As Reported by the House Government Oversight Committee

135th General Assembly

Regular Session 2023-2024

Sub. S. B. No. 91

Senator Schaffer

Cosponsors: Senators Cirino, Romanchuk, Antonio, Blessing, Brenner, Craig, DeMora, Gavarone, Hackett, Hoagland, Huffman, S., Johnson, Kunze, Lang, Manning, O'Brien, Reineke, Reynolds, Roegner, Smith, Sykes, Wilkin

A BILL

То	amend sections 4113.52 and 5705.41 of the	1
	Revised Code regarding fraud, waste, and abuse	2
	of public funds and to prohibit the expenditure	3
	of local tax revenues upon a vote of residents	4
	or without an appropriation.	5

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 4113.52 and 5705.41 of the	6
Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	7
Sec. 4113.52. (A) (1) (a) All state officials and employees	8
employed by or appointed to a state agency as defined in	9
division (D) of section 121.41 of the Revised Code shall report	10
alleged fraud, theft in office, or the misuse or	11
misappropriation of public money by a state official or employee	12
to the inspector general. All other state employees and elected	13
officials shall report fraud, theft in office, or the misuse or	14
misappropriation of public money to the auditor of state's	15
fraud-reporting system under section 117.103 of the Revised	16
Code.	17

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solicitor, or similar chief legal officer of a municipal	46
corporation, or to any employee of the prosecuting attorney,	47
director of law, village solicitor, or similar chief legal	48
officer of a municipal corporation.	49

(f) If an employee a person becomes aware in the course of 50 the employee's person's employment of a violation of any state 51 or federal statute or any ordinance or regulation of a political 52 subdivision that the employee's person's employer has authority 53 to correct, and the employee person reasonably believes that the 54 violation is a criminal offense that is likely to cause an 55 imminent risk of physical harm to persons or a hazard to public 56 health or safety, a felony, or an improper solicitation for a 57 contribution, the employee person orally shall notify the 58 employee's person's supervisor or other responsible officer of 59 the employee's person's employer of the violation and 60 subsequently shall file with that supervisor or officer a 61 written report that provides sufficient detail to identify and 62 describe the violation. If the employer does not correct the 63 violation or make a reasonable and good faith effort to correct 64 the violation within twenty-four hours after the oral 65 notification or the receipt of the report, whichever is earlier, 66 the employee person may file a written report that provides 67 sufficient detail to identify and describe the violation with 68 the prosecuting authority of the county or municipal corporation 69 where the violation occurred, with a peace officer, with the 70 inspector general if the violation is within the inspector 71 general's jurisdiction, with the auditor of state's fraud-72 reporting system under section 117.103 of the Revised Code if 73 applicable, or with any other appropriate public official or 74 agency that has regulatory authority over the employer and the 75 industry, trade, or business in which the employer is engaged. 76

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77 (b) (g) If an employee a person makes a report under division $\frac{(A)(1)(a)}{(A)(1)(f)}$ of this section, the employer, 78 within twenty-four hours after the oral notification was made or 79 the report was received or by the close of business on the next 80 regular business day following the day on which the oral 81 notification was made or the report was received, whichever is 82 later, shall notify the employeeperson, in writing, of any 83 effort of the employer to correct the alleged violation or 84 hazard or of the absence of the alleged violation or hazard. 85

- (2) If an employee a person becomes aware in the course of the employee's person's employment of a violation of chapter

 Chapter 3704., 3734., 6109., or 6111. of the Revised Code that is a criminal offense, the employee person directly may notify, either orally or in writing, any appropriate public official or agency that has regulatory authority over the employer and the industry, trade, or business in which the employer is engaged.
- (3) If an employee a person becomes aware in the course of 93 the employee's person's employment of a violation by a fellow 94 employee of any state or federal statute, any ordinance or 9.5 regulation of a political subdivision, or any work rule or 96 company policy of the employee and the 97 employee—person reasonably believes that the violation is a 98 criminal offense that is likely to cause an imminent risk of 99 physical harm to persons or a hazard to public health or safety, 100 a felony, or an improper solicitation for a contribution, the 101 employee person orally shall notify the employee's person's 102 supervisor or other responsible officer of the employee's 103 person's employer of the violation and subsequently shall file 104 with that supervisor or officer a written report that provides 105 sufficient detail to identify and describe the violation. 106

(4) The reporting requirements under division (A) of this	107
section are not intended to infringe, and should not be	108
interpreted as infringing on, the constitutional right against	109
self-incrimination.	110
(B) Except as otherwise provided in division (C) of this	111
section, no employer shall take any disciplinary or retaliatory	112
action against an employee person for making any report	113
authorized by division (A)(1) or (2) of this section, or as a	114
result of the employee's person's having made any inquiry or	115
taken any other action to ensure the accuracy of any information	116
reported under either such division. No employer shall take any	117
disciplinary or retaliatory action against an employee a person	118
for making any report authorized by division (A)(3) of this	119
section if the employee person made a reasonable and good faith	120
effort to determine the accuracy of any information so reported,	121
or as a result of the employee's person's having made any	122
inquiry or taken any other action to ensure the accuracy of any	123
information reported under that division. For purposes of this	124
division, disciplinary or retaliatory action by the employer	125
includes, without limitation, doing any of the following:	126
(1) Removing or suspending the employee person from	127
employment;	128
(2) Withholding from the employee person salary increases	129
or employee benefits to which the <u>employee person</u> is otherwise	130
entitled;	131
(3) Transferring or reassigning the employee person;	132
(4) Denying the <u>employee person</u> a promotion that otherwise	133
would have been received;	134
(5) Reducing the employee person in pay or position.	135

(C) An employee A person shall make a reasonable and good	136
faith effort to determine the accuracy of any information	137
reported under division (A)(1) or (2) of this section. If the	138
employee person who makes a report under either division fails	139
to make such an effort, the employee person may be subject to	140
disciplinary action by the employee's person's employer,	141
including suspension or removal, for reporting information	142
without a reasonable basis to do so under division (A)(1) or (2)	143
of this section.	144

- (D) If an employer takes any disciplinary or retaliatory 145 action against an employee person as a result of the employee's 146 person's having filed a report under division (A) of this 147 section, the employee person may bring a civil action for 148 appropriate injunctive relief or for the remedies set forth in 149 division (E) of this section, or both, within one hundred eighty 150 days after the date the disciplinary or retaliatory action was 1.51 taken, in a court of common pleas in accordance with the Rules 152 of Civil Procedure. A civil action under this division is not 153 available to an employee a person as a remedy for any 154 disciplinary or retaliatory action taken by an appointing 155 authority against the employee person as a result of the 156 employee's person's having filed a report under division (A) of 157 section 124.341 of the Revised Code. 158
- (E) The court, in rendering a judgment for the employee-159 person in an action brought pursuant to division (D) of this 160 section, may order, as it determines appropriate, reinstatement 161 of the employee person to the same position that the employee 162 person_held at the time of the disciplinary or retaliatory 163 action and at the same site of employment or to a comparable 164 position at that site, the payment of back wages, full 165 reinstatement of fringe benefits and seniority rights, or any 166

combination of these remedies. The court also may award the	167
prevailing party all or a portion of the costs of litigation	168
and, if the <u>employee person</u> who brought the action prevails in	169
the action, may award the prevailing <u>employee</u> <u>person</u> reasonable	170
attorney's fees, witness fees, and fees for experts who testify	171
at trial, in an amount the court determines appropriate. If the	172
court determines that an employer deliberately has violated	173
division (B) of this section, the court, in making an award of	174
back pay, may include interest at the rate specified in section	175
1343.03 of the Revised Code.	176
(F) Any report filed with the inspector general under this	177
section shall be filed as a complaint in accordance with section	178
121.46 of the Revised Code.	179
(G) As used in this section:	180
(1) "Contribution" has the same meaning as in section	181
3517.01 of the Revised Code.	182
(2) "Improper solicitation for a contribution" means a	183
solicitation for a contribution that satisfies all of the	184
following:	185
(a) The solicitation violates division (B), (C), or (D) of	186
section 3517.092 of the Revised Code;	187
(b) The solicitation is made in person by a public	188
official or by an employee who has a supervisory role within the	189
public office;	190
(c) The public official or employee knowingly made the	191
solicitation, and the solicitation violates division (B), (C),	191
or (D) of section 3517.092 of the Revised Code;	192
of (b) of Section SSI7.092 of the Revised Code,	193

(d) The employee reporting the solicitation is an employee 194

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the subdivision or taxing unit of a certificate of the fiscal 252 officer stating that there was at the time of the making of such 253 contract or order and at the time of the execution of such 254 certificate a sufficient sum appropriated for the purpose of 255 such contract and in the treasury or in process of collection to 256 the credit of an appropriate fund free from any previous 2.57 encumbrances, such taxing authority may authorize the drawing of 258 a warrant in payment of amounts due upon such contract, but such 259 resolution or ordinance shall be passed within thirty days after 260 the taxing authority receives such certificate; provided that, 261 if the amount involved is less than one hundred dollars in the 262 case of counties or three thousand dollars in the case of all 263 other subdivisions or taxing units, the fiscal officer may 264 authorize it to be paid without such affirmation of the taxing 265 authority of the subdivision or taxing unit, if such expenditure 266 is otherwise valid. 267

(2) The board of county commissioners may adopt a 268 resolution exempting county purchases of one thousand dollars or 269 less from the requirement of division (D)(1) of this section 270 that a certificate be attached to any contract or order 271 involving the expenditure of money. The resolution shall state 272 the dollar amount that is exempted from the certificate 273 requirement and whether the exemption applies to all purchases, 274 to one or more specific classes of purchases, or to the purchase 275 of one or more specific items. Prior to the adoption of the 276 resolution, the board shall give written notice to the county 277 auditor that it intends to adopt the resolution. The notice 278 shall state the dollar amount that is proposed to be exempted 279 and whether the exemption would apply to all purchases, to one 280 or more specific classes of purchases, or to the purchase of one 281 or more specific items. The county auditor may review and 282

comment on the proposal, and shall send any comments to the 283 board within fifteen days after receiving the notice. The board 284 shall wait at least fifteen days after giving the notice to the 285 auditor before adopting the resolution. A person authorized to 286 make a county purchase in a county that has adopted such a 287 resolution shall prepare and file with the county auditor, 288 289 within three business days after incurring an obligation not requiring a certificate, or within any other period of time the 290 board of county commissioners specifies in the resolution, a 291 292 written or electronically transferred document specifying the purpose and amount of the expenditure, the date of the purchase, 293 the name of the vendor, the specific appropriation items from 294 which the expenditures are to be made, and any additional 295 information as the auditor of state may prescribe. 296

(3) Upon certification by the auditor or other chief 297 fiscal officer that a certain sum of money, not in excess of an 298 amount established by resolution or ordinance adopted by a 299 majority of the members of the legislative authority of the 300 301 subdivision or taxing unit, has been lawfully appropriated, authorized, or directed for a certain purpose and is in the 302 treasury or in the process of collection to the credit of a 303 specific line-item appropriation account in a certain fund free 304 from previous and then outstanding obligations or 305 certifications, then for such purpose and from such line-item 306 appropriation account in such fund, over a period not extending 307 beyond the end of the fiscal year, expenditures may be made, 308 orders for payment issued, and contracts or obligations calling 309 for or requiring the payment of money made and assumed; 310 provided, that the aggregate sum of money included in and called 311 for by such expenditures, orders, contracts, and obligations 312 shall not exceed the sum so certified. Such a certification need 313

be signed only by the fiscal officer of the subdivision or the
taxing district and may, but need not, be limited to a specific

vendor. An itemized statement of obligations incurred and

expenditures made under such certificate shall be rendered to

the auditor or other chief fiscal officer before another such

certificate may be issued, and not more than one such

certificate shall be outstanding at a time.

In addition to providing the certification for 321 322 expenditures as specified in this division, a subdivision also 323 may make expenditures, issue orders for payment, and make 324 contracts or obligations calling for or requiring the payment of money made and assumed for specified permitted purposes from a 325 specific line-item appropriation account in a specified fund for 326 a sum of money upon the certification by the fiscal officer of 327 the subdivision that this sum of money has been lawfully 328 appropriated, authorized, or directed for a permitted purpose 329 and is in the treasury or in the process of collection to the 330 credit of the specific line-item appropriation account in the 331 specified fund free from previous and then-outstanding 332 obligations or certifications; provided that the aggregate sum 333 of money included in and called for by the expenditures, orders, 334 and obligations shall not exceed the certified sum. The purposes 335 for which a subdivision may lawfully appropriate, authorize, or 336 issue such a certificate are the services of an accountant, 337 architect, attorney at law, physician, professional engineer, 338 construction project manager, consultant, surveyor, or appraiser 339 by or on behalf of the subdivision or contracting authority; 340 fuel oil, gasoline, food items, roadway materials, and 341 utilities; and any purchases exempt from competitive bidding 342 under section 125.04 of the Revised Code and any other specific 343 expenditure that is a recurring and reasonably predictable 344

operating expense. Such a certification shall not extend beyond
the end of the fiscal year or, in the case of a board of county
commissioners that has established a quarterly spending plan
under section 5705.392 of the Revised Code, beyond the quarter
to which the plan applies. Such a certificate shall be signed by
the fiscal officer and may, but need not, be limited to a
specific vendor. An itemized statement of obligations incurred
and expenditures made under such a certificate shall be rendered
to the fiscal officer for each certificate issued. More than one
such certificate may be outstanding at any time.

In any case in which a contract is entered into upon a per unit basis, the head of the department, board, or commission for the benefit of which the contract is made shall make an estimate of the total amount to become due upon such contract, which estimate shall be certified in writing to the fiscal officer of the subdivision. Such a contract may be entered into if the appropriation covers such estimate, or so much thereof as may be due during the current year. In such a case the certificate of the fiscal officer based upon the estimate shall be a sufficient compliance with the law requiring a certificate.

Any certificate of the fiscal officer attached to a contract shall be binding upon the political subdivision as to the facts set forth therein. Upon request of any person receiving an order or entering into a contract with any political subdivision, the certificate of the fiscal officer shall be attached to such order or contract. "Contract" as used in this section excludes current payrolls of regular employees and officers.

(E) Taxes and other revenue in process of collection, or the proceeds to be derived from authorized bonds, notes, or

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certificates of indebtedness sold and in process of delivery,	375	
shall for the purpose of this section be deemed in the treasury	376	
or in process of collection and in the appropriate fund. This	377	
section applies neither to the investment of sinking funds by	378	
the trustees of such funds, nor to investments made under	379	
sections 731.56 to 731.59 of the Revised Code.	380	
No district authority shall, in transacting its own	381	
affairs, do any of the things prohibited to a subdivision by	382	
this section, but the appropriation referred to shall become the	383	
appropriation by the district authority, and the fiscal officer	384	
referred to shall mean the fiscal officer of the district	385	
authority.	386	
Section 2. That existing sections 4113.52 and 5705.41 of	387	
the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	388	