	1434
governing board uses its current investment assets as collateral	1435
for the purpose of purchasing other assets, is prohibited. The	1436
issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage is	1437
prohibited. Contracting to sell securities that have not yet	1438
been acquired by the treasurer or governing board, for the	1439
purpose of purchasing such securities on the speculation that	1440
bond prices will decline, is prohibited.	1441
(I) Whenever, during a period of designation, the	1442
treasurer classifies public moneys as interim moneys, the	1443
treasurer shall notify the governing board of such action. The	1444

notification shall be given within thirty days after such	1445
classification and in the event the governing board does not	1446
concur in such classification or in the investments or deposits	1447
made under this section, the governing board may order the	1448
treasurer to sell or liquidate any of such investments or	1449
deposits, and any such order shall specifically describe the	1450
investments or deposits and fix the date upon which they are to	1451
be sold or liquidated. Investments or deposits so ordered to be	1452
sold or liquidated shall be sold or liquidated for cash by the	1453
treasurer on the date fixed in such order at the then current	1454
market price. Neither the treasurer nor the members of the board	1455
shall be held accountable for any loss occasioned by sales or	1456
liquidations of investments or deposits at prices lower than	1457
their cost. Any loss or expense incurred in making such sales or	1458
liquidations is payable as other expenses of the treasurer's	1459
office.	1460

- (J) If any investments or deposits purchased under the

 authority of this section are issuable to a designated payee or

 to the order of a designated payee, the name of the treasurer

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 and the title of the treasurer's office shall be so designated.

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 If any such securities are registrable either as to principal or

 interest, or both, then such securities shall be registered in

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 the name of the treasurer as such.
- (K) The treasurer is responsible for the safekeeping of 1468 all documents evidencing a deposit or investment acquired by the 1469 treasurer under this section. Any securities may be deposited 1470 for safekeeping with a qualified trustee as provided in section 1471 135.18 of the Revised Code, except the delivery of securities 1472 acquired under any repurchase agreement under this section shall 1473 be made to a qualified trustee, provided, however, that the 1474 qualified trustee shall be required to report to the treasurer, 1475

governing board, auditor of state, or an authorized outside	1476
auditor at any time upon request as to the identity, market	1477
value, and location of the document evidencing each security,	1478
and that if the participating institution is a designated	1479
depository of the subdivision for the current period of	1480
designation, the securities that are the subject of the	1481
repurchase agreement may be delivered to the treasurer or held	1482
in trust by the participating institution on behalf of the	1483
subdivision. Interest earned on any investments or deposits	1484
authorized by this section shall be collected by the treasurer	1485
and credited by the treasurer to the proper fund of the	1486
subdivision.	1487

Upon the expiration of the term of office of a treasurer 1488 or in the event of a vacancy in the office of treasurer by 1489 reason of death, resignation, removal from office, or otherwise, 1490 the treasurer or the treasurer's legal representative shall 1491 transfer and deliver to the treasurer's successor all documents 1492 evidencing a deposit or investment held by the treasurer. For 1493 the investments and deposits so transferred and delivered, such 1494 treasurer shall be credited with and the treasurer's successor 1495 shall be charged with the amount of money held in such 1496 investments and deposits. 1497

- (L) Whenever investments or deposits acquired under this

 section mature and become due and payable, the treasurer shall

 present them for payment according to their tenor, and shall

 collect the moneys payable thereon. The moneys so collected

 shall be treated as public moneys subject to sections 135.01 to

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 135.21 of the Revised Code.
- (M)(1) All investments, except for investments in 1504
 securities described in divisions (B)(5) and (6) of this section 1505

and for investments by a municipal corporation in the issues of 1506 such municipal corporation, shall be made only through a member 1507 of the financial industry regulatory authority (FINRA), through 1508 a bank, savings bank, or savings and loan association regulated 1509 by the superintendent of financial institutions, or through an 1510 institution regulated by the comptroller of the currency, 1511 federal deposit insurance corporation, or board of governors of 1512 the federal reserve system. 1513

- (2) Payment for investments shall be made only upon the 1514 delivery of securities representing such investments to the 1515 treasurer, governing board, or qualified trustee. If the 1516 securities transferred are not represented by a certificate, 1517 payment shall be made only upon receipt of confirmation of 1518 transfer from the custodian by the treasurer, governing board, 1519 or qualified trustee.
- (N) In making investments authorized by this section, a 1521 treasurer or governing board may retain the services of an 1522 investment advisor, provided the advisor is licensed by the 1523 division of securities under section 1707.141 of the Revised 1524 Code or is registered with the securities and exchange 1525 commission, and possesses experience in public funds investment 1526 management, specifically in the area of state and local 1527 government investment portfolios, or the advisor is an eligible 1528 institution mentioned in section 135.03 of the Revised Code. 1529
- (O) (1) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (O) (2)

 and (3) of this section, no treasurer or governing board shall

 make an investment or deposit under this section, unless there

 is on file with the auditor of state a written investment policy

 approved by the treasurer or governing board. The policy shall

 require that all entities conducting investment business with

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the treasurer or governing board shall sign the investment 1536 policy of that subdivision. All brokers, dealers, and financial 1537 institutions, described in division (M)(1) of this section, 1538 initiating transactions with the treasurer or governing board by 1539 giving advice or making investment recommendations shall sign 1540 the treasurer's or governing board's investment policy thereby 1541 acknowledging their agreement to abide by the policy's contents. 1542 All brokers, dealers, and financial institutions, described in 1543 division (M)(1) of this section, executing transactions 1544 initiated by the treasurer or governing board, having read the 1545 policy's contents, shall sign the investment policy thereby 1546 acknowledging their comprehension and receipt. 1547

- (2) If a written investment policy described in division 1548 (0)(1) of this section is not filed on behalf of the subdivision 1549 with the auditor of state, the treasurer or governing board of 1550 that subdivision shall invest the subdivision's interim moneys 1551 only in interim deposits pursuant to division (B)(3) of this 1552 section or interim deposits pursuant to section 135.145 of the 1553 Revised Code and approved by the treasurer of state, no-load 1554 money market mutual funds pursuant to division (B)(5) of this 1555 section, or the Ohio subdivision's fund pursuant to division (B) 1556 (6) of this section. 1557
- (3) Divisions (0)(1) and (2) of this section do not apply 1558 to a treasurer or governing board of a subdivision whose average 1559 annual portfolio of investments held pursuant to this section is 1560 one hundred thousand dollars or less, provided that the 1561 treasurer or governing board certifies, on a form prescribed by 1562 the auditor of state, that the treasurer or governing board will 1563 comply and is in compliance with the provisions of sections 1564 135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised Code. 1565

(P) A treasurer or governing board may enter into a	1566
written investment or deposit agreement that includes a	1567
provision under which the parties agree to submit to nonbinding	1568
arbitration to settle any controversy that may arise out of the	1569
agreement, including any controversy pertaining to losses of	1570
public moneys resulting from investment or deposit. The	1571
arbitration provision shall be set forth entirely in the	1572
agreement, and the agreement shall include a conspicuous notice	1573
to the parties that any party to the arbitration may apply to	1574
the court of common pleas of the county in which the arbitration	1575
was held for an order to vacate, modify, or correct the award.	1576
Any such party may also apply to the court for an order to	1577
change venue to a court of common pleas located more than one	1578
hundred miles from the county in which the treasurer or	1579
governing board is located.	1580

For purposes of this division, "investment or deposit 1581 agreement" means any agreement between a treasurer or governing 1582 board and a person, under which agreement the person agrees to 1583 invest, deposit, or otherwise manage a subdivision's interim 1584 moneys on behalf of the treasurer or governing board, or agrees 1585 to provide investment advice to the treasurer or governing 1586 board.

- (Q) An investment made by the treasurer or governing board 1588 pursuant to this section prior to September 27, 1996, that was a 1589 legal investment under the law as it existed before September 1590 27, 1996, may be held until maturity. 1591
- Sec. 135.142. (A) In addition to the investments

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 authorized by section 135.14 of the Revised Code, any board of

 education, by a two-thirds vote of its members, may authorize

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 the treasurer of the board of education to invest up to forty

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per cent of the interim moneys of the board, available for	1596
investment at any one time, in either of the following:	1597
(1) Commercial paper notes issued by any entity that is	1598
defined in division (D) of section 1705.01 or division (E) (K)	1599
of section 1706.01 of the Revised Code and has assets exceeding	1600
five hundred million dollars, and to which notes all of the	1601
following apply:	1602
(a) The notes are rated at the time of purchase in the	1603
highest classification established by at least two nationally	1604
recognized standard statistical rating services organizations.	1605
(b) The aggregate value of the notes does not exceed ten	1606
per cent of the aggregate value of the outstanding commercial	1607
paper of the issuing corporation.	1608
(c) The notes mature no later than two hundred seventy	1609
days after purchase.	1610
(d) The investment in commercial paper notes of a single	1611
issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate five per cent of	1612
interim moneys of the board available for investment at the time	1613
of purchase.	1614
(2) Bankers' acceptances of banks that are insured by the	1615
federal deposit insurance corporation and that mature no later	1616
than one hundred eighty days after purchase.	1617
(B) No investment authorized pursuant to division (A) of	1618
this section shall be made, whether or not authorized by a board	1619
of education, unless the treasurer of the board of education has	1620
completed additional training for making the types of	1621
investments authorized pursuant to division (A) of this section.	1622
The type and amount of such training shall be approved and may	1623
be conducted by or provided under the supervision of the	1624

treasurer of state.

(C) The treasurer of the board of education shall prepare 1626 annually and submit to the board of education, the 1627 superintendent of public instruction, and the auditor of state, 1628 on or before the thirty-first day of August, a report listing 1629 each investment made pursuant to division (A) of this section 1630 during the preceding fiscal year, income earned from such 1631 investments, fees and commissions paid pursuant to division (D) 1632 of this section, and any other information required by the 1633 1634 board, the superintendent, and the auditor of state.

- (D) A board of education may make appropriations and 1635 expenditures for fees and commissions in connection with 1636 investments made pursuant to division (A) of this section. 1637
- (E) (1) In addition to the investments authorized by 1638 section 135.14 of the Revised Code and division (A) of this 1639 section, any board of education that is a party to an agreement 1640 with the treasurer of state pursuant to division (G) of section 1641 135.143 of the Revised Code and that has outstanding obligations 1642 issued under authority of section 133.10 of the Revised Code may 1643 authorize the treasurer of the board of education to invest 1644 interim moneys of the board in debt interests rated in either of 1645 the two highest rating classifications by at least two 1646 nationally recognized standard-statistical rating services-1647 organizations and issued by entities that are defined in 1648 division (D) of section 1705.01 or division (E) (K) of section 1649 1706.01 of the Revised Code. The debt interests purchased under 1650 authority of division (E) of this section shall mature not later 1651 than the latest maturity date of the outstanding obligations 1652 issued under authority of section 133.10 or 133.301 of the 1653 Revised Code. 1654

(2) If any of the debt interests acquired under division	1655
(E)(1) of this section ceases to be rated as there required, its	1656
issuer shall notify the treasurer of state of this fact within	1657
twenty-four hours. At any time thereafter the treasurer of state	1658
may require collateralization at the rate of one hundred two per	1659
cent of any remaining obligation of the entity, with securities	1660
authorized for investment under section 135.143 of the Revised	1661
Code. The collateral shall be delivered to and held by a	1662
custodian acceptable to the treasurer of state, marked to market	1663
daily, and any default to be cured within twelve hours.	1664
Unlimited substitution shall be allowed of comparable	1665
securities.	1666
Sec. 135.143. (A) The treasurer of state may invest or	1667
execute transactions for any part or all of the interim funds of	1668
the state in the following classifications of obligations:	1669
(1) United States treasury bills, notes, bonds, or any	1670
other obligations or securities issued by the United States	1671
treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and	1672
interest by the United States;	1673
(2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or	1674
securities issued by any federal government agency or	1675
instrumentality;	1676
(3) (a) Bonds, notes, and other obligations of the state of	1677
Ohio, including, but not limited to, any obligations issued by	1678
the treasurer of state, the Ohio public facilities commission,	1679
the Ohio building authority, the Ohio housing finance agency,	1680
the Ohio water development authority, the Ohio turnpike	1681
infrastructure commission, the Ohio higher educational facility	1682
commission, and state institutions of higher education as	1683
defined in section 3345 M11 of the Revised Code.	1684

(b) Bonds, notes, and other obligations of any state or	1685
political subdivision thereof rated in the three highest	1686
categories by at least one nationally recognized standard	1687
statistical rating service organization and purchased through a	1688
registered securities broker or dealer, provided the treasurer	1689
of state is not the sole purchaser of the bonds, notes, or other	1690
obligations at original issuance.	1691
(4)(a) Written repurchase agreements with any eligible	1692
Ohio financial institution that is a member of the federal	1693
reserve system or federal home loan bank, or any registered	1694
United States government securities dealer, or any counterparty	1695
rated in one of the three highest categories by at least one	1696
nationally recognized statistical rating organization or	1697
otherwise determined by the treasurer of state to have adequate	1698
capital and liquidity, under the terms of which agreement the	1699
treasurer of state purchases and the eligible financial	1700
institution—or_,_dealer, or counterparty agrees unconditionally	1701
to repurchase any of the securities that are listed in division	1702
(A) (1), (2), $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{(3)}}$, (6), or (11) of this section. The market	1703
value of securities subject to these transactions must exceed	1704
the principal value of the repurchase agreement by an amount	1705
specified by the treasurer of state, and the securities must be	1706
delivered into the custody of the treasurer of state or the	1707
qualified trustee or agent designated by the treasurer of state.	1708
The agreement shall contain the requirement that for each	1709
transaction pursuant to the agreement, the participating	1710
institution—or_,_dealer, or counterparty shall provide all of	1711
the following information:	1712
(i) The par value of the securities;	1713

(ii) The type, rate, and maturity date of the securities; 1714

(iii) A numerical identifier generally accepted in the	1715
securities industry that designates the securities.	1716
(b) The treasurer of state also may sell any securities,	1717
listed in division (A)(1), (2), $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{or}}$ (6), or (11) of this section,	1718
regardless of maturity or time of redemption of the securities,	1719
under the same terms and conditions for repurchase, provided	1720
that the securities have been fully paid for and are owned by	1721
the treasurer of state at the time of the sale.	1722
(c) For purposes of division (A)(4) of this section, the	1723
treasurer of state shall only buy or sell securities listed in	1724
division (A)(11) of this section issued by entities that are	1725
organized under the laws of this state, any other state, or the	1726
<u>United States.</u>	1727
(5) Securities lending agreements with any eligible	1728
financial institution that is a member of the federal reserve	1729
system or federal home loan bank or any recognized United States	1730
government securities dealer, under the terms of which	1731
agreements the treasurer of state lends securities and the	1732
eligible financial institution or dealer agrees to	1733
simultaneously exchange similar securities or cash, equal value	1734
for equal value.	1735
Securities and cash received as collateral for a	1736
securities lending agreement are not interim funds of the state.	1737
The investment of cash collateral received pursuant to a	1738
securities lending agreement may be invested only in such	1739
instruments specified by the treasurer of state in accordance	1740
with a written investment policy.	1741
(6) Various forms of commercial paper issued by any entity	1742

that is organized under the laws of the United States or a

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state, which notes are rated in the two highest categories by	1744
two nationally recognized standard_statistical_rating services—	1745
organizations, provided that the total amount invested under	1746
this section in any commercial paper at any time shall not	1747
exceed forty per cent of the state's total average portfolio, as	1748
determined and calculated by the treasurer of state;	1749
(7) Pankara aggentances, maturing in the hundred seventu	1750
(7) Bankers acceptances, maturing in two hundred seventy	1750
days or less, provided that the total amount invested in bankers	1751
acceptances at any time shall not exceed ten per cent of the	1752
state's total average portfolio, as determined and calculated by	1753
the treasurer of state;	1754
(8) Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, or deposit	1755
accounts in eligible institutions applying for interim moneys as	1756
provided in section 135.08 of the Revised Code, including linked	1757
deposits as provided in sections 135.61 to 135.67 135.66 of the	1758

sections 135.71 to 135.76 of the Revised Code, business linked

deposits as provided in sections 135.77 to 135.774 of the

1761

Revised Code, and housing linked deposits as provided in 1762

sections 135.81 to 135.87 of the Revised Code;

Revised Code, agricultural linked deposits as provided in-

(9) Negotiable certificates of deposit denominated in 1764 United States dollars issued by a nationally or state-chartered 1765 bank, a savings association or a federal <u>savings</u> association, a 1766 state or federal credit union, or a federally licensed or state-1767 licensed branch of a foreign bank, which are rated in the two 1768 highest categories by two nationally recognized standard-1769 statistical rating organizations services, provided that the 1770 total amount invested under this section in negotiable 1771 certificates of deposit at any time shall not exceed twenty-five 1772 per cent of the state's total average portfolio, as determined 1773

and calculated by the treasurer of state. Interim funds invested	1774
in accordance with division (A)(9) of this section are not	1775
limited to institutions applying for interim moneys under	1776
section 135.08 of the Revised Code, nor are they subject to any	1777
pledging requirements described in sections 135.18, 135.181, or	1778
135.182 of the Revised Code.	1779
(10) The state treasurer's investment pool authorized	1780
under section 135.45 of the Revised Code;	1781
(11) Debt interests, other than commercial paper described	1782
in division (A)(6) of this section, rated in the three highest	1783
categories by two nationally recognized standard statistical	1784
rating services organizations and issued by entities that are	1785
organized under the laws of the United States or a state, or	1786
issued by foreign nations diplomatically recognized by the	1787
United States government, or any instrument based on, derived	1788
from, or related to such interests, provided that:	1789
(a) The investments in debt interests other than	1790
commercial paper, when added to the investment in written	1791
repurchase agreements for securities listed in division (A) (3)	1792
or (11) of this section, shall not exceed in the aggregate	1793
twenty-five per cent of the state's portfolio.	1794
(b) The investments in debt interests issued by foreign	1795
nations shall not exceed in the aggregate two per cent of the	1796
state's portfolio.	1797
The treasurer of state shall invest under division (A)(11)	1798
of this section in a debt interest issued by a foreign nation	1799
only if the debt interest is backed by the full faith and credit	1800
of that foreign nation, and provided that all interest and	1801
principal shall be denominated and payable in United States	1802

funds.	1803
(c) When added to the investment in commercial paper and	1804
negotiable certificates of deposit, the investments in the debt	1805
interests of a single issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate	1806
five per cent of the state's portfolio.	1807
(d) For purposes of division (A)(11) of this section, a	1808
debt interest is rated in the three highest categories by two	1809
nationally recognized standard statistical rating services	1810
organizations if either the debt interest itself or the issuer	1811
of the debt interest is rated, or is implicitly rated, in the	1812
three highest categories by two nationally recognized standard-	1813
statistical rating services organizations.	1814
(e) For purposes of division (A)(11) of this section, the	1815
"state's portfolio" means the state's total average portfolio,	1816
as determined and calculated by the treasurer of state.	1817
(12) No-load money market mutual funds rated in the	1818
highest category by one nationally recognized standard-	1819
<u>statistical</u> rating <u>service</u> <u>organization</u> or consisting	1820
exclusively of obligations described in division (A)(1), (2), or	1821
(6) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such	1822
obligations;	1823
(13) Obligations issued by, or on behalf of, an Ohio	1824
political subdivision under Chapter 133. of the Revised Code or	1825
Section 12 of Article XVIII, Ohio Constitution, and identified	1826
in an agreement described in division (G) of this section;	1827
(14) Obligations issued by the state of Ohio, any	1828
political subdivision thereof, or by or on behalf of any	1829
nonprofit corporation or association doing business in this	1830
state rated in the four highest categories by at least one	1831

nationally recognized standard statistical rating service	1832
organization and identified in an agreement described in	1833
division (K) of this section.	1834
(B) Whenever, during a period of designationOn or before	1835
the tenth day of each month, the treasurer of state classifies	1836
public moneys as interim moneys, the treasurer of state shall	1837
notify the state board of deposit of such action. The	1838
notification shall be given within thirty days after such-	1839
classification and, in that the following reports pertaining to	1840
the immediately preceding month have been posted to the web site	1841
<pre>maintained by the treasurer of state:</pre>	1842
(1) The daily ledger report of state funds prepared in	1843
accordance with section 113.13 of the Revised Code;	1844
(2) The monthly portfolio report detailing the current	1845
inventory of all investments and deposits held within the	1846
classification of interim moneys;	1847
(3) The monthly activity report within the classification	1848
of interim moneys summarized by type of investment or deposit.	1849
<u>In</u> the event the state board of deposit does not concur in	1850
such classification or in the investments or deposits made under	1851
this section, the board may order the treasurer of state to sell	1852
or liquidate any of the investments or deposits, and any such	1853
order shall specifically describe the investments or deposits	1854
and fix the date upon which they are to be sold or liquidated.	1855
Investments or deposits so ordered to be sold or liquidated	1856
shall be sold or liquidated for cash by the treasurer of state	1857
on the date fixed in such order at the then current market	1858
price. Neither the treasurer of state nor the members of the	1859
state board of deposit shall be held accountable for any loss	1860

occasioned by sales or liquidations of investments or deposits	1861
at prices lower than their cost. Any loss or expense incurred in	1862
making these sales or liquidations is payable as other expenses	1863
of the treasurer's office.	1864
(C) If any securities or obligations invested in by the	1865
treasurer of state pursuant to this section are registrable	1866
either as to principal or interest, or both, such securities or	1867
obligations shall be registered in the name of the treasurer of	1868
state.	1869
(D) The treasurer of state is responsible for the	1870
safekeeping of all securities or obligations under this section.	1871
Any such securities or obligations may be deposited for	1872
safekeeping as provided in section 113.05 of the Revised Code.	1873
(E) Interest earned on any investments or deposits	1874
authorized by this section shall be collected by the treasurer	1875
of state and credited by the treasurer of state to the proper	1876
fund of the state.	1877
(F) Whenever investments or deposits acquired under this	1878
section mature and become due and payable, the treasurer of	1879
state shall present them for payment according to their tenor,	1880
and shall collect the moneys payable thereon. The moneys so	1881
collected shall be treated as public moneys subject to sections	1882
135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised Code.	1883
(G) The treasurer of state and any entity issuing	1884
obligations referred to in division (A)(13) of this section,	1885
which obligations mature within one year from the original date	1886
of issuance, may enter into an agreement providing for:	1887
(1) The purchase of those obligations by the treasurer of	1888
state on terms and subject to conditions set forth in the	1889

1890 agreement; (2) The payment to the treasurer of state of a reasonable 1891 fee as consideration for the agreement of the treasurer of state 1892 to purchase those obligations; provided, however, that the 1893 treasurer of state shall not be authorized to enter into any 1894 such agreement with a board of education of a school district 1895 that has an outstanding obligation with respect to a loan 1896 received under authority of section 3313.483 of the Revised 1897 Code. 1898 (H) For purposes of division (G) of this section, a fee 1899 shall not be considered reasonable unless it is set to recover 1900 only the direct costs, a reasonable estimate of the indirect 1901 costs associated with the purchasing of obligations under 1902 division (G) of this section and any reselling of the 1903 obligations or any interest in the obligations, including 1904 interests in a fund comprised of the obligations, and the 1905 administration thereof. No money from the general revenue fund 1906 shall be used to subsidize the purchase or resale of these 1907 1908 obligations. (I) All money collected by the treasurer of state from the 1909 fee imposed by division (G) of this section shall be deposited 1910 to the credit of the state political subdivision obligations 1911 fund, which is hereby created in the state treasury. Money 1912 credited to the fund shall be used solely to pay the treasurer 1913 of state's direct and indirect costs associated with purchasing 1914 and reselling obligations under division (G) of this section. 1915 (J) As used in this section, "political subdivision" means 1916 a county, township, municipal corporation, school district, or 1917 other body corporate and politic responsible for governmental 1918

activities in a geographic area smaller than that of the state.

(K)(1) The treasurer of state and any entity issuing	1920
obligations referred to in division (A)(14) of this section,	1921
which obligations have a demand feature to tender the obligation	1922
at par plus accrued interest require a conditional liquidity	1923
requirement, may enter into an agreement providing for the	1924
following:	1925
(a) The purchase of the obligations by the treasurer of	1926
state on terms and subject to conditions set forth in the	1927
agreement;	1928
(b) Payment to the treasurer of state of a fee as	1929
consideration for the agreement of the treasurer of state to	1930
purchase the obligations.	1931
(2) The treasurer of state shall not enter into agreements	1932
under division (K)(1) of this section for obligations that, in	1933
the aggregate, exceed ten per cent of the state's total average	1934
portfolio, as determined and calculated by the treasurer of	1935
state.	1936
(3) For purposes of division (A)(14) of this section, an	1937
obligation is rated in the four highest categories by at least	1938
one nationally recognized standard statistical rating service	1939
<pre>organization if either the debt interest itself or the obligor</pre>	1940
of the debt interest is rated in the four highest categories by	1941
at least one nationally recognized standard statistical rating	1942
service organization.	1943
(4) All money collected by the treasurer of state from the	1944
fee imposed by division (K) of this section shall be deposited	1945
to the credit of the state securities tender program fund, which	1946
is hereby created in the state treasury. The amount of income	1947
from the state securities tender program credited to the state	1948

securities tender program fund shall not exceed one per cent of	1949
the average par value of obligations subject to agreements under	1950
division (K)(1) of this section. All other such income shall be	1951
credited to the general revenue fund. The treasurer of state may	1952
use the state securities tender program fund solely for	1953
operations of the office of the treasurer of state.	1954
(L)(1) The treasurer of state and a state university or	1955
college issuing obligations under section 3345.12 of the Revised	1956
Code may enter into an agreement providing for the following:	1957
(a) The purchase of those obligations by the treasurer of	1958
state pursuant to division (A)(3)(a) of this section on terms	1959
and subject to conditions set forth in the agreement;	1960
(b) The department of higher education to withhold, in the	1961
event the state university or college does not pay bond service	1962
charges on the obligations when due, appropriated funds	1963
allocated to the state university or college in an amount	1964
sufficient to pay bond service charges on the obligations, less	1965
any amounts deposited for that purpose under the bond	1966
proceedings. Upon the request of the treasurer of state, the	1967
department of higher education shall promptly pay to the	1968
treasurer of state the amounts withheld.	1969
(2) For purposes of division (L)(1) of this section,	1970
"obligations," "state university or college," "bond service	1971
charges," and "bond proceedings" have the same meanings as in	1972
section 3345.12 of the Revised Code.	1973
Sec. 135.15. Whenever the governing board, other than the	1974
state board of deposit, is of the opinion that the actual amount	1975
of active deposits is insufficient to meet the anticipated	1976
demands on such active deposits, it shall direct the treasurer	1977

to sell interim money investments or deposits or transfer from	1978
the inactive deposits to the active deposits an amount	1979
sufficient to meet such demands. The board shall designate in	1980
such order the depositories from which withdrawals for such	1981
purpose shall be made and the amounts to be withdrawn from each.	1982
The treasurer shall immediately give appropriate written notice	1983
of such withdrawal to each public depository affected thereby,	1984
and at the expiration of the period of such notice shall make	1985
such withdrawals by presentation of certificates of deposit, or	1986
otherwise, in such manner as the board provides by appropriate	1987
regulations. In case there are two or more public depositories	1988
subject to such withdrawal, the board shall make such	1989
withdrawals from the public depositories paying the lowest rates	1990
of interest and in proportional amounts as near as is	1991
practicable.	1992
	1000

Whenever the state board of deposit is of the opinion that 1993 the actual amount of active deposits is insufficient to meet the 1994 anticipated demands on such active deposits, it shall direct the 1995 treasurer of state to sell interim money investments or to 1996 redeem negotiated deposits in an amount sufficient to meet such 1997 demands. The treasurer of state shall use the treasurer of 1998 state's discretion in selecting the instruments to be sold or 1999 2000 redeemed.

Sec. 135.182. (A) As used in this section:

- (1) "Public depository" means that term as defined in 2002 section 135.01 of the Revised Code, but also means an 2003 institution that receives or holds any public deposits as 2004 defined in section 135.31 of the Revised Code. 2005
- (2) "Public depositor" means that term as defined in 2006 section 135.01 of the Revised Code, but also includes a county 2007

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and any municipal corporation that has adopted a char	rter under 200	8 (
Article XVIII, Ohio Constitution.	200)9
(3) "Public deposits," "public moneys," and "tr	reasurer" 201	0
mean those terms as defined in section 135.01 of the	Revised 201	.1
Code, but also have the same meanings as are set fort	ch in 201	.2
section 135.31 of the Revised Code, but for purposes	of this 201	. 3
section does not include the moneys of metropolitan h		4
authorities.	201	. 5
(B)(1) Not later than July 1, 2017, the treasur		
shall create the Ohio pooled collateral program. Unde	er this 201	.7
program, each institution designated as a public depo	ository that 201	. 8
selects the pledging method prescribed in division (λ	A)(2) of 201	. 9
section 135.18 or division (A)(2) of section 135.37	of the 202	20
Revised Code shall pledge to the treasurer of state a	a single 202	21
pool of eligible securities for the benefit of all pu	ublic 202	22
depositors at the public depository to secure the rep	payment of 202	23
all uninsured public deposits at the public depositor	ry, provided 202	24
that at all times the total market value of the secur	cities so 202	25
pledged is at least equal to either of the following	202	26
(a) One hundred two per cent of the total amoun	at of all 202	7
	202	
uninsured public deposits;	202	.0
(b) An amount determined by rules adopted by the	ne treasurer 202	29
of state that set forth the criteria for determining	the 203	30
aggregate market value of the pool of eligible secur:	ities 203	31
pledged by a public depository pursuant to division	(B) of this 203	32
section. Such criteria shall include, but are not lir	mited to, 203	33
prudent capital and liquidity management by the public	ic 203	34

depository and the safety and soundness of the public depository

as determined by a third-party rating organization.

- (2) The treasurer of state shall monitor the eligibility, 2037 market value, and face value of the pooled securities pledged by 2038 the public depository. Each public depository shall carry in its 2039 accounting records at all times a general ledger or other 2040 appropriate account of the total amount of all public deposits 2041 to be secured by the pool, as determined at the opening of 2042 business each day, and the total market value of securities 2043 pledged to secure such deposits, and report such information to 2044 the treasurer of state in a manner and frequency as determined 2045 by the treasurer of state pursuant to rules adopted by the 2046 treasurer of state. A public depositor shall be responsible for 2047 periodically confirming the accuracy of its account balances 2048 with the treasurer of state; otherwise, the treasurer of state 2049 shall be the sole public depositor responsible for monitoring 2050 and ensuring the sufficiency of securities pledged under this 2051 section. 2052
- (3) If, on any day, the total market value of the 2053 securities pledged by the public depository is less than that 2054 specified in division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section, 2055 whichever is applicable, the public depository shall have two 2056 business days to pledge additional eligible securities having a 2057 market value sufficient, when combined with the market value of 2058 eligible securities already pledged, to satisfy the requirement 2059 of division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section, as applicable, to 2060 secure the repayment of all uninsured public deposits at the 2061 public depository. 2062
- (C) The public depository shall designate a qualified 2063 trustee approved by the treasurer of state and place with such 2064 trustee for safekeeping the eligible securities pledged pursuant 2065 to division (B) of this section. The trustee shall hold the 2066 eligible securities in an account indicating the treasurer of 2067

state's security interest in the eligible securities. The	2068
treasurer of state shall give written notice of the trustee to	2069
all public depositors for which such securities are pledged. The	2070
trustee shall report to the treasurer of state information	2071
relating to the securities pledged to secure such public	2072
deposits in a manner and frequency as determined by the	2073
treasurer of state.	2074

- (D) In order for a public depository to receive public 2075 moneys under this section, the public depository and the 2076 treasurer of state shall first execute an agreement that sets 2077 forth the entire arrangement among the parties and that meets 2078 the requirements described in 12 U.S.C. 1823(e). In addition, 2079 the agreement shall authorize the treasurer of state to obtain 2080 control of the collateral pursuant to division (D) of section 2081 1308.24 of the Revised Code. 2082
- (E) The securities or other obligations described in 2083 division (D) of section 135.18 of the Revised Code shall be 2084 eligible as collateral for the purposes of division (B) of this 2085 section, provided no such securities or obligations pledged as 2086 collateral are at any time in default as to either principal or 2087 interest.
- (F) Any federal reserve bank or branch thereof located in 2089 this state or federal home loan bank, without compliance with 2090 Chapter 1111. of the Revised Code and without becoming subject 2091 to any other law of this state relative to the exercise by 2092 corporations of trust powers generally, is qualified to act as 2093 trustee for the safekeeping of securities, under this section. 2094 Any institution mentioned in section 135.03 or 135.32 of the 2095 Revised Code that holds a certificate of qualification issued by 2096 the superintendent of financial institutions or any institution 2097

complying with sections 1111.04, 1111.05, and 1111.06 of the	2098
Revised Code is qualified to act as trustee for the safekeeping	2099
of securities under this section, other than those belonging to	2100
itself or to an affiliate as defined in section 1101.01 of the	2101
Revised Code.	2102
(C) The public depository may substitute evabance or	2102

- (G) The public depository may substitute, exchange, or 2103 release eligible securities deposited with the qualified trustee 2104 pursuant to this section, provided that such substitution, 2105 exchange, or release is effectuated pursuant to written 2106 authorization from the treasurer of state, and such action does 2107 not reduce the total market value of the securities to an amount 2108 that is less than the amount established pursuant to division 2109 (B) of this section. 2110
- (H) Notwithstanding the fact that a public depository is 2111 required to pledge eligible securities in certain amounts to 2112 secure public deposits, a qualified trustee has no duty or 2113 obligation to determine the eligibility, market value, or face 2114 value of any securities deposited with the trustee by a public 2115 depository. This applies in all situations including, but not 2116 limited to, a substitution or exchange of securities, but 2117 excluding those situations effectuated by division (I) of this 2118 section in which the trustee is required to determine face and 2119 market value. 2120
- (I) The qualified trustee shall enter into a custodial

 agreement with the treasurer of state and public depository in

 2122

 which the trustee agrees to comply with entitlement orders

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 originated by the treasurer of state without further consent by

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 the public depository or, in the case of collateral held by the

 public depository in an account at a federal reserve bank, the

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 treasurer of state shall have the treasurer's security interest

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marked on the books of the federal reserve bank where the

account for the collateral is maintained. If the public

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account for the corrateral is marintained. If the public	2127
depository fails to pay over any part of the public deposits	2130
made therein as provided by law and secured pursuant to division	2131
(B) of this section, the treasurer of state shall give written	2132
notice of this failure to the qualified trustee holding the pool	2133
of securities pledged against the public deposits, and at the	2134
same time shall send a copy of this notice to the public	2135
depository. Upon receipt of this notice, the trustee shall	2136
transfer to the treasurer of state for sale, the pooled	2137
securities that are necessary to produce an amount equal to the	2138
public deposits made by the public depositor and not paid over,	2139
less the portion of the deposits covered by any federal deposit	2140
insurance, plus any accrued interest due on the deposits. The	2141
treasurer of state shall sell any of the bonds or other	2142
securities so transferred. When a sale of bonds or other	2143
securities has been so made and upon payment to the public	2144
depositor of the purchase money, the treasurer of state shall	2145
transfer such bonds or securities whereupon the absolute	2146
ownership of such bonds or securities shall pass to the	2147
purchasers. Any surplus after deducting the amount due to the	2148
public depositor and expenses of sale shall be paid to the	2149
public depository.	2150
(J) Any charges or compensation of a qualified trustee for	2151
acting as such under this section shall be paid by the public	2152
depository and in no event shall be chargeable to the public	2153
deposition, and in he event shart se chargeaste to the pastic	2100

depositor or to any officer of the public depositor. The charges

depositor. The treasurer and the treasurer's bonders or surety

securities deposited for safekeeping prior or superior to the

or compensation shall not be a lien or charge upon the

rights to and interests in the securities of the public

shall be relieved from any liability to the public depositor or	2159
to the public depository for the loss or destruction of any	2160
securities deposited with a qualified trustee pursuant to this	2161
section.	2162
(K) A public depositor, treasurer, or the public	2163
depositor's or treasurer's bonders or surety are not liable for	2164
the loss of funds if a public depository fails to comply with	2165
the terms set forth in the agreement provided for in division	2166
(D) of this section for the appropriate level of collateral, as	2167
required under division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section, to	2168
secure the public deposits made under that agreement.	2169
(L)(1) The following information is confidential and not a	2170
public record under section 149.43 of the Revised Code:	2171
(a) All reports or other information obtained or created	2172
about a public depository for purposes of division (B)(1)(b) of	2173
this section;	2174
(b) The identity of a public depositor's public	2175
depository;	2176
(c) The identity of a public depository's public	2177
depositors.	2178
(2) Nothing in this section prevents the treasurer of	2179
state from releasing or exchanging such confidential information	2180
as required by law or for the operation of the pooled collateral	2181
program.	2182
(M) The treasurer of state may impose reasonable fees,	2183
including late fees, upon public depositories participating in	2184
the pooled collateral program to defray the actual and necessary	2185
expenses incurred by the treasurer in connection with the	2186
program. All such fees collected by the treasurer shall be	2187

deposited into the state treasury to the credit of the	2188
administrative fund created in section 113.20 of the Revised	2189
Code.	2190
(N) The treasurer of state may adopt rules necessary for	2191
the implementation of this section and sections 135.18 and	2191
-	
135.181 of the Revised Code. Such rules shall be adopted in	2193
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.	2194
Sec. 135.31. As used in sections 135.31 to 135.40 of the	2195
Revised Code:	2196
(A) "Active moneys" means an amount of public moneys in	2197
public depositories determined to be necessary to meet current	2198
demands upon a county treasury, and deposited in any of the	2199
following:	2200
(1) A commercial account and withdrawable, in whole or in	2201
part, on demand;	2202
(2) A negotiable order of withdrawal account as authorized	2203
in the "Consumer Checking Account Equity Act of 1980," 94 Stat.	2204
146, 12 U.S.C.A. 1832(a);	2205
(3) A money market deposit account as authorized in the	2206
"Garn-St. Germain Depository Institutions Act of 1982," 96 Stat.	2207
1501, 12 U.S.C. 3503.	2208
1551, 11 5.5.5. 5555.	2200
(B) "Inactive moneys" means all public moneys in public	2209
depositories in excess of the amount determined to be needed as	2210
active moneys.	2211
(C) "Investing authority" means the treasurer, except as	2212
provided in section 135.34 of the Revised Code.	2213
(D) "Public deposits" means public moneys deposited in a	2214
public depository pursuant to sections 135.31 to 135.40 of the	2215
ranger in paradiana da addatana tao itao itao at anciente	

Revised Code.	2216
(E) "Public moneys" means all moneys in the treasury of a	2217
county or moneys coming lawfully into the possession or custody	2218
of the treasurer.	2219
(F) "Treasurer" means the county treasurer.	2220
(G) "No-load money market mutual fund" means a no-load	2221
money market mutual fund that is registered as an investment	2222
company under the "Investment Company Act of 1940," 54 Stat.	2223
789, 15 U.S.C.A. 80a-1 to 80a-64, and that has the highest	2224
letter or numerical rating provided by at least one nationally	2225
recognized standard statistical rating service organization.	2226
Sec. 135.35. (A) The investing authority shall deposit or	2227
invest any part or all of the county's inactive moneys and shall	2228
invest all of the money in the county public library fund when	2229
required by section 135.352 of the Revised Code. The following	2230
classifications of securities and obligations are eligible for	2231
such deposit or investment:	2232
(1) United States treasury bills, notes, bonds, or any	2233
other obligation or security issued by the United States	2234
treasury, any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or	2235
interest by the United States, or any book entry, zero-coupon	2236
United States treasury security that is a direct obligation of	2237
the United States.	2238
Nothing in the classification of eligible securities and	2239
obligations set forth in divisions (A)(2) to (10) of this	2240
section shall be construed to authorize any investment in	2241
stripped principal or interest obligations of such eligible	2242
securities and obligations.	2243
(2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or	2244

securities issued by any federal government agency or	2245
instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the federal	2246
national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal	2247
farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, and	2248
government national mortgage association. All federal agency	2249
securities shall be direct issuances of federal government	2250
agencies or instrumentalities.	2251
(3) Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit	2252
accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts, in	2253
any eligible institution mentioned in section 135.32 of the	2254
Revised Code;	2255
(4) Bonds and other obligations of this state or the	2256
political subdivisions of this state, provided the bonds or	2257
other obligations of political subdivisions mature within ten	2258
years from the date of settlement;	2259
(5) No-load money market mutual funds rated in the highest	2260
category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally	2261
recognized standard statistical rating service organization or	2262
consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (A)	2263
(1), (2) , or (6) of section 135.143 of the Revised Code and	2264
repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that	2265
investments in securities described in this division are made	2266
only through eligible institutions mentioned in section 135.32	2267
of the Revised Code;	2268
(6) The Ohio subdivision's fund as provided in section	2269
135.45 of the Revised Code;	2270
(7) Securities lending agreements with any eligible	2271
institution mentioned in section 135.32 of the Revised Code that	2272

is a member of the federal reserve system or federal home loan

bank or with any recognized United States government securities	2274
dealer meeting the description in division (J)(1) of this	2275
section, under the terms of which agreements the investing	2276
authority lends securities and the eligible institution or	2277
dealer agrees to simultaneously exchange similar securities or	2278
cash, equal value for equal value.	2279
Securities and cash received as collateral for a	2280
securities lending agreement are not inactive moneys of the	2281
county or moneys of a county public library fund. The investment	2282
of cash collateral received pursuant to a securities lending	2283
agreement may be invested only in instruments specified by the	2284
investing authority in the written investment policy described	2285
in division (K) of this section.	2286
(8) Up to forty per cent of the county's total average	2287
portfolio in either of the following investments:	2288
(a) Commercial paper notes issued by an entity that is	2289
defined in division (D) of section 1705.01 or division (E) of	2290
section 1706.01 of the Revised Code and that has assets	2291
exceeding five hundred million dollars, to which notes all of	2292
the following apply:	2293
(i) The notes are rated at the time of purchase in the	2294
highest classification established by at least two nationally	2295
recognized standard statistical rating services organizations.	2296
(ii) The aggregate value of the notes does not exceed ten	2297
per cent of the aggregate value of the outstanding commercial	2298
paper of the issuing corporation.	2299
(iii) The notes mature not later than two hundred seventy	2300
days after purchase.	2301

(iv) The investment in commercial paper notes of a single

issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate five per cent of	2303
interim moneys available for investment at the time of purchase.	2304
(b) Bankers acceptances of banks that are insured by the	2305
federal deposit insurance corporation and that mature not later	2306
than one hundred eighty days after purchase.	2307
No investment shall be made pursuant to division (A)(8) of	2308
this section unless the investing authority has completed	2309
additional training for making the investments authorized by	2310
division (A)(8) of this section. The type and amount of	2311
additional training shall be approved by the treasurer of state	2312
and may be conducted by or provided under the supervision of the	2313
treasurer of state.	2314
(9) Up to fifteen per cent of the county's total average	2315
portfolio in notes issued by corporations that are incorporated	2316
under the laws of the United States and that are operating	2317
within the United States, or by depository institutions that are	2318
doing business under authority granted by the United States or	2319
any state and that are operating within the United States,	2320
provided both of the following apply:	2321
(a) The notes are rated in the three highest categories by	2322
at least two nationally recognized standard statistical rating	2323
services organizations at the time of purchase.	2324
(b) The notes mature not later than three years after	2325
purchase.	2326
(10) Debt interests rated at the time of purchase in the	2327
three highest categories by two nationally recognized standard	2328
statistical rating services organizations and issued by foreign	2329
nations diplomatically recognized by the United States	2330
government. All interest and principal shall be denominated and	2331

payable in United States funds. The investments made under	2332
division (A)(10) of this section shall not exceed in the	2333
aggregate two per cent of a county's total average portfolio.	2334

The investing authority shall invest under division (A) 2335 (10) of this section in a debt interest issued by a foreign 2336 nation only if the debt interest is backed by the full faith and 2337 credit of that foreign nation, there is no prior history of 2338 default, and the debt interest matures not later than five years 2339 after purchase. For purposes of division (A)(10) of this 2340 section, a debt interest is rated in the three highest 2341 2342 categories by two nationally recognized standard statistical rating services organizations if either the debt interest itself 2343 or the issuer of the debt interest is rated, or is implicitly 2344 rated, at the time of purchase in the three highest categories 2345 by two nationally recognized standard statistical rating 2346 services organizations. 2347

- (11) A current unpaid or delinquent tax line of credit 2348 authorized under division (G) of section 135.341 of the Revised 2349 Code, provided that all of the conditions for entering into such 2350 a line of credit under that division are satisfied, or bonds and 2351 other obligations of a county land reutilization corporation 2352 organized under Chapter 1724. of the Revised Code, if the county 2353 land reutilization corporation is located wholly or partly 2354 within the same county as the investing authority. 2355
- (B) Nothing in the classifications of eligible obligations 2356 and securities set forth in divisions (A)(1) to (10) of this 2357 section shall be construed to authorize investment in a 2358 derivative, and no investing authority shall invest any county 2359 inactive moneys or any moneys in a county public library fund in 2360 a derivative. For purposes of this division, "derivative" means 2361

a financial instrument or contract or obligation whose value or	2362
return is based upon or linked to another asset or index, or	2363
both, separate from the financial instrument, contract, or	2364
obligation itself. Any security, obligation, trust account, or	2365
other instrument that is created from an issue of the United	2366
States treasury or is created from an obligation of a federal	2367
agency or instrumentality or is created from both is considered	2368
a derivative instrument. An eligible investment described in	2369
this section with a variable interest rate payment, based upon a	2370
single interest payment or single index comprised of other	2371
eligible investments provided for in division (A)(1) or (2) of	2372
this section, is not a derivative, provided that such variable	2373
rate investment has a maximum maturity of two years. A treasury	2374
inflation-protected security shall not be considered a	2375
derivative, provided the security matures not later than five	2376
years after purchase.	2377

- (C) Except as provided in division (A) (4) or (D) of this

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 section, any investment made pursuant to this section must

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 mature within five years from the date of settlement, unless the
 investment is matched to a specific obligation or debt of the

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 county or to a specific obligation or debt of a political

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 subdivision of this state, and the investment is specifically

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 approved by the investment advisory committee.
- (D) The investing authority may also enter into a written 2385 repurchase agreement with any eligible institution mentioned in 2386 section 135.32 of the Revised Code or any eliqible securities 2387 dealer pursuant to division (J) of this section, under the terms 2388 of which agreement the investing authority purchases and the 2389 eligible institution or dealer agrees unconditionally to 2390 repurchase any of the securities listed in divisions (D)(1) to 2391 (5), except letters of credit described in division (D)(2), of 2392

section 135.18 of the Revised Code. The market value of	2393
securities subject to an overnight written repurchase agreement	2394
must exceed the principal value of the overnight written	2395
repurchase agreement by at least two per cent. A written	2396
repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the	2397
overnight written repurchase agreement, by at least two per	2398
cent. A written repurchase agreement shall not exceed thirty	2399
days, and the market value of securities subject to a written	2400
repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the	2401
written repurchase agreement by at least two per cent and be	2402
marked to market daily. All securities purchased pursuant to	2403
this division shall be delivered into the custody of the	2404
investing authority or the qualified custodian of the investing	2405
authority or an agent designated by the investing authority. A	2406
written repurchase agreement with an eligible securities dealer	2407
shall be transacted on a delivery versus payment basis. The	2408
agreement shall contain the requirement that for each	2409
transaction pursuant to the agreement the participating	2410
institution shall provide all of the following information:	2411
(1) The par value of the securities;	2412
(2) The type, rate, and maturity date of the securities;	2413
(3) A numerical identifier generally accepted in the	2414
securities industry that designates the securities.	2415
No investing authority shall enter into a written	2416
repurchase agreement under the terms of which the investing	2417
authority agrees to sell securities owned by the county to a	2418
purchaser and agrees with that purchaser to unconditionally	2419
repurchase those securities.	2420

(E) No investing authority shall make an investment under

this section, unless the investing authority, at the time of	2422
making the investment, reasonably expects that the investment	2423
can be held until its maturity. The investing authority's	2424
written investment policy shall specify the conditions under	2425
which an investment may be redeemed or sold prior to maturity.	2426
(F) No investing authority shall pay a county's inactive	2427
moneys or moneys of a county public library fund into a fund	2428
established by another subdivision, treasurer, governing board,	2429
or investing authority, if that fund was established by the	2430
subdivision, treasurer, governing board, or investing authority	2431
for the purpose of investing or depositing the public moneys of	2432
other subdivisions. This division does not apply to the payment	2433
of public moneys into either of the following:	2434
(1) The Ohio subdivision's fund pursuant to division (A)	2435
(6) of this section;	2436
(2) A fund created solely for the purpose of acquiring,	2437
constructing, owning, leasing, or operating municipal utilities	2438
pursuant to the authority provided under section 715.02 of the	2439
Revised Code or Section 4 of Article XVIII, Ohio Constitution.	2440
For purposes of division (F) of this section,	2441
"subdivision" includes a county.	2442
(G) The use of leverage, in which the county uses its	2443
current investment assets as collateral for the purpose of	2444
purchasing other assets, is prohibited. The issuance of taxable	2445
notes for the purpose of arbitrage is prohibited. Contracting to	2446
sell securities not owned by the county, for the purpose of	2447
purchasing such securities on the speculation that bond prices	2448
will decline, is prohibited.	2449
(H) Any securities, certificates of deposit, deposit	2450

accounts, or any other documents evidencing deposits or	2451
investments made under authority of this section shall be issued	2452
in the name of the county with the county treasurer or investing	2453
authority as the designated payee. If any such deposits or	2454
investments are registrable either as to principal or interest,	2455
or both, they shall be registered in the name of the treasurer.	2456

(I) The investing authority shall be responsible for the 2457 safekeeping of all documents evidencing a deposit or investment 2458 acquired under this section, including, but not limited to, 2459 safekeeping receipts evidencing securities deposited with a 2460 qualified trustee, as provided in section 135.37 of the Revised 2461 Code, and documents confirming the purchase of securities under 2462 any repurchase agreement under this section shall be deposited 2463 with a qualified trustee, provided, however, that the qualified 2464 trustee shall be required to report to the investing authority, 2465 auditor of state, or an authorized outside auditor at any time 2466 upon request as to the identity, market value, and location of 2467 the document evidencing each security, and that if the 2468 participating institution is a designated depository of the 2469 county for the current period of designation, the securities 2470 that are the subject of the repurchase agreement may be 2471 delivered to the treasurer or held in trust by the participating 2472 institution on behalf of the investing authority. 2473

Upon the expiration of the term of office of an investing 2474 authority or in the event of a vacancy in the office for any 2475 reason, the officer or the officer's legal representative shall 2476 transfer and deliver to the officer's successor all documents 2477 mentioned in this division for which the officer has been 2478 responsible for safekeeping. For all such documents transferred 2479 and delivered, the officer shall be credited with, and the 2480 officer's successor shall be charged with, the amount of moneys 2481

evidenced by such documents.

- (J) (1) All investments, except for investments in 2483 securities described in divisions (A)(5), (6), and (11) of this 2484 section, shall be made only through a member of the financial 2485 industry regulatory authority (FINRA), through a bank, savings 2486 bank, or savings and loan association regulated by the 2487 superintendent of financial institutions, or through an 2488 institution regulated by the comptroller of the currency, 2489 federal deposit insurance corporation, or board of governors of 2490 2491 the federal reserve system.
- (2) Payment for investments shall be made only upon the 2492 delivery of securities representing such investments to the 2493 treasurer, investing authority, or qualified trustee. If the 2494 securities transferred are not represented by a certificate, 2495 payment shall be made only upon receipt of confirmation of 2496 transfer from the custodian by the treasurer, governing board, 2497 or qualified trustee. 2498
- (K) (1) Except as otherwise provided in division (K) (2) of 2499 this section, no investing authority shall make an investment or 2500 2501 deposit under this section, unless there is on file with the auditor of state a written investment policy approved by the 2502 investing authority. The policy shall require that all entities 2503 conducting investment business with the investing authority 2504 shall sign the investment policy of that investing authority. 2505 All brokers, dealers, and financial institutions, described in 2506 division (J)(1) of this section, initiating transactions with 2507 the investing authority by giving advice or making investment 2508 recommendations shall sign the investing authority's investment 2509 policy thereby acknowledging their agreement to abide by the 2510 policy's contents. All brokers, dealers, and financial 2511

institutions, described in division (J)(1) of this section,	2512
executing transactions initiated by the investing authority,	2513
having read the policy's contents, shall sign the investment	2514
policy thereby acknowledging their comprehension and receipt.	2515
(2) If a written investment policy described in division	2516
(K)(1) of this section is not filed on behalf of the county with	2517
the auditor of state, the investing authority of that county	2518
shall invest the county's inactive moneys and moneys of the	2519
county public library fund only in time certificates of deposits	2520
or savings or deposit accounts pursuant to division (A)(3) of	2521
this section, no-load money market mutual funds pursuant to	2522
division (A)(5) of this section, or the Ohio subdivision's fund	2523
pursuant to division (A)(6) of this section.	2524
(L)(1) The investing authority shall establish and	2525
maintain an inventory of all obligations and securities acquired	2526
by the investing authority pursuant to this section. The	2527
inventory shall include a description of each obligation or	2528
security, including type, cost, par value, maturity date,	2529
settlement date, and any coupon rate.	2530
(2) The investing authority shall also keep a complete	2531
record of all purchases and sales of the obligations and	2532
securities made pursuant to this section.	2533
(3) The investing authority shall maintain a monthly	2534
portfolio report and issue a copy of the monthly portfolio	2535
report describing such investments to the county investment	2536
advisory committee, detailing the current inventory of all	2537
obligations and securities, all transactions during the month	2538
that affected the inventory, any income received from the	2539
obligations and securities, and any investment expenses paid,	2540

and stating the names of any persons effecting transactions on

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behalf of the investing authority. 2542 (4) The monthly portfolio report shall be a public record 2543 and available for inspection under section 149.43 of the Revised 2544 Code. 2545 (5) The inventory and the monthly portfolio report shall 2546 be filed with the board of county commissioners. The monthly 2547 portfolio report also shall be filed with the treasurer of 2548 2549 state. (M) An investing authority may enter into a written 2550 investment or deposit agreement that includes a provision under 2551 2552 which the parties agree to submit to nonbinding arbitration to settle any controversy that may arise out of the agreement, 2553 including any controversy pertaining to losses of public moneys 2554 resulting from investment or deposit. The arbitration provision 2555 shall be set forth entirely in the agreement, and the agreement 2556 shall include a conspicuous notice to the parties that any party 2557 to the arbitration may apply to the court of common pleas of the 2558 county in which the arbitration was held for an order to vacate, 2559 modify, or correct the award. Any such party may also apply to 2560 the court for an order to change venue to a court of common 2561 pleas located more than one hundred miles from the county in 2562 which the investing authority is located. 2563 For purposes of this division, "investment or deposit 2564 agreement" means any agreement between an investing authority 2565 and a person, under which agreement the person agrees to invest, 2566 deposit, or otherwise manage, on behalf of the investing 2567

authority, a county's inactive moneys or moneys in a county

the investing authority.

public library fund, or agrees to provide investment advice to

statistical rating service organization.

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(N)(1) An investment held in the county portfolio on	2571
September 27, 1996, that was a legal investment under the law as	2572
it existed before September 27, 1996, may be held until	2573
maturity.	2574
(2) An investment held in the county portfolio on	2575
September 10, 2012, that was a legal investment under the law as	2576
it existed before September 10, 2012, may be held until	2577
maturity.	2578
Sec. 135.45. (A) Subject to division (B) of this section,	2579
a treasurer, governing board, or investing authority of a	2580
subdivision may pay public moneys of the subdivision into the	2581
Ohio subdivision's fund, which may be established in the custody	2582
of the treasurer of state. The treasurer of state shall invest	2583
the moneys in the fund in separately managed accounts and pooled	2584
accounts, including the state treasurer's investment pool, in	2585
the same manner, in the same types of instruments, and subject	2586
to the same limitations provided for the deposit and investment	2587
of interim moneys of the state, except that the fund shall not	2588
be invested in the linked deposits authorized under sections	2589
135.61 to 135.67 <u>135.66</u> of the Revised Code.	2590
(B)(1) On and after July 1, 1997, a treasurer, governing	2591
board, or investing authority of a subdivision that has not	2592
entered into an agreement with the treasurer of state under	2593
division (C) of this section shall not invest public moneys of	2594
the subdivision in a pooled account of the Ohio subdivision's	2595
fund under division (B)(6) of section 135.14 of the Revised Code	2596
or division (A)(6) of section 135.35 of the Revised Code if the	2597
pool does not maintain the highest letter or numerical rating	2598
provided by at least one nationally recognized standard-	2599

- (2) Upon receipt of notice that the pool does not maintain 2601 the highest letter or numerical rating required under division 2602 (B) (1) of this section, the treasurer of state shall have ninety 2603 days to obtain the required highest letter or numerical rating. 2604 If the treasurer of state fails to obtain the required highest 2605 letter or numerical rating, the treasurer of state shall have an 2606 additional one hundred eighty days to develop a plan to dissolve 2607 the pool. The plan shall include reasonable standards for the 2608 equitable return of public moneys in the pool to those 2609 2610 subdivisions participating in the pool.
- (3) Treasurers, governing boards, or investing authorities 2611 of subdivisions participating in the pool shall not be required 2612 to divest in the pool during the initial one hundred eighty days 2613 following the treasurer of state's receipt of notice under 2614 division (B)(2) of this section.
- (C) A treasurer, governing board, or investing authority 2616 of a subdivision that wishes to invest public moneys of the 2617 subdivision in a separately managed account or pooled account of 2618 the Ohio subdivision's fund may enter into an agreement with the 2619 treasurer of state that sets forth the manner in which the money 2620 is to be invested. The treasurer of state shall invest the 2621 moneys in accordance with the agreement, subject to the 2622 limitations set forth in division (A) of this section. For 2623 purposes of this division, the limitation on investments in debt 2624 interests provided in division (A)(11)(a) of section 135.143 of 2625 the Revised Code shall not apply to a subdivision's excess 2626 reserves. 2627
- (D) The treasurer of state shall adopt such rules as are 2628 necessary for the implementation of this section, including the 2629 efficient administration of and accounting for the separately 2630

managed accounts and pooled accounts, including the state	2631
treasurer's investment pool, and the specification of minimum	2632
amounts that may be paid into such pools and minimum periods of	2633
time for which such payments shall be retained in the pools. The	2634
rules shall provide for the administrative expenses of the	2635
separately managed accounts and pooled accounts, including the	2636
state treasurer's investment pool, to be paid from the earnings	2637
and for the interest earnings in excess of such expenses to be	2638
credited to the several treasurers, governing boards, and	2639
investing authorities participating in a pool in a manner which	2640
equitably reflects the differing amounts of their respective	2641
investments in the pool and the differing periods of time for	2642
which such amounts are in the pool.	2643

- (E) The treasurer of state shall give bond with sufficient sureties, payable to the treasurers, governing boards, and investing authorities of subdivisions participating in the fund, for the benefit of the subdivisions whose moneys are paid into the fund for investment, in the total penal sum of two hundred fifty thousand dollars, conditioned for the faithful discharge of the treasurer of state's duties in relation to the fund.
- (F) The treasurer of state and the treasurer of state's bonders or surety are liable for the loss of any interim moneys of the state and subdivisions invested under this section to the same extent the treasurer of state and the treasurer of state's bonders or surety are liable for the loss of public moneys under section 135.19 of the Revised Code.
 - (G) As used in this section:
- (1) "Interim moneys" and "governing board" have the same 2658 meanings as in section 135.01 of the Revised Code. 2659

(2)(a) "Subdivision" has the same meaning as in section	2660
135.01 of the Revised Code, but also includes a county, a	2661
municipal corporation that has adopted a charter under Article	2662
XVIII, Ohio Constitution, or any government entity for which the	2663
fund is a permissible investment.	2664
(b) "Public moneys of a subdivision" has the same meaning	2665
as in section 135.01 of the Revised Code, but also includes	2666
"public moneys" as defined in section 135.31 of the Revised	2667
Code, and funds held in the custody of the treasurer of state	2668
notwithstanding any limitations on the permissible investments	2669
of such funds.	2670
(3) "Treasurer" has the same meaning as in sections 135.01	2671
and 135.31 of the Revised Code.	2672
(4) "Investing authority" has the same meaning as in	2673
section 135.31 of the Revised Code.	2674
(5) "Excess reserves" means the amount of a subdivision's	2675
public moneys that exceed the average of a subdivision's annual	2676
operating expenses in the immediately preceding three fiscal	2677
years.	2678
Sec. 135.46. (A) The treasurer of state may create a	2679
taxable investment pool or a tax-exempt investment pool, or	2680
both, for the purpose of providing a procedure for the temporary	2681
investment of bond proceeds. The pool shall be in the custody of	2682
the treasurer of state.	2683
(B) A treasurer, governing board, or investing authority	2684
of a subdivision, or any agency of the state that has debt-	2685
issuing authority may pay bond proceeds into either or both of	2686
the pools authorized under division (A) of this section.	2687
(C) The treasurer of state shall invest the funds of the	2688

taxable investment pool authorized under division (A) of this	2689
section in the same manner, in the same types of instruments,	2690
and subject to the same limitations provided for the deposit and	2691
investment of interim moneys of the state and subdivisions under	2692
sections 135.14 and $\frac{135.141}{135.143}$ of the Revised Code. The	2693
treasurer also may invest in any other taxable obligations	2694
issued by any political subdivision of the state.	2695
(D) The treasurer of state shall invest the funds of the	2696
tax-exempt investment pool in debt obligations and participation	2697
interests in such obligations, if all of the following apply:	2698
(1) The obligations are issued by or on behalf of any	2699
state of the United States, or any political subdivision,	2700
agency, or instrumentality of any such state;	2701
(2) The interest on such obligations is exempt from	2702
federal income taxation;	2703
(3) The obligations are rated in either of the two highest	2704
classifications established by at least one nationally	2705
recognized standard statistical rating service organization.	2706
(E)(1) The treasurer of state shall, pursuant to Chapter	2707
119. of the Revised Code, adopt such rules as are necessary to	2708
carry out the purposes of this section and for the efficient	2709
administration and accounting of a pool established pursuant to	2710
division (A) of this section.	2711
(2) The rules shall provide for the administrative	2712
expenses of such pool to be paid from its earnings and for the	2713
interest earnings in excess of such expenses to be credited to	2714
the several treasurers, governing boards, investing authorities,	2715
and agencies of the state participating in the pool in a manner	2716
that equitably reflects the differing amounts of their	2717

respective investments in the pool and the differing periods of	2718
time for which such amounts are in the pool.	2719
(3) The rules shall establish standards governing pools	2720
authorized under division (A) of this section, taking into	2721
consideration all federal rebate and yield restrictions and the	2722
objective of maintaining a high degree of safety and liquidity.	2723
(F) Upon creating a pool authorized under division (A) of	2724
this section, the treasurer of state shall give bond with	2725
sufficient sureties, payable to the treasurers, governing	2726
boards, and investing authorities of subdivisions and agencies	2727
of the state participating in the pool, for the benefit of the	2728
participating subdivisions and agencies, in the total penal sum	2729
of two hundred fifty thousand dollars, conditioned for the	2730
faithful discharge of histhe treasurer of state's duties in	2731
relation to the pool.	2732
(G) The treasurer of state and his bondsmenthe treasurer	2733
of state's bonders or surety are liable for the loss of any	2734
moneys of the state invested under this section through a pool	2735
established under division (A) of this section to the same	2736
extent the treasurer of state and his bondsmenthe treasurer of	2737
state's bonders or surety are liable for the loss of public	2738
moneys under section 135.19 of the Revised Code.	2739
(H) As used in this section:	2740
(1) "Governing board" has the same meaning as in section	2741
135.01 of the Revised Code.	2742
(2) "Interim moneys" has the same meaning as in section	2743
135.01 of the Revised Code.	2744
(3) "Investing authority" has the same meaning as in	2745
section 135 31 of the Revised Code	2746

(4) "Public moneys of a subdivision" has the same meaning	2747
as in section 135.01 of the Revised Code, but also includes	2748
"public moneys" as defined in section 135.31 of the Revised	2749
Code, and funds held in the custody of the treasurer of state	2750
notwithstanding any limitations on the permissible investments	2751
of such funds.	2752
(5) "Subdivision" has the same meaning as in section	2753
135.01 of the Revised Code, but also includes a county, or a	2754
municipal corporation that has adopted a charter under Article	2755
XVIII, Ohio Constitution.	2756
(6) "Treasurer" has the same meaning as in sections 135.01	2757
and 135.31 of the Revised Code.	2758
Sec. 135.47. (A) There is hereby created the securities	2759
nlending lending program.	2760
(B) There is hereby created in the state treasury the	2761
securities lending program fund. Income from the interest	2762
earnings of the securities lending program in an amount	2763
calculated pursuant to division (D) of this section shall be	2764
credited to the fund. All other such income shall be credited to	2765
the general revenue fund.	2766
(C) The treasurer of state may use the securities lending	2767
program fund solely—for operations of the office of the	2768
treasurer of state or may transfer unexpended amounts in the	2769
fund to the treasurer's information technology reserve fund	2770
created under section 113.22 of the Revised Code.	2771
(D) The amount of income from the interest earnings of the	2772
securities lending program that shall be paid into the	2773
securities lending program fund shall not exceed an amount based	2774
on an annual rate of one-quarter of one per cent of the total	2775

average daily par value of assets in the securities lending	2776
program, as determined and calculated by the treasurer of state.	2777
Such income shall be paid on a monthly basis.	2778
Sec. 135.61. (A) The treasurer of state may invest in	2779
linked deposits under Chapter 135. of the Revised Code, provided	2780
that at the time of placement of any such linked deposits the	2781
combined amount of investments of public money of the state in	2782
linked deposits of any kind is not more than twelve per cent of	2783
the state's total average investment portfolio as determined by	2784
the treasurer of state. When deciding whether to invest in any	2785
linked deposits, the treasurer of state shall give priority to	2786
the investment, liquidity, and cash flow needs of the state.	2787
(B) The treasurer of state may, in accordance with section	2788
111.15 of the Revised Code, adopt rules necessary for the	2789
implementation and administration of linked deposits under this	2790
chapter, including, but not limited to, the manner in which an	2791
eligible lending institution is designated, and the linked	2792
deposits are placed, held, designated, and collateralized.	2793
(C) Notwithstanding any provision of the Revised Code to	2794
the contrary, the treasurer of state may require an eligible	2795
credit union that holds linked deposits under this chapter to	2796
pay interest at a rate not lower than the product of the	2797
prevailing interest rate multiplied by the sum of one plus the	2798
treasurer of state's assessment rate. The treasurer of state	2799
may, in accordance with section 119.03 of the Revised Code,	2800
adopt rules necessary for the implementation of division (C) of	2801
this section.	2802
Sec. 135.62. As used in sections 135.61 to 135.66 of the	2803
Revised Code:	2804

(A) "Discount interest rate" means an interest rate below	2805
the prevailing interest rate that the treasurer of state	2806
determines eligible lending institutions are willing to pay to	2807
hold linked deposits.	2808
(B) "Eligible borrower" means a borrower who has met all	2809
the requirements necessary to participate in the adoption linked	2810
deposit program under section 135.63 of the Revised Code,	2811
agricultural linked deposit program under section 135.64 of the	2812
Revised Code, small business linked deposit program under	2813
section 135.65 of the Revised Code, or home improvement linked	2814
deposit program under section 135.66 of the Revised Code.	2815
(C) "Eligible credit union" means, notwithstanding any	2816
provision of sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised Code to	2817
the contrary, a federal credit union, a foreign credit union	2818
licensed pursuant to section 1733.39 of the Revised Code, or a	2819
credit union as defined in section 1733.01 of the Revised Code,	2820
<pre>located in this state.</pre>	2821
(D) "Eligible lending institution" means a financial_	2822
institution that is eligible to make loans, agrees to	2823
participate in the applicable linked deposit program, and is one	2824
of the following:	2825
(1) A public depository of state funds, or an eligible	2826
credit union designated under division (A) of section 135.12 of	2827
the Revised Code;	2828
(2) The Ohio housing finance agency, in accordance with	2829
division (A)(3)(a) of section 135.143 of the Revised Code;	2830
(3) For the agricultural linked deposit program,	2831
notwithstanding any provision of sections 135.01 to 135.21 of	2832
the Revised Code to the contrary, an institution of the farm	2833

credit system organized under the federal "Farm Credit Act of	2834
1971," 85 Stat. 583, 12 U.S.C. 2001, as amended.	2835
(E) "Homestead" means a dwelling owned and occupied in	2836
this state as a single-family primary residence by an individual	2837
for the purpose of qualifying for the home improvement linked	2838
deposit program. "Homestead" includes a house, condo, unit in a	2839
multiple-unit dwelling, manufactured home or mobile home taxed	2840
as real property pursuant to division (B) of section 4503.06 of	2841
the Revised Code, or any other building with a residential	2842
classification, as allowed by the treasurer of state.	2843
"Homestead" includes so much of the land surrounding the	2844
dwelling as is reasonably necessary for the use of the dwelling	2845
as a residence, as determined by the treasurer of state.	2846
(F) "Linked deposit" means a certificate of deposit, share	2847
certificate, other financial institution instrument, or portion	2848
of an existing deposit of interim funds made in accordance with	2849
section 135.09 of the Revised Code placed, purchased, or	2850
designated by the treasurer of state with an eligible lending	2851
institution; provided the institution agrees to lend up to the	2852
value of such certificate of deposit, share certificate, other	2853
financial institution instrument, or designated portion of an	2854
existing deposit to eligible borrowers for applicable linked	2855
deposit programs at the rate established in division (A) of	2856
section 135.624 of the Revised Code, and in accordance with the	2857
deposit agreement provided in section 135.623 of the Revised	2858
<u>Code</u> .	2859
(G) "Linked deposit program" means a program authorized	2860
under sections 135.61 to 135.66 of the Revised Code and	2861
established by the treasurer of state pursuant to such sections.	2862
(H) "Loan" moans a contractual agreement under which an	2863

eligible lending institution agrees to lend money to an eligible	2864
borrower in the form of an upfront lump sum, a line of credit,	2865
or any other reasonable arrangement approved by the treasurer of	2866
state.	2867
(I) "Manufactured home" has the same meaning as in section	2868
3781.06 of the Revised Code.	2869
(J) "Mobile home" has the same meaning as in section	2870
4501.01 of the Revised Code.	2871
(K) "Other financial institution instrument" means:	2872
(1) For the agricultural linked deposit program under	2873
section 135.64 of the Revised Code, an investment by the	2874
treasurer of state in bonds, notes, debentures, or other	2875
obligations or securities issued by the federal farm credit bank	2876
with regard to an eligible lending institution;	2877
(2) For all linked deposit programs other than the	2878
agricultural linked deposit program, a product that otherwise	2879
would pay the prevailing interest rate approved by the treasurer	2880
of state, for the purpose of providing eligible borrowers with	2881
the benefits of the applicable linked deposit program, and in	2882
accordance with the deposit agreement provided in section	2883
135.623 of the Revised Code.	2884
(L) "Owner" includes a holder of one of the several	2885
estates in fee, a vendee in possession under a purchase	2886
agreement or a land contract, a mortgagor, a life tenant, one or	2887
more tenants with a right of survivorship, tenants in common, a	2888
settlor of a revocable or irrevocable inter vivos trust holding	2889
the title to a homestead occupied by the settlor as of right	2890
under the trust, or any other determination as made by the	2891
treasurer of state.	2892

(M) "Prevailing interest rate" means a current market	2893
interest rate selected by the treasurer of state that eligible	2894
lending institutions are willing to pay to hold deposits of the	2895
treasurer of state.	2896
(N) "Qualifying adoption expense" means any expense	2897
incurred to legally adopt a child as described in division (C)	2898
of section 3107.055 of the Revised Code, including any costs	2899
incurred by the eligible borrower proximately relating to the	2900
completion and approval of the home study under section 3107.031	2901
of the Revised Code, and any other expense as determined by the	2902
treasurer of state.	2903
(0) "Treasurer of state's assessment rate" means a number	2904
not exceeding ten per cent that is calculated in a manner	2905
determined by the treasurer of state and that seeks to account	2906
for the effect that varying tax treatment among different types	2907
of financial institutions has on the ability of financial	2908
institutions to pay competitive interest rates to hold deposits.	2909
Sec. 135.621. (A) An eligible lending institution that	2910
desires to receive a linked deposit shall accept and review	2911
applications for loans from eligible borrowers for linked	2912
deposit programs in which the eligible lending institution	2913
participates. The eligible lending institution shall apply all	2914
usual lending standards to determine the credit worthiness of	2915
each eligible borrower. No loan shall exceed the amount	2916
determined by the treasurer of state.	2917
(B) An eligible borrower shall certify on its loan	2918
application that the reduced rate loan will be used exclusively	2919
for the purposes of the applicable linked deposit program, as	2920
described in section 135.63, 135.64, 135.65, or 135.66 of the	2921
Revised Code. Whoever knowingly makes a false statement	2922

concerning such application is guilty of the offense of	2923
falsification under section 2921.13 of the Revised Code.	2924
(C) The eligible lending institution shall forward to the	2925
treasurer of state a linked deposit loan package, in the form	2926
and manner prescribed by the treasurer of state. The package	2927
shall include such information as required by the treasurer of	2928
state, including the amount of each loan requested by each	2929
eligible borrower and all other information as described in	2930
section 135.63, 135.64, 135.65, or 135.66 of the Revised Code	2931
for the applicable linked deposit program. The institution shall	2932
certify both of the following:	2933
(1) That each applicant is an eligible borrower and, for	2934
each such eligible borrower, the present borrowing rate;	2935
(2) That the eligible lending institution applied all of	2936
its usual lending standards to determine the credit worthiness	2937
of each eligible borrower.	2938
(D) No fee shall be charged to any party for the	2939
preparation, processing, reporting, or monitoring of any	2940
application to an eligible lending institution or the treasurer	2941
of state for participation in a linked deposit program.	2942
Sec. 135.622. (A) The treasurer of state may accept or	2943
reject a linked deposit loan package, or any portion of it,	2944
based on the treasurer of state's evaluation of the eligible	2945
borrowers included in the package, the amount of individual	2946
loans in the package, and the amount of state funds to be	2947
deposited with an eligible lending institution.	2948
(B) Upon acceptance of the linked deposit loan package or	2949
any portion of it, the treasurer of state may place, purchase,	2950
or designate a linked deposit with the eligible lending	2951

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(B) The eligible lending institution shall provide to the	2982
treasurer of state a certificate of compliance with division (A)	2983
of this section, in the form and manner prescribed by the	2984
treasurer of state.	2985
(C) Upon the conclusion of the maturity period, the	2986
treasurer of state may allow for the renewal of an application	2987
for a linked deposit program with the same terms for one or more	2988
additional maturity periods if certain requirements are met, as	2989
determined by the treasurer of state. In the event the treasurer	2990
of state does not allow for renewal, the requirements are not	2991
met, or the eligible borrower is not eligible for a renewal, an	2992
eligible borrower may submit a new application to participate in	2993
a linked deposit program.	2994
(D) At the time of maturity or upon the repayment of a	2995
loan in its entirety, whichever is earlier, the eligible	2996
financial institution shall return the amount of the	2997
corresponding linked deposit to the treasurer of state in a	2998
timely manner, as prescribed by the treasurer of state.	2999
(E) The treasurer of state shall take any and all steps	3000
necessary to implement and administer the linked deposit	3001
programs, including the development of guidelines as necessary.	3002
Sec. 135.625. (A) The state and the treasurer of state are	3003
not liable to any eligible lending institution or any eligible	3004
borrower in any manner for payment of the principal or interest	3005
on a loan to an eligible borrower. Any delay in payments,	3006
default on the part of an eligible borrower, or misuse or	3007
misconduct on the part of an eligible lending institution or	3008
eligible borrower does not in any manner affect the deposit	3009
agreement required by section 135.623 of the Revised Code	3010
between the eligible lending institution and the treasurer of	3011

<pre>state.</pre>	3012
(B) If an eligible lending institution changes the terms	3013
of a loan to an eligible borrower because of a delay in payments	3014
or default, the amount of the linked deposit associated with the	3015
loan plus applicable interest and without early withdrawal	3016
penalties shall be returned to the treasurer of state by the	3017
eligible lending institution in a timely manner as prescribed by	3018
the treasurer of state.	3019
Sec. 135.63. (A) The general assembly finds that	3020
strengthening families across Ohio is critical toward ensuring	3021
the long-term prosperity of the state. However, the upfront	3022
financial costs associated with adoption often deter families	3023
from pursuing the adoption process. Accordingly, it is declared	3024
to be the public policy of the state through the adoption linked	3025
deposit program to create the availability of reduced rate loans	3026
to reduce the financial burden of adoption and to strengthen	3027
families in this state.	3028
(B) An eligible borrower for the adoption linked deposit	3029
program is an individual who is a resident of this state and to	3030
whom either of the following applies:	3031
(1) The individual completes a home study pursuant to	3032
section 3107.031 of the Revised Code and is approved to adopt.	3033
(2) The individual is pursuing an adoption through the	3034
public foster care system and meets the requirements set by the	3035
department of job and family services.	3036
(C) An eligible lending institution for the adoption	3037
linked deposit program must be able to make secured or unsecured	3038
personal loans.	3039
(D) An eligible borrower shall certify on the borrower's	3040

loan application that the reduced rate loan will be used	3041
exclusively to pay for qualifying adoption expenses.	3042
Sec. 135.64. (A) The general assembly finds that Ohio's	3043
agricultural industry has long served as a critical component of	3044
the state's overall economy. However, an inadequate supply of	3045
affordable financing options that meet the needs of Ohio's	3046
agricultural community and other various economic pressures pose	3047
an ongoing challenge for farmers, agribusiness, and agricultural	3048
cooperatives as they work to grow or maintain sufficient	3049
operations throughout the year. Accordingly, it is declared to	3050
be the public policy of the state through the agricultural	3051
linked deposit program to create the availability of reduced	3052
rate loans to inject needed capital into the agricultural	3053
community, sustain or improve agricultural economic growth and	3054
profitability, and protect a core driver of the state's economy.	3055
(B) An eligible borrower for the agricultural linked	3056
deposit program is any person engaged in agriculture that has	3057
all the following characteristics:	3058
(1) Is headquartered or domiciled in this state;	3059
(2) Maintains land or facilities for agricultural purposes	3060
in this state provided that the land or facilities within this	3061
state comprise not less than fifty-one per cent of the total of	3062
all lands or facilities maintained by the person;	3063
(3) Is either organized for profit or as an agricultural	3064
cooperative as defined in section 1729.01 of the Revised Code.	3065
(C) An eligible lending institution for the agricultural	3066
linked deposit program must be able to make commercial loans.	3067
(D) An eligible borrower shall certify on its loan	3068
application that the reduced rate loan will be used exclusively	3069

for agricultural purposes on land or in facilities owned or	3070
operated by the eligible borrower in this state and that the	3071
loan will materially contribute to the preservation or growth of	3072
the business.	3073
Sec. 135.65. (A) The general assembly finds that small	3074
businesses make significant contributions to the state's	3075
economic well-being. However, various economic challenges, such	3076
as tightened capital availability, inflationary pressures, or	3077
rising interest rates, can cause disproportionate harm to small	3078
businesses and discourage aspiring job creators from taking root	3079
in Ohio. Accordingly, it is declared to be the public policy of	3080
the state through the small business linked deposit program to	3081
create the availability of reduced rate loans to inject needed	3082
capital into the business community, sustain or improve small	3083
business growth profitability, protect the jobs of residents,	3084
and foster economic growth and development within Ohio's small	3085
businesses.	3086
(B) An eliqible borrower for the small business linked	3087
deposit program is any person, including a person engaged in	3088
agriculture, that has all the following characteristics:	3089
(1) Is headquartered or domiciled in this state;	3090
(2) Maintains offices or operating facilities in this	3091
state, provided that the offices or operating facilities within	3092
the state comprise not less than fifty-one per cent of the total	3093
of all offices and operating facilities maintained by the	3094
business;	3095
(3) Employs fewer than one hundred fifty employees, not	3096
less than fifty-one per cent of whom are residents of this	3097
state;	3098

(4) Is organized for profit.	3099
(C) An eligible lending institution for the small business	3100
linked deposit program must be able to make commercial loans.	3101
(D) An eligible borrower shall certify on its loan	3102
application that the reduced rate loan will be used exclusively	3103
in this state to create new jobs, preserve existing jobs and	3104
employment opportunities, or materially contribute to the	3105
preservation or growth of the business.	3106
Sec. 135.66. (A) The general assembly finds that making	3107
homeownership and maintenance costs more affordable is an	3108
important part of fostering a robust and lasting population	3109
across the state. However, homeowners often struggle to find	3110
adequate and affordable financing options to pursue home	3111
improvement, home restoration, or similar types of projects and	3112
upgrades aimed at maintaining or increasing the livability and	3113
value of a home. Accordingly, it is declared to be the public	3114
policy of the state through the home improvement linked deposit	3115
program to create the availability of reduced rate loans to	3116
<pre>improve, maintain, or restore an existing homestead.</pre>	3117
(B) An eligible borrower for the home improvement linked	3118
deposit program is any individual who is a resident of this	3119
state and to whom both of the following apply:	3120
(1) The individual is the owner of an existing homestead	3121
<pre>located in this state.</pre>	3122
(2) The loan will be used to improve or maintain that	3123
existing homestead.	3124
(C) An eligible lending institution for the home	3125
improvement linked deposit program must be able to make	3126
residential or secured or unsecured personal loans.	3127

(D) An eligible borrower shall certify on the loan	3128
application that the reduced rate loan will be used exclusively	3129
to improve, maintain, or restore the eligible borrower's	3130
existing homestead, in accordance with the program goals	3131
outlined in division (A) of this section.	3132
(E) An eligible borrower shall include in the loan	3133
application official estimates or receipts for the total amount	3134
of the loan.	3135
Sec. 169.053. (A) As used in this section, "state of Ohio	3136
coupon bond" means property, tangible or intangible, in the form	3137
of a coupon bond and its related interest coupons issued by this	3138
state prior to 1985 and to which all of the following apply:	3139
(1) It has matured, been called and defeased, or otherwise	3140
become due and payable.	3141
(2) Either the treasurer of state or the trustee bank is	3142
the paying agent.	3143
(3) The owner has neither registered the bond or interest	3144
coupon nor claimed the bond's principal or interest.	3145
(B) Notwithstanding any provision of the Revised Code to	3146
the contrary, state of Ohio coupon bonds held by any person,	3147
business, or state or other government, political subdivision,	3148
agency, or instrumentality, and all proceeds thereof, shall be	3149
presumed abandoned in this state and constitute unclaimed funds	3150
under this chapter if both of the following apply:	3151
(1) The owner of the state of Ohio coupon bond or interest	3152
coupon is unknown to the treasurer of state.	3153
(2) The state of Ohio coupon bond's principal or interest	3154
has remained unclaimed and unredeemed for three years after	3155

final maturity, call date, interest payment date, or other	3156
payment date.	3157
(C) State of Ohio coupon bonds that are presumed abandoned	3158
and constitute unclaimed funds under division (B) of this	3159
section, including bonds in the possession of the director of	3160
commerce, shall escheat to the state three years after becoming	3161
abandoned and unclaimed property. All property rights and legal	3162
title to and ownership of such bonds or interest coupons or	3163
proceeds from such bonds or interest coupons, including all	3164
rights, powers, and privileges of survivorship of any owner, co-	3165
owner, or beneficiary, shall vest solely in this state as	3166
provided in divisions (D) to (H) of this section.	3167
(D) If, within one hundred eighty days after the three-	3168
year period prescribed under division (C) of this section, no	3169
claim has been filed under this chapter for the bond, the	3170
director shall commence a civil action in a court of competent	3171
jurisdiction for a determination that the bond escheats to the	3172
state. The director may postpone the commencement of an action	3173
until a sufficient number of bonds have accumulated in the	3174
director's custody to justify the expense of the proceedings.	3175
(E) Service by publication shall be made in accordance	3176
with Rule 4.4 of the Rules of Civil Procedure.	3177
(F) If no person files a claim or appears at the hearing	3178
to substantiate a claim or if the court determines that a	3179
claimant is not entitled to the property claimed, and if the	3180
court is satisfied by the evidence that the director has	3181
substantially complied with the laws of this state, the court	3182
shall enter a judgment that the bonds have escheated to the	3183
state and all property rights and legal title to and ownership	3184
of the bonds or the proceeds from the bonds, including all	3185

rights, powers, and privileges of survivorship of any owner, co-	3186
owner, or beneficiary, have vested solely in the state.	3187
(G) The director shall redeem the state of Ohio coupon	3188
bonds escheated to the state by judgment of the court. When the	3189
proceeds that have escheated have been recovered by the	3190
director, the director shall pay all costs incident to the	3191
collection and recovery of the proceeds from the redemption of	3192
the bonds and disburse the remaining balance of the proceeds in	3193
the manner provided under section 169.05 of the Revised Code for	3194
all other unclaimed funds.	3195
(H) Notwithstanding section 169.08 of the Revised Code,	3196
any person claiming a state of Ohio coupon bond that has	3197
escheated to the state under this section, or for the proceeds	3198
from the bond, may file a claim with the director. Upon	3199
providing sufficient proof of the validity of the person's	3200
claim, the director may, in the director's discretion, pay the	3201
claim less any expenses and costs incurred by the state in	3202
securing full title and ownership of the property by escheat. If	3203
payment has been made to a claimant, no action thereafter may be	3204
maintained by any other claimant against the state or any	3205
officer of the state, for or on account of the payment of the	3206
<pre>claim.</pre>	3207
Sec. 718.01. Any term used in this chapter that is not	3208
otherwise defined in this chapter has the same meaning as when	3209
used in a comparable context in laws of the United States	3210
relating to federal income taxation or in Title LVII of the	3211
Revised Code, unless a different meaning is clearly required.	3212
Except as provided in section 718.81 of the Revised Code, if a	3213
term used in this chapter that is not otherwise defined in this	3214
chapter is used in a comparable context in both the laws of the	3215

United States relating to federal income tax and in Title LVII	3216
of the Revised Code and the use is not consistent, then the use	3217
of the term in the laws of the United States relating to federal	3218
income tax shall control over the use of the term in Title LVII	3219
of the Revised Code.	3220
Except as otherwise provided in section 718.81 of the	3221
Revised Code, as used in this chapter:	3222
(A)(1) "Municipal taxable income" means the following:	3223
(a) For a person other than an individual, income	3224
apportioned or sitused to the municipal corporation under	3225
section 718.02 of the Revised Code, as applicable, reduced by	3226
any pre-2017 net operating loss carryforward available to the	3227
person for the municipal corporation.	3228
(b)(i) For an individual who is a resident of a municipal	3229
corporation other than a qualified municipal corporation, income	3230
reduced by exempt income to the extent otherwise included in	3231
income, then reduced as provided in division (A)(2) of this	3232
section, and further reduced by any pre-2017 net operating loss	3233
carryforward available to the individual for the municipal	3234
corporation.	3235
(ii) For an individual who is a resident of a qualified	3236
municipal corporation, Ohio adjusted gross income reduced by	3237
income exempted, and increased by deductions excluded, by the	3238
qualified municipal corporation from the qualified municipal	3239
corporation's tax. If a qualified municipal corporation, on or	3240
before December 31, 2013, exempts income earned by individuals	3241
who are not residents of the qualified municipal corporation and	3242
net profit of persons that are not wholly located within the	3243
qualified municipal corporation, such individual or person shall	3244

have no municipal taxable income for the purposes of the tax	3245
levied by the qualified municipal corporation and may be	3246
exempted by the qualified municipal corporation from the	3247
requirements of section 718.03 of the Revised Code.	3248
(c) For an individual who is a nonresident of a municipal	3249
corporation, income reduced by exempt income to the extent	3250
otherwise included in income and then, as applicable,	3251
apportioned or sitused to the municipal corporation under	3252
section 718.02 of the Revised Code, then reduced as provided in	3253
division (A)(2) of this section, and further reduced by any pre-	3254
2017 net operating loss carryforward available to the individual	3255
for the municipal corporation.	3256
(2) In computing the municipal taxable income of a	3257
taxpayer who is an individual, the taxpayer may subtract, as	3258
provided in division (A)(1)(b)(i) or (c) of this section, the	3259
amount of the individual's employee business expenses reported	3260
on the individual's form 2106 that the individual deducted for	3261
federal income tax purposes for the taxable year, subject to the	3262
limitation imposed by section 67 of the Internal Revenue Code.	3263
For the municipal corporation in which the taxpayer is a	3264
resident, the taxpayer may deduct all such expenses allowed for	3265
federal income tax purposes. For a municipal corporation in	3266
which the taxpayer is not a resident, the taxpayer may deduct	3267
such expenses only to the extent the expenses are related to the	3268
taxpayer's performance of personal services in that nonresident	3269
municipal corporation.	3270
(B) "Income" means the following:	3271
(1)(a) For residents, all income, salaries, qualifying	3272
wages, commissions, and other compensation from whatever source	3273

earned or received by the resident, including the resident's

distributive share of the net profit of pass-through entities	3275
owned directly or indirectly by the resident and any net profit	3276
of the resident, except as provided in division (D)(5) of this	3277
section.	3278
(b) For the purposes of division (B)(1)(a) of this	3279
section:	3280
(i) Any net operating loss of the resident incurred in the	3281
taxable year and the resident's distributive share of any net	3282
operating loss generated in the same taxable year and	3283
attributable to the resident's ownership interest in a pass-	3284
through entity shall be allowed as a deduction, for that taxable	3285
year and the following five taxable years, against any other net	3286
profit of the resident or the resident's distributive share of	3287
any net profit attributable to the resident's ownership interest	3288
in a pass-through entity until fully utilized, subject to	3289
division (B)(1)(d) of this section;	3290
(ii) The resident's distributive share of the net profit	3291
of each pass-through entity owned directly or indirectly by the	3292
resident shall be calculated without regard to any net operating	3293
loss that is carried forward by that entity from a prior taxable	3294
year and applied to reduce the entity's net profit for the	3295
current taxable year.	3296
(c) Division (B)(1)(b) of this section does not apply with	3297
respect to any net profit or net operating loss attributable to	3298
an ownership interest in an S corporation unless shareholders'	3299
distributive shares of net profits from S corporations are	3300
subject to tax in the municipal corporation as provided in	3301
division (C)(14)(b) or (c) of this section.	3302
(d) Any amount of a net operating loss used to reduce a	3303

taxpayer's net profit for a taxable year shall reduce the amount	3304
of net operating loss that may be carried forward to any	3305
subsequent year for use by that taxpayer. In no event shall the	3306
cumulative deductions for all taxable years with respect to a	3307
taxpayer's net operating loss exceed the original amount of that	3308
net operating loss available to that taxpayer.	3309
(2) In the case of nonresidents, all income, salaries,	3310
qualifying wages, commissions, and other compensation from	3311
whatever source earned or received by the nonresident for work	3312
done, services performed or rendered, or activities conducted in	3313
the municipal corporation, including any net profit of the	3314
nonresident, but excluding the nonresident's distributive share	3315
of the net profit or loss of only pass-through entities owned	3316
directly or indirectly by the nonresident.	3317
(3) For taxpayers that are not individuals, net profit of	3318
(1)	
the taxpayer;	3319
	3319 3320
the taxpayer;	
the taxpayer; (4) Lottery, sweepstakes, gambling and sports winnings,	3320
the taxpayer; (4) Lottery, sweepstakes, gambling and sports winnings, winnings from games of chance, and prizes and awards. If the	3320 3321
the taxpayer; (4) Lottery, sweepstakes, gambling and sports winnings, winnings from games of chance, and prizes and awards. If the taxpayer is a professional gambler for federal income tax	3320 3321 3322
the taxpayer; (4) Lottery, sweepstakes, gambling and sports winnings, winnings from games of chance, and prizes and awards. If the taxpayer is a professional gambler for federal income tax purposes, the taxpayer may deduct related wagering losses and	3320 3321 3322 3323
the taxpayer; (4) Lottery, sweepstakes, gambling and sports winnings, winnings from games of chance, and prizes and awards. If the taxpayer is a professional gambler for federal income tax purposes, the taxpayer may deduct related wagering losses and expenses to the extent authorized under the Internal Revenue	3320 3321 3322 3323 3324
the taxpayer; (4) Lottery, sweepstakes, gambling and sports winnings, winnings from games of chance, and prizes and awards. If the taxpayer is a professional gambler for federal income tax purposes, the taxpayer may deduct related wagering losses and expenses to the extent authorized under the Internal Revenue Code and claimed against such winnings.	3320 3321 3322 3323 3324 3325
the taxpayer; (4) Lottery, sweepstakes, gambling and sports winnings, winnings from games of chance, and prizes and awards. If the taxpayer is a professional gambler for federal income tax purposes, the taxpayer may deduct related wagering losses and expenses to the extent authorized under the Internal Revenue Code and claimed against such winnings. (C) "Exempt income" means all of the following:	3320 3321 3322 3323 3324 3325 3326
the taxpayer; (4) Lottery, sweepstakes, gambling and sports winnings, winnings from games of chance, and prizes and awards. If the taxpayer is a professional gambler for federal income tax purposes, the taxpayer may deduct related wagering losses and expenses to the extent authorized under the Internal Revenue Code and claimed against such winnings. (C) "Exempt income" means all of the following: (1) The military pay or allowances of members of the armed	3320 3321 3322 3323 3324 3325 3326
the taxpayer; (4) Lottery, sweepstakes, gambling and sports winnings, winnings from games of chance, and prizes and awards. If the taxpayer is a professional gambler for federal income tax purposes, the taxpayer may deduct related wagering losses and expenses to the extent authorized under the Internal Revenue Code and claimed against such winnings. (C) "Exempt income" means all of the following: (1) The military pay or allowances of members of the armed forces of the United States or members of their reserve	3320 3321 3322 3323 3324 3325 3326 3327 3328
the taxpayer; (4) Lottery, sweepstakes, gambling and sports winnings, winnings from games of chance, and prizes and awards. If the taxpayer is a professional gambler for federal income tax purposes, the taxpayer may deduct related wagering losses and expenses to the extent authorized under the Internal Revenue Code and claimed against such winnings. (C) "Exempt income" means all of the following: (1) The military pay or allowances of members of the armed forces of the United States or members of their reserve components, including the national guard of any state;	3320 3321 3322 3323 3324 3325 3326 3327 3328 3329

intangible income on March 29, 1988, pursuant to Section 3 of	3333
S.B. 238 of the 116th general assembly, may continue to tax that	3334
type of income if a majority of the electors of the municipal	3335
corporation voting on the question of whether to permit the	3336
taxation of that type of intangible income after 1988 voted in	3337
favor thereof at an election held on November 8, 1988.	3338

- (3) Social security benefits, railroad retirement 3339 benefits, unemployment compensation, pensions, retirement 3340 benefit payments, payments from annuities, and similar payments 3341 made to an employee or to the beneficiary of an employee under a 3342 retirement program or plan, disability payments received from 3343 private industry or local, state, or federal governments or from 3344 charitable, religious or educational organizations, and the 3345 proceeds of sickness, accident, or liability insurance policies. 3346 As used in division (C)(3) of this section, "unemployment 3347 compensation" does not include supplemental unemployment 3348 compensation described in section 3402(o)(2) of the Internal 3349 Revenue Code. 3350
- (4) The income of religious, fraternal, charitable,

 scientific, literary, or educational institutions to the extent

 3352
 such income is derived from tax-exempt real estate, tax-exempt
 tangible or intangible property, or tax-exempt activities.

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- (5) Compensation paid under section 3501.28 or 3501.36 of 3355 the Revised Code to a person serving as a precinct election 3356 official to the extent that such compensation does not exceed 3357 one thousand dollars for the taxable year. Such compensation in 3358 excess of one thousand dollars for the taxable year may be 3359 subject to taxation by a municipal corporation. A municipal 3360 corporation shall not require the payer of such compensation to 3361 withhold any tax from that compensation. 3362

(6) Dues, contributions, and similar payments received by	3363
charitable, religious, educational, or literary organizations or	3364
labor unions, lodges, and similar organizations;	3365
(7) Alimony and child support received;	3366
(8) Compensation for personal injuries or for damages to	3367
property from insurance proceeds or otherwise, excluding	3368
compensation paid for lost salaries or wages or compensation	3369
from punitive damages;	3370
(9) Income of a public utility when that public utility is	3371
subject to the tax levied under section 5727.24 or 5727.30 of	3372
the Revised Code. Division (C)(9) of this section does not apply	3373
for purposes of Chapter 5745. of the Revised Code.	3374
(10) Gains from involuntary conversions, interest on	3375
federal obligations, items of income subject to a tax levied by	3376
the state and that a municipal corporation is specifically	3377
prohibited by law from taxing, and income of a decedent's estate	3378
during the period of administration except such income from the	3379
operation of a trade or business;	3380
(11) Compensation or allowances excluded from federal	3381
-	3382
gross income under section 107 of the Internal Revenue Code;	3302
(12) Employee compensation that is not qualifying wages as	3383
defined in division (R) of this section;	3384
(13) Compensation paid to a person employed within the	3385
boundaries of a United States air force base under the	3386
jurisdiction of the United States air force that is used for the	3387
housing of members of the United States air force and is a	3388
center for air force operations, unless the person is subject to	3389
taxation because of residence or domicile. If the compensation	3390
is subject to taxation because of residence or domicile, tax on	3391

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such income shall be payable only to the municipal corporation of residence or domicile.

- (14) (a) Except as provided in division (C) (14) (b) or (c) 3394 of this section, an S corporation shareholder's distributive 3395 share of net profits of the S corporation, other than any part 3396 of the distributive share of net profits that represents wages 3397 as defined in section 3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code or 3398 net earnings from self-employment as defined in section 1402(a) 3399 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (b) If, pursuant to division (H) of former section 718.01 3401 of the Revised Code as it existed before March 11, 2004, a 3402 majority of the electors of a municipal corporation voted in 3403 favor of the question at an election held on November 4, 2003, 3404 the municipal corporation may continue after 2002 to tax an S 3405 corporation shareholder's distributive share of net profits of 3406 an S corporation.
- (c) If, on December 6, 2002, a municipal corporation was 3408 imposing, assessing, and collecting a tax on an S corporation 3409 shareholder's distributive share of net profits of the S 3410 corporation to the extent the distributive share would be 3411 allocated or apportioned to this state under divisions (B) (1) 3412 and (2) of section 5733.05 of the Revised Code if the S 3413 corporation were a corporation subject to taxes imposed under 3414 Chapter 5733. of the Revised Code, the municipal corporation may 3415 continue to impose the tax on such distributive shares to the 3416 extent such shares would be so allocated or apportioned to this 3417 state only until December 31, 2004, unless a majority of the 3418 electors of the municipal corporation voting on the question of 3419 continuing to tax such shares after that date voted in favor of 3420 that question at an election held November 2, 2004. If a 3421

majority of those electors voted in favor of the question, the	3422
municipal corporation may continue after December 31, 2004, to	3423
impose the tax on such distributive shares only to the extent	3424
such shares would be so allocated or apportioned to this state.	3425
(d) A municipal corporation shall be deemed to have	3426
elected to tax S corporation shareholders' distributive shares	3427
of net profits of the S corporation in the hands of the	3428
shareholders if a majority of the electors of a municipal	3429
corporation voted in favor of a question at an election held	3430
under division (C)(14)(b) or (c) of this section. The municipal	3431
corporation shall specify by resolution or ordinance that the	3432
tax applies to the distributive share of a shareholder of an S	3433
corporation in the hands of the shareholder of the S	3434
corporation.	3435
(15) To the extent authorized under a resolution or	3436
ordinance adopted by a municipal corporation before January 1,	3437
2016, all or a portion of the income of individuals or a class	3438
of individuals under eighteen years of age.	3439
	0.4.4.0
(16)(a) Except as provided in divisions (C)(16)(b), (c),	3440
and (d) of this section, qualifying wages described in division	3441
(B)(1) or (E) of section 718.011 of the Revised Code to the	3442
extent the qualifying wages are not subject to withholding for	3443
the municipal corporation under either of those divisions.	3444
(b) The exemption provided in division (C)(16)(a) of this	3445
section does not apply with respect to the municipal corporation	3446
in which the employee resided at the time the employee earned	3447
the qualifying wages.	3448
(c) The exemption provided in division (C)(16)(a) of this	3449

section does not apply to qualifying wages that an employer

elects to withhold under division (D)(2) of section 718.011 of	3451
the Revised Code.	3452
(d) The exemption provided in division (C)(16)(a) of this	3453
section does not apply to qualifying wages if both of the	3454
following conditions apply:	3455
(i) For qualifying wages described in division (B)(1) of	3456
section 718.011 of the Revised Code, the employee's employer	3457
withholds and remits tax on the qualifying wages to the	3458
municipal corporation in which the employee's principal place of	3459
work is situated, or, for qualifying wages described in division	3460
(E) of section 718.011 of the Revised Code, the employee's	3461
employer withholds and remits tax on the qualifying wages to the	3462
municipal corporation in which the employer's fixed location is	3463
located;	3464
(ii) The employee receives a refund of the tax described	3465
in division (C)(16)(d)(i) of this section on the basis of the	3466
employee not performing services in that municipal corporation.	3467
(17)(a) Except as provided in division (C)(17)(b) or (c)	3468
of this section, compensation that is not qualifying wages paid	3469
to a nonresident individual for personal services performed in	3470
the municipal corporation on not more than twenty days in a	3471
taxable year.	3472
(b) The exemption provided in division (C)(17)(a) of this	3473
section does not apply under either of the following	3474
circumstances:	3475
(i) The individual's base of operation is located in the	3476
municipal corporation.	3477
(ii) The individual is a professional athlete,	3478
professional entertainer, or public figure, and the compensation	3479

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- (c) Compensation to which division (C)(17) of this section 3486 applies shall be treated as earned or received at the 3487 individual's base of operation. If the individual does not have 3488 a base of operation, the compensation shall be treated as earned 3489 or received where the individual is domiciled. 3490
- (d) For purposes of division (C)(17) of this section, 3491
 "base of operation" means the location where an individual owns 3492
 or rents an office, storefront, or similar facility to which the 3493
 individual regularly reports and at which the individual 3494
 regularly performs personal services for compensation. 3495
- (18) Compensation paid to a person for personal services 3496 performed for a political subdivision on property owned by the 3497 political subdivision, regardless of whether the compensation is 3498 received by an employee of the subdivision or another person 3499 performing services for the subdivision under a contract with 3500 the subdivision, if the property on which services are performed 3501 is annexed to a municipal corporation pursuant to section 3502 709.023 of the Revised Code on or after March 27, 2013, unless 3503 the person is subject to such taxation because of residence. If 3504 the compensation is subject to taxation because of residence, 3505 municipal income tax shall be payable only to the municipal 3506 corporation of residence. 3507
- (19) In the case of a tax administered, collected, and
 enforced by a municipal corporation pursuant to an agreement
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with the board of directors of a joint economic development	3510
district under section 715.72 of the Revised Code, the net	3511
profits of a business, and the income of the employees of that	3512
business, exempted from the tax under division (Q) of that	3513
section.	3514
(20) All of the following:	3515
(a) Income derived from disaster work conducted in this	3516
state by an out-of-state disaster business during a disaster	3517
response period pursuant to a qualifying solicitation received	3518
by the business;	3519
(b) Income of a qualifying employee described in division	3520
(A) (14) (a) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code, to the extent	3521
such income is derived from disaster work conducted in this	3522
state by the employee during a disaster response period pursuant	3523
to a qualifying solicitation received by the employee's	3524
employer;	3525
(c) Income of a qualifying employee described in division	3526
(A)(14)(b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code, to the extent	3527
such income is derived from disaster work conducted in this	3528
state by the employee during a disaster response period on	3529
critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's	3530
employer.	3531
(21) Income the taxation of which is prohibited by the	3532
constitution or laws of the United States.	3533
Any item of income that is exempt income of a pass-through	3534
entity under division (C) of this section is exempt income of	3535
each owner of the pass-through entity to the extent of that	3536
owner's distributive or proportionate share of that item of the	3537
entity's income.	3538

(D)(1) "Net profit" for a person who is an individual	3539
means the individual's net profit required to be reported on	3540
schedule C, schedule E, or schedule F reduced by any net	3541
operating loss carried forward. For the purposes of division (D)	3542
(1) of this section, the net operating loss carried forward	3543
shall be calculated and deducted in the same manner as provided	3544
in division (D)(3) of this section.	3545
(2) "Net profit" for a person other than an individual	3546
means adjusted federal taxable income reduced by any net	3547
operating loss incurred by the person in a taxable year	3548
beginning on or after January 1, 2017, subject to the	3549
limitations of division (D)(3) of this section.	3550
(3)(a) The amount of such net operating loss shall be	3551
deducted from net profit to the extent necessary to reduce	3552
municipal taxable income to zero, with any remaining unused	3553
portion of the net operating loss carried forward to not more	3554
than five consecutive taxable years following the taxable year	3555
in which the loss was incurred, but in no case for more years	3556
than necessary for the deduction to be fully utilized.	3557
(b) No person shall use the deduction allowed by division	3558
(D)(3) of this section to offset qualifying wages.	3559
(c)(i) For taxable years beginning in 2018, 2019, 2020,	3560
2021, or 2022, a person may not deduct, for purposes of an	3561
income tax levied by a municipal corporation that levies an	3562
income tax before January 1, 2016, more than fifty per cent of	3563
the amount of the deduction otherwise allowed by division (D)(3)	3564
of this section.	3565
(ii) For taxable years beginning in 2023 or thereafter, a	3566

person may deduct, for purposes of an income tax levied by a

municipal corporation that levies an income tax before January	3568
1, 2016, the full amount allowed by division (D)(3) of this	3569
section without regard to the limitation of division (D)(3)(b)	3570
(i) of this section.	3571
(d) Any pre-2017 net operating loss carryforward deduction	3572
that is available may be utilized before a taxpayer may deduct	3573
any amount pursuant to division (D)(3) of this section.	3574
(e) Nothing in division (D)(3)(c)(i) of this section	3575
precludes a person from carrying forward, for use with respect	3576
to any return filed for a taxable year beginning after 2018, any	3577
amount of net operating loss that was not fully utilized by	3578
operation of division (D)(3)(c)(i) of this section. To the	3579
extent that an amount of net operating loss that was not fully	3580
utilized in one or more taxable years by operation of division	3581
(D)(3)(c)(i) of this section is carried forward for use with	3582
respect to a return filed for a taxable year beginning in 2019,	3583
2020, 2021, or 2022, the limitation described in division (D)(3)	3584
(c)(i) of this section shall apply to the amount carried	3585
forward.	3586
(4) For the purposes of this chapter, and notwithstanding	3587
division (D)(2) of this section, net profit of a disregarded	3588
entity shall not be taxable as against that disregarded entity,	3589
but shall instead be included in the net profit of the owner of	3590
the disregarded entity.	3591
(5) For the purposes of this chapter, and notwithstanding	3592
any other provision of this chapter, the net profit of a	3593
publicly traded partnership that makes the election described in	3594
division (D)(5) of this section shall be taxed as if the	3595
partnership were a C corporation, and shall not be treated as	3596

the net profit or income of any owner of the partnership.

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A publicly traded partnership that is treated as a 3598 partnership for federal income tax purposes and that is subject 3599 to tax on its net profits in one or more municipal corporations 3600 in this state may elect to be treated as a C corporation for 3601 municipal income tax purposes. The publicly traded partnership 3602 shall make the election in every municipal corporation in which 3603 the partnership is subject to taxation on its net profits. The 3604 election shall be made on the annual tax return filed in each 3605 such municipal corporation. The publicly traded partnership 3606 shall not be required to file the election with any municipal 3607 corporation in which the partnership is not subject to taxation 3608 on its net profits, but division (D)(5) of this section applies 3609 to all municipal corporations in which an individual owner of 3610 the partnership resides. 3611

- (E) "Adjusted federal taxable income," for a person required to file as a C corporation, or for a person that has elected to be taxed as a C corporation under division (D)(5) of this section, means a C corporation's federal taxable income before net operating losses and special deductions as determined under the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as follows:
- (1) Deduct intangible income to the extent included in

 federal taxable income. The deduction shall be allowed

 regardless of whether the intangible income relates to assets

 used in a trade or business or assets held for the production of

 income.

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- (2) Add an amount equal to five per cent of intangible

 income deducted under division (E)(1) of this section, but

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 excluding that portion of intangible income directly related to

 the sale, exchange, or other disposition of property described

 in section 1221 of the Internal Revenue Code;

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(3) Add any losses allowed as a deduction in the	3628
computation of federal taxable income if the losses directly	3629
relate to the sale, exchange, or other disposition of an asset	3630
described in section 1221 or 1231 of the Internal Revenue Code;	3631
(4)(a) Except as provided in division (E)(4)(b) of this	3632
section, deduct income and gain included in federal taxable	3633
income to the extent the income and gain directly relate to the	3634
sale, exchange, or other disposition of an asset described in	3635
section 1221 or 1231 of the Internal Revenue Code;	3636
(b) Division (E)(4)(a) of this section does not apply to	3637
the extent the income or gain is income or gain described in	3638
section 1245 or 1250 of the Internal Revenue Code.	3639
(5) Add taxes on or measured by net income allowed as a	3640
deduction in the computation of federal taxable income;	3641
(6) In the case of a real estate investment trust or	3642
regulated investment company, add all amounts with respect to	3643
dividends to, distributions to, or amounts set aside for or	3644
credited to the benefit of investors and allowed as a deduction	3645
in the computation of federal taxable income;	3646
(7) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	3647
excluded in computing federal taxable income, any income derived	3648
from a transfer agreement or from the enterprise transferred	3649
under that agreement under section 4313.02 of the Revised Code;	3650
(8) Deduct exempt income to the extent not otherwise	3651
deducted or excluded in computing adjusted federal taxable	3652
income.	3653
(9) Deduct any net profit of a pass-through entity owned	3654
directly or indirectly by the taxpayer and included in the	3655
taxpayer's federal taxable income unless an affiliated group of	3656

corporations includes that net profit in the group's federal	3657
taxable income in accordance with division (E)(3)(b) of section	3658
718.06 of the Revised Code.	3659

(10) Add any loss incurred by a pass-through entity owned

directly or indirectly by the taxpayer and included in the

taxpayer's federal taxable income unless an affiliated group of

corporations includes that loss in the group's federal taxable

income in accordance with division (E)(3)(b) of section 718.06

of the Revised Code.

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If the taxpayer is not a C corporation, is not a 3666 disregarded entity that has made the election described in 3667 division (L)(2) of this section, is not a publicly traded 3668 partnership that has made the election described in division (D) 3669 (5) of this section, and is not an individual, the taxpayer 3670 shall compute adjusted federal taxable income under this section 3671 as if the taxpayer were a C corporation, except guaranteed 3672 payments and other similar amounts paid or accrued to a partner, 3673 former partner, shareholder, former shareholder, member, or 3674 former member shall not be allowed as a deductible expense 3675 unless such payments are a pension or retirement benefit payment 3676 paid to a retired partner, retired shareholder, or retired 3677 member or are in consideration for the use of capital and 3678 treated as payment of interest under section 469 of the Internal 3679 Revenue Code or United States treasury regulations. Amounts paid 3680 or accrued to a qualified self-employed retirement plan with 3681 respect to a partner, former partner, shareholder, former 3682 shareholder, member, or former member of the taxpayer, amounts 3683 paid or accrued to or for health insurance for a partner, former 3684 partner, shareholder, former shareholder, member, or former 3685 member, and amounts paid or accrued to or for life insurance for 3686 a partner, former partner, shareholder, former shareholder, 3687

member, or former member shall not be allowed as a deduction.	3688
Nothing in division (E) of this section shall be construed	3689
as allowing the taxpayer to add or deduct any amount more than	3690
once or shall be construed as allowing any taxpayer to deduct	3691
any amount paid to or accrued for purposes of federal self-	3692
employment tax.	3693
(F) "Schedule C" means internal revenue service schedule C	3694
(form 1040) filed by a taxpayer pursuant to the Internal Revenue	3695
Code.	3696
(G) "Schedule E" means internal revenue service schedule E	3697
(form 1040) filed by a taxpayer pursuant to the Internal Revenue	3698
Code.	3699
(H) "Schedule F" means internal revenue service schedule F	3700
(form 1040) filed by a taxpayer pursuant to the Internal Revenue	3701
Code.	3702
(I) "Internal Revenue Code" has the same meaning as in	3703
section 5747.01 of the Revised Code.	3704
(J) "Resident" means an individual who is domiciled in the	3705
municipal corporation as determined under section 718.012 of the	3706
Revised Code.	3707
(K) "Nonresident" means an individual that is not a	3708
resident.	3709
(L)(1) "Taxpayer" means a person subject to a tax levied	3710
on income by a municipal corporation in accordance with this	3711
chapter. "Taxpayer" does not include a grantor trust or, except	3712
as provided in division (L)(2)(a) of this section, a disregarded	3713
entity.	3714
(2)(a) A single member limited liability company that is a	3715

disregarded entity for federal tax purposes may be a separate	3716
taxpayer from its single member in all Ohio municipal	3717
corporations in which it either filed as a separate taxpayer or	3718
did not file for its taxable year ending in 2003, if all of the	3719
following conditions are met:	3720
(i) The limited liability company's single member is also	3721
a limited liability company.	3722
(ii) The limited liability company and its single member	3723
were formed and doing business in one or more Ohio municipal	3724
corporations for at least five years before January 1, 2004.	3725
(iii) Not later than December 31, 2004, the limited	3726
liability company and its single member each made an election to	3727
be treated as a separate taxpayer under division (L) of this	3728
section as this section existed on December 31, 2004.	3729
(iv) The limited liability company was not formed for the	3730
purpose of evading or reducing Ohio municipal corporation income	3731
tax liability of the limited liability company or its single	3732
member.	3733
(v) The Ohio municipal corporation that was the primary	3734
place of business of the sole member of the limited liability	3735
company consented to the election.	3736
(b) For purposes of division (L)(2)(a)(v) of this section,	3737
a municipal corporation was the primary place of business of a	3738
limited liability company if, for the limited liability	3739
company's taxable year ending in 2003, its income tax liability	3740
was greater in that municipal corporation than in any other	3741
municipal corporation in Ohio, and that tax liability to that	3742
municipal corporation for its taxable year ending in 2003 was at	3743
least four hundred thousand dollars.	3744

(M) "Person" includes individuals, firms, companies, joint	3745
stock companies, business trusts, estates, trusts, partnerships,	3746
limited liability partnerships, limited liability companies,	3747
associations, C corporations, S corporations, governmental	3748
entities, and any other entity.	3749
(N) "Pass-through entity" means a partnership not treated	3750
as an association taxable as a C corporation for federal income	3751
tax purposes, a limited liability company not treated as an	3752
association taxable as a C corporation for federal income tax	3753
purposes, an S corporation, or any other class of entity from	3754
which the income or profits of the entity are given pass-through	3755
treatment for federal income tax purposes. "Pass-through entity"	3756
does not include a trust, estate, grantor of a grantor trust, or	3757
disregarded entity.	3758
(O) "S corporation" means a person that has made an	3759
election under subchapter S of Chapter 1 of Subtitle A of the	3760
Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year.	3761
(P) "Single member limited liability company" means a	3762
limited liability company that has one direct member.	3763
(Q) "Limited liability company" means a limited liability	3764
company formed under <u>former</u> Chapter 1705. or of the Revised Code	3765
as that chapter existed prior to February 11, 2022, Chapter	3766
1706. of the Revised Code, or $\frac{\text{under}}{\text{the laws of another state.}}$	3767
(R) "Qualifying wages" means wages, as defined in section	3768
3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, without regard to any wage	3769
limitations, adjusted as follows:	3770
(1) Deduct the following amounts:	3771
(a) Any amount included in wages if the amount constitutes	3772
compensation attributable to a plan or program described in	3773

section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code.	3774
(b) Any amount included in wages if the amount constitutes	3775
payment on account of a disability related to sickness or an	3776
accident paid by a party unrelated to the employer, agent of an	3777
employer, or other payer.	3778
(c) Any amount attributable to a nonqualified deferred	3779
compensation plan or program described in section 3121(v)(2)(C)	3780
of the Internal Revenue Code if the compensation is included in	3781
wages and the municipal corporation has, by resolution or	3782
ordinance adopted before January 1, 2016, exempted the amount	3783
from withholding and tax.	3784
(d) Any amount included in wages if the amount arises from	3785
the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a stock option, the	3786
exercise of a stock option, or the sale, exchange, or other	3787
disposition of stock purchased under a stock option and the	3788
municipal corporation has, by resolution or ordinance adopted	3789
before January 1, 2016, exempted the amount from withholding and	3790
tax.	3791
(e) Any amount included in wages that is exempt income.	3792
(2) Add the following amounts:	3793
(a) Any amount not included in wages solely because the	3794
employee was employed by the employer before April 1, 1986.	3795
(b) Any amount not included in wages because the amount	3796
arises from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a stock	3797
option, the exercise of a stock option, or the sale, exchange,	3798
or other disposition of stock purchased under a stock option and	3799
the municipal corporation has not, by resolution or ordinance,	3800
exempted the amount from withholding and tax adopted before	3801
January 1, 2016. Division (R)(2)(b) of this section applies only	3802

to those amounts constituting ordinary income.	3803
(c) Any amount not included in wages if the amount is an	3804
amount described in section $401(k)$, $403(b)$, or 457 of the	3805
Internal Revenue Code. Division (R)(2)(c) of this section	3806
applies only to employee contributions and employee deferrals.	3807
(d) Any amount that is supplemental unemployment	3808
compensation benefits described in section 3402(o)(2) of the	3809
Internal Revenue Code and not included in wages.	3810
(e) Any amount received that is treated as self-employment	3811
income for federal tax purposes in accordance with section	3812
1402(a)(8) of the Internal Revenue Code.	3813
(f) Any amount not included in wages if all of the	3814
following apply:	3815
(i) For the taxable year the amount is employee	3816
compensation that is earned outside of the United States and	3817
that either is included in the taxpayer's gross income for	3818
federal income tax purposes or would have been included in the	3819
taxpayer's gross income for such purposes if the taxpayer did	3820
not elect to exclude the income under section 911 of the	3821
Internal Revenue Code;	3822
(ii) For no preceding taxable year did the amount	3823
constitute wages as defined in section 3121(a) of the Internal	3824
Revenue Code;	3825
(iii) For no succeeding taxable year will the amount	3826
constitute wages; and	3827
(iv) For any taxable year the amount has not otherwise	3828
been added to wages pursuant to either division (R)(2) of this	3829
section or section 718.03 of the Revised Code, as that section	3830

anisted before the effective data of U.D. E of the 100th mannel	2021
existed before the effective date of H.B. 5 of the 130th general	3831
assembly, March 23, 2015.	3832
(S) "Intangible income" means income of any of the	3833
following types: income yield, interest, capital gains,	3834
dividends, or other income arising from the ownership, sale,	3835
exchange, or other disposition of intangible property including,	3836
but not limited to, investments, deposits, money, or credits as	3837
those terms are defined in Chapter 5701. of the Revised Code,	3838
and patents, copyrights, trademarks, tradenames, investments in	3839
real estate investment trusts, investments in regulated	3840
investment companies, and appreciation on deferred compensation.	3841
"Intangible income" does not include prizes, awards, or other	3842
income associated with any lottery winnings, gambling winnings,	3843
or other similar games of chance.	3844
(m) Hm = -1, 1 -	2045
(T) "Taxable year" means the corresponding tax reporting	3845
period as prescribed for the taxpayer under the Internal Revenue	3846
Code.	3847
(U)(1) "Tax administrator" means, subject to division (U)	3848
(2) of this section, the individual charged with direct	3849
responsibility for administration of an income tax levied by a	3850
municipal corporation in accordance with this chapter, and also	3851
includes the following:	3852
(a) A municipal corporation acting as the agent of another	3853
municipal corporation;	3854
municipal corporation,	3031
(b) A person retained by a municipal corporation to	3855
administer a tax levied by the municipal corporation, but only	3856
if the municipal corporation does not compensate the person in	3857
whole or in part on a contingency basis;	3858
(c) The central collection agency or the regional income	3859

tax agency or their successors in interest, or another entity	3860
organized to perform functions similar to those performed by the	3861
central collection agency and the regional income tax agency.	3862
(2) "Tax administrator" does not include the tax	3863
commissioner.	3864
(3) A private individual or entity serving in any position	3865
described in division (U)(1)(b) or (c) of this section shall	3866
have no access to criminal history record information.	3867
(V) "Employer" means a person that is an employer for	3868
federal income tax purposes.	3869
(W) "Employee" means an individual who is an employee for	3870
federal income tax purposes.	3871
(X) "Other payer" means any person, other than an	3872
individual's employer or the employer's agent, that pays an	3873
individual any amount included in the federal gross income of	3874
the individual. "Other payer" includes casino operators and	3875
video lottery terminal sales agents.	3876
(Y) "Calendar quarter" means the three-month period ending	3877
on the last day of March, June, September, or December.	3878
(Z) "Form 2106" means internal revenue service form 2106	3879
filed by a taxpayer pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code.	3880
(AA) "Municipal corporation" includes a joint economic	3881
development district or joint economic development zone that	3882
levies an income tax under section 715.691, 715.70, 715.71, or	3883
715.72 of the Revised Code.	3884
(BB) "Disregarded entity" means a single member limited	3885
liability company, a qualifying subchapter S subsidiary, or	3886
another entity if the company, subsidiary, or entity is a	3887

disregarded entity for federal income tax purposes.	3888
(CC) "Generic form" means an electronic or paper form that	3889
is not prescribed by a particular municipal corporation and that	3890
is designed for reporting taxes withheld by an employer, agent	3891
of an employer, or other payer, estimated municipal income	3892
taxes, or annual municipal income tax liability or for filing a	3893
refund claim.	3894
(DD) "Tax return preparer" means any individual described	3895
in section 7701(a)(36) of the Internal Revenue Code and 26	3896
C.F.R. 301.7701-15.	3897
(EE) "Ohio business gateway" means the online computer	3898
network system, created under section 125.30 of the Revised	3899
Code, that allows persons to electronically file business reply-	3900
forms with state agencies and includes or any successor	3901
electronic filing and payment system.	3902
(FF) "Local board of tax review" and "board of tax review"	3903
mean the entity created under section 718.11 of the Revised	3904
Code.	3905
(GG) "Net operating loss" means a loss incurred by a	3906
person in the operation of a trade or business. "Net operating	3907
loss" does not include unutilized losses resulting from basis	3908
limitations, at-risk limitations, or passive activity loss	3909
limitations.	3910
(HH) "Casino operator" and "casino facility" have the same	3911
meanings as in section 3772.01 of the Revised Code.	3912
(II) "Video lottery terminal" has the same meaning as in	3913
section 3770.21 of the Revised Code.	3914
(JJ) "Video lottery terminal sales agent" means a lottery	3915

sales agent licensed under Chapter 3770. of the Revised Code to	3916
conduct video lottery terminals on behalf of the state pursuant	3917
to section 3770.21 of the Revised Code.	3918
(KK) "Postal service" means the United States postal	3919
service.	3920
(LL) "Certified mail," "express mail," "United States	3921
mail, " "postal service, " and similar terms include any delivery	3922
service authorized pursuant to section 5703.056 of the Revised	3923
Code.	3924
(MM) "Postmark date," "date of postmark," and similar	3925
terms include the date recorded and marked in the manner	3926
described in division (B)(3) of section 5703.056 of the Revised	3927
Code.	3928
(NN) "Related member" means a person that, with respect to	3929
the taxpayer during all or any portion of the taxable year, is	3930
either a related entity, a component member as defined in	3931
section 1563(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, or a person to or	3932
from whom there is attribution of stock ownership in accordance	3933
with section 1563(e) of the Internal Revenue Code except, for	3934
purposes of determining whether a person is a related member	3935
under this division, "twenty per cent" shall be substituted for	3936
"5 percent" wherever "5 percent" appears in section 1563(e) of	3937
the Internal Revenue Code.	3938
(00)	2020
(00) "Related entity" means any of the following:	3939
(1) An individual stockholder, or a member of the	3940
stockholder's family enumerated in section 318 of the Internal	3941
Revenue Code, if the stockholder and the members of the	3942
stockholder's family own directly, indirectly, beneficially, or	3943
constructively, in the aggregate, at least fifty per cent of the	3944

value of the taxpayer's outstanding stock;	3945
(2) A stockholder, or a stockholder's partnership, estate,	3946
trust, or corporation, if the stockholder and the stockholder's	3947
partnerships, estates, trusts, or corporations own directly,	3948
indirectly, beneficially, or constructively, in the aggregate,	3949
at least fifty per cent of the value of the taxpayer's	3950
outstanding stock;	3951
(3) A corporation, or a party related to the corporation	3952
in a manner that would require an attribution of stock from the	3953
corporation to the party or from the party to the corporation	3954
under division (00)(4) of this section, provided the taxpayer	3955
owns directly, indirectly, beneficially, or constructively, at	3956
least fifty per cent of the value of the corporation's	3957
outstanding stock;	3958
(4) The attribution rules described in section 318 of the	3959
Internal Revenue Code apply for the purpose of determining	3960
whether the ownership requirements in divisions (00)(1) to (3)	3961
of this section have been met.	3962
(PP)(1) "Assessment" means a written finding by the tax	3963
administrator that a person has underpaid municipal income tax,	3964
or owes penalty and interest, or any combination of tax,	3965
penalty, or interest, to the municipal corporation that	3966
commences the person's time limitation for making an appeal to	3967
the local board of tax review pursuant to section 718.11 of the	3968
Revised Code, and has "ASSESSMENT" written in all capital	3969
letters at the top of such finding.	3970
(2) "Assessment" does not include an informal notice	3971
denying a request for refund issued under division (B)(3) of	3972
section 718.19 of the Revised Code, a billing statement	3973

notifying a taxpayer of current or past-due balances owed to the	3974
municipal corporation, a tax administrator's request for	3975
additional information, a notification to the taxpayer of	3976
mathematical errors, or a tax administrator's other written	3977
correspondence to a person or taxpayer that does not meet the	3978
criteria prescribed by division (PP)(1) of this section.	3979
(QQ) "Taxpayers' rights and responsibilities" means the	3980
rights provided to taxpayers in sections 718.11, 718.12, 718.19,	3981
718.23, 718.36, 718.37, 718.38, 5717.011, and 5717.03 of the	3982
Revised Code and the responsibilities of taxpayers to file,	3983
report, withhold, remit, and pay municipal income tax and	3984
otherwise comply with Chapter 718. of the Revised Code and	3985
resolutions, ordinances, and rules adopted by a municipal	3986
corporation for the imposition and administration of a municipal	3987
income tax.	3988
(RR) "Qualified municipal corporation" means a municipal	3989
corporation that, by resolution or ordinance adopted on or	3990
before December 31, 2011, adopted Ohio adjusted gross income, as	3991
defined by section 5747.01 of the Revised Code, as the income	3992
subject to tax for the purposes of imposing a municipal income	3993
tax.	3994
(SS)(1) "Pre-2017 net operating loss carryforward" means	3995
any net operating loss incurred in a taxable year beginning	3996
before January 1, 2017, to the extent such loss was permitted,	3997
by a resolution or ordinance of the municipal corporation that	3998
was adopted by the municipal corporation before January 1, 2016,	3999
to be carried forward and utilized to offset income or net	4000
profit generated in such municipal corporation in future taxable	4001
years.	4002
(2) For the purpose of calculating municipal taxable	4003

income tax.

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income, any pre-2017 net operating loss carryforward may be	4004
carried forward to any taxable year, including taxable years	4005
beginning in 2017 or thereafter, for the number of taxable years	4006
provided in the resolution or ordinance or until fully utilized,	4007
whichever is earlier.	4008
(TT) "Small employer" means any employer that had total	4009
revenue of less than five hundred thousand dollars during the	4010
preceding taxable year. For purposes of this division, "total	4011
revenue" means receipts of any type or kind, including, but not	4012
limited to, sales receipts; payments; rents; profits; gains,	4013
dividends, and other investment income; compensation;	4014
commissions; premiums; money; property; grants; contributions;	4015
donations; gifts; program service revenue; patient service	4016
revenue; premiums; fees, including premium fees and service	4017
fees; tuition payments; unrelated business revenue;	4018
reimbursements; any type of payment from a governmental unit,	4019
including grants and other allocations; and any other similar	4020
receipts reported for federal income tax purposes or under	4021
generally accepted accounting principles. "Small employer" does	4022
not include the federal government; any state government,	4023
including any state agency or instrumentality; any political	4024
subdivision; or any entity treated as a government for financial	4025
accounting and reporting purposes.	4026
(UU) "Audit" means the examination of a person or the	4027
inspection of the books, records, memoranda, or accounts of a	4028
person for the purpose of determining liability for a municipal	4029

(VV) "Publicly traded partnership" means any partnership,

an interest in which is regularly traded on an established

securities market. A "publicly traded partnership" may have any

number of partners.	4034
(WW) "Tax commissioner" means the tax commissioner	4035
appointed under section 121.03 of the Revised Code.	4036
(XX) "Out-of-state disaster business," "qualifying	4037
solicitation," "qualifying employee," "disaster work," "critical	4038
infrastructure," and "disaster response period" have the same	4039
meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised Code.	4040
(YY) "Pension" means a retirement benefit plan, regardless	4041
of whether the plan satisfies the qualifications described under	4042
section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, including amounts	4043
that are taxable under the "Federal Insurance Contributions	4044
Act," Chapter 21 of the Internal Revenue Code, excluding	4045
employee contributions and elective deferrals, and regardless of	4046
whether such amounts are paid in the same taxable year in which	4047
the amounts are included in the employee's wages, as defined by	4048
section 3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.	4049
(ZZ) "Retirement benefit plan" means an arrangement	4050
whereby an entity provides benefits to individuals either on or	4051
after their termination of service because of retirement or	4052
disability. "Retirement benefit plan" does not include wage	4053
continuation payments, severance payments, or payments made for	4054
accrued personal or vacation time.	4055
Sec. 1111.04. (A) Prior to soliciting or engaging in trust	4056
business in this state, a trust company shall pledge to the	4057
treasurer of state superintendent of financial institutions	4058
interest bearing securities authorized in division (B) of this	4059
section, having a par value, not including unaccrued interest,	4060
of one hundred thousand dollars, and approved by the	4061
superintendent-of financial institutions. The trust company may	4062

pledge the securities either by delivery to the treasurer of	4063
state—superintendent or by placing the securities with a	4064
qualified trustee for safekeeping to the account of the	4065
treasurer of state superintendent of financial institutions, the	4066
corporate fiduciary, and any other person having an interest in	4067
the securities under Chapter 1109. of the Revised Code, as their	4068
respective interests may appear and be asserted by written	4069
notice to or demand upon the qualified trustee or by order of	4070
judgment of a court.	4071
(B) Securities pledged by a trust company to satisfy the	4072
requirements of division (A) of this section shall be one or	4073
more of the following:	4074
(1) Bonds, notes, or other obligations of or guaranteed by	4075
the United States or for which the full faith and credit of the	4076
United States is pledged for the payment of principal and	4077
interest;	4078
(2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or	4079
securities issued by any agency or instrumentality of the United	4080
States;	4081
(3) General obligations of this or any other state of the	4082
United States or any subdivision of this or any other state of	4083
the United States.	4084
(C) The treasurer of state superintendent of financial	4085
institutions shall review, approve, and accept delivery of	4086
securities pursuant to this section when accompanied by the	4087
superintendent's approval of the securities or the written	4088
receipt of a qualified trustee describing the securities and	4089
showing the superintendent's approval of the securities, and	4090
shall issue a written acknowledgment of the delivery of the	4091

securities or the qualified trustee's receipt and the	4092
superintendent's approval to the trust company.	4093
(D) The superintendent shall approve securities to be	4094
pledged by a trust company pursuant to this section if the	4095
securities are all of the following:	4096
(1) Interest bearing and of the value required by division	4097
(A) of this section;	4098
(2) Of one or more of the kinds authorized by division (B)	4099
of this section and not a derivative of or merely an interest in	4100
any of those securities;	4101
(3) Not in default.	4102
(E) The treasurer of state superintendent of financial	4103
institutions shall, with the approval of the superintendent,	4104
permit a trust company to pledge securities in substitution for	4105
securities pledged pursuant to this section and the withdrawal	4106
of the securities substituted for so long as the securities	4107
remaining pledged satisfy the requirements of division (A) of	4108
this section. The treasurer of state superintendent shall permit	4109
a trust company to collect interest paid on securities pledged	4110
pursuant to this section so long as the trust company is	4111
solvent. The treasurer of state superintendent shall, with the	4112
approval of the superintendent, permit a trust company to	4113
withdraw securities pledged pursuant to this section when the	4114
trust company has ceased to solicit or engage in trust business	4115
in this state.	4116
(F) For purposes of this section, a qualified trustee is a	4117
federal reserve bank, a federal home loan bank, a trust company	4118
as defined in section 1101.01 of the Revised Code, or a national	4119
bank or federal savings association that has pledged securities	4120

pursuant to this section, is authorized to accept and execute	4121
trusts, and is doing business under authority granted by the	4122
office of the comptroller of the currency. However, a national	4123
bank or federal savings association doing business under	4124
authority granted by the office of the comptroller of the	4125
currency or a trust company may not act as a qualified trustee	4126
for securities it or any of its affiliates is pledging pursuant	4127
to this section.	4128
(G) The superintendent, with the approval of the treasurer	4129
of state and the attorney general, shall prescribe the form of	4130
all receipts and acknowledgments provided for by this section,	4131
and upon request shall furnish a copy of each form, with the	4132
superintendent's certification attached, to each qualified	4133
trustee eligible to hold securities for safekeeping under this	4134
	4125
section.	4135
Sec. 1112.12. (A) Prior to transacting any business as a	4135
Sec. 1112.12. (A) Prior to transacting any business as a	4136
Sec. 1112.12. (A) Prior to transacting any business as a licensed family trust company, a family trust company shall	4136 4137
Sec. 1112.12. (A) Prior to transacting any business as a licensed family trust company, a family trust company shall pledge to the treasurer of state superintendent of financial	4136 4137 4138
Sec. 1112.12. (A) Prior to transacting any business as a licensed family trust company, a family trust company shall pledge to the treasurer of state superintendent of financial institutions interest-bearing securities authorized in division	4136 4137 4138 4139
Sec. 1112.12. (A) Prior to transacting any business as a licensed family trust company, a family trust company shall pledge to the treasurer of state superintendent of financial institutions interest-bearing securities authorized in division (B) of this section, having a par value, not including unaccrued	4136 4137 4138 4139 4140
Sec. 1112.12. (A) Prior to transacting any business as a licensed family trust company, a family trust company shall pledge to the treasurer of state superintendent of financial institutions interest-bearing securities authorized in division (B) of this section, having a par value, not including unaccrued interest, of one hundred thousand dollars, and approved by the	4136 4137 4138 4139 4140 4141
Sec. 1112.12. (A) Prior to transacting any business as a licensed family trust company, a family trust company shall pledge to the treasurer of state—superintendent of financial institutions interest-bearing securities authorized in division (B) of this section, having a par value, not including unaccrued interest, of one hundred thousand dollars, and approved by the superintendent—of financial institutions. The family trust	4136 4137 4138 4139 4140 4141 4142
Sec. 1112.12. (A) Prior to transacting any business as a licensed family trust company, a family trust company shall pledge to the treasurer of state superintendent of financial institutions interest-bearing securities authorized in division (B) of this section, having a par value, not including unaccrued interest, of one hundred thousand dollars, and approved by the superintendent of financial institutions. The family trust company may pledge the securities either by delivery to the	4136 4137 4138 4139 4140 4141 4142 4143
Sec. 1112.12. (A) Prior to transacting any business as a licensed family trust company, a family trust company shall pledge to the treasurer of state superintendent of financial institutions interest-bearing securities authorized in division (B) of this section, having a par value, not including unaccrued interest, of one hundred thousand dollars, and approved by the superintendent of financial institutions. The family trust company may pledge the securities either by delivery to the treasurer of state superintendent or by placing the securities	4136 4137 4138 4139 4140 4141 4142 4143
Sec. 1112.12. (A) Prior to transacting any business as a licensed family trust company, a family trust company shall pledge to the treasurer of state superintendent of financial institutions interest-bearing securities authorized in division (B) of this section, having a par value, not including unaccrued interest, of one hundred thousand dollars, and approved by the superintendent of financial institutions. The family trust company may pledge the securities either by delivery to the treasurer of state superintendent or by placing the securities with a qualified trustee for safekeeping to the account of the	4136 4137 4138 4139 4140 4141 4142 4143 4144 4145
Sec. 1112.12. (A) Prior to transacting any business as a licensed family trust company, a family trust company shall pledge to the treasurer of state superintendent of financial institutions interest-bearing securities authorized in division (B) of this section, having a par value, not including unaccrued interest, of one hundred thousand dollars, and approved by the superintendent of financial institutions. The family trust company may pledge the securities either by delivery to the treasurer of state superintendent or by placing the securities with a qualified trustee for safekeeping to the account of the treasurer of state superintendent of financial institutions.	4136 4137 4138 4139 4140 4141 4142 4143 4144 4145 4146

other obligations are rated at the time of purchase in the three

highest classifications established by at least one nationally	4151
recognized standard statistical rating service organization and	4152
purchased through a registered securities broker or dealer:	4153
(1) Bonds, notes, or other obligations of or guaranteed by	4154
the United States or for which the full faith and credit of the	4155
United States is pledged for the payment of principal and	4156
<pre>interest;</pre>	4157
(2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or	4158
securities issued by any agency or instrumentality of the United	4159
States.	4160
(C) The treasurer of state superintendent of financial	4161
<pre>institutions shall review, approve, and accept delivery of</pre>	4162
securities pursuant to this section when accompanied by the	4163
superintendent's approval of the securities or the written-	4164
receipt of a qualified trustee describing the securities and	4165
showing the superintendent's approval of the securities, and	4166
shall issue a written acknowledgment of the delivery of the	4167
securities or the qualified trustee's receipt and the	4168
superintendent's approval to the family trust company.	4169
(D) The superintendent shall approve securities to be	4170
pledged by a family trust company pursuant to this section if	4171
the securities are all of the following:	4172
(1) Interest-bearing and of the value required by division	4173
(A) of this section;	4174
(2) Of one or more of the kinds authorized by division (B)	4175
of this section and not a derivative of or merely an interest in	4176
any of those securities;	4177
(3) Not in default.	4178

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(E) The treasurer of state superintendent of financial	4179
institutions shall, with the approval of the superintendent,	4180
permit a family trust company to pledge securities in	4181
substitution for securities pledged pursuant to this section and	4182
the withdrawal of the securities substituted for so long as the	4183
securities remaining pledged satisfy the requirements of	4184
division (A) of this section. The treasurer of state	4185
superintendent shall permit a family trust company to collect	4186
interest paid on securities pledged pursuant to this section so	4187
long as the family trust company is solvent. The treasurer of	4188
state superintendent shall, with the approval of the	4189
superintendent, permit a licensed family trust company to	4190
withdraw securities pledged pursuant to this section when the	4191
family trust company has discontinued its business as a licensed	4192
family trust company in this state.	4193
(F) For purposes of this section, a qualified trustee is a	4194
federal reserve bank, a federal home loan bank, a trust company	4195
as defined in section 1101.01 of the Revised Code, or a bank or	4196
savings association that has pledged securities pursuant to	4197
section 1111.04 of the Revised Code, is authorized to accept and	4198
execute trusts, and is doing business under authority granted by	4199
the comptroller of the currency.	4200
(G) The superintendent, with the approval of the treasurer	4201
of state, shall prescribe the form of all receipts and	4202
acknowledgments provided for by this section, and upon request	4203
shall furnish a copy of each form, with the superintendent's	4204
certification attached, to each qualified trustee eligible to	4205
hold securities for safekeeping under this section.	4206

Sec. 1315.54. (A) The attorney general may conduct

investigations within or outside this state to determine if a

money transmitter or person engaged in a trade or business has	4209
failed to file a report required by section 1315.53 of the	4210
Revised Code or has engaged or is engaging in an act, practice,	4211
or transaction that constitutes a violation of a provision of	4212
sections 1315.51 to 1315.55 of the Revised Code.	4213
(B) On request of the attorney general, a money	4214
transmitter shall make the money transmitter's books and records	4215
available to the attorney general during normal business hours	4216
for inspection and examination in connection with an	4217
investigation conducted under this section. No person shall	4218
purposely fail to comply with this division.	4219
(C) Any record or other document or information obtained	4220
by the attorney general pursuant to an investigation conducted	4221
under this section is not a public record subject to section	4222
149.43 of the Revised Code and is not subject to disclosure.	4223
(D) This section does not apply to any bank, bank holding	4224
company, or affiliate of a bank or bank holding company, or to	4225
any savings and loan association, savings and loan holding	4226
company, or affiliate of a savings and loan association or	4227
savings and loan holding company that is subject to examination	4228
by the comptroller of the currency, the federal reserve, or the	4229
federal deposit insurance corporation, or to any savings and	4230
loan association, savings and loan holding company, or affiliate-	4231
of a savings and loan association or savings and loan holding	4232
company, that is subject to examination by the office of thrift-	4233
supervision.	4234
Sec. 1345.01. As used in sections 1345.01 to 1345.13 of	4235
the Revised Code:	4236

(A) "Consumer transaction" means a sale, lease,

assignment, award by chance, or other transfer of an item of	4238
goods, a service, a franchise, or an intangible, to an	4239
individual for purposes that are primarily personal, family, or	4240
household, or solicitation to supply any of these things.	4241
"Consumer transaction" does not include transactions between	4242
persons, defined in sections 4905.03 and 5725.01 of the Revised	4243
Code, and their customers, except for transactions involving a	4244
loan made pursuant to sections 1321.35 to 1321.48 of the Revised	4245
Code and transactions in connection with residential mortgages	4246
between loan officers, mortgage brokers, or nonbank mortgage	4247
lenders and their customers; transactions involving a home	4248
construction service contract as defined in section 4722.01 of	4249
the Revised Code; transactions between certified public	4250
accountants or public accountants and their clients;	4251
transactions between attorneys, physicians, or dentists and	4252
their clients or patients; and transactions between	4253
veterinarians and their patients that pertain to medical	4254
treatment but not ancillary services.	4255

- (B) "Person" includes an individual, corporation,

 government, governmental subdivision or agency, business trust,

 estate, trust, partnership, association, cooperative, or other

 4258
 legal entity.
- (C) "Supplier" means a seller, lessor, assignor, 4260 franchisor, or other person engaged in the business of effecting 4261 or soliciting consumer transactions, whether or not the person 4262 deals directly with the consumer. If the consumer transaction is 4263 in connection with a residential mortgage, "supplier" does not 4264 include an assignee or purchaser of the loan for value, except 4265 as otherwise provided in section 1345.091 of the Revised Code. 4266 For purposes of this division, in a consumer transaction in 4267 connection with a residential mortgage, "seller" means a loan 4268

officer, mortgage broker, or nonbank mortgage lender.	4269
(D) "Consumer" means a person who engages in a consumer	4270
transaction with a supplier.	4271
(E) "Knowledge" means actual awareness, but such actual	4272
awareness may be inferred where objective manifestations	4273
indicate that the individual involved acted with such awareness.	4274
(F) "Natural gas service" means the sale of natural gas,	4275
exclusive of any distribution or ancillary service.	4276
(G) "Public telecommunications service" means the	4277
transmission by electromagnetic or other means, other than by a	4278
telephone company as defined in section 4927.01 of the Revised	4279
Code, of signs, signals, writings, images, sounds, messages, or	4280
data originating in this state regardless of actual call	4281
routing. "Public telecommunications service" excludes a system,	4282
including its construction, maintenance, or operation, for the	4283
provision of telecommunications service, or any portion of such	4284
service, by any entity for the sole and exclusive use of that	4285
entity, its parent, a subsidiary, or an affiliated entity, and	4286
not for resale, directly or indirectly; the provision of	4287
terminal equipment used to originate telecommunications service;	4288
broadcast transmission by radio, television, or satellite	4289
broadcast stations regulated by the federal government; or cable	4290
television service.	4291
(H)(1) "Loan officer" means an individual who for	4292
compensation or gain, or in anticipation of compensation or	4293
gain, takes or offers to take a residential mortgage loan	4294
application; assists or offers to assist a buyer in obtaining or	4295
applying to obtain a residential mortgage loan by, among other	4296
things, advising on loan terms, including rates, fees, and other	4297

costs; offers or negotiates terms of a residential mortgage	4298
loan; or issues or offers to issue a commitment for a	4299
residential mortgage loan. "Loan officer" also includes a	4300
mortgage loan originator as defined in section 1322.01 of the	4301
Revised Code.	4302
(2) "Loan officer" does not include an employee of a bank,	4303
savings bank, savings and loan association, credit union, or	4304
credit union service organization organized under the laws of	4305
this state, another state, or the United States; an employee of	4306
a subsidiary of such a bank, savings bank, savings and loan	4307
association, or credit union; or an employee of an affiliate	4308
that (a) controls, is controlled by, or is under common control	4309
with, such a bank, savings bank, savings and loan association,	4310
or credit union and (b) is subject to examination, supervision,	4311
and regulation, including with respect to the affiliate's	4312
compliance with applicable consumer protection requirements, by	4313
the board of governors of the federal reserve system, the	4314
comptroller of the currency, the office of thrift supervision,	4315
the federal deposit insurance corporation, or the national	4316
credit union administration.	4317
(I) "Residential mortgage" or "mortgage" means an	4318
obligation to pay a sum of money evidenced by a note and secured	4319
by a lien upon real property located within this state	4320
containing two or fewer residential units or on which two or	4321
fewer residential units are to be constructed and includes such	4322
an obligation on a residential condominium or cooperative unit.	4323
(J)(1) "Mortgage broker" means any of the following:	4324
(a) A person that holds that person out as being able to	4325
assist a buyer in obtaining a mortgage and charges or receives	4326

from either the buyer or lender money or other valuable

consideration readily convertible into money for providing this	4328
assistance;	4329
(b) A person that solicits financial and mortgage	4330
information from the public, provides that information to a	4331
mortgage broker or a person that makes residential mortgage	4332
loans, and charges or receives from either of them money or	4333
other valuable consideration readily convertible into money for	4334
providing the information;	4335
	1006
(c) A person engaged in table-funding or warehouse-lending	4336
mortgage loans that are residential mortgage loans.	4337
(2) "Mortgage broker" does not include a bank, savings	4338
bank, savings and loan association, credit union, or credit	4339
union service organization organized under the laws of this	4340
state, another state, or the United States; a subsidiary of such	4341
a bank, savings bank, savings and loan association, or credit	4342
union; an affiliate that (a) controls, is controlled by, or is	4343
under common control with, such a bank, savings bank, savings	4344
and loan association, or credit union and (b) is subject to	4345
examination, supervision, and regulation, including with respect	4346
to the affiliate's compliance with applicable consumer	4347
protection requirements, by the board of governors of the	4348
federal reserve system, the comptroller of the currency, the	4349
office of thrift supervision, the federal deposit insurance	4350
corporation, or the national credit union administration; or an	4351
employee of any such entity.	4352
(K) "Nonbank mortgage lender" means any person that	4353
engages in a consumer transaction in connection with a	4354
residential mortgage, except for a bank, savings bank, savings	4355
and loan association, credit union, or credit union service	4356
organization organized under the laws of this state, another	4357
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state, or the United States; a subsidiary of such a bank,	4358
savings bank, savings and loan association, or credit union; or	4359
an affiliate that (1) controls, is controlled by, or is under	4360
common control with, such a bank, savings bank, savings and loan	4361
association, or credit union and (2) is subject to examination,	4362
supervision, and regulation, including with respect to the	4363
affiliate's compliance with applicable consumer protection	4364
requirements, by the board of governors of the federal reserve	4365
system, the comptroller of the currency, the office of thrift	4366
supervision, the federal deposit insurance corporation, or the	4367
national credit union administration.	4368
(L) For purposes of divisions (H), (J), and (K) of this	4369
section:	4370
(1) "Control" of another entity means ownership, control,	4371
or power to vote twenty-five per cent or more of the outstanding	4372
shares of any class of voting securities of the other entity,	4373
directly or indirectly or acting through one or more other	4374
persons.	4375
(2) "Credit union service organization" means a CUSO as	4376
defined in 12 C.F.R. 702.2.	4377
Sec. 1501.04. The performance cash bond refunds fund is	4378
created in the state treasury. The fund shall consist of money	4379
received by the department of natural resources from other	4380
entities as performance security. Upon the completion of work or	4381
satisfaction of terms for which the performance cash bond was	4382
required, the money shall be refunded to the pledging entity. If	4383
the performance cash bond is forfeited, the money shall be	4384
transferred to the appropriate fund within the state treasury.	4385
Sec. 1501.10. Advertisement for bids for the leasing of	4386

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public service facilities in state parks shall be published in	4387
any newspaper of general circulation in Franklin county and each	4388
county in which the facility to be leased is situated. The	4389
publication shall be made once each week for four consecutive	4390
weeks prior to the date fixed for the acceptance of the bids.	4391
The notice shall set forth the pertinent facts concerning the	4392
facility to be leased and the periods of required operation	4393
during the year and shall refer to the terms and conditions that	4394
the lease shall include, which shall be on file in the office of	4395
the director of natural resources and open to public inspection,	4396
except that questionnaires and financial statements submitted	4397
under this section shall be confidential and shall not be open	4398
to public inspection.	4399

The public service facilities may be leased for a period of years that may be determined by the director, provided that the director, at the expiration of the original lease, without advertisement for bids, may grant the lessee a renewal of the lease for an additional period not to exceed four years. Leases executed under this section may contain any provisions that the director considers necessary, provided that the following provisions shall be contained in the leases:

- (A) The lessee shall be responsible for keeping the 4408 facilities in good condition and repair, reasonable wear and 4409 tear and damages caused by casualty or acts beyond the control 4410 of the lessee excepted.
- (B) The lessee shall operate the facilities for periods 4412 during the year that the director determines are necessary to 4413 satisfy the needs of the people of the state, provided that the 4414 periods of required operation shall be set forth in the notice 4415 for the acceptance of bids.

(C) The lessee, upon the execution of the lease, shall	4417
furnish surety to ensure that the lessee shall perform fully all	4418
terms of the lease. The surety shall be in the form of a	4419
performance bond, an irrevocable letter of credit to the state,	4420
cash, or negotiable certificates of deposit of any bank or	4421
savings and loan association organized or transacting business	4422
in the United States. The cash, market value of the certificates	4423
of deposit, or face value of the irrevocable letter of credit	4424
shall be equal to or greater than the amount of the bond	4425
prescribed by the director in the lease.	4426

Immediately upon a deposit of If the lessee deposits cash 4427 or certificates of deposit, the director cash shall deliver them 4428 to the treasurer of state, who shall be responsible for their 4429 safekeeping and hold them in trust for the purposes for which 4430 they have been deposited credited to the performance cash bond 4431 refunds fund created in section 1501.04 of the Revised Code. A 4432 lessee making a deposit of cash or certificates of deposit may 4433 withdraw and receive, from the treasurer of state, on the 4434 written order of the director, all or any portion of the cash or 4435 certificates of deposit upon depositing with the treasurer of 4436 state cash or director negotiable certificates of deposit issued 4437 by any bank organized or transacting business in this state 4438 equal in par value to the par value of the cash or certificates 4439 of deposit withdrawn. A lessee may demand and receive from the 4440 treasurer of state director all interest or other income from 4441 any such certificates as it becomes due. 4442

The director may lease any public service facilities in 4443 state parks to the person who submits the highest and best bid 4444 under the terms set forth in this section and in accordance with 4445 the rules of the director, taking into account the financial 4446 responsibility and the ability of the lessee to operate the 4447

facilities. Bids shall be sealed and opened at a date and time	4448
certain, published in advance.	4449
This section does not apply to a lease and contract	4450
executed under section 1501.012 of the Revised Code.	4451
Sec. 1503.05. (A) The chief of the division of forestry	4452
may sell timber and other forest products from the state forest,	4453
state forest nurseries, and federal lands in accordance with the	4454
terms of an agreement under section 1503.271 of the Revised Code	4455
whenever the chief considers such a sale desirable. With the	4456
approval of the attorney general and the director of natural	4457
resources, the chief may sell portions of the state forest lands	4458
when such a sale is advantageous to the state.	4459
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a timber	4460
sale agreement shall not be executed unless the person or	4461
governmental entity bidding on the sale executes and files a	4462
surety bond conditioned on completion of the timber sale in	4463
accordance with the terms of the agreement in an amount	4464
determined by the chief. All bonds shall be given in a form	4465
prescribed by the chief and shall run to the state as obligee.	4466
The chief shall not approve any bond until it is	4467
personally signed and acknowledged by both principal and surety,	4468
or as to either by the attorney in fact thereof, with a	4469
certified copy of the power of attorney attached. The chief	4470
shall not approve the bond unless there is attached a	4471
certificate of the superintendent of insurance that the company	4472
is authorized to transact a fidelity and surety business in this	4473
state.	4474
In lieu of a bond, the bidder may deposit any of the	4475
following:	4476

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(1) Cash in an amount equal to the amount of the bond;	4477
(2) United States government securities having a par value	4478
equal to or greater than the amount of the bond;	4479
(3) Negotiable cash, negotiable certificates of deposit,	4480
or irrevocable letters of credit issued by any bank organized or	4481
transacting business in this state having a par value equal to	4482
or greater than the amount of the bond.	4483
The cash or securities shall be deposited on the same	4484
terms as bonds. If one or more certificates of deposit are	4485
deposited in lieu of a bond, the chief shall require the bank	4486
that issued any of the certificates to pledge securities of the	4487
aggregate market value equal to the amount of the certificate or	4488
certificates that is in excess of the amount insured by the	4489
federal deposit insurance corporation. The securities to be	4490
pledged shall be those designated as eligible under section	4491
135.18 of the Revised Code. The securities shall be security for	4492
the repayment of the certificate or certificates of deposit.	4493
Immediately upon Upon a deposit of cash, securities,	4494
certificates of deposit, or <u>irrevocable</u> letters of credit	4495
described in division (B) of this section, the chief shall	4496
deliver them to the treasurer of state, who shall hold them in	4497
trust for the purposes for which they have been deposited. The	4498
treasurer of state is responsible for the safekeeping of the	4499
deposits. If the bidder deposits cash, the cash shall be	4500
credited to the performance cash bond refunds fund created in	4501
section 1501.04 of the Revised Code. If the bidder deposits	4502
certificates of deposit or letters of credit, the chief is	4503
responsible for the safekeeping of those certificates or	4504
<u>letters.</u> A bidder making a deposit of cash, securities,	4505
certificates of deposit, or letters of credit may withdraw and	4506

receive, from the treasurer of state, on the written order of	4507
the chief, all or any portion of the cash, securities,	4508
certificates of deposit, or letters of credit upon depositing	4509
with the treasurer of state cash, other United States government	4510
securities, or chief other negotiable certificates of deposit or	4511
irrevocable letters of credit—issued by any bank organized or	4512
transacting business in this state, that are equal in par value	4513
to the par value of the cash, securities, certificates of	4514
deposit, or letters of credit withdrawn.	4515

A bidder that deposits negotiable certificates of deposit 4516 may demand and receive from the treasurer of state chief all 4517 interest or other income from any such securities or 4518 certificates certificate as it becomes due. If securities 4519 <u>certificates</u> so deposited with and in the possession of the 4520 treasurer of state chief mature or are called for payment by 4521 their issuer, the treasurer of statechief, at the request of the 4522 bidder who deposited them, shall convert the proceeds of the 4523 redemption or payment of the securities into other United States 4524 government securities, negotiable certificates of deposit, or 4525 cash as the bidder designates. 4526

When the chief finds that a person or governmental agency 4527 has failed to comply with the conditions of the person's or 4528 governmental agency's bond, the chief shall make a finding of 4529 that fact and declare the bond, cash, securities, certificates, 4530 or letters of credit forfeited. The chief thereupon shall 4531 certify the total forfeiture to the attorney general, who shall 4532 proceed to collect the amount of the bond, cash, securities, 4533 certificates, or letters of credit. 4534

In lieu of total forfeiture, the surety, at its option, 4535 may cause the timber sale to be completed or pay to the 4536

treasurer of state chief the cost thereof. 4537 All money collected as a result of forfeitures of bonds, 4538 cash, securities, certificates, and letters of credit under this 4539 section shall be credited to the state forest fund created in 4540 this section. 4541 (C) The chief may grant easements and leases on portions 4542 of the state forest lands and state forest nurseries under terms 4543 that are advantageous to the state, and the chief may grant 4544 4545 mineral rights on a royalty basis on those lands and nurseries, with the approval of the attorney general and the director. 4546 4547 (D) All money received from the sale of state forest lands, or in payment for easements or leases on or as rents from 4548 4549 those lands or from state forest nurseries, shall be paid into the state treasury to the credit of the state forest fund, which 4550 is hereby created. In addition, all money received from federal 4551 grants, payments, and reimbursements, from the sale of 4552 reforestation tree stock, from the sale of forest products, 4553 other than standing timber, and from the sale of minerals taken 4554 from the state forest lands and state forest nurseries, together 4555 with royalties from mineral rights, shall be paid into the state 4556 treasury to the credit of the state forest fund. Any other 4557 revenues derived from the operation of the state forests and 4558 related facilities or equipment also shall be paid into the 4559 state treasury to the credit of the state forest fund, as shall 4560 contributions received for the issuance of Smokey Bear license 4561 plates under section 4503.574 of the Revised Code and any other 4562 money required by law to be deposited in the fund. Any revenue 4563 generated from agreements entered into under section 1503.271 of 4564 4565 the Revised Code shall be deposited in the fund.

The state forest fund shall not be expended for any

purpose other than the administration, operation, maintenance,	4567
development, or utilization of the state forests, forest	4568
nurseries, and forest programs; for facilities or equipment	4569
incident to them; for the further purchase of lands for state	4570
forest or forest nursery purposes; for wildfire suppression	4571
payments; for fire prevention purposes in the case of	4572
contributions received pursuant to section 4503.574 of the	4573
Revised Code; or for forest management projects associated with	4574
federal lands in the case of revenues received pursuant to	4575
agreements entered into under section 1503.271 of the Revised	4576
Code.	4577

(E) All money received from the sale of standing timber

taken from state forest lands and state forest nurseries shall

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be deposited into the state treasury to the credit of the

forestry holding account redistribution fund, which is hereby

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created. The money shall remain in the fund until they are

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redistributed in accordance with this division.

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The redistribution shall occur at least once each year. To 4584 begin the redistribution, the chief first shall determine the 4585 amount of all standing timber sold from state forest lands and 4586 state forest nurseries, together with the amount of the total 4587 sale proceeds, in each county, in each township within the 4588 county, and in each school district within the county. The chief 4589 next shall determine the amount of the direct costs that the 4590 division of forestry incurred in association with the sale of 4591 that standing timber. The amount of the direct costs shall be 4592 subtracted from the amount of the total sale proceeds and shall 4593 be transferred from the forestry holding account redistribution 4594 fund to the state forest fund. 4595

The remaining amount of the total sale proceeds equals the

net value of the standing timber that was sold. The chief shall	4597
determine the net value of standing timber sold from state	4598
forest lands and state forest nurseries in each county, in each	4599
township within the county, and in each school district within	4600
the county and shall send to each county treasurer a copy of the	4601
determination at the time that money is paid to the county	4602
treasurer under this division.	4603
Thirty-five per cent of the net value of standing timber	4604
sold from state forest lands and state forest nurseries located	4605
in a county shall be transferred from the forestry holding	4606
account redistribution fund to the state forest fund. The	4607
remaining sixty-five per cent of the net value shall be	4608
transferred from the forestry holding account redistribution	4609
fund and paid to the county treasurer for the use of the general	4610
fund of that county.	4611
The county auditor shall do all of the following:	4612
(1) Retain for the use of the general fund of the county	4613
one-fourth of the amount received by the county under division	4614
(E) of this section;	4615
(2) Pay into the general fund of any township located	4616
within the county and containing such lands and nurseries one-	4617
fourth of the amount received by the county from standing timber	4618
sold from lands and nurseries located in the township;	4619
(3) Request the board of education of any school district	4620
located within the county and containing such lands and	4621
nurseries to identify which fund or funds of the district should	4622
receive the money available to the school district under	4623
division (E)(3) of this section. After receiving notice from the	4624

board, the county auditor shall pay into the fund or funds so

identified one-half of the amount received by the county from	4626
standing timber sold from lands and nurseries located in the	4627
school district, distributed proportionately as identified by	4628
the board.	4629

The division of forestry shall not supply logs, lumber, or 4630 other forest products or minerals, taken from the state forest 4631 lands or state forest nurseries, to any other agency or 4632 subdivision of the state unless payment is made therefor in the 4633 amount of the actual prevailing value thereof. This section is 4634 applicable to the money so received.

(F) The chief may enter into a personal service contract

for consulting services to assist the chief with the sale of

timber or other forest products and related inventory.

Compensation for consulting services shall be paid from the

proceeds of the sale of timber or other forest products and

related inventory that are the subject of the personal service

4642

contract.

Sec. 1509.07. (A) (1) (a) Except as provided in division (A) 4643 (1) (b) or (A) (2) of this section, an owner of any well, except 4644 an exempt Mississippian well or an exempt domestic well, shall 4645 obtain liability insurance coverage from a company authorized or 4646 approved to do business in this state in an amount of not less 4647 than one million dollars bodily injury coverage and property 4648 damage coverage to pay damages for injury to persons or damage 4649 to property caused by the drilling, operation, or plugging of 4650 all the owner's wells in this state. However, if any well is 4651 located within an urbanized area, the owner shall obtain 4652 liability insurance coverage in an amount of not less than three 4653 million dollars for bodily injury coverage and property damage 4654 coverage to pay damages for injury to persons or damage to 4655 property caused by the drilling, operation, or plugging of all 4656 of the owner's wells in this state.

- (b) A board of county commissioners of a county that is an 4658 owner of a well or a board of township trustees of a township 4659 that is an owner of a well may elect to satisfy the liability 4660 coverage requirements specified in division (A)(1)(a) of this 4661 section by participating in a joint self-insurance pool in 4662 accordance with the requirements established under section 4663 2744.081 of the Revised Code. Nothing in division (A)(1)(b) of 4664 this section shall be construed to allow an entity, other than a 4665 county or township, to participate in a joint self-insurance 4666 pool to satisfy the liability coverage requirements specified in 4667 division (A)(1)(a) of this section. 4668
- (2) An owner of a horizontal well shall obtain liability 4669 insurance coverage from an insurer authorized to write such 4670 insurance in this state or from an insurer approved to write 4671 such insurance in this state under section 3905.33 of the 4672 Revised Code in an amount of not less than five million dollars 4673 bodily injury coverage and property damage coverage to pay 4674 damages for injury to persons or damage to property caused by 4675 the production operations of all the owner's wells in this 4676 state. The insurance policy shall include a reasonable level of 4677 coverage available for an environmental endorsement. 4678
- (3) An owner shall maintain the coverage required under
 division (A)(1) or (2) of this section until all the owner's
 4680
 wells are plugged and abandoned or are transferred to an owner
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 who has obtained insurance as required under this section and
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 who is not under a notice of material and substantial violation
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 or under a suspension order. The owner shall provide proof of
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 liability insurance coverage to the chief of the division of oil
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and gas resources management upon request. Upon failure of the	4686
owner to provide that proof when requested, the chief may order	4687
the suspension of any outstanding permits and operations of the	4688
owner until the owner provides proof of the required insurance	4689
coverage.	4690

- (B) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, an 4691 owner of any well, before being issued a permit under section 4692 1509.06 of the Revised Code or before operating or producing 4693 from a well, shall execute and file with the division of oil and 4694 gas resources management a surety bond conditioned on compliance 4695 with the restoration requirements of section 1509.072, the 4696 plugging requirements of section 1509.12, the permit provisions 4697 of section 1509.13 of the Revised Code, and all rules and orders 4698 of the chief relating thereto, in an amount set by rule of the 4699 chief. 4700
- (2) The owner may deposit with the chief, instead of a 4701 surety bond, cash in an amount equal to the surety bond as 4702 prescribed pursuant to this section or negotiable certificates 4703 of deposit or irrevocable letters of credit, issued by any bank 4704 organized or transacting business in this state, having a cash 4705 value equal to or greater than the amount of the surety bond as 4706 prescribed pursuant to this section. Cash or certificates of 4707 deposit shall be deposited upon the same terms as those upon 4708 which surety bonds may be deposited. If the owner deposits cash, 4709 the cash shall be credited to the performance cash bond refunds 4710 fund created in section 1501.04 of the Revised Code. If the 4711 owner deposits certificates of deposit-are deposited with the 4712 chief instead of a surety bond, the chief shall require the bank 4713 that issued any such certificate to pledge securities of a cash 4714 value equal to the amount of the certificate that is in excess 4715 of the amount insured by any of the agencies and 4716

instrumentalities created under the "Federal Deposit Insurance	4717
Act," 64 Stat. 873 (1950), 12 U.S.C. 1811, as amended, and	4718
regulations adopted under it, including at least—the federal	4719
deposit insurance corporation. The securities shall be security	4720
for the repayment of the certificate of deposit.	4721

Immediately upon Upon a deposit of cash, certificates of 4722 deposit, or letters of credit with the chief, the chief shall 4723 deliver them to the treasurer of state who shall hold them in 4724 trust for the purposes for which they have been deposited. 4725

(3) Instead of a surety bond, the chief may accept proof 4726 of financial responsibility consisting of a sworn financial 4727 statement showing a net financial worth within this state equal 4728 to twice the amount of the bond for which it substitutes and, as 4729 may be required by the chief, a list of producing properties of 4730 the owner within this state or other evidence showing ability 4731 and intent to comply with the law and rules concerning 4732 restoration and plugging that may be required by rule of the 4733 chief. The owner of an exempt Mississippian well is not required 4734 to file scheduled updates of the financial documents, but shall 4735 file updates of those documents if requested to do so by the 4736 chief. The owner of a nonexempt Mississippian well shall file 4737 updates of the financial documents in accordance with a schedule 4738 established by rule of the chief. The chief, upon determining 4739 that an owner for whom the chief has accepted proof of financial 4740 responsibility instead of bond cannot demonstrate financial 4741 responsibility, shall order that the owner execute and file a 4742 bond or deposit cash, certificates of deposit, or irrevocable 4743 letters of credit as required by this section for the wells 4744 specified in the order within ten days of receipt of the order. 4745 If the order is not complied with, all wells of the owner that 4746 are specified in the order and for which no bond is filed or 4747

cash, certificates of deposit, or letters of credit are	4748			
deposited shall be plugged. No owner shall fail or refuse to	4749			
plug such a well. Each day on which such a well remains	4750			
unplugged thereafter constitutes a separate offense.	4751			
(4) The surety bond provided for in this section shall be	4752			
executed by a surety company authorized to do business in this	4753			
state.	4754			
The chief shall not approve any bond until it is	4755			
personally signed and acknowledged by both principal and surety,	4756			
or as to either by the principal's or surety's attorney in fact,	4757			
with a certified copy of the power of attorney attached thereto.	4758			
The chief shall not approve a bond unless there is attached a	4759			
certificate of the superintendent of insurance that the company	4760			
is authorized to transact a fidelity and surety business in this				
tate.				
All bonds shall be given in a form to be prescribed by the	4763			
chief and shall run to the state as obligee.	4764			
(5) An owner of an exempt Mississippian well or an exempt	4765			
domestic well, in lieu of filing a surety bond, cash in an	4766			
amount equal to the surety bond, certificates of deposit,	4767			
irrevocable letters of credit, or a sworn financial statement,	4768			
may file a one-time fee of fifty dollars, which shall be	4769			
deposited in the oil and gas well plugging fund created in	4770			
section 1509.071 of the Revised Code.	4771			
(C) An owner, operator, producer, or other person shall	4772			
not operate a well or produce from a well at any time if the	4773			
owner, operator, producer, or other person has not satisfied the	4774			
requirements established in this section.	4775			

Sec. 1509.225. (A) Before being issued a registration

certificate under section 1509.222 of the Revised Code, an	4777
applicant shall execute and file with the division of oil and	4778
gas resources management a surety bond for fifteen thousand	4779
dollars to provide compensation for damage and injury resulting	4780
from transporters' violations of sections 1509.22, 1509.222, and	4781
1509.223 of the Revised Code, all rules and orders of the chief	4782
of the division of oil and gas resources management relating	4783
thereto, and all terms and conditions of the registration	4784
certificate imposed thereunder. The applicant may deposit with	4785
the chief, in lieu of a surety bond, cash in an amount equal to	4786
the surety bond as prescribed in this section, or negotiable	4787
certificates of deposit issued by any bank organized or	4788
transacting business in this state having a cash value equal to	4789
or greater than the amount of the surety bond as prescribed in	4790
this section. Cash or certificates of deposit shall be deposited	4791
upon the same terms as those upon which surety bonds may be	4792
deposited, and the chief shall hold them in trust for the	4793
purposes for which they have been deposited. If the applicant	4794
deposits cash, the cash shall be credited to the performance	4795
cash bond refunds fund created in section 1501.04 of the Revised	4796
<u>Code.</u> If <u>the applicant deposits</u> certificates of deposit— <u>are</u>	4797
deposited with the chief in lieu of a surety bond, the chief	4798
shall require the bank that issued any such certificate to	4799
pledge securities of a cash value equal to the amount of the	4800
certificate that is in excess of the amount insured by any of	4801
the agencies and instrumentalities created under the "Federal	4802
Deposit Insurance Act," 64 Stat. 873 (1950), 12 U.S.C. 1811, as	4803
amended, and regulations adopted under it, including at least	4804
the federal deposit insurance corporation.	4805
Such corporation. Such securities shall be security for	4806

the repayment of the certificate of deposit. Immediately upon a

deposit of cash or certificates with the chief, the chief shall	4808
deliver it to the treasurer of state who shall hold it in trust	4809
for the purposes for which it has been deposited.	4810

- (B) The surety bond provided for in this section shall be 4811 executed by a surety company authorized to do business in this 4812 state. The chief shall not approve any bond until it is 4813 personally signed and acknowledged by both principal and surety, 4814 or as to either by an attorney in fact, with a certified copy of 4815 the power of attorney attached thereto. The chief shall not 4816 approve the bond unless there is attached a certificate of the 4817 superintendent of insurance that the company is authorized to 4818 transact a fidelity and surety business in this state. All bonds 4819 shall be given in a form to be prescribed by the chief. 4820
- (C) If a registered transporter is found liable for a 4821 violation of section 1509.22, 1509.222, or 1509.223 of the 4822 Revised Code or a rule, order, or term or condition of a 4823 certificate involving, in any case, damage or injury to persons 4824 or property, or both, the court may order the forfeiture of any 4825 portion of the bond, cash, or other securities required by this 4826 section in full or partial payment of damages to the person to 4827 whom the damages are due. The treasurer of state and the chief 4828 shall deliver the bond or any cash or other securities deposited 4829 in lieu of bond, as specified in the court's order, to the 4830 person to whom the damages are due; however, execution against 4831 the bond, cash, or other securities, if necessary, is the 4832 responsibility of the person to whom the damages are due. The 4833 chief shall not release the bond, cash, or securities required 4834 by this section except by court order or until the registration 4835 is terminated. 4836

Sec. 1514.04. (A) Upon receipt of notification from the

chief of the division of mineral resources management of the	4838
chief's intent to issue an order granting a surface or in-stream	4839
mining permit to the applicant, the applicant shall file a	4840
surety bond, cash, an irrevocable letter of credit, or	4841
certificates of deposit in the amount, unless otherwise provided	4842
by rule, of ten thousand dollars. If the amount of land to be	4843
affected is more than twenty acres, the applicant also shall	4844
file a surety bond, cash, an irrevocable letter of credit, or	4845
certificates of deposit in the amount of five hundred dollars	4846
per acre of land to be affected that exceeds twenty acres. Upon	4847
receipt of notification from the chief of the chief's intent to	4848
issue an order granting an amendment to a surface or in-stream	4849
mining permit, the applicant shall file a surety bond, cash, an	4850
irrevocable letter of credit, or certificates of deposit in the	4851
amount required in this division.	4852

In the case of a surface mining permit, the bond shall be filed based on the number of acres estimated to be affected during the first year of operation under the permit. In the case of an amendment to a surface mining permit, the bond shall be filed based on the number of acres estimated to be affected during the balance of the period until the next anniversary date of the permit.

In the case of an in-stream mining permit, the bond shall be filed based on the number of acres of land within the limits of the in-stream mining permit for the entire permit period. In the case of an amendment to an in-stream mining permit, the bond shall be filed based on the number of any additional acres of land to be affected within the limits of the in-stream mining permit.

(B) A surety bond filed pursuant to this section and

sections 1514.02 and 1514.03 of the Revised Code shall be upon	4868
the form that the chief prescribes and provides and shall be	4869
signed by the operator as principal and by a surety company	4870
authorized to transact business in the state as surety. The bond	4871
shall be payable to the state and shall be conditioned upon the	4872
faithful performance by the operator of all things to be done	4873
and performed by the operator as provided in this chapter and	4874
the rules and orders of the chief adopted or issued pursuant	4875
thereto.	4876

The operator may deposit with the chief, in lieu of a 4877 surety bond, cash in an amount equal to the surety bond as 4878 prescribed in this section or an irrevocable letter of credit or 4879 negotiable certificates of deposit issued by any bank organized 4880 or transacting business in this state having a cash value equal 4881 to or greater than the amount of the surety bond as prescribed 4882 in this section. Cash or certificates of deposit shall be 4883 deposited upon the same terms as the terms upon which surety 4884 bonds may be deposited. If the operator deposits cash, the cash 4885 shall be credited to the performance cash bond refunds fund 4886 created in section 1501.04 of the Revised Code. If one or more-4887 4888 the operator deposits certificates of deposit-are deposited withthe chief in lieu of a surety bond, the chief shall require the 4889 bank that issued any such certificate to pledge securities of a 4890 cash value equal to the amount of the certificate, or-4891 certificates, that is in excess of the amount insured by the 4892 federal deposit insurance corporation. The securities shall be 4893 security for the repayment of the certificate of deposit. 4894

(C) Immediately upon Upon a deposit of cash, a letter of 4895 credit, or certificates with the chief, the chief shall deliver 4896 it to the treasurer of state who shall hold it in trust for the 4897 purposes for which it has been deposited. The treasurer of state 4898

<pre>chief shall be responsible for the safekeeping of such deposits.</pre>	4899
An operator making a deposit of cash, a letter of credit, or	4900
certificates of deposit may withdraw and receive. from the	4901
treasurer of state, on the written order of the chief, all or	4902
any part of the cash, letter of credit, or certificates in the	4903
possession of the $\frac{\text{treasurer of state}}{\text{chief}_{7}}$ upon depositing with	4904
the treasurer of state cash, or chief an irrevocable letter of	4905
credit or negotiable certificates of deposit issued by any bank	4906
organized or transacting business in this state, equal in value	4907
to the value of the cash, letter of credit, or certificates	4908
withdrawn. An operator may demand and receive from the treasurer	4909
of state chief all interest or other income from any	4910
certificates as it becomes due. If certificates deposited with	4911
and in the possession of the treasurer of state chief mature or	4912
are called for payment by the issuer thereof, the treasurer of	4913
<pre>statechief, at the request of the operator who deposited them,</pre>	4914
shall convert the proceeds of the redemption or payment of the	4915
certificates into such other negotiable certificates of deposit	4916
issued by any bank organized or transacting business in this	4917
state or cash, as may be designated by the operator.	4918

(D) A governmental agency, as defined in division (A) of 4919 section 1514.022 of the Revised Code, or a board or commission 4920 that derives its authority from a governmental agency shall not 4921 require a surface or in-stream mining operator to file a surety 4922 bond or any other form of financial assurance for the 4923 reclamation of land to be affected by a surface or in-stream 4924 mining operation authorized under this chapter. 4925

Sec. 1514.05. (A) At any time within the period allowed an 4926 operator by section 1514.02 of the Revised Code to reclaim an 4927 area of land affected by surface or in-stream mining, the 4928 operator may file a request, on a form provided by the chief of 4929

4935

the division of mineral resources management, for inspection of	4930
the area of land upon which the reclamation, other than any	4931
required planting, is completed. The request shall include all	4932
of the following:	4933

- (1) The location of the area and number of acres;
- (2) The permit number;

(3) A map showing the location of the acres reclaimed, 4936 prepared and certified in accordance with division (A)(11) or 4937 (12) of section 1514.02 of the Revised Code, as appropriate. In 4938 the case of an in-stream mining operation, the map also shall 4939 include, as applicable, the information required under division 4940 (A)(18) of section 1514.02 of the Revised Code. 4941

The chief shall make an inspection and evaluation of the 4942 reclamation of the area of land for which the request was 4943 submitted within ninety days after receipt of the request or, if 4944 the operator fails to complete the reclamation or file the 4945 request as required, as soon as the chief learns of the default. 4946 Thereupon, if the chief approves the reclamation, other than any 4947 required planting, as meeting the requirements of this chapter, 4948 rules adopted thereunder, any orders issued during the mining or 4949 reclamation, and the specifications of the plan for mining and 4950 reclaiming, the chief shall issue an order to the operator and 4951 the operator's surety releasing them from liability for one-half 4952 of the total amount of their surety bond on deposit to ensure 4953 reclamation for the area upon which reclamation is completed. If 4954 the operator has deposited cash, an irrevocable letter of 4955 credit, or certificates of deposit in lieu of a surety bond to 4956 ensure reclamation, the chief shall issue an order deliver to 4957 the operator releasing or the operator's authorized agent one-4958 half of the amount so held and promptly shall transmit a 4959

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certified copy of the order to the treasurer of state. Upon	
presentation of the order to the treasurer of state by the	4961
operator to whom it was issued, or by the operator's authorized	4962
agent, the treasurer of state shall deliver to the operator or-	4963
the operator's authorized agent the cash, irrevocable letter of	4964
eredit, or certificates of deposit designated in the order.	
If the chief does not approve the reclamation, other than	4966
any required planting, the chief shall notify the operator by	4967

any required planting, the chief shall notify the operator by certified mail. The notice shall be an order stating the reasons 4968 for unacceptability, ordering further actions to be taken, and 4969 setting a time limit for compliance. If the operator does not 4970 comply with the order within the time limit specified, the chief 4971 may order an extension of time for compliance after determining 4972 that the operator's noncompliance is for good cause, resulting 4973 from developments partially or wholly beyond the operator's 4974 control. If the operator complies within the time limit or the 4975 extension of time granted for compliance, the chief shall order 4976 release of the performance bond in the same manner as in the 4977 case of approval of reclamation, other than any required 4978 planting, by the chief, and the treasurer of statechief shall 4979 proceed as in that case. If the operator does not comply within 4980 the time limit and the chief does not order an extension, or if 4981 the chief orders an extension of time and the operator does not 4982 comply within the extension of time granted for compliance, the 4983 chief shall issue another order declaring that the operator has 4984 failed to reclaim and, if the operator's permit has not already 4985 expired or been revoked, revoking the operator's permit. The 4986 chief shall thereupon proceed under division (C) of this 4987 section. 4988

(B) At any time within the period allowed an operator by 4989

4997

section 1514.02 of the	Revised Code to reclaim an area affected	4990
by surface mining, the	operator may file a request, on a form	4991
provided by the chief,	for inspection of the area of land on	4992
which all reclamation,	including the successful establishment of	4993
any required planting,	is completed. The request shall include	4994
all of the following:		4995

- (1) The location of the area and number of acres;
- (2) The permit number;
- (3) The type and date of any required planting of 4998 vegetative cover and the degree of success of growth; 4999
- (4) A map showing the location of the acres reclaimed,

 prepared and certified in accordance with division (A)(11) or

 (12) of section 1514.02 of the Revised Code, as appropriate. In

 the case of an in-stream mining operation, the map also shall

 include the information required under division (A)(18) of

 section 1514.02 of the Revised Code.

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The chief shall make an inspection and evaluation of the 5006 reclamation of the area of land for which the request was 5007 submitted within ninety days after receipt of the request or, if 5008 the operator fails to complete the reclamation or file the 5009 request as required, as soon as the chief learns of the default. 5010 Thereupon, if the chief finds that the reclamation meets the 5011 requirements of this chapter, rules adopted under it, any orders 5012 issued during the mining and reclamation, and the specifications 5013 of the plan for mining and reclaiming and decides to release any 5014 remaining performance bond on deposit to ensure reclamation of 5015 the area on which reclamation is completed, within ten days of 5016 completing the inspection and evaluation, the chief shall order 5017 release of the remaining performance bond in the same manner as 5018

in the case of approval of reclamation other than required	5019
planting, and the treasurer of statechief shall proceed as in	5020
that case.	5021

If the chief does not approve the reclamation performed by 5022 the operator, the chief shall notify the operator by certified 5023 mail within ninety days of the filing of the application for 5024 inspection or of the date when the chief learns of the default. 5025 The notice shall be an order stating the reasons for 5026 unacceptability, ordering further actions to be taken, and 5027 5028 setting a time limit for compliance. If the operator does not comply with the order within the time limit specified, the chief 5029 may order an extension of time for compliance after determining 5030 that the operator's noncompliance is for good cause, resulting 5031 from developments partially or wholly beyond the operator's 5032 control. If the operator complies within the time limit or the 5033 extension of time granted for compliance, the chief shall order 5034 release of the remaining performance bond in the same manner as 5035 in the case of approval of reclamation by the chief, and the 5036 treasurer of statechief shall proceed as in that case. If the 5037 operator does not comply within the time limit and the chief 5038 does not order an extension, or if the chief orders an extension 5039 of time and the operator does not comply within the extension of 5040 time granted for compliance, the chief shall issue another order 5041 declaring that the operator has failed to reclaim and, if the 5042 operator's permit has not already expired or been revoked, 5043 revoking the operator's permit. The chief then shall proceed 5044 under division (C) of this section. 5045

(C) Upon issuing an order under division (A) or (B) of 5046 this section declaring that the operator has failed to reclaim, 5047 the chief shall make a finding as to the number and location of 5048 the acres of land that the operator has failed to reclaim in the 5049

manner required by this chapter. The chief shall order the	5050
release of the performance bond in the amount of five hundred	5051
dollars per acre for those acres that the chief finds to have	5052
been reclaimed in the manner required by this chapter. The	5053
release shall be ordered in the same manner as in the case of	5054
other approval of reclamation by the chief, and the treasurer of	5055
statechief shall proceed as in that case. If the operator has on	5056
deposit cash, an irrevocable letter of credit, or certificates	5057
of deposit to ensure reclamation of the area of the land	5058
affected, the chief at the same time shall issue an order	5059
declaring that the remaining cash, irrevocable letter of credit,	5060
or certificates of deposit are the property of the state and are	5061
available for use by the chief in performing reclamation of the	5062
area and shall proceed in accordance with section 1514.06 of the	5063
Revised Code.	5064

If the operator has on deposit a surety bond to ensure 5065 reclamation of the area of land affected, the chief shall notify 5066 the surety in writing of the operator's default and shall 5067 request the surety to perform the surety's obligation and that 5068 of the operator. The surety, within ten days after receipt of 5069 the notice, shall notify the chief as to whether it intends to 5070 perform those obligations. 5071

If the surety chooses to perform, it shall arrange for 5072 work to begin within thirty days of the day on which it notifies 5073 the chief of its decision. If the surety completes the work as 5074 required by this chapter, the chief shall issue an order to the 5075 surety releasing the surety from liability under the bond in the 5076 same manner as if the surety were an operator proceeding under 5077 this section. If, after the surety begins the work, the chief 5078 determines that the surety is not carrying the work forward with 5079 reasonable progress, or that it is improperly performing the 5080

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work, or that it has abandoned the work or otherwise failed to	5081
perform its obligation and that of the operator, the chief shall	5082
issue an order terminating the right of the surety to perform	5083
the work and demanding payment of the amount due as required by	5084
this chapter.	5085

If the surety chooses not to perform and so notifies the chief, does not respond to the chief's notice within ten days of receipt thereof, or fails to begin work within thirty days of the day it timely notifies the chief of its decision to perform its obligation and that of the operator, the chief shall issue an order terminating the right of the surety to perform the work and demanding payment of the amount due, as required by this chapter.

Upon receipt of an order of the chief demanding payment of 5094 the amount due, the surety immediately shall deposit with the 5095 chief cash in the full amount due under the order for deposit 5096 with the treasurer of statechief. If the surety fails to make an 5097 immediate deposit, the chief shall certify it to the attorney 5098 general for collection. When the chief has issued an order 5099 terminating the right of the surety and has the cash on deposit, 5100 the cash is the property of the state and is available for use 5101 by the chief, who shall proceed in accordance with section 5102 1514.06 of the Revised Code. 5103

Sec. 1521.061. (A) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this

section, the chief of the division of water resources shall not

issue a construction permit under section 1521.06 of the Revised

Code unless the person or governmental agency applying for the

permit executes and files a surety bond conditioned on

completion of the dam or levee in accordance with the terms of

the permit and the plans and specifications approved by the

5104

chief. Except as provided in division (A)(2) of this section,	5111
the surety bond shall equal:	5112
(a) \$50,000 for the first \$500,000 of the estimated cost	5113
of the project; plus	5114
(b) Twenty-five per cent of the estimated cost for the	5115
next \$4,500,000 of the estimated cost of the project; plus	5116
(c) Ten per cent of the estimated cost that exceeds	5117
\$5,000,000.	5118
(2) The chief may reduce the amount of the required surety	5119
bond to the amount equal to the cost estimate of construction	5120
activities necessary to render the dam nonhazardous if the cost	5121
estimate is provided by the applicant and approved by the chief.	5122
(B) If a permittee requests an extension of the time	5123
period during which a construction permit is valid in accordance	5124
with rules adopted under section 1521.06 of the Revised Code,	5125
the chief shall determine whether the revised construction cost	5126
estimate provided with the request exceeds the original	5127
construction cost estimate that was filed with the chief by more	5128
than twenty-five per cent. If the revised construction cost	5129
estimate exceeds the original construction cost estimate by more	5130
than twenty-five per cent, the chief may require an additional	5131
surety bond to be filed in an amount determined in accordance	5132
with division (A) of this section based on the revised	5133
construction cost estimate.	5134
(C) The chief shall not approve any bond until it is	5135
personally signed and acknowledged by both principal and surety,	5136
or as to either by the attorney in fact thereof, with a	5137
certified copy of the power of attorney attached. The chief	5138
shall not approve the bond unless there is attached a	5139

certificate of the superintendent of insurance that the company	5140
is authorized to transact a fidelity and surety business in this	5141
state.	5142
All bonds shall be given in a form prescribed by the chief	5143
and shall run to the state as obligee.	5144
(D)(1) The applicant may deposit, in lieu of a bond, cash	5145
in an amount equal to the amount of the bond or United States	5146
government securities or negotiable certificates of deposit	5147
issued by any bank organized or transacting business in this	5148
state having a par value equal to or greater than the amount of	5149
the bond. Such cash or securities shall be deposited upon the	5150
same terms as bonds. If one or more certificates of deposit are	5151
deposited in lieu of a bond, the chief shall require the bank	5152
that issued any such certificate to pledge securities of the	5153
aggregate market value equal to the amount of the certificate	5154
that is in excess of the amount insured by the federal deposit	5155
insurance corporation. The securities to be pledged shall be	5156
those designated as eligible under section 135.18 of the Revised	5157
Code. The securities shall be security for the repayment of the	5158
certificate of deposit.	5159
(2) Immediately upon Upon a deposit of cash, securities,	5160
or certificates of deposit, the chief shall deliver them to the	5161
treasurer of state, who shall hold them in trust for the	5162
purposes for which they have been deposited. The treasurer of	5163
state is responsible for the safekeeping of such deposits. If	5164
the applicant deposits cash, the cash shall be credited to the	5165
performance cash bond refunds fund created in section 1501.04 of	5166
the Revised Code. An applicant making a deposit of cash,	5167
securities, or certificates of deposit may withdraw and receive,	5168

from the treasurer of state, on the written order of the chief,

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all or any portion of the cash, securities, or certificates of	5170
deposit, upon depositing with the treasurer of state cash, chief	5171
other United States government securities, or negotiable	5172
certificates of deposit issued by any bank organized or	5173
transacting business in this state equal in par value to the par	5174
value of the cash, securities, or certificates of deposit	5175
withdrawn. An applicant may demand and receive from the	5176
treasurer of state chief all interest or other income from any	5177
such securities or certificates as it becomes due. If securities	5178
<u>certificates</u> so deposited with and in the possession of the	5179
treasurer of state chief mature or are called for payment by the	5180
issuer thereof, the treasurer of statechief, at the request of	5181
the applicant who deposited them, shall convert the proceeds of	5182
the redemption or payment of the securities certificates into	5183
such-other United States government securities, negotiable	5184
certificates of deposit issued by any bank organized or	5185
transacting business in this state, or cash as the applicant	5186
designates.	5187
(E)(1) When the chief finds that a person or governmental	5188
agency has failed to comply with the conditions of the person's	5189
or agency's bond, the chief shall make a finding of that fact	5190
and declare the bond, cash, securities, or certificates of	5191
deposit forfeited in the amount set by rule of the chief. The	5192
chief shall thereupon certify the total forfeiture to the	5193
attorney general, who shall proceed to collect that amount.	5194
(2) In lieu of total forfeiture, the surety, at its	5195
option, may cause the dam or levee to be completed as required	5196
by section 1521.06 of the Revised Code and rules of the chief,	5197

or otherwise rendered nonhazardous, or pay to the treasurer of

state_chief_the cost thereof.

(F)(1) All moneys collected on account of forfeitures of	5200
bonds, cash, securities, and certificates of deposit under this	5201
section shall be credited to the dam safety fund created in	5202
section 1521.06 of the Revised Code. The chief shall make	5203
expenditures from the fund to complete dams and levees for which	5204
bonds have been forfeited or to otherwise render them	5205
nonhazardous.	5206
(2) Europditures from the fund for these purposes shall be	5207

- (2) Expenditures from the fund for those purposes shall be 5207 made pursuant to contracts entered into by the chief with 5208 persons who agree to furnish all of the materials, equipment, 5209 work, and labor as specified and provided in the contract. 5210
- (G) A surety bond shall not be required for a permit for a 5211 dam or levee that is to be designed and constructed by an agency 5212 of the United States government, if the agency files with the 5213 chief written assurance of the agency's financial responsibility 5214 for the structure for one year following the chief's approval of 5215 the completed construction provided for under division (E) of 5216 section 1521.06 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 1548.06. (A) (1) Application for a certificate of 5218 title for a watercraft or outboard motor shall be made upon a 5219 form prescribed by the chief of the division of parks and 5220 watercraft and shall be sworn to before a notary public or other 5221 officer empowered to administer oaths. The application shall be 5222 filed with the clerk of any court of common pleas. An 5223 application for a certificate of title may be filed 5224 5225 electronically by any electronic means approved by the chief in any county with the clerk of the court of common pleas of that 5226 county. The application shall be accompanied by the fee 5227 prescribed in section 1548.10 of the Revised Code. The fee shall 5228 be retained by the clerk who issues the certificate of title and 5229

shall be distributed in accordance with that section. If a clerk	5230
of a court of common pleas, other than the clerk of the court of	5231
common pleas of an applicant's county of residence, issues a	5232
certificate of title to the applicant, the clerk shall transmit	5233
data related to the transaction to the automated title	5234
processing system.	5235

- (2) If a certificate of title previously has been issued 5236 for the watercraft or outboard motor, the application for a 5237 certificate of title also shall be accompanied by the 5238 certificate of title duly assigned unless otherwise provided in 5239 this chapter. If a certificate of title previously has not been 5240 issued for the watercraft or outboard motor in this state, the 5241 application, unless otherwise provided in this chapter, shall be 5242 accompanied by a manufacturer's or importer's certificate; by a 5243 sworn statement of ownership if the watercraft or outboard motor 5244 was purchased by the applicant on or before October 9, 1963, or 5245 if the watercraft is less than fourteen feet long with a 5246 permanently affixed mechanical means of propulsion and was 5247 purchased by the applicant on or before January 1, 2000; or by a 5248 certificate of title, bill of sale, or other evidence of 5249 ownership required by the law of another state from which the 5250 watercraft or outboard motor was brought into this state. 5251 Evidence of ownership of a watercraft or outboard motor for 5252 which an Ohio certificate of title previously has not been 5253 issued and which watercraft or outboard motor does not have 5254 permanently affixed to it a manufacturer's serial number shall 5255 be accompanied by the certificate of assignment of a hull 5256 identification number assigned by the chief as provided in 5257 section 1548.07 of the Revised Code. 5258
- (3) The clerk shall retain the evidence of title presented 5259 by the applicant and on which the certificate of title is 5260

issued, except that, if an application for a certificate of	5261
title is filed electronically, by a vendor on behalf of a	5262
ourchaser of a watercraft or outboard motor, the clerk shall	5263
retain the completed electronic record to which the vendor	5264
converted the certificate of title application and other	5265
required documents. The chief, after consultation with the	5266
attorney general, shall adopt rules that govern the location at	5267
which, and the manner in which, are stored the actual	5268
application and all other documents relating to the sale of a	5269
watercraft or outboard motor when a vendor files the application	5270
for a certificate of title electronically on behalf of a	5271
purchaser.	5272

- (B) The clerk shall use reasonable diligence in 5273 ascertaining whether the facts in the application are true by 5274 checking the application and documents accompanying it or the 5275 electronic record to which a vendor converted the application 5276 and accompanying documents with the records of watercraft and 5277 outboard motors in the clerk's office. If the clerk is satisfied 5278 that the applicant is the owner of the watercraft or outboard 5279 motor and that the application is in the proper form, the clerk 5280 shall issue a physical certificate of title over the clerk's 5281 signature and sealed with the clerk's seal unless the applicant 5282 specifically requests the clerk not to issue a physical 5283 certificate of title and instead to issue an electronic 5284 certificate of title. However, if the evidence indicates and an 5285 investigation shows that one or more Ohio titles already exist 5286 for the watercraft or outboard motor, the chief may cause the 5287 redundant title or titles to be canceled. 5288
- (C) In the case of the sale of a watercraft or outboard
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 motor by a vendor to a general purchaser or user, the
 5290
 certificate of title shall be obtained in the name of the
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purchaser by the vendor upon application signed by the	5292
purchaser. In all other cases, the certificate shall be obtained	5293
by the purchaser. In all cases of transfer of watercraft or	5294
outboard motors, the application for certificate of title shall	5295
be filed within thirty days after the later of the date of	5296
purchase or assignment of ownership of the watercraft or	5297
outboard motor. If the application for certificate of title is	5298
not filed within thirty days after the later of the date of	5299
purchase or assignment of ownership of the watercraft or	5300
outboard motor, the clerk shall charge a late penalty fee of	5301
five dollars in addition to the fee prescribed by section	5302
1548.10 of the Revised Code. The clerk shall retain the entire	5303
amount of each late penalty fee.	5304
(D) The clerk shall refuse to accept an application for	5305
certificate of title unless the applicant either tenders with	5306
the application payment of all taxes levied by or pursuant to	5307
Chapter 5739. or 5741. of the Revised Code based on the	5308
applicant's county of residence less, in the case of a sale by a	5309
vendor, any discount to which the vendor is entitled under	5310
section 5739.12 of the Revised Code, or submits any of the	5311
following:	5312
(1) A receipt issued by the tax commissioner or a clerk of	5313
courts showing payment of the tax;	5314
(2) A copy of the unit certificate of exemption completed	5315
by the purchaser at the time of sale as provided in section	5316
5739.03 of the Revised Code;	5317
(3) An exemption certificate, in a form prescribed by the	5318
tax commissioner, that specifies why the purchase is not subject	5319
to the tax imposed by Chapter 5739. or 5741. of the Revised	5320
Code.	5321

Payment of the tax shall be in accordance with rules 5322 issued by the tax commissioner, and the clerk shall issue a 5323 receipt in the form prescribed by the tax commissioner to any 5324 applicant who tenders payment of the tax with the application 5325 for the certificate of title. 5326

- (E)(1) For receiving and disbursing the taxes paid to the 5327 clerk by a resident of the clerk's county, the clerk may retain 5328 a poundage fee of one and one one-hundredth per cent of the 5329 taxes collected, which shall be paid into the certificate of 5330 title administration fund created by section 325.33 of the 5331 Revised Code. The clerk shall not retain a poundage fee from 5332 payments of taxes by persons who do not reside in the clerk's 5333 5334 county.
- (2) A clerk, however, may retain from the taxes paid to 5335 the clerk an amount equal to the poundage fees associated with 5336 certificates of title issued by other clerks of courts of common 5337 pleas to applicants who reside in the first clerk's county. The 5338 chief of the division of parks and watercraft, in consultation 5339 with the tax commissioner and the clerks of the courts of common 5340 pleas, shall develop a report from the automated title 5341 processing system that informs each clerk of the amount of the 5342 poundage fees that the clerk is permitted to retain from those 5343 taxes because of certificates of title issued by the clerks of 5344 other counties to applicants who reside in the first clerk's 5345 county. 5346
- (F) In the case of casual sales of watercraft or outboard 5347 motors that are subject to the tax imposed by Chapter 5739. or 5348 5741. of the Revised Code, the purchase price for the purpose of determining the tax shall be the purchase price on an affidavit 5350 executed and filed with the clerk by the vendor on a form to be 5351

prescribed by the chief, which shall be prima-facie evidence of 5352 the price for the determination of the tax. In addition to the 5353 information required by section 1548.08 of the Revised Code, 5354 each certificate of title shall contain in bold lettering the 5355 following notification and statements: "WARNING TO TRANSFEROR 5356 AND TRANSFEREE (SELLER AND BUYER). You are required by law to 5357 5358 state the true selling price. A false statement is a violation of section 2921.13 of the Revised Code and is punishable by six 5359 months imprisonment or a fine of up to one thousand dollars, or 5360 both. All transfers are audited by the department of taxation. 5361 The seller and buyer must provide any information requested by 5362 the department of taxation. The buyer may be assessed any 5363 additional tax found to be due." 5364

(G) Each county clerk of courts shall forward to the 5365 treasurer of state tax commissioner all sales and use tax 5366 collections resulting from sales of titled watercraft and 5367 outboard motors during a calendar week on or before the Friday 5368 following the close of that week. If, on any Friday, the offices 5369 of the clerk of courts or the state are not open for business, 5370 the tax shall be forwarded to the treasurer of state-5371 5372 commissioner on or before the next day on which the offices are open. Every remittance of tax under this division shall be 5373 accompanied by a remittance report in such form as the tax-5374 commissioner prescribes. Upon receipt of a tax remittance and 5375 remittance report, the treasurer of state shall date stamp the 5376 report and forward it to the tax commissioner. If the tax due 5377 for any week is not remitted by a clerk of courts as required 5378 under this division, the clerk shall forfeit the poundage fees 5379 for the sales made during that week. The treasurer of state-5380 <u>commissioner</u> may require the clerks of courts to transmit tax 5381 collections and remittance reports electronically. 5382

(H) For purposes of a transfer of a certificate of title,	5383
if the clerk is satisfied that a secured party has discharged a	5384
lien but has not canceled the lien notation with a clerk, the	5385
clerk may cancel the lien notation on the automated title	5386
processing system and notify the clerk of the county of origin.	5387
(I) Every clerk shall have the capability to transact by	5388
electronic means all procedures and transactions relating to the	5389
issuance of watercraft or outboard motor certificates of title	5390
that are described in the Revised Code as being accomplished by	5391
electronic means.	5392
Sec. 1733.04. (A) In addition to the authority conferred	5393
by section 1701.13 of the Revised Code, but subject to any	5394
limitations contained in sections 1733.01 to 1733.45 of the	5395
Revised Code, and its articles and regulations, a credit union	5396
may do any of the following:	5397
(1) Make loans as provided in section 1733.25 of the	5398
Revised Code;	5399
(2) Invest its money as provided in section 1733.30 of the	5400
Revised Code;	5401
(3) If authorized by the code of regulations, rebate to	5402
the borrowing members a portion of the member's interest paid to	5403
the credit union;	5404
(4) If authorized by the regulations, charge a membership	5405
or entrance fee;	5406
(5) Purchase group savings life insurance and group credit	5407
life insurance;	5408
(6) Make reasonable contributions to any nonprofit civic,	5409
charitable, or service organizations;	5410

thrift.

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(7) Act as trustee or custodian, for which reasonable	5411
compensation may be received, under any written trust instrument	5412
or custodial agreement created or organized in the United States	5413
and forming part of a tax-advantaged savings plan that qualifies	5414
for specific tax treatment under sections 223, 401(d), 408,	5415
408A, and 530 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 223,	5416
401(d), 408, 408A, and 530, as amended, for its members or	5417
groups of its members, provided that the funds of such plans are	5418
invested in share accounts or share certificate accounts of the	5419
credit union. These services include, but are not limited to,	5420
acting as a trustee or custodian for member retirement,	5421
education, or health savings accounts.	5422
(8) Participate in and pledge assets in connection with	5423
the business -linked deposit program programs under sections	5424
135.77 to 135.774 of the Revised Code, the agricultural linked	5425
deposit program under sections 135.71 to 135.76 of the Revised	5426
Code, and the adoption linked deposit program under sections	5427
135.79 to 135.796 <u>135.61 to 135.66</u> of the Revised Code.	5428
(B) The authority of a credit union shall be subject to	5429
the following:	5430
(1) A credit union may not borrow money in excess of	5431
twenty-five per cent of its shares and undivided earnings,	5432
without prior specific authorization by the superintendent of	5433
credit unions.	5434
(2) A credit union may not pay a commission or other	5435
compensation to any person for securing members or for the sale	5436
of its shares, except that reasonable incentives may be made	5437
available directly to members or potential members to promote	5438

(C)(I) A credit union may have service facilities other	3440
than its home office.	5441
(2) Real estate may be acquired by lease, purchase, or	5442
otherwise as necessary and to the extent required for use of the	5443
credit union presently and in the future operation of its office	5444
or headquarters, and in case of a purchase of real estate, the	5445
superintendent must first be notified in writing prior to the	5446
purchase of the real estate. Nothing herein contained shall be	5447
deemed to prohibit a credit union from taking title to real	5448
estate in connection with a default in the payment of a loan,	5449
provided that title to such real estate shall not be held by the	5450
credit union for more than two years without the prior written	5451
approval of the superintendent. A credit union also may lease	5452
space in any real estate it acquires in accordance with rules	5453
adopted by the superintendent.	5454
(D)(1) As used in division (D) of this section:	5455
(a) "School" means an elementary or secondary school.	5456
(b) "Student" means a child enrolled in a school.	5457
(c) "Student branch" means the designation provided to the	5458
credit union for the in-school services and financial education	5459
offered to students.	5460
(2) A credit union, upon agreement with a school board, in	5461
the case of a public school, or the governing authority, in the	5462
case of a nonpublic school, and with the permission of the	5463
superintendent, may open and maintain a student branch.	5464
(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section,	5465
any student enrolled in the school maintaining a student branch	5466
who is not otherwise qualified for membership in the credit	5467
union maintaining the student branch is qualified to be a member	5468

Code.

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of that student branch. 5469 (4) The student's membership in the student branch expires 5470 upon the student's graduation from secondary school. 5471 (5) The student branch is for the express use of students 5472 and may not be used by faculty, staff, or lineal ancestors or 5473 descendents descendants of students. 5474 (6) Faculty, staff, or lineal ancestors or descendents 5475 descendants of students are not eligible for membership in the 5476 credit union maintaining the student branch unless otherwise 5477 qualified by this section to be members. 5478 (7) The superintendent may adopt rules appropriate to the 5479 formation and operation of student branches. 5480 (E) A credit union may guarantee the signature of a member 5481 in connection with a transaction involving tangible or 5482 intangible property in which a member has or seeks to acquire an 5483 interest. 5484 Sec. 1733.24. (A) A credit union is authorized to receive 5485 funds for deposit in share accounts, share draft accounts, and 5486 share certificates from its members, from other credit unions, 5487 and from an officer, employee, or agent of the federal, state, 5488 or local governments, or political subdivisions of the state, in 5489 accordance with such terms, rates, and conditions as may be 5490 established by its board of directors, and for purposes of the 5491 agricultural linked deposit program programs created under 5492 sections 135.71 to 135.76 of the Revised Code, the business 5493 linked deposit program created under sections 135.77 to 135.774 5494 of the Revised Code, and the adoption linked deposit program-5495 under sections 135.79 to 135.796-135.61 to 135.66 of the Revised 5496

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(B) The shares and share accounts of the credit union may	5498
be of one or more classes, as designated by the board of	5499
directors, subject to approval of the superintendent of credit	5500
unions based on rules that shall assure equitable distribution	5501
of dividends among classes, considering costs and advantages of	5502
each class to the members of the credit union, including without	5503
limitation special services rendered, length of ownership,	5504
minimum investment, conditions of repurchase, and other	5505
appropriate standards or combinations thereof. In the event the	5506
articles of incorporation of the credit union indicate the	5507
authorized number of shares to be unlimited, the designation of	5508
classification of shares and share accounts of the credit union	5509
may be effected by the board of directors, subject to the	5510
approval of the superintendent, and does not require amendment	5511
of the articles of incorporation. All shares of the credit union	5512
shall have a par value per share as set by the board of	5513
directors. Redemptions and liquidating dividends shall be	5514
prorated to each member on the basis of the price paid the	5515
credit union for such share, irrespective of the class of such	5516
shares.	5517

- (C) (1) Each credit union shall have one class of shares designated as "membership share." The membership shares, or if a credit union has but one class of shares, then all of the shares of the credit union, shall have a par value as set by the board of directors.
- (2) Two or more persons that are eligible for membership 5523 that have jointly subscribed for one or more shares under a 5524 joint account each may be admitted to membership. 5525
- (D) A credit union need not issue certificates for any or 5526 all of its classes of shares but irrespective of whether 5527

certificates are issued, a registry of shares must be kept,	5528
including all of the transactions of the credit union pertaining	5529
to such shares.	5530
(E) A credit union is authorized to maintain share draft	5531
accounts in accordance with rules prescribed by the	5532
superintendent. The credit union may pay dividends on share	5533
draft accounts, may pay dividends at different rates on	5534
different types of share draft accounts, and may permit the	5535
owners of such share draft accounts to make withdrawals by	5536
negotiable or transferable instruments or other orders for the	5537
purpose of making transfers to third parties.	5538
(F) Unless otherwise provided by written agreement of the	5539
parties, the rights, responsibilities, and liabilities attaching	5540
to a share draft withdrawn from, transferred to, or otherwise	5541
handled by a credit union are defined in and governed by	5542
Chapters 1303. and 1304. of the Revised Code, as if the credit	5543
union were a bank.	5544
(G) Unless otherwise provided in the articles or	5545
regulations, a member may designate any person or persons to own	5546
or hold shares, or share accounts with the member in joint	5547
tenancy with right of survivorship and not as tenants in common.	5548
(H) Shares or share accounts may be issued in the name of	5549
a custodian under the Ohio transfers to minors act, a member in	5550
trust for a beneficiary, a fiduciary or custodian in trust for a	5551
member beneficiary, or a fiduciary or custodian in trust upon	5552
the death of a member. Redemption of such shares or payment of	5553
such share accounts to a member, to the extent of the payment,	5554
discharges the liability of the credit union to the member and	5555
the beneficiary, and the credit union shall be under no	5556

obligation to see to the application of the payment. Unless

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prior to the death of a member, the member has notified the	5558
credit union in writing in a form approved by the credit union	5559
of a different beneficiary to receive the proceeds of such	5560
shares or share accounts, then the proceeds shall be paid to the	5561
beneficiary or to the beneficiary's parent or legal	5562
representative. Any payment made pursuant to written	5563
instructions of the member or pursuant to the provisions herein	5564
contained shall be a valid and sufficient release and discharge	5565
of the credit union in connection with any such share or share	5566
accounts.	5567

- (I) (1) Except as otherwise provided in the articles or regulations, and subject to the provisions thereof, a minor may purchase shares, share accounts, or other depository instruments, and except for qualification as a voting member, the credit union may deal with the minor with respect to shares, share accounts, or other depository instruments owned by the minor as if the minor were a person of legal age.
- (2) If shares, share accounts, or other depository 5575 instruments are issued in the name of a minor, redemption of any 5576 part or all of the shares or withdrawal of funds by payment to 5577 the minor of the shares or funds and any declared dividends or 5578 interest releases the credit union from all obligation to the 5579 minor as to the shares reduced or funds withdrawn. 5580
- (J) The regulations may require advance written notice of a member's intention to withdraw the member's shares. Such advance notice shall not exceed sixty days.
- (K) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, 5584 funds deposited in a share account, share certificate, or in any 5585 other manner pursuant to a program offered by a credit union to 5586 promote consumer savings do not constitute valuable 5587

consideration for purposes of a scheme of chance under Chapter	5588
2915. of the Revised Code.	5589
Sec. 1735.03. No title guarantee and trust company shall	5590
do business until it has deposited with the treasurer of state	5591
superintendent of insurance fifty thousand dollars, in	5592
securities permitted by sections 3925.05, 3925.06, and 3925.08	5593
of the Revised Code. The treasurer of state superintendent shall	5594
hold such securities deposited with him the superintendent as	5595
security for the faithful performance of all guarantees entered	5596
into and all trusts accepted by such company, but so long as it	5597
continues solvent he the superintendent shall permit it to	5598
collect the interest of, or dividends or distributions on, its	5599
securities so deposited, and to withdraw any of such securities	5600
on depositing with him the superintendent cash or other	5601
securities of the kind specified in this section so as to	5602
maintain the value of such deposit at fifty thousand dollars.	5603
If such a company has made such deposits with the	5604
treasurer of statesuperintendent of insurance, it may request	5605
him the superintendent to return to it securities held by him-	5606
the superintendent in such deposit in excess of the amount	5607
required, and he the superintendent shall then surrender such	5608
excess to the company, taking proper receipts therefor.	5609
Sec. 2109.37. (A) Except as otherwise provided by law,	5610
including division (D) of this section, or by the instrument	5611
creating the trust, a fiduciary having funds belonging to a	5612
trust that are to be invested may invest them in the following:	5613
(1) Bonds or other obligations of the United States or of	5614
this state;	5615

(2) Bonds or other interest-bearing obligations of any

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county, municipal corporation, school district, or other legally	5617
constituted political taxing subdivision within the state,	5618
provided that the county, municipal corporation, school	5619
district, or other subdivision has not defaulted in the payment	5620
of the interest on any of its bonds or interest-bearing	5621
obligations, for more than one hundred twenty days during the	5622
ten years immediately preceding the investment by the fiduciary	5623
in the bonds or other obligations, and provided that the county,	5624
municipal corporation, school district, or other subdivision, is	5625
not, at the time of the investment, in default in the payment of	5626
principal or interest on any of its bonds or other interest-	5627
bearing obligations;	5628
(3) Bonds or other interest-bearing obligations of any	5629
other state of the United States which, within twenty years	5630
prior to the making of that investment, has not defaulted for	5631
more than ninety days in the payment of principal or interest on	5632
any of its bonds or other interest-bearing obligations;	5633
(4) Any bonds issued by or for federal land banks and any	5634
debentures issued by or for federal intermediate credit banks	5635
under the "Federal Farm Loan Act of 1916," 39 Stat. 360, 12	5636
U.S.C.A. 641, as amended; or any debentures issued by or for	5637
banks for cooperatives under the "Farm Credit Act of 1933," 48	5638
Stat. 257, 12 U.S.C.A. 131, as amended;	5639
(5) Notes that are: (a) secured by a first mortgage on	5640
real property held in fee and located in the state, improved by	5641
a unit designed principally for residential use for not more	5642
than four families or by a combination of that dwelling unit and	5643
business property, the area designed or used for nonresidential	5644

purposes not to exceed fifty per cent of the total floor area;

(b) secured by a first mortgage on real property held in fee and

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located in the state, improved with a building designed for	5647
residential use for more than four families or with a building	5648
used primarily for business purposes, if the unpaid principal of	5649
the notes secured by that mortgage does not exceed ten per cent	5650
of the value of the estate or trust or does not exceed five	5651
thousand dollars, whichever is greater; or (c) secured by a	5652
first mortgage on an improved farm held in fee and located in	5653
the state, provided that the mortgage requires that the	5654
buildings on the mortgaged property shall be well insured	5655
against loss by fire, and so kept, for the benefit of the	5656
mortgagee, until the debt is paid, and provided that the unpaid	5657
principal of the notes secured by the mortgage shall not exceed	5658
fifty per cent of the fair value of the mortgaged real property	5659
at the time the investment is made, and the notes shall be	5660
payable not more than five years after the date on which the	5661
investment in them is made; except that the unpaid principal of	5662
the notes may equal sixty per cent of the fair value of the	5663
mortgaged real property at the time the investment is made, and	5664
may be payable over a period of fifteen years following the date	5665
of the investment by the fiduciary if regular installment	5666
payments are required sufficient to amortize four per cent or	5667
more of the principal of the outstanding notes per annum and if	5668
the unpaid principal and interest become due and payable at the	5669
option of the holder upon any default in the payment of any	5670
installment of interest or principal upon the notes, or of	5671
taxes, assessments, or insurance premiums upon the mortgaged	5672
premises or upon the failure to cure any such default within any	5673
grace period provided in the notes not exceeding ninety days in	5674
duration;	5675

(6) Life, endowment, or annuity contracts of legal reserve

life insurance companies regulated by sections 3907.01 to

3907.21, 3909.01 to 3909.17, 3911.01 to 3911.24, 3913.01 to	5678
3913.10, 3915.01 to 3915.15, and 3917.01 to 3917.05 of the	5679
Revised Code, and licensed by the superintendent of insurance to	5680
transact business within the state, provided that the purchase	5681
of contracts authorized by this division shall be limited to	5682
executors or the successors to their powers when specifically	5683
authorized by will and to guardians and trustees, which	5684
contracts may be issued on the life of a ward, a beneficiary of	5685
a trust fund, or according to a will, or upon the life of a	5686
person in whom the ward or beneficiary has an insurable interest	5687
and the contracts shall be drawn by the insuring company so that	5688
the proceeds shall be the sole property of the person whose	5689
funds are so invested;	5690
(7) Notes or bonds secured by mortgages and insured by the	5691
federal housing administrator or debentures issued by that	5692
administrator;	5693
(8) Obligations issued by a federal home loan bank created	5694
under the "Federal Home Loan Bank Act of 1932," 47 Stat. 725, 12	5695
U.S.C.A. 1421, as amended;	5696
(9) Shares and certificates or other evidences of deposits	5697
issued by a federal savings and loan association organized and	5698
incorporated under the "Home Owners' Loan Act of 1933," 48 Stat.	5699
128, 12 U.S.C.A. 1461, as amended, to the extent and only to the	5700
extent that those shares or certificates or other evidences of	5701
deposits are insured pursuant to the "Financial Institutions	5702
Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act of 1989," 103 Stat. 183,	5703
12 U.S.C.A. 1811, as amended;	5704
(10) Bonds issued by the home owners' loan corporation	5705
created under the "Home Owners' Act of 1933," 48 Stat. 128, 12	5706
U.S.C.A. 1461, as amended;	5707

- (11) Obligations issued by the national mortgage 5708 association created under the "National Housing Act," 48 Stat. 5709 1246 (1934), 12 U.S.C.A. 1701, as amended; 5710
- (12) Shares and certificates or other evidences of 5711 deposits issued by a domestic savings and loan association 5712 organized under the laws of the state, which association has 5713 obtained insurance of accounts pursuant to the "Financial 5714 Institutions Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act of 1989," 103 5715 Stat. 183, 12 U.S.C.A. 1811, as amended, or as may be otherwise 5716 provided by law, only to the extent that the evidences of 5717 deposits are insured under that act, as amended; 5718
- (13) Shares and certificates or other evidences of 5719 deposits issued by a domestic savings and loan association 5720 organized under the laws of the state, provided that no 5721 fiduciary may invest the deposits except with the approval of 5722 the probate court, and then in an amount not to exceed the 5723 amount that the fiduciary is permitted to invest under division 5724 (A) (12) of this section; 5725
- (14) In savings accounts in, or certificates or other 5726 evidences of deposits issued by, a national bank located in the 5727 state or a state bank located in and organized under the laws of 5728 the state or a state credit union located and organized under 5729 the laws of the state or a federal credit union located in the 5730 state by depositing the funds in the bank or credit union, and 5731 the national or state bank or the federal or state credit union 5732 when itself acting in a fiduciary capacity may deposit the funds 5733 in savings accounts in, or certificates or other evidences of 5734 deposits issued by, its own savings department or any bank 5735 subsidiary corporation owned or controlled by the bank holding 5736 company that owns or controls the national or state bank; 5737

provided that no deposit shall be made by any fiduciary,	5738
individual or corporate, unless the deposits of the depository	5739
bank are insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation	5740
created under the "Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Act of	5741
1933," 48 Stat. 162, 12 U.S.C. 264, as amended, or provided that	5742
no deposit shall be made by any fiduciary, individual or	5743
corporate, unless the deposits of the depository credit union	5744
are insured by the national credit union administration created	5745
under the "Federal Credit Union Act of 1934," 48 Stat. 1216, 12	5746
U.S.C. 1751, as amended, or the deposits of the depository	5747
credit union are insured by a share guaranty corporation as	5748
defined in Chapter 1761. of the Revised Code, and provided that	5749
the deposit of the funds of any one trust in those savings	5750
accounts in, or certificates or other evidences of deposits	5751
issued by, any one bank or credit union shall not exceed the sum	5752
insured under those acts, as amended, or under Chapter 1761. of	5753
the Revised Code;	5754

(15) Obligations consisting of notes, bonds, debentures, 5755 or equipment trust certificates issued under an indenture that 5756 are the direct obligations, or in the case of equipment trust 5757 certificates are secured by direct obligations, of a railroad or 5758 industrial corporation, or a corporation engaged directly and 5759 primarily in the production, transportation, distribution, or 5760 sale of electricity or gas, or the operation of telephone or 5761 telegraph systems or waterworks, or in some combination of them; 5762 provided that the obligor corporation is one that is 5763 incorporated under the laws of the United States, any state, the 5764 District of Columbia, or foreign government, and the obligations 5765 are rated at the time of purchase in the highest or next highest 5766 classification established by at least two standard-statistical 5767 rating services organizations selected from a list of the 5768

standard statistical rating services organizations that shall be	5769
prescribed by the superintendent of financial institutions;	5770
provided that every such list shall be certified by the	5771
superintendent to the clerk of each probate court in the state,	5772
and shall continue in effect until a different list is	5773
prescribed and certified as provided in this division;	5774
(16) Obligations issued, assumed, or guaranteed by the	5775
international finance corporation or by the international bank	5776
for reconstruction and development, the Asian development bank,	5777
the inter-American development bank, the African development	5778
bank, or other similar development bank in which the president,	5779
as authorized by congress and on behalf of the United States,	5780
has accepted membership, provided that the obligations are rated	5781
at the time of purchase in the highest or next highest	5782
classification established by at least one standard statistical	5783
rating service organization selected from a list of standard	5784
statistical rating services organizations that shall be	5785
prescribed by the superintendent of financial institutions;	5786
(17) Securities of any investment company, as defined in	5787
and registered under sections 3 and 8 of the "Investment Company	5788
Act of 1940," 54 Stat. 789, 15 U.S.C.A. 80a-3 and 80a-8, that	5789
are invested exclusively in forms of investment or in	5790
instruments that are fully collateralized by forms of investment	5791
in which the fiduciary is permitted to invest pursuant to	5792
divisions (A)(1) to (16) of this section, provided that, in	5793
addition to those forms of investment, the investment company	5794
may, for the purpose of reducing risk of loss or of stabilizing	5795
investment returns, engage in hedging transactions.	5796
(B) No administrator or executor may invest funds	5797

belonging to an estate in any asset other than a direct

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obligation of the United States that has a maturity date not 5799 exceeding one year from the date of investment, or other than in 5800 a short-term investment fund that is invested exclusively in 5801 obligations of the United States or of its agencies, or 5802 primarily in those obligations and otherwise only in variable 5803 demand notes, corporate money market instruments including, but 5804 not limited to, commercial paper, or fully collateralized 5805 repurchase agreements or other evidences of indebtedness that 5806 are payable on demand or generally have a maturity date not 5807 exceeding ninety-one days from the date of investment, except 5808 with the approval of the probate court or with the permission of 5809 the instruments creating the trust. 5810

- (C) (1) In addition to the investments allowed by this section, a guardian or trustee, with the approval of the court, may invest funds belonging to the trust in productive real property located within the state, provided that neither the guardian nor the trustee nor any member of the family of either has any interest in the real property or in the proceeds of the purchase price. The title to any real property so purchased by a guardian shall be taken in the name of the ward.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of division (C)(1) of 5819 this section, the court may permit the funds to be used to 5820 purchase or acquire a home for the ward or an interest in a home 5821 for the ward in which a member of the ward's family may have an 5822 interest. After the filing of the petition by a quardian or a 5823 conservator for authority to purchase or acquire a home for the 5824 ward or an interest in a home for the ward in which a member of 5825 the ward's family may have an interest, the matter shall be set 5826 for a hearing before the probate court. 5827
 - (D) If the fiduciary is a trustee appointed by and

accountable to the probate court, the fiduciary shall invest the	5829
trust's assets pursuant to the requirements and standards set	5830
forth in the Ohio Uniform Prudent Investor Act.	5831
Sec. 2109.372. (A) As used in this section:	5832
(1) "Short term trust-quality investment fund" means a	5833
short term investment fund that meets both of the following	5834
conditions:	5835
(a) The fund may be either a collective investment fund	5836
established in accordance with section 1111.14 of the Revised	5837
Code or a registered investment company, including any	5838
affiliated investment company whether or not the fiduciary has	5839
invested other funds held by it in an agency or other	5840
nonfiduciary capacity in the securities of the same registered	5841
investment company or affiliated investment company.	5842
(b) The fund is invested in any one or more of the	5843
following manners:	5844
(i) In obligations of the United States or of its	5845
agencies;	5846
(ii) In obligations of one or more of the states of the	5847
United States or their political subdivisions;	5848
(iii) In obligations of foreign governments or states;	5849
(iv) In variable demand notes, corporate money market	5850
instruments including, but not limited to, commercial paper	5851
rated at the time of purchase in either of the two highest	5852
classifications established by at least one nationally	5853
recognized standard statistical rating service organization;	5854
(v) Deposits in banks, savings banks, or savings and loan	5855
associations, whose deposits are insured by the federal deposit	5856

insurance corporation, or in credit unions insured by the	5857
national credit union administration or by a credit union share	5858
guaranty corporation established under Chapter 1761. of the	5859
Revised Code, if the rate of interest paid on those deposits is	5860
at least equal to the rate of interest generally paid by those	5861
banks, savings banks, savings and loan associations, or credit	5862
unions on deposits of similar terms or amounts;	5863
(vi) In fully collateralized repurchase agreements or	5864
other evidences of indebtedness that are of trust quality and	5865
are payable on demand or have a maturity date consistent with	5866
the purpose of the fund and the duty of fiduciary prudence.	5867
(2) "Registered investment company" means any investment	5868
company that is defined in and registered under sections 3 and 8	5869
of the "Investment Company Act of 1940," 54 Stat. 789, 15	5870
U.S.C.A. 80a-3 and 80a-8.	5871
(3) "Affiliated investment company" has the same meaning	5872
as in division (E)(1) of section 1111.13 of the Revised Code.	5873
(B) A fiduciary is not required to invest cash that	5874
belongs to the trust and may hold that cash for the period prior	5875
to distribution if either of the following applies:	5876
(1) The fiduciary reasonably expects to do either of the	5877
following:	5878
(a) Distribute the cash to beneficiaries of the trust on a	F070
	5879
quarterly or more frequent basis;	5880
(b) Use the cash for the payment of debts, taxes, or	5881
expenses of administration within the ninety-day period	5882
following the receipt of the cash by the fiduciary.	5883
(2) Determined on the basis of the facilities available to	5884

the fiduciary and the amount of the income that reasonably could	5885
be earned by the investment of the cash, the amount of the cash	5886
does not justify the administrative burden or expense associated	5887
with its investment.	5888
(C) If a fiduciary wishes to hold funds that belong to the	5889
trust in liquid form and division (B) of this section does not	5890
apply, the fiduciary may so hold the funds as long as they are	5891
temporarily invested as described in division (D) of this	5892
section.	5893
(D)(1) A fiduciary may make a temporary investment of cash	5894
that the fiduciary may hold uninvested in accordance with	5895
division (B) of this section, and shall make a temporary	5896
investment of funds held in liquid form pursuant to division (C)	5897
of this section, in any of the following investments, unless the	5898
governing instrument provides for other investments in which the	5899
temporary investment of cash or funds is permitted:	5900
(a) A short term trust-quality investment fund;	5901
(b) Direct obligations of the United States or of its	5902
agencies;	5903
(c) A deposit with a bank, savings bank, savings and loan	5904
association, or credit union, including a deposit with the	5905
fiduciary itself or any bank subsidiary corporation owned or	5906
controlled by the bank holding company that owns or controls the	5907
fiduciary, whose deposits are insured by the federal deposit	5908
insurance corporation, if the rate of interest paid on that	5909
deposit is at least equal to the rate of interest generally paid	5910
by that bank, savings bank, savings and loan association, or	5911
credit union on deposits of similar terms or amounts.	5912
(2) A fiduciary that makes a temporary investment of cash	5913

or funds pursuant to division (D)(1) of this section may charge	5914
a reasonable fee for the services associated with that	5915
investment. The fee shall be in addition to the compensation to	5916
which the fiduciary is entitled for ordinary fiduciary services.	5917

- (3) Fiduciaries that make one or more temporary 5918 investments of cash or funds pursuant to division (D)(1) of this 5919 section shall provide to the beneficiaries of the trusts 5920 involved, that are currently receiving income or have a right to 5921 receive income, a written disclosure of their temporary 5922 investment practices and, if applicable, the method of computing 5923 reasonable fees for their temporary investment services pursuant 5924 to division (D)(2) of this section. Fiduciaries may comply with 5925 this requirement in any appropriate written document, including, 5926 but not limited to, any periodic statement or account. 5927
- (4) A fiduciary that makes a temporary investment of cash
 or funds in an affiliated investment company pursuant to
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 division (D)(1)(a) of this section shall, when providing any
 periodic account statements of its temporary investment
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 practices, report the net asset value of the shares comprising
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 the investment in the affiliated investment company.
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- (5) If a fiduciary that makes a temporary investment of 5934 cash or funds in an affiliated investment company pursuant to 5935 division (D)(1)(a) of this section invests in any mutual fund, 5936 the fiduciary shall provide to the beneficiaries of the trust 5937 involved, that are currently receiving income or have a right to 5938 receive income, a written disclosure, in at least ten-point 5939 boldface type, that the mutual fund is not insured or guaranteed 5940 by the federal deposit insurance corporation or by any other 5941 government agency or government-sponsored agency of the federal 5942 government or of this state. 5943

Sec. 2109.44. (A) Fiduciaries shall not buy from or sell	5944
to themselves and shall not have in their individual capacities	5945
any dealings with the estate, except as expressly authorized by	5946
the instrument creating the trust and then only with the	5947
approval of the probate court in each instance. No corporate	5948
fiduciary, as defined in section 1101.01 of the Revised Code,	5949
that is not subject to examination or regulatory oversight by	5950
the superintendent of financial institutions — or the comptroller	5951
of the currency, or the office of thrift supervision—shall be	5952
permitted to deal with the estate, any power in the instrument	5953
creating the trust to the contrary notwithstanding. This section	5954
does not prohibit a fiduciary from making an advancement if the	5955
advancement has been expressly authorized by the instrument	5956
creating the trust or if the probate court approves or from	5957
engaging in any act authorized by this chapter.	5958
(B) The fiduciary may petition the court for authority to	5959
purchase property of the estate if all of the following	5960
requirements are met:	5961
(1) Written consent to the purchase is signed by the	5962
following:	5963
(a) Each known heir whose interest in the estate would be	5964
affected by the proposed purchase;	5965
(b) Each known devisee whose interest in the estate would	5966
be affected by the proposed purchase.	5967
(2) The written consents are filed with the court.	5968
(3) The purchase is shown to be to the advantage of the	5969
estate.	5970
(C) The court shall deliver notice of the hearing on the	5971

petition to the heirs, devisees, or legatees of the estate or

any interested person.

Sec. 3314.50. No community school shall initiate 5974 operation, on or after the effective date of this amendment, 5975 unless the governing authority of the school has posted a bond 5976 in the amount of fifty thousand dollars with the auditor of 5977 state. The bond shall be used, in the event the school closes, 5978 to pay the auditor of state any moneys owed or that become owed 5979 by the school for the costs of audits conducted by the auditor 5980 of state or a public accountant under Chapter 117. of the 5981 Revised Code. 5982

The department of education shall notify the auditor of 5983 state of the proposed initiation of operations of any community 5984 school and shall provide the auditor of state with the 5985 certification of the sponsor of the community school of the 5986 compliance by the community school with all legal preconditions 5987 to the initiation of its operations, including compliance with 5988 this section.

In lieu of the bond, the governing authority of the 5990 school, the school's sponsor, or an operator that has a contract 5991 with the school may-deposit with the auditor of state cash in-5992 5993 the amount of fifty thousand dollars as quarantee of payment under the provisions of this section. In lieu of a bond or a 5994 5995 cash deposit, the school's sponsor or an operator that has a contract with the school may provide a written quarantee of 5996 payment, which shall obligate the school's sponsor or the 5997 operator that provides the written quarantee to pay the cost of 5998 audits of the school under this section up to the amount of 5999 fifty thousand dollars. Any such written guarantee shall be 6000 binding upon any successor entity that enters into a contract to 6001 sponsor or to operate the school, and any such entity, as a 6002

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condition of its undertaking shall acknowledge and accept such obligation.	6003 6004
In the event that a sponsor or operator has provided a	6005
written guarantee under this section, and, subsequent to the	6006
provision of the guarantee, the governing authority of the	6007
school posts a bond under this section, or the governing	6008
authority of the school, a sponsor, or an operator provides a	6009
cash deposit of fifty thousand dollars as required, the written	6010
quarantee shall cease to be of further effect.	6011
guarancee sharr coase to se or rarener cricee.	0011
As soon as it is practicable to do so after the filing of	6012
a bond or the deposit of cash, the auditor of state shall-	6013
deliver the bond or cash to the treasurer of state, who shall	6014
hold it in trust for the purposes prescribed in this section.	6015
The treasurer of state shall be responsible for the safekeeping	6016
of all bonds filed or cash deposited under this section. The	6017
auditor of state shall notify the department of education when	6018
the school's governing authority has filed the bond, deposited	6019
the cash guarantee, or submitted a written guarantee of payment.	6020
When the auditor of state conducts an audit of a community	6021
school that has closed and is subject to the requirements of	6022
this section, the auditor of state shall certify the amount of	6023
forfeiture to the treasurer of stateattorney general, who shall	6024
assess the bond for the costs of the audit or shall pay money	6025
from the named insurer or from the school's cash deposit for the	6026
costs of the audit to reimburse the auditor of state or public	6027
accountant for costs incurred in conducting audits of the	6028
school.	6029
To the extent that the amount of the bond or the cash	6030

deposit is not needed to cover audit costs, the bond shall be of

no further effect, and any cash balance shall be refunded by the

treasurer of state to the entity which provided the bond. When	6033
the auditor of state conducts an audit of a community school	6034
that has closed and is subject to the requirements of this	6035
section, and, as to which, a written guarantee has been given	6036
under this section, the entity that provided the guarantee shall	6037
be solely and fully liable for any such audit costs, and shall	6038
promptly pay the costs of the audit up to fifty thousand	6039
dollars.	6040

No community school that is subject to the provisions of 6041 this section shall maintain or continue its operations absent 6042 the ongoing provision of a bond, a cash deposit, or a written 6043 guarantee as required by this section.

Sec. 3366.05. The issuing authority, as an eligible not-6045 for-profit holder of federal education loans, may act as an 6046 eligible not-for-profit servicer of certain student loans owned 6047 by the federal government under Section 2212 of the "Health Care 6048 and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010," Pub. L. No. 111-152. 6049 The issuing authority is authorized to take such actions and to 6050 enter into such contracts and to execute all instruments 6051 necessary or appropriate to act as an eligible not-for-profit 6052 servicer. Notwithstanding division (C) of section 3366.03 and 6053 division (B) of section 3366.04 of the Revised Code, revenues 6054 received by the issuing authority under this section shall be 6055 deposited in an account in the custody of the treasurer of state 6056 that is not part of the state treasury and shall be used to pay 6057 administrative costs incurred by the issuing authority. 6058 Unexpended amounts shall be deposited in the state treasury and 6059 credited, as determined by the treasurer of state, to the 6060 treasurer of state's administrative fund created under section 6061 113.20 of the Revised Code or the treasurer's information 6062 technology reserve fund created under section 113.22 of the 6063

Revised Code.	6064
Sec. 3737.945. Moneys in the funds of the petroleum	6065
underground storage tank release compensation board, except as	6066
otherwise provided in any resolution authorizing the issuance of	6067
its revenue bonds or in any trust agreement securing the same,	6068
in excess of current needs, may be invested by the board in	6069
notes, bonds, or other obligations of the United States, or of	6070
any agency or instrumentality thereof, or in obligations of this	6071
state or any political subdivision thereof, or the treasurer of	6072
state's investment pool authorized under section 135.45 of the	6073
Revised Code. Income from all such investments of moneys in any	6074
fund shall be credited to such funds as the board determines,	6075
subject to the provisions of any resolution or trust agreement,	6076
and the investments may be sold as the board determines.	6077
Sec. 3903.73. All securities deposited with the	6078
superintendent of insurance shall be deposited by him with the	6079
treasurer of state, and the treasurer of state shall not deliver	6080
such securities or coupons attached thereto, except upon the	6081
written order of held by the superintendent for the purpose	6082
intended. No security shall be accepted for deposit by the	6083
superintendent unless it is of par value and market value of one	6084
thousand dollars or more.	6085
Sec. 3905.32. For each initial license issued under	6086
section 3905.30 of the Revised Code <u>and renewal of that license</u> ,	6087
the superintendent of insurance shall collect one hundred	6088
dollars. The renewal fee shall be paid to the treasurer of	6089
state.	6090
Sec. 3916.01. As used in this chapter:	6091
(A) "Advertising" means any written, electronic, or	6092

printed communication or any communication by means of recorded	6093
telephone messages or transmitted on radio, television, the	6094
internet, or similar communications media, including, but not	6095
limited to, film strips, motion pictures, and videos, that is	6096
published, disseminated, circulated, or placed directly or	6097
indirectly before the public in this state for the purpose of	6098
creating an interest in or inducing a person to purchase or	6099
sell, assign, devise, bequest, or transfer the death benefit or	6100
ownership of a policy pursuant to a viatical settlement	6101
contract.	6102
(B) "Business of viatical settlements" means an activity	6103
involved, but not limited to, in the offering, solicitation,	6104
negotiation, procurement, effectuation, purchasing, investing,	6105
financing, monitoring, tracking, underwriting, selling,	6106
transferring, assigning, pledging, or hypothecating or in any	6107
other manner acquiring an interest in a policy by means of	6108
viatical settlement contracts.	6109
(C) "Chronically ill" means having been certified within	6110
the preceding twelve-month period by a licensed health	6111
professional as:	6112
(1) Being unable to perform, without substantial	6113
assistance from another individual, at least two activities of	6114
daily living, including, but not limited to, eating, toileting,	6115
transferring, bathing, dressing, or continence for at least	6116
ninety days due to a loss of functional capacity; or	6117
(2) Requiring substantial supervision to protect the	6118
individual from threats to health and safety due to severe	6119
cognitive impairment; or	6120

(3) Having a level of disability similar to that described 6121

in division (C)(1) of this section, as determined under	6122
regulations prescribed by the United States secretary of the	6123
treasury in consultation with the United States secretary of	6124
health and human services.	6125
(D) "Escrow agent" means an independent third-party person	6126
who, pursuant to a written agreement signed by the viatical	6127
settlement provider and viator, provides escrow services related	6128
to the acquisition of a policy pursuant to a viatical settlement	6129
contract. "Escrow agent" does not include any person associated	6130
with, affiliated with, or under the control of a person licensed	6131
under this chapter or described in division (C) of section	6132
3916.02 of the Revised Code.	6133
(E)(1) "Financing entity" means an underwriter, placement	6134
agent, lender, purchaser of securities, purchaser of a policy	6135
from a viatical settlement provider, credit enhancer, or any	6136
other person that has a direct ownership interest in a policy	6137
that is the subject of a viatical settlement contract and to	6138
which both of the following apply:	6139
(a) Its principal activity related to the transaction is	6140
providing funds to effect the business of viatical settlements	6141
or the purchase of one or more viaticated policies.	6142
(b) It has an agreement in writing with one or more	6143
licensed viatical settlement providers to finance the	6144
acquisition of viatical settlement contracts.	6145
(2) "Financing entity" does not include a non-accredited	6146
investor or viatical settlement purchaser.	6147
(F) "Recklessly" has the same meaning as in section	6148
2901.22 of the Revised Code.	6149
(G) "Defraud" has the same meaning as in section 2913.01	6150

of the Revised Code.	6151
(H) "Life expectancy" means an opinion or evaluation as to	6152
how long a particular person is going to live.	6153
(I) Notwithstanding section 1.59 of the Revised Code,	6154
"person" means a natural person or a legal entity, including,	6155
but not limited to, an individual, partnership, limited	6156
liability company, limited liability partnership, association,	6157
trust, business trust, or corporation.	6158
(J) "Policy" means an individual or group policy, group	6159
certificate, or other contract or arrangement of life insurance	6160
affecting the rights of a resident of this state or bearing a	6161
reasonable relation to this state, regardless of whether	6162
delivered or issued for delivery in this state.	6163
(K) "Related provider trust" means a titling trust or any	6164
other trust established by a licensed viatical settlement	6165
provider or a financing entity for the sole purpose of holding	6166
ownership or beneficial interest in purchased policies in	6167
connection with a financing transaction, provided that the trust	6168
has a written agreement with the licensed viatical settlement	6169
provider under which the licensed viatical settlement provider	6170
is responsible for ensuring compliance with all statutory and	6171
regulatory requirements and under which the trust agrees to make	6172
all records and files related to viatical settlement	6173
transactions available to the superintendent of insurance as if	6174
those records and files were maintained directly by the licensed	6175
viatical settlement provider.	6176
(L) "Special purpose entity" means a corporation,	6177
partnership, trust, limited liability company or other similar	6178

entity formed solely for one of the following purposes:

(i) To provide access, either directly or indirectly, to	6180
institutional capital markets for a financing entity or licensed	6181
viatical settlement provider;	6182
(ii) In connection with a transaction in which the	6183
securities in the special purpose entity are acquired by	6184
qualified institutional buyers.	6185
(M) "Terminally ill" means certified by a physician as	6186
having an illness or physical condition that can reasonably be	6187
expected to result in death in twenty-four months or less.	6188
(N) "Viatical settlement broker" means a person that, on	6189
behalf of a viator and for a fee, commission, or other valuable	6190
consideration, offers or attempts to negotiate viatical	6191
settlements between a viator and one or more viatical settlement	6192
providers or viatical settlement brokers. "Viatical settlement	6193
broker" does not include an attorney, a certified public	6194
accountant, or a financial planner accredited by a nationally	6195
recognized accreditation agency, who is retained to represent	6196
the viator, whose compensation is not paid directly or	6197
indirectly by the viatical settlement provider or purchaser.	6198
(O)(1) "Viatical settlement contract" means any of the	6199
following:	6200
(a) A written agreement between a viator and a viatical	6201
settlement provider that establishes the terms under which	6202
compensation or anything of value, that is less than the	6203
expected death benefit of the policy is or will be paid in	6204
return for the viator's present or future assignment, transfer,	6205
sale, release, devise, or bequest of the death benefit or	6206
ownership of any portion of the policy or any beneficial	6207
interest in the policy or its ownership;	6208

(b) The transfer or acquisition for compensation or	6209
anything of value for ownership or beneficial interest in a	6210
trust or an interest in another person that owns such a policy	6211
if the trust or other person was formed or availed of for the	6212
principal purpose of acquiring one or more life insurance	6213
policies;	6214
(c) A premium finance loan made for a policy by a lender	6215
to a viator on, before, or after the date of issuance of the	6216
policy in either of the following situations:	6217
policy in elther of the following stedations.	0217
(i) The viator or the insured receives a guarantee of the	6218
viatical settlement value of the policy.	6219
(ii) The viator or the insured agrees on, before, or after	6220
the issuance of the policy to sell the policy or any portion of	6221
the policy's death benefit.	6222
(2) "Viatical settlement contracts" include but are not	6223
limited to contracts that are commonly termed "life settlement	6224
contracts" and "senior settlement contracts."	6225
(3) "Viatical settlement contract" does not include any of	6226
the following unless part of a plan, scheme, device, or artifice	6227
to avoid the application of this chapter:	6228
(a) A policy loan or accelerated death benefit made by the	6229
insurer pursuant to the policy's terms whether issued with the	6230
original policy or a rider;	6231
(b) Loan proceeds that are used solely to pay premiums for	6232
the policy and the costs of the loan including interest,	6233
arrangement fees, utilization fees and similar fees, closing	6234
costs, legal fees and expenses, trustee fees and expenses, and	6235
third-party collateral provider fees and expenses, including	6236
fees payable to letter of credit issuers;	6237

(c) A loan made by a regulated financial institution in	6238
which the lender takes an interest in a policy solely to secure	6239
repayment of a loan or, if there is a default on the loan and	6240
the policy is transferred, the transfer of such a policy by the	6241
lender, provided that neither the default itself nor the	6242
transfer is pursuant to an agreement or understanding with any	6243
other person for the purpose of evading regulation under this	6244
chapter;	6245
(d) A premium finance loan made by a lender that does not	6246
violate sections 1321.71 to 1321.83 of the Revised Code, if the	6247
premium finance loan is not described in division (0)(1)(c) of	6248
this section;	6249
(e) An agreement where all parties are closely related to	6250
the insured by blood or law or have a lawful substantial	6251
economic interest in the continued life, health, and bodily	6252
safety of the person insured, or are persons or trusts	6253
established primarily for the benefit of such parties;	6254
(f) Any designation, consent, or agreement by an insured	6255
who is an employee of an employer in connection with the	6256
purchase by the employer, or trust established by the employer,	6257
of life insurance on the life of the employee as described in	6258
section 3911.091 of the Revised Code;	6259
(g) Any business succession planning arrangement	6260
including, but not limited to all of the following if the	6261
arrangements are bona fide arrangements:	6262
(i) An arrangement between one or more shareholders in a	6263
corporation or between a corporation and one or more of its	6264
shareholders or one or more persons or trusts established by its	6265
shareholders;	6266

(ii) An arrangement between one or more partners in a	6267
partnership or between a partnership and one or more of its	6268
partners or one or more trusts established by its partners;	6269
(iii) An arrangement between one or more members in a	6270
limited liability company or between a limited liability company	6271
and one or more of its members or one or more trusts established	6272
by its members.	6273
(h) An agreement entered into by a service recipient, a	6274
trust established by the service recipient and a service	6275
provider, or a trust established by the service provider who	6276
performs significant services for the service recipient's trade	6277
or business;	6278
(i) An arrangement or agreement with a special purpose	6279
entity;	6280
(j) Any other contract, transaction, or arrangement	6281
exempted from the definition of viatical settlement contract by	6282
rule adopted by the superintendent based on the superintendent's	6283
determination that the contract, transaction, or arrangement is	6284
not of the type regulated by this chapter.	6285
(P)(1) "Viatical settlement provider" means a person,	6286
other than a viator, that enters into or effectuates a viatical	6287
settlement contract.	6288
(2) "Viatical settlement provider" does not include any of	6289
the following:	6290
(a) A bank, savings bank, savings and loan association,	6291
credit union, or other regulated financial institution that	6292
takes an assignment of a policy solely as a collateral for a	6293
loan;	6294

(b) A premium finance company exempted under section	6295
1321.72 of the Revised Code from the licensure requirements of	6296
section 3921.73 of the Revised Code that takes an assignment of	6297
a policy solely as collateral for a premium finance loan;	6298
(c) The issuer of a policy;	6299
(d) An individual who enters into or effectuates not more	6300
than one viatical settlement contract in any calendar year for	6301
the transfer of life insurance policies for any value less than	6302
the expected death benefit;	6303
(e) An authorized or eligible insurer that provides stop	6304
loss coverage or financial guarantee insurance to a viatical	6305
settlement provider, purchaser, financing entity, special	6306
purpose entity, or related provider trust;	6307
(f) A financing entity;	6308
(g) A special purpose entity;	6309
(h) A related provider trust;	6310
(i) A viatical settlement purchaser;	6311
(j) Any other person the superintendent determines is not	6312
consistent with the definition of viatical settlement provider.	6313
(Q) "Viaticated policy" means a policy that has been	6314
acquired by a viatical settlement provider pursuant to a	6315
viatical settlement contract.	6316
(R) "Viator" means the owner of a policy or a certificate	6317
holder under a group policy that has not previously been	6318
viaticated who, in return for compensation or anything of value	6319
that is less than the expected death benefit of the policy or	6320
certificate, assigns, transfers, sells, releases, devises, or	6321

bequests the death benefit or ownership of any portion of the	6322
policy or certificate of insurance. For the purposes of this	6323
chapter, a "viator" is not limited to an owner of a policy or a	6324
certificate holder under a group policy insuring the life of an	6325
individual who is terminally or chronically ill except where	6326
specifically addressed. "Viator" does not include any of the	6327
following:	6328
(1) A licensee under this chapter;	6329
(2) A qualified institutional buyer;	6330
(3) A financing entity;	6331
(4) A special purpose entity;	6332
(5) A related provider trust.	6333
(S) "Viatical settlement purchaser" means a person who	6334
provides a sum of money as consideration for a policy or an	6335
interest in the death benefits of a policy from a viatical	6336
settlement provider that is the subject of a viatical settlement	6337
contract, or a person who owns, acquires, or is entitled to a	6338
beneficial interest in a trust or person that owns a viatical	6339
settlement contract or is the beneficiary of a policy that is	6340
the subject of a viatical settlement contract, for the purpose	6341
of deriving an economic benefit. "Viatical settlement purchaser"	6342
does not include any of the following:	6343
(1) A licensee under this chapter;	6344
(2) A qualified institutional buyer;	6345
(3) A financing entity;	6346
(4) A special purpose entity;	6347
(5) A related provider trust.	6348

(T) "Qualified institutional buyer" has the same meaning	6349
as in 17 C.F.R. 230.144A as that regulation exists on $\frac{\text{the}}{\text{c}}$	6350
effective date of this amendmentSeptember 11, 2008.	6351
(U) "Licensee" means a person licensed as a viatical	6352
settlement provider or viatical settlement broker under this	6353
chapter.	6354
(V) "NAIC" means the national association of insurance	6355
commissioners.	6356
(X) "Regulated financial institution" means a bank, a	6357
savings association, or credit union operating under authority	6358
granted by the superintendent of financial institutions, the	6359
regulatory authority of any other state of the United States,	6360
the office of thrift supervision, the national credit union	6361
administration, or the office of the comptroller of the	6362
currency.	6363
(W)(1) "Stranger-originated life insurance," or "STOLI,"	6364
means a practice, arrangement, or agreement initiated at or	6365
prior to the issuance of a policy that includes both of the	6366
following:	6367
(a) The purchase or acquisition of a policy primarily	6368
benefiting one or more persons who, at the time of issuance of	6369
the policy, lack insurable interest in the person insured under	6370
the policy;	6371
(b) The transfer at any time of the legal or beneficial	6372
ownership of the policy or benefits of the policy or both, in	6373
whole or in part, including through an assumption or forgiveness	6374
of a loan to fund premiums.	6375
(2) "Stranger-originated life insurance" also includes	6376
trusts or other persons that are created to give the appearance	6377

of insurable interest and are used to initiate one or more	6378
policies for investors but violate insurable interest laws and	6379
	6380
the prohibition against wagering on life.	0300
(3) "Stranger-originated life insurance" does not include	6381
viatical settlement transactions specifically described in	6382
division (0)(3) of this section.	6383
Sec. 3925.26. When a company organized under section	6384
3925.25 of the Revised Code desires to do business in another	6385
state, by the laws of which, to qualify it therefor, it must	6386
make a deposit of securities assigned in trust for the benefit	6387
of its policyholders with an officer of this state, the	6388
treasurer of state superintendent of insurance shall receive	6389
such deposit and issue therefor to the company—his_a receipt,	6390
giving a pertinent description of the securities and a	6391
certificate of their market value. The treasurer of state shall	6392
issue a like certificate to the superintendent of insurance, who	6393
shall place it on file in his office. Such company may exchange	6394
these securities for other like securities, in whole or in part,	6395
as far as its business requires, and it may wholly withdraw them	6396
if it discontinues business in such other state. Such changes or	6397
withdrawals of securities shall at once be certified by the	6398
treasurer of state to the superintendent.	6399
Sec. 4141.241. (A) (1) Any nonprofit organization described	6400
in division (X) of section 4141.01 of the Revised Code, which	6401
becomes subject to this chapter on or after January 1, 1972,	6402
shall pay contributions under section 4141.25 of the Revised	6403
Code, unless it elects, in accordance with this division, to pay	6404
to the director of job and family services for deposit in the	6405
unemployment compensation fund an amount in lieu of	6406
contributions equal to the amount of regular benefits plus one	6407

half of extended benefits paid from that fund that is	6408
attributable to service in the employ of the nonprofit	6409
organization to individuals whose service, during the base	6410
period of the claims, was within the effective period of such	6411
election.	6412

- (2) Any nonprofit organization which becomes subject to 6413 this chapter after January 1, 1972, may elect to become liable 6414 for payments in lieu of contributions for a period of not less 6415 than the remainder of that calendar year and the next calendar 6416 year, beginning with the date on which such subjectivity begins, 6417 by filing a written notice of its election with the director not 6418 later than thirty days immediately following the date of the 6419 determination of such subjectivity. 6420
- (3) Any nonprofit organization which makes an election in 6421 accordance with this division will continue to be liable for 6422 payments in lieu of contributions for the period described in 6423 this division and until it files with the director a written 6424 notice terminating its election. The notice shall be filed not 6425 later than thirty days prior to the beginning of the calendar 6426 year for which the termination is to become effective. 6427
- (4) Any nonprofit organization which has been paying 6428 contributions for a period subsequent to January 1, 1972, may 6429 change to a reimbursable basis by filing with the director, not 6430 later than thirty days prior to the beginning of any calendar 6431 year, a written notice of election to become liable for payments 6432 in lieu of contributions. The election shall not be terminable 6433 by the organization during that calendar year and the next 6434 calendar year. 6435
- (5) The director, in accordance with any rules the 6436 director prescribes, shall notify each nonprofit organization of 6437

any determination which the director may make of its status as	6438
an employer and of the effective date of any election which it	6439
makes and of any termination of the election. Any determinations	6440
shall be subject to reconsideration, appeal, and review in	6441
accordance with section 4141.26 of the Revised Code.	6442

- (B) Except as provided in division (I) of section 4141.29 6443 of the Revised Code, benefits based on service with a nonprofit 6444 organization granted a reimbursing status under this section 6445 shall be payable in the same amount, on the same terms, and 6446 subject to the same conditions, as benefits payable on the basis 6447 of other service subject to this chapter. Payments in lieu of 6448 contributions shall be made in accordance with this division and 6449 division (D) of section 4141.24 of the Revised Code. 6450
- (1)(a) At the end of each calendar quarter, or at the end 6451 of any other period as determined by the director under division 6452 (D)(4) of section 4141.24 of the Revised Code, the director 6453 shall bill each nonprofit organization or group of such 6454 organizations which has elected to make payments in lieu of 6455 contributions for an amount equal to the full amount of regular 6456 benefits plus one half of the amount of extended benefits paid 6457 during such quarter or other prescribed period which is 6458 attributable to service in the employ of such organization. 6459
- (b) In the computation of the amount of benefits to be 6460 charged to employers liable for payments in lieu of 6461 contributions, all benefits attributable to service described in 6462 division (B)(1)(a) of this section shall be computed and charged 6463 to such organization as described in division (D) of section 6464 4141.24 of the Revised Code, and, except as provided in division 6465 (D)(2) of section 4141.24 of the Revised Code, no portion of the 6466 amount may be charged to the mutualized account established by 6467

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division (B) of section 4141.25 of the Revised Code.

- (c) The director may prescribe regulations under which 6469 organizations, which have elected to make payments in lieu of 6470 contributions, may request permission to make such payments in 6471 equal installments throughout the year with an adjustment at the 6472 end of the year for any excess or shortage of the amount of such 6473 installment payments compared with the total amount of benefits 6474 actually charged the organization's account during the year. In 6475 making any adjustment, where the total installment payments are 6476 6477 less than the actual benefits charged, the organization shall be 6478 liable for payment of the unpaid balance in accordance with division (B)(2) of this section. If the total installment 6479 payments exceed the actual benefits charged, all or part of the 6480 excess may, at the discretion of the director, be refunded or 6481 retained in the fund as part of the payments which may be 6482 6483 required in the next year.
- (2) Payment of any bill rendered under division (B)(1) of this section shall be made not later than thirty days after the bill was mailed to the last known address of the organization or was otherwise delivered to it, unless there has been an application for review and redetermination in accordance with division (B)(4) of this section.
- (3) Payments made by an organization under this section shall not be deducted or deductible, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in the employ of the organization.
- (4) An organization may file an application for review and 6494 redetermination of the amounts appearing on any bill rendered to 6495 such organization under division (B)(1) of this section. The 6496 application shall be filed and determined under division (D)(4) 6497

of section 4141.24 of the Revised Code.

(5) Past-due payments of amounts in lieu of contributions shall be subject to the same interest rates and collection procedures that apply to past-due contributions under sections 4141.23 and 414.27 4141.27 of the Revised Code. In case of failure to file a required quarterly report within the time prescribed by the director, the nonprofit organization shall be subject to a forfeiture pursuant to section 4141.20 of the Revised Code for each quarterly report that is not timely filed.

All interest and forfeitures collected under this division shall be paid into the unemployment compensation special administrative fund as provided in section 4141.11 of the Revised Code.

- (6) All payments in lieu of contributions collected under this section shall be paid into the unemployment compensation fund as provided in section 4141.09 of the Revised Code. Any refunds of such payments shall be paid from the unemployment compensation fund, as provided in section 4141.09 of the Revised Code.
- (C) (1) Any nonprofit organization, or group of such organizations approved under division (D) of this section, that elects to become liable for payments in lieu of contributions shall be required within thirty days after the effective date of its election, to execute and file with the director a surety bond approved by the director or it may elect instead to deposit with the director approved municipal or other bonds, or approved securities, or a combination thereof, or other forms of collateral security approved by the director.
 - (2) (a) The amount of the bond or deposit required shall be

equal to three per cent of the organization's wages paid for	652
employment as defined in section 4141.01 of the Revised Code	6528
that would have been taxable had the organization been a subject	6529
employer during the four calendar quarters immediately preceding	6530
the effective date of the election, or the amount established by	6531
the director within the limitation provided in division $\frac{\text{(C)}(2)}{}$	6532
$\frac{(d)}{(C)}$ (C) (2) (c) of this section, whichever is the less. The	6533
effective date of the amount of the bond or other collateral	6534
security—required after the employer initially is determined by	6535
the director to be liable for payments in lieu of contributions	6536
shall be the renewal date in the case of a the bond or the	6537
biennial anniversary of the effective date of election in the	6538
case of deposit of securities or other forms of collateral	6539
security approved by the director, whichever date shall be most	6540
recent and applicable. If the nonprofit organization did not pay	6541
wages in each of such four calendar quarters, the amount of the	6542
bond or deposit shall be as determined by the director under	6543
regulations prescribed for this purpose.	6544

(b) Any bond or other form of collateral security approved 6545 by the director deposited under this division shall be in force 6546 for a period of not less than two calendar years and shall be 6547 renewed with the approval of the director, at such times as the 6548 director may prescribe, but not less frequently than at two-year 6549 intervals as long as the organization continues to be liable for 6550 payments in lieu of contributions. The director shall require 6551 adjustments to be made in a previously filed bond or other form 6552 of collateral security as the director considers appropriate. If 6553 the bond or other form of collateral security is to be 6554 increased, the adjusted bond or collateral security shall be 6555 filed by the organization within thirty days of the date that 6556 notice of the required adjustment was mailed or otherwise 6557 delivered to it. Failure by any organization covered by such

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bond or collateral security to pay the full amount of payments	6559
in lieu of contributions when due, together with any applicable	6560
interest provided for in division (B)(5) of this section, shall	6561
render the surety liable on the bond or collateral security to	6562
the extent of the bond or collateral security , as though the	6563
surety was the organization.	6564
(c) Any securities accepted in lieu of surety bond by the	6565
director shall be deposited with the treasurer of state who	6566
shall have custody thereof and retain the same in the treasurer-	6567
of state's possession, or release them, according to conditions-	6568
prescribed by regulations of the director. Income from the	6569
securities, held in custody by the treasurer of state, shall	6570
accrue to the benefit of the depositor and shall be distributed	6571
to the depositor in the absence of any notification from the	6572
director that the depositor is in default on any payment owed to	6573
the director. The director may require the sale of any such	6574
bonds to the extent necessary to satisfy any unpaid payments in	6575
lieu of contributions, together with any applicable interest or	6576
forfeitures provided for in division (B)(5) of this section. The	6577
director shall require the employer within thirty days following	6578
any sale of deposited securities, under this subdivision, to	6579
deposit additional securities, surety bond, or combination of	6580
both, to make whole the employer's security deposit at the	6581
approved level. Any cash remaining from the sale of such-	6582
securities may, at the discretion of the director, be refunded-	6583
in whole or in part, or be paid into the unemployment-	6584
compensation fund to cover future payments required of the-	6585
organization.	6586
(d) The required bond or deposit for any nonprofit	6587
(,, to longitude deposits of any nonproduct	6567

organization, or group of such organizations approved by the

director under division (D) of this section, that is determined	6589
by the director to be liable for payments in lieu of	6590
contributions—effective beginning on and after January 1, 1996,	6591
but prior to January 1, 1998 , and the required bond or deposit	6592
for any renewed elections under division (C)(2)(b) of this	6593
section effective during that period shall not exceed one	6594
million two hundred fifty thousand dollars. The required bond or	6595
deposit for any nonprofit organization, or group of such-	6596
organizations approved by the director under division (D) of-	6597
this section, that is determined to be liable for payments in-	6598
lieu of contributions effective on and after January 1, 1998,	6599
and the required bond or deposit for any renewed elections-	6600
effective on and after January 1, 1998, shall not exceed two	6601
million dollars.	6602

- (3) If any nonprofit organization fails to file a bond or 6603 make a deposit, or to file a bond in an increased amount or to 6604 make whole the amount of a previously made deposit, as provided 6605 under this division, the director may terminate the 6606 organization's election to make payments in lieu of 6607 contributions effective for the quarter following such failure 6608 and the termination shall continue for not less than the 6609 remainder of that calendar year and the next calendar year, 6610 beginning with the quarter in which the termination becomes 6611 effective; except that the director may extend for good cause 6612 the applicable filing, deposit, or adjustment period by not more 6613 than thirty days. 6614
- (D) (1) Two or more nonprofit organizations that have 6615 become liable for payments in lieu of contributions, in 6616 accordance with division (A) of this section, may file a joint 6617 application to the director for the establishment of the group 6618 account for the purpose of sharing the cost of benefits paid 6619

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that are attributable to service in the employ of those	6620
employers. Notwithstanding division (E) of section 4141.242 of	6621
the Revised Code, hospitals operated by this state or a	6622
political subdivision may participate in a group account with	6623
nonprofit organizations under the procedures set forth in this	6624
section. Each application shall identify and authorize a group	6625
representative to act as the group's agent for the purposes of	6626
this division.	6627

- (2) Upon the director's approval of the application, the director shall establish a group account for the employers effective as of the beginning of the calendar quarter in which the director receives the application and shall notify the group's representative of the effective date of the account. The account shall remain in effect for not less than two years and thereafter until terminated by the director or upon application by the group.
- (3) Upon establishment of the account, each member of the 6636 group shall be liable, in the event that the group 6637 representative fails to pay any bill issued to it pursuant to 6638 division (B) of this section, for payments in lieu of 6639 contributions with respect to each calendar quarter in the 6640 amount that bears the same ratio to the total benefits paid in 6641 the quarter that are attributable to service performed in the 6642 employ of all members of the group as the total wages paid for 6643 service in employment by the member in the quarter bear to the 6644 total wages paid during the quarter for service performed in the 6645 employ of all members of the group. 6646
- (4) The director shall adopt regulations as considered
 necessary with respect to the following: applications for
 establishment, bonding, maintenance, and termination of group
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accounts that are authorized by this section; addition of new	6650
members to and withdrawal of active members from such accounts;	6651
and the determination of the amounts that are payable under this	6652
division by the group representative and in the event of default	6653
in payment by the group representative, members of the group,	6654
and the time and manner of payments.	6655

Sec. 4505.06. (A) (1) Application for a certificate of title shall be made in a form prescribed by the registrar of motor vehicles and shall be sworn to before a notary public or other officer empowered to administer oaths. The application shall be filed with the clerk of any court of common pleas. An application for a certificate of title may be filed electronically by any electronic means approved by the registrar in any county with the clerk of the court of common pleas of that county. Any payments required by this chapter shall be considered as accompanying any electronically transmitted application when payment actually is received by the clerk. Payment of any fee or taxes may be made by electronic transfer of funds.

- (2) The application for a certificate of title shall be accompanied by the fee prescribed in section 4505.09 of the Revised Code. The fee shall be retained by the clerk who issues the certificate of title and shall be distributed in accordance with that section. If a clerk of a court of common pleas, other than the clerk of the court of common pleas of an applicant's county of residence, issues a certificate of title to the applicant, the clerk shall transmit data related to the transaction to the automated title processing system.
- (3) If a certificate of title previously has been issued 6678 for a motor vehicle in this state, the application for a 6679

certificate of title also shall be accompanied by that	6680
certificate of title duly assigned, unless otherwise provided in	6681
this chapter. If a certificate of title previously has not been	6682
issued for the motor vehicle in this state, the application,	6683
unless otherwise provided in this chapter, shall be accompanied	6684
by a manufacturer's or importer's certificate or by a	6685
certificate of title of another state from which the motor	6686
vehicle was brought into this state. If the application refers	6687
to a motor vehicle last previously registered in another state,	6688
the application also shall be accompanied by the physical	6689
inspection certificate required by section 4505.061 of the	6690
Revised Code. If the application is made by two persons	6691
regarding a motor vehicle in which they wish to establish joint	6692
ownership with right of survivorship, they may do so as provided	6693
in section 2131.12 of the Revised Code. If the applicant	6694
requests a designation of the motor vehicle in beneficiary form	6695
so that upon the death of the owner of the motor vehicle,	6696
ownership of the motor vehicle will pass to a designated	6697
transfer-on-death beneficiary or beneficiaries, the applicant	6698
may do so as provided in section 2131.13 of the Revised Code. A	6699
person who establishes ownership of a motor vehicle that is	6700
transferable on death in accordance with section 2131.13 of the	6701
Revised Code may terminate that type of ownership or change the	6702
designation of the transfer-on-death beneficiary or	6703
beneficiaries by applying for a certificate of title pursuant to	6704
this section. The clerk shall retain the evidence of title	6705
presented by the applicant and on which the certificate of title	6706
is issued, except that, if an application for a certificate of	6707
title is filed electronically by an electronic motor vehicle	6708
dealer on behalf of the purchaser of a motor vehicle, the clerk	6709
shall retain the completed electronic record to which the dealer	6710
converted the certificate of title application and other	6711

required documents. The registrar, after consultation with the	6712
attorney general, shall adopt rules that govern the location at	6713
which, and the manner in which, are stored the actual	6714
application and all other documents relating to the transfer of	6715
a motor vehicle when an electronic motor vehicle dealer files	6716
the application for a certificate of title electronically on	6717
behalf of the purchaser. Not later than December 31, 2017, the	6718
registrar shall arrange for a service that enables all	6719
electronic motor vehicle dealers to file applications for	6720
certificates of title on behalf of purchasers of motor vehicles	6721
electronically by transferring the applications directly from	6722
the computer systems of the dealers to the clerk.	6723

The clerk shall use reasonable diligence in ascertaining 6724 whether or not the facts in the application for a certificate of 6725 title are true by checking the application and documents 6726 accompanying it or the electronic record to which a dealer 6727 converted the application and accompanying documents with the 6728 records of motor vehicles in the clerk's office. If the clerk is 6729 satisfied that the applicant is the owner of the motor vehicle 6730 and that the application is in the proper form, the clerk, 6731 within five business days after the application is filed and 6732 except as provided in section 4505.021 of the Revised Code, 6733 shall issue a physical certificate of title over the clerk's 6734 signature and sealed with the clerk's seal, unless the applicant 6735 specifically requests the clerk not to issue a physical 6736 certificate of title and instead to issue an electronic 6737 certificate of title. For purposes of the transfer of a 6738 certificate of title, if the clerk is satisfied that the secured 6739 party has duly discharged a lien notation but has not canceled 6740 the lien notation with a clerk, the clerk may cancel the lien 6741 notation on the automated title processing system and notify the 6742

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clerk of the county of origin.

(4) In the case of the sale of a motor vehicle to a 6744 general buyer or user by a dealer, by a motor vehicle leasing 6745 dealer selling the motor vehicle to the lessee or, in a case in 6746 which the leasing dealer subleased the motor vehicle, the 6747 sublessee, at the end of the lease agreement or sublease 6748 agreement, or by a manufactured housing broker, the certificate 6749 of title shall be obtained in the name of the buyer by the 6750 dealer, leasing dealer, or manufactured housing broker, as the 6751 6752 case may be, upon application signed by the buyer. The certificate of title shall be issued, or the process of entering 6753 the certificate of title application information into the 6754 automated title processing system if a physical certificate of 6755 title is not to be issued shall be completed, within five 6756 business days after the application for title is filed with the 6757 clerk. If the buyer of the motor vehicle previously leased the 6758 motor vehicle and is buying the motor vehicle at the end of the 6759 lease pursuant to that lease, the certificate of title shall be 6760 6761 obtained in the name of the buyer by the motor vehicle leasing dealer who previously leased the motor vehicle to the buyer or 6762 by the motor vehicle leasing dealer who subleased the motor 6763 vehicle to the buyer under a sublease agreement. 6764

In all other cases, except as provided in section 4505.032 and division (D)(2) of section 4505.11 of the Revised Code, such certificates shall be obtained by the buyer.

(5) (a) (i) If the certificate of title is being obtained in 6768 the name of the buyer by a motor vehicle dealer or motor vehicle 6769 leasing dealer and there is a security interest to be noted on 6770 the certificate of title, the dealer or leasing dealer shall 6771 submit the application for the certificate of title and payment 6772

of the applicable tax to a clerk within seven business days	6773
after the later of the delivery of the motor vehicle to the	6774
buyer or the date the dealer or leasing dealer obtains the	6775
manufacturer's or importer's certificate, or certificate of	6776
title issued in the name of the dealer or leasing dealer, for	6777
the motor vehicle. Submission of the application for the	6778
certificate of title and payment of the applicable tax within	6779
the required seven business days may be indicated by postmark or	6780
receipt by a clerk within that period.	6781

- (ii) Upon receipt of the certificate of title with the 6782 security interest noted on its face, the dealer or leasing 6783 dealer shall forward the certificate of title to the secured 6784 party at the location noted in the financing documents or 6785 otherwise specified by the secured party. 6786
- (iii) A motor vehicle dealer or motor vehicle leasing 6787 dealer is liable to a secured party for a late fee of ten 6788 dollars per day for each certificate of title application and 6789 payment of the applicable tax that is submitted to a clerk more 6790 than seven business days but less than twenty-one days after the 6791 later of the delivery of the motor vehicle to the buyer or the 6792 date the dealer or leasing dealer obtains the manufacturer's or 6793 importer's certificate, or certificate of title issued in the 6794 name of the dealer or leasing dealer, for the motor vehicle and, 6795 from then on, twenty-five dollars per day until the application 6796 and applicable tax are submitted to a clerk. 6797
- (b) In all cases of transfer of a motor vehicle except the transfer of a manufactured home or mobile home, the application 6799 for certificate of title shall be filed within thirty days after 6800 the assignment or delivery of the motor vehicle. 6801
 - (c) An application for a certificate of title for a new

manufactured home shall be filed within thirty days after the	6803
delivery of the new manufactured home to the purchaser. The date	6804
of the delivery shall be the date on which an occupancy permit	6805
for the manufactured home is delivered to the purchaser of the	6806
home by the appropriate legal authority.	6807
(d) An application for a certificate of title for a used	6808
manufactured home or a used mobile home shall be filed as	6809
follows:	6810
(i) If a certificate of title for the used manufactured	6811
home or used mobile home was issued to the motor vehicle dealer	6812
prior to the sale of the manufactured or mobile home to the	6813
purchaser, the application for certificate of title shall be	6814
filed within thirty days after the date on which an occupancy	6815
permit for the manufactured or mobile home is delivered to the	6816
purchaser by the appropriate legal authority.	6817
(ii) If the motor vehicle dealer has been designated by a	6818
secured party to display the manufactured or mobile home for	6819
sale, or to sell the manufactured or mobile home under section	6820
4505.20 of the Revised Code, but the certificate of title has	6821
not been transferred by the secured party to the motor vehicle	6822
dealer, and the dealer has complied with the requirements of	6823
division (A) of section 4505.181 of the Revised Code, the	6824
application for certificate of title shall be filed within	6825
thirty days after the date on which the motor vehicle dealer	6826
obtains the certificate of title for the home from the secured	6827
party or the date on which an occupancy permit for the	6828
manufactured or mobile home is delivered to the purchaser by the	6829
appropriate legal authority, whichever occurs later.	6830
(6) If an application for a certificate of title is not	6831

filed within the period specified in division (A)(5)(b), (c), or

- (d) of this section, the clerk shall collect a fee of five 6833 dollars for the issuance of the certificate, except that no such 6834 fee shall be required from a motor vehicle salvage dealer, as 6835 defined in division (A) of section 4738.01 of the Revised Code, 6836 who immediately surrenders the certificate of title for 6837 cancellation. The fee shall be in addition to all other fees 6838 established by this chapter, and shall be retained by the clerk. 6839 The registrar shall provide, on the certificate of title form 6840 prescribed by section 4505.07 of the Revised Code, language 6841 necessary to give evidence of the date on which the assignment 6842 or delivery of the motor vehicle was made. 6843
- (7) As used in division (A) of this section, "lease 6844 agreement," "lessee," and "sublease agreement" have the same 6845 meanings as in section 4505.04 of the Revised Code and "new 6846 manufactured home," "used manufactured home," and "used mobile 6847 home" have the same meanings as in section 5739.0210 of the 6848 Revised Code.
- (B) (1) The clerk, except as provided in this section, 6850 shall refuse to accept for filing any application for a 6851 certificate of title and shall refuse to issue a certificate of 6852 title unless the dealer or the applicant, in cases in which the 6853 6854 certificate shall be obtained by the buyer, submits with the application payment of the tax levied by or pursuant to Chapters 6855 5739. and 5741. of the Revised Code based on the purchaser's 6856 county of residence. Upon payment of the tax in accordance with 6857 division (E) of this section, the clerk shall issue a receipt 6858 prescribed by the registrar and agreed upon by the tax 6859 6860 commissioner showing payment of the tax or a receipt issued by the commissioner showing the payment of the tax. When submitting 6861 payment of the tax to the clerk, a dealer shall retain any 6862 discount to which the dealer is entitled under section 5739.12 6863

of the Revised Code.

(2) For receiving and disbursing such taxes paid to the 6865 clerk by a resident of the clerk's county, the clerk may retain 6866 a poundage fee of one and one one-hundredth per cent, and the 6867 clerk shall pay the poundage fee into the certificate of title 6868 administration fund created by section 325.33 of the Revised 6869 Code. The clerk shall not retain a poundage fee from payments of 6870 taxes by persons who do not reside in the clerk's county. 6871

A clerk, however, may retain from the taxes paid to the clerk an amount equal to the poundage fees associated with certificates of title issued by other clerks of courts of common pleas to applicants who reside in the first clerk's county. The registrar, in consultation with the tax commissioner and the clerks of the courts of common pleas, shall develop a report from the automated title processing system that informs each clerk of the amount of the poundage fees that the clerk is permitted to retain from those taxes because of certificates of title issued by the clerks of other counties to applicants who reside in the first clerk's county.

- (3) In the case of casual sales of motor vehicles, as defined in section 4517.01 of the Revised Code, the price for the purpose of determining the tax shall be the purchase price on the assigned certificate of title, or assignment form prescribed by the registrar, executed by the seller and filed with the clerk by the buyer on a form to be prescribed by the registrar, which shall be prima-facie evidence of the amount for the determination of the tax.
- (4) Each county clerk shall forward to the treasurer of

 state_registrar of motor vehicles all sales and use tax

 collections resulting from sales of motor vehicles, off-highway

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motorcycles, and all-purpose vehicles during a calendar week on	6894
or before the Friday following the close of that week. If, on	6895
any Friday, the offices of the clerk of courts or the state are	6896
not open for business, the tax shall be forwarded to the	6897
treasurer of state registrar on or before the next day on which	6898
the offices are open. Every remittance of tax under division (B)	6899
(4) of this section shall be accompanied by a remittance report	6900
in such form as the tax commissioner prescribes. Upon receipt of	6901
a tax remittance and remittance report, the treasurer of state-	6902
registrar shall date stamp the report and forward it to the tax	6903
commissioner. If the tax due for any week is not remitted by a	6904
clerk of courts as required under division (B)(4) of this	6905
section, the commissioner may require the clerk to forfeit the	6906
poundage fees for the sales made during that week. The treasurer	6907
of state registrar may require the clerks of courts to transmit	6908
tax collections and remittance reports electronically.	6909

(C)(1) If the transferor indicates on the certificate of 6910 title that the odometer reflects mileage in excess of the 6911 designed mechanical limit of the odometer, the clerk shall enter 6912 the phrase "exceeds mechanical limits" following the mileage 6913 designation. If the transferor indicates on the certificate of 6914 title that the odometer reading is not the actual mileage, the 6915 clerk shall enter the phrase "nonactual: warning - odometer 6916 discrepancy" following the mileage designation. The clerk shall 6917 use reasonable care in transferring the information supplied by 6918 the transferor, but is not liable for any errors or omissions of 6919 the clerk or those of the clerk's deputies in the performance of 6920 the clerk's duties created by this chapter. 6921

The registrar shall prescribe an affidavit in which the transferor shall swear to the true selling price and, except as provided in this division, the true odometer reading of the 6924

motor vehicle. The registrar may prescribe an affidavit in which	6925
the seller and buyer provide information pertaining to the	6926
odometer reading of the motor vehicle in addition to that	6927
required by this section, as such information may be required by	6928
the United States secretary of transportation by rule prescribed	6929
under authority of subchapter IV of the "Motor Vehicle	6930
Information and Cost Savings Act," 86 Stat. 961 (1972), 15	6931
U.S.C. 1981.	6932

- (2) Division (C)(1) of this section does not require the 6933 6934 giving of information concerning the odometer and odometer reading of a motor vehicle when ownership of a motor vehicle is 6935 being transferred as a result of a bequest, under the laws of 6936 intestate succession, to a survivor pursuant to section 2106.18, 6937 2131.12, or 4505.10 of the Revised Code, to a transfer-on-death 6938 beneficiary or beneficiaries pursuant to section 2131.13 of the 6939 Revised Code, in connection with the creation of a security 6940 interest or for a vehicle with a gross vehicle weight rating of 6941 more than sixteen thousand pounds. 6942
- (D) When the transfer to the applicant was made in some 6943 other state or in interstate commerce, the clerk, except as 6944 provided in this section, shall refuse to issue any certificate 6945 of title unless the tax imposed by or pursuant to Chapter 5741. 6946 of the Revised Code based on the purchaser's county of residence 6947 has been paid as evidenced by a receipt issued by the tax 6948 commissioner, or unless the applicant submits with the 6949 application payment of the tax. Upon payment of the tax in 6950 accordance with division (E) of this section, the clerk shall 6951 issue a receipt prescribed by the registrar and agreed upon by 6952 the tax commissioner, showing payment of the tax. 6953

For receiving and disbursing such taxes paid to the clerk

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by a resident of the clerk's county, the clerk may retain a	6955
poundage fee of one and one one-hundredth per cent. The clerk	6956
shall not retain a poundage fee from payments of taxes by	6957
persons who do not reside in the clerk's county.	6958

A clerk, however, may retain from the taxes paid to the 6959 clerk an amount equal to the poundage fees associated with 6960 certificates of title issued by other clerks of courts of common 6961 pleas to applicants who reside in the first clerk's county. The 6962 registrar, in consultation with the tax commissioner and the 6963 clerks of the courts of common pleas, shall develop a report 6964 from the automated title processing system that informs each 6965 clerk of the amount of the poundage fees that the clerk is 6966 permitted to retain from those taxes because of certificates of 6967 title issued by the clerks of other counties to applicants who 6968 reside in the first clerk's county. 6969

When the vendor is not regularly engaged in the business of selling motor vehicles, the vendor shall not be required to purchase a vendor's license or make reports concerning those sales.

(E) The clerk shall accept any payment of a tax in cash, 6974 or by cashier's check, certified check, draft, money order, or 6975 teller check issued by any insured financial institution payable 6976 to the clerk and submitted with an application for a certificate 6977 of title under division (B) or (D) of this section. The clerk 6978 also may accept payment of the tax by corporate, business, or 6979 personal check, credit card, electronic transfer or wire 6980 transfer, debit card, or any other accepted form of payment made 6981 payable to the clerk. The clerk may require bonds, guarantees, 6982 or letters of credit to ensure the collection of corporate, 6983 business, or personal checks. Any service fee charged by a third 6984

party to a clerk for the use of any form of payment may be paid	6985
by the clerk from the certificate of title administration fund	6986
created in section 325.33 of the Revised Code, or may be	6987
assessed by the clerk upon the applicant as an additional fee.	6988
Upon collection, the additional fees shall be paid by the clerk	6989
into that certificate of title administration fund.	6990

The clerk shall make a good faith effort to collect any 6991 payment of taxes due but not made because the payment was 6992 returned or dishonored, but the clerk is not personally liable 6993 for the payment of uncollected taxes or uncollected fees. The 6994 clerk shall notify the tax commissioner of any such payment of 6995 taxes that is due but not made and shall furnish the information 6996 to the commissioner that the commissioner requires. The clerk 6997 shall deduct the amount of taxes due but not paid from the 6998 clerk's periodic remittance of tax payments, in accordance with 6999 procedures agreed upon by the tax commissioner. The commissioner 7000 may collect taxes due by assessment in the manner provided in 7001 section 5739.13 of the Revised Code. 7002

Any person who presents payment that is returned or 7003 dishonored for any reason is liable to the clerk for payment of 7004 a penalty over and above the amount of the taxes due. The clerk 7005 shall determine the amount of the penalty, and the penalty shall 7006 be no greater than that amount necessary to compensate the clerk 7007 for banking charges, legal fees, or other expenses incurred by 7008 the clerk in collecting the returned or dishonored payment. The 7009 remedies and procedures provided in this section are in addition 7010 to any other available civil or criminal remedies. Subsequently 7011 collected penalties, poundage fees, and title fees, less any 7012 title fee due the state, from returned or dishonored payments 7013 collected by the clerk shall be paid into the certificate of 7014 title administration fund. Subsequently collected taxes, less 7015

poundage fees, shall be sent by the clerk to the treasurer of	7016
state registrar of motor vehicles at the next scheduled periodic	7017
remittance of tax payments, with information as the commissioner	7018
may require. The clerk may abate all or any part of any penalty	7019
assessed under this division.	7020
(F) In the following cases, the clerk shall accept for	7021
filing an application and shall issue a certificate of title	7022
without requiring payment or evidence of payment of the tax:	7023
(1) When the purchaser is this state or any of its	7024
political subdivisions, a church, or an organization whose	7025
purchases are exempted by section 5739.02 of the Revised Code;	7026
(2) When the transaction in this state is not a retail	7027
sale as defined by section 5739.01 of the Revised Code;	7028
(3) When the purchase is outside this state or in	7029
interstate commerce and the purpose of the purchaser is not to	7030
use, store, or consume within the meaning of section 5741.01 of	7031
the Revised Code;	7032
(4) When the purchaser is the federal government;	7033
(5) When the motor vehicle was purchased outside this	7034
state for use outside this state;	7035
(6) When the motor vehicle is purchased by a nonresident	7036
under the circumstances described in division (B)(1) of section	7037
5739.029 of the Revised Code, and upon presentation of a copy of	7038
the statement provided by that section, and a copy of the	7039
exemption certificate provided by section 5739.03 of the Revised	7040
Code.	7041
(G) An application, as prescribed by the registrar and	7042

agreed to by the tax commissioner, shall be filled out and sworn

to by the buyer of a motor vehicle in a casual sale. The 7044 application shall contain the following notice in bold 7045 lettering: "WARNING TO TRANSFEROR AND TRANSFEREE (SELLER AND 7046 BUYER): You are required by law to state the true selling price. 7047 A false statement is in violation of section 2921.13 of the 7048 Revised Code and is punishable by six months' imprisonment or a 7049 fine of up to one thousand dollars, or both. All transfers are 7050 audited by the department of taxation. The seller and buyer must 7051 provide any information requested by the department of taxation. 7052 The buyer may be assessed any additional tax found to be due." 7053

(H) For sales of manufactured homes or mobile homes 7054 occurring on or after January 1, 2000, the clerk shall accept 7055 for filing, pursuant to Chapter 5739. of the Revised Code, an 7056 application for a certificate of title for a manufactured home 7057 or mobile home without requiring payment of any tax pursuant to 7058 section 5739.02, 5741.021, 5741.022, or 5741.023 of the Revised 7059 Code, or a receipt issued by the tax commissioner showing 7060 payment of the tax. For sales of manufactured homes or mobile 7061 homes occurring on or after January 1, 2000, the applicant shall 7062 pay to the clerk an additional fee of five dollars for each 7063 certificate of title issued by the clerk for a manufactured or 7064 mobile home pursuant to division (H) of section 4505.11 of the 7065 Revised Code and for each certificate of title issued upon 7066 transfer of ownership of the home. The clerk shall credit the 7067 fee to the county certificate of title administration fund, and 7068 the fee shall be used to pay the expenses of archiving those 7069 certificates pursuant to division (A) of section 4505.08 and 7070 division (H)(3) of section 4505.11 of the Revised Code. The tax 7071 commissioner shall administer any tax on a manufactured or 7072 mobile home pursuant to Chapters 5739. and 5741. of the Revised 7073 Code. 7074

(I) Every clerk shall have the capability to transact by	7075
electronic means all procedures and transactions relating to the	7076
issuance of motor vehicle certificates of title that are	7077
described in the Revised Code as being accomplished by	7078
electronic means.	7079

Sec. 4509.101. (A) (1) No person shall operate, or permit 7080 the operation of, a motor vehicle in this state, unless proof of 7081 financial responsibility is maintained continuously throughout 7082 the registration period with respect to that vehicle, or, in the 7083 case of a driver who is not the owner, with respect to that 7084 driver's operation of that vehicle.

- (2) Whoever violates division (A)(1) of this section shall 7086 be subject to the following civil penalties: 7087
- (a) Subject to divisions (A)(2)(b) and (c) of this 7088 section, a class (F) suspension of the person's driver's 7089 license, commercial driver's license, temporary instruction 7090 permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege 7091 for the period of time specified in division (B)(6) of section 7092 4510.02 of the Revised Code and impoundment of the person's 7093 license. The court may grant limited driving privileges to the 7094 person, but only if the person presents proof of financial 7095 responsibility and is enrolled in a reinstatement fee payment 7096 plan pursuant to section 4510.10 of the Revised Code. 7097
- (b) If, within five years of the violation, the person's 7098 operating privileges are again suspended and the person's 7099 license again is impounded for a violation of division (A)(1) of 7100 this section, a class C suspension of the person's driver's 7101 license, commercial driver's license, temporary instruction 7102 permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege 7103 for the period of time specified in division (B)(3) of section 7104

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4510.02 of the Revised Code. The court may grant limited driving	7105
privileges to the person only if the person presents proof of	7106
financial responsibility and has complied with division (A)(5)	7107
of this section, and no court may grant limited driving	7108
privileges for the first fifteen days of the suspension.	7109
(c) If, within five years of the violation, the person's	7110
operating privileges are suspended and the person's license is	7111
impounded two or more times for a violation of division (A)(1)	7112
of this section, a class B suspension of the person's driver's	7113
license, commercial driver's license, temporary instruction	7114
permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege	7115
for the period of time specified in division (B)(2) of section	7116
4510.02 of the Revised Code. The court may grant limited driving	7117
privileges to the person only if the person presents proof of	7118
financial responsibility and has complied with division (A)(5)	7119
of this section, except that no court may grant limited driving	7120
privileges for the first thirty days of the suspension.	7121
(d) In addition to the suspension of an owner's license	7122
under division (A)(2)(a), (b), or (c) of this section, the	7123
suspension of the rights of the owner to register the motor	7124
vehicle and the impoundment of the owner's certificate of	7125
registration and license plates until the owner complies with	7126
division (A)(5) of this section.	7127
The clerk of court shall waive the cost of filing a	7128
petition for limited driving privileges if, pursuant to section	7129
2323.311 of the Revised Code, the petitioner applies to be	7130
qualified as an indigent litigant and the court approves the	7131
application.	7132

(3) A person to whom this state has issued a certificate

of registration for a motor vehicle or a license to operate a

motor vehicle or who is determined to have operated any motor	7135
vehicle or permitted the operation in this state of a motor	7136
vehicle owned by the person shall be required to verify the	7137
existence of proof of financial responsibility covering the	7138
operation of the motor vehicle or the person's operation of the	7139
motor vehicle under either of the following circumstances:	7140
(a) The person or a motor vehicle owned by the person is	7141
involved in a traffic accident that requires the filing of an	7142
accident report under section 4509.06 of the Revised Code.	7143
(b) The person receives a traffic ticket indicating that	7144
proof of the maintenance of financial responsibility was not	7145
produced upon the request of a peace officer or state highway	7146
patrol trooper made in accordance with division (D)(2) of this	7147
section.	7148
(4) An order of the registrar that suspends and impounds a	7149
license or registration, or both, shall state the date on or	7150
before which the person is required to surrender the person's	7151
license or certificate of registration and license plates. The	7152
person is deemed to have surrendered the license or certificate	7153
of registration and license plates, in compliance with the	7154
order, if the person does either of the following:	7155
(a) On or before the date specified in the order,	7156
personally delivers the license or certificate of registration	7157
and license plates, or causes the delivery of the items, to the	7158
registrar;	7159
(b) Mails the license or certificate of registration and	7160
license plates to the registrar in an envelope or container	7161
bearing a postmark showing a date no later than the date	7162
specified in the order.	7163

(5) Except as provided in division (L) of this section,	7164
the registrar shall not restore any operating privileges or	7165
registration rights suspended under this section, return any	7166
license, certificate of registration, or license plates	7167
impounded under this section, or reissue license plates under	7168
section 4503.232 of the Revised Code, if the registrar destroyed	7169
the impounded license plates under that section, or reissue a	7170
license under section 4510.52 of the Revised Code, if the	7171
registrar destroyed the suspended license under that section,	7172
unless the rights are not subject to suspension or revocation	7173
under any other law and unless the person, in addition to	7174
complying with all other conditions required by law for	7175
reinstatement of the operating privileges or registration	7176
rights, complies with all of the following:	7177
(a) Pays to the registrar or an eligible deputy registrar	7178
a financial responsibility reinstatement fee of one hundred	7179
dollars for the first violation of division (A)(1) of this	7180
section, three hundred dollars for a second violation of that	7181
division, and six hundred dollars for a third or subsequent	7182
violation of that division;	7183
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(b) If the person has not voluntarily surrendered the	7184
license, certificate, or license plates in compliance with the	7185
order, pays to the registrar or an eligible deputy registrar a	7186
financial responsibility nonvoluntary compliance fee in an	7187
amount, not to exceed fifty dollars, determined by the	7188
registrar;	7189
(c) Files and continuously maintains proof of financial	7190
responsibility under sections 4509.44 to 4509.65 of the Revised	7191
Code;	7192

(d) Pays a deputy registrar a service fee of ten dollars

to compensate the deputy registrar for services performed under	7194
this section. The deputy registrar shall retain eight dollars of	7195
the service fee and shall transmit the reinstatement fee, any	7196
nonvoluntary compliance fee, and two dollars of the service fee	7197
to the registrar in the manner the registrar shall determine.	7198
(B)(1) Every party required to file an accident report	7199
under section 4509.06 of the Revised Code also shall include	7200
with the report a document described in division (G)(1)(a) of	7201
this section or shall present proof of financial responsibility	7202
through use of an electronic wireless communications device as	7203
permitted by division (G)(1)(b) of this section.	7204
If the registrar determines, within forty-five days after	7205
the report is filed, that an operator or owner has violated	7206
division (A)(1) of this section, the registrar shall do all of	7207
the following:	7208
(a) Order the impoundment, with respect to the motor	7209
vehicle involved, required under division (A)(2)(d) of this	7210
section, of the certificate of registration and license plates	7211
of any owner who has violated division (A)(1) of this section;	7212
(b) Order the suspension required under division (A)(2)	7213
(a), (b), or (c) of this section of the license of any operator	7214
or owner who has violated division (A)(1) of this section;	7215
(c) Record the name and address of the person whose	7216
certificate of registration and license plates have been	7217
impounded or are under an order of impoundment, or whose license	7218
has been suspended or is under an order of suspension; the	7219
serial number of the person's license; the serial numbers of the	7220
person's certificate of registration and license plates; and the	7221
person's social security account number, if assigned, or, where	7222

the motor vehicle is used for hire or principally in connection 7223 with any established business, the person's federal taxpayer 7224 identification number. The information shall be recorded in such 7225 a manner that it becomes a part of the person's permanent 7226 record, and assists the registrar in monitoring compliance with 7227 the orders of suspension or impoundment. 7228

- (d) Send written notification to every person to whom the 7229 order pertains, at the person's last known address as shown on 7230 the records of the bureau. The person, within ten days after the 7231 7232 date of the mailing of the notification, shall surrender to the 7233 registrar, in a manner set forth in division (A)(4) of this section, any certificate of registration and registration plates 7234 under an order of impoundment, or any license under an order of 7235 suspension. 7236
- (2) The registrar shall issue any order under division (B) 7237 (1) of this section without a hearing. Any person adversely 7238 affected by the order, within ten days after the issuance of the 7239 order, may request an administrative hearing before the 7240 registrar, who shall provide the person with an opportunity for 7241 a hearing in accordance with this paragraph. A request for a 7242 hearing does not operate as a suspension of the order. The scope 7243 7244 of the hearing shall be limited to whether the person in fact demonstrated to the registrar proof of financial responsibility 7245 in accordance with this section. The registrar shall determine 7246 the date, time, and place of any hearing, provided that the 7247 hearing shall be held, and an order issued or findings made, 7248 within thirty days after the registrar receives a request for a 7249 hearing. If requested by the person in writing, the registrar 7250 may designate as the place of hearing the county seat of the 7251 county in which the person resides or a place within fifty miles 7252 of the person's residence. The person shall pay the cost of the 7253

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hearing before the registrar, if the registrar's order of	7254
suspension or impoundment is upheld.	7255
(C) Any order of suspension or impoundment issued under	7256
this section or division (B) of section 4509.37 of the Revised	7257
Code may be terminated at any time if the registrar determines	7258
upon a showing of proof of financial responsibility that the	7259
operator or owner of the motor vehicle was in compliance with	7260
division (A)(1) of this section at the time of the traffic	7261
offense, motor vehicle inspection, or accident that resulted in	7262
the order against the person. A determination may be made	7263
without a hearing. This division does not apply unless the	7264
person shows good cause for the person's failure to present	7265
satisfactory proof of financial responsibility to the registrar	7266
prior to the issuance of the order.	7267
(D)(1)(a) For the purpose of enforcing this section, every	7268
peace officer is deemed an agent of the registrar.	7269
(b) Any peace officer who, in the performance of the peace	7270
officer's duties as authorized by law, becomes aware of a person	7271
whose license is under an order of suspension, or whose	7272
certificate of registration and license plates are under an	7273
order of impoundment, pursuant to this section, may confiscate	7274
the license, certificate of registration, and license plates,	7275
and return them to the registrar.	7276
(2) A peace officer shall request the owner or operator of	7277
a motor vehicle to produce proof of financial responsibility in	7278

a manner described in division (G) of this section at the time

and during motor vehicle inspections conducted pursuant to

section 4513.02 of the Revised Code.

the peace officer acts to enforce the traffic laws of this state

- (3) A peace officer shall indicate on every traffic ticket 7283 whether the person receiving the traffic ticket produced proof 7284 of the maintenance of financial responsibility in response to 7285 the officer's request under division (D)(2) of this section. The 7286 peace officer shall inform every person who receives a traffic 7287 ticket and who has failed to produce proof of the maintenance of 7288 financial responsibility that the person must submit proof to 7289 the traffic violations bureau with any payment of a fine and 7290 costs for the ticketed violation or, if the person is to appear 7291 in court for the violation, the person must submit proof to the 7292 7293 court.
- (4)(a) If a person who has failed to produce proof of the 7294 7295 maintenance of financial responsibility appears in court for a ticketed violation, the court may permit the defendant to 7296 present evidence of proof of financial responsibility to the 7297 court at such time and in such manner as the court determines to 7298 be necessary or appropriate. In a manner prescribed by the 7299 registrar, the clerk of courts shall provide the registrar with 7300 the identity of any person who fails to submit proof of the 7301 maintenance of financial responsibility pursuant to division (D) 7302 (3) of this section. 7303
- (b) If a person who has failed to produce proof of the 7304 maintenance of financial responsibility also fails to submit 7305 that proof to the traffic violations bureau with payment of a 7306 fine and costs for the ticketed violation, the traffic 7307 violations bureau, in a manner prescribed by the registrar, 7308 shall notify the registrar of the identity of that person. 7309
- (5) (a) Upon receiving notice from a clerk of courts or
 traffic violations bureau pursuant to division (D) (4) of this
 section, the registrar shall order the suspension of the license
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of the person required under division (A)(2)(a), (b), or (c) of	7313
this section and the impoundment of the person's certificate of	7314
registration and license plates required under division (A)(2)	7315
(d) of this section, effective thirty days after the date of the	7316
mailing of notification. The registrar also shall notify the	7317
person that the person must present the registrar with proof of	7318
financial responsibility in accordance with this section,	7319
surrender to the registrar the person's certificate of	7320
registration, license plates, and license, or submit a statement	7321
subject to section 2921.13 of the Revised Code that the person	7322
did not operate or permit the operation of the motor vehicle at	7323
the time of the offense. Notification shall be in writing and	7324
shall be sent to the person at the person's last known address	7325
as shown on the records of the bureau of motor vehicles. The	7326
person, within fifteen days after the date of the mailing of	7327
notification, shall present proof of financial responsibility,	7328
surrender the certificate of registration, license plates, and	7329
license to the registrar in a manner set forth in division (A)	7330
(4) of this section, or submit the statement required under this	7331
section together with other information the person considers	7332
appropriate.	7333

If the registrar does not receive proof or the person does not surrender the certificate of registration, license plates, and license, in accordance with this division, the registrar shall permit the order for the suspension of the license of the person and the impoundment of the person's certificate of registration and license plates to take effect.

(b) In the case of a person who presents, within the 7340 fifteen-day period, proof of financial responsibility, the 7341 registrar shall terminate the order of suspension and the 7342 impoundment of the registration and license plates required 7343

under division (A)(2)(d) of this section and shall send written

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notification to the person, at the person's last known address

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as shown on the records of the bureau.

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- (c) Any person adversely affected by the order of the 7347 registrar under division (D)(5)(a) or (b) of this section, 7348 within ten days after the issuance of the order, may request an 7349 administrative hearing before the registrar, who shall provide 7350 the person with an opportunity for a hearing in accordance with 7351 this paragraph. A request for a hearing does not operate as a 7352 7353 suspension of the order. The scope of the hearing shall be limited to whether, at the time of the hearing, the person 7354 presents proof of financial responsibility covering the vehicle 7355 7356 and whether the person is eligible for an exemption in accordance with this section or any rule adopted under it. The 7357 registrar shall determine the date, time, and place of any 7358 hearing; provided, that the hearing shall be held, and an order 7359 issued or findings made, within thirty days after the registrar 7360 receives a request for a hearing. If requested by the person in 7361 7362 writing, the registrar may designate as the place of hearing the county seat of the county in which the person resides or a place 7363 within fifty miles of the person's residence. Such person shall 7364 pay the cost of the hearing before the registrar, if the 7365 registrar's order of suspension or impoundment under division 7366 (D)(5)(a) or (b) of this section is upheld. 7367
- (6) A peace officer may charge an owner or operator of a 7368 motor vehicle with a violation of section 4510.16 of the Revised 7369 Code when the owner or operator fails to show proof of the 7370 maintenance of financial responsibility pursuant to a peace 7371 officer's request under division (D)(2) of this section, if a 7372 check of the owner or operator's driving record indicates that 7373 the owner or operator, at the time of the operation of the motor 7374

vehicle, is required to file and maintain proof of financial	7375
responsibility under section 4509.45 of the Revised Code for a	7376
previous violation of this chapter.	7377
(7) Any forms used by law enforcement agencies in	7378
administering this section shall be prescribed, supplied, and	7379
paid for by the registrar.	7380
(8) No peace officer, law enforcement agency employing a	7381
peace officer, or political subdivision or governmental agency	7382
that employs a peace officer shall be liable in a civil action	7383
for damages or loss to persons arising out of the performance of	7384
any duty required or authorized by this section.	7385
(9) As used in this section, "peace officer" has the	7386
meaning set forth in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code.	7387
(E) All fees, except court costs, fees paid to a deputy	7388
registrar, and those portions of the financial responsibility	7389
reinstatement fees as otherwise specified in this division,	7390
collected under this section shall be paid into the state	7391
treasury to the credit of the public safety - highway purposes	7392
fund established in section 4501.06 of the Revised Code and used	7393
to cover costs incurred by the bureau in the administration of	7394
this section and sections 4503.20, 4507.212, and 4509.81 of the	7395
Revised Code, and by any law enforcement agency employing any	7396
peace officer who returns any license, certificate of	7397
registration, and license plates to the registrar pursuant to	7398
division (C) of this section.	7399
Of each financial responsibility reinstatement fee the	7400
registrar collects pursuant to division (A)(5)(a) of this	7401
section or receives from a deputy registrar under division (A)	7402

(5) (d) of this section, the registrar shall deposit twenty-five

dollars of each one-hundred-dollar reinstatement fee, fifty	7404
dollars of each three-hundred-dollar reinstatement fee, and one	7405
hundred dollars of each six-hundred-dollar reinstatement fee	7406
into the state treasury to the credit of the indigent defense	7407
support fund created by section 120.08 of the Revised Code.	7408
(F) Chapter 119. of the Revised Code applies to this	7409
section only to the extent that any provision in that chapter is	7410
not clearly inconsistent with this section.	7411
(G)(1)(a) The registrar, court, traffic violations bureau,	7412
or peace officer may require proof of financial responsibility	7413
to be demonstrated by use of a standard form prescribed by the	7414
registrar. If the use of a standard form is not required, a	7415
person may demonstrate proof of financial responsibility under	7416
this section by presenting to the traffic violations bureau,	7417
court, registrar, or peace officer any of the following	7418
documents or a copy of the documents:	7419
(i) A financial responsibility identification card as	7420
provided in section 4509.103 of the Revised Code;	7421
(ii) A certificate of proof of financial responsibility on	7422
a form provided and approved by the registrar for the filing of	7423
an accident report required to be filed under section 4509.06 of	7424
the Revised Code;	7425
(iii) A policy of liability insurance, a declaration page	7426
of a policy of liability insurance, or liability bond, if the	7427
policy or bond complies with section 4509.20 or sections 4509.49	7428
to 4509.61 of the Revised Code;	7429
(iv) A bond or certification of the issuance of a bond as	7430
provided in section 4509.59 of the Revised Code;	7431
(v) A certificate of deposit of money or securities as	7432

provided in section 4509.62 of the Revised Code;	7433
(vi) A certificate of self-insurance as provided in	7434
section 4509.72 of the Revised Code.	7435
(b) A person also may present proof of financial	7436
responsibility under this section to the traffic violations	7437
bureau, court, registrar, or peace officer through use of an	7438
electronic wireless communications device as specified under	7439
section 4509.103 of the Revised Code.	7440
(2) If a person fails to demonstrate proof of financial	7441
responsibility in a manner described in division (G)(1) of this	7442
section, the person may demonstrate proof of financial	7443
responsibility under this section by any other method that the	7444
court or the bureau, by reason of circumstances in a particular	7445
case, may consider appropriate.	7446
(3) A motor carrier certificated by the interstate	7447
commerce commission or by the public utilities commission may	7448
demonstrate proof of financial responsibility by providing a	7449
statement designating the motor carrier's operating authority	7450
and averring that the insurance coverage required by the	7451
certificating authority is in full force and effect.	7452
(4)(a) A finding by the registrar or court that a person	7453
is covered by proof of financial responsibility in the form of	7454
an insurance policy or surety bond is not binding upon the named	7455
insurer or surety or any of its officers, employees, agents, or	7456
representatives and has no legal effect except for the purpose	7457
of administering this section.	7458
(b) The preparation and delivery of a financial	7459
responsibility identification card or any other document	7460
authorized to be used as proof of financial responsibility and	7461

the generation and delivery of proof of financial responsibility	7462
to an electronic wireless communications device that is	7463
displayed on the device as text or images does not do any of the	7464
following:	7465
(i) Create any liability or estoppel against an insurer or	7466
surety, or any of its officers, employees, agents, or	7467
representatives;	7468
(ii) Constitute an admission of the existence of, or of	7469
any liability or coverage under, any policy or bond;	7470
(iii) Waive any defenses or counterclaims available to an	7471
insurer, surety, agent, employee, or representative in an action	7472
commenced by an insured or third-party claimant upon a cause of	7473
action alleged to have arisen under an insurance policy or	7474
surety bond or by reason of the preparation and delivery of a	7475
document for use as proof of financial responsibility or the	7476
generation and delivery of proof of financial responsibility to	7477
an electronic wireless communications device.	7478
(c) Whenever it is determined by a final judgment in a	7479
judicial proceeding that an insurer or surety, which has been	7480
named on a document or displayed on an electronic wireless	7481
communications device accepted by a court or the registrar as	7482
proof of financial responsibility covering the operation of a	7483
motor vehicle at the time of an accident or offense, is not	7484
liable to pay a judgment for injuries or damages resulting from	7485
such operation, the registrar, notwithstanding any previous	7486
contrary finding, shall forthwith suspend the operating	7487
privileges and registration rights of the person against whom	7488
the judgment was rendered as provided in division (A)(2) of this	7489
section.	7490

- (H) In order for any document or display of text or images 7491 on an electronic wireless communications device described in 7492 division (G)(1) of this section to be used for the demonstration 7493 of proof of financial responsibility under this section, the 7494 document or words or images shall state the name of the insured 7495 or obligor, the name of the insurer or surety company, and the 7496 effective and expiration dates of the financial responsibility, 7497 and designate by explicit description or by appropriate 7498 reference all motor vehicles covered which may include a 7499 7500 reference to fleet insurance coverage.
- (I) For purposes of this section, "owner" does not include 7501 a licensed motor vehicle leasing dealer as defined in section 7502 4517.01 of the Revised Code, but does include a motor vehicle 7503 renting dealer as defined in section 4549.65 of the Revised 7504 Code. Nothing in this section or in section 4509.51 of the 7505 Revised Code shall be construed to prohibit a motor vehicle 7506 renting dealer from entering into a contractual agreement with a 7507 person whereby the person renting the motor vehicle agrees to be 7508 solely responsible for maintaining proof of financial 7509 responsibility, in accordance with this section, with respect to 7510 the operation, maintenance, or use of the motor vehicle during 7511 the period of the motor vehicle's rental. 7512
- (J) The purpose of this section is to require the 7513 7514 maintenance of proof of financial responsibility with respect to the operation of motor vehicles on the highways of this state, 7515 so as to minimize those situations in which persons are not 7516 compensated for injuries and damages sustained in motor vehicle 7517 accidents. The general assembly finds that this section contains 7518 reasonable civil penalties and procedures for achieving this 7519 7520 purpose.

(K) Nothing in this section shall be construed to be	7521
subject to section 4509.78 of the Revised Code.	7522
(L)(1) The registrar may terminate any suspension imposed	7523
under this section and not require the owner to comply with	7524
divisions (A)(5)(a), (b), and (c) of this section if the	7525
registrar with or without a hearing determines that the owner of	7526
the vehicle has established by clear and convincing evidence	7527
that all of the following apply:	7528
(a) The owner customarily maintains proof of financial	7529
responsibility.	7530
(b) Proof of financial responsibility was not in effect	7531
for the vehicle on the date in question for one of the following	7532
reasons:	7533
(i) The vehicle was inoperable.	7534
(ii) The vehicle is operated only seasonally, and the date	7535
in question was outside the season of operation.	7536
(iii) A person other than the vehicle owner or driver was	7537
at fault for the lapse of proof of financial responsibility	7538
through no fault of the owner or driver.	7539
(iv) The lapse of proof of financial responsibility was	7540
caused by excusable neglect under circumstances that are not	7541
likely to recur and do not suggest a purpose to evade the	7542
requirements of this chapter.	7543
(2) The registrar may grant an owner or driver relief for	7544
a reason specified in division (L)(1)(b)(iii) or (iv) of this	7545
section only if the owner or driver has not previously been	7546
granted relief under division (L)(1)(b)(iii) or (iv) of this	7547
section.	7548

(M) The registrar shall adopt rules in accordance with	7549
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code that are necessary to	7550
administer and enforce this section. The rules shall include	7551
procedures for the surrender of license plates upon failure to	7552
maintain proof of financial responsibility and provisions	7553
relating to reinstatement of registration rights, acceptable	7554
forms of proof of financial responsibility, the use of an	7555
electronic wireless communications device to present proof of	7556
financial responsibility, and verification of the existence of	7557
financial responsibility during the period of registration.	7558
(N)(1) When a person utilizes an electronic wireless	7559
communications device to present proof of financial	7560
responsibility, only the evidence of financial responsibility	7561
displayed on the device shall be viewed by the registrar, peace	7562
officer, employee or official of the traffic violations bureau,	7563
or the court. No other content of the device shall be viewed for	7564
purposes of obtaining proof of financial responsibility.	7565
(2) When a person provides an electronic wireless	7566
communications device to the registrar, a peace officer, an	7567
employee or official of a traffic violations bureau, or the	7568
court, the person assumes the risk of any resulting damage to	7569
the device unless the registrar, peace officer, employee, or	7570
official, or court personnel purposely, knowingly, or recklessly	7571
commits an action that results in damage to the device.	7572
Sec. 4509.45. (A) As used in this section, "electronic	7573
wireless communications device" has the same meaning as in	7574
section 4509.103 of the Revised Code.	7575
(B) Proof of financial responsibility when required under	7576
section 4509.101, 4509.33, 4509.34, 4509.38, 4509.40, 4509.42,	7577

4509.44, or 4510.038 of the Revised Code may be given by filing

any of the following:	7579
(1) A financial responsibility identification card as	7580
provided in section 4509.104 of the Revised Code;	7581
(2) A certificate of insurance as provided in section	7582
4509.46 or 4509.47 of the Revised Code;	7583
(3) A bond as provided in section 4509.59 of the Revised	7584
Code;	7585
(4) A certificate of deposit of money or securities as	7586
provided in section 4509.62 of the Revised Code;	7587
(5) A certificate of self-insurance, as provided in	7588
section 4509.72 of the Revised Code, supplemented by an	7589
agreement by the self-insurer that, with respect to accidents	7590
occurring while the certificate is in force, the self-insurer	7591
will pay the same amounts that an insurer would have been	7592
obligated to pay under an owner's motor vehicle liability policy	7593
if it had issued such a policy to the self-insurer.	7594
(C) When proof of financial responsibility is required to	7595
be given under section 4509.101 of the Revised Code, such proof	7596
also may be given through use of an electronic wireless	7597
communications device as provided in that section.	7598
(D) Proof under division (B) of this section shall be	7599
filed and maintained for five years from the date of the	7600
registrar's imposition of a class A, B, or C suspension of	7601
operating privileges and shall be filed and maintained for three	7602
years from the date of the registrar's imposition of a class D,	7603
E, or F suspension of operating privileges. Proof of financial	7604
responsibility that is required to be filed and maintained with	7605
the registrar during a period of suspension of operating	7606
privileges described in this division shall not be given through	7607

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the use of an electronic wireless communications device.	7608
Sec. 4509.62. Proof A person may effectuate proof of	7609
financial responsibility may be evidenced by the certificate of	7610
the treasurer of state that the person named therein has-	7611
deposited with him depositing with the registrar of motor	7612
<u>vehicles</u> thirty thousand dollars in money or bonds of the United	7613
States, of this state, or of a political subdivision of this	7614
state at their par or face value. The treasurer of state	7615
registrar shall not accept any such deposit and issue a	7616
certificate therefor and the registrar shall not accept such	7617
certificate unless it is accompanied by evidence that there are	7618
no unsatisfied judgments against the depositor in the county	7619
where the depositor resides.	7620
The financial responsibility custodial fund is created,	7621
which shall be in the custody of the treasurer of state but	7622
shall not be part of the state treasury. All money deposited	7623
under this section shall be credited to that fund.	7624
Sec. 4509.63. The deposit provided for in section 4509.62	7625
of the Revised Code shall be held by the treasurer of state	7626
registrar of motor vehicles to satisfy, in accordance with	7627
sections 4509.01 to 4509.78, inclusive, of the Revised Code, any	7628
execution on a judgment, against the person making the deposit,	7629
for damages, including damages for care and loss of services,	7630
because of bodily injury to or death of any person, or for	7631
damages because of injury to property, including the loss of use	7632
thereof, resulting from the ownership, maintenance, or use of a	7633
motor vehicle after such deposit was made. Money or securities	7634
so deposited shall not be subject to attachment or execution	7635
unless such attachment or execution arises out of a suit for	7636
damages as described in this section.	7637

Sec. 4509.65. The registrar of motor vehicles shall	7638
consent to the cancellation of any bond or certificate of	7639
insurance or the registrar shall direct and the treasurer of	7640
state shall—return any money or securities—to the person	7641
entitled thereto upon the substitution and acceptance of other	7642
adequate proof of financial responsibility in accordance with	7643
sections 4509.01 to 4509.78, inclusive, of the Revised Code.	7644
Sec. 4509.67. (A) The registrar of motor vehicles shall,	7645
upon request, consent to the immediate cancellation of any bond	7646
or certificate of insurance, or shall direct and the treasurer	7647
of state shall return to the person entitled any money or	7648
securities deposited under sections 4509.01 to 4509.78 of the	7649
Revised Code, as proof of financial responsibility, or the	7650
registrar shall waive the requirement of filing proof, in any of	7651
the following events:	7652
(1) At any time after three years from the date such proof	7653
was required when, during the three years preceding the request,	7654
the registrar has not received record of a conviction or bail	7655
the registrar has not received record of a conviction or bail forfeiture which would require or permit the suspension or	7655 7656
-	
forfeiture which would require or permit the suspension or	7656
forfeiture which would require or permit the suspension or revocation of the license, registration or nonresident's	7656 7657
forfeiture which would require or permit the suspension or revocation of the license, registration or nonresident's operating privilege of the person by or for whom such proof was	7656 7657 7658
forfeiture which would require or permit the suspension or revocation of the license, registration or nonresident's operating privilege of the person by or for whom such proof was furnished and the person's motor vehicle registration has not	7656 7657 7658 7659
forfeiture which would require or permit the suspension or revocation of the license, registration or nonresident's operating privilege of the person by or for whom such proof was furnished and the person's motor vehicle registration has not been suspended for a violation of section 4509.101 of the	7656 7657 7658 7659 7660
forfeiture which would require or permit the suspension or revocation of the license, registration or nonresident's operating privilege of the person by or for whom such proof was furnished and the person's motor vehicle registration has not been suspended for a violation of section 4509.101 of the Revised Code;	7656 7657 7658 7659 7660 7661
forfeiture which would require or permit the suspension or revocation of the license, registration or nonresident's operating privilege of the person by or for whom such proof was furnished and the person's motor vehicle registration has not been suspended for a violation of section 4509.101 of the Revised Code; (2) In the event of the death of the person on whose	7656 7657 7658 7659 7660 7661
forfeiture which would require or permit the suspension or revocation of the license, registration or nonresident's operating privilege of the person by or for whom such proof was furnished and the person's motor vehicle registration has not been suspended for a violation of section 4509.101 of the Revised Code; (2) In the event of the death of the person on whose behalf such proof was filed or the permanent incapacity of such	7656 7657 7658 7659 7660 7661 7662 7663

(B) The registrar shall not consent to the cancellation of	7667
any bond or the return of any money or securities—if any action	7668
for damages upon a liability covered by such proof is pending,	7669
or any judgment upon any such liability is unsatisfied, or in	7670
the event the person who has filed such bond or deposited such	7671
money or securities has within two years immediately preceding	7672
such request been involved as a driver or owner in any motor-	7673
vehicle motor vehicle accident resulting in injury to the person	7674
or property of others. An affidavit of the applicant as to the	7675
nonexistence of such facts, or that <u>he</u> the applicant has been	7676
released from all liability, or has been finally adjudicated not	7677
liable, for such injury may be accepted as evidence thereof in	7678
the absence of evidence to the contrary in the records of the	7679
registrar.	7680

- (C) Whenever any person whose proof has been canceled or 7681 returned under division (A)(3) of this section applies for a 7682 license or registration within a period of three years from the 7683 date proof was originally required, any such application shall 7684 be refused unless the applicant re-establishes proof of 7685 financial responsibility for the remainder of the three-year 7686 period.
- Sec. 4710.03. Nothing in this chapter applies to any of 7688 the following: 7689
- (A) The federal national mortgage association; the federal 7690 home loan mortgage corporation; a bank, bank holding company, 7691 trust company, savings and loan association, credit union, 7692 savings bank, or credit card bank, that is regulated by the 7693 office of the comptroller of currency, office of thrift 7694 supervision, federal reserve, federal deposit insurance 7695 corporation, national credit union administration, or division 7696

of financial institutions; or to subsidiaries of any of these	7697
entities;	7698
(B) Debt adjusting incurred in the practice of law in this	7699
state;	7700
(C) A person that incidentally engages in debt adjusting	7701
to adjust the indebtedness owed to that person;	7702
(D) A registrant as defined in section 1321.51 of the	7703
Revised Code;	7704
(E) A registrant or licensee as both are defined in	7705
section 1322.01 of the Revised Code.	7706
Sec. 4749.01. As used in this chapter:	7707
(A) "Private investigator" means any person who engages in	7708
the business of private investigation.	7709
(B) "Business of private investigation" means, except when	7710
performed by one excluded under division (H) of this section,	7711
the conducting, for hire, in person or through a partner or	7712
employees, of any investigation relevant to any crime or wrong	7713
done or threatened, or to obtain information on the identity,	7714
habits, conduct, movements, whereabouts, affiliations,	7715
transactions, reputation, credibility, or character of any	7716
person, or to locate and recover lost or stolen property, or to	7717
determine the cause of or responsibility for any libel or	7718
slander, or any fire, accident, or damage to property, or to	7719
secure evidence for use in any legislative, administrative, or	7720
judicial investigation or proceeding.	7721
(C) "Security guard provider" means any person who engages	7722
in the business of security services.	7723
(D) "Business of security services" means either of the	7724

following:	7725
(1) Furnishing, for hire, watchpersons, guards, private	7726
patrol officers, or other persons whose primary duties are to	7727
protect persons or property;	7728
(2) Furnishing, for hire, guard dogs, or armored motor	7729
vehicle security services, in connection with the protection of	7730
persons or property.	7731
(E) "Class A license" means a license issued under section	7732
4749.03 of the Revised Code that qualifies the person issued the	7733
license to engage in the business of private investigation and	7734
the business of security services.	7735
(F) "Class B license" means a license issued under section	7736
4749.03 of the Revised Code that qualifies the person issued the	7737
license to engage only in the business of private investigation.	7738
(G) "Class C license" means a license issued under section	7739
4749.03 of the Revised Code that qualifies the person issued the	7740
license to engage only in the business of security services.	7741
(H) "Private investigator," "business of private	7742
investigation," "security guard provider," and "business of	7743
security services" do not include:	7744
(1) Public officers and employees whose official duties	7745
require them to engage in investigatory activities;	7746
(2) Attorneys at law or any expert hired by an attorney at	7747
law for consultation or litigation purposes;	7748
(3) A consumer reporting agency, as defined in the "Fair	7749
Credit Reporting Act," 84 Stat. 1128, 15 U.S.C.A. 1681a, as	7750
amended, provided that the consumer reporting agency is in	7751
compliance with the requirements of that act and that the	7752

agency's activities are confined to any of the following:	7753
(a) The issuance of consumer credit reports;	7754
(b) The conducting of limited background investigations	7755
that pertain only to a client's prospective tenant and that are	7756
engaged in with the prior written consent of the prospective	7757
tenant;	7758
(c) The business of pre-employment background	7759
investigation. As used in division (H)(3)(c) of this section,	7760
"business of pre-employment background investigation" means, and	7761
is limited to, furnishing for hire, in person or through a	7762
partner or employees, the conducting of limited background	7763
investigations, in-person interviews, telephone interviews, or	7764
written inquiries that pertain only to a client's prospective	7765
employee and the employee's employment and that are engaged in	7766
with the prior written consent of the prospective employee.	7767
(4) Certified public insurance adjusters that hold a	7768
certificate of authority issued pursuant to sections 3951.01 to	7769
3951.09 of the Revised Code, while the adjuster is investigating	7770
the cause of or responsibility for a fire, accident, or other	7771
damage to property with respect to a claim or claims for loss or	7772
damage under a policy of insurance covering real or personal	7773
property;	7774
(5) Personnel placement services and persons who act as	7775
employees of such entities engaged in investigating matters	7776
related to personnel placement activities;	7777
(6) An employee in the regular course of the employee's	7778
employment, engaged in investigating matters pertinent to the	7779
business of the employee's employer or protecting property in	7780
the possession of the employee's employer, provided the employer	7781

unclaimed funds.

is deducting all applicable state and federal employment taxes	7782
on behalf of the employee and neither the employer nor the	7783
employee is employed by, associated with, or acting for or on	7784
behalf of any private investigator or security guard provider;	7785
(7) Any better business bureau or similar organization or	7786
any of its employees while engaged in the maintenance of the	7787
quality of business activities relating to consumer sales and	7788
services;	7789
(8) An accountant who is registered or certified under	7790
Chapter 4701. of the Revised Code or any of the accountant's	7791
employees while engaged in activities for which the accountant	7792
is certified or registered;	7793
(9) Any person who, for hire or otherwise, conducts	7794
genealogical research in this state.	7795
As used in division (H)(9) of this section, "genealogical	7796
research" means the determination of the origins and descent of	7797
families, including the identification of individuals, their	7798
family relationships, and the biographical details of their	7799
lives. "Genealogical research" does not include furnishing for	7800
hire services for locating missing persons or natural or birth	7801
parents or children.	7802
(10) Any person residing in this state who conducts	7803
research for the purpose of locating the last known owner of	7804
unclaimed funds, provided that the person is in compliance with	7805
Chapter 169. of the Revised Code and rules adopted thereunder.	7806
The exemption set forth in division (H)(10) of this section	7807
applies only to the extent that the person is conducting	7808
research for the purpose of locating the last known owner of	7809

As used in division (H)(10) of this section, "owner" and	7811
"unclaimed funds" have the same meanings as in section 169.01 of	7812
the Revised Code.	7813
(11) A professional engineer who is registered under	7814
Chapter 4733. of the Revised Code or any of his employees.	7815
As used in division (H)(11) of this section and	7816
notwithstanding division (I) of this section, "employee" has the	7817
same meaning as in section 4101.01 of the Revised Code.	7818
(12) Any person residing in this state who, for hire or	7819
otherwise, conducts research for the purpose of locating persons	7820
to whom the state of Ohio owes money in the form of warrants, as	7821
defined in division (S) of section 131.01 of the Revised Code,	7822
that the state voided but subsequently reissues.	7823
(13) An independent insurance adjuster who, as an	7824
individual, an independent contractor, an employee of an	7825
independent contractor, adjustment bureau association,	7826
corporation, insurer, partnership, local recording agent,	7827
managing general agent, or self-insurer, engages in the business	7828
of independent insurance adjustment, or any person who	7829
supervises the handling of claims except while acting as an	7830
employee of an insurer licensed in this state while handling	7831
claims pertaining to specific policies written by that insurer.	7832
As used in division (H)(13) of this section, "independent	7833
insurance adjustment" means conducting investigations to	7834
determine the cause of or circumstances concerning a fire,	7835
accident, bodily injury, or damage to real or personal property;	7836
determining the extent of damage of that fire, accident, injury,	7837
or property damage; securing evidence for use in a legislative,	7838

administrative, or judicial investigation or proceeding,

adjusting losses; and adjusting or settling claims, including	7840
the investigation, adjustment, denial, establishment of damages,	7841
negotiation, settlement, or payment of claims in connection with	7842
insurance contractors, self-insured programs, or other similar	7843
insurance programs. "Independent adjuster" does not include	7844
either of the following:	7845
(a) An attorney who adjusts insurance losses incidental to	7846
the practice of law and who does not advertise or represent that	7847
the attorney is an independent insurance adjuster;	7848
(b) A licensed agent or general agent of an insurer	7849
licensed in this state who processes undisputed or uncontested	7850
losses for insurers under policies issued by that agent or	7851
general agent.	7852
(14) Except for a commissioned peace officer who engages	7853
in the business of private investigation or compensates others	7854
who engage in the business of private investigation or the	7855
business of security services or both, any commissioned peace	7856
officer as defined in division (B) of section 2935.01 of the	7857
Revised Code.	7858
(I) "Employee" means every person who may be required or	7859
directed by any employer, in consideration of direct or indirect	7860
gain or profit, to engage in any employment, or to go, or work,	7861
or be at any time in any place of employment, provided that the	7862
employer of the employee deducts all applicable state and	7863
federal employment taxes on behalf of the employee.	7864
Sec. 4763.13. (A) In engaging in appraisal activities, a	7865
person certified, registered, or licensed under this chapter	7866
shall comply with the applicable standards prescribed by the	7867
board of governors of the federal reserve system, the federal	7868

deposit insurance corporation, the comptroller of the currency,	7869
the office of thrift supervision, the national credit union	7870
administration, and the resolution trust corporation in	7871
connection with federally related transactions under the	7872
jurisdiction of the applicable agency or instrumentality. A	7873
certificate holder, registrant, and licensee also shall comply	7874
with the uniform standards of professional appraisal practice,	7875
as adopted by the appraisal standards board of the appraisal	7876
foundation and such other standards adopted by the real estate	7877
appraiser board, to the extent that those standards do not	7878
conflict with applicable federal standards in connection with a	7879
particular federally related transaction.	7880

- (B) The terms "state-licensed residential real estate 7881 appraiser," "state-certified residential real estate appraiser," 7882 "state-certified general real estate appraiser," and "state-7883 registered real estate appraiser assistant" shall be used to 7884 refer only to those persons who have been issued the applicable 7885 certificate, registration, or license or renewal certificate, 7886 registration, or license pursuant to this chapter. None of these 7887 terms shall be used following or in connection with the name or 7888 signature of a partnership, corporation, or association or in a 7889 manner that could be interpreted as referring to a person other 7890 than the person to whom the certificate, registration, or 7891 license has been issued. No person shall fail to comply with 7892 this division. 7893
- (C) No person, other than a certificate holder, a 7894 registrant, or a licensee, shall assume or use a title, 7895 designation, or abbreviation that is likely to create the 7896 impression that the person possesses certification, 7897 registration, or licensure under this chapter, provided that 7898 professional designations containing the term "certified 7899

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appraiser" and being used on or before July 26, 1989, shall not	7900
be construed as being misleading under this division. No person	7901
other than a person certified or licensed under this chapter	7902
shall describe or refer to an appraisal or other evaluation of	7903
real estate located in this state as being certified.	7904
(D) The terms "state-certified or state-licensed real	7905
estate appraisal report," "state-certified or state-licensed	7906
appraisal report," or "state-certified or state-licensed	7907
appraisal" shall be used to refer only to those real estate	7908
appraisals conducted by a certificate holder or licensee as a	7909
disinterested and unbiased third party provided that the	7910
certificate holder or licensee provides certification with the	7911
appraisal report and provided further that if a licensee is	7912
providing the appraisal, such terms shall only be used if the	7913
licensee is acting within the scope of the licensee's license.	7914
No person shall fail to comply with this division.	7915
(E) Nothing in this chapter shall preclude a partnership,	7916
corporation, or association which employs, retains, or engages	7917
the services of a certificate holder or licensee to advertise	7918
that the partnership, corporation, or association offers state-	7919
certified or state-licensed appraisals through a certificate	7920
holder or licensee if the advertisement clearly states such fact	7921
in accordance with guidelines for such advertisements	7922
established by rule of the real estate appraiser board.	7923
(F) Except as otherwise provided in section 4763.19 of the	7924
Revised Code, nothing in this chapter shall preclude a person	7925
who is not licensed or certified under this chapter from	7926
appraising real estate for compensation.	7927

Sec. 5725.17. (A) In addition to any other penalty imposed

by this chapter or Chapter 5703. of the Revised Code, the

following penalties shall apply:

(1) If a dealer in intangibles fails to make and furnish 7931 to the tax commissioner the report required by section 5725.14 7932 of the Revised Code, within the time fixed by that section, a 7933 penalty shall be imposed equal to the greater of fifty dollars 7934 per month or fraction of a month, not to exceed five hundred 7935 dollars, or five per cent per month or fraction of a month, not 7936 to exceed fifty per cent, of the tax required to be shown on the 7937 report, for each month or fraction of a month elapsing between 7938 the due date, including extensions of the due date, and the date 7939 on which the report is filed. 7940

- (2) If a dealer in intangibles fails to pay any amounts of 7941 the tax levied by division (D) of section 5707.03 of the Revised 7942 Code by the dates prescribed for payment, a penalty shall be 7943 imposed equal to the greater of the penalty due under division 7944 7945 (F) of section 5725.22 of the Revised Code, for which this penalty shall be a substitute(a) five per cent of the taxes due, 7946 if payment is made within ten calendar days of the date shown on 7947 the tax bill, or ten per cent of the taxes due, if payment is 7948 not made within ten days of such date, or (b) two times the 7949 interest charged under section 5725.221 of the Revised Code for 7950 7951 the delinquent payment.
- (3) If a dealer in intangibles submits a report required 7952 by section 5725.14 of the Revised Code that is marked, defaced, 7953 or otherwise designed by the dealer to be a frivolous protest or 7954 an attempt to delay or impede the administration of the tax 7955 levied by division (D) of section 5707.03 of the Revised Code, a 7956 penalty shall be imposed equal to the greater of one hundred 7957 dollars or twenty-five per cent of the tax required to be shown 7958 7959 on the report.

(4) If a dealer in intangibles makes a fraudulent attempt	7960
to evade the reporting or payment of the tax levied by division	7961
(D) of section 5707.03 of the Revised Code, a penalty shall be	7962
imposed equal to the greater of one thousand dollars or one	7963
hundred per cent of the tax required to be shown on the report	7964
required by section 5725.14 of the Revised Code.	7965

- abatement or refund of the tax levied by division (D) of section 5707.03 of the Revised Code, a penalty shall be imposed equal to the greater of one thousand dollars or one hundred per cent of the claim. The penalty imposed by this division, any abatement or refund on the claim, and interest on any refund from the date of the refund, may be assessed under section 5725.15 of the Revised Code or added by the tax commissioner as tax, penalty, and interest due from the tax levied by division (D) of section 5707.03 of the Revised Code, without regard to whether the person making the claim is otherwise subject to the tax, and without regard to any time limitation for assessment.
- (B) Each penalty imposed under division (A) of this section shall be in addition to any other penalty imposed under that division. All or part of any penalty imposed under division (A) of this section may be abated by the commissioner.
- Sec. 5725.22. (A) The treasurer of state shall maintain an-intangible property tax list of taxes levied by section 5707.03 of the Revised Code and certified by the tax commissioner-pursuant to sections 5711.13, 5725.08, 5725.16, and 5727.15 of the Revised Code, and a separate—list of taxes levied by section 5725.18 of the Revised Code and certified for assessment by the superintendent of insurance pursuant to section 5725.20 of the Revised Code.

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(B) (1) With respect to taxes levied under section 5725.18	7990
of the Revised Code, the treasurer of state, upon receipt of an-	7991
assessment, shall compute the taxes at the rates prescribed by	7992
law and enter the taxes on the proper tax list. (B) The	7993
treasurer of state shall collect, and the taxpayer shall pay,	7994
all such taxes levied under section 5725.18 of the Revised Code	7995
and any interest applicable thereto. Payments may be made by	7996
mail, in person, electronically or by any other means authorized	7997
by the treasurer of state. The Whenever the superintendent of	7998
insurance submits an electronic call for data, the treasurer of	7999
state shall render a daily itemized statement electronically	8000
submit to the superintendent of insurance of the data requested,	8001
including the amount of taxes collected and the name of the	8002
domestic insurance company from whom collected. The treasurer of	8003
state may adopt rules concerning the methods and timeliness of	8004
payments under this division.	8005
(2) With respect to taxes levied under section 5707.03 of	8006
the Revised Code, any assessment certified to the treasurer of	8007
state shall reflect the taxes computed at the rates prescribed	8008
by law. Upon receipt of such an assessment, the treasurer shall	8009
enter the taxes on the proper tax list. The tax commissioner	8010
shall collect, and the taxpayer shall pay, all such taxes and	8011
any interest applicable thereto. Payments may be made by mail,	8012
in person, or by any other means authorized by the commissioner.	8013
The commissioner shall immediately forward to the treasurer any	8014
payments received under this division, together with any	8015
information necessary for the treasurer to properly credit such-	8016
payments. The commissioner may adopt rules concerning the method	8017
and timeliness of payments under this division.	8018
(C) Each tax bill issued pursuant to this section shall	8019

separately reflect the taxes due, interest, if any, due date,

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and any other information considered necessary. With respect to	8021
taxes levied under section 5725.18 of the Revised Code, the The	8022
last day on which payment may be made without penalty shall be	8023
the fifteenth day of June, unless that day is not a business day	8024
as defined in section 5709.40 of the Revised Code, in which case	8025
the payment may be made on the next business day. With respect	8026
to taxes levied under section 5707.03 of the Revised Code, the	8027
last day on which payment may be made without penalty shall be	8028
at least twenty but not more than thirty days from the date of	8029
mailing the tax bill. The treasurer of state or tax	8030
commissioner, as appropriate, shall issue the tax bill and, if	8031
the tax bill is issued by mail, the mailing thereof shall be	8032
prima-facie evidence of receipt thereof by the taxpayerto the	8033
taxpayer electronically through the department of insurance's	8034
web site.	8035

The treasurer or commissioner, as appropriate, of state
shall refund taxes as provided in this section, but no refund
shall be made to a taxpayer having a delinquent claim certified
pursuant to this section that remains unpaid. The treasurer or
commissioner of state may consult the attorney general regarding
such claims. Refunds shall be paid from the tax refund fund
created by section 5703.052 of the Revised Code.

(D) (1) Within twenty days after receipt of any preliminary 8043 assessment of taxes levied under section 5725.18 of the Revised 8044 Code Unless an exigency exists, the treasurer of state shall 8045 issue a tax bill within twenty days after receipt of an_ 8046 assessment certified by the superintendent of insurance under 8047 section 5725.20 of the Revised Code, but if such preliminary 8048 assessment reflects a late filed tax return, the treasurer of 8049 state shall add interest as provided in division (A) of section 8050 5725.221 of the Revised Code and issue a tax bill. <u>In the case</u> 8051 of an exigency, the treasurer of state shall issue the tax bill

as soon as possible and may extend the due date for payment of	8053
the tax prescribed by division (C) of this section.	8054
(2) After receipt of any amended or final assessment of	8055
taxes levied under section 5725.18 of the Revised Codereceived	8056
from the superintendent of insurance pursuant to section 5725.20	8057
of the Revised Code, the treasurer of state shall ascertain the	8058
difference between the total taxes computed on such assessment	8059
and the total taxes computed on the most recent assessment	8060
certified for the same tax year. If the difference is a	8061
deficiency, the treasurer of state shall add interest as	8062
provided in division (B)(1) of section 5725.221 of the Revised	8063
Code and issue a tax bill, with payment due thirty days after	8064
the date of the bill is issued. Unless an exigency exists, the	8065
treasurer shall issue the tax bill on or before the fifteenth-	8066
day of May. In the case of an exigency, the treasurer shall	8067
issue the tax bill as soon as possible after the fifteenth day	8068
of May and may extend the due date for payment of the tax	8069
prescribed by division (C) of this section. If the difference is	8070
an excess, the treasurer of state shall add interest as provided	8071
in division (B)(2) of section 5725.221 of the Revised Code and	8072
certify the name of the taxpayer and the amount to be refunded	8073
to the director of budget and management for payment to the	8074
taxpayer. If the taxpayer has a deficiency for one tax year and	8075
an excess for another tax year, or any combination thereof for	8076
more than two tax years, the treasurer of state may determine	8077
the net result after adding interest, if applicable, and,	8078
depending on such result, proceed to issue a tax bill or certify	8079
a refund.	8080
(E)(1) Except as provided in division (E)(2) of this	8081
section, within twenty days after certifying to the treasurer of	8082

state an amended or final assessment, or a preliminary	8083
assessment of a dealer in intangibles that has failed to file a	8084
report or disclose taxable property, the tax commissioner shall	8085
ascertain the difference between the total taxes computed on	8086
such assessment and the total taxes computed on the most recent	8087
assessment certified for the same tax year, if any. If the	8088
difference is a deficiency, the commissioner shall add interest	8089
as provided in division (B)(1) of section 5725.221 of the	8090
Revised Code and issue a tax bill. If the difference is an	8091
excess, the commissioner shall add interest as provided in	8092
division (B)(2) of section 5725.221 of the Revised Code and	8093
certify the name of the taxpayer and the amount to be refunded	8094
to the director of budget and management for payment to the	8095
taxpayer. If the taxpayer has a deficiency for one tax year and	8096
excess for another tax year, or any combination thereof for more	8097
than two tax years, the commissioner may determine the net	8098
result after adding interest, if applicable, and, depending on	8099
such result, proceed to mail a tax bill or certify a refund.	8100
(2) The tax commissioner may issue a tax bill for any	8101
deficiency resulting from an assessment at the time the	8102
commissioner issues the assessment.	8103
(F) With respect to taxes levied under section 5707.03 of	8104
the Revised Code, if a taxpayer fails to pay all taxes and	8105
interest, if any, on or before the due date shown on the tax	8106
bill but makes payment within ten calendar days of such date,	8107
the tax commissioner shall add a penalty equal to five per cent-	8108
of the taxes due. If payment is not made within ten days of such	8109
date, the commissioner shall add a penalty equal to ten per cent-	8110
of the taxes due. The commissioner shall prepare a delinquent	8111
claim for each tax bill on which penalties were added and-	8112
certify such claims to the attorney general for collection. For	8113

each claim certified by the commissioner, the attorney general	8114
shall proceed to collect the delinquent taxes, penalties, and	8115
interest thereon in the manner prescribed by law.	8116
(G) With respect to taxes levied under section 5725.18 of	8117
the Revised Code, if (E) If a taxpayer fails to pay all taxes	8118
and interest, if any, on or before the due date shown on the tax	8119
bill issued by the treasurer of state, the treasurer of state	8120
shall add a penalty equal to five hundred dollars for each month	8121
the taxpayer fails to pay all taxes and interest due. The	8122
treasurer of state may add an additional penalty, not to exceed	8123
ten per cent of the taxes and interest due, if the taxpayer	8124
fails to demonstrate that the taxpayer made a good faith effort	8125
to pay all taxes and interest on or before the due date shown on	8126
the tax bill. The treasurer of state shall prepare a delinquent	8127
claim for each tax bill on which penalties were added and	8128
certify such claims to the attorney general for collection. The	8129
attorney general shall transmit a copy of each claim certified	8130
by the treasurer of state to the superintendent of insurance.	8131
For each claim certified by the treasurer of state, the attorney	8132
general shall proceed to collect the delinquent taxes,	8133
penalties, and interest thereon in the manner prescribed by law.	8134
Sec. 5727.25. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of	8135
this section, within forty-five days after the last day of	8136
March, June, September, and December, each natural gas company	8137
or combined company subject to the excise tax imposed by section	8138
5727.24 of the Revised Code shall file a return with the tax	8139
commissioner, in such form as the $\frac{tax}{commissioner}$ prescribes,	8140
and pay the full amount of the tax due on its taxable gross	8141
receipts for the preceding calendar quarter, except that the	8142
first payment of this tax shall be made on or before November	8143
15, 2000, for the five month period of May 1, 2000, to September	8144

30, 2000 . All payments made under this division shall be made by	8145
electronic funds transfer electronically in accordance with	8146
section 5727.311 of the Revised Code.	8147
(B) Any natural gas company or combined company subject to	8148

- the excise tax imposed by this section that has an annual tax 8149 liability for the preceding calendar year ending on the thirty-8150 first day of December of less than three hundred twenty-five 8151 thousand dollars may elect to file an annual return with the tax 8152 commissioner, in such form as the tax commissioner prescribes, 8153 8154 for the next year. A company that elects to file an annual return for the calendar year shall file the return and remit the 8155 taxes due on its taxable gross receipts within forty-five days 8156 after the thirty-first day of December. The first payment of the 8157 tax under this division shall be made on or before February 14, 8158 2001, for the period of May 1, 2000, to December 31, 2000. The 8159 minimum tax for a natural gas company or combined company 8160 subject to this division shall be fifty dollars, and the company 8161 shall not be required to remit the tax due by electronic funds 8162 transferelectronically. 8163
- (C) A return required to be filed under division (A) or 8164

 (B) of this section shall show the amount of tax due from the 8165

 company for the period covered by the return and any other 8166

 information as prescribed by the tax commissioner. A return 8167

 shall be considered filed when received by the tax—commissioner. 8168

 The commissioner may extend the time for making and filing 8169

 returns and paying the tax. 8170
- (D) Any natural gas company or combined company that fails 8171 to file a return or pay the full amount of the tax due within 8172 the period prescribed under this section shall pay an additional 8173 charge of fifty dollars or ten per cent of the tax required to 8174

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be paid for the reporting period, whichever is greater. If any	8175
tax due is not paid timely in accordance with this section, the	8176
company liable for the tax shall pay interest, calculated at the	8177
rate per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised	8178
Code, from the date the tax payment was due to the date of	8179
payment or to the date an assessment was issued, whichever	8180
occurs first. The tax commissioner may collect any additional	8181
charge or interest imposed by this section by assessment in the	8182
manner provided in section 5727.26 of the Revised Code. The	8183
commissioner may abate all or a portion of the additional charge	8184
and may adopt rules governing such abatements.	8185
(E) The tax commissioner shall immediately forward to the	8186
treasurer of state any amounts that the commissioner receives-	8187
under this section. The taxes, additional charges, penalties,	8188

5727.45 of the Revised Code.

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Sec. 5727.31. (A) Each public utility subject to the

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and interest collected under sections 5727.24 to 5727.29 of the

Revised Code shall be credited in accordance with section

commissioner prescribes and shall pay any amount due.

excise tax imposed by section 5727.30 of the Revised Code, 8193 annually, on or before the first day of August, shall file with 8194 the tax commissioner a statement in such form as the 8195

(B)(1) Annually, on or before the fifteenth day of October 8197 of the current year, each public utility whose estimated excise 8198 taxes for the current year as based upon the statement required 8199 to be filed in that year by division (A) of this section are one 8200 thousand dollars or more shall file with the commissioner a 8201 report, in such form as the commissioner prescribes, showing the 8202 amount of excise tax estimated to be charged or levied pursuant 8203 to law for the current year upon the basis of such annual 8204

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statement, and shall remit a portion of the estimated excise	8205
taxes shown to be due by the report. The portion of the	8206
estimated excise taxes due at the time the report is filed shall	8207
be one-third of its total excise taxes estimated to be charged	8208
or levied for the current year based upon the annual statement	8209
filed under division (A) of this section.	8210
filed under division (A) of this section.	8210

- (2) Annually, on or before the first day of March and June, each public utility whose excise taxes as based upon its last preceding annual statement filed under division (A) of this section prior to the first day of January were one thousand dollars or more shall file with the commissioner a report, in such form as the commissioner prescribes, showing the amount of excise tax charged or levied pursuant to law upon the basis of such annual statement, and shall remit a portion of the excise taxes shown to be due by each such report. The portion of the excise taxes due at the time each such report is filed shall be one-third of its total excise taxes so charged or levied based upon such annual statement.
- (C) Any public utility subject to the excise taxes imposed 8223 by section 5727.30 of the Revised Code whose tax as certified 8224 under section 5727.38 of the Revised Code in a year equals or 8225 exceeds the amount specified for that year in section 5727.311 8226 of the Revised Code shall make the payments required under this 8227 section in the second ensuing and each succeeding year in the 8228 manner prescribed by section 5727.311 of the Revised Code, 8229 except as otherwise prescribed by that section. 8230
- (D)(1) For purposes of this section, a report required to 8231 be filed under division (B) of this section is considered filed 8232 when it is received by the tax commissioner. 8233
 - (2) For purposes of this section and sections 5727.311 and 8234

by electronic funds transferin that manner.

(C) Public utilities required by this section or section

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5727.42 of the Revised Code, remittance of an excise tax	8235
required to be made under this section is considered to be made	8236
when the remittance is received by the treasurer of state or tax	8237
commissioner, or when credited to an account designated by the	8238
treasurer of state for the receipt of tax remittances.	8239
Sec. 5727.311. (A) Any public utility subject to an excise	8240
tax imposed by section 5727.30 of the Revised Code whose tax	8241
equals or exceeds fifty thousand dollars shall make each payment	8242
required under division (B) of section 5727.31 of the Revised	8243
Code for the second ensuing and each succeeding year by	8244
electronic funds transfer electronically as prescribed by	8245
division (C) of this section.	8246
If the tax in each of two consecutive years is less than	8247
fifty thousand dollars, the public utility is relieved of the	8248
requirement to remit taxes by electronic funds transfer	8249
<u>electronically</u> for the year that next follows the second of the	8250
consecutive years in which the tax certified is less than fifty	8251
thousand dollars, and is relieved of that requirement for each	8252
succeeding year unless the tax in a subsequent year equals or	8253
exceeds fifty thousand dollars.	8254
(B) The tax commissioner shall notify each public utility	8255
required by this section or section 5727.25 of the Revised Code	8256
to remit taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically of	8257
the public utility's obligation to do so-and shall maintain an-	8258
updated list of those public utilities. Failure by the tax-	8259
commissioner to notify a public utility subject to this section	8260
to remit taxes by electronic funds transfer <u>electronically</u> does	8261
not relieve the public utility of its obligation to remit taxes	8262

5727.25 of the Revised Code to remit periodic payments $\frac{\text{by}}{}$	8265
electronic funds transfer electronically shall remit such	8266
payments to the treasurer of state in the manner prescribed by	8267
rules adopted by the treasurer of state under section 113.061 of	8268
the Revised Code in the manner prescribed by the tax	8269
<pre>commissioner. The electronic payment of public utility excise</pre>	8270
taxes by electronic funds transfer does not affect a public	8271
utility's obligation to file the annual statement and periodic	8272
reports in the manner and at the times prescribed by section	8273
5727.31 of the Revised Code.	8274

A public utility required by this section or section 8275 5727.25 of the Revised Code to remit taxes by electronic funds 8276 transfer electronically may apply to the tax commissioner in the 8277 manner prescribed by the commissioner to be excused from that 8278 requirement. The commissioner may excuse the public utility from 8279 electronic remittance by electronic funds transfer for good 8280 cause shown for the period of time requested by the public 8281 utility or for a portion of that period. The commissioner shall 8282 notify the public utility of the commissioner's decision as soon 8283 as is practicable. 8284

(D) If a public utility required by this section or 8285 section 5727.25 of the Revised Code to remit taxes by electronic 8286 funds transfer electronically remits those taxes by some means 8287 other than by electronic funds transfer electronically as 8288 prescribed by this section and the rules adopted by the 8289 treasurer of state, and the tax commissioner determines that the 8290 failure to remit taxes as required was not due to reasonable 8291 cause or was due to willful neglect, the commissioner may impose 8292 an additional charge on the public utility equal to five per 8293 cent of the amount of the taxes required to be paid by-8294 electronic funds transferelectronically, but not to exceed five 8295

thousand dollars. Any additional charge imposed under this	8296
section is in addition to any other penalty or charge imposed	8297
under this chapter, and shall be considered as revenue arising	8298
from excise taxes imposed by this chapter.	8299

No additional charge shall be assessed under this division against a public utility that has been notified of its obligation to remit taxes <u>electronically</u> under this section and that remits its first two tax payments after such notification by some other means other than electronic funds transfer. The additional charge may be assessed upon the remittance of any subsequent tax payment that the public utility remits by some means other than electronic funds transferelectronically.

Sec. 5727.42. (A) The treasurer of state shall notify the tax commissioner of any payment of the excise tax imposed by section 5727.30 of the Revised Code. The tax commissioner shall collect the excise tax imposed by section 5727.30 of the Revised Code and the taxpayer shall pay all taxes and any penalties thereon. Payments of the tax may be made by mail, in person, by electronic funds transfer electronically if required to do so by section 5727.311 of the Revised Code, or by any other means authorized by the commissioner. The commissioner may adopt rules concerning the methods and timeliness of payment.

- (B) Each tax assessment issued pursuant to this section shall separately reflect the taxes and any penalty due, and any other information considered necessary. The commissioner shall mail the assessment to the taxpayer, and the mailing of it shall be prima-facie evidence of receipt thereof by the taxpayer.
- (C) The commissioner shall refund taxes levied and payments made for the tax imposed by section 5727.30 of the Revised Code as provided in this section, but no refund shall be

made to a taxpayer having a delinquent claim certified pursuant	8326
to this section that remains unpaid. The commissioner may	8327
consult the attorney general regarding such claims.	8328
(D) After receiving any excise tax annual statement for	8329
the tax imposed by section 5727.30 of the Revised Code, the	8330
commissioner shall:	8331
(1) 7	0222
(1) Ascertain the difference between the total taxes owed	8332
and the sum of all payments made for that year.	8333
(2) If the difference is a deficiency, the commissioner	8334
shall issue an assessment.	8335
(3) If the difference is an excess, the commissioner shall	8336
notify the director of budget and management and issue a refund	8337
of that amount to the taxpayer. If the amount of the refund is	8338
less than that claimed by the taxpayer, the taxpayer, within	8339
sixty days of the issuance of the refund, may provide to the	8340
commissioner additional information to support the claim or may	8341
request a hearing. Upon receiving such information or request	8342
within that time, the commissioner shall follow the same	8343
procedures set forth in divisions (C) and (D) of section 5703.70	8344
of the Revised Code for the determination of refund	8345
applications.	8346
If the taxpayer has a deficiency for one tax year and an	8347
excess for another tax year, or any combination thereof for more	8348
than two years, the commissioner may determine the net result	8349
and, depending on such result, proceed to issue an assessment or	8350
certify a refund.	8351
(E) If a taxpayer fails to pay the amount of taxes	8352
required to be paid, or fails to make an estimated payment on or	8353
before the due date prescribed in division (B) of section	8354

5727.31 of the Revised Code, the commissioner shall impose a	8355
penalty in the amount of fifteen per cent of the unpaid amount,	8356
and the commissioner shall issue an assessment for the unpaid	8357
amount and penalty. Unless a timely petition for reassessment is	8358
filed under section 5727.47 of the Revised Code, the attorney	8359
general shall proceed to collect the delinquent taxes and	8360
penalties thereon in the manner prescribed by law and notify the	8361
commissioner of all collections.	8362

Sec. 5727.47. (A) Notice of each assessment certified or 8363 issued pursuant to section 5727.23 or 5727.38 of the Revised 8364 Code shall be mailed to the public utility, and its mailing 8365 shall be prima-facie evidence of its receipt by the public 8366 utility to which it is addressed. With the notice, the tax 8367 commissioner shall provide instructions on how to petition for 8368 reassessment and request a hearing on the petition. If a public 8369 utility objects to such an assessment, it may file with the 8370 commissioner, either personally or by certified mail, within 8371 sixty days after the mailing of the notice of assessment a 8372 written petition for reassessment signed by the utility's 8373 authorized agent having knowledge of the facts. The date the 8374 commissioner receives the petition shall be considered the date 8375 of filing. The petition shall indicate the utility's objections, 8376 but additional objections may be raised in writing if received 8377 by the commissioner prior to the date shown on the final 8378 determination. 8379

In the case of a petition seeking a reduction in taxable 8380 value filed with respect to an assessment certified under 8381 section 5727.23 of the Revised Code, the petitioner shall state 8382 in the petition the total amount of reduction in taxable value 8383 sought by the petitioner. If the petitioner objects to the 8384 percentage of true value at which taxable property is assessed 8385

by the commissioner, the petitioner shall state in the petition	8386
the total amount of reduction in taxable value sought both with	8387
and without regard to the objection pertaining to the percentage	8388
of true value at which its taxable property is assessed. If a	8389
petitioner objects to the commissioner's apportionment of the	8390
taxable value of the petitioner's taxable property, the	8391
petitioner shall distinctly state in the petition that the	8392
petitioner objects to the commissioner's apportionment, and,	8393
within forty-five days after filing the petition for	8394
reassessment, shall submit the petitioner's proposed	8395
apportionment of the taxable value of its taxable property among	8396
taxing districts. If a petitioner that objects to the	8397
commissioner's apportionment fails to state its objections to	8398
that apportionment in its petition for reassessment or fails to	8399
submit its proposed apportionment within forty-five days after	8400
filing the petition for reassessment, the commissioner shall	8401
dismiss the petitioner's objection to the commissioner's	8402
apportionment, and the taxable value of the petitioner's taxable	8403
property, subject to any adjustment to taxable value pursuant to	8404
the petition or appeal, shall be apportioned in the manner used	8405
by the commissioner in the preliminary or amended preliminary	8406
assessment certified under section 5727.23 of the Revised Code.	8407

If an additional objection seeking a reduction in taxable 8408 value in excess of the reduction stated in the original petition 8409 is properly and timely raised with respect to an assessment 8410 issued under section 5727.23 of the Revised Code, the petitioner 8411 shall state the total amount of the reduction in taxable value 8412 sought in the additional objection both with and without regard 8413 to any reduction in taxable value pertaining to the percentage 8414 of true value at which taxable property is assessed. If a 8415 petitioner fails to state the reduction in taxable value sought 8416

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in the original petition or in additional objections properly	8417
raised after the petition is filed, the commissioner shall	8418
notify the petitioner of the failure by certified mailin the	8419
manner provided in section 5703.37 of the Revised Code. If the	8420
petitioner fails to notify the commissioner in writing of the	8421
reduction in taxable value sought in the petition or in an	8422
additional objection within thirty days after receiving the	8423
commissioner's notice, the commissioner shall dismiss the	8424
petition or the additional objection in which that reduction is	8425
sought.	8426
(B)(1) Subject to divisions (B)(2) and (3) of this	8427
section, a public utility filing a petition for reassessment	8428
regarding an assessment certified or issued under section	8429
5727.23 or 5727.38 of the Revised Code shall pay the tax with	8430
respect to the assessment objected to as required by law. The	8431
acceptance of any tax payment by the treasurer of state, tax	8432
commissioner, or any county treasurer shall not prejudice any	8433
claim for taxes on final determination by the commissioner or	8434
final decision by the board of tax appeals or any court.	8435
(2) If a public utility properly and timely files a	8436
petition for reassessment regarding an assessment certified	8437
under section 5727.23 of the Revised Code, the petitioner shall	8438
pay the tax as prescribed by divisions (B)(2)(a), (b), and (c)	8439
of this section:	8440
(a) If the petitioner does not object to the	8441
commissioner's apportionment of the taxable value of the	8442
petitioner's taxable property, the petitioner is not required to	8443
pay the part of the tax otherwise due on the taxable value that	8444

the petitioner seeks to have reduced, subject to division (B)(2)

(c) of this section.

(b) If the petitioner objects to the commissioner's	8447
apportionment of the taxable value of the petitioner's taxable	8448
property, the petitioner is not required to pay the tax	8449
otherwise due on the part of the taxable value apportioned to	8450
any taxing district that the petitioner objects to, subject to	8451
division (B)(2)(c) of this section. If, pursuant to division (A)	8452
of this section, the petitioner has, in a proper and timely	8453
manner, apportioned taxable value to a taxing district to which	8454
the commissioner did not apportion the petitioner's taxable	8455
value, the petitioner shall pay the tax due on the taxable value	8456
that the petitioner has apportioned to the taxing district,	8457
subject to division (B)(2)(c) of this section.	8458

- (c) If a petitioner objects to the percentage of true 8459 value at which taxable property is assessed by the commissioner, 8460 the petitioner shall pay the tax due on the basis of the 8461 percentage of true value at which the public utility's taxable 8462 property is assessed by the commissioner. In any case, the 8463 petitioner's payment of tax shall not be less than the amount of 8464 tax due based on the taxable value reflected on the last appeal 8465 notice issued by the commissioner under division (C) of this 8466 section. Until the county auditor receives notification under 8467 division (E) of this section and proceeds under section 5727.471 8468 of the Revised Code to issue any refund that is found to be due, 8469 the county auditor shall not issue a refund for any increase in 8470 the reduction in taxable value that is sought by a petitioner 8471 later than forty-five days after the petitioner files the 8472 original petition as required under division (A) of this 8473 section. 8474
- (3) Any part of the tax that, under division (B)(2)(a) or 8475 (b) of this section, is not paid shall be collected upon receipt 8476 of the notification as provided in section 5727.471 of the 8477

Revised Code with interest thereon computed in the same manner 8478 as interest is computed under division (E) of section 5715.19 of 8479 the Revised Code, subject to any correction of the assessment by 8480 the commissioner under division (E) of this section or the final 8481 judgment of the board of tax appeals or a court to which the 8482 board's final judgment is appealed. The penalty imposed under 8483 section 323.121 of the Revised Code shall apply only to the 8484 unpaid portion of the tax if the petitioner's tax payment is 8485 less than the amount of tax due based on the taxable value 8486 reflected on the last appeal notice issued by the commissioner 8487 under division (C) of this section. 8488

(C) Upon receipt of a properly filed petition for 8489 reassessment with respect to an assessment certified under 8490 section 5727.23 of the Revised Code, the tax commissioner shall 8491 notify the treasurer of state or the auditor of each county to 8492 which the assessment objected to has been certified. In the case 8493 of a petition with respect to an assessment certified under 8494 section 5727.23 of the Revised Code, the commissioner shall 8495 issue an appeal notice within thirty days after receiving the 8496 amount of the taxable value reduction and apportionment changes 8497 8498 sought by the petitioner in the original petition or in any additional objections properly and timely raised by the 8499 petitioner. The appeal notice shall indicate the amount of the 8500 reduction in taxable value sought in the petition or in the 8501 additional objections and the extent to which the reduction in 8502 taxable value and any change in apportionment requested by the 8503 petitioner would affect the commissioner's apportionment of the 8504 taxable value among taxing districts in the county as shown in 8505 the assessment. If a petitioner is seeking a reduction in 8506 taxable value on the basis of a lower percentage of true value 8507 than the percentage at which the commissioner assessed the 8508

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petitioner's taxable property, the appeal notice shall indicate	8509
the reduction in taxable value sought by the petitioner without	8510
regard to the reduction sought on the basis of the lower	8511
percentage and shall indicate that the petitioner is required to	8512
pay tax on the reduced taxable value determined without regard	8513
to the reduction sought on the basis of a lower percentage of	8514
true value, as provided under division (B)(2)(c) of this	8515
section. The appeal notice shall include a statement that the	8516
reduced taxable value and the apportionment indicated in the	8517
notice are not final and are subject to adjustment by the	8518
commissioner or by the board of tax appeals or a court on	8519
appeal. If the commissioner finds an error in the appeal notice,	8520
the commissioner may amend the notice, but the notice is only	8521
for informational and tax payment purposes; the notice is not	8522
subject to appeal by any person. The commissioner also shall	8523
mail a copy of the appeal notice to the petitioner. Upon the	8524
request of a taxing authority, the county auditor may disclose	8525
to the taxing authority the extent to which a reduction in	8526
taxable value sought by a petitioner would affect the	8527
apportionment of taxable value to the taxing district or	8528
districts under the taxing authority's jurisdiction, but such a	8529
disclosure does not constitute a notice required by law to be	8530
given for the purpose of section 5717.02 of the Revised Code.	8531
(D) If the petitioner requests a hearing on the petition,	8532
the tax commissioner shall assign a time and place for the	8533

(E) The tax commissioner may make corrections to the 8537 assessment as the commissioner finds proper. The commissioner 8538 shall serve a copy of the commissioner's final determination on 8539

hearing on the petition and notify the petitioner of such time

and place, but the commissioner may continue the hearing from

time to time as necessary.

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the petitioner in the manner provided in section 5703.37 of the	8540
Revised Code. The commissioner's decision in the matter shall be	8541
final, subject to appeal under section 5717.02 of the Revised	8542
Code. With respect to a final determination issued for an	8543
assessment certified under section 5727.23 of the Revised Code,	8544
the commissioner also shall transmit a copy of the final	8545
determination to the applicable county auditor. In the absence	8546
of any further appeal, or when a decision of the board of tax	8547
appeals or of any court to which the decision has been appealed	8548
becomes final, the commissioner shall notify the public utility	8549
and, as appropriate, shall proceed under section 5727.42 of the	8550
Revised Code, or notify the applicable county auditor, who shall	8551
proceed under section 5727.471 of the Revised Code.	8552

The notification made under this division is not subject to further appeal.

(F) On appeal, no adjustment shall be made in the tax 8555 commissioner's assessment certified under section 5727.23 of the 8556 Revised Code that reduces the taxable value of a petitioner's 8557 taxable property by an amount that exceeds the reduction sought 8558 by the petitioner in its petition for reassessment or in any 8559 additional objections properly and timely raised after the 8560 petition is filed with the commissioner.

Sec. 5727.53. The taxes, fees, and penalties provided by 8562 this chapter that are remitted to the treasurer of state tax 8563 commissioner may be recovered by an action brought in the name 8564 of the state in the court of common pleas of Franklin county, or 8565 of any county in which such public utility is doing business, or 8566 in which the line of any railroad company is located, and such 8567 court of common pleas shall have jurisdiction of the action 8568 regardless of the amount involved. The attorney general, on 8569

request of the tax commissioner, shall institute such action in		8570
the court of common pleas of Franklin county or of any of such		8571
counties the commissioner directs. Sums recovered in any such		8572
action shall be paid into the state treasury in the same manner		8573
as the tax.		8574
Sec. 5727.81. (A) For the purpose of raising revenue to		8575
fund the needs of this state and its local governments, an		8576
excise tax is hereby levied and imposed on an electric		8577
distribution company for all electricity distributed by such		8578
company at the following rates per kilowatt hour of electricity		8579
distributed in a thirty-day period by the company through a		8580
meter of an end user in this state:		8581
		8582
1 2		
A KILOWATT HOURS DISTRIBUTED RATE PER		
B TO AN END USER KILOWATT HOUR		
C For the first 2,000	\$.00465	
D For the next 2,001 to 15,000	\$.00419	
E For 15,001 and above	\$.00363	
If no meter is used to measure the kilowatt hours of		8583
electricity distributed by the company, the rates shall apply to		8584
the estimated kilowatt hours of electricity distributed to an		8585
unmetered location in this state.		8586

The electric distribution company shall base the monthly

tax on the kilowatt hours of electricity distributed to an end	8588
user through the meter of the end user that is not measured for	8589
a thirty-day period by dividing the days in the measurement	8590
period into the total kilowatt hours measured during the	8591
measurement period to obtain a daily average usage. The tax	8592
shall be determined by obtaining the sum of divisions (A)(1),	8593
(2), and (3) of this section and multiplying that amount by the	8594
number of days in the measurement period:	8595
(1) Multiplying \$0.00465 per kilowatt hour for the first	8596
sixty-seven kilowatt hours distributed using a daily average;	8597
(2) Multiplying \$0.00419 for the next sixty-eight to five	8598
hundred kilowatt hours distributed using a daily average;	8599
(3) Multiplying \$0.00363 for the remaining kilowatt hours	8600
distributed using a daily average.	8601
Except as provided in division (C) of this section, the	8602
electric distribution company shall pay the tax to the tax	8603
commissioner in accordance with section 5727.82 of the Revised	8604
Code, unless required to remit each tax payment by electronic	8605
funds transfer to the treasurer of state electronically in	8606
accordance with section 5727.83 of the Revised Code.	8607
Only the distribution of electricity through a meter of an	8608
end user in this state shall be used by the electric	8609
distribution company to compute the amount or estimated amount	8610
of tax due. In the event a meter is not actually read for a	8611
measurement period, the estimated kilowatt hours distributed by	8612
an electric distribution company to bill for its distribution	8613
charges shall be used.	8614
(B) Except as provided in division (C) of this section,	8615

each electric distribution company shall pay the tax imposed by 8616

this section in all of the following circumstances:	8617
(1) The electricity is distributed by the company through	8618
a meter of an end user in this state;	8619
(2) The company is distributing electricity through a	8620
meter located in another state, but the electricity is consumed	8621
in this state in the manner prescribed by the tax commissioner;	8622
(3) The company is distributing electricity in this state	8623
without the use of a meter, but the electricity is consumed in	8624
this state as estimated and in the manner prescribed by the tax	8625
commissioner.	8626
(C)(1) As used in division (C) of this section:	8627
(a) "Total price of electricity" means the aggregate value	8628
in money of anything paid or transferred, or promised to be paid	8629
or transferred, to obtain electricity or electric service,	8630
including but not limited to the value paid or promised to be	8631
paid for the transmission or distribution of electricity and for	8632
transition costs as described in Chapter 4928. of the Revised	8633
Code.	8634
(b) "Package" means the provision or the acquisition, at a	8635
combined price, of electricity with other services or products,	8636
or any combination thereof, such as natural gas or other fuels;	8637
energy management products, software, and services; machinery	8638
and equipment acquisition; and financing agreements.	8639
(c) "Single location" means a facility located on	8640
contiguous property separated only by a roadway, railway, or	8641
waterway.	8642
(2) Division (C) of this section applies to any commercial	8643
or industrial purchaser's receipt of electricity through a meter	8644

of an end user in this state or through more than one meter at a	8645
single location in this state in a quantity that exceeds forty-	8646
five million kilowatt hours of electricity over the course of	8647
the preceding calendar year, or any commercial or industrial	8648
purchaser that will consume more than forty-five million	8649
kilowatt hours of electricity over the course of the succeeding	8650
twelve months as estimated by the tax commissioner. The tax	8651
commissioner shall make such an estimate upon the written	8652
request by an applicant for registration as a self-assessing	8653
purchaser under this division. For the meter reading period	8654
including July 1, 2008, through the meter reading period	8655
including December 31, 2010, such a purchaser may elect to self-	8656
assess the excise tax imposed by this section at the rate of	8657
\$.00075 per kilowatt hour on the first five hundred four million	8658
kilowatt hours distributed to that meter or location during the	8659
registration year, and a percentage of the total price of all	8660
electricity distributed to that meter or location equal to three	8661
and one-half per cent. For the meter reading period including	8662
January 1, 2011, and thereafter, such Such a purchaser may elect	8663
to self-assess the excise tax imposed by this section at the	8664
rate of \$.00257 per kilowatt hour for the first five hundred	8665
million kilowatt hours, and \$.001832 per kilowatt hour for each	8666
kilowatt hour in excess of five hundred million kilowatt hours,	8667
distributed to that meter or location during the registration	8668
year.	8669

A qualified end user that receives electricity through a 8670 meter of an end user in this state or through more than one 8671 meter at a single location in this state and that consumes, over 8672 the course of the previous calendar year, more than forty-five 8673 million kilowatt hours in other than its qualifying 8674 manufacturing process, may elect to self-assess the tax as 8675

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allowed by this division with respect to the electricity used in 8676 other than its qualifying manufacturing process. 8677

Payment of the tax shall be made directly to the tax 8678 commissioner in accordance with divisions (A)(4) and (5) of 8679 section 5727.82 of the Revised Code, or the treasurer of state 8680 in accordance with section 5727.83 of the Revised Code. If the 8681 electric distribution company serving the self-assessing 8682 purchaser is a municipal electric utility and the purchaser is 8683 within the municipal corporation's corporate limits, payment 8684 shall be made to such municipal corporation's general fund and 8685 reports shall be filed in accordance with divisions (A)(4) and 8686 (5) of section 5727.82 of the Revised Code, except that 8687 "municipal corporation" shall be substituted for "treasurer of 8688 state" and "tax commissioner." A self-assessing purchaser that 8689 pays the excise tax as provided in this division shall not be 8690 required to pay the tax to the electric distribution company 8691 from which its electricity is distributed. If a self-assessing 8692 purchaser's receipt of electricity is not subject to the tax as 8693 measured under this division, the tax on the receipt of such 8694 electricity shall be measured and paid as provided in division 8695 (A) of this section. 8696

- (3) In the case of the acquisition of a package, unless the elements of the package are separately stated isolating the total price of electricity from the price of the remaining elements of the package, the tax imposed under this section applies to the entire price of the package. If the elements of the package are separately stated, the tax imposed under this section applies to the total price of the electricity.
- (4) Any electric supplier that sells electricity as part 8704 of a package shall separately state to the purchaser the total 8705

price of the electricity and, upon request by the tax

commissioner, the total price of each of the other elements of

the package.

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- (5) The tax commissioner may adopt rules relating to the 8709 computation of the total price of electricity with respect to 8710 self-assessing purchasers, which may include rules to establish 8711 the total price of electricity purchased as part of a package. 8712
- (6) An annual application for registration as a self-8713 assessing purchaser shall be made for each qualifying meter or 8714 location on a form prescribed by the tax commissioner. The 8715 registration year begins on the first day of May and ends on the 8716 following thirtieth day of April. Persons may apply after the 8717 first day of May for the remainder of the registration year. In 8718 the case of an applicant applying on the basis of an estimated 8719 consumption of forty-five million kilowatt hours over the course 8720 of the succeeding twelve months, the applicant shall provide 8721 such information as the tax commissioner considers to be 8722 necessary to estimate such consumption. At the time of making 8723 the application and by the first day of May of each year, a 8724 self-assessing purchaser shall pay a fee of five hundred dollars 8725 to the tax commissioner, or to the treasurer of state as 8726 provided in section 5727.83 of the Revised Code, for each 8727 qualifying meter or location. The tax commissioner shall 8728 immediately pay to the treasurer of state all amounts that the 8729 tax commissioner receives under this section. The treasurer of 8730 state shall deposit such amounts into the kilowatt hour excise 8731 tax administration fund, which is hereby created in the state 8732 treasury. Money in the fund shall be used to defray the tax 8733 commissioner's cost in administering the tax owed under section 8734 5727.81 of the Revised Code by self-assessing purchasers. After 8735 the application is approved by the tax commissioner, the 8736

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registration shall remain in effect for the current registration	8737
year, or until canceled by the registrant upon written	8738
notification to the commissioner of the election to pay the tax	8739
in accordance with division (A) of this section, or until	8740
canceled by the tax commissioner for not paying the tax or fee	8741
under division (C) of this section or for not meeting the	8742
qualifications in division (C)(2) of this section. The tax	8743
commissioner shall give written notice to the electric	8744
distribution company from which electricity is delivered to a	8745
self-assessing purchaser of the purchaser's self-assessing	8746
status, and the electric distribution company is relieved of the	8747
obligation to pay the tax imposed by division (A) of this	8748
section for electricity distributed to that self-assessing	8749
purchaser until it is notified by the tax commissioner that the	8750
self-assessing purchaser's registration is canceled. Within	8751
fifteen days of notification of the canceled registration, the	8752
electric distribution company shall be responsible for payment	8753
of the tax imposed by division (A) of this section on	8754
electricity distributed to a purchaser that is no longer	8755
registered as a self-assessing purchaser. A self-assessing	8756
purchaser with a canceled registration must file a report and	8757
remit the tax imposed by division (A) of this section on all	8758
electricity it receives for any measurement period prior to the	8759
tax being reported and paid by the electric distribution	8760
company. A self-assessing purchaser whose registration is	8761
canceled by the tax commissioner is not eligible to register as	8762
a self-assessing purchaser for two years after the registration	8763
is canceled.	8764

(7) If the tax commissioner cancels the self-assessing

estimated consumption because the purchaser does not consume at

registration of a purchaser registered on the basis of its

least forty-five million kilowatt hours of electricity over the	8768
course of the twelve-month period for which the estimate was	8769
made, the tax commissioner shall assess and collect from the	8770
purchaser the difference between (a) the amount of tax that	8771
would have been payable under division (A) of this section on	8772
the electricity distributed to the purchaser during that period	8773
and (b) the amount of tax paid by the purchaser on such	8774
electricity pursuant to division (C)(2) of this section. The	8775
assessment shall be paid within sixty days after the tax	8776
commissioner issues it, regardless of whether the purchaser	8777
files a petition for reassessment under section 5727.89 of the	8778
Revised Code covering that period. If the purchaser does not pay	8779
the assessment within the time prescribed, the amount assessed	8780
is subject to the additional charge and the interest prescribed	8781
by divisions (B) and (C) of section 5727.82 of the Revised Code,	8782
and is subject to assessment under section 5727.89 of the	8783
Revised Code. If the purchaser is a qualified end user, division	8784
(C)(7) of this section applies only to electricity it consumes	8785
in other than its qualifying manufacturing process.	8786
(D) The tax imposed by this section does not apply to:	8787
(1) The distribution or obtaining of any kilowatt hours of	8788
electricity to or by any of the following:	8789
(a) The federal government;	8790
(b) An end user located at a federal facility that uses	8791
electricity for the enrichment of uranium;	8792
(c) A qualified regeneration meter;	8793
(d) An end user for any day the end user is a qualified	8794
end user;	8795

(e) An end user if the electricity is generated by an

electric generation facility that is primarily dedicated to	8797
providing electricity to the electric-consuming facilities of	8798
the end user, that is sized so as to not exceed one hundred per	8799
cent of the customer-generator's annual requirements for	8800
electric energy at the time of interconnection, that is	8801
physically interconnected and integrated with the electric-	8802
consuming facilities of the end user, and that is located on the	8803
same property on which the end user's electric-consuming	8804
facilities are situated or on property that is contiguous to the	8805
property on which the end user's electric-consuming facilities	8806
are situated.	8807

(2) Kilowatt hours of electricity generated by a selfgenerator if the electric generating facility is sized so as not
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to exceed one hundred per cent of the customer-generator's
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annual requirements for electric energy at the time of
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The exemption under division (D)(1)(d) of this section for 8813 a qualified end user only applies to the manufacturing location 8814 where the qualified end user uses electricity in a chlor-alkali 8815 manufacturing process or where the qualified end user uses more 8816 than three million kilowatt hours per day in an electrochemical 8817 manufacturing process. As used in division (D) of this section, 8818 "customer-generator" and "self-generator" have the same meanings 8819 as in section 4928.01 of the Revised Code. 8820

(E) All revenue arising from the tax imposed by this 8821 section shall be credited to the general revenue fund except as 8822 provided by division (C) of this section and section 5727.82 of 8823 the Revised Code.

Sec. 5727.811. (A) For the purpose of raising revenue to 8825 fund the needs of this state and its local governments, an 8826

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excise	tax is hereby levied on every natural gas dist	cribution		8827
compan	y for all natural gas volumes billed by, or on	behalf of,		8828
the co	mpany -beginning with the measurement period tha	it includes		8829
July 1	, 2001. Except as provided in divisions (C) or	(D) of this		8830
sectio	n, the tax shall be levied at the following rat	tes per MCF		8831
of nat	ural gas distributed by the company through a m	neter of an		8832
end us	er in this state:			8833
				8834
	1	2		
A	MCF DISTRIBUTED TO AN END USER	RATE PER MCE	7	
В	For the first 100 MCF per month		\$.1593	
С	For the next 101 to 2000 MCF per month		\$.0877	
D	For 2001 and above MCF per month		\$.0411	
:	If no meter is used to measure the MCF of natur	al gas		8835
distri	outed by the company, the rates shall apply to	the		8836
estima	ted MCF of natural gas distributed to an unmete	ered		8837
locati	on in this state.			8838
	(B) A natural gas distribution company shall ba	se the tax		8839
	MCF of natural gas distributed to an end user			8840
	of the end user in this state that is estimated	_		8841
	ed by the end user as reflected on the end user			8842
	ent from the natural gas distribution company			8843
	y 1, 2003, the natural gas distribution company			8844
	x levied by this section to the treasurer of st			8845
	ance with section 5727.82 of the Revised Code.			8846
		_		

January 1, 2003, the The natural gas distribution company shall

8876

pay the tax levied by this section to the tax commissioner in	8848
accordance with section 5727.82 of the Revised Code unless	8849
required to remit payment to the treasurer of state in	8850
accordance with section 5727.83 of the Revised Code.	8851
(C) A natural gas distribution company with seventy	8852
thousand customers or less may elect to apply the rates	8853
specified in division (A) of this section to the aggregate of	8854
the natural gas distributed by the company through the meter of	8855
all its customers in this state, and upon such election, this	8856
method shall be used to determine the amount of tax to be paid	8857
by such company.	8858
(D) A natural gas distribution company shall pay the tax	8859
imposed by this section at the rate of \$.02 per MCF of natural	8860
gas distributed by the company through the meter of a flex	8861
customer. The natural gas distribution company correspondingly	8862
shall reduce the per MCF rate that it charges the flex customer	8863
for natural gas distribution services by \$.02 per MCF of natural	8864
gas distributed to the flex customer.	8865
(E) Except as provided in division (F) of this section,	8866
each natural gas distribution company shall pay the tax imposed	8867
by this section in all of the following circumstances:	8868
(1) The natural gas is distributed by the company through	8869
a meter of an end user in this state;	8870
(2) The natural gas distribution company is distributing	8871
natural gas through a meter located in another state, but the	8872
natural gas is consumed in this state in the manner prescribed	8873
by the tax commissioner;	8874

(3) The natural gas distribution company is distributing

natural gas in this state without the use of a meter, but the

natural gas is consumed in this state as estimated and in the	8877
manner prescribed by the tax commissioner.	8878
(F) The tax levied by this section does not apply to the	8879
distribution of natural gas to the federal government, or	8880
natural gas produced by an end user in this state that is	8881
consumed by that end user or its affiliates and is not	8882
distributed through the facilities of a natural gas company.	8883
(G) All revenue arising from the tax imposed by this	8884
section shall be credited to the general revenue fund.	8885
section shall be closeded to one general levenae lana.	
Sec. 5727.82. (A)(1) Except as provided in divisions (A)	8886
(3) and (D) of this section, by the twentieth day of each month,	8887
each electric distribution company required to pay the tax	8888
imposed by section 5727.81 of the Revised Code shall file with	8889
the tax commissioner a return as prescribed by the tax	8890
commissioner and shall make payment of the full amount of tax	8891
due for the preceding month. The first payment of this tax shall-	8892
be made on or before June 20, 2001. The electric distribution	8893
company shall make payment to the tax commissioner unless	8894
required to remit each tax the payment by electronic funds	8895
transfer to the treasurer of state electronically as provided in	8896
section 5727.83 of the Revised Code.	8897
(2) By the twentieth day of May, August, November, and	8898
February, each natural gas distribution company required to pay	8899
the tax imposed by section 5727.811 of the Revised Code shall	8900
file with the tax commissioner a return as prescribed by the tax	8901
commissioner and shall make payment to the tax commissioner, or	8902
to the treasurer of state as provided in section 5727.83 of the	8903
Revised Code, of the full amount of tax due for the preceding	8904
quarter. The first payment of this tax shall be made on or	8905
before November 20, 2001, for the quarter ending September 30,	8906

2001.

- (3) If the electric distribution company required to pay 8908 the tax imposed by section 5727.81 of the Revised Code is a 8909 municipal electric utility, it may retain in its general fund 8910 that portion of the tax on the kilowatt hours distributed to end 8911 users located within the boundaries of the municipal 8912 corporation. However, the municipal electric utility shall make 8913 payment in accordance with division (A)(1) of this section of 8914 the tax due on the kilowatt hours distributed to end users 8915 located outside the boundaries of the municipal corporation. 8916
- (4) By the twentieth day of each month, each selfassessing purchaser that under division (C) of section 5727.81
 8918
 of the Revised Code pays directly to the tax commissioner or the
 treasurer of state the tax imposed by section 5727.81 of the
 Revised Code shall file with the tax commissioner a return as
 prescribed by the tax commissioner and shall make payment of the
 full amount of the tax due for the preceding month.
 8923
- (5) As prescribed by the tax commissioner, a return shall 8924 be signed by the company or self-assessing purchaser required to 8925 file it, or an authorized employee, officer, or agent of the 8926 company or purchaser. The return shall be deemed filed when 8927 received by the tax commissioner.
- (B) Any natural gas distribution company, electric 8929 distribution company, or self-assessing purchaser required by 8930 this section to file a return who fails to file it and pay the 8931 tax within the period prescribed shall pay an additional charge 8932 of fifty dollars or ten per cent of the tax required to be paid 8933 for the reporting period, whichever is greater. The tax 8934 commissioner may collect the additional charge by assessment 8935 pursuant to section 5727.89 of the Revised Code. The 8936

commissioner may abate all or a portion of the additional charge 8937 and may adopt rules governing such abatements. 8938

- (C) If any tax due is not paid timely in accordance with 8939 this section, the natural gas distribution company, electric 8940 distribution company, or self-assessing purchaser liable for the 8941 tax shall pay interest, calculated at the rate per annum 8942 prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code, from the date 8943 the tax payment was due to the date of payment or to the date an 8944 assessment is issued, whichever occurs first. Interest shall be 8945 8946 paid in the same manner as the tax, and the commissioner may collect the interest by assessment pursuant to section 5727.89 8947 of the Revised Code. 8948
- (D) Not later than the tenth day of each month, a 8949 qualified end user not making the election to self-assess under 8950 division (C) of section 5727.81 of the Revised Code shall report 8951 in writing to the electric distribution company that distributes 8952 electricity to the end user the kilowatt hours that were 8953 consumed as a qualified end user in a qualifying manufacturing 8954 process for the prior month and the number of days, if any, on 8955 which the end user was not a qualified end user. For each 8956 calendar day during that month, a qualified end user shall 8957 8958 report the kilowatt hours that were not used in a qualifying manufacturing process. For each calendar day the end user was 8959 not a qualified end user, the end user shall report in writing 8960 to the electric distribution company the total number of 8961 kilowatt hours used on that day, and the electric distribution 8962 company shall pay the tax imposed under section 5727.81 of the 8963 Revised Code on each kilowatt hour that was not distributed to a 8964 qualified end user in a qualifying manufacturing process. The 8965 electric distribution company may rely in good faith on a 8966 qualified end user's report filed under this division. If it is 8967

determined that the end user was not a qualified end user for	8968
any calendar day or the quantity of electricity used by the	8969
qualified end user in a qualifying manufacturing process was	8970
overstated, the tax commissioner shall assess and collect any	8971
tax imposed under section 5727.81 of the Revised Code directly	8972
from the qualified end user. As requested by the commissioner,	8973
each end user reporting to an electric distribution company that	8974
it is a qualified end user shall provide documentation to the	8975
commissioner that establishes the volume of electricity consumed	8976
daily by the qualified end user and the total number of kilowatt	8977
hours consumed in a qualifying manufacturing process.	8978

(E) The tax commissioner shall immediately pay to the treasurer of state all amounts that the tax commissioner space with this chapter. 8980 such amounts in accordance with this chapter. 8982

Sec. 5727.83. (A) A natural gas distribution company, an 8983 electric distribution company, or a self-assessing purchaser 8984 shall remit each tax payment by electronic funds transfer 8985 electronically as prescribed by divisions (B) and (C) of this 8986 section.

The tax commissioner shall notify each natural gas 8988 distribution company, electric distribution company, and self-8989 assessing purchaser of the obligation to remit taxes by-8990 electronic funds transfer, shall maintain an updated list of 8991 those companies and purchasers, and shall timely certify to the 8992 treasurer of state the list and any additions thereto or 8993 deletions therefromelectronically by using the Ohio business 8994 gateway, as defined in section 718.01 of the Revised Code, or 8995 another means of electronic payment. Failure by the tax 8996 commissioner to notify a company or self-assessing purchaser 8997

subject to this section to remit taxes by electronic funds	8998
transfer_electronically_does not relieve the company or self-	8999
assessing purchaser of its obligation to remit taxes in that	9000
manner.	9001

- (B) A natural gas distribution company, an electric 9002 distribution company, or a self-assessing purchaser required by 9003 this section to remit payments by electronic funds transfer-9004 electronically shall remit such payments to the treasurer of 9005 state in the manner prescribed by rules adopted by the treasurer 9006 of state under section 113.061 of the Revised Code, and on or 9007 before the dates specified under section 5727.82 of the Revised 9008 Code. The payment of taxes by electronic funds transfer 9009 electronically does not affect a company's or self-assessing 9010 purchaser's obligation to file a return as required under 9011 section 5727.82 of the Revised Code. 9012
- (C) A natural gas distribution company, an electric 9013 distribution company, or a self-assessing purchaser required by 9014 9015 this section to remit taxes by electronic funds transfer-<u>electronically</u> may apply to the treasurer of state <u>tax</u> 9016 9017 commissioner in the manner prescribed by the treasurer of statecommissioner to be excused from that requirement. The treasurer 9018 of state commissioner may excuse the company or self-assessing 9019 purchaser from electronic remittance by electronic funds 9020 transfer for good cause shown for the period of time requested 9021 by the company or self-assessing purchaser or for a portion of 9022 that period. The treasurer of state commissioner shall notify 9023 the tax commissioner and the company or self-assessing purchaser 9024 of the treasurer of state's commissioner's decision as soon as 9025 is practicable. 9026
 - (D) If a natural gas distribution company, an electric

distribution company, or a self-assessing purchaser required by	9028
this section to remit taxes by electronic funds transfer-	9029
<pre>electronically remits those taxes by some means other than by-</pre>	9030
electronic funds transfer electronically as prescribed by this	9031
section—and the rules adopted by the treasurer of state, and the	9032
treasurer of state tax commissioner determines that such failure	9033
was not due to reasonable cause or was due to willful neglect,	9034
the treasurer of state shall notify the tax commissioner of the	9035
failure to remit by electronic funds transfer and shall provide-	9036
the commissioner with any information used in making that-	9037
determination. The tax commissioner may collect an additional	9038
charge by assessment in the manner prescribed by section 5727.89	9039
of the Revised Code. The additional charge shall equal five per	9040
cent of the amount of the taxes required to be paid $\frac{by}{}$	9041
electronic funds transferelectronically, but shall not exceed	9042
five thousand dollars. Any additional charge assessed under this	9043
section is in addition to any other penalty or charge imposed	9044
under this chapter, and shall be considered as revenue arising	9045
from the tax imposed under this chapter. The $\frac{tax}{commissioner}$	9046
may abate all or a portion of such a charge and may adopt rules	9047
governing such abatements.	9048

No additional charge shall be assessed under this division 9049 against a natural gas distribution company, an electric 9050 distribution company, or a self-assessing purchaser that has 9051 been notified of its obligation to remit taxes <u>electronically</u> 9052 under this section and that remits its first two tax payments 9053 after such notification by some other means other than 9054 electronic funds transfer. The additional charge may be assessed 9055 upon the remittance of any subsequent tax payment that the 9056 company or purchaser remits by some means other than electronic 9057 funds transferelectronically. 9058

Sec. 5733.022. (A) Subject to division (C) of this	9059
section, if a taxpayer's total liability for taxes imposed by	9060
section 5733.06 of the Revised Code, after reduction for all	9061
nonrefundable credits allowed the taxpayer, for tax year 1992 or	9062
1993 exceeds one hundred thousand dollars, the taxpayer shall-	9063
remit each tax payment for tax year 1994 to the treasurer of	9064
state by electronic funds transfer as prescribed by divisions-	9065
(B) and (C) of this section. Subject to division (C) of this	9066
section, if a taxpayer's total liability for taxes, after-	9067
reduction for all nonrefundable credits allowed the taxpayer,	9068
exceeds one hundred thousand dollars for tax year 1993, the	9069
taxpayer shall remit each tax payment for tax year 1995 by	9070
electronic funds transfer as prescribed by divisions (B) and (C)	9071
of this section. If a taxpayer's total liability for taxes,	9072
after reduction for all nonrefundable credits allowed the-	9073
taxpayer, exceeds seventy five thousand dollars for tax year	9074
1994, the taxpayer shall remit each tax payment for tax year	9075
1996 by electronic funds transfer as prescribed by divisions (B)	9076
and (C) of this section. For tax year 1997 and any succeeding	9077
tax year, if a taxpayer's total liability for taxes, after-	9078
reduction for all nonrefundable credits allowed the taxpayer,	9079
exceeds fifty thousand dollars for the second preceding tax	9080
year, the taxpayer shall remit each tax payment for the tax year	9081
by electronic funds transfer electronically as prescribed by	9082
divisions (B) and (C) of this section.	9083

The tax commissioner shall notify each taxpayer required

to remit taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically of

the taxpayer's obligation to do so, shall maintain an updated

list of those taxpayers, and shall provide the list and any

additions thereto or deletions therefrom to the treasurer of

state. Failure by the tax—commissioner to notify a taxpayer

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subject to this section to remit taxes by electronic funds	9090
transfer electronically does not relieve the taxpayer of its	9091
obligation to remit taxes by electronic funds transferin that	9092
manner.	9093
(B) Taxpayers required by this section to remit payments	9094
by electronic funds transfer electronically shall remit such	9095
payments to the treasurer of state in the manner prescribed by	9096
rules adopted by the treasurer under section 113.061 of the	9097
Revised Codethe tax commissioner.	9098
Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the	9099
electronic payment of taxes by electronic funds transfer does	9100
not affect a taxpayer's obligation to file the annual	9101
corporation report or the declaration of estimated tax report as	9102
required under sections 5733.02 and 5733.021 of the Revised	9103
Code.—If the taxpayer remits estimated tax payments in a manner,—	9104
designated by rule of the treasurer of state, that permits the	9105
inclusion of all information necessary for the treasurer of	9106
state to process the tax payment, the taxpayer need not file the	9107
declaration of estimated tax report as required by section-	9108
5733.021 of the Revised Code.	9109
(C) If two or more taxpayers have elected or are required	9110
to file a combined report under section 5733.052 of the Revised	9111
Code, the tax liability of those taxpayers for purposes of	9112
division (A) of this section is the aggregate tax liability of	9113
those taxpayers after reduction for nonrefundable credits	9114
allowed the taxpayers.	9115
(D) A taxpayer required by this section to remit taxes by-	9116
electronic funds transfer electronically may apply to the	9117
treasurer of state tax commissioner in the manner prescribed by	9118
the treasurer commissioner to be excused from that requirement.	9119

The treasurer of state commissioner may excuse the taxpayer from	9120
<pre>electronic remittance by electronic funds transfer for good</pre>	9121
cause shown for the period of time requested by the taxpayer or	9122
for a portion of that period. The treasurer commissioner shall	9123
notify the tax commissioner and the taxpayer of the treasurer's	9124
commissioner's decision as soon as is practicable.	9125

(E) If a taxpayer required by this section to remit taxes 9126 by electronic funds transfer electronically remits those taxes 9127 by some means other than by electronic funds transfer-9128 <u>electronically</u> as prescribed by this section and the rules 9129 9130 adopted by the treasurer of state, and the treasurer tax commissioner determines that such failure was not due to 9131 reasonable cause or was due to willful neglect, the treasurer 9132 shall notify the tax commissioner of the failure to remit by 9133 electronic funds transfer and shall provide the commissioner 9134 with any information used in making that determination. The tax 9135 commissioner may collect an additional charge by assessment in 9136 the manner prescribed by section 5733.11 of the Revised Code. 9137 The additional charge shall equal five per cent of the amount of 9138 the taxes or estimated tax payments required to be paid by-9139 electronic funds transferelectronically, but shall not exceed 9140 five thousand dollars. Any additional charge assessed under this 9141 section is in addition to any other penalty or charge imposed 9142 under this chapter, and shall be considered as revenue arising 9143 from the taxes imposed under this chapter. The tax-commissioner 9144 may remit all or a portion of such a charge and may adopt rules 9145 governing such remission. 9146

No additional charge shall be assessed under this division 9147 against a taxpayer that has been notified of its obligation to 9148 remit taxes <u>electronically</u> under this section and that remits 9149 its first two tax payments after such notification by some <u>other</u> 9150

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means other than electronic funds transfer. The additional	9151
charge may be assessed upon the remittance of any subsequent tax	9152
payment that the taxpayer remits by some means other than	9153
electronic funds transferelectronically.	9154

Sec. 5735.03. Except as provided in division (C)(2) of 9155 section 5735.02 of the Revised Code, every motor fuel dealer 9156 shall file with the tax commissioner a surety bond of not less 9157 than five thousand dollars, but may be required by the tax 9158 commissioner to submit a surety bond equal to three months' 9159 average tax liability, on a form approved by and with a surety 9160 satisfactory to the commissioner, upon which the motor fuel 9161 dealer shall be the principal obligor and the state shall be the 9162 obligee, conditioned upon the prompt filing of true reports and 9163 the payment by the motor fuel dealer to the treasurer of state 9164 commissioner of all motor fuel excise taxes levied by the state, 9165 provided that after notice is received from the state by the 9166 surety of the delinquency of any taxes, if the surety pays the 9167 taxes within thirty days after the receipt of the notice no 9168 penalties or interest shall be charged against the surety. If 9169 the surety does not pay the taxes within thirty days, but does 9170 pay within ninety days from the date of the receipt of notice 9171 from the state by the surety, no penalty shall be assessed 9172 against the surety but the surety shall pay interest at the rate 9173 of six per cent per annum on the unpaid taxes from the date the 9174 taxes are due and payable. If the surety does not pay within 9175 ninety days then the surety shall be liable for interest and 9176 penalties, and the tax commissioner may cancel all bonds issued 9177 by the surety. 9178

The commissioner may increase or reduce the amount of the bond required to be filed by any licensed motor fuel dealer. If the commissioner finds that it is necessary to increase the bond

to assure payment of the tax, the bond may be increased to an	9182
amount equal to three months/average liability or fifty thousand	9183
dollars, whichever is greater.	9184

If liability upon the bond thus filed by the motor fuel 9185 dealer with the commissioner is discharged or reduced, whether 9186 by judgment rendered, payment made, or otherwise, or if, in the 9187 opinion of the commissioner any surety on the bond theretofore 9188 given has become unsatisfactory or unacceptable, the 9189 commissioner may require the motor fuel dealer to file a new 9190 bond with satisfactory sureties in the same amount, and if a new 9191 9192 bond is not filed the commissioner shall forthwith cancel the license of the motor fuel dealer. If a new bond is furnished by 9193 the motor fuel dealer, the commissioner shall cancel and 9194 surrender the bond of the motor fuel dealer for which the new 9195 bond is substituted. 9196

A surety on a bond furnished by a motor fuel dealer shall 9197 be released from all liability to the state accruing on the bond 9198 after the expiration of sixty days from the date upon which the 9199 surety lodges with the commissioner a written request to be 9200 released. The request shall not operate to release the surety 9201 from any liability already accrued, or which accrues before the 9202 9203 expiration of the sixty-day period. The commissioner shall promptly on receipt of notice of the request notify the motor 9204 fuel dealer who furnished the bond and, unless the motor fuel 9205 dealer on or before the expiration of the sixty-day period files 9206 with the commissioner a new bond with a surety satisfactory to 9207 the commissioner in the amount and form provided in this 9208 section, the commissioner shall forthwith cancel the license of 9209 the motor fuel dealer. If the new bond is furnished by said 9210 motor fuel dealer, the commissioner shall cancel and surrender 9211 the bond of the motor fuel dealer for which the new bond is 9212 Page 312

substituted.	9213
The commissioner, in lieu of any surety bond required by	9214
this section, may accept a deposit by a motor fuel dealer of	9215
cash. Any cash thus accepted shall be deposited with the	9216
treasurer of state commissioner to be held by the treasurer of	9217
state, in the same manner as other cash required to be deposited	9218
with the treasurer of state under the laws of the state, for the	9219
account of such motor fuel dealer and subject to any lawful	9220
claim of the state for any excise tax upon motor fuel, and	9221
penalties and interest thereon levied by the laws of this state.	9222
The state shall have a lien upon cash thus deposited for the	9223
amount of any motor fuel excise taxes and penalty and interest	9224
due to the state from the motor fuel dealer in whose behalf they	9225
were deposited. The amount of cash to be thus accepted shall in	9226
all respects be determined in the same manner as provided in	9227
this section for the amount of surety bonds. Any cash deposited	9228
shall be subject to levy upon execution to satisfy any judgment	9229
secured in any action by the state to recover any motor fuel	9230
excise taxes, and penalties and interest found to be due to the	9231
state from such motor fuel dealer. The cash shall be released by	9232
the treasurer of state commissioner upon certificate of the	9233
commissioner a determination that the license of the motor fuel	9234
dealer in whose behalf they have been deposited has been	9235
canceled or that other security has been accepted in lieu	9236
thereof, and that the state asserts no claim thereto.	9237
Sec. 5735.062. (A) If the tax commissioner so requires,	9238
the dealer shall remit each monthly tax payment electronically	9239
as prescribed by division (B) of this section.	9240

The commissioner shall notify each dealer required to

remit taxes electronically of the dealer's obligation to do so.

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Failure by the commissioner to notify a dealer subject to this	9243
section to remit taxes electronically does not relieve the	9244
dealer of its obligation to remit taxes electronically.	9245
(B) Dealers required by division (A) of this section to	9246
remit payments electronically shall remit such payments to the	9247
treasurer of state in the manner prescribed by rules adopted by	9248
the treasurer under section 113.061 of the Revised Code or	9249
through the department of taxation's web siteOhio business	9250
gateway, as defined in section 718.01 of the Revised Code, or in	9251
another manner as prescribed by the commissioner. Required	9252
payments shall be remitted on or before the dates specified	9253
under section 5735.06 of the Revised Code. The payment of taxes	9254
electronically does not affect a dealer's obligation to file the	9255
monthly return as required under section 5735.06 of the Revised	9256
Code.	9257
A dealer required by this section to remit taxes	9258
electronically may apply to the commissioner to be excused from	9259
that requirement. The commissioner may excuse the dealer from	9260
the electronic remittance requirement for good cause shown for	9261
the period of time requested by the dealer or for a portion of	9262
that period.	9263
(C) If a dealer required by this section to remit taxes	9264
electronically fails to do so, the commissioner may impose a	9265
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penalty on the dealer not to exceed one of the following:	9266
(1) For the first return period the dealer fails to remit	9266 9267
(1) For the first return period the dealer fails to remit	9267
(1) For the first return period the dealer fails to remit taxes electronically, the greater of twenty-five dollars or five per cent of the amount of the payment required to be remitted;	9267 9268 9269
(1) For the first return period the dealer fails to remit taxes electronically, the greater of twenty-five dollars or five	9267 9268

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dollars or ten per cent of the amount of the payment required to	9272
be remitted.	9273
The penalty imposed under division (C) of this section is	9274
in addition to any other penalty imposed under this chapter and	9275
shall be considered as revenue arising from the taxes imposed	9276
under this chapter. A penalty may be collected by assessment in	9277
the manner prescribed by section 5735.12 of the Revised Code.	9278
The commissioner may abate all or a portion of a penalty.	9279
(D) The commissioner may adopt rules necessary to	9280
administer this section.	9281
Sec. 5739.031. (A) Upon application, the tax commissioner	9282
may issue a direct payment permit that authorizes a consumer to	9283
pay the sales tax levied by or pursuant to section 5739.02,	9284
5739.021, 5739.023, or 5739.026 of the Revised Code or the use	9285
tax levied by or pursuant to section 5741.02, 5741.021,	9286
5741.022, or 5741.023 of the Revised Code directly to the state	9287
and waives the collection of the tax by the vendor or seller if	9288
payment directly to the state would improve compliance and	9289
increase the efficiency of the administration of the tax. The	9290
commissioner may adopt rules establishing the criteria for the	9291
issuance of such permits.	9292
(B) Each permit holder, on or before the twenty-third day	9293
of each month, shall make and file with the treasurer of state	9294
tax commissioner a return for the preceding month in such form	9295
as is prescribed by the $rac{ au a au}{ au}$ commissioner and shall pay the $ au a au$	9296
shown on the return to be due. The return shall show the sum of	9297
the prices of taxable merchandise used and taxable services	9298

received, the amount of tax due from the permit holder, and such

other information as the commissioner deems necessary. The

commissioner, upon written request by the permit holder, may

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extend the time for making and filing returns and paying the	9302
tax. If the commissioner determines that a permit holder's tax	9303
liability is not such as to merit monthly filing, the	9304
commissioner may authorize the permit holder to file returns and	9305
pay the tax at less frequent intervals. The treasurer of state	9306
shall show on the return the date it was filed and the amount of	9307
the payment remitted to the treasurer. Thereafter, the treasurer	9308
immediately shall transmit all returns filed under this section-	9309
to the tax commissioner.	9310

Any permit holder required to file a return and pay the tax under this section whose total payment for any calendar year equals or exceeds the amount shown in section 5739.032 of the Revised Code shall make each payment required by this section in the second ensuing and each succeeding year by electronic funds transfer electronically as prescribed by, and on or before the dates specified in, section 5739.032 of the Revised Code, except as otherwise prescribed by that section.

- (C) For purposes of reporting and remitting the tax, the 9319 price of tangible personal property or services purchased by, or 9320 of tangible personal property produced by, the permit holder 9321 shall be determined under division (G) of section 5741.01 of the 9322 Revised Code. Except as otherwise provided in division (E) of 9323 section 5739.033 of the Revised Code, the situs of any purchase 9324 transaction made by the permit holder is the location where the 9325 tangible personal property or service is received by the permit 9326 holder. 9327
- (D) It shall be the duty of every permit holder required to make a return and pay its tax under this section to keep and preserve suitable records of purchases together with invoices of purchases, bills of lading, asset ledgers, depreciation

schedules, transfer journals, and such other primary and	9332
secondary records and documents in such form as the commissioner	9333
requires. All such records and other documents shall be open	9334
during business hours to the inspection of the tax commissioner,	9335
and shall be preserved for a period of four years, unless the	9336
commissioner, in writing, has authorized their destruction or	9337
disposal at an earlier date, or by order or by reason of a	9338
waiver of the four-year time limitation pursuant to section	9339
5739.16 of the Revised Code requires that they be kept longer.	9340

- (E) A permit granted pursuant to this section shall 9341 continue to be valid until surrendered by the holder or canceled 9342 for cause by the tax commissioner. 9343
- (F) Persons who hold a direct payment permit that has not 9344 been canceled shall not be required to issue exemption 9345 certificates and shall not be required to pay the tax as 9346 prescribed in sections 5739.03, 5739.033, and 5741.12 of the 9347 Revised Code. Such persons shall notify vendors and sellers from 9348 whom purchases of tangible personal property or services are 9349 made, of their direct payment permit number and that the tax is 9350 being paid directly to the state. Upon receipt of such notice, 9351 such vendor or seller shall be absolved from all duties and 9352 liabilities imposed by section 5739.03 or 5741.04 of the Revised 9353 Code with respect to sales of tangible personal property or 9354 services to such permit holder. 9355

Vendors and sellers who make sales upon which the tax is

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not collected by reason of the provisions of this section shall

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maintain records in such manner that the amount involved and

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identity of the purchaser may be ascertained. The receipts from

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such sales shall not be subject to the tax levied in section

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5739.10 of the Revised Code.

Upon the cancellation or surrender of a direct payment	9362
permit, the provisions of sections 5739.03, 5741.04, and 5741.12	9363
of the Revised Code shall immediately apply to all purchases	9364
made subsequent to such cancellation or surrender by the person	9365
who previously held such permit, and such person shall so notify	9366
vendors and sellers from whom purchases of tangible personal	9367
property or services are made, in writing, prior to or at the	9368
time of the first purchase after such cancellation or surrender.	9369
Upon receipt of such notice, the vendor shall be subject to the	9370
provisions of sections 5739.03 and 5739.10 of the Revised Code	9371
and the seller shall be subject to the provisions of section	9372
5741.04 of the Revised Code, with respect to all sales	9373
subsequently made to such person. Failure of any such person to	9374
notify vendors or sellers from whom purchases of tangible	9375
personal property or services are made of the cancellation or	9376
surrender of a direct payment permit shall be considered as a	9377
refusal to pay the tax by the person required to issue such	9378
notice.	9379

Sec. 5739.032. (A) If the total amount of tax required to

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be paid by a permit holder under section 5739.031 of the Revised

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Code for any calendar year equals or exceeds seventy-five

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thousand dollars, the permit holder shall remit each monthly tax

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payment in the second ensuing and each succeeding year by

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electronic funds transfer electronically as prescribed by

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division (B) of this section.

If a permit holder's tax payment for each of two 9387 consecutive years is less than seventy-five thousand dollars, 9388 the permit holder is relieved of the requirement to remit taxes 9389 by electronic funds transfer electronically for the year that 9390 next follows the second of the consecutive years in which the 9391 tax payment is less than that amount, and is relieved of that 9392

requirement for each succeeding year, unless the tax payment in	9393
a subsequent year equals or exceeds seventy-five thousand	9394
dollars.	9395
The tax commissioner shall notify each permit holder	9396
required to remit taxes by electronic funds transfer of the	9397
permit holder's obligation to do so, shall maintain an updated	9398
list of those permit holders, and shall timely certify the list-	9399
and any additions thereto or deletions therefrom to the	9400
treasurer of state. Failure by the tax commissioner to notify a	9401
permit holder subject to this section to remit taxes by	9402
electronic funds transfer electronically does not relieve the	9403
permit holder of its obligation to remit taxes-by electronic	9404
funds transfer in that manner.	9405
(B) Permit holders required by division (A) of this	9406
section to remit payments by electronic funds transfer	9407
electronically shall remit such payments to the treasurer of	9408
state in the manner prescribed by this section and rules adopted	9409
by the treasurer of state under section 113.061 of the Revised-	9410
Codeby using the Ohio business gateway, as defined in section	9411
718.01 of the Revised Code, or another means of electronic	9412
<pre>payment, and as follows:</pre>	9413
(1) On or before the twenty-third day of each month, a	9414
permit holder shall remit an amount equal to seventy-five per	9415
cent of the anticipated tax liability for that month.	9416
(2) On or before the twenty-third day of each month, a	9417
permit holder shall report the taxes due for the previous month	9418
and shall remit that amount, less any amounts paid for that	9419
month as required by division (B)(1) of this section.	9420
The <u>electronic</u> payment of taxes by electronic funds	9421

transfer does not affect a permit holder's obligation to file	9422
the monthly return as required under section 5739.031 of the	9423
Revised Code.	9424
(C) A permit holder required by this section to remit	9425
taxes by electronic funds transfer may apply to the treasurer of	9426
state in the manner prescribed by the treasurer of state to be	9427
excused from that requirement. The treasurer of state may excuse	9428
the permit holder from remittance by electronic funds transfer	9429
for good cause shown for the period of time requested by the	9430
permit holder or for a portion of that period. The treasurer of	9431
state shall notify the tax commissioner and the permit holder of	9432
the treasurer of state's decision as soon as is practicable.	9433
$\frac{(D)(1)(a)}{(C)(1)(a)}$ If a permit holder that is required to	9434
remit payments under division (B) of this section fails to make	9435
a payment, or makes a payment under division (B)(1) of this	9436
section that is less than seventy-five per cent of the actual	9437
liability for that month, the commissioner may impose an	9438
additional charge not to exceed five per cent of that unpaid	9439
amount.	9440
(b) Division $\frac{(D)(1)(a)}{(C)(1)(a)}$ of this section does not	9441
apply if the permit holder's payment under division (B)(1) of	9442
this section is equal to or greater than seventy-five per cent	9443
of the permit holder's reported liability for the same month in	9444
the immediately preceding calendar year.	9445
(2) If a permit holder required by this section to remit	9446
taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically remits those	9447
taxes by some means other than by electronic funds transfer-	9448
electronically as prescribed by this section and the rules	9449
adopted by the treasurer of state, and the tax commissioner	9450
determines that such failure was not due to reasonable cause or	9451

was due to willful neglect, the commissioner may impose an	9452
additional charge not to exceed the lesser of five per cent of	9453
the amount of the taxes required to be paid by electronic funds-	9454
transfer electronically or five thousand dollars.	9455

(3) Any additional charge imposed under division (D)(1) 9456 (C) (1) or (2) of this section is in addition to any other 9457 penalty or charge imposed under this chapter, and shall be 9458 considered as revenue arising from taxes imposed under this 9459 chapter. An additional charge may be collected by assessment in 9460 the manner prescribed by section 5739.13 of the Revised Code. 9461 The tax commissioner may waive all or a portion of such a charge 9462 and may adopt rules governing such waiver. 9463

No additional charge shall be imposed under division (D) 9464 $\frac{(2)-(C)(2)}{(2)}$ of this section against a permit holder that has been 9465 notified of its obligation to remit taxes <u>electronically</u> under 9466 this section and that remits its first two tax payments after 9467 such notification by some other means other than electronic 9468 funds transfer. The additional charge may be imposed upon the 9469 remittance of any subsequent tax payment that the permit holder 9470 remits by some means other than electronic funds-9471 transferelectronically. 9472

Sec. 5739.07. (A) When, pursuant to this chapter, a vendor 9473 has paid taxes to the treasurer of state or the treasurer of 9474 state's agent, or to the tax commissioner or the commissioner's 9475 agent, the commissioner shall refund to the vendor the amount of 9476 taxes paid, and any penalties assessed with respect to such 9477 taxes, if the vendor has refunded to the consumer the full 9478 amount of taxes the consumer paid illegally or erroneously or if 9479 the vendor has illegally or erroneously billed the consumer but 9480 has not collected the taxes from the consumer. 9481

(B) When, pursuant to this chapter, a consumer has paid	9482
taxes directly to the treasurer of state or the treasurer of	9483
state's agent, or to the tax commissioner or the commissioner's	9484
agent, and the payment or assessment was illegal or erroneous,	9485
the commissioner shall refund to the consumer the full amount of	9486
illegal or erroneous taxes paid and any penalties assessed with	9487
respect to such taxes.	9488
(C) The commissioner shall refund to the consumer amounts	9489
paid illegally or erroneously to a vendor only if:	9490
(1) The commissioner has not refunded the tax to the	9491
vendor and the vendor has not refunded the tax to the consumer;	9492
or	9493
(2) The consumer has received a refund from a manufacturer	9494
or other person, other than the vendor, of the full purchase	9495
price, but not the tax, paid to the vendor in settlement of a	9496
complaint by the consumer about the property or service	9497
purchased.	9498
The commissioner may require the consumer to obtain or the	9499
vendor to provide a written statement confirming that the vendor	9500
has not refunded the tax to the consumer and has not filed an	9501
application for refund of the tax with the commissioner.	9502
(D) Subject to division (E) of this section, an	9503
application for refund shall be filed with the tax commissioner	9504
on the form prescribed by the commissioner within four years	9505
from the date of the illegal or erroneous payment, unless the	9506
vendor or consumer waives the time limitation under division (A)	9507
(3) of section 5739.16 of the Revised Code. If the time	9508
limitation is waived, the refund application period shall be	9509
extended for the same period as the waiver.	9510

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(E) An application for refund shall be filed in accordance	9511
with division (D) of this section unless a person is subject to	9512
an assessment that is subject to the time limit of division (B)	9513
of section 5703.58 of the Revised Code for amounts not reported	9514
and paid between the four-year time limit described in division	9515
(D) of this section and the seven-year limit described in	9516
division (B) of section 5703.58 of the Revised Code, in which	9517
case the person may file an application within six months after	9518
the date the assessment is issued. Any refund allowed under this	9519
division shall not exceed the amount of the assessment due for	9520
the same period.	9521

- (F) On the filing of an application for a refund, the commissioner shall determine the amount of refund to which the applicant is entitled. If the amount is not less than that claimed, the commissioner shall certify that amount to the director of budget and management and the treasurer of state for payment from the tax refund fund created by section 5703.052 of the Revised Code. If the amount is less than that claimed, the commissioner shall proceed in accordance with section 5703.70 of the Revised Code.
- (G) When a refund is granted under this section, it shall 9531 include interest thereon as provided by section 5739.132 of the 9532 Revised Code. 9533
- Sec. 5743.05. The tax commissioner shall sell all stamps 9534 provided for by section 5743.03 of the Revised Code. Each stamp 9535 that is to be affixed to a package of cigarettes shall be sold 9536 for the amount of tax due on that package, except the 9537 commissioner shall, by rule, authorize the sale of stamps to 9538 wholesale dealers in this state, or to wholesale dealers outside 9539 this state, at a discount of not less than one and eight-tenths 9540

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per cent or more than ten per cent of such tax due, as a 9541 commission for affixing and canceling the stamps. 9542

The commissioner, by rule, shall authorize the delivery of 9543 stamps to wholesale dealers in this state and to wholesale 9544 dealers outside this state on credit. If such a dealer has not 9545 been in good credit standing with this state for five 9546 consecutive years preceding the purchase, the commissioner shall 9547 require the dealer to file with the commissioner a bond to the 9548 state in the amount and in the form prescribed by the 9549 9550 commissioner, with surety to the satisfaction of the commissioner, conditioned on payment to the treasurer of state 9551 or the commissioner within thirty days or the following twenty-9552 third day of June, whichever comes first for stamps delivered 9553 within that time. If such a dealer has been in good credit 9554 standing with this state for five consecutive years preceding 9555 the purchase, the commissioner shall not require that the dealer 9556 file such a bond but shall require payment for the stamps within 9557 thirty days after purchase of the stamps or the following 9558 twenty-third day of June, whichever comes first. Each stamp that 9559 is sold to a dealer not required to file a bond shall be sold 9560 for the amount of tax due on that package of cigarettes. The 9561 maximum amount that may be sold on credit to a dealer not 9562 required to file a bond shall equal one hundred ten per cent of 9563 the dealer's average monthly purchases over the preceding 9564 calendar year. The maximum amount shall be adjusted to reflect 9565 any changes in the tax rate and may be adjusted, upon 9566 application to the commissioner by the dealer, to reflect 9567 changes in the business operations of the dealer. The maximum 9568 amount shall be applicable to the period between the first day 9569 of July to the following twenty-third day of June. Payment by a 9570 dealer not required to file a bond shall be remitted by 9571

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The commissioner shall redeem and pay for any destroyed, unused, or spoiled tax stamps at their net value, and shall refund to wholesale dealers the net amount of state and county taxes paid erroneously or paid on cigarettes that have been sold in interstate or foreign commerce or that have become unsalable, and the net amount of county taxes that were paid on cigarettes that have been sold at retail or for retail sale outside a taxing county.

An application for a refund of tax shall be filed with the 9593 commissioner, on the form prescribed by the commissioner for 9594 that purpose, within three years from the date the tax stamps 9595 are destroyed or spoiled, from the date of the erroneous 9596 payment, or from the date that cigarettes on which taxes have 9597 been paid have been sold in interstate or foreign commerce or 9598 have become unsalable.

On the filing of the application, the commissioner shall 9600 determine the amount of refund to which the applicant is 9601

entitled, payable from receipts of the state tax, and, if	9602
applicable, payable from receipts of a county tax. If the amount	9603
is not less than that claimed, the commissioner shall certify	9604
the amount to the director of budget and management and	9605
treasurer of state for payment from the tax refund fund created	9606
by section 5703.052 of the Revised Code. If the amount is less	9607
than that claimed, the commissioner shall proceed in accordance	9608
with section 5703.70 of the Revised Code.	9609

If a refund is granted for payment of an illegal or 9610 erroneous assessment issued by the department, the refund shall 9611 include interest on the amount of the refund from the date of 9612 the overpayment. The interest shall be computed at the rate per 9613 annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code. 9614

Sec. 5743.051. This section applies to any wholesale or 9615 retail cigarette dealer required by section 5743.05 of the 9616 Revised Code to remit payment for tax stamps by electronic funds 9617 transferelectronically. The tax commissioner shall notify each 9618 dealer of the dealer's obligation to do so and shall maintain an 9619 updated list of those dealers. Failure by the tax-commissioner 9620 to notify a dealer subject to this section to remit taxes by 9621 electronic funds transfer electronically does not relieve the 9622 dealer of its obligation to remit taxes by electronic funds 9623 transferin that manner. 9624

A dealer required to remit payments by electronic funds

transfer electronically shall remit such payments to the

treasurer of state commissioner in the manner prescribed by

rules adopted by the treasurer of state under section 113.061 of

the Revised Code approved by the commissioner and within the

time prescribed for such a dealer by section 5743.05 of the

Revised Code.

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A dealer required to remit taxes by electronic funds	9632
transfer_electronically_may apply to the tax—commissioner in the	9633
manner prescribed by the $\frac{\text{tax}}{\text{commissioner}}$ to be excused from	9634
that requirement. The $\frac{tax}{commissioner}$ may excuse the dealer	9635
from <u>electronic</u> remittance by electronic funds transfer for good	9636
cause shown for the period of time requested by the dealer or	9637
for a portion of that period.	9638

If a dealer required to remit taxes by electronic funds 9639 transfer electronically remits those taxes by some other means, 9640 the treasurer of state shall notify the tax commissioner of the 9641 9642 failure to remit by electronic funds transfer. If and the tax commissioner determines that such failure was not due to 9643 reasonable cause or was due to willful neglect, the tax-9644 commissioner may collect an additional charge by assessment in 9645 the manner prescribed by section 5743.081 of the Revised Code. 9646 The additional charge shall equal five per cent of the amount of 9647 the taxes required to be paid by electronic funds transfer-9648 electronically but shall not exceed five thousand dollars. Any 9649 additional charge assessed under this section is in addition to 9650 any other penalty or charge imposed under this chapter and shall 9651 be considered as revenue arising from taxes imposed under this 9652 chapter. The tax-commissioner may abate all or a portion of such 9653 a charge and may adopt rules governing such remissions. 9654

No additional charge shall be assessed under this section 9655 against a dealer that has been notified of its obligation to 9656 remit taxes <u>electronically</u> under this section and that remits 9657 its first two tax payments after such notification by some other 9658 means other than electronic funds transfer. The additional 9659 charge may be assessed upon the remittance of any subsequent tax 9660 payment that the dealer remits by some means other than 9661 electronic funds transferelectronically. 9662

Sec. 5743.15. (A) Except as otherwise provided in this 9663 division, no person shall engage in this state in the wholesale 9664 or retail business of trafficking in cigarettes or in the 9665 business of a manufacturer or importer of cigarettes without 9666 having a license to conduct each such activity issued by a 9667 county auditor under division (B) of this section or the tax 9668 commissioner under divisions (C) and (F) of this section. On 9669 dissolution of a partnership by death, the surviving partner may 9670 operate under the license of the partnership until expiration of 9671 9672 the license, and the heirs or legal representatives of deceased persons, and receivers and trustees in bankruptcy appointed by 9673 any competent authority, may operate under the license of the 9674 person succeeded in possession by such heir, representative, 9675 receiver, or trustee in bankruptcy if the partner or successor 9676 notifies the issuer of the license of the dissolution or 9677 succession within thirty days after the dissolution or 9678 succession. 9679

(B) (1) Each applicant for a license to engage in the 9680 retail business of trafficking in cigarettes under this section, 9681 annually, on or before the fourth Monday of Mayfirst day of 9682 June, shall make and deliver to the county auditor of the county 9683 in which the applicant desires to engage in the retail business 9684 of trafficking in cigarettes, upon a blank form furnished by 9685 such auditor for that purpose, a statement showing the name of 9686 the applicant, each physical place in the county where the 9687 applicant's business is conducted, the nature of the business, 9688 and any other information the tax commissioner requires in the 9689 form of statement prescribed by the commissioner. If the 9690 applicant is a firm, partnership, or association other than a 9691 corporation, the application shall state the name and address of 9692 each of its members. If the applicant is a corporation, the 9693

application shall state the name and address of each of its 9694 officers. At the time of making the application required by this 9695 section, every person desiring to engage in the retail business 9696 of trafficking in cigarettes shall pay an application fee in the 9697 sum of one hundred twenty-five dollars for each physical place 9698 where the person proposes to carry on such business. Each place 9699 of business shall be deemed such space, under lease or license 9700 to, or under the control of, or under the supervision of the 9701 applicant, as is contained in one or more contiguous, adjacent, 9702 or adjoining buildings constituting an industrial plant or a 9703 place of business operated by, or under the control of, one 9704 person, or under one roof and connected by doors, halls, 9705 stairways, or elevators, which space may contain any number of 9706 points at which cigarettes are offered for sale, provided that 9707 each additional point at which cigarettes are offered for sale 9708 shall be listed in the application. 9709

(2) Upon receipt of the application and exhibition of the 9710 county treasurer's receipt showing the payment of the 9711 application fee, the county auditor shall issue to the applicant 9712 a license for each place of business designated in the 9713 application, authorizing the applicant to engage in such 9714 business at such place for one year commencing on the fourth-9715 Monday of May first day of June. The form of the license shall be 9716 prescribed by the commissioner. A duplicate license may be 9717 obtained from the county auditor upon payment of a five-dollar 9718 fee if the original license is lost, destroyed, or defaced. When 9719 an application is filed after the fourth Monday of Mayfirst day 9720 of June, the application fee required to be paid shall be 9721 proportioned in amount to the remainder of the license year, 9722 except that it shall not be less than twenty-five dollars in any 9723 one year. 9724 (3) The holder of a retail dealer's cigarette license may 9725 transfer the license to a place of business within the same 9726 county other than that designated on the license on condition 9727 that the licensee's ownership interest and business structure 9728 remain unchanged, and that the licensee applies to the county 9729 auditor therefor, upon forms approved by the commissioner and 9730 the payment of a fee of five dollars into the county treasury. 9731

(C) (1) Each applicant for a license to engage in the 9732 wholesale business of trafficking in cigarettes under this 9733 9734 section, annually, on or before the fourth Monday in Mayfirst day of June, shall make and deliver to the tax commissioner, 9735 upon a blank form furnished by the commissioner for that 9736 purpose, a statement showing the name of the applicant, physical 9737 street address where the applicant's business is conducted, the 9738 nature of the business, and any other information required by 9739 the commissioner. If the applicant is a firm, partnership, or 9740 association other than a corporation, the applicant shall state 9741 the name and address of each of its members. If the applicant is 9742 a corporation, the applicant shall state the name and address of 9743 each of its officers. At the time of making the application 9744 required by this section, every person desiring to engage in the 9745 wholesale business of trafficking in cigarettes shall pay an 9746 application fee of one thousand dollars for each physical place 9747 where the person proposes to carry on such business. Each place 9748 of business shall be deemed such space, under lease or license 9749 to, or under the control of, or under the supervision of the 9750 applicant, as is contained in one or more contiguous, adjacent, 9751 or adjoining buildings constituting an industrial plant or a 9752 place of business operated by, or under the control of, one 9753 person, or under one roof and connected by doors, halls, 9754 stairways, or elevators. A duplicate license may be obtained 9755 from the commissioner upon payment of a twenty-five-dollar fee 9756 if the original license is lost, destroyed, or defaced. 9757

- (2) Upon receipt of the application and payment of any 9758 application fee required by this section, the commissioner shall 9759 verify that the applicant is not in violation of any provision 9760 of Chapter 1346. or Title LVII of the Revised Code. The 9761 commissioner shall also verify that the applicant has filed any 9762 returns, submitted any information, and paid any outstanding 9763 taxes, charges, or fees as required for any tax, charge, or fee 9764 9765 administered by the commissioner, to the extent that the commissioner is aware of the returns, information, or payments 9766 at the time of the application. Upon approval, the commissioner 9767 shall issue to the applicant a license for each physical place 9768 of business designated in the application authorizing the 9769 applicant to engage in business at that location for one year 9770 9771 commencing on the fourth Monday in Mayfirst day of June. For licenses issued after the fourth Monday in Mayfirst day of June, 9772 the application fee shall be reduced proportionately by the 9773 remainder of the twelve-month period for which the license is 9774 issued, except that the application fee required to be paid 9775 under this section shall be not less than two hundred dollars in 9776 any one year. 9777
- (3) The holder of a wholesale dealer cigarette license may 9778 transfer the license to a place of business other than that 9779 designated on the license on condition that the licensee's 9780 ownership or business structure remains unchanged, and that the 9781 licensee applies to the commissioner for such a transfer upon a 9782 form promulgated by the commissioner and pays a fee of twenty-9783 five dollars, which shall be deposited into the cigarette tax 9784 enforcement fund created in division (E) of this section. 9785

(D)(1) The wholesale cigarette license application fees	9786
collected under this section shall be paid into the cigarette	9787
tax enforcement fund.	9788
(2) The retail cigarette license application fees	9789
collected under this section shall be distributed as follows:	9790
(a) Thirty per cent shall be paid upon the warrant of the	9791
county auditor into the treasury of the municipal corporation o	r 9792
township in which the places of business for which the tax	9793
revenue was received are located;	9794
(b) Ten per cent shall be credited to the general fund of	9795
the county;	9796
the county;	9790
(c) Sixty per cent shall be paid into the cigarette tax	9797
enforcement fund.	9798
(3) The remainder of the revenues and fines collected	9799
under this section and the penal laws relating to cigarettes	9800
shall be distributed as follows:	9801
Shall be distributed as follows.	3001
(a) Three-fourths shall be paid upon the warrant of the	9802
county auditor into the treasury of the municipal corporation o	r 9803
township in which the place of business, on account of which the	e 9804
revenues and fines were received, is located;	9805
(b) One-fourth shall be credited to the general fund of	9806
the county.	9807
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(E) There is hereby created within the state treasury the	9808
cigarette tax enforcement fund for the purpose of providing	9809
funds to assist in paying the costs of enforcing sections	9810
1333.11 to 1333.21 and Chapter 5743. of the Revised Code.	9811
The portion of cigarette license application fees received	d 9812
by a county auditor during the annual application period that	9813

ends on the fourth Monday in May <u>first day of June</u> and that is	9814
required to be deposited in the cigarette tax enforcement fund	9815
shall be sent to the treasurer of state <u>tax commissioner</u> by the	9816
thirtieth day of June each year accompanied by the form	9817
prescribed by the tax commissioner. The portion of cigarette	9818
license application fees received by each county auditor after	9819
the fourth Monday in May <u>first day of June</u> and that is required	9820
to be deposited in the cigarette tax enforcement fund shall be	9821
sent to the treasurer of state <u>commissioner</u> by the last day of	9822
the month following the month in which such fees were collected.	9823

- (F) (1) Every person who desires to engage in the business 9824 of a manufacturer or importer of cigarettes shall, annually, on 9825 or before the fourth Monday of Mayfirst day of June, make and 9826 deliver to the tax commissioner, upon a blank form furnished by 9827 the commissioner for that purpose, a statement showing the name 9828 of the applicant, the nature of the applicant's business, and 9829 any other information required by the commissioner. If the 9830 applicant is a firm, partnership, or association other than a 9831 corporation, the applicant shall state the name and address of 9832 each of its members. If the applicant is a corporation, the 9833 applicant shall state the name and address of each of its 9834 officers. 9835
- (2) Upon receipt of the application required under this 9836 section, the commissioner shall verify that the applicant is not 9837 in violation of any provision of Chapter 1346. of the Revised 9838 Code. The commissioner shall also verify that the applicant has 9839 filed any returns, submitted any information, and paid any 9840 outstanding taxes, charges, or fees as required for any tax, 9841 charge, or fee administered by the commissioner, to the extent 9842 that the commissioner is aware of the returns, information, 9843 taxes, charges, or fees at the time of the application. Upon 9844

approval, the commissioner shall issue to the applicant a	9845
license authorizing the applicant to engage in the business of	9846
manufacturer or importer, whichever the case may be, for one	9847
year commencing on the fourth Monday of May first day of June.	9848

- (3) The issuing of a license under division (F)(1) of this 9849 section to a manufacturer does not excuse a manufacturer from 9850 the certification process required under section 1346.05 of the 9851 Revised Code. A manufacturer who is issued a license under 9852 division (F)(1) of this section and who is not listed on the 9853 directory required under section 1346.05 of the Revised Code 9854 shall not be permitted to sell cigarettes in this state other 9855 than to a licensed cigarette wholesaler for sale outside this 9856 state. Such a manufacturer shall provide documentation to the 9857 commissioner evidencing that the cigarettes are legal for sale 9858 in another state. 9859
- (G) The tax commissioner may adopt rules necessary to 9860 administer this section. 9861

Sec. 5745.03. (A) For each taxable year, each taxpayer 9862 shall file an annual report with the tax commissioner not later 9863 than the fifteenth day of the fourth month after the end of the 9864 taxpayer's taxable year, and shall remit with that report the 9865 amount of tax due as shown on the report less the amount paid 9866 for the year under section 5745.04 of the Revised Code. The 9867 remittance shall be made in the form prescribed by the tax-9868 commissioner. If the amount payable with the report exceeds one 9869 thousand dollars, the taxpayer shall remit the amount by 9870 electronic funds transfer as electronically in a manner 9871 prescribed by the treasurer of statecommissioner. The tax-9872 commissioner shall immediately forward to the treasurer of state- 9873 all amounts that the tax commissioner receives pursuant to this 9874

9903

chapter. The treasurer of state shall credit ninety-eight and	9875
one-half per cent of such remittances to the municipal income	9876
tax fund, which is hereby created in the state treasury, and	9877
credit the remainder to the municipal income tax administrative	9878
fund, which is hereby created in the state treasury.	9879
(B) Any taxpayer that has been granted an extension for	9880
filing a federal income tax return may request an extension for	9881
filing the return required under this section by filing with the	9882
tax commissioner a copy of the taxpayer's request for the	9883
federal filing extension. The request shall be filed not later	9884
than the last day for filing the return as required under	9885
division (A) of this section. If such a request is properly and	9886
timely filed, the tax -commissioner shall extend the last day for	9887
filing the return required under this section for the same	9888
period for which the federal filing extension was granted. The	9889
tax-commissioner may deny the filing extension request only if	9890
the taxpayer fails to timely file the request, fails to file a	9891
copy of the federal extension request, owes past due taxes,	9892
interest, or penalty under this chapter, or has failed to file a	9893
required report or other document for a prior taxable year. The	9894
granting of an extension under this section does not extend the	9895
last day for paying taxes without penalty pursuant to this	9896
chapter unless the $\frac{\text{tax}}{\text{commissioner}}$ extends the payment date.	9897
(C) The annual report shall include statements of the	9898
following facts as of the last day of the taxpayer's taxable	9899
year:	9900
(1) The name of the taxpayer;	9901

(2) The name of the state or country under the laws of

which it is incorporated;

(3) The location of its principal office in this state	9904
and, in the case of a taxpayer organized under the laws of	9905
another state, the principal place of business in this state and	9906
the name and address of the officer or agent of the taxpayer in	9907
charge of the business conducted in this state;	9908
(4) The names of the president, secretary, treasurer, and	9909
statutory agent in this state, with the post-office address of	9910
each;	9911
(5) The date on which the taxpayer's taxable year begins	9912
and ends;	9913
(6) The taxpayer's federal taxable income during the	9914
taxpayer's taxable year;	9915
(7) Any other information the tax commissioner requires	9916
for the proper administration of this chapter.	9917
(D) The tax commissioner may require any reports required	9918
under this chapter to be filed in an electronic format.	9919
(E) A municipal corporation may not require a taxpayer	9920
required to file a report under this section to file a report of	9921
the taxpayer's income, but a municipal corporation may require a	9922
taxpayer to report to the municipal corporation the value of the	9923
taxpayer's real and tangible personal property situated in the	9924
municipal corporation, compensation paid by the taxpayer to its	9925
employees in the municipal corporation, and sales made in the	9926
municipal corporation by the taxpayer, to the extent necessary	9927
for the municipal corporation to compute the taxpayer's	9928
municipal property, payroll, and sales factors for the municipal	9929
corporation.	9930
(F) On or before the thirty-first day of January each	9931
year, each municipal corporation imposing a tax on income shall	9932

certify to the tax commissioner the rate of the tax in effect on	9933
the first day of January of that year. If any municipal	9934
corporation fails to certify its income tax rate as required by	9935
this division, the $\frac{\text{tax}}{\text{commissioner}}$ shall notify the director of	9936
budget and management, who, upon receiving such notification,	9937
shall withhold from each payment made to the municipal	9938
corporation under section 5745.05 of the Revised Code fifty per	9939
cent of the amount of the payment otherwise due the municipal	9940
corporation under that section as computed on the basis of the	9941
tax rate most recently certified until the municipal corporation	9942
certifies the tax rate in effect on the first day of January of	9943
that year.	9944

The tax rate used to determine the tax payable to a 9945 municipal corporation under this section for a taxpayer's 9946 taxable year shall be the tax rate in effect in a municipal 9947 corporation on the first day of January in that taxable year. If 9948 a taxpayer's taxable year is for a period less than twelve 9949 months that does not include the first day of January, the tax 9950 rate used to determine the tax payable to a municipal 9951 corporation under this section for the taxpayer's taxable year 9952 shall be the tax rate in effect in a municipal corporation on 9953 the first day of January in the preceding taxable year. 9954

Sec. 5745.04. (A) As used in this section, "combined tax 9955 liability" means the total of a taxpayer's income tax 9956 liabilities to all municipal corporations in this state for a 9957 taxable year. 9958

(B) Beginning with its taxable year beginning in 2003,

each Each taxpayer shall file a declaration of estimated tax

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report with, and remit estimated taxes to, the tax commissioner,

payable to the treasurer of state, at the times and in the

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amounts prescribed in divisions (B)(1) to (4) of this section.	9963
This division also applies to a taxpayer having a taxable year-	9964
consisting of fewer than twelve months, at least one of which is	9965
in 2002, that ends before January 1, 2003. The first taxable	9966
year a taxpayer is subject to this chapter, the estimated taxes	9967
the taxpayer is required to remit under this section shall be	9968
based solely on the current taxable year and not on the	9969
liability for the preceding taxable year.	9970
(1) Not less than twenty-five per cent of the combined tax	9971
liability for the preceding taxable year or twenty per cent of	9972

- (1) Not less than twenty-five per cent of the combined tax liability for the preceding taxable year or twenty per cent of the combined tax liability for the current taxable year shall have been remitted not later than the fifteenth day of the fourth month after the end of the preceding taxable year.
- (2) Not less than fifty per cent of the combined tax liability for the preceding taxable year or forty per cent of the combined tax liability for the current taxable year shall have been remitted not later than the fifteenth day of the sixth month after the end of the preceding taxable year.
- (3) Not less than seventy-five per cent of the combined tax liability for the preceding taxable year or sixty per cent of the combined tax liability for the current taxable year shall have been remitted not later than the fifteenth day of the ninth month after the end of the preceding taxable year.
- (4) Not less than one hundred per cent of the combined tax liability for the preceding taxable year or eighty per cent of the combined tax liability for the current taxable year shall have been remitted not later than the fifteenth day of the twelfth month after the end of the preceding taxable year.
 - (C) Each taxpayer shall report on the declaration of

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estimated tax report the portion of the remittance that the	9992
taxpayer estimates that it owes to each municipal corporation	9993
for the taxable year.	9994
(D) Upon receiving a declaration of estimated tax report	9995
and remittance of estimated taxes under this section, the tax	9996
commissioner shall immediately forward to the treasurer of state-	9997
such remittance. The treasurer of state shall credit ninety-	9998
eight and one-half per cent of the remittance to the municipal	9999
income tax fund and credit the remainder to the municipal income	10000
tax administrative fund.	10001
(E) If any remittance of estimated taxes is for one	10002
thousand dollars or more, the taxpayer shall make the remittance	10003
by electronic funds transfer electronically as prescribed by	10004
section 5745.04 <u>5745.041</u> of the Revised Code.	10005
(F) Notwithstanding section 5745.08 or 5745.09 of the	10006
Revised Code, no penalty or interest shall be imposed on a	10007
taxpayer if the declaration of estimated tax report is properly	10008
filed, and the estimated tax is paid, within the time prescribed	10009
by division (B) of this section.	10010
Sec. 5745.041. Any taxpayer required by section 5745.03 or	10011
5745.04 of the Revised Code to remit tax payments by electronic	10012
funds transfer electronically shall remit such payments to the	10013
treasurer of state in the manner prescribed by rules adopted by	10014
the treasurer under section 113.061 of the Revised Code in the	10015
manner prescribed by the tax commissioner. Except as otherwise	10016
provided in this paragraph, the payment of taxes by electronic	10017
funds transfer electronically does not affect a taxpayer's	10018
obligation to file reports under this chapter. If a taxpayer	10019
	10020

the treasurer of state, that permits the inclusion of all-

information necessary for the treasurer of state to process the	10022
payment, the taxpayer is not required to file the declaration of	10023
estimated tax report as otherwise required under section 5745.04	10024
of the Revised Code.	10025
The treasurer of state, in consultation with the tax	10026
commissioner, may adopt rules governing the format for reporting	10027
and paying estimated taxes by electronic funds transfer.	10028
	10000
A taxpayer required to remit taxes by electronic funds	10029
transfer electronically may apply to the treasurer of state tax	10030
commissioner in the manner prescribed by the treasurer	10031
<pre>commissioner to be excused from that requirement. The treasurer</pre>	10032
of state commissioner may excuse the taxpayer from the	10033
requirement for good cause shown for the period of time	10034
requested by the taxpayer or for a portion of that period. The	10035
treasurer shall notify the tax commissioner and the taxpayer of	10036
the treasurer's decision as soon as is practicable.	10037
If a taxpayer required by this section to remit taxes by	10038
electronic funds transfer electronically remits those taxes by	10039
some means other than by electronic funds transfer	10040
electronically as prescribed by this section—and the rules—	10041
adopted by the treasurer of state, and the treasurer	10042
<pre>commissioner determines that such failure was not due to</pre>	10043
reasonable cause or was due to willful neglect, the treasurer	10044
shall notify the tax commissioner of the failure to remit by	10045
electronic funds transfer and shall provide the commissioner	10046
with any information used in making that determination. The tax	10047
commissioner may collect an additional charge by assessment in	10048
the manner prescribed by section 5745.12 of the Revised Code.	10049
The additional charge shall equal five per cent of the amount of	10050
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the taxes or estimated tax payments required to be paid by

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electronic funds transferelectronically, but shall not exceed	10052
five thousand dollars. Any additional charge assessed under this	10053
section is in addition to any other penalty or charge imposed	10054
under this chapter, and shall be considered as revenue arising	10055
from municipal income taxes collected under this chapter. The	10056
tax-commissioner may remit all or a portion of such a charge and	10057
may adopt rules governing such remission.	10058

No additional charge shall be assessed under this section against a taxpayer that has been notified of its obligation to remit taxes <u>electronically</u> under this section and that remits its first two tax payments after such notification by some <u>other</u> means—other than electronic funds transfer. The additional charge may be assessed upon the remittance of any subsequent tax payment that the taxpayer remits by some means other than <u>electronic funds transferelectronically</u>.

Sec. 5747.059. (A) This section applies only to reduce a 10067 taxpayer's aggregate tax liability under section 5747.02 of the 10068 Revised Code.

- (B) There is hereby allowed a refundable credit against a 10070 taxpayer's aggregate tax liability under section 5747.02 of the 10071 Revised Code. This credit shall be equal to the taxpayer's 10072 proportionate share of the lesser of either the tax due or the 10073 tax paid under section 5733.41 or 5747.41 of the Revised Code by 10074 any qualifying entity as defined in section 5733.40 of the 10075 Revised Code for the qualifying taxable year of the qualifying 10076 entity which ends in the taxable year of the taxpayer. 10077
- (C) The taxpayer shall claim the credit for the taxpayer's 10078 taxable year in which ends the qualifying entity's qualifying 10079 taxable year. For purposes of making tax payments under this 10080 chapter, taxes equal to the amount of the credit shall be 10081

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considered to be paid by the taxpayer to this state on the day	10082
that the qualifying entity pays to the treasurer of state tax	10083
<pre>commissioner the amount due pursuant to section 5733.41 and</pre>	10084
sections 5747.41 to 5747.453 of the Revised Code with respect to	10085
and for the taxpayer.	10086

- (D) In claiming the credit and determining the taxpayer's 10087 proportionate share of the tax due and the tax paid by any 10088 qualifying entity, the taxpayer shall follow the concepts set 10089 forth in subchapters J and K of the Internal Revenue Code. 10090
- (E) The credit shall be claimed in the order required 10091 under section 5747.98 of the Revised Code. If the amount of the 10092 credit under this section exceeds the aggregate amount of tax 10093 otherwise due under section 5747.02 of the Revised Code after 10094 deduction of all other credits in that order, the taxpayer is 10095 entitled to a refund of the excess.

Sec. 5747.07. (A) As used in this section:

- (1) "Partial weekly withholding period" means a period 10098 during which an employer directly, indirectly, or constructively 10099 pays compensation to, or credits compensation to the benefit of, 10100 an employee, and that consists of a consecutive Saturday, 10101 10102 Sunday, Monday, and Tuesday or a consecutive Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday. There are two partial weekly withholding 10103 periods each week, except that a partial weekly withholding 10104 period cannot extend from one calendar year into the next 10105 calendar year; if the first day of January falls on a day other 10106 than Saturday or Wednesday, the partial weekly withholding 10107 period ends on the thirty-first day of December and there are 10108 three partial weekly withholding periods during that week. 10109
 - (2) "Undeposited taxes" means the taxes an employer is

required to deduct and withhold from an employee's compensation	10111
pursuant to section 5747.06 of the Revised Code that have not	10112
been remitted to the tax commissioner pursuant to this section	10112
or to the treasurer of state pursuant to section 5747.072 of the	10114
Revised Code.	10115
(3) A "week" begins on Saturday and concludes at the end	10116
of the following Friday.	10117
(4) "Professional employer organization," "professional	10118
employer organization agreement," and "professional employer	10119
organization reporting entity" have the same meanings as in	10120
section 4125.01 of the Revised Code.	10121
(5) "Alternate employer organization" and "alternate	10122
employer organization agreement" have the same meanings as in	10123
section 4133.01 of the Revised Code.	10124
(6) "Client employer" has the same meaning as in section	10125
4125.01 of the Revised Code in the context of a professional	10126
employer organization or a professional employer organization	10127
reporting entity, or the same meaning as in section 4133.01 of	10128
the Revised Code in the context of an alternate employer	10129
organization.	10130
(B) Except as provided in divisions (C) and (D) of this	10131
section and in division (A) of section 5747.072 of the Revised	10132
Code, every employer required to deduct and withhold any amount	10133
under section 5747.06 of the Revised Code shall file a return	10134
and shall pay the amount required by law as follows:	10135
(1) An employer who accumulates or is required to	10136
accumulate undeposited taxes of one hundred thousand dollars or	10137
more during a partial weekly withholding period shall make the	10138
payment of the undeposited taxes by the close of the first	10130
payment of the undeposited takes by the crose of the first	TOTO9

banking day after the day on which the accumulation reaches one	10140
hundred thousand dollars. If required under division (I) of this	10141
section, the payment shall be made by electronic funds transfer-	10142
electronically under section 5747.072 of the Revised Code.	10143

- (2) Except as required by division (B)(1) of this section, 10144 an employer whose actual or required payments under this section 10145 were at least eighty-four thousand dollars during the twelve-10146 month period ending on the thirtieth day of June of the 10147 preceding calendar year shall make the payment of undeposited 10148 taxes within three banking days after the close of a partial 10149 weekly withholding period during which the employer was required 10150 to deduct and withhold any amount under this chapter. If 10151 required under division (I) of this section, the payment shall 10152 be made by electronic funds transfer electronically under 10153 section 5747.072 of the Revised Code. 10154
- (3) Except as required by divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this 10155 section, if an employer's actual or required payments were more 10156 than two thousand dollars during the twelve-month period ending 10157 on the thirtieth day of June of the preceding calendar year, the 10158 employer shall make the payment of undeposited taxes for each 10159 month during which they were required to be withheld no later 10160 than fifteen days following the last day of that month. The 10161 employer shall file the return prescribed by the tax 10162 commissioner with the payment. 10163
- (4) Except as required by divisions (B)(1), (2), and (3)

 of this section, an employer shall make the payment of

 undeposited taxes for each calendar quarter during which they

 were required to be withheld no later than the last day of the

 month following the last day of March, June, September, and

 December each year. The employer shall file the return

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prescribed by the tax commissioner with the payment.

- (C) The return and payment schedules prescribed by

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 divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this section do not apply to the

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 return and payment of undeposited school district income taxes
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 arising from taxes levied pursuant to Chapter 5748. of the
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 Revised Code. Undeposited school district income taxes shall be
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 returned and paid pursuant to divisions (B)(3) and (4) of this
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 section, as applicable.
- (D)(1) The requirements of division (B) of this section 10178 are met if the amount paid is not less than ninety-five per cent 10179 of the actual tax withheld or required to be withheld for the 10180 prior quarterly, monthly, or partial weekly withholding period, 10181 and the underpayment is not due to willful neglect. Any 10182 underpayment of withheld tax shall be paid within thirty days of 10183 the date on which the withheld tax was due without regard to 10184 division (D)(1) of this section. An employer described in 10185 division (B)(1) or (2) of this section shall make the payment by 10186 electronic funds transfer_electronically_under section 5747.072 10187 of the Revised Code. 10188
- (2) If the tax commissioner believes that quarterly or 10189 monthly payments would result in a delay that might jeopardize 10190 the remittance of withholding payments, the commissioner may 10191 order that the payments be made weekly, or more frequently if 10192 necessary, and the payments shall be made no later than three 10193 banking days following the close of the period for which the 10194 jeopardy order is made. An order requiring weekly or more 10195 frequent payments shall be delivered to the employer personally 10196 or by certified mail in the manner provided in section 5703.37 10197 of the Revised Code and remains in effect until the commissioner 10198 notifies the employer to the contrary. 10199

(3) If compelling circumstances exist concerning the	10200
remittance of undeposited taxes, the commissioner may order the	10201
employer to make payments under any of the payment schedules	10202
under division (B) of this section. The order shall be delivered	10203
to the employer personally or by certified mail in the manner	10204
provided in section 5703.37 of the Revised Code and shall remain	10205
in effect until the commissioner notifies the employer to the	10206
contrary. For purposes of division (D)(3) of this section,	10207
"compelling circumstances" exist if either or both of the	10208
following are true:	10209
(a) Based upon annualization of payments made or required	10210
to be made during the preceding calendar year and during the	10211
current calendar year, the employer would be required for the	10212
next calendar year to make payments under division (B)(2) of	10213
this section.	10214
(b) Based upon annualization of payments made or required	10215
(b) Based upon annualization of payments made or required to be made during the current calendar year, the employer would	10215 10216
to be made during the current calendar year, the employer would	10216
to be made during the current calendar year, the employer would be required for the next calendar year to make payments under	10216 10217
to be made during the current calendar year, the employer would be required for the next calendar year to make payments under division (B)(2) of this section.	10216 10217 10218
to be made during the current calendar year, the employer would be required for the next calendar year to make payments under division (B)(2) of this section. (E)(1) An employer described in division (B)(1) or (2) of	10216 10217 10218 10219
to be made during the current calendar year, the employer would be required for the next calendar year to make payments under division (B)(2) of this section. (E)(1) An employer described in division (B)(1) or (2) of this section shall file, not later than the last day of the	10216 10217 10218 10219 10220
to be made during the current calendar year, the employer would be required for the next calendar year to make payments under division (B)(2) of this section. (E)(1) An employer described in division (B)(1) or (2) of this section shall file, not later than the last day of the month following the end of each calendar quarter, a return	10216 10217 10218 10219 10220 10221
to be made during the current calendar year, the employer would be required for the next calendar year to make payments under division (B)(2) of this section. (E)(1) An employer described in division (B)(1) or (2) of this section shall file, not later than the last day of the month following the end of each calendar quarter, a return covering, but not limited to, both the actual amount deducted	10216 10217 10218 10219 10220 10221 10222
to be made during the current calendar year, the employer would be required for the next calendar year to make payments under division (B)(2) of this section. (E)(1) An employer described in division (B)(1) or (2) of this section shall file, not later than the last day of the month following the end of each calendar quarter, a return covering, but not limited to, both the actual amount deducted and withheld and the amount required to be deducted and withheld	10216 10217 10218 10219 10220 10221 10222 10223
to be made during the current calendar year, the employer would be required for the next calendar year to make payments under division (B)(2) of this section. (E)(1) An employer described in division (B)(1) or (2) of this section shall file, not later than the last day of the month following the end of each calendar quarter, a return covering, but not limited to, both the actual amount deducted and withheld and the amount required to be deducted and withheld for the tax imposed under section 5747.02 of the Revised Code	10216 10217 10218 10219 10220 10221 10222 10223 10224
to be made during the current calendar year, the employer would be required for the next calendar year to make payments under division (B)(2) of this section. (E)(1) An employer described in division (B)(1) or (2) of this section shall file, not later than the last day of the month following the end of each calendar quarter, a return covering, but not limited to, both the actual amount deducted and withheld and the amount required to be deducted and withheld for the tax imposed under section 5747.02 of the Revised Code during each partial weekly withholding period or portion of a	10216 10217 10218 10219 10220 10221 10222 10223 10224 10225
to be made during the current calendar year, the employer would be required for the next calendar year to make payments under division (B)(2) of this section. (E)(1) An employer described in division (B)(1) or (2) of this section shall file, not later than the last day of the month following the end of each calendar quarter, a return covering, but not limited to, both the actual amount deducted and withheld and the amount required to be deducted and withheld for the tax imposed under section 5747.02 of the Revised Code during each partial weekly withholding period or portion of a partial weekly withholding period during that quarter. The	10216 10217 10218 10219 10220 10221 10222 10223 10224 10225 10226

shall pay any amounts of undeposited taxes for the quarter,	10230
whether actually deducted and withheld or required to be-	10231
deducted and withheld, that have not been previously paid. If	10232
required under division (I) of this section, the payment shall-	10233
be made by electronic funds transfer. The tax commissioner shall-	10234
prescribe the form and other requirements of the quarterly-	10235
return.	10236

(2)—In addition to other returns required to be filed and 10237 payments required to be made under this section, every employer 10238 required to deduct and withhold taxes shall file, not later than 10239 the thirty-first day of January of each year, an annual return 10240 covering, but not limited to, both the aggregate amount deducted 10241 and withheld and the aggregate amount required to be deducted 10242 and withheld during the entire preceding year for the tax 10243 imposed under section 5747.02 of the Revised Code and for each 10244 tax imposed under Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code. At the time 10245 of filing that return, the employer shall pay over any amounts 10246 of undeposited taxes for the preceding year, whether actually 10247 deducted and withheld or required to be deducted and withheld, 10248 that have not been previously paid. The employer shall make the 10249 annual report, to each employee and to the tax commissioner, of 10250 the compensation paid and each tax withheld, as the commissioner 10251 by rule may prescribe. 10252

(2) Each employer required to deduct and withhold any tax

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is liable for the payment of that amount required to be deducted
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and withheld, whether or not the tax has in fact been withheld,
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unless the failure to withhold was based upon the employer's
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good faith in reliance upon the statement of the employee as to
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liability, and the amount shall be deemed to be a special fund
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in trust for the general revenue fund.

(F) Each employer shall file with the employer's annual	10260
return the following items of information on employees for whom	10261
withholding is required under section 5747.06 of the Revised	10262
Code:	10263
(1) The full name of each employee, the employee's	10264
address, the employee's school district of residence, and in the	10265
case of a nonresident employee, the employee's principal county	10266
of employment;	10267
(2) The social security number of each employee;	10268
(3) The total amount of compensation paid before any	10269
deductions to each employee for the period for which the annual	10270
return is made;	10271
(4) The amount of the tax imposed by section 5747.02 of	10272
the Revised Code and the amount of each tax imposed under	10273
Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code withheld from the compensation	10274
of the employee for the period for which the annual return is	10275
made. The commissioner may extend upon good cause the period for	10276
filing any notice or return required to be filed under this	10277
section and may adopt rules relating to extensions of time. If	10278
the extension results in an extension of time for the payment of	10279
the amounts withheld with respect to which the return is filed,	10280
the employer shall pay, at the time the amount withheld is paid,	10281
an amount of interest computed at the rate per annum prescribed	10282
by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code on that amount withheld,	10283
from the day that amount was originally required to be paid to	10284
the day of actual payment or to the day an assessment is issued	10285
under section 5747.13 of the Revised Code, whichever occurs	10286
first.	10287

(5) In addition to all other interest charges and

penalties imposed, all amounts of taxes withheld or required to	10289
be withheld and remaining unpaid after the day the amounts are	10290
required to be paid shall bear interest from the date prescribed	10291
for payment at the rate per annum prescribed by section 5703.47	10292
of the Revised Code on the amount unpaid, in addition to the	10293
amount withheld, until paid or until the day an assessment is	10294
issued under section 5747.13 of the Revised Code, whichever	10295
occurs first.	10296

- (G) An employee of a corporation, limited liability 10297 10298 company, or business trust having control or supervision of or charged with the responsibility of filing the report and making 10299 payment, or an officer, member, manager, or trustee of a 10300 corporation, limited liability company, or business trust who is 10301 responsible for the execution of the corporation's, limited 10302 liability company's, or business trust's fiscal 10303 responsibilities, shall be personally liable for failure to file 10304 the report or pay the tax due as required by this section. The 10305 dissolution, termination, or bankruptcy of a corporation, 10306 limited liability company, or business trust does not discharge 10307 a responsible officer's, member's, manager's, employee's, or 10308 trustee's liability for a failure of the corporation, limited 10309 liability company, or business trust to file returns or pay tax 10310 10311 due.
- (H) If an employer required to deduct and withhold income 10312 tax from compensation and to pay that tax to the state under 10313 sections 5747.06 and 5747.07 of the Revised Code sells the 10314 employer's business or stock of merchandise or quits the 10315 employer's business, the taxes required to be deducted and 10316 withheld and paid to the state pursuant to those sections prior 10317 to that time, together with any interest and penalties imposed 10318 on those taxes, become due and payable immediately, and that 10319

person shall make a final return within fifteen days after the	10320
date of selling or quitting business. The employer's successor	10321
shall withhold a sufficient amount of the purchase money to	10322
cover the amount of the taxes, interest, and penalties due and	10323
unpaid, until the former owner produces a receipt from the tax	10324
commissioner showing that the taxes, interest, and penalties	10325
have been paid or a certificate indicating that no such taxes	10326
are due. If the purchaser of the business or stock of	10327
merchandise fails to withhold purchase money, the purchaser	10328
shall be personally liable for the payment of the taxes,	10329
interest, and penalties accrued and unpaid during the operation	10330
of the business by the former owner. If the amount of taxes,	10331
interest, and penalties outstanding at the time of the purchase	10332
exceeds the total purchase money, the tax commissioner in the	10333
commissioner's discretion may adjust the liability of the seller	10334
or the responsibility of the purchaser to pay that liability to	10335
maximize the collection of withholding tax revenue.	10336

- (I) An employer whose actual or required payments under

 this section exceeded eighty-four thousand dollars during the

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 twelve-month period ending on the thirtieth day of June of the

 preceding calendar year shall make all payments required by this

 section for the year by electronic funds transfer electronically

 under section 5747.072 of the Revised Code.

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- (J) (1) Every professional employer organization, 10343 professional employer organization reporting entity, and 10344 alternate employer organization shall file a report with the tax 10345 commissioner within thirty days after commencing business in 10346 this state that includes all of the following information: 10347
- (a) The name, address, number the employer receives from 10348 the secretary of state to do business in this state, if 10349

applicable, and federal employer identification number of each	10350
client employer of the organization or entity;	10351
(b) The date that each client employer became a client of	10352
the organization or entity;	10353
(c) The names and mailing addresses of the chief executive	10354
officer and the chief financial officer of each client employer	10355
for taxation of the client employer.	10356
(2) Beginning with the calendar quarter ending after a	10357
professional employer organization, professional employer	10358
organization reporting entity, or alternate employer	10359
organization files the report required under division (J)(1) of	10360
this section, and every calendar quarter thereafter, the	10361
organization or entity shall file an updated report with the tax	10362
commissioner. The organization or entity shall file the updated	10363
report not later than the last day of the month following the	10364
end of the calendar quarter and shall include all of the	10365
following information in the report:	10366
(a) If an entity became a client employer of the	10367
professional employer organization, professional employer	10368
organization reporting entity, or alternate employer	10369
organization at any time during the calendar quarter, all of the	10370
information required under division (J)(1) of this section for	10371
each new client employer;	10372
(b) If an entity terminated the professional employer	10373
organization agreement or the alternate employer organization	10374
agreement between the entity and the professional employer	10375
organization, professional employer organization reporting	10376
entity, or alternate employer organization, as applicable, at	10377
any time during the calendar quarter, the information described	10378

in division (J)(1)(a) of this section for that entity, the date

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during the calendar quarter that the entity ceased being a	10380
client of the organization or reporting entity, if applicable,	10381
or the date the entity ceased business operations in this state,	10382
if applicable;	10383
(a) T6 (b)	10004
(c) If the name or mailing address of the chief executive	10384
officer or the chief financial officer of a client employer has	10385
changed since the professional employer organization,	10386
professional employer organization reporting entity, or	10387
alternate employer organization previously submitted a report	10388
under division (J)(1) or (2) of this section, the updated name	10389
or mailing address, or both, of the chief executive officer or	10390
the chief financial officer, as applicable;	10391
(d) If none of the events described in divisions (J)(2)(a)	10392
to (c) of this section occurred during the calendar quarter, a	10393
statement of that fact.	10394
statement of that fact. Sec. 5747.072. (A) Any employer required by section	10394 10395
Sec. 5747.072. (A) Any employer required by section	10395
Sec. 5747.072. (A) Any employer required by section 5747.07 of the Revised Code to remit undeposited taxes by	10395 10396
Sec. 5747.072. (A) Any employer required by section 5747.07 of the Revised Code to remit undeposited taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically shall do so in the	10395 10396 10397
Sec. 5747.072. (A) Any employer required by section 5747.07 of the Revised Code to remit undeposited taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically shall do so in the manner prescribed by rules adopted by the treasurer of state	10395 10396 10397 10398
Sec. 5747.072. (A) Any employer required by section 5747.07 of the Revised Code to remit undeposited taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically shall do so in the manner prescribed by rules adopted by the treasurer of state under section 113.061 of the Revised Code and by using the Ohio	10395 10396 10397 10398 10399
Sec. 5747.072. (A) Any employer required by section 5747.07 of the Revised Code to remit undeposited taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically shall do so in the manner prescribed by rules adopted by the treasurer of state under section 113.061 of the Revised Code and by using the Ohio business gateway, as defined in section 718.01 of the Revised	10395 10396 10397 10398 10399
Sec. 5747.072. (A) Any employer required by section 5747.07 of the Revised Code to remit undeposited taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically shall do so in the manner prescribed by rules adopted by the treasurer of state under section 113.061 of the Revised Code and by using the Ohio business gateway, as defined in section 718.01 of the Revised Code, or another means of electronic payment on or before the	10395 10396 10397 10398 10399 10400 10401
Sec. 5747.072. (A) Any employer required by section 5747.07 of the Revised Code to remit undeposited taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically shall do so in the manner prescribed by rules adopted by the treasurer of state under section 113.061 of the Revised Code and by using the Ohio business gateway, as defined in section 718.01 of the Revised Code, or another means of electronic payment on or before the dates specified under that divisionsection. The tax commissioner	10395 10396 10397 10398 10399 10400 10401 10402
Sec. 5747.072. (A) Any employer required by section 5747.07 of the Revised Code to remit undeposited taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically shall do so in the manner prescribed by rules adopted by the treasurer of state under section 113.061 of the Revised Code and by using the Ohio business gateway, as defined in section 718.01 of the Revised Code, or another means of electronic payment on or before the dates specified under that divisionsection. The tax commissioner shall notify each such employer of the employer's obligation to	10395 10396 10397 10398 10399 10400 10401 10402 10403
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remit taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically does not

relieve the employer of its obligation to remit taxes by-

for good cause shown for the period of time requested by the

shall notify the tax commissioner and the employer of the

employer or a portion of that period. The treasurer commissioner

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electronic funds transferin that manner.	10411
Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the The	10412
payment of taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically	10413
does not affect an employer's obligation to file the quarterly	10414
return as required under division (E)(1) of section 5747.07 of	10415
the Revised Code or the annual return as required under	10416
divisions (E)(2) (E) and (F) of that section 5747.07 of the	10417
Revised Code. If the employer remits estimated tax payments in a	10418
manner, designated by the treasurer of state, that permits the	10419
inclusion of all information necessary for the treasurer of	10420
state to process the tax payment, the employer need not file the	10421
return required under division (B) of section 5747.07 of the	10422
Revised Code. The treasurer of state, in consultation with the	10423
tax commissioner, may adopt rules governing the format for	10424
filing the returns under section 5747.07 of the Revised Code by	10425
employers who remit undeposited taxes by electronic funds	10426
transfer. The rules may permit the filing of returns at less	10427
frequent intervals than required by that division if the	10428
treasurer of state and the tax commissioner determine that	10429
remittance by electronic funds transfer warrants less frequent	10430
filing of returns.	10431
An employer required by this section to remit taxes by	10432
electronic funds transfer electronically may apply to the	10433
treasurer of state commissioner to be excused from that	10434
requirement. The treasurer of state <u>commissioner</u> may excuse the	10435
employer from <u>electronic</u> remittance by electronic funds transfer	10436

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treasurer's commissioner's decision as soon as is practicable.	10440
(B) If an employer required by this section to remit	10441
undeposited taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically	10442
remits those taxes by some other means other than electronic	10443
funds transfer as prescribed by the rules adopted by the	10444
treasurer of state, and the treasurer tax commissioner	10445
determines that such failure was not due to reasonable cause or	10446
was due to willful neglect, the treasurer shall notify the tax	10447
commissioner of the failure to remit by electronic funds	10448
transfer and shall provide the commissioner with any information	10449
used in making that determination. The tax commissioner may	10450
collect an additional charge by assessment in the manner	10451
prescribed by section 5747.13 of the Revised Code. The	10452
additional charge shall equal five per cent of the amount of the	10453
undeposited taxes, but shall not exceed five thousand dollars.	10454
Any additional charge assessed under this section is in addition	10455
to any other penalty or charge imposed by this chapter, and	10456
shall be considered as revenue arising from the taxes imposed by	10457
this chapter. The tax-commissioner may remit all or a portion of	10458
such a charge and may adopt rules governing such remission.	10459
No additional charge shall be assessed under this division	10460
against an employer that has been notified of its obligation to	10461
remit taxes <u>electronically</u> under this section and that remits	10462
its first two tax payments after such notification by some other	10463
means-other than electronic funds transfer. The additional	10464
charge may be assessed upon the remittance of any subsequent tax	10465
payment that the employer remits by some means other than	10466
electronic funds transferelectronically.	10467
Sec. 5747.42. (A) In addition to the other returns	10468

required to be filed and other remittances required to be made

pursuant to this chapter, every qualifying entity or electing	10470
pass-through entity that is subject to the tax imposed by	10471
section 5733.41, 5747.38, or 5747.41 of the Revised Code shall	10472
file an annual return as follows:	10473
(1) For a qualifying entity, on or before the fifteenth	10474
day of the fourth month following the end of the entity's	10475
qualifying taxable year;	10476
(2) For an electing pass-through entity, on or before the	10477
fifteenth day of April following the end of the entity's taxable	10478
year that ends in the preceding calendar year.	10479
Each entity shall also remit to the tax commissioner, with	10480
the remittance made payable to the treasurer of state, the	10481
amount of the taxes shown to be due on the return, less the	10482
amount paid for the taxable year on a declaration of estimated	10483
tax report filed by the taxpayer as provided by section 5747.43	10484
of the Revised Code. Remittance shall be made in the form	10485
prescribed by the tax commissioner, including electronic funds	10486
transfer electronically if required by section 5747.44 of the	10487
Revised Code.	10488
A domestic qualifying entity shall not dissolve, and a	10489
foreign qualifying entity shall not withdraw or retire from	10490
business in this state, without filing the tax returns and	10491
paying the taxes charged for the year in which such dissolution	10492
or withdrawal occurs.	10493
(B) The tax commissioner shall furnish qualifying entities	10494
or electing pass-through entities, upon request, copies of the	10495
forms prescribed by the commissioner for the purpose of making	10496
the returns required by sections 5747.42 to 5747.453 of the	10497
Revised Code.	10498

(C) The annual return required by this section shall be	10499
signed by the applicable entity's trustee or other fiduciary, or	10500
president, vice-president, secretary, treasurer, general	10501
manager, general partner, superintendent, or managing agent in	10502
this state. The annual return shall contain the facts, figures,	10503
computations, and attachments that result in the tax charged by	10504
section 5733.41, 5747.38, or 5747.41 of the Revised Code. Each	10505
entity also shall file with its annual return all of the	10506
following:	10507
(1) In the case of the tax charged by section 5733.41 or	10508
5747.41 of the Revised Code, the full name and address of each	10509
qualifying investor or qualifying beneficiary unless the	10510
qualifying entity submits such information in accordance with	10511
division (D) of this section;	10512
(2) In the case of the tax charged by section 5733.41 or	10513
5747.41 of the Revised Code, the social security number, federal	10514
employer identification number, or other identifying number of	10515
each qualifying investor or qualifying beneficiary, unless the	10516
taxpayer submits that information in accordance with division	10517
(D) of this section;	10518
(3) In the case of the tax charged by section 5747.38 of	10519
the Revised Code, the full name and address and the social	10520
security number, federal employer identification number, or	10521
other identifying number of each owner of the electing pass-	10522
through entity, unless the entity submits such information in	10523
accordance with division (D) of this section;	10524
(4) The amount of tax imposed by sections 5733.41 and	10525
5747.41 or by section 5747.38 of the Revised Code, and the	10526
amount of the tax paid by the entity, for the applicable taxable	10527

(5) The amount of tax imposed by sections 5733.41 and	10529
5747.41 or by section 5747.38 of the Revised Code that is	10530
attributable to each qualifying investor, qualifying	10531
beneficiary, or owner, as applicable, unless the entity submits	10532
this information in accordance with division (D) of this	10533
section.	10534

- (D) On the date the annual return is due, including 10535 extensions of time, if any, the applicable entity may be 10536 required by rule to transmit electronically or by magnetic media 10537 the information set forth in division (C) of this section. The 10538 tax commissioner may adopt rules governing the format for the 10539 transmission of such information. The tax commissioner may 10540 exempt an entity or a class of entities from the requirements 10541 imposed by this division. 10542
- (E) Upon good cause shown, the tax commissioner may extend 10543 the period for filing any return required to be filed under this 10544 section or section 5747.43 or 5747.44 of the Revised Code and 10545 for transmitting any information required to be transmitted 10546 under those sections. The tax commissioner may adopt rules 10547 relating to extensions of time to file and to transmit. At the 10548 time an entity pays any tax imposed under section 5733.41, 10549 5747.38, or 5747.41 of the Revised Code or estimated tax as 10550 required under section 5747.43 of the Revised Code, the entity 10551 10552 also shall pay interest computed at the rate per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code on that tax or 10553 estimated tax, from the time the tax or estimated tax originally 10554 was required to be paid, without consideration of any filing 10555 extensions, to the time of actual payment. Nothing in this 10556 division shall be construed to abate, modify, or limit the 10557 imposition of any penalties imposed for the failure to timely 10558 pay taxes under this chapter or Chapter 5733. of the Revised 10559

Code without consideration of any filing extensions.

Sec. 5747.44. (A) If a qualifying entity's or an electing 10561 pass-through entity's total liability for taxes imposed under 10562 sections 5733.41 and 5747.41 or under section 5747.38 of the 10563 Revised Code exceeds one hundred eighty thousand dollars for the 10564 second preceding taxable year or qualifying taxable year, as 10565 applicable, the entity shall make all payments required under 10566 sections 5747.42 and 5747.43 or under section 5747.38 of the 10567 Revised Code by electronic funds transfer as electronically in 10568 the manner prescribed by this section and rules adopted by the 10569 treasurer of state under section 113.061 of the Revised Codethe 10570 tax commissioner. 10571

The tax commissioner shall notify each qualifying entity 10572 and electing pass-through entity required to remit taxes by 10573 electronic funds transfer electronically of the entity's 10574 obligation to do so, shall maintain an updated list of those 10575 entities, and shall provide the list and any additions thereto-10576 or deletions therefrom to the treasurer of state. Failure by the 10577 tax commissioner to notify an entity subject to this section to 10578 remit taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically does not 10579 relieve the entity of its obligation to remit taxes by 10580 10581 electronic funds transferin that manner.

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, the 10582 payment of taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically 10583 does not affect a qualifying entity's or an electing pass-10584 through entity's obligation to file the returns required under 10585 sections 5747.42 and 5747.43 of the Revised Code. The treasurer 10586 10587 of state, in consultation with the tax commissioner, may adopt rules in addition to the rules adopted under section 113.061 of 10588 10589 the Revised Code governing the format for filing returns by

qualifying entities and electing pass through entities that	10590
remit taxes by electronic funds transfer. The rules may provide	10591
for the filing of returns at less frequent intervals than-	10592
otherwise required if the treasurer of state and the tax-	10593
commissioner determine that remittance by electronic funds-	10594
transfer warrants less frequent filing of returns.	10595

- (C) A qualifying entity or an electing pass-through entity 10596 required by this section to remit taxes by electronic funds-10597 transfer_electronically may apply to the treasurer of state_tax_ 10598 commissioner in the manner prescribed by the treasurer of state-10599 commissioner to be excused from that requirement. The treasurer 10600 of state commissioner may excuse the entity from electronic 10601 remittance by electronic funds transfer for good cause shown for 10602 the period of time requested by the entity or for a portion of 10603 that period. The treasurer of state commissioner shall notify 10604 the tax commissioner and the entity of the treasurer of state's 10605 commissioner's decision as soon as is practicable. 10606
- (D) If a qualifying entity or an electing pass-through 10607 entity required by this section to remit taxes by electronic 10608 funds transfer_electronically remits those taxes by some means 10609 other than by electronic funds transfer electronically as 10610 prescribed by this section and the rules adopted by the 10611 treasurer of state, and the treasurer of state—tax commissioner 10612 determines that such failure was not due to reasonable cause or 10613 was due to willful neglect, the treasurer of state shall notify 10614 the tax commissioner of the failure to remit by electronic funds-10615 transfer and shall provide the commissioner with any information 10616 used in making that determination. The tax commissioner may 10617 collect an additional charge by assessment in the manner 10618 prescribed by section 5747.13 of the Revised Code. The 10619 additional charge shall equal five per cent of the amount of the 10620

taxes required to be paid by electronic funds	10621
transferelectronically, but shall not exceed five thousand	10622
dollars. Any additional charge assessed under this section is in	10623
addition to any other penalty or charge imposed under this	10624
chapter or Chapter 5733. of the Revised Code, and shall be	10625
considered as revenue arising from the taxes imposed under	10626
sections 5733.41 and 5747.41 or under section 5747.38 of the	10627
Revised Code. The $\frac{\text{tax}}{\text{commissioner}}$ may remit all or a portion of	10628
such a charge and may adopt rules governing such remission.	10629

No additional charge shall be assessed under this division 10630 against a qualifying entity or an electing pass-through entity 10631 that has been notified of its obligation to remit taxes 10632 electronically under this section and that remits its first two 10633 tax payments after such notification by some other means-other 10634 than electronic funds transfer. The additional charge may be 10635 assessed upon the remittance of any subsequent tax payment that 10636 the entity remits by some means other than electronic funds-10637 transferelectronically. 10638

Sec. 5747.451. (A) The mere retirement from business or 10639 voluntary dissolution of a domestic or foreign qualifying entity 10640 or electing pass-through entity does not exempt it from the 10641 10642 requirements to make reports as required under sections 5747.42 to 5747.44 or to pay the taxes imposed under section 5733.41, 10643 5747.38, or 5747.41 of the Revised Code. If any qualifying 10644 entity or electing pass-through entity subject to the taxes 10645 imposed under section 5733.41, 5747.38, or 5747.41 of the 10646 Revised Code sells its business or stock of merchandise or quits 10647 its business, the taxes required to be paid prior to that time, 10648 together with any interest or penalty thereon, become due and 10649 payable immediately, and the entity shall make a final return 10650 within fifteen days after the date of selling or quitting 10651

business. The successor of the qualifying entity or electing	10652
pass-through entity shall withhold a sufficient amount of the	10653
purchase money to cover the amount of such taxes, interest, and	10654
penalties due and unpaid until the entity produces a receipt	10655
from the tax commissioner showing that the taxes, interest, and	10656
penalties have been paid, or a certificate indicating that no	10657
taxes are due. If the purchaser of the business or stock of	10658
goods fails to withhold purchase money, the purchaser is	10659
personally liable for the payment of the taxes, interest, and	10660
penalties accrued and unpaid during the operation of the	10661
business by the entity. If the amount of those taxes, interest,	10662
and penalty unpaid at the time of the purchase exceeds the total	10663
purchase money, the tax commissioner may adjust the entity's	10664
liability for those taxes, interest, and penalty, or adjust the	10665
responsibility of the purchaser to pay that liability, in a	10666
manner calculated to maximize the collection of those	10667
liabilities.	10668

(B) Annually, on the last day of each qualifying taxable 10669 year of a qualifying entity or taxable year of an electing pass-10670 through entity, the taxes imposed under section 5733.41, 10671 5747.38, or 5747.41 of the Revised Code, together with any 10672 penalties subsequently accruing thereon, become a lien on all 10673 property in this state of the entity, whether such property is 10674 employed by the entity in the prosecution of its business or is 10675 in the hands of an assignee, trustee, or receiver for the 10676 benefit of the entity's creditors and investors. The lien shall 10677 continue until those taxes, together with any penalties 10678 subsequently accruing, are paid. 10679

Upon failure of such a qualifying entity or an electing 10680 pass-through entity to pay those taxes on the day fixed for 10681 payment, the treasurer of state shall thereupon notify the tax 10682

$ ext{commissioner, and the } ext{tax} ext{ commissioner may file}_{m{L}} ext{ in the office}$	10683
of the county recorder in each county in this state in which the	10684
entity owns or has a beneficial interest in real estate, notice	10685
of the lien containing a brief description of such real estate.	10686
No fee shall be charged for such a filing. The lien is not valid	10687
as against any mortgagee, purchaser, or judgment creditor whose	10688
rights have attached prior to the time the notice is so filed in	10689
the county in which the real estate which is the subject of such	10690
mortgage, purchase, or judgment lien is located. The notice	10691
shall be recorded in the official records kept by the county	10692
recorder and indexed under the name of the entity charged with	10693
the tax. When the tax, together with any penalties subsequently	10694
accruing thereon, have been paid, the tax commissioner shall	10695
furnish to the entity an acknowledgment of such payment that the	10696
entity may record with the county recorder of each county in	10697
which notice of such lien has been filed, for which recording	10698
the county recorder shall charge and receive a fee of two	10699
dollars.	10700

(C) In addition to all other remedies for the collection 10701 of any taxes or penalties due under law, whenever any taxes, 10702 interest, or penalties due from any qualifying entity or 10703 electing pass-through entity under section 5733.41 of the 10704 Revised Code or this chapter have remained unpaid for a period 10705 of ninety days, or whenever any qualifying entity or electing 10706 pass-through entity has failed for a period of ninety days to 10707 make any report or return required by law, or to pay any penalty 10708 for failure to make or file such report or return, the attorney 10709 general, upon the request of the tax commissioner, shall file a 10710 petition in the court of common pleas in the county of the state 10711 in which such entity has its principal place of business for a 10712 judgment for the amount of the taxes, interest, or penalties 10713

appearing to be due, the enforcement of any lien in favor of the	10714
state, and an injunction to restrain such entity and its	10715
officers, directors, and managing agents from the transaction of	10716
any business within this state, other than such acts as are	10717
incidental to liquidation or winding up, until the payment of	10718
such taxes, interest, and penalties, and the costs of the	10719
proceeding fixed by the court, or the making and filing of such	10720
report or return.	10721

The petition shall be in the name of the state. Any of the 10722 qualifying entities or electing pass-through entities having its 10723 principal places of business in the county may be joined in one 10724 suit. On the motion of the attorney general, the court of common 10725 pleas shall enter an order requiring all defendants to answer by 10726 a day certain, and may appoint a special master commissioner to 10727 take testimony, with such other power and authority as the court 10728 confers, and permitting process to be served by registered mail 10729 and by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the 10730 county, which publication need not be made more than once, 10731 setting forth the name of each delinquent entity, the matter in 10732 which the entity is delinquent, the names of its officers, 10733 directors, and managing agents, if set forth in the petition, 10734 and the amount of any taxes, fees, or penalties claimed to be 10735 owing by the entity. 10736

All or any of the trustees or other fiduciaries, officers, 10737 directors, investors, beneficiaries, or managing agents of any 10738 qualifying entity or electing pass-through entity may be joined 10739 as defendants with such entity. 10740

If it appears to the court upon hearing that any 10741 qualifying entity or electing pass-through entity that is a 10742 party to the proceeding is indebted to the state for taxes 10743

imposed under section 5733.41, 5747.38, or 5747.41 of the	10744
Revised Code, or interest or penalties thereon, judgment shall	10745
be entered therefor with interest; and if it appears that any	10746
qualifying entity or electing pass-through entity has failed to	10747
make or file any report or return, a mandatory injunction may be	10748
issued against the entity, its trustees or other fiduciaries,	10749
officers, directors, and managing agents, enjoining them from	10750
the transaction of any business within this state, other than	10751
acts incidental to liquidation or winding up, until the making	10752
and filing of all proper reports or returns and until the	10753
payment in full of all taxes, interest, and penalties.	10754

If the trustees or other fiduciaries, officers, directors, 10755 investors, beneficiaries, or managing agents of a qualifying 10756 entity or an electing pass-through entity are not made parties 10757 in the first instance, and a judgment or an injunction is 10758 rendered or issued against the entity, those officers, 10759 directors, investors, or managing agents may be made parties to 10760 such proceedings upon the motion of the attorney general, and, 10761 upon notice to them of the form and terms of such injunction, 10762 they shall be bound thereby as fully as if they had been made 10763 parties in the first instance. 10764

In any action authorized by this division, a statement of 10765 the tax commissioner, or the secretary of state, when duly 10766 certified, shall be prima-facie evidence of the amount of taxes, 10767 interest, or penalties due from any qualifying entity or 10768 electing pass-through entity, or of the failure of any such 10769 entity to file with the commissioner or the secretary of state 10770 any report required by law, and any such certificate of the 10771 commissioner or the secretary of state may be required in 10772 evidence in any such proceeding. 10773

On the application of any defendant and for good cause	10774
shown, the court may order a separate hearing of the issues as	10775
to any defendant.	10776

The costs of the proceeding shall be apportioned among the 10777 parties as the court deems proper. 10778

The court in such proceeding may make, enter, and enforce 10779 such other judgments and orders and grant such other relief as 10780 is necessary or incidental to the enforcement of the claims and 10781 lien of the state.

In the performance of the duties enjoined upon the 10783 attorney general by this division, the attorney general may 10784 direct any prosecuting attorney to bring an action, as 10785 authorized by this division, in the name of the state with 10786 respect to any delinquent qualifying entities or delinquent 10787 electing pass-through entities within the prosecuting attorney's 10788 county, and like proceedings and orders shall be had as if such 10789 action were instituted by the attorney general. 10790

(D) If any qualifying entity or electing pass-through 10791 entity fails to make and file the reports or returns required 10792 under this chapter, or to pay the penalties provided by law for 10793 failure to make and file such reports or returns for a period of 10794 ninety days after the time prescribed by this chapter, the 10795 attorney general, on the request of the tax commissioner, shall 10796 commence an action in quo warranto in the court of appeals of 10797 the county in which that entity has its principal place of 10798 business to forfeit and annul its privileges and franchises. If 10799 the court is satisfied that any such entity is in default, it 10800 shall render judgment ousting such entity from the exercise of 10801 its privileges and franchises within this state, and shall 10802 otherwise proceed as provided in sections 2733.02 to 2733.39 of 10803

the Revised Code.	10804
Sec. 5815.26. (A) As used in this section:	10805
(1) "Fiduciary" means a trustee under any testamentary,	10806
inter vivos, or other trust, an executor or administrator, or	10807
any other person who is acting in a fiduciary capacity for a	10808
person, trust, or estate.	10809
(2) "Short term trust-quality investment fund" means a	10810
short term investment fund that meets both of the following	10811
conditions:	10812
(a) The fund may be either a collective investment fund	10813
established pursuant to section 1111.14 of the Revised Code or a	10814
registered investment company, including any affiliated	10815
investment company whether or not the fiduciary has invested	10816
other funds held by it in an agency or other nonfiduciary	10817
capacity in the securities of the same registered investment	10818
company or affiliated investment company.	10819
(b) The fund is invested in any one or more of the	10820
following manners:	10821
(i) In obligations of the United States or of its	10822
agencies;	10823
(ii) In obligations of one or more of the states of the	10824
United States or their political subdivisions;	10825
(iii) In variable demand notes, corporate money market	10826
instruments including, but not limited to, commercial paper	10827
rated at the time of purchase in either of the two highest	10828
classifications established by at least one nationally	10829
recognized standard statistical rating service organization;	10830
(iv) In deposits in banks or savings and loan associations	10831

whose deposits are insured by the federal deposit insurance	10832
corporation, if the rate of interest paid on such deposits is at	10833
least equal to the rate of interest generally paid by such banks	10834
or savings and loan associations on deposits of similar terms or	10835
amounts;	10836
(v) In fully collateralized repurchase agreements or other	10837
evidences of indebtedness that are of trust quality and are	10838
payable on demand or have a maturity date consistent with the	10839
purpose of the fund and the duty of fiduciary prudence.	10840
(3) "Registered investment company" means any investment	10841
company that is defined in and registered under sections 3 and 8	10842
of the "Investment Company Act of 1940," 54 Stat. 789, 15	10843
U.S.C.A. 80a-3 and 80a-8.	10844
(4) "Affiliated investment company" has the same meaning	10845
as in division (E)(1) of section 1111.10 of the Revised Code.	10846
(B) A fiduciary is not required to invest cash that	10847
belongs to the trust and may hold that cash for the period prior	10848
to distribution if either of the following applies:	10849
(1) The fiduciary reasonably expects to do either of the	10850
following:	10851
(a) Distribute the cash to beneficiaries of the trust on a	10852
quarterly or more frequent basis;	10853
(b) Use the cash for the payment of debts, taxes, or	10854
expenses of administration within the ninety-day period	10855
following the receipt of the cash by the fiduciary.	10856
(2) Determined on the basis of the facilities available to	10857
the fiduciary and the amount of the income that reasonably could	10858
be earned by the investment of the cash, the amount of the cash	10859

does not justify the administrative burden or expense associated with its investment.	10860 10861
(C) If a fiduciary wishes to hold funds that belong to the	10862
trust in liquid form and division (B) of this section does not	10863
apply, the fiduciary may so hold the funds as long as they are	10864
temporarily invested as described in division (D) of this	10865
section.	10866
(D)(1) A fiduciary may make a temporary investment of cash	10867
that may be held uninvested in accordance with division (B) of	10868
this section, and shall make a temporary investment of funds	10869
held in liquid form pursuant to division (C) of this section, in	10870
any of the following investments, unless the governing	10871
instrument provides for other investments in which the temporary	10872
investment of cash or funds is permitted:	10873
(a) A short term trust-quality investment fund;	10874
(b) Direct obligations of the United States or of its	10875
agencies;	10876
(c) A deposit with a bank or savings and loan association,	10877
including a deposit with the fiduciary itself or any bank	10878
subsidiary corporation owned or controlled by the bank holding	10879
company that owns or controls the fiduciary, whose deposits are	10880
insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation, if the	10881
rate of interest paid on that deposit is at least equal to the	10882
rate of interest generally paid by that bank or savings and loan	10883
association on deposits of similar terms or amounts.	10884
(2) A fiduciary that makes a temporary investment of cash	10885
or funds pursuant to division (D)(1) of this section may charge	10886
a reasonable fee for the services associated with that	10887
investment. The fee shall be in addition to the compensation to	10888

services.	10890
(3) Fiduciaries that make one or more temporary	10891
investments of cash or funds pursuant to division (D)(1) of this	10892
section shall provide to the beneficiaries of the trusts	10893
involved, that are currently receiving income or have a right to	10894
receive income, a written disclosure of their temporary	10895
investment practices and, if applicable, the method of computing	10896
reasonable fees for their temporary investment services pursuant	10897
to division (D)(2) of this section. Fiduciaries may comply with	10898
this requirement in any appropriate written document, including,	10899
but not limited to, any periodic statement or account.	10900

which the fiduciary is entitled for his ordinary fiduciary

- (4) A fiduciary that makes a temporary investment of cash
 or funds in an affiliated investment company pursuant to
 10902
 division (D)(1)(a) of this section shall, when providing any
 periodic account statements of its temporary investment
 10904
 practices, report the net asset value of the shares comprising
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 the investment in the affiliated investment company.
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- (5) If a fiduciary that makes a temporary investment of 10907 cash or funds in an affiliated investment company pursuant to 10908 division (D)(1)(a) of this section invests in any mutual fund, 10909 the fiduciary shall provide to the beneficiaries of the trust 10910 involved, that are currently receiving income or have a right to 10911 receive income, a written disclosure, in at least ten-point 10912 boldface type, that the mutual fund is not insured or guaranteed 10913 by the federal deposit insurance corporation or by any other 10914 government agency or government-sponsored agency of the federal 10915 government or of this state. 10916
- Sec. 5815.37. (A) If any interest in real property held by

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 any trustee of an express trust that is wholly or partially

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governed by a law of this state or any interest in real property	10919
located in this state that is held by the trustee of a trust	10920
wholly governed by the law of one or more jurisdictions other	10921
than this state is temporarily conveyed to any beneficiary of	10922
that trust and reconveyed back to any trustee of that trust, the	10923
interest in the real property shall be subject to divisions (B)	10924
and (C) of this section if all of the following apply:	10925
(1) That temporary conveyance is for the principal purpose	10926
	10927
of enabling some or all of that interest in the real property to	
be used as collateral in a loan transaction.	10928
(2) The loan proceeds will be delivered to the trustee of	10929
the trust or will otherwise be principally used for the benefit	10930
of one or more beneficiaries of the trust.	10931
(3) The interest in the real property is reconveyed back	10932
to one or more trustees of the trust within a reasonable time	10933
after the reconveying beneficiary acquired actual notice that	10934
the lender has perfected the lender's collateral rights in and	10935
to the interest in the real property.	10936
to the interest in the rear property.	10930
(4) The lender in question is any of the following:	10937
(a) A bank, thrift, savings bank, savings and loan	10938
association, credit union, or any other similar financial	10939
institution if the activities of the other similar financial	10940
institution are subject to supervision by the Ohio	10941
superintendent of financial institutions, the federal deposit	10942
insurance corporation, the comptroller of the currency, the	10943
office of thrift supervision, any other comparable state or	10944
federal regulatory agency or entity, or a successor of any of	10945
them;	10946
(b) An incurance company subject to supervision by the	10947
(b) An insurance company subject to supervision by the	1094/

Ohio department of insurance or any comparable agency	10948
established by the law of any other jurisdiction;	10949
(c) Any other corporation, limited liability company,	10950
partnership, or other similar or comparable entity the routine	10951
and regular business activities of which commonly include the	10952
making of commercial or residential loans that are wholly or	10953
partially secured by real property.	10954
(B) If a temporary conveyance and reconveyance of an	10955
interest in real property is made for the principal purpose of	10956
allowing a lender to acquire, perfect, foreclose on, or exercise	10957
collateral rights in and to the real property interest in	10958
question, the temporary conveyance to a beneficiary shall be	10959
disregarded for all other purposes, and the reconveyance back to	10960
a trustee shall relate back to the date immediately preceding	10961
that reconveyance on which the interest in the real property was	10962
transferred to any trustee of the trust in a transaction other	10963
than a loan transaction described in division (A)(1) of this	10964
section.	10965
(C) In connection with any temporary conveyance and	10966
reconveyance of an interest in real property pursuant to	10967
division (A) of this section, the following shall survive	10968
unimpaired after any reconveyance back to a trustee made	10969
pursuant to division (A)(3) of this section:	10970
(1) The rights, duties, and obligations of a lender under	10971
the documents governing the loan transaction, including, but not	10972
limited to, any of the following to the extent they are provided	10973
for in those documents:	10974
(a) A lender's collateral rights in and to any interest in	10975
real property that is reconveyed to a trustee;	10976

(b) The lender's rights under any mortgage, deed of trust,	10977
lien, encumbrance, or any other similar or comparable instrument	10978
or arrangement used to give the lender collateral rights in and	10979
to the interest being reconveyed, including, but not limited to,	10980
a lender's right to foreclose on that interest in real property;	10981
(c) The lender's obligations to make loans or advances or	10982
to provide any person with any notice called for by the	10983
documents governing the loan transaction.	10984
(2) The rights, duties, and obligations of any debtor	10985
under any documents governing the loan transaction, including,	10986
but not limited to, the following to the extent they are	10987
provided for in those documents:	10988
(a) The duty to repay the lender or any other person who	10989
is entitled to receive payments under the documents governing	10990
the loan transaction;	10991
(b) The duty to honor any agreements or covenants made by	10992
the debtor in the documents governing the loan transaction;	10993
(c) The right to receive any advances, loans, notices, or	10994
other benefits called for by the documents governing the loan	10995
transaction.	10996
(D) The following apply for purposes of division (A)(1) of	10997
this section:	10998
(1) A court shall liberally construe the temporary	10999
conveyance to a beneficiary of the trust in question in	11000
determining whether the principal purpose of the temporary	11001
conveyance is to enable some or all of the interest in the real	11002
property to be used as collateral in a loan transaction.	11003
(2) An interest in real property shall be considered to be	11004

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used as collateral if, as part of a lending transaction, that	11005
interest is wholly or partially made subject to a mortgage, deed	11006
of trust, lien, encumbrance, or any other similar or comparable	11007
instrument or arrangement used to give the lender collateral	11008
rights in and to that interest.	11009
(E) A court shall liberally construe division (A)(2) of	11010
this section in determining whether the loan proceeds referred	11011
to in that division will be principally used for the benefit of	11012
one or more beneficiaries of the trust in question.	11013
(F) For purposes of division (A)(3) of this section, any	11014
reconveyance to a trustee shall be considered to have occurred	11015
within a reasonable time if it is made within one hundred twenty	11016
days of the date on which the reconveying beneficiary acquired	11017
actual notice that the lender has perfected the lender's	11018
collateral rights in and to the interest in the real property.	11019
In all other cases, a court shall consider all relevant facts	11020
and circumstances in determining whether a beneficiary has	11021
reconveyed the interest in the real property back to a trustee	11022
within a reasonable time after the reconveying beneficiary	11023
acquired that actual notice.	11024
(G)(1) A court shall liberally construe division (A)(4) of	11025
this section in determining whether a corporation, limited	11026
liability company, partnership, or other similar or comparable	11027
entity qualifies as a lender within the meaning of that	11028
division.	11029
(2) Subject to the rule of liberal interpretation set	11030
forth in division (G)(1) of this section, the Ohio	11031
superintendent of financial institutions may from time to time	11032

issue regulations setting forth a nonexhaustive list of entities

that qualify as a lender within the meaning of division (A)(4)

of this section and also may from time to time issue regulations	11035
setting forth specific entities or classes of entities that do	11036
not qualify as a lender within the meaning of that division.	11037
(H) An interest in real property may be subject to or	11038
involved in more than one loan transaction undertaken pursuant	11039
to this section.	11040
Section 2. That existing sections 113.05, 113.11, 113.12,	11041
113.40, 113.41, 113.60, 125.30, 125.901, 126.06, 127.14, 129.06,	11042
129.09, 131.01, 135.01, 135.02, 135.04, 135.05, 135.06, 135.08,	11043
135.10, 135.12, 135.14, 135.142, 135.143, 135.15, 135.182,	11044
135.31, 135.35, 135.45, 135.46, 135.47, 718.01, 1111.04,	11045
1112.12, 1315.54, 1345.01, 1501.10, 1503.05, 1509.07, 1509.225,	11046
1514.04, 1514.05, 1521.061, 1548.06, 1733.04, 1733.24, 1735.03,	11047
2109.37, 2109.372, 2109.44, 3314.50, 3366.05, 3737.945, 3903.73,	11048
3905.32, 3916.01, 3925.26, 4141.241, 4505.06, 4509.101, 4509.45,	11049
4509.62, 4509.63, 4509.65, 4509.67, 4710.03, 4749.01, 4763.13,	11050
5725.17, 5725.22, 5727.25, 5727.31, 5727.311, 5727.42, 5727.47,	11051
5727.53, 5727.81, 5727.811, 5727.82, 5727.83, 5733.022, 5735.03,	11052
5735.062, 5739.031, 5739.032, 5739.07, 5743.05, 5743.051,	11053
5743.15, 5745.03, 5745.04, 5745.041, 5747.059, 5747.07,	11054
5747.072, 5747.42, 5747.44, 5747.451, 5815.26, and 5815.37 of	11055
the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	11056
Section 3. That sections 113.061, 113.07, 129.02, 129.03,	11057
129.08, 129.10, 129.11, 129.12, 129.13, 129.14, 129.15, 129.16,	11058
129.18, 129.19, 129.20, 129.72, 129.73, 129.74, 129.75, 129.76,	11059
135.101, 135.102, 135.103, 135.104, 135.105, 135.106, 135.61,	11060
135.62, 135.63, 135.64, 135.65, 135.66, 135.67, 135.68, 135.69,	11061
135.70, 135.71, 135.72, 135.73, 135.74, 135.75, 135.76, 135.77,	11062
135.771, 135.772, 135.773, 135.774, 135.78, 135.79, 135.791,	11063
135.792, 135.793, 135.794, 135.795, 135.796, 135.81, 135.82,	11064

135.83, 135.84, 135.85, 135.86, 135.87, 135.91, 135.92, 135.93,	11065
135.94, 135.95, 135.96, 135.97, 144.01, 144.02, 144.03, 144.04,	11066
144.05, 144.06, and 144.07 of the Revised Code are hereby	11067
repealed.	11068
Section 4. Notwithstanding any other provision of the	11069
Revised Code to the contrary, the public depositories designated	11070
and awarded the public moneys of the state under division (A) of	11071
section 135.12 of the Revised Code for the period commencing on	11072
or around July 4, 2022, shall be the designated public	11073
depositories for a total of three years commencing from that	11074
applicable date.	11075
Section 5. Notwithstanding section 5743.15 of the Revised	11076
Code, any license issued under division (B), (C), or (F) of that	11077
section that is active on the effective date of the amendment by	11078
this act of that section remains valid until June 1, 2024,	11079
rather than May 27, 2024.	11080
Section 6. The amendment by this act of division (E) of	11081
section 5747.07 of the Revised Code applies to filings and	11082
payments due on or after January 1, 2024.	11083
Section 7. The General Assembly, applying the principle	11084
stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that	11085
amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of	11086
simultaneous operation, finds that the following sections,	11087
presented in this act as composites of the sections as amended	11088
by the acts indicated, are the resulting versions of the	11089
sections in effect prior to the effective date of the sections	11090
as presented in this act:	11091
Section 135.142 of the Revised Code as amended by both	
-	11092
H.B. 197 and S.B. 276 of the 133rd General Assembly.	11092 11093

Sub. S. B. No. 74	
As Reported by the Senate Ways and Means Committee	

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Section 718.01 of the Revised Code as amended by both H.B.	11094
228 and S.B. 217 of the 134th General Assembly and both H.B. 197	11095
and S.B. 276 of the 133rd General Assembly.	11096
Section 4509.101 of the Revised Code as amended by both	11097
H.B. 62 and H.B. 158 of the 133rd General Assembly.	11098